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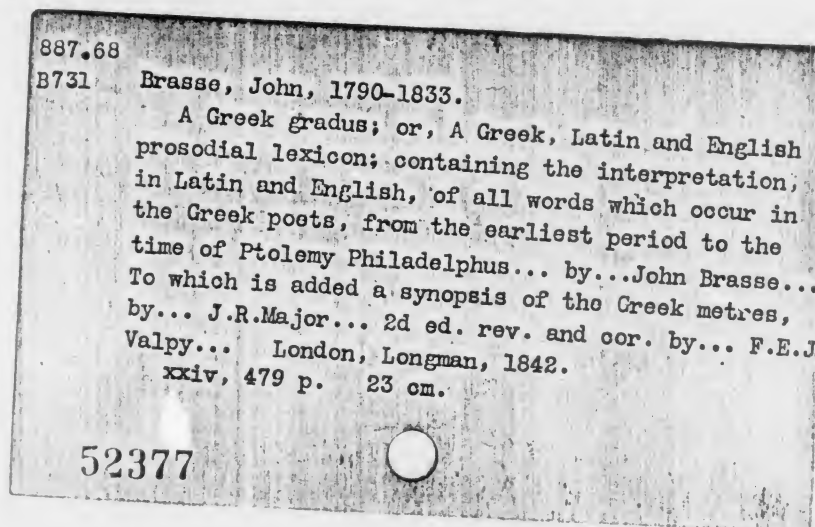
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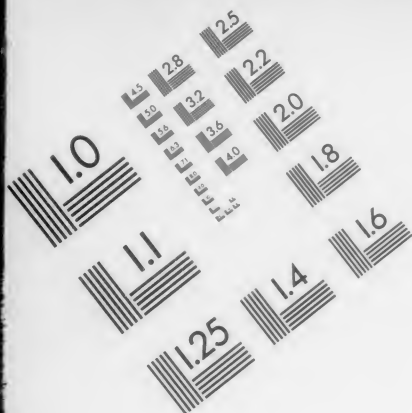
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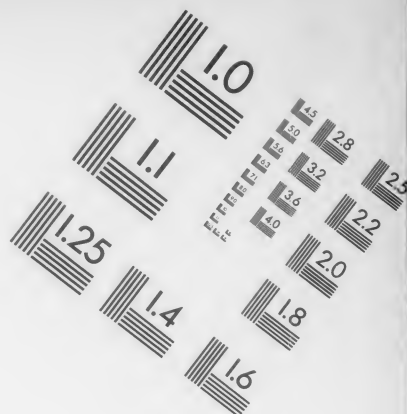


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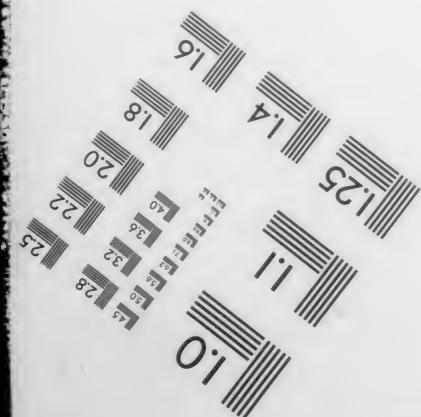
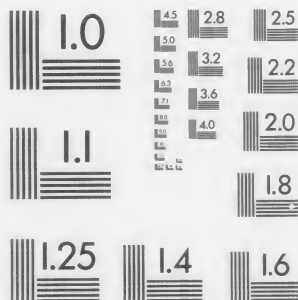
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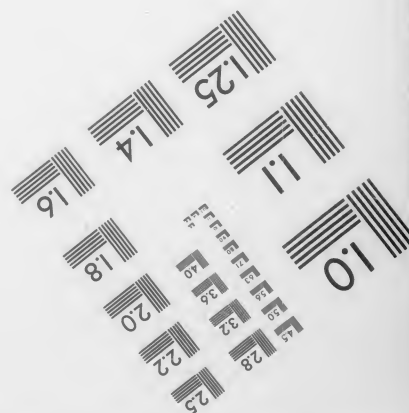
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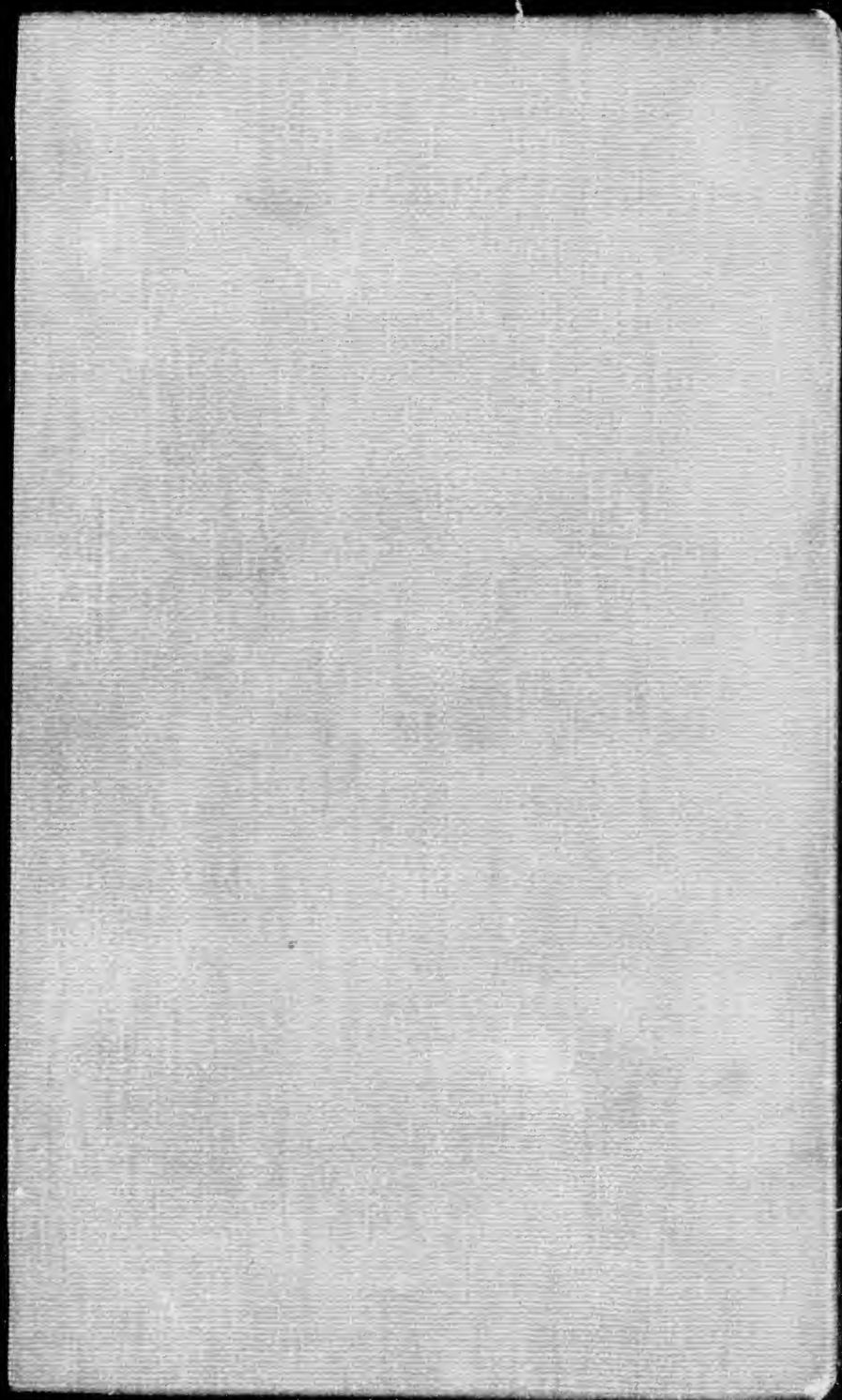


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A  
GREEK GRADUS.

A  
GREEK GRADUS;

OR, *Ελληνικὸν*  
A GREEK, LATIN, AND ENGLISH PROSODIAL  
LEXICON;

CONTAINING  
THE INTERPRETATION, IN LATIN AND ENGLISH,  
OF ALL WORDS WHICH OCCUR IN THE GREEK POETS, FROM THE EARLIEST PERIOD  
TO THE TIME OF PTOLEMY PHILADELPHUS,  
WITH  
THE QUANTITIES OF THE SYLLABLES VERIFIED BY AUTHORITIES:  
AND COMBINING THE ADVANTAGES OF  
A LEXICON OF THE GREEK POETS AND A GREEK GRADUS.

*For the Use of Schools and Colleges.*

BY  
THE LATE REV. JOHN BRASSE, B.D.  
FORMERLY FELLOW OF TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

TO WHICH IS ADDED, A SYNOPSIS OF THE GREEK METRES,  
BY THE REV. J. R. MAJOR, D.D.  
HEAD-MASTER OF KING'S COLLEGE SCHOOL, LONDON.

SECOND EDITION, REVISED AND CORRECTED

BY THE REV. F. E. J. VALPY, M.A.  
HEAD-MASTER OF BURTON-ON-TRENT GRAMMAR-SCHOOL.

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## ADVERTISEMENT

TO THE SECOND EDITION.

THE object of the Compiler of this work was to present to students, in a brief form, and at a moderate price, such a *Manual* as might combine the advantages of a *Greek Gradus*, or *Prosodial Dictionary*, with that of a *Lexicon of the Greek Poets*; in which the words should be accompanied by their principal significations expressed both in Latin and English, and the prosodial quantities appended, verified by authorities from the earliest period to the time of Ptolemy Philadelphus; together with a careful statement, on all words that required it, of *synonymes*, *epithets*, and *phrases*. In accomplishing so arduous a work, no care or labour was spared by the learned and experienced scholar who formed it. Nevertheless, useful as it has proved to young students, not a few *imperfections*, inseparable from any First Edition of such a work, were discernible. These the present Editor has, in this Second Edition, endeavoured to remove by the following well considered alterations, both as to the general plan and the particular details; which, he trusts, will approve themselves both to masters and scholars:—

1. All such authorities for the quantities of words as in the First Edition were taken from passages which prove nothing as to the metre (see the articles *μαῖσᾶμαι*, *ταγῆν*, and *γλυφω*) have been removed.\*

\* Thus of the word *μαῖσᾶμαι* the prosodial proof was the following: *Μᾶσῶμένος τὸ λοιπὸν οὕτω τῷ κύπῳ*. It is clear that in this line *Ma* might as well be long as short, to suit the requirements of the metre. Thus, again, for the proof of *Ταγῆν* was the following: *Ταγῆν ἔχοντα σκήπτρῶν ἰθύντηρίον*. The position of the syllable *Ta* evidently proved nothing. For *πρόσφᾶτος*, the termination of an iambic line *πρόσφᾶτοις δίκαις* was selected; but the syllable *φα* in this place was totally indecisive of its quantity. The verse illustrative of *γλύφω*, *ψω*, was *Καὶ τὸδ' ἄπ' ἐβώδους γλύψᾳτ' ἀγαλμᾶ κέδρον*; whereas what was wanted was not an authority for the quantity of *γλύψᾳτ'*, but one for the quantity of *γλύφω*.

2. Of the very many passages adduced from Pindar, or the Choral verses in the Dramatists, both Tragic and Comic, without any specification of their peculiar metre, some have been retained, but placed in juxtaposition with the lines which correspond with them, and are declaratory of the quantities of their several syllables: but more have been exchanged for other passages, which in themselves admit of no doubt as to the quantity of the words contained in them. (Compare the article ὑπᾶρξ in both Editions.) Reference, too, has often been made to the component parts of compound words, where the passages cited for the latter did not admit of easy scansion. Thus in πᾶρᾰλείφω the Editor has referred to ἀλείφω; and in πᾶρᾰκονᾰω, to ἀκονῆ.

3. Great care has been taken to remove those perpetual mistakes in the marking of the accents and quantities, which had, from one cause or other, unfortunately crept into the First Edition.

4. The Editor had not proceeded far in the work of revision, before he perceived that many words were appended to others as synonymes, which were not introduced in their proper alphabetical order. Compare the articles ταλαίφρων and πτάξ in both Editions. These omissions the Editor has, except in cases where two words are united that would have come in consecutive order, endeavoured to supply. And when words were subjoined to others, it often happened that authorities were given for only the *first* or *second*; and when they *were* all verified by references, it often happened that the mere statement of the reference in no way determined the quantity. Thus πλανᾰω was subjoined to πλάζω, and χλανῖς to χλαῖνα; but only references were given for the *use of the words*, though the *quotation of the passages* was absolutely necessary.

5. In order to afford room for these not inconsiderable *additions*, every thing has been done in the way of well-judged *curtailment*. For which effect all superfluous quotations on words whose quantities were sufficiently plain, have been removed; and such parts of verses as were unnecessary for establishing the quantities of the words have been omitted, as also such others as, being out of their alphabetical order, were rendered useless. Of course, all superfluous *authorities* have been dispensed with. Again, such words, or forms of words, found only in the Greek Lexicographers, as Hesychius, Suidas, and J. Pollux, as were subjoined to others of legitimate authority, have, especially in the latter part of the work, been cancelled. Such *epithets* too as were found *repeated* under the same

word, were of course omitted, as well as a few epithets which seemed useless. Not a few other epithets, and many synonymes of doubtful authority might have been cancelled, had not an adjudication of their merits been almost an endless task, and indeed not very necessary, since the student, in such cases, may be best left to judge for himself, for "Wisdom is profitable to direct" (Eccles. x. 10.); and, as a great poet has said,

Γράμματα μαθεῖν δεῖ, καὶ μαθόντα νοῦν ἔχειν.

To proceed from curtailment to *direct* improvement, besides the enriching of the work with many new words, and a considerable number of fresh, and more apposite, authorities or examples, the Latin and the English interpretations have been made to correspond better to each other, both in their order and in their meaning. Not a few wrong references have been corrected, and nearly all the *notes* have been embodied in the *text*, where they are more likely to be attended to. The *soft* breathings at the beginning of words have been totally excluded, as tending to obscure the accent and confuse the aspirate, as well as to injure the sight. Again, a plan has been adopted in the First Edition totally destructive of metre, as will appear by setting down the anapæstic line on πρῶφύτεω: Δεινὰν δεινῶς πρῶφύτευσαντῆς; and the Iambic line on σήσᾰμῶν: Νῆμῶμεσθᾰ δ' ἐν κήποις τὰ λευκὰ σήσᾰμᾰ. The short marks on the syllables *τες* and *μα* vitiated the metre of the word, and obscured that of the whole line — this has been reformed.

By the above alterations — which seem to the Editor so many *improvements* — it is to be hoped that the utility of the work to students will be found, in no inconsiderable degree, increased. Doubtless much *more* might have been effected, especially by a *full* reference to the several and often peculiar *senses of words* as employed by lyric or heroic, dramatic, or epigrammatic, poets; as also to the peculiar *idioms*, dialects, and grammatical constructions which occur in those writers; but that would have extended the work to a length wholly unsuited to scholastic purposes. The Editor *might*, indeed, have introduced those many rare words which occur in such writers *subsequent* to the age of Ptolemy, as Oppian, Nicander, Lycophron, Nonnus, and the Epigrammatists; but whether even *thus much* to enlarge the bulk of a brief manual were advisable, was thought problematical. In a future Edition of the work, many of the above words (especially when formed analogically, and

likely to be useful to young persons in their Greek verse-compositions), may be introduced into the work; for the further improvement of which the Editor will be always ready to attend to any such suggestions (communicated to him through the medium of the Publishers), as those practically conversant in the work of classical instruction must be so well qualified to offer.

## ON GREEK METRES.

TABLE OF FEET.

Of Two Syllables.	Pyrrich	υ υ θεός.
	Spondee	— — ψυχή.
	Iambus	υ — θεά.
	Trochee or Choriüs	— υ σῶμα.
Of Three Syllables.	Tribrach	υ υ υ πόλεμος.
	Molossus	— — — εὐχολή.
	Dactyl	— υ υ σώματα.
	Anapæst	υ υ — βασιλεύς.
	Bacchius	υ — — ἀνδρῶσι.
	Antibacchius or Palimbacchius	— υ — μάντευμα.
	Amphibrachys	υ — υ θάλασσα.
	Cretic or Amphimacer	— υ — δεσπότης.
Of Four Syllables.	Proceleusmaticus	υ υ υ υ πολέμιος.
	Dispondeus	— — — — συνδουλεύσω.
	Diambus	υ — υ — ἐπιστάτης.
	Ditrochæus	— υ — — δυστύχημα.
	Choriambus	υ — υ — σωφροσύνη.
	Antispastus	υ — υ — ἀμάρτημα.
	Ionic a majore	— υ — — κοσμήτορα.
	— minore	υ — — — πλεονέκτης.
	Pæon primus	— υ — — ἀσπιδόλογος.
	— secundus	υ — — — ἀνάξιος.
	— tertius	υ — υ — ἀνάδημα.
	— quartus	υ — υ — δεογενής.
	Epitritus primus	— υ — — ἀμαρτωλή.
	— secundus	υ — — — ἀνδροφόντης.
	— tertius	— υ — — σωτηρίας.
	— quartus	— υ — — λωβητήρα.

If a verse be complete, i. e. if it consist of a certain number of entire feet, it is called *acatalectic*; if a syllable be wanting, *catalectic*; if a foot, *brachycatalectic*; if a foot or syllable be redundant, *hypercatalectic*.

A *metre* generally signifies a combination of *two* feet: except in dactylic verse, and in the metres composed of double feet, as choriambic, &c.

Where a verse of a given species consists of two feet and a half, it is called a *penthemimer*, as consisting of five half feet; of three and a half, a *hepthemimer*, as consisting of seven half feet.

There are nine principal species of metre: Dactylic, Anapæstic, Iambic, Trochaic, Ionic a *majore*, Ionic a *minore*, Choriambic, Antispastic, Pæonic.

A verse in which two dissimilar species are united, is called *ἁσυνάρτητος*.

*Dactylic Metre.*

In this species *one* foot constitutes a metre.

Monom. hypercat. Οἰδῖπ' || δᾶ.

Dim. acat. τίς δ' ἐπὶ || τῷ μείους : οὐ δει || σὴν ὄρᾳ : τᾶν δὲ γυ || ναϊκῶν. Hec. 1053.

Dim. hypercat. Ἀρτέμι || δὸς τὲ Σε || ἄς. Hec. 462.

τᾶν Ζεὺς || ἀμφὶ πῦ || ρῶ. 471.

Trim. acat. Ζεὺς ὁμαί || ἀρμάτῃ || πῶ λους. 467.

Trim. hypercat. κοῖμῃ || ζεῖ φλό || γμῶ Κρόνῃ || δᾶς. 472.

ὦ πόλ' || κλαυτέ φῖ || λοῖσ' Σε || νῶν. Æsch. Pers. 680.

This measure does not admit *r* spondee before the catalectic syllable.

Tetram. acat. : in which the final syllable is not common :

σᾶ δ' ἔρις, || οὐκ ἔρις, || ἀλλὰ φῶ || νῶ φῶνός

Οἰδῖπ' || δᾶ ὁμόν || ὠλέσῃ, || κράνθεις

αἰμάτῃ || δεινῶ, || αἰμάτῃ || λυγρῶ. Eur. Phœn. 1510.

Tetram. hypercat. οὐδ' ὑπὸ || ἀρθένῃ || ἄς τῶν υ || πὸ βλεφᾶ || ροῖς. 1501.

Pentam. acat. νᾶσοι Σε || αἰ κᾶτᾶ || πρῶν' ἀλῖ || ὄν περὶ || κλύστοι. Æsch. Pers.

883. See also Eum. 373. seq.

Hexam. acat. πρὸς σὲ γέ || νειᾶδός, || ὦ φίλδς, || ὦ δούκῃ || μῶτᾶνός || Ἑλλάδῃ,

ἀντῶμαί, || ἀμφὶ πῖ || τνουσᾶ τῶ || σὸν γόνυ || καὶ χεῖρά || δειλαῖαν.

Eur. Suppl. 227. 288. See Soph. El. 134. 150.

μηδὲ τῷ || ἀρθένῃ || ὄν περὶ || ὄν τῆρας || ἐλθεῖν. Eur. Phœn. 819.

The *Dactylic Hexameter* is the metre of Homer and the other epic poets ; also called *Heroic*, from the heroes celebrated in their poems. The first four feet are dactyls and spondees ; the fifth generally a dactyl, the sixth always a spondee, the last syllable being considered common. In the fifth foot a spondee is sometimes admitted, in which case the verse is termed *Spondaic*, as in Il. E. 115.

Κλυθί μοι, Αἰγίοχοιο Διὸς τέκος, | ἄρ' ὑπὸ τῶν.

In Bucolic or Pastoral hexameters, the verses of most frequent occurrence are those in which the fourth foot is a dactyl ending a word : as Theoc. Idyll. i. 15—18.

οὐδέ μιν, ὦ ποιμῆν, τὸ μεσσηνέρινον, | οὐδέ μιν ἄμιν  
συρίσδεν τὸν Πᾶνα δεδοικᾶμεν' | ἦ γὰρ ἀπ' ἄγρας  
τανίκα κεκμακῶς ἀμπαυέται' | ἐντὶ δὲ πικρὸς,  
καὶ οἱ αἰετὶς δριμύτα χολᾶ πῶτ' | ῥινὴ κάθηται.

The Greek Elegiac Pentameter is similar to the Latin, but admits a trisyllabic word at the end : as,

Συμὸν ἀποπνέοντ' | ἄλκιμον ἐν κονίῃ. See Eur. Andr. 103.

*Logædæus*.—This appellation is given to verses which commence with dactyls and end in trochees :

μητὲ πᾶ || τρῶδ' ὄν || κοῖτ' ἔς || οἰκόν. Hec. 938. also called *Alcaicus*.  
ἐκτὸ πῖ || ὄς σὺ || θείς ὅ || πάντων. Soph. Ed. C. 119.  
ἦσθ' ἂ φῶ || τάλμῃ || ὄς δὸς αἰῶν. 151.  
ὦ πόλεις, | ὦ γένε' || ἂ τᾶ || λαῖν' | νῦν σὲ  
μοῖρα κᾶθ' | ἀμείρῃ || ἂ φθί || νει. Electr. 1413. 1414.  
ἐλθ' ἐπὶ || κούρῳ || ἔ || μοῖς φῖ || λοῖσ' | πάντως. Eur. Or. 1293.

See Æsch. Prom. 138. 157. 173. 193.

*Anapæstic Metre.*

The metre in most frequent use is the dimeter acatalectic, which admits also dactyls and spondees, according to the following scale :

—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—

A monometer is frequently introduced, and a dimeter catalectic, also called the *Paræmiac*. The latter generally closes a regular system : as Eur. Hec. 135.

μηδὲ τιν' εἰπεῖν || παρὰ Περσεφόνη  
στάντα φθιμένων, || ὥς ἀχάριστοι  
Δαναοὶ Δαναοῖς, || τοῖς οἰχομένοις  
ὑπὲρ Ἑλλήνων (Monometer.)  
Τροίας πεδίων || ἐπέβησαν. (Paræmiac.)

The versification is most harmonious, when each dipodia ends with a word ; except in the catalectic verse, where the ending of a dactylic hexameter is preferable.

An anapæst very seldom follows a dactyl, especially if in the same dipodia : as in Eur. Hec. 114.

ἴζ' Ἀγαμέμνωνός || ἱκέτις γονάτων.

Whenever an hiatus occurs, the vowel or diphthong must be shortened : as Eur. Med. 1081. μούσᾳ καὶ | ἡμῖν || ἦ προσομιλεῖ.

In dimeter anapæstics, a *συνάφεια*, or *connexion*, exists between the close of one verse and the beginning of another, which prevents the last syllable from being common : as, in Æsch. Prom. 199.

εἰς ἀρθμὸν ἐμοὶ καὶ φιλόγητᾶ  
σπεύδων σπεύδοντ' ποθ' ἤξει,

the syllable *a* is lengthened by the consonants *σπ* in the next line.

Sometimes a *proceleusmatic* is admitted :

ἦσθ' ὅτις | Ἑλλάδός || ἐγένε' ὁμῆθ' | αἰχμᾶς.  
ὁ μὲν οἱ | χυμένος || φῶγας, ὁ δὲ | νεκὸς ὦν. Eur. Or. 1492, 1493.

Other varieties are the following :

Monom. hypercat. or penthemimer. δὲρ δῆ, | δὲρ πῆρ || σᾶν. Hec. 897.

Dim. brachycat. κρίνει | τρισσᾶς || μακρῶν. 641.

Dim. catal. πῶσιν ἐξ | ἄνυσαι || μὶ δὲ' αἰθρὸς. Ph. 166.

Dim. hypercat. οὐθ' ὁ παρὰ τὸν Ἀχέ || ρόντᾳ Σε || ὅς ἀνᾶσ || σων. Soph. El. 184.

The *anapæsticus Aristophanicus*, or tetrameter catalectic, consists of two dimeters, one catalectic to the other : as Aristoph. Plut. 487.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ἀλλ'	ἦ	δε	χρῆν	τι	λέγειν	ὑμᾶς	σοφόν, φῖ
							νικήσεται τῇ

In the three first places, besides an anapæst and a spondee, a dactyl is used ; which is also admissible in the fifth ; but not in the fourth or sixth.

The division or *cæsura* between the dimeters is accurately observed, although not between each *dipodia*. An anapæst must not follow a dactyl.

*Iambic Metre.*

The following is the scale of the tragic trimeter acatalectic, or senarius :

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—

A pure iambic senarius, or trimeter, consists of six *iambi*, or three metres, or *dipodie*.

To lessen the difficulty of composing under such restrictions, a tribrach (being *isochronous*) was substituted, and a spondee admitted into the uneven places. [Hor. A. P. 255.]

Next, the spondee was resolved, in the first foot, into a dactyl or anapæst; in the third, into a dactyl only.

The initial anapæst is generally included in the same word: except the line begins with an article, or a preposition with its case.

In the case of proper names, the Tragic writers introduce an anapæst into every foot except the last, with the restriction, that the anapæst must be contained in the same word.

A senarius has two principal cæsuras, the penthemimeral (A.), which divides the third, the hepthemimeral (B.), which divides the fourth foot. Of the first cæsura there are four kinds:

(A. 1.) When it takes place on a short syllable, *without* elision:

Hec. 5. Κίνδυνος ἔσχε | δορί πεσεῖν Ἑλληνικῶ:

(A. 2.) on a short syllable, *with* elision:

ibid. 11. Πατήρ ἴν' εἶπορ' | Ἰλίου τέιχη πέσοι:

(A. 3.) on a long syllable, *without* elision:

ibid. 2. Λιπὼν ἴν' Αἰδῆς | χωρὶς ῥκισται Θεῶν:

(A. 4.) on a long syllable, *with* elision:

ibid. 42. Καὶ τεύξεταί τοῦδ' | οὐδ' ἄδωρητος φίλων.

Of the second cæsura (B.) there are more kinds:

(B. 1.) Where it occurs at the end of a dissyllable or hyperdissyllable, *without* elision:

Hec. 1. Ἰκω νεκρῶν κενθμῶνα | καὶ σκότου πύλας:

(B. 2.) in the same case, *with* elision:

ibid. 248. Πολλῶν λόγων εὐρήμαθ' | ὥστε μὴ θανεῖν.

(B. 3.) When the short syllable is an enclitic:

ibid. 266. Κεῖνη γὰρ ὤλεσέν νιν | εἰς Τροίαν τ' ἄγει:

(B. 4.) When not an enclitic, but a word which cannot begin a sentence:

ibid. 319. Τύμεον δὲ βουλόμην ἄν | ἀξιούμενον:

(B. 5.) When this word refers to what has preceded, but may begin a sentence:

Soph. El. 530. Ἐπεὶ πατήρ οὗτος σὺς | ὅν θρηγείς ἀεί.

(B. 6.) When the short syllable takes place after elision:

Soph. Phil. 1304. Ἄλλ' οὐτ' ἐμοὶ καλὸν τύδ' | ἔστιν οὐτε σοί.

(B. 7.) When the sense is suspended after the third foot, and a monosyllable follows, *without* elision:

Æsch. S. c. Th. 1055. Ἄλλ' ὃν πόλις στυγεῖ, σὺ | τιμήσεις τάφῳ;

(B. 8.) under the same circumstances, *with* elision:

Soph. El. 1038. Ὅταν γὰρ εὖ φρονῆς, τόθ' | ἡγήσει σὺ νῶν.

The two last cæsuras are less harmonious.

There is again another division of the senarius, which is not unfrequent, termed the *quasi-cæsura*. This takes place, either when a word suffers elision at the end of the third foot, or when γ', δ', μ', σ', τ', are annexed to that foot:

Hec. 387. Κεντεῖτε, μὴ φείδεσθ' | ἐγὼ τέκον Πάριν.

355. Γυναιζὶ παρθένοισ τ' | ἀπόελεπτος μέτα.

It is a very unusual license for the third and fourth feet to consist of entire words, or parts of words: as

Soph. Aj. 1091. Μενέλαε, μὴ | γινώμας | ὑποστήσας σοφίς.

Æsch. Pers. 509. Θρήκην περὰ | σάντες | μόγις | πολλῶ πόνῳ.

But the third and fourth feet are never comprehended in the same word.

A cæsura takes place also in the fifth foot, under certain conditions, which Porson denominates the *Pause*. The rule given by him is this:

If a senarius end in a word which forms a cretic, and a word of more than one syllable precede, the fifth foot ought to be an iambus. The Tragic writers, therefore, could not have written such verses as these:

Κρύπτοντα χεῖρα καὶ πρόσωπὸν τοῦμπαλιν.

Ἄτλας ὁ χαλκίοισι νώτοῖς οὐρανόν.

Τὸ μὴ μάταιον δ' ἐκ μετώπων σωφρόνων.

The rule holds good, if the cretic be resolved into a trochee and a long syllable, or into a long syllable and an iambus, provided the long syllable be an article or preposition, or, in short, any word which relates more to what follows than what precedes:

Or. 1079. Κῆδος δὲ τοῦμόν καὶ σὸν οὐκέτ' | ἐστὶ δὴ.

1081. Χαῖρ' οὐ γὰρ ἡμῖν ἐστὶ τοῦτο' | σοί γε | μὴν.

Hec. 382. Καλῶς μὲν εἶπας, θύγατερ, ἀλλὰ | τῷ καλῶ.

379. Δεινὸς χαρακτήρ, κάπσιμος | ἐν βροτοῖς.

Understand the same of τίς, πῶς, interrogative; ὥς, οὐ, καὶ, and the like.

But if the second part of the fifth foot be of that kind, that it adheres to the preceding word, and both together make as it were but one word, there will no longer be a necessity for the preceding word to terminate in a short syllable.

The cases of this kind are,

1. Where the word preceding the iambus is an enclitic, as μου, μοι, νιν, σοι, τις, τοι:

Eur. Hec. 505. σπεύδωμεν, ἐγκονῶμεν ἡγοῦ μοι | γέρον.

2. Where the word preceding the iambus is incapable of beginning a sentence: as ἄν, αὖ, γάρ, δέ, δὴ, μέν, μὴν, οὖν:

Æsch. Prom. 107. οἷόν τέ μοι τάσδ' ἐστί· θνητοῖς γὰρ | γέρα.

The following line is not an exception:

Soph. Œd. C. 1022. εἰ δ' ἐγκρατεῖς φεύγουσιν, οὐδὲν δεῖ πόνων,

because the Attics wrote οὐδ' εἰς, οὐδ' ἔν.

Neither are lines in Sophocles exceptions in which ἡμῖν and ὑμῖν precede



the cretic, because they should be written ἤμιν and ὕμιν, or ἡμὶν and ὑμῖν, the final syllable being in this manner short, as in Soph. El. 357.

σὺ δ' ἤμιν ἢ | μισοῦσα, μισεῖς μὲν λόγῳ.

Dissyllables, in which the vowel of the second syllable of the fifth foot is elided, are considered as monosyllables:

Hec. 398. 'Οποῖα κισσὸς δρυὸς, ὅπως τῆσδ' ἔξομαι.

This canon is as applicable to those verses in which the first syllable of the fifth foot is a monosyllable which cannot begin a verse, as to those in which it terminates a word of two or more syllables: hence this verse is wrong:

Soph. Œd. C. 115. Τίνας λόγους ἐροῦσιν· ἐν γὰρ τῷ μαθεῖν:  
read, with Elmsley, ἐν δὲ τῷ μαθεῖν.

It may be laid down as a general rule, that the first syllable of the fifth foot must be short, if followed by the slightest pause or break in the sense: hence in

Soph. Œd. C. 505. Τοῦκείθεν ἄλσους, ὦ ξένη, τοῦδ' ἦν δέ του,  
read, with Elmsley, Τοῦκείθεν ἄλσους, ὦ ξένη, τόδ' ἦν δέ του.

Thus it appears that there are only three cases in which the fifth foot may be a spondee:

1. When both syllables are contained in the same word.

2. When the first syllable of the fifth foot is a monosyllable which is capable of beginning a verse, and is not disjoined from the following syllable by any pause in the sense.

3. When the second syllable is a monosyllable, which, by being incapable of beginning a sentence or a verse, is in some way united to the preceding syllable.

The Comic writers admit an anapaest into every place except the sixth; a dactyl and a spondee, subject to no restrictions, into the fifth; and neglect the cæsuras. See Aristoph. Vesp. 979. Plut. 55. 68.

Other species of iambic metre are:

Monom. acat. τῷ | τᾶλᾶς : μὸμφᾶν | ἐχῶν : ἐπῆσ' ἐπῆσεν.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. χρῶσεών | ἐνόπ||τρών. Hec. 913.

Dim. brachycat. τέκνων | ἐμῶν || φύλαξ. 1066.

Dim. catal. or hepththemim. ἀλᾶσ|τόρος || τίς οἱ ζῆς. 936.

Dim. acat. ἐγὼ | δὲ πλόκᾱ||μὲν ἀνὰ|δέτοίς. 911.

In systems of dimeter iambics, the synapheia is observed. See p. xi. Aristoph. Ran. 984. seq.

Dim. hypercat. ἀπρέμας | ἰθι' λδ||γδν ἀποδῶς ἐφ' δ,|τλ. Or. 150.

Trim. brachycat. ζῆγεν|τᾶ παιδ||σποι|δν ᾱ||δδνᾶν. Ph. 348.

Trim. catal. χάρην ᾱ|χάρισ||τὸν εἰς | ξείους ||διδούσᾱ. 1771.

The Iambic Tetrameter Catalectic is almost peculiar to the Comic writers. It differs in two respects from the comic senarius: 1st, that the *fourth foot must be an iambus or tribrach*<sup>1</sup>; 2d, that the sixth foot even admits an anapaest.<sup>2</sup> But the *seventh foot must be an iambus*; except in the case of a proper name, when an anapaest is allowed<sup>3</sup>; which license is also conceded to the fourth foot.<sup>4</sup>

Πρώτιστα μὲν γὰρ ἔνα | γε τινὰ<sup>1</sup> | καθεῖσεν ἐγκαλύψας.

Οὐχ ἦτρον ἢ νῦν οἱ λαλοῦντες· ἡ|λίθιος<sup>2</sup> | γὰρ ἦσθα.

Ἐγένετο, Μελανίππας ποιῶν, Φαίδρας τε, Πη|νελόπην<sup>3</sup> | δέ.

Τῶν νῦν γυναικῶν Πη|νελόπην<sup>4</sup>, | Φαίδρας δ' ἀπαξάπασας.

### Trochaic Metre.

The following is the scale of the tragic tetrameter catalectic:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
υυ	υυυ	υυ	υυυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ
υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ
υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ	υυ

If from the beginning of a tetrameter trochaic, there be taken away a cretic, or a first Pæon (υυυ) or a fourth Pæon (υυυυ), a trimeter iambic will remain, and the rules already given may be applied.

But observe, that, in this *trochaic senarius* (as Porson terms it) an anapaest is not admitted even in the first place; and that the penthemimeral cæsura is always required, and the pause strictly observed.

A *dactyl* is allowed, in the case of a proper name, in every foot but the fourth and seventh; and this is not always contained in the same word; as,

Eur. Orest. 1549. ξύγγονόν τ' ἐ|μῆν Πυλά|δην τε τὸν τάδε ξυνδρῶντά μοι.

If the first dipodia of a tetrameter trochaic consist of an entire word or words, the second foot is a trochee, or a tribrach: see Eur. Ph. 1775, 6.

The *comic tetrameter trochaic* may also be considered as a trimeter iambic with a cretic or pæon prefixed: but in this trochaic senarius, cæsuras are neglected, and a dactyl, although *very rarely*, admitted into the fifth place, and a spondee subject to no restrictions.

Other species of trochaic verse are:

Monom. acat. or basis trochaica: ἀστῆ|γάκτος.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. τῖ πῶτ' ᾱ|νᾶσῆ||νεῖς; Hec. 183.

Dim. brachycat. or *ithyphallic*: δᾱκτῦ|λοις ἐ||λίσσε. Orest. 1431.

Dim. catal. or hepththem. τῶν ᾱ|πὸρθῆ||τῶν πύ|λιν. Hec. 894.

Καδμῶς | ἐμῶλῃ || τάνδε | γᾶν

Τυρίδος | φ' τῇ || τράσκει|λῆς. Ph. 647. 648.

Dim. acat. μῶσχος | ἀδᾱμᾱ||τὸν πῆ|σῆμᾱ

δικέ, τῇ|λῆσφῶ||ρὸν δι|δοῦσᾱ. 649. 650.

Dim. hypercat. ᾱς ἐ|γῆμ' ὅ || τὸξῶ|τᾶς Πᾱ||ρίς. Orest. 1408.

Trim. brachycat. ὦ τῇ|κνόν, τῇ|κνόν τᾱ|λαῖνᾱς || μᾱτρός. Hec. 688.

Trim. catal. κᾱτθᾱ|νεῖ, κᾱ||κὼς σ' ᾱ|πὸκτεῖ||νεῖ πύ|σίς. Orest. 1467.

Trim. acatalect. — Bentley affirms that this metre is unknown to Tragedy and Comedy. Gaisford thinks that the two following are legitimate instances; others consider them as epitrites:

εἰθ' ᾱ|ἐλλαῖ||ᾱ τᾱ|χὺρῶω||σῶς πῆ|λειᾱς. Soph. Œd. C. 1081.

καὶ κᾱ|σίγνῃ||τᾶν πύ|κνὸσσι||κτῶν ὅ|πᾱδῶν. 1092.

Trim. hypercat. ἡλθὺν | εἰς δὺ||μοῦς, ἔν' | αὐθ' ἐ||κᾱστᾱ || σοῖ λῆ||τῶ. Eur. Or. 1398.

### Ionic a majore.

An Ionic verse *a majore* admits a *trochaic syzygy* promiscuously with its proper foot; the *second* pæon in the first place; also a molossus in an *even* place of a trimeter whole or catalectic. Resolutions of the long syllable are allowed in all possible varieties.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. πῶσσοῦσῖ μῦ||χῶν. Hec. 1048.

Dim. brachycat. καὶ σῶφρῶνᾱ || πῶλοις. Phœn. 182.

Dim. catal. ἡ Παλλὰδὺς || ἐν πῶλει. Hec. 465.

Dim. acat. δᾶφνᾶ ῥ' ἰξ||ροῦς ἀνέσχε. 458.

Dim. hypercat. νῦν δ' οὐτός ἄ||νεῖται στῆγ' || ρῶ. Soph. Aj. 1232.

Trim. brachycat. οἰκτρὰν βίῃ||τὰν ἐχούσαν || οἰκοῖς. Hec. 456.

χαῖρ', εὐτὺχι||ᾗ δ' αὐτός ὅ||μυλῆς. Or. 348.

Trim. acat. τὰν οὐθ' ὕπνους || αἰρεῖ πῶθ' ὅ || πᾶντογῆρως. Soph. Ant. 614.

Many of these lines may be referred also to the choriambic metre.

If the three remaining pæons, or the second pæon in any place but the first; or, if an *iambic syzygy* or an *epitrite* be found in the same verse with an Ionic foot, the verse is then termed *Epionic*.

### *Ionic a minore.*

An Ionic verse *a minore* admits an *iambic syzygy* promiscuously; and begins sometimes with the *third* pæon; sometimes with a molossus, which is admitted in the *odd* places. Resolutions of the long syllable are also allowed.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. μελέας μᾶ||τρὸς. Hec. 185.

Dim. catal. or hepthem. ἐλάτας ἀκρ||όκυμοῖς. Phœn. 1531.

Dim. acat. παράκλινουσ' || ἐπικράνεν. Æsch. Ag. 721.

Dim. hypercat., διέδιφρεῦ||σέ Μῦρτιλῶν || φόνον. Eur. Or. 984.

Trim. acat. μὲνᾶδ' αἰῶ||νὰ διαζοῦ||σά τὸν αἰ. Phœn. 1537.

The choruses in Euripides' Bacchæ are principally in this metre. See Hor. Od. iii. 12.

An *Epionic* verse *a minore* is constituted by intermixing with the Ionic foot a *trochaic syzygy*, an *epitrite*, the second or fourth pæon, or the third pæon in any place but the first.

### *Choriambic Metre.*

A choriambic verse sometimes begins with an *iambic syzygy*, as

πῆφρικᾶ τὰν || ὠλεσίοι|κον. Æsch. S. c. Th. 717.

and generally ends with one, either complete or catalectic. It also sometimes ends with a *trochaic syzygy*:

μῆνές ἄγῃ||ρῶς χρὸ|νῶ δὲ|νᾶστας. Soph. Ant. 608.

αὐτῶδαι||κτοῖ θᾶνωσῖ

καὶ χθονία || κόνις πῆγ. Æsch. S. c. Th. 733. 734.

The verse corresponding to the last in the antistrophe is:

αἰῶνᾶ δ' ἐς || τρίτον μὲνεί.

Monom. ὦ μοι ἔγω. Eur. Hec. 1039.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. or *Adonic*: τᾶνδ' ἔ γυναι||κῶν. 1053.

Dim. brachycat. ἀλῖος αὐ||γάζει. 634. Suppl. 960.

Dim. catal. or hepthem. πόρθμὸν αἰξ||ῶ τᾶλας. Eur. Hec. 1088.

The catalectic dimeter, of one logæædic order, occurs sometimes among the dramatic poets, repeated in systems: as Eur. Bacch. 105.

ὦ Σήμελας||τροφοῖ Θη-

ῆας, στέφανον||σθεῖ κισσῶ: as in Hor. *Lydia dic per omnes*

Dim. acat. ἄμφι κλάδοις || ἐξομένα. Phœn. 1532. Æsch. S. c. Th. 924.

Dim. hypercat. τὰν ὅ μ' ἐγας || μῦθος αἰξ||εῖ. Soph. Aj. 223.

Trim. catal. σὺ δ' ἐκ μὲν οἱ||κῶν πατρίων || ἐπλευσᾶς. Eur. Med. 431.

Trim. brachycat. πολὺν ἀφάνες || αἰθέρους εἰδ' || ὠλόν. Eur. Ph. 1559.

Trim. acat. νῦν τέλεισαι || τὰς περὶ θῦ||μους κἀτάρας. Æsch. S. c. Th. 721.

Tetram. catal. ᾧ νῆδ' ἄς || μοῖ φίλον ἀχ||θός, τὸ δ' ἔ γῃ||ράς αἰεῖ. Herc. F. 639.

Also beginning with an anacrusis, or prelude to the metre:

ὑπ' | ἀνέρος Ἄχαι||οῦ ξέθεν||πέρθμενᾶν || ἀτίμως.

The choriambics most in use are those with a base: as,

νῦν ἐν | ποιόνμοις. Æsch. Suppl. 42.

Hypercat. commonly called *Pherecratic*:

τοῖ μὲν | γὰρ πῶτ' | πῦρ || γούς. S. c. Th. 301.

*Glyconic*: δοῦλει | ἄν ψάφαρξ || σπύδῳ. 325.

κῶπα || πέμπόμενᾶν || τὰλαῖνᾶν. Hec. 455.

Dim. hypercat. οὐδ' οἰκτρ' ἄς γούν ὁρ || νίθος ἄη || δοῦς. Soph. Aj. 628.

ἀλλ' ᾧ | μοῖριδ' ἄ || τις δυνάσις || δεινᾶ. Ant. 951.

Trim. hypercat. ἄλλον | δ' οὐτ' ἴν' ἐγώ γ' || οἶδ' ἄ κλυῶν || οὐδ' ἐσιδὼν || μοῖρᾶ.

The twenty-eighth Idyll of Theocritus is of this kind:

Γλαῦκάς | ὦ φίλεριθ' | ἀλᾶκᾶτᾶ | δῶρ' ἄν Ἀθᾶ|νᾶς:

so also the eleventh and eighteenth Odes of the first book, and the tenth of the fourth book, of Horace.

If any other foot of four syllables be joined with a choriambus, the verse is sometimes denominated *Epichoriambic*.

### *Antispastic Metre.*

An *antispast* is composed of an iambus and a trochee (υ-|-υ). To lessen the labour of composition, in the first part of the foot any variety of the iambus, in the second any variety of the trochee, is admitted. Hence we get the following kinds of antispast.

1.	2.
υ-υ	υ-υ
υ-υ	υ-υ
-	-
υ-υ	υ-υ
υ-υ	υ-υ

Instead of an antispast, an iambic or trochaic syzygy is occasionally used.

The second foot of the iambic syzygy also admits a dactyl.

A *dochmius* consists of an antispast and a long syllable (υ- - -); therefore a simple dochmiac is the same as an antispastic monom. hypercat:

Ξεῶν ἢ Ξεῶν.

A pure dimeter dochmiac is not of frequent occurrence: the fourth of the following lines is one:

ἀλῖμένον τις ὥς || ἐς ἄντλ' ὦν πῆσῶν

λέχριος, ἐκπῆσῃ || φίλας κἀρδίως

ἄμερσας βίον || τὸ γὰρ ὑπ' ἐγγύον

δικὰ καὶ Ξεοῖ||σιν οὐ ἐμπέτιν' ἐι. Hec. 1010—1013.

Other varieties of the dimeter dochmiac may be found in the chorus in Æsch. S. c. Th. 79. ed. Blomf.

ρεῖ πῶλ' ὡδ' ἐλῶς || προδ' ὀρμὸς ἱππῶτας.

ἀμάχετος δίκαν || ὑδάτος ὀρδ' ὀρδ'.

ἀλευσάτ' ἐβῆ || δ' ὑπ' ἐπ' ἐπ' ἐπ'.

τις ἄρ' ῥύσεται, || τις ἄρ' ἐπ' ἀρ' ἐπ' ἀρ' ἐπ' ἀρ'.

Also in Hec. 681. 684. 688. 689. 690. 693. 702. 703. 707. 708. 709.

The following verses are also referred to the dochmiac system by Hermann de Metr. l. ii. c. xxi., in which the final long syllable is resolved into two short: Eur. Or. 149.

κάτ' ἄγ' ἄγ', πρόσ' ἴθ' || ἀτρέμας, ἀτρέμας ἴθι·  
 λόγ' οὐκ ἀποδός, ἐφ' ὃ τί || χρεὺς ἐμὸν λῆτέ πύτ'·  
 χροῖν' ἰὰ γὰρ πέσων || ὅδ' εὐνάζεταί.

Also these, in the second of which a short syllable stands in place of the long, by the force of the pause on the vocative: Herc. Fur. 870.

ὁτ' οὐτοῖ, στέναξ' || ὄν' ἀποκείρεται  
 σὺν ἀνθός, πόλις, || ὃ Διὸς ἐκγόνος.

A dochmiac is sometimes connected with a cretic, either pure or resolved:

ἐπτάπυλ' οὐκ ἐπὶ ῥόον. Æsch. S. c. Th. 151.  
 τὰσδ' ἐπὶ γ' οὐκ ἐπὶ ῥόον. 154.

Antispastic dim. brachycat. εἰς ἡν ξύμ' φέρων. Hec. 627.  
 dim. acatal. τί δ' ἐπὶ φέει δὺς φάτ' κλῆγγα. Æsch. Ag. 1161.  
 dim. hypercat. εἰς ἡν πῆ' μὲν γένε' σθαί. 628.  
 trim. brachycat. τάλαιναί τ' ἰαίναί κ' οἶαί || Φρύγῳ. 1046.  
 trim. catal. or hendecasyllable:  
 ἄθ' οἶαί τ' ἰν' ἑρμῶν || τ' ἑ βᾶχαί. Eur. Or. 1502.

### Pæonic Metre.

A pæonic verse admits any foot of the same time as a pæon: viz. a cretic, a bacchius, or a tribrach and pyrrhic jointly: a palimbacchius or third pæon are not often found. The construction of the verse is most perfect when each metre ends with a word.

Dim. brachycat. ὁμῶς γὰρ || κ' οἶαί. Phœn. 137.  
 Dim. catal. χαλκὸν δ' ἔτ' || τ' ἐμὸν λῆ. 113.  
 Dim. acat. δ' οἶαί κ' οἶαί || οἶαί κ' οἶαί. Orest. 179.  
 δ' οἶαί κ' οἶαί || π' ἐρὸν φέροι. 311.  
 Dim. hypercat. π' ἀρ' Σιμῶν || ἰοῖς ὅχ' || τοῖς. Orest. 799.  
 Σιμῶν ν' ἐμ' || σίς εἰς ἑλ' || ν' ἄν. 1356.  
 Trim. brachycat. κατὰ ἑὸν σπ' || χ' ὅς ὁμῶς || γ' ὁρ' οὐ. Phœn. 146.  
 Trim. catal. βάλ' οἶαί κ' οἶαί || γ' ὁρ' οὐ. 169.

### Versus Prosodiacus.

This appellation is given to a verse in which choriambics are mixed with Ionics or pæons.

Dim. acat. ἄ δ' ἐλ' οὐκ || ἡλ' ἀκάτ' α. Eur. Or. 1429.  
 νῆματ' α' ἑτ' οὐκ || π' ἐλ' α. Alc. 90.  
 Dim. hypercat. μὲν π' ἄν, || καὶ χ' ὁρ' οὐκ || ἰω. Hec. 905.  
 μ' ἄσ' οὐκ ἑπ' ἐρ' οὐκ || ἐπ' ἰω. Or. 832.  
 Trim. catal. λαῖν' οἶαί || ἄφ' ἰω || ὁρ' οὐκ || ἰω. 114.  
 Trim. hypercat. μέγαλ' α' δ' || τ' ὁρ' οὐκ || ἐλ' ἄλ' α' σ' οὐκ || ἰω. Or. 1562.

### Versus Asynarteti.

Hec. 1080. δ' ἐλ' α, δ' ἐλ' α || π' ἐρ' οὐκ ἄμ' ἐν. troch. syz. + iamb. syz.  
 457. ἐν θ' α π' ὁρ' οὐκ || γ' ὁρ' οὐκ τ' ἐλ' α. troch. syz. + iamb. penthem.

A verse of this kind in which a trochaic is followed by an iambic syzygy or vice versa, is termed *periodicus*.

Eur. Or. 1404. αἰλ' ἰω, αἰλ' ἰω || ἄρ' ἄν θ' ἄν α. dact. dim. + anap. monom.  
 824. ἡ μ' ἄρ' οὐκ ἄν || αἰμ' α χ' ἰω θ' ἑσθαί. dact. dim. + troch. ithyphallic.  
 Hec. 915. ἐπὶ δ' ἐμ' ἰω || π' ἐσ' ἰω ἐν ἄν. anap. monom. + iamb. penth.  
 Or. 960. σ' ἄρ' ἰω ἄν || ἑλ' α δ' οὐκ ὁρ' οὐκ. iamb. monom. + troch. ithyph.  
 Phœn. 1033. ἐλ' α, ἐλ' α, || ὡ π' ἐρ' οὐκ ἄν γ' α δ' ὅχ' ἐμ' α. iamb. monom. + troch. dim.

Hec. 1083. αἰθ' ῥ' ἄμ' π' α || μ' ἐν ὅς οὐκ ἄν ἰω. troch. monom. + anap. monom.  
 Phœn. 1525. ἡ τ' ὡν ἄρ' οὐκ ἄν || εὐ γ' ἐν ἑτ' α. iamb. penth. + dact. penth., called also *iambelegus*.

See Hor. Od. i. 4. Epod. 11. 13.

Verses, consisting of entirely irregular feet, are termed *polyschematisti*:

Οἰδ' ἰω δ' α || β' ὁρ' οὐκ οὐκ ἰω μ' ἀκ' ἰω ζ' α. Soph. Œd. T. 1195.

A *Glyconeus polyschematistis* contains a choriambus in the second foot:

Ἀλ' ἐλ' α δ' οὐκ || εἰλ' α ἰω ἄν. Eur. Hec. 630.  
 τί τοὺς ἄν ὡ θ' ἐν φ' ὁρ' οὐκ ἄν  
 τ' α τοὺς οἶαί κ' οἶαί ἐσ' ὁρ' οὐκ  
 μέν οἱ τ' ὁρ' οὐκ || κ' ὁρ' οὐκ ἄν. Soph. El. 1058.  
 καὶ β' ὁρ' οὐκ || ἰω ὁρ' οὐκ. Aj. 232.  
 οὐκ ἐν ἑλ' α ἰω γ' ἐν ἄν. Ant. 585.  
 ὡ λ' ἰω ὁρ' οὐκ ἄν θ' ὁρ' οὐκ. Eur. Phœn. 178.  
 δ' ἐλ' ὁρ' οὐκ β' ἰω τ' ἄν π' ὁρ' οὐκ γ' α. Med. 989.

Hermann de Metr. l. ii. c. xix. defines the following as *dimeter Cretics*, from Eur. Orest. 1415.

π' ὁρ' οὐκ ἐπ' α δ' ἄλ' α δ' α ἄν  
 λ' ὡν π' ἐσ' ὡν || ἐν φ' ὁρ' οὐκ  
 μ' ἡ τ' α εἰ ἡ δ' ὁρ' οὐκ  
 καὶ οὐκ ἐπ' α || τοῖς μ' ἐν ὡν,  
 τοῖς δ' ἐπ' α ὁρ' οὐκ ἄν  
 μ' ἡ ἄν ἄν || ἐμ' π' ἐλ' α  
 παῖδα τ' ἡν || τ' ὡν δ' α ἰω δ' α  
 μ' ἡ τ' ὁρ' οὐκ ἄν τ' ἡ δ' ὁρ' οὐκ ἄν.

The same species of verse is found in Æsch. Suppl. 423.

### On the Scansion of Greek Verse.

1. A short vowel, before the smooth consonants π, κ, τ, or the aspirated φ, χ, θ, followed by any liquid, remains short: as ἄτεκνος, δύσπτομος. Observe, that this rule applies to the Comic writers rather than to the Tragic.
2. A short vowel before the middle consonants, β, γ, δ, followed by any liquid except ρ, becomes long by position: as ἀελαεῖς, εὐδῆμος.



This rule is sometimes violated by Æschylus, Sophocles, and Aristophanes, but is always observed by Euripides. See Porson on Hec. 298.

The following Rules for the versification of Homer have been laid down by Professor Dunbar : \*

I. "A long vowel or diphthong at the end of a word, before another vowel or diphthong, is *always short*, except in cæsural syllables, which must be uniformly long.

II. "A long vowel or diphthong in the beginning or middle of a word, before another vowel or diphthong, is *always long*.

III. "A long vowel or diphthong, preceding a short vowel at the end of a word elided in consequence of the next word beginning with a vowel, remains *long* before that vowel.

IV. "A vowel naturally short frequently forms the first syllable of a foot, whether at the beginning of a verse or in the middle of a word, in consequence of the *ictus metricus*, or swell of the voice, upon that syllable.

V. "A syllable naturally short, when it happens to be the cæsura, is, for the same reason, made long.

VI. "The conjunction *καὶ* ought never to be the first syllable of a foot before a word beginning either with a vowel or a diphthong.

"The fourth rule requires more illustration than any of the preceding, as from it, if properly established, the most important emendations will necessarily flow. In the different feet used by the poets, there is always what is technically called the *ictus metricus*, or stress of the voice on one particular syllable of each foot, according to the nature of the verse. This *ictus* has been called by Hermann and his followers the *arsis*, or rising inflection of the voice on that syllable, while the other syllable or syllables have the *thesis*, or falling inflection. Thus, in the word *nature*, the *arsis* is upon the first syllable, which is pronounced long with the rising inflection, while the other syllable has the *thesis* or downward slide, and is not so much lengthened. — In iambic verse, the *ictus* or *arsis* is upon the second syllable of an iambus; the second of a spondee; the last of an anapaestus; and, as is usually stated, upon the middle syllable of a tribrachys and dactyl, — but, I imagine, with more propriety equally on the two last, because the first is a resolution of an iambus, and the other of a spondee. In trochaic verse, on the contrary, the *ictus* is on the first of each foot, or, when the long syllable is resolved into two short, equally upon both, i. e. they have an equal tone. So also in hexameter verse, the *ictus* or *arsis* is always upon the first syllable of the foot. Though we have no other data to guide us in the pronunciation of this species of verse, it appears almost certain that the first syllable of every foot must have been pronounced with the rising inflection, and consequently the swell of the voice to give melody to the verse; and that, even though the syllable was naturally short, such an increase of time was thereby given to it as to make it long in the recitation. Upon what other principle can we account for the lengthening of those short cæsural syllables that occur so frequently in Homer? It is not from their occurrence in any particular place, for they are to be found at the commencement of almost every foot. If we be said that it is in consequence of the pause, I must be allowed to ask upon what principle does that pause depend? It is not because they terminate particular words that they are made long, but because they form the

\* "Inquiry into the Versification of Homer." — Classical Journal, vol. ix. p. 361.

*first syllable* of a foot; which in consequence, whether at the *end*, or the *beginning*, or in the *middle* of a word, must be pronounced equal in length to a syllable naturally long, to preserve the harmony of the verse. With what particular cadence and accent hexameter verse was chanted or sung, we can never learn: it was certainly not monotonous, but required the sound to be regulated in such a manner, as, consistent with the nature of the feet, would make them most agreeable to the ear; and this, I apprehend, could only be done by giving a particular tone or swell to the first syllable. On this principle depends the lengthening of all cæsural syllables, as well vowels and diphthongs as short syllables. On it also depends what has, I imagine, hitherto escaped observation, — the lengthening of many short syllables both in the beginning and in the middle of words; a circumstance which has perplexed grammarians exceedingly, and obliged them to have recourse to expedients to support the metre, which led to a corruption of the language."

This principle of the *arsis* or *ictus metricus* will account for the lengthening of short syllables in the following among numerous instances:

- Hom. Il. A. 14. στέμματ' ἔχων ἐν χερσὶν ἐκὼλον | Ἀπόλλωνος.  
50. αὐτὰρ ἔπειτ' αὐτοῖσι βέλους ἐχέ|πυκνὸς ἐφεί|ς.  
99. ἀπριά|την, ἀνάποιον, ἄγειν δ' ἱερὴν ἐκατόμ|εην.  
265. Θησεία τ' Αἰγείδην, ἐπείκειλον | ἀθανά|τοιςι.  
B. 44. ποσσὶ δ' ὑπὸ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα.  
492. Θῦγατέ|ρες, μνησαίαι' ὅσοι ὑπὸ Ἴλιον ἦλθον.  
Γ. 172. αἰδοῖός τε μοι ἔσσι, φίλ|ε ἐκ|υρὲ δεινός τε.  
313. τὼ μὲν ἄρ' ἄψορόοι προτὶ Ἴλιον | ἀπονέ|οντο.  
357. δια μὲν | ἀσπίδος ἦλθε φαεινῆς ὄβριμον ἔγχο|ς,  
καὶ διὰ | Θῶρηκος.  
Δ. 274. τὼ δὲ κορυσσέσθην ἅμα | δὲ νέφος | εἴπετο πεζῶν.  
E. 31. Ἄρες, Ἄ|ρες βροτολογί|ε, μαιφονε, τειχεσιπλῆ|στα.  
359. φίλε κασίγνη|τέ, κόμεισάι τέ με, δός τε μοι ἵππους.  
748. Ἥρη | δὲ μάστιγι δῶς ἐπεται|ετ' ἄρ' ἵππους.  
H. 77. εἰ μὲν | κεν ἐμὲ | κείνος ἔλ|η ταναηκῆ χαλκῶ.  
250. καὶ βάλε | Πριάμ|δα κατ' ἀσπίδα πάντοσ' εἴσ|ην.  
K. 572. αὐτοὶ δ' ἰδῶ πολλὸν ἀπ' ἐνὶ|ζοντο θαλάσση.  
Λ. 336. ἔνθα σφί κατὰ ἴσα μάχην ἐτά|νυσσε Κρο|νίων: for the oblique cases are short.  
M. 208. Τρῶες δ' ἐρρίγησαν, ἐπεί ἴδον αἶολον | ὄφιν.  
Σ. 288. πρὶν μὲν γὰρ Πριάμοιο πόλιν μέρ|οι περὶ ἀν|θρωποι.  
T. 35. μῆνιν ἀπ' οἰκ|τῶν Ἀγαμέμνονι, ποιμένι λαῶν.  
Ψ. 2. ἐπειδὴ νῆας τε καὶ Ἑλλήσποντον ἴκοντο.

Many of the above instances exhibit a consonant lengthened before a liquid in the *arsis*; from the facility with which a liquid is doubled in pronunciation, a few instances occur of the same kind, even in the *thesis*: as

- Il. E. 358. πολλὰ | λισσομένη, χρυσάμ|πυκας ἤτεεν ἵππους  
Il. Ω. 755. πολλὰ | ῥυστάζεσκεν εὖ περὶ σῆμ' ἐτάροιο.  
Od. K. 36. δῶρα παρ' | Αἰδῶλου μεγαλήτορος Ἰπποτάδα.

In the lines commencing with *ἔως*: as Il. A. 193. *ἔως ὁ ταῦθ' ὤρμαινε*, Matthiæ (Gr. Gr. § 20.) considers that *ἔως* must be scanned as a trochee, *ἦος* or *εἰος*; and that the peculiarity arose from the short and long sounds of E and O being indeterminate in the poet's time, and not denoted by

separate letters, H and Ω. This is seen also from the indicative forms being used for the subjunctive: as in

II. K. 449. εἰ μὲν γὰρ κέ σε νῦν ἀπολύσομεν, ἢ μεθώμεν: for ἀπολύσωμεν.

The lengthening of a short syllable frequently depends, also, on its being followed by a word originally written with the digamma\*: as

II. A. 474. μέλπον|τες Ἑκάεργον ὁ δὲ φρένα τέρπει ἀκούων.

For farther observations on the metre of Homer, see Matthiæ Gr. Gr. § 23—25.

Professor Dunbar has extended the principle of the *ictus metricus* to Iambic, Trochaic, and Anapaestic verse, in the Classical Journal, vol. xxxi. p. 86. 259., from whence the following rules and observations are extracted:—

“In Iambic verse, the Attic poets never lengthened a short vowel before the mutes and liquids, with the exception of βλ, γλ, γμ, γν, εμ, εν, unless they formed the *second syllable* of the foot, when the harmony of the verse required the vowel to be pronounced with a lengthened tone. That this rule is well founded, will, I hope, appear from the following instances:

Soph. Phil. 297. Ἄλλ' ἐν | πέτρο|σι πέ|τρον ἐκρί|εω μόλ|ις.

The ε in the noun πέπλος has its quantity varied on the same principle: thus,

Eur. Hec. 432. κόμ|ιζ', Ὀδυσσεῦ, μ' ἀμφι|θεὶς κάρα | πέπ|λοις.

199. ποῦ δῆ|τᾷ; πέ|πλων ἐν|τός ἡ κρύ|ψατο ἔχ|εις;

See Med. 945. 954.

“The α in the oblique cases of πατήρ is long only when it occurs in the second syllable of the Iambic foot; and the ο in the noun ὄπλον in the same manner. Soph. Phil. 365. 368. 436.

“In the patronymic Ἀρτείδης there is the same variation. Soph. Phil. 322. 392.

\* The following account of the digamma, from Dr. Monk's “Life of Bentley,” will be both interesting and useful to the student:—

“It is now, I believe, admitted on all hands, that this consonant must have been used by Homer, that its restoration is necessary for the prosody of many of his verses, and that for the first discovery of this fact we are indebted to Dr. Bentley. The digamma itself he had seen mentioned in various ancient authors and grammarians; it had been recently found in some ancient inscriptions bearing a form similar to that produced by the perpendicular union of two gammas, from which it drew its name; and its former existence in the Æolic was proved by its being retained in the renowned descendant of that dialect—the Latin language; the words *ver, vicus, vinum, video*, &c. exhibiting a consonant which their Grecian kindred had discarded. The epithet ‘Æolic’ seems to have been one cause which had prevented a suspicion of this letter's original existence in the poems of Homer, who was generally considered an Ionian. The following appears to be the outline of its real history:—The digamma was one of sixteen original letters of the Greek alphabet; but partly owing to the adoption of other consonants, and partly from dislike of its harsh sound, it fell gradually into disuse: it was abandoned first by the Ionic Greeks, before the period when writing was general; it was next dropped by the Dorian tribe; but it was continued much later by the Æolians settled in Lesbos and other islands, as well as by those who retained their old station in the Peloponnesus; and its being there found, after it had been exiled from the rest of Greece, seems the only reason for its possessing the distinctive title of Æolic. It is a fact well established by history, that the copies of Homer's Poems, which have ever since delighted the world, were written at Athens, the metropolis of the Ionic family. At this period (the age of Pisistratus) the Athenians themselves were contracting and refining their language into that chaste and elegant dialect which is the principal depository of the literature of Greece. Without entering into the hopeless question of the country or native dialect of Homer, we may observe that it was natural for the Athenians, when they wrote down his poems, to give them the dress of Ionic, the old poetical language of their own country; so that the digamma, which had been long banished from Attic soil, had no chance of finding a place in the copies which have descended to posterity. Hence it was left for the illustrious critic of the eighteenth century to re-institute this long-lost exile.”—Vol. ii. p. 361.

“In the noun τέκνον also. Soph. CEd. T. 1. 6.

“In the adj. μακρός. Soph. Phil. 307. 492.

“The ε of νεκρός is varied in a similar way. Eur. Hec. 393. 675. Alc. 723. 740. Suppl. 118. 132.

“In the compound ἄτεκνος there is the same variety, not only in Iambic, but also in Anapaestic verse. Eur. Alc. 672. 903.

“The υ of the verb ὑερίζω is also varied. Eur. Orest. 430. Med. 775.

“The α in μέλαθρον. Eur. Alc. 23. 29. See also Soph. Phil. 1410. 1435.

“To these might be added innumerable other examples.

“Let us next inquire whether this principle can be extended to the doubtful vowels in certain words, when unsupported by mutes and liquids.

“The noun ἱατρός has the quantity of the ι varied in different places:

Æsch. Prom. 386. ὀργῆς νοσούσης εἰ|σὶν ἱ|ατροὶ λό|γοι.

Suppl. 264. ἀλλ' ὥς | ἱ|ατρον τῶνδ'.

See also Eur. Tro. 1224. Hipp. 296. Ion 740.

“It is remarkable that the α in the noun ἄρης undergoes the same change of quantity as in epic poetry:

Æsch. S. c. Th. 230. τούτῳ | γάρ Ἀ|ρης βόσκειται φόβῳ βροτῶν.

408. Σπαρτῶν δ' ἀπ' ἀνδρῶν, ὧν | Ἄρ|ης | ἐφείσατο.

“The α of the adv. αἰεὶ is subject to the same variation:

Eur. Med. 456. κἀγὼ | μὲν αἰ|εὶ βασιλέων θυμουμένων.

458. σὺ δ' οὐκ ἀνέεις μωρίας, λέγονσ' | αἰ|εὶ.

“It is well known that the α in the accusative of such words as Θησέες, Ὀρφεύς, βασιλεῦς, is sometimes short, but more frequently long. The difference of quantity must, I apprehend, be accounted for on no other principle. Eur. Hec. 870. Hipp. 1148. Soph. Phil. 361.

“It has been observed by several writers on Prosody, and by the English critics in general, that a short vowel in Iambic verse must sometimes be pronounced as a long vowel before the inceptive β, because the pronunciation of that letter seems to retard the sound of the vowel. But several examples are to be found in which the inceptive β has no such power, when a short vowel precedes it in the first syllable of the foot. There must then be some other cause, independent of the letter β, to lengthen a short syllable when it forms the second of an Iambus, and that, I apprehend, can be no other than the *ictus metricus* on that syllable.\*

“In the following examples, the vowel remains short before the inceptive β:

Æsch. Prom. 738. χρημπτου|ᾶ ῥα|χίαισιν ἐκπερᾶν χθόνα.

Soph. CEd. T. 1289. τὸν μητρός αὐδῶν ἀνός|σι, οὐ|δέ ῥη|τὰ μοι.

72. δρῶν, ἦ τί φωνῶν, τήν|δε βῦ|σαίμην πόλιν.

“In the following, the short vowel before β is lengthened:

Eur. Suppl. 461. σὺ δ' οὐκ ἀνέξει, χρῆν σ' | ἐπὶ | ῥητοῖς ἄρα.

Soph. CEd. T. 847. τοῦτ' ἔστιν ἥδη τοῦργον εἰς | ἐμῇ | ῥέπον.

Aristoph. Plut. 54. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ὁ χρησμός εἰς | τοῦτῳ | ῥέπει.

See also 1065. Soph. CEd. C. 900. Eur. Suppl. 105. Æsch. Prom. 1059. Aristoph. Pax 740.

“The same rules respecting short vowels before mutes and liquids apply equally to the senarian of the Comic Poets, as to that of the Tragic, with this difference; that in the former the natural quantity of the vowels is more frequently preserved, both in consequence of the less solemn and stately nature of the language of Comedy, and because the Comic poets were

\* Mr. Tate had already indicated this principle in the Classical Journal, vol. iv. p. 516.

less restrained in the use of the Tribrachys, Dactyl, and Anapæstus, which enabled them to bring the tone of their language nearer to that of varied and genteel conversation.

"In Trochaic verse, the *first syllable* of the Trochee, as has been already stated, requires to be pronounced with a lengthened tone.

Eur. Orest. 735. σὺ δὲ τινὰς λόγους ἔλεξας σοῦ κα|σιγνήτη πα|τρός.

766. πα|τρι | τιμωρῶν ἑμ|αυτοῦ.

786. καί με πρὸς τύμ|εον πύρε|σον | πα|τρός.

784. οὐκ ἄρ' | οὐκ|ήσεις; ὁ|κνος γὰρ τοῖς φί|λοις κακὸν μέ|γα.

"For instances of *τέκνον*, see Eur. Ion 556. 568. Herc. F. 861.: of δάκρυ or δάκρυον, Eur. Or. 778. Iph. A. 398.: of ὄχλος, Eur. Or. 791. Iph. A. 1338.: of πέπλος, Eur. Iph. T. 1215. 1226.

"In Anapæstic verse, the *ictus* falls on the first syllable of the spondee and dactyl, and last of the anapest:

Eur. Phœn. 1496. πῶ|ματα | νέκρῶν || τρι|σσῶν ἤ|δη.

Med. 1392. στεί|χω | ἰσι|σῶν || γ' ἄ|μορος | τέκ|νων.

Alc. 908. οὐ τλη|τὸν ὄρ|αν || ἐξὸν ἄ|τέκνοις.

but in

903. ζη|λῶ | δ' ἀ|γάμους || ἀ|τεκ|νοῦς | τε βρο|τῶν.

Soph. El. 96. Φοί|νιος | Ἀρ|ής || οὐκ ἐξ|ένισεν.

Æsch. S. c. Th. 1059. γέ|νος ὦ|λέσ|αῖε || πρέ|μνοθεν οὕ|τως."

It must farther be remarked, that a mute with a liquid allows the foregoing syllable to be short only in the same word, or when they stand together at the beginning of a new word, not when the mute is at the end and the liquid at the beginning, or when they belong to different parts of a compound, as ἐκνεύω.

The verbs τίνω, τίω, φθάνω, φθίνω, ἀμᾶω, and the adj. καλὸς and ἴσος have the first syllable long in Homer, short in the Attic writers.

The α in φάρος is long in Homer; common in other writers.

The α in ἀνήρ and ἀρά is common in heroic verse; short in the Tragedians.

In ἴημι the ι is generally short in Homer, long in the Attic writers; except the part. ἰεῖς, which has the penult more frequently short.

The penultimate of verbs in νω is usually short in Homer; in the Dramatic writers, long.

The penultimate of comparatives in ῶν is long in Attic writers; short in Ionic.

For farther information on this subject, see the Guide to the Reading of the Greek Tragedians; and the Supplement to Porson's Preface, translated and prefixed to the edition of the Hecuba of Euripides, by the Rev. Dr. Major.

## GREEK, LATIN, AND ENGLISH PROSODIAL LEXICON.

### A

“A, ah: expressive of sorrow and other feelings.

“A δειλ’ A. 452.

Ἀδᾶτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non decipiens: harmless.

Ἀεθλὸς ἀδᾶτος ἐκτετέλεσται χ. 5.

Ἀδατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, “non decipiens, non decipiendus,” Damm: inviolable, sacred. Ὁμοσσοῦν ἀδατον Στῆγος ὕδωρ E. 271.

Ἀγῆς, εἰς, ὁ, ἡ, non fractus, non fragilis: not to be broken, strong, robust. Αἰὲν ἀγῆς λ. 574. Ἀγῆς κράτερησιν ἐνεσκήλκει πάλᾳμιν Ap. 3. 1251. SYN. Ἀθραυστός, ἀρήκτος, ἀδμαστός, ἀρήγης, ἀτίραμνος, ἀκαμπής, βέλαιος, εὐρωστός, ισχυρός.

Ἀδῶμαι, ἀδῶμαι, in errorem induco aut incido: to deceive, to lead into error or danger; more frequently, to go wrong, to be deceived, to be bewildered. Πάντας ἀταί T. 129. Ἀδῶμιν οὐδ’ αὐτὸν I. 116. Καὶ γὰρ δὴ νῦν πῶτε Ζῆν’ ἀσπτό T. 95. SYN. Βλάπτωμαι. See SYN. of Ἀσπκω.

Ἀαπτός, η, ὄν, non tangendus, non vincendus: not to be touched, invincible. Ὅτε κέν τοι ἀαπτοῦς χεῖρας A. 567. SYN. Ἀδμαστός, ἀπλητός, ἀκίτος, ἀελάδης, ἀφθαρτός.

Ἀσπκω, ἀπκω, ὡ, ἄω, in errorem aut damnum induco: to deceive, lead into error or danger. Τῇδ’ ἀπκ ἀσπας Θ. 237. κ. 68. SYN. Ἀδίκω, δηλῶ, λωθῶ, λυμαίνωμαι, σίνδωμαι, ἰάπτω, βλάπτω, ατάω, ἀδίκω, ἐππρέζω.

Ἀσχετός, η, ὄν, Ion. pro ἀσχετός, q. v. E. 892. Ἀατός, contr. ατός, η, ὄν, insatiabilis: insatiable. Γύγης τ’ ατός πᾶλεμοιο Hes. Theog. 714. SYN. Ἀπληστός, ἀκρεστός.

Ἀατός, η, ὄν, perniciosus: harmful. “Ὅτ’ αατός ἔβρις ἀπείη Apoll. 1. 459. SYN. Βλάβερός, ατηρός, δεινός, ὑλέθριος, πᾶνᾰλῆθρός.

Ἀεαι, ὦν, αἰ, Abæ: a city in Phocis famous for a temple of Apollo: sometimes used in the singular. Τὸν Ἀεαῖσι (E. R. 899, answering to ἀφῶδης. E. P. Πδλῦχρσοι, ἱεραῖ, σεμναῖ, ἱερὸν δῶν εἶδος, Ἀπόλλωνι προσφίλει.

Ἀεᾶκω, ἀεᾶκίζω, sileo, ignoro: to gaze at in silent thought or in ignorance, to be ignorant. Οἱ δ’ ἀεᾶκησαν δ. 249. SYN. Ἀγνῶω, σιγᾶέστην, σιωπᾶω, ηρέμω.

Ἀεᾶκης, εἰς, ὁ, ἡ, silens: silent, quiet. Fr. Sapph. See above. SYN. Ἠσυχός, ἡσυχίος, πρῶς, πρᾶως, ἀπειρός. See Ἀφωνός.

Ἀεᾶκευτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non initiatus Bacchi sacris; tristis: uninitiated in the rites of Bacchus; sad. Bacch. 472. SYN. Ἀτελεστός, κακοῦδάκευτός, βρόμιον παρᾰμυνοῦς ἑορταῖς, λυπηρός, αἰνός.

Pros. Lex.

### ABOT

Ἀβαντές, ὦν, Abantes: the inhabitants of Euboea. Τῷ δ’ ἄμ’ Ἀβαντές ἐποντο B. 542. E. P. Μεγαθύμιοι, αἰχμηταί, μέμᾰωτες δρεκτῆσι μελίροσι, μένᾰ πνεύοντες.

Ἀβαρβάρεια, ας, ἡ, Abarbarea: the name of a Nymph. Νῆις Ἀβαρβάρειη Z. 22.

Ἀεᾰτός, η, ὄν, inivius, accessu difficilis: inaccessible, not to be trod upon, unfrequented, sacred. Σκῆθην ἐς οἶμον ἀεᾰτὸν εἰς ἐρημίαν P. V. 2. SYN. Δυσεᾰτός, ἀπρός, ασιτίης, ἀσειπτός, ἐρημός, ἱερός.

Ἀεᾰτέρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insipiens: foolish. Ἀεᾰτέρου δ’ ὅσοι γέ Eur. Fr. Inc. 136. 1. SYN. Αἰνῆτος, ἀνθητός, ἄφρων.

Ἀεᾰτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non vitalis: lifeless, not worth living, intolerable. Ἀεᾰτόν τιν’ ἡμῶν Ion. 670. SYN. Ἀήθης, λυπηρός, δυσχερής, τάλας.

Ἀεᾰδέως, innocue: harmlessly. Ἀεᾰδέως ὑπὸ ποσσὶν H. in Merc. 83. SYN. ἀμέμπτως.

Ἀεᾰδῆς, εἰς, ὁ, ἡ, innocuus, illusus: harmless, unhurt, unpunished. Ὀλεθὸς ἀεᾰδῆς βρότοισι Eur. Phryx. 14. SYN. Ἀνατός, ἀθός, ἀπῆμων, ασκηθῆς, ασκέθῆς.

Ἀεᾰδῖα, ας, ἡ, innocentia, incolumitas: innocence, safety. Εἴ’ ἀεᾰδῖοσι νόιοι H. in Merc. 393. SYN. Ασφᾰλεῖᾰ, ἀπῆμᾰσῶν.

Ἀεᾰλής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, non jactus: not thrown. Ιδὸκης ἀεᾰλήτᾰ Δ. 117. SYN. Ἀεᾰλητός, καινός.

Ἀεᾰλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non jactus, non ictus: not hurled, not struck, unhurt. Ὅστις ἐτ’ ἀεᾰλητός Δ. 540. SYN. Ἀεᾰλής, ἀεᾰλῆς, ἀτμητός, ἀπληκτός, ἀπῆμᾰντός.

Ἀεᾰληρός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, debilis, lenis, mitis: weak, faint, mild. Ἀεᾰληρός μᾰλᾰ τοῖς λ. 133. SYN. Ἀπᾰλός, ἀρῶστός, ἡσυχᾰίος, ἀγᾰθός.

Ἀεᾰλῶ, ἦσω, ἡκα, occurro: to meet, to encounter. “Ὅστ’ ἀεᾰλῆσαν Apoll. 2. 772.

Ἀεουκῶλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fastidiosus: despised. Ἀεουκῶλητον τοῦτ’ ἐμῷ Ἀesch. Suppl. 936. SYN. Ἀηδῆς, ἀχᾰρίς.

Ἀεουᾰία, ας, ἡ, consilii defectus, temeritas: want of deliberation, imprudence, stupidity. Ἠσθῶμην ἀεουᾰίαν Med. 877. SYN. Ἀνοᾰῖᾰ, ἀφροσύνη, ἀφᾰδῖα, ἀρᾰσύνη, μαᾰρία, ἀγνῶμᾰσῶν.

Ἀεουᾰός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, stolidus, temerarius: unadvised, rash, foolish. Τὰς τᾰνδ’ ἀεουᾰλους Heracl. 153. SYN. Δυσουᾰλός, ἀγῶμων, ἄνους, ἀνῆμων, ἀνθητός, ἀμᾰθῆς, ἀμᾰχᾰνός, ἀεᾰνῆτος, ἀφᾰδῆς, ἀφᾰρᾰδῶν, ἄφρων, τᾰχῦουᾰλός.

Ἀεουᾰως, inconsiderate: inconsiderately, absurdly. Ἡμεῖς δ’ ἀεουᾰως Rhæ. 761.

Ἀεονῆτης, ου, ὁ, boves non habens, pauper:

B

destitute of cattle, poor. *Ἀνδρὸς ἀδούτω* Hes. Op. 451.

*Ἀσθής*, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, sine procre: devoid of weight, light. *Βάρους μὲν οὐκ ἀσθής* Eur. Supp. 1125.

*Ἀσθόατης*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, molli ipsecum atens: effeminate, fastidious, proud. Pers. 1373. See *Ἀσθός*. Syn. *λεσθής*, *ἀσθρὸς βαίνων*.

*Ἀσθόδιατος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui delicate vivit: one who lives in luxury. *Ἀσθόδιατον ἐπέται Ἀνδών* Pers. 41.

*Ἀσθρόκωμος*, ου, mollior comatus: possessed of soft hair. Iph. T. 1099. Syn. *Ἀσθρόκωμος*, *ἀσθρὸς χαίτην δαλλυμένους*.

*Ἀσθρόμος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tumultuosus: boisterous, stormy, troubled, tempestuous. *Κῶφόν τε καὶ ἀσθρόμον* Apoll. 4.153. Syn. *Θαλλός*, *τάραχώδης*.

*Ἀσθρόπλουτος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, locupletibus ornatis decoratus: richly adorned. Iph. T. 1148. See below.

*Ἀσθρός*, ἄ, ὡν, elegans, delicatus: soft, graceful. *Στέγας ἀσθρὸν βαίνοντά* Med. 1161. Syn. *Μαλθακός*, *ἀπάλος*, *τρίφερρος*.

*Ἀσθρόσκη*, ης, ἡ, mollities, splendor: softness, elegance, splendour. Or. 342. See above. Syn. *Ἀσθρότης*, *χλιδή*.

*Ἀσθρόταξ*, ἄξω, ης, ὁ, ἡ, noctu vagor, decipior: to wander by night, to be mistaken. *Μή πως ἀσθρόταξεν ἀλλήλοισιν* K. 65. Syn. *Ἀφάματάνω*, *πλάζομαι*.

*Ἀσθρόχιτων*, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, molli tunica indutus: elegantly dressed, clothed in soft attire. *Δέκτρον τ' ἐνὺς ἀσθρόχιτωνας* Pers. 543. Er. *Εὐσχήμων*.

*Ἀσθρόνη*, ἴνα, ἡ, ἡσυχία, delicatum reddo, orno: to render delicate, to embellish. *Ἀσθρόνη μὲν βαρβάρων* Agam. 928. Syn. *Καλλωπίζω*, *περιστελλω*, *κοσμέω*, *γάνω*.

*Ἀσθρόος*, ου, ἡ, Abydos, a city in Asia, situated on the Hellespont. *Καὶ Σησπόν καὶ Ἀσθρόον* ἔχον B. 836. Er. *Ἀρχαία*, *βάρυκρηπίς*, *πάραλος*, *ἐπακτίος*, *αρχιᾶλος*, *στῆνη*.

*Ἀσθρόος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fundi experts: bottomless, very deep. *Eis ἀσθρόα χάσματα* Phoen. 1629. Syn. *Πολυθρόος*.

*Ἀσθρόμαι*, ἀσθμαι, cum stupore miror: to admire, behold with wonder or envy, honour. Nem. 11.7. See *Ἀσθμη*. Syn. *Ἀσθμαι*, *ἀσθμω*, *δανυζέω*, *δαυμά* ποιοῦμαι, *σεβόμαι*.

*Ἀσθρόος*, ἄ, ὡν, Ion. ἡσθρόος, praestans: surpassing. Pyth. 9.126. A long, as in *ἀσθρόατος* and other words.

*Ἀσθρόος*, ἡ, ὡν, compar. *ἀσθρόων*, *ἀσθρόων*, *βελτίων*, *κρείσσων*, *λαΐων*, *superl. ἀριστός*, *βέλτιστος*, *κράτιστος*, *λφστός*, *bonus*, *fortis*: good, brave. *Εὐσθρόων ὄψιν τ' ἀσθρόον* Ω. 632. Syn. *Εσθλός*, *ἀμύμων*, *ἀνδρείος*, *κράτερός*, *αἰσιός*.

*Ἀσθρόων*, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, Agatho: a son of Priam; also a tragic poet, the enemy of Euripides. *Πάρν τ' Ἀσθρόων* τέ Ω. 249.

*Ἀσθρόωμαι*, succenseo: to be angry, indignant. *Ἐνδὸν ὑλάκει ἀσθρόωμεν* υ. 16. Syn. *Ἀσθροκτεώ*, *χάλεπαίνα*, *ἐπιμέμφομαι*, *δυσχεραίνω*, *οργίζω*.

*Ἀσθρόωτης*, ης, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, clarus: glorious, noble. *Ἐπειθ' ἀσθρόωτης ὦ Μένελαε* P. 716. Syn. see *Ἀσθρόωτης*.

*Ἀσθρόωτος*, ἀσθρόωτος, ἡ, ὡν, perillustis: very renowned. *Δωμάδ' ἰκοντ' ἀσθρόωτα* γ. 388. Hes. Theog. 1015. Π. 463. Syn. *Κλῆτος*, *κλειτός*, *εὐκλῆς*, *δῖος*, *μεγάλωνύμος*, *ἀρι-*

*πρότης*, *γνώριμος*, *πρόχων*, *ἐξόχος*, *ὑπερόχος*, *ἐξοχός*, *ἐπίπνοτος*, *ἐρίκωτος*.

*Ἀσθρόωτος*, ἡ, ὡν, bene conditus: well built. Pyth. 5.107. See *Εὐκτιμένος*. Syn. *Εὐκτιμένος*, *εὐκτιτός*.

*Ἀσθρόωτος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lacte carens: weaned. Agam. 697. See *Γάλα*.

*Ἀσθρόωτος*, gestio, honoro: to rejoice, to honour. *Ἦμοισιν ἀσθρόωται* Σ. 132. Syn. *Γήθω*, *γαυριάζομαι*, *εὐφρο* γίνωμαι *γῆθσις* κῆρ.

*Ἀσθρόωτος*, ἄλω, ἡ, ἡ, orno: to decorate. *Εὐνὰς ἀσθρόω* Med. 1027. Syn. *Κοσμέω*, *ἐπι-κοσμέω*, *καλλῶν*, *καλλωπίζω*, *πύκάζω*.

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*Ἀγᾶπηνωρ*, ὁρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, (1) strenuus, validus: strong, valiant. (2) Agapenor. *Ἀγᾶπηνωρὰ Πουλιδάμαντα* N. 756. B. 609. Syn. (1) *Ἀγᾶ-θός*, *βῆθ' ἀγάθος*, *ανδρείος*, *κράτερός*. Er. (2) *βῆθ' ἀγάθος*, *εὐμμελής*, *εσθλός*.

*Ἀγᾶπηνωρ*, ἡ, ὡν, dilectus, amabilis: beloved, amiable. *Μουνοῖς ἔων ἀγᾶπηνωρ* β. 365. Syn. *Φίλος*, *ἐράσμιος*, *ἡμέτερος*, *πῶθενος*, *προσφίλης*, *ἐρίφρος*.

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*Ἀγᾶπηνωρ*, ἡ, ὡν, dilectus, amabilis: beloved, amiable. *Μουνοῖς ἔων ἀγᾶπηνωρ* β. 365. Syn. *Φίλος*, *ἐράσμιος*, *ἡμέτερος*, *πῶθενος</*







Ἄδιδος, ου, δ, ή, non sitiens: not thirsty. Τέγες ἀδιδόν νηϊόν Cycl. 571.

Ἀδμής, ήτος, Ἀδμητός, ή, όν, non subactus: unsubdued. Ἀδμητες λευκήϊον Apoll. 1. 672. See also γ. 383. SYN. Ἄνανδρος, ἀπειρόλεχος, ἀδμαστός.

Ἀδμητός, ου, δ, Admetus, king of Thessaly, husband of Alcestis. Τοῖσιδ' Ἀδμητος κάκοις Alc. 200.

Ἀδμητός, ου, δ, ή, inopinatus: unexpected, sudden. Iph. T. 896. SYN. Ἀπροσδοκητός, ἀελπτός, ἀπροφάτος, ἀσκόπος, παράδοξος, ἀπρόοπτος.

Ἀδοκίμος, ου, δ, ή, non idoneus: unfit, disapproved. Πέπλων λάκιμα' ἀδοκίμ' ολβίοις ἔχεν Troad. 505. SYN. Ἀεικός, ἀποδλητός.

Ἀδωκός, inopinatus: unexpectedly. Troad. 786. SYN. Ἀεππώος.

Ἀδολόχης, Ἀδολέσχης, ου, nugator: a babler, chatterer. Τῶν ἀδολέσχων δευρὶ δευρ' ὦ Ξανθία Nub. 1485. SYN. Λάδός, στωμυλός, κοτλίδς, φλύαρός, ἀκριτόμυθος, ἀδρόστομός, σπερμυλός, ἀρτίεπής.

Ἀδολέσχια, as, ή, intempestiva loquacitas: babbling, garrulity. Ἐμοὶ πᾶν ὀψαντός ἀδολέσχια Nub. 1480. SYN. Ἀκαρία, φλυαρία, στωμυλία, λάλια, δαλμία.

Ἀδολός, ου, δ, ή, doli expers: without guile. Olymp. 7. 99. SYN. Ἄπλός, ἀληθής, ἐπιεικής, ἀκραιφνης, ἀκίβητος, ἀπράδός.

Ἀδολός, sincere: sincerely. Choëph. 953. SYN. Ἀληθής.

Ἀδοξός, ήσ, ηκά, inglorius sum: to be of no renown. Hes. 296. SYN. Ἀδοξός, ἀκλήος ἐμὶ οὐ γίγνομαι.

Ἀδοξία, as, ή, mala existimatio: disrepute. Εστίη ή τ' ἀδοξία Eur. fr. Erechth. 11. 16. SYN. Ἀκλειά, δόκακεια, ἀτιμία, ἀφάνεια, κάκδοξία.

Ἄδός, εός, τδ, satietas: satiety, weariness. Τάμων δένδρεά μακρά ἄδός τέ μιν Λ. 88. SYN. Κόρος, πλήρωσις, πλησμονή, κάματος.

Ἄδουλος, ου, δ, ή, servorum expers: devoid of servants. Androm. 594.

Ἀδράνία, as, ή, imbecillitas: weakness, laziness. Ἀδράνιή γήρα τέ Apoll. 2. 200. SYN. Ἀσθενεία, ὀλιγόδρανία, ραθυμία, ἀναλκία.

Ἀδράστεια, as, ή, Adrastia: the goddess Nemesis. Την Ἀδράστειαν σφοί P. V. 934.

Ἀδρεπτός, ου, δ, ή, non carpius: unplucked, that ought not to be plucked. Aesch. Suppl. 671.

Ἀδραστός, ου, δ, Adrastus. Ἡρώ' Ἀδραστος Z. 63.

Ἀδριήνος, ή, όν, Adriaticus: belonging to the Adriatic. Τὰς Ἀδριήνας Hipp. 736. answered by τερμυνά ναίων.

Ἄδρός, α, όν, multus, vehemens, robustus: great, violent, strong. Ran. 1099. SYN. Μεγός, πόλις, ἀδινός, χάλεπος, εντραφής, παχύς.

Ἀδρόσση, ης, ή, copia: plenty. Ὄδ' κεν ἀδρόσσην σταχύν Hes. Op. 471. SYN. Ευπρία, ευθυρία, φόρα, περίουσια.

Ἀδρότης, ήτος, ή, robur, crassities: strength. Ἀδρότητά καὶ ήσιν X. 363. SYN. Πάχυτης, ισχύς, κράτος, μένος.

Ἀδύλωστος, Dor. pro ήδύλωστος, q. v.

Ἀδυνάτος, ου, δ, ή, qui fieri nequit: impossible, impotent. Τδ τοι μὲν τ' ἀδυνάτ' ανδρὸς οὐ σφοδρὸ Hel. 817. SYN. Ἀκράτης, ασθένης, ἀμήχανός, ἀδράνης.

Ἀδύτον, ου, τδ, sacrarium: the innermost recess of a temple. Μάλα πόνως ἐξ ἀδύτου E.

512. SYN. Ναός, εός, ἀνάκτορον. Ep. Ευδός, πόν, γερν, δωδός, μέδον, ἀγρόν.

Ἀδύτος, ου, δ, ή, ad quem non licet ingredi: not easily entered. Androm. 1036. See above. SYN. Ἀσάτος.

Ἄδω, ποῖος Ἄω, δσω, ηκά, satio: to satiate, fill. Ἀσασθαι φίλον ήτορ T. 307. SYN. Κόρεω, πληρῶω, εμπλήθωω, χορτάζω.

Ἄδω, placeo: to please. Αυτῷ δ' ὥς κεν ἀρη τῶς ἐσσεταί Apoll. 3. 350. SYN. Ἀνδῶω, εὐαρεστέω, ἀδῶω, χαρίζομαι.

Ἄδω for αείδω, cano: to sing. Ἡμενός φδει Moch. 3. 21. SYN. See in Αείδω.

Ἀδωνία, ων, τὰ, festa Adonis: a festival of Adonis. Pax 420. See below.

Ἀδωνιασμός, ου, δ, celebratio sacrorum Adonis: the celebration of the rites of Adonis; a lamentation for Adonis. Ὄτ' Ἀδωνιασμός οὐτός οὐκί τῶν τεγῶν Lys. 390.

Ἄδωνις, ἰδός, δ, Adonis. Ρόδπαχῶν Ἄδωνις Theoc. 15. 128. Ep. Γραῖδς, ἰμερόεις, ἀδρός, ἀγᾶπητος, ἀγρός, ἀμρότος, δούπτος, νύμφις, δρεῖδρμός, τερπνός, τριφίλητος, κάλδς, πόλυνιμός, ἀδρόκός, πδενός, ἀγλᾶμορφός, βᾶδιχαίτης, πόλυνιός, δᾶκρῖος.

Ἀδωνιασμός, ου, δ, ή, inonatus: not recored. Ουδ' ἀδωνιασμός φίλων Hec. 42.

Ἀδωρτός, ου, δ, ή, idonatus: not recored. Ουδ' ἀδωνιασμός φίλων Hec. 42.

Ἄδωρος, ου, δ, ή, qui munera non accipit: non accipiens: not to be received; not worth receiving. Εχθρόν ἀδωρὰ δωρὰ Aj. 674. SYN. Ἀμισθός.

Ἀδότης, ου, δ, qui nihil dat: a stingy man. Ἐδωκεν ἀδότη Hes. Op. 353.

Ἀδωλέω, ceito: to contest, to fight. Ἀλλῷ ἀδωλεόμεν Ἀχαιοί Ψ. 274. SYN. Ἀδωέω, ἀλλῶω, ἀγωνίζομαι, ἀγωνίζω, ἀμιλλᾶσθαι, θηρίω, μαρνᾶμαι, μάχομαι, φιλονεικέω.

Ἀδωλητήρ, ήτος, Ἀδωλητής, ου, δ, luctator: a wrestler, one who contends. Κιθᾶρισται ἀδωλητήρες Theoc. 22. 24. See also Isthm. 6. 106. SYN. Ἀδωλητής, ἀγωνιστής, ἀδωλητήρ, πλαιστής, παγκράτιαστής.

Ἀδωλόν, Ἀδωλός, ου, τδ, primum certaminis: the prize of victory. Sometimes ἀδωλόν is used in the sense of ἀθλός. Θήκεν ἀδωλόν Ψ. 748. 753. SYN. Ἀθλόν, ἐπαθλόν, βράθειον, γέρας. Ep. Καλόν, ἀγᾶκλόν, ἀριδελκόν, ἀγλᾶν, Ἀρήϊον, ἀδωλόν.

Ἀδωλόνικα, as, ή, victoria in certamine: victory in a contest. Pind. Nem. 3. 11.

Ἀδωλός, ου, δ, certamen: a contest, labour. Ἀταρβής ἐπλετ' ἀεθλός Apoll. 1. 1012. SYN. Ἄγων, πόνος, κάματος, ἀμιλλᾶ, ἀμιλλήμα, πάλαιμα, κόνια. Ep. Κάλδς, ἀγᾶνός, κούμος, νικηφόρος, χάλεπος, λυγρός, βάρυς, ἀταρβής, κλεινός, εὐδοξός.

Ἀδωλόφορος, ου, δ, ή, victor in certamine: a conqueror, prize-fighter. Πρόσεεπεν ἀδωλόφορος Theoc. 22. 53.

Ἀεί, semper: always. See Porson. Suppl. xvii. Κάγῳ μὲν αὐ βᾶσιλέων Med. 456. SYN. Αἰέν, εἰσᾶ, πάντῳ, δῖα παντός, πάντα χρόνῳ, διηνέκως.

Αειγένης, ου; Αειγένης, δ, ή, sempiternus: everlasting. Ἄλλος δ' ἄλλῳ ἐρεξέ δῖον αειγένητάων B. 400. SYN. Αἰέν ἔων, αἰώνιος, ἀδιάντος.

Ἀείδελός, Αἰδολός, ου, δ, ή, inconspicuous: obscure, uncertain. Δάδσεκν αἰείδελ Hes. fr. 61. B. 455. SYN. Αειδής, κρύφατος, ἀθλός, ἀράτος, ἀσάφης, ἀφάνης.

Ἄείδω, ου, Αείδωμαι, cano: to sing, chant. Μήνιν αείδῃ Θεά A. 1. SYN. Ἄιδω, ὠνῶω, μέλωω, ἀνήμελωω, γηρύω, μέλλω, μολλάω, λυγᾶνω, λυγύρω.

Ἀεικέα, as, ή. The same as αικία, which see. Αεικής, εός, δ, ή; Αεικέλιος, α, όν, indecorus: disagreeable, unseemly, vile. Κάκον καὶ αεικέα Apoll. 4. 739. E. 84. SYN. Ασχέμιαν, ἀπρέπης, ἀκοσμός, αισχρός, ἀνάξιός, ἀτιμός, ου πρέπων.

Ἀεικίζω, ἰσῶ, ἰκά, contumeliā afficio: to insult. Δῖον αεικίζεν Ω. 22. SYN. Αικίζω, ὀβρίζω, καὶ ὀβρίζω, εὐθέρζω, κάτασχίζω.

Ἀειμνητός, ου, δ, ή, semper memorandus: ever to be remembered. Τῷδ' ἐνθά βροτοῖς τὸν αειμνηστον Aj. 1166.

Ἀειρῶτος, Αειρῶτος, δ, ή, semper fluens: ever flowing, perpetual. Εξ αειρῶτος χόδς E. C. 469. SYN. Αενᾶς, αἰνᾶτος, αἰνᾶτος, αἰνᾶτος, αἰνᾶτος, αἰνᾶτος.

Ἀείρω, αἰρῶ, ήρεκά, Αείρω, tollō: to raise up, sustain, supply. Ἀπδ χθόνος ἄσπον αείρων Theoc. 25. 73. Apoll. 1. 995. SYN. Επαίρω, βατάζω, κουφίζω, αἰρῶω, ἀνέχω, εζαίρω.

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Ἀεζγνός, ου, δ, ή, membra roborans: strengthening the limbs. Pind. Nem. 4. 118. See below, and Γυδόν.

Ἀέζω, αέζησ, ηέζηκα, augeo: to augment. Θεός δ' ἐπὶ ἐργόν ἀέζει E. 65. SYN. Αυζᾶω, ἐπαίρω, ἀθροίζω, κατὰσπαρεύω, σὺνᾶγω, νῶω, ἐπαύζω.

Ἀεργήλος, ή, όν, iners: inactive, which has not been yoked. Ὁ δ' αεργήλῃν ἐπὶ πόρῃν Apoll. 4. 1186. SYN. Ἀεργός, βέθυμος, ἀπράγμων, κένος, ἀεργής, σχολαῖος, βλακεύων.

Ἀεργία, as, ή, desidia: idleness. Ονειδός αεργίῃ δὲ τ' ονειδός Hes. Op. 309. SYN. Ἀεργεία, ἀργία, ραθυμία, ἀδράνεια.

Ἀεργός, ου, δ, ή, deses: idle. Κάτθαν' ὠμός δ τ' αεργός ἀνὴρ I. 320. SYN. See in Αεργήλος.

Ἀερέω, sublevo: to uphold, suspend. Παγχορῆσσι ηέρεοντο B. 448. SYN. Ἀνέχω, αἰρῶω, αἰρῶω.

Ἀερίδς, ου, δ, ή, aërius, caliginosus: airy, aerial, dark. Εἰτ' αέριος δειρόνς γαμψόνς οἰνοῖς αερόνηχέις Nub. 337. SYN. Αερίδς, ηλίεός, αερόνηχης, σκετενός, αερόντης, αερόειδς, αερόφοιτος.

Ἀερόβᾶτῶω, per aërem incedo: to walk through the air. Αερόβᾶτῶω καὶ περὶ πόρῃν Nub. 225.

Ἀερόνηχης, εός, ή, qui per aëra natat: swimming through the air. See in Αερίδς.

Ἀερόποιος, υδός, δ, ή, pedes erigens: swift, active. Βάντες αερόποδων E. 532. SYN. Ἀελλός, αελλοποιός, ποδώνης, ἀνέμωνης.

Ἀεράζω, i. q. αἰρῶω, q. v.

Ἀερόφρονη, ης, ή, stultitia: folly, levity. Δῖος πᾶτῃ αερόφρονησιν Hes. Th. 502. SYN. Ἀερούα, ἀφρόνη, φαυλότης.

Ἀερόφρων, υδός, δ, ή, stultus: foolish, rash. Ὀχλῶν αερόφρονι θυμῷ φ. 302.

Ἀελλός, εα, έν, aridus: dry, withered. Φιτροῖς αελλῇς σθόρεσαν Apoll. 1. 405. SYN. Ἀνάλός, πινώδης, αὖδς, έρσος.

Ἀεζή, ης, ή, squalor: filth, rust. Πέπαλαγμῆν ἄεζή χ. 184.

Ἀεζῶμαι. See in Ἄζω, sicco.

Ἀεζήλος, ου, δ, ή, non invidendus: not to be envied or desired. Φουρὰν αεζήλῳν δαχῶω P. V. 143. SYN. Κάκωδαίμων, ἀολός, αεικής.

Ἀεζμῖος, ου, δ, ή, impunitus: unpunished, free. Χῶ φράσας αεζμῖος Soph. El. 1102. SYN. Ἀτιμώρητος, ἀτίτος, ἀνεκδικητός, ἀελαδής.

Ἀεζή, ης, ή, indesinerat: incessantly. Αεζήχες φάγεμεν καὶ πείμεν σ. 3. SYN. Νωλεμέας, αεί.

Ἀεζή, ης, ή, non intermissus: perpetual. Αεζήχης δρῶμαγδός P. 742. SYN. Αεζή, δεινός.

Ἀεζή, ης, ή, qui non sub jugo est, inupta: unyoked, unmarried. Ουκ αεζήα κάραν Theoc. 27. 7. SYN. Ἀγᾶμος, ἀνυμέναιος, ἀνυμνός.

Ἄζω, sicco; Ἄζωμαι, Αζῶμαι, aresco: to dry up, to be dry. Καὶ γουνατὰ Σερίδς εζει Hes. Op. 585. Hom. Ven. 271. SYN. Ξηραίνω.

Ἄζω, Αζῶμαι, veneror: to venerate. Τὰς Πάφιας χολόν αζεό Theoc. 27. 4. SYN. Σεβῶμαι, αἰδέομαι, δειράμεω, σέβω, λατρεύω.

Ἄζωστος, ου, δ, ή, discinctus: without a girdle. Γετῶνδς αζωστοί ἐκίον Hes. Op. 345. SYN. Ἀζωνός, αζωτός.

Ἀηδονός, ου, δ, ή, lugubris: mournful, like the song of the nightingale. Ran. 683. See below.

Ἀηδονίς, ἰδός, ή, lusciniola: a young nightingale.



gale. *Ξουθαί ἀηδονίδες* Theoc. Ep. 4. 11. *Ερ. Αἰδωδωνός, λίγεια, λιγύφωνος, πάνδουρτος, δακρυόεσσα, παυδολέτωρ, οξύφωνος, μέλιγερτος, εἰαρινή, ὀρθύς, λαδός, χλωρίς.* *ΡΗΝ. Συμπάντων αἰοδιτάτη πέτηνών. Πανδιδνός κάμυρος κόρη.* See Aristoph. Av. 209.

*Ἀηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, luscinia: a nightingale. Χλωρίς ἀηδών τ. 518. ΡΗΝ. Ἦρος ἀγγέλος, ἰμερόφωνος, κικηλάτος, ἡ Τηρέα οὐκτρά ἀλχός, ἀκρόετος βδός, ἴτουν στένουσι ἀμφὶ ἀλὴ κάκοις.*

*Ἀηθέσσα, ἔσω, ἡ, insuetus sum: to be unaccustomed. Χείρες γὰρ ἀηθέσαν* Apoll. 4. 1171. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀηθεώ, ἀηθής εἰμι.*

*Ἀήθης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, insolitus: unaccustomed. Ἀesch. Sup. 563.*

*Ἀηθία, et forma antiquior, Ἀηθειά, as, ἡ, insuetu novitas: strangeness. Ὑψηλός εἰς ἀηθίαν* Hel. 425. Apoll. 2. 1065.

*Ἀημά, ἀτρός, τὸ, flatus: breath, breeze. Τδὲ γὰρ δέων ἀημά* Anac. 53. 4. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀημέως, πνεύμα, πνύθ, πνός, φθρημά, ἱελλά. Ερ. Ὑσυχόν, ἀλκίτυπον, μελιχίον, ἀμειλίχον, βαρύπνευτον, λιγύπνευτον, κελადόν, ἡρόν, πικρόν, εχθρόν, δδόν, δνόφον, βροδολογόν, χειμερίον.*

*Ἀημί, ἡσω, ἡκκά, Ἀημία, fio, spiro: to blow, breathe. Δὲ αἰγὰ ἀπὸ τάντρηχά* Hes. Op. 514. *ΣΥΝ. Πνέω, φυσάω, ἄω.*

*Ἀηρ, ἔρος, (1) ὁ, aer: the air; (2) ἡ, caligo: darkness. (1) Χτόν δεσφάτος ἀηρ* e. 143. *ΣΥΝ. (1) Αἰθρη, αἰθρη. (2) ἄλῆς, ὀφρη, δνός, ζοφός, ὀμῆλη, σκός. Ερ. (1) Αἰπειρόσις, ἀννερόσις, ἀπνύγεις, ἀμειρόσις, δνός, κυνός, ἡρόσις, ἱέρσις, πδλός, ἡσυχός, δεσφάσις, λεπτάλεις; (2) Βάθει, δεσφάτος, κυνών, γλαυκή, δία.*

*Ἀησίς, ἔως, ἡ, flatus: wind, gale. Ψυχράν ἀπὸν δνίον* Rhcs. 417.

*Ἀησῆς, ἡ, ὄν, molestus: troublesome, unjust. Αἰὲν ἀησῆλ ἐργά* E. 876. *ΣΥΝ. Αἰσῆς, ἀϊκός, ἀμαρτωλός, κάκος, ἀτακτός.*

*Ἀησῆρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, levis, sublimis: light, lofty. Ακροτάτοιον ἀησῆρος* Apoll. 2. 1103. *ΣΥΝ. Κούρσιος, ἐλᾶφρος, λεπτός, κένος, ἀκοσμός.*

*Ἀήτης, οὐ, ὁ; Ἀήτη, ἡ, flatus: gale. Κἀτέδης ἀήτας* Call. H. Dian. 230. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀησίς, ἀημά, q. v.*

*Ἀθάνα, as, ἡ, Minerva. Ὡ φρέγῃ Ἀθάνας* Aj. 14. *ΣΥΝ. et Ερ. see Ἀθηνά.*

*Ἀθάνατος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, immortalis: immortal. Οἱ ἀθάνατοι, the immortal gods. Πάρᾳ τ' ἀθάνατοις καὶ πάρᾳ θνητοῖς* Iph. T. 1493. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀνώλεθρος, ἀγρήατος, αἰδός, ἀμρότος, ἀγρήατος.*

*Ἀθαπτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, insepultus: unburied. Helen. 1221.*

*Ἀθάρᾳ, Ἔολ. Ἀθήρα, as, ἡ, farina cocta: liquid food, pap. Κάγω τδτ' ἡδὲ τῆς ἀθάρᾳ πολλὴν ἐφλων* Plut. 694.

*Ἀθεῖ, sine Diis: without the favour of the gods. Οὐκ ἀθεῖ γὰρ ταῦτᾳ* Mosch. 2. 148. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀθεός.*

*Ἀθεμῖς, ἰδός, ἴτος, ὁ, ἡ, illicitus: unlawful. Pyth. 4. 193.*

*Ἀθεμιστός, Ἀθεμιστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fas omne negligens: contrary to law, outlawed. Αφρήτωρ ἀθεμιστός* I. 63. σ. 140. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀδικός, ἀνοσίς, ἀσέτης, ἐνάρῃς.*

*Ἀθεός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui Deum esse negat: without God, impious. Pyth. 4. 288. ΣΥΝ. Θεοδολάτης, ἀνοσίς, ἀσέτης, ἀσεπτός, ἀτασθαλός, δυσσεύς, ἀλτήριος.*

*Ἀθέρλιζω, ἴσω, ἱκά, velut spicas degeneres re-*

*jicio, nihili habeo: to disdain, reject. Οἶ' ἀθέρλιζον* A. 261. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀτίω, περίφρονος, ἀφροντίς, ἀθέτως, ἀπὸ πέμπωμαι, ἀπωθός, ὑπερφρονός, ἀμείλιος, ἀμειλίχως, ἀκιδέως, ἐξέμειλος, ἀφροντιστός, ὀλίγρω.*

*Ἀθέρμαντός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, non calefactus: not heated. Choëph. 627.*

*Ἀθεσμος, οὐ, Ἀθεσμός, ὁ, ἡ, illicitus: unlawful. Phoc. 178. Nonn. Jo. 228.*

*Ἀθεσφάτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, haud dicendus, ingens; rarius, nefandus: not to be expressed, very great; abominable. Μάλα μακρὴ ἀθεσφάτος* v. 372. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀρητός, ἀράτος, ἀμύητος, μέγας, ἀπλῆτος, παμμεγέθης, πέλωριος.*

*Ἀθῆτως, inconstanter; improbe: inconstantly, irresolutely; dishonestly. P. V. 156. See Blomf. ΣΥΝ. Ἀνθώς, παράνομος.*

*Ἀθῆως, scelerate: impiously. Soph. El. 1181. ΣΥΝ. Ἀσέθως, ἀνόςις, δυσσεύς.*

*Ἀθηλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui lae non sugit: that hath not sucked. Simon. fr. 146.*

*Ἀθηνά, ἄς; Ἀθηνῆ, ἡ; Ἀθηναία, as; Ἀθηνάϊ, ἡ; Minerva, Pallas. Ὑλθῇ Ἀθηνῆ* A. 194. *Ερ. Ἀτρυτώνη, Ἀργεῖη, ἀλακόμενῃς, αἰοδία, ἀγέλει, ἀγανθ, ἀγηνόρ, ἀκμάτος, ἀδμαστός, ἀγιάς, Ἀτῆς, ἀμῆτωρ, ἀνιμφεντός, βαρύκτεπός, Γοργώπης, γλαυκή, γλαυκώπης, δεινὴ, δαίφρων, Διογένης, δολιχέτης, Παλλάς, εὐπλοκάμω, ἐρυσίπτελῖς, πνέωμος, δούρις, μέγαθυμὸς, μινέχαρμος, καλλιδόρος, ἐανθῇ, ὀβριμώτερη, ὀβριμή, πόντις, πόλυμνη, πτόλιπορος, περίφρων, πόλυδρος, ἀκρόεπάλος, Τριτωνίς, Τριτόγενεῖς, τομῆσος, φθισιμρότος, μουνόγνης, σμενῇ, Ουκαῖη. ΡΗΝ. Διὸς τέκος, δνγᾶτηρ, κόρη, δία δέων, παῖς ἀμῆτωρ, δία μάκαρ δέ.*

*Ἀθηνά, ὦν; Ἀθῆνη, ἡ, ἡ, (see Od. η. 80. with schol.) Athenae: Athens. Alc. 464. See below. ΣΥΝ. Ἀρχαῖαι, ἐνάντιοι, εὐνυργοί, ἱαίαι, δεσφάτοι, καλλιδόροι, ἰοστέφανοι, καλὰ, μέγαι, κλεινὰ, κρᾶναι, δεσφάτοι, ἀπρόσθητοι. ΡΗΝ. Εὐπίπτος χώρα, Ἑλλάδος εὐχός, Ἀθῆνας εὐκτεμένον πόλιν, Κερκρότων ἀστὴ πάλαι γένων, γὰ Ὑσυχίς, Ἑλλανίας φανέρωτάτος ἀστὴρ Hipp. 1122. Κερκρότια χθών.*

*Ἀθηναῖοι, οὐ, οἱ, Athenienses: the Athenians. Κούροι Ἀθηναίων* B. 551. *ΣΥΝ. Κερκρότια, Ἑρεχθεῖδα, τὰχθουλοί, ὀλῆιοι. ΡΗΝ. Μνήστωρ ἄστῃς, Θεῶν παῖδες μῆκρον, δουρικλύτοι ἀνδρες. Ἀθηρηλογός, οὐ, ὁ, ventilabrum: a fan for winnowing corn. Φήν ἀθηρηλογόν ἔχειν* P. 275. *ΣΥΝ. Πτόν, λίκμος.*

*Ἀθικτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, intactus, non tangendus: untouched, not to be touched. CE. R. 891. ΣΥΝ. Ἀαπτός, ἀψαυστός, ἀκρήατος, ἀκράτος, ἱέρσις.*

*Ἀθλέω, Ἀθλέω, certo: to contend. Πόλισσάμεν ἀθλήσαντε* H. 454. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀέθλειος, κόπας, ἀγωνίζωμαι, ἀμυλᾶσθαι, ἀμφοισθέντες.*

*Ἀθλητήρ, ἡρός, Ἀθλητής, οὐ, ὁ, certator, athleta: a combatant, wrestler. Ἀνέκρουσεν τὴν ἀθλητὴν τοὺς κινάτας στεφάνωσας* Plut. 585. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀέθλητης, ἀγωνιστής, ἀμυλᾶτηρ.*

*Ἀθλός, α, ὄν, ærumnosus: wretched. See Ἀθλῖος. ΣΥΝ. Τάλας, δυστυχίας, κἀσθαλίας, ἀπτόμος, τλήμων, ἀτυχής, διστηνός, δελαιός, μέλεις, τάλαιπωρος, σχετλῖος, οἰζυρός, ἀνόςις.*

*Ἀθλῖος, misere: wretchedly. Τὴν ἀθλῖαν σπείσασαν ἀθλίαν ὄδον* Ion 1226.

*Ἀθλόν, ἀδ Ἀέθλον, οὐ, τὸ, certami. s. prae-mium: prize of victory. Τὸ δευτέρων ἀθλόν ἀνοσί* Theoc. 1. 3.

*Ἀθλός, οὐ, ὁ, certamen: a combat, labour,*

*affliction. Οὐδ' ἐστὶν ἀθλῶν τέμα* P. V. 265. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀεθλός, ἀγών, κόπος, ἀέθλιον.*

*Ἀθλόφρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, victor certaminis: the victor. Πηγὸς ἀθλόφρους* I. 266. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀεθλόφρος, νικηφόρος, καλλίνικος.*

*Ἀθλῶτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, non turbatus: not disturbed, clear, limpid. Ὑτ' ἀθλῶτος* Hes. Op. 593. *ΣΥΝ. Διανύτης.*

*Ἀθρόβως, sine tumultu: calmly, quietly. Στεῖχ' ὡς ἀθρόβως ὀπίων* Orest. 622. *ΣΥΝ. Ὑσυχως, εὐκλῶς.*

*Ἀθραυστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, infractus: unbroken, unhurt. Ἑστὰς ἀθραυστοί* Phoen. 1095. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀρηκτός, ἀρράγης, ἀρρῶξ.*

*Ἀθρῶ, ἡσω, ἡκῶ, cerno: to see, discern, look. Τόνδ' ἀλλ' ἀθρῶσιν σῶμα* Hec. 673. *ΣΥΝ. Βλέπω, ὄρω, δέκνομαι, λείδω, σπῶμαι, δέδωμαι.*

*Ἀθροίζω, ὡ, κά, congrego: to assemble. Πολύλιν ἀθροῖσας ἀσπῖ* Phoen. 78. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀγέλω, συλλέγω, συνάγω, ἐπαγέλω, ἐνάλίζω, συνάθροζω.*

*Ἀθροιστής, ἔως, ἡ, convetus: a meeting of the people. Σπράττ' ὁ ἀθροιστής* Hec. 318. *ΣΥΝ. Ορμῶς, σύνδοδος, πᾶντρη.*

*Ἀθρόος, α, ὄν, confertus: crowded, thick. Κῶν ἀθρόοι ἀκύντῳ δέ σφιν* E. 38. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀολλῆς, ἀδνός, ὀμγέρης, συνέτης, δαμνός.*

*Ἀθυμῶ, ἡσω, ἡκῶ, animus sum dejecto: to be dejected. Πίσσον ἀθυμῶς* P. V. 483. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀλῶ, δυσθυμῶς, βαρύθυμῶς, λειπυδρῶν, ἀνῶμαι, λυπῶ.*

*Ἀθυμία, as, ἡ, animi dejection: dejection. Τὴνδ' ἔχεις ἀθυμίαν* Ant. 237. *Rarely, the penult is long, as Tyrtæus, l. 10. ΣΥΝ. Ἀδμονία, ἀπῖα, ἀελαπία, λυπῶ, ἀνῶ.*

*Ἀθυμός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui dejecto est animo: dejected, spiritless. Οὐχ ἄς ἀθυμὸν οὐδὲ Sept. Theb. 616. ΣΥΝ. Δυσθυμός, κάτρη, σπῶμαι, πῶς, αλγινός, περίλυπος.*

*Ἀθυρία, ἀτρός, τὸ, ludus, crepundia: a game or sport, children's playthings. Ὅστ' ἐπεί οὐν ποιήσῃ ἀθύρματα* O. 363. *ΣΥΝ. Παγνῖα, παγνῖα, ἔψια, παγῖα. Ερ. Απολλωνίον, ἐράτειον, ἀφροδίτιον, κἀλόν, τερπνόν.*

*Ἀθύρω, ῶ, κά, ludo: to play as children out of doors. Πίσσον καὶ χερσὶν ἀθύρων* O. 364. *ΣΥΝ. Ορχέσθαι, παίζω, εμπαίζω.*

*Ἀθῦτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, sacrificii expers: without sacrifice. Hipp. 147. See Δουθῦτός.*

*Ἀθῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, poenae immunis: exempt from punishment or harm. Nub. 1413. ΣΥΝ. Ἀζήμιος, ἀβλῶς, ἀνατίς, ἀτίς, νήμιος.*

*Ἀθῶπεντός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, blanditiis haud delinendus vel delinitus: not to be won by flattery, uncourteous. Andr. 460. ΣΥΝ. Ἀκλόακεντός, ἀεκτός, ἀμειλίχως, ἀμειλίχως.*

*Ἰθῶς, Ἰθῶς, α, ὁ, ἡ, Aethos: a mountain in Macedonia. Ὑ Ἰθῶς ἡ Ῥέσσαν* Theoc. 7. 77.

*Ἀθῶ, as, ἡ, terra: the earth, a country. Κάτ' ἔχειν φυσίχους αἶα* G. 244. *ΣΥΝ. Γῆ, γαῖα, χθών, πέδον. Ερ. Ἀσπείρος, βαρύχθων, εὐστάχως, ἐριδῶαξ, ἐράτη, ξηνή, πατρίς, εὐθῶς, πόλυθῶς, πολυθῶς, ἡρία, κλεινῇ, πειρά, τρηχῆα, ποιητῶς, πόλυθῶς.*

*Ἀιγά, ἀτρός, τὸ, luctus: lamentation. Phoen. 1535. See below. ΣΥΝ. Ἰθῶς, ὀρνός, ὀρνός, κλαυμός, κωκτός, κώνυς, οὐκτός, οὐκτιμός, πένθος, ὀλφουρός, ὀλφινός, κλαυμός.*

*Αἰάζω, ἔω, ἀχᾶ, lamentor: to lament. Δαμῶν αἰάζειν πᾶρα* Med. 1344. *ΣΥΝ. Ουμέζω, ὀδύρμαι, ὀρνέω, κλάω, δάκρυα, ἐλῆζω, ὀδύρμαι, κἀτῶδύρμαι, ἀνάκωα, κωκῶ, ὀδύρμαι.*

*Αἰακίδαι, ὦν, οἱ, Aiacidae: the descendants of Aecus. Τοῖσι δ' ἐπ' Αἰακίδα μετέκλειθον* Apoll. 1. 90.

*Αἰάκος, οὐ, ὁ, Aecus: son of Jupiter and first king of Aegina. Ζεὺς δ' Αἰάκον αὐτὸς ἐτίκτεν* Apoll. 3. 364. *Ερ. Αἰδομένης, δρᾶσις, φυσίχός, ἀπύτης, ἀσπῖκτος, κεννῶτος, ἐπιχθόνιος, βλάστημά Διός.*

*Αιακός, ἡ, ὄν, defensus: lamentable. Αιακός es δόμος κῆ Pers. 841. ΣΥΝ. ὀρνῶτες, πόλυκλαυτός.*

*Αἰανής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ; Αἰανός, ἡ, ὄν, gravis: heavy, baneful, dark. Ἡμεῖς γὰρ ἐσμέν νικητὸς αἰανῆς τέκνα* Eum. 416. *ΣΥΝ. Βακέρσιος, ἀτρός, δεινός, ὀρνῶς, δνός.*

*Αἶας, ἀντὸς, ὁ, Ajax (1) son of Oileus, (2) son of Telamon, &c. Οἶλος τὰχῶς Αἶας* P. 473. *Ερ. (1) Οἰλιάδης, μετὰ ἀλφειῶν, δνκίλῆς, κατῶρ, ὀρνῶς, χλῆκός. (2) Τελαμωνιάδης, ἀντιθεός, ἀρῆς, ἀμύων, δνσάντης, δάφρων, πέλωριος, δρᾶσις, κατῶρ, τρικῶτος, φαιδῶς, ὑπέρβιος, δεινός, ἀτρός, κλεινός, κνδάλιμος, σάκεσφορός, βθῶν ἀγᾶτος.*

*Αἰγᾶς, οὐ, ὁ, Aegæus: Aegæan. Αἰ μὲν τ' Αἰγᾶς πότμου* Apoll. 4. 1149.

*Αἰγαῖον, ὦν, ὁ, Aegæon: one of the Titans. Ἀνδρες δὲ τὲ πάντες Αἰγαῖον* A. 404.

*Αἰγάνεα, as, ἡ, jaculum, tragula: a javelin, dart. Ὅσση δ' αἰγάνεης ῥηπῇ* P. 589. *ΣΥΝ. Αγκύλη, ἄκων, ἀκύντιον, βέλος, δερύ, αἰχμή, ἐυστόν. Ερ. Δολιχόσκιος, δδᾶ, κωπῆσος, νέσθηγῖς.*

*Αἰγῶν, impetuous: violently, suddenly. Αἰγῶν μέσας δὲ* Apoll. 2. 828.

*Αἰγῶς, εἰς, εἰς; Αἰγῶς, εἰς, εἰς, caprinus: belonging to a goat. Στεφάνος αἰγῶς* Apoll. 4. 1348.

*Αἰγῶς, οὐ, ἡ, populus nigra, alnus: a poplar, an alder. Ὑς δὲ τίς αἰγῶς* Call. H. Cer. 38. *Ερ. Λεῖη, μῆκη, τανῆ.*

*Αἰγᾶλεῖα, as, ἡ, Aegalea: wife of Diomed. Μῆ δὴν Αἰγᾶλεῖα περίφρων* E. 412.

*Αἰγᾶλος, οὐ, ὁ, littus: the sea shore. Αἰγᾶλφ μετὰ* B. 210. *ΣΥΝ. Θῶν, ἀκτῇ, ἰών. Ερ. Εὐρύς, ἀπνύγεις, δισπῆμος, πόλυτης, ἡμᾶθεις, ἀγχιᾶλός, κοῖλος, εὐρόμος, πόλεις.*

*Αἰγῶλλος, οὐ, ὁ, parus: a timouse. Av. 881. The I short, as below.*

*Αἰγίλις, ἰπός, ὁ, ἡ, praelatus: very lofty. Ὑ τὲ κατ' αἰγίλιος πέτρης* I. 15. *ΣΥΝ. Ἠλῆατος, ἡλῆλος, ἡμῆς, πρῆβης, πέρμης.*

*Αἰγῶν, as, Ion. ἡ, Aegina: the name of an island formerly called Aegone. Αἰγῶν ἀκτῆσις* Apoll. 4. 1767. *Ερ. Δικαυπόλις, Δωρίς, Εὐανδρός, φίλμοιπος, Αἰακῶν εὐνυργόν εὖς.*

*Αἰγῶν, οὐ, τὸ, Aegium: a town in Achaia, where Jupiter was said to have been fed by a goat. Ὑδ' Αἰγῶν ἀμφένεμον* B. 574.

*Αἰγῶχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, agida gestans: ægis-bearing, who bears a shield covered with a goat's skin; an epithet of Jupiter. Αἰγῶχος Διὸς* E. 115.

*Αἰγῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, ægis; procella: an ægis, or shield covered with a goat's skin; a hurricane. Αἰγῖς ἀνέχευ* χ. 297. *Choëph. 585. Ερ. Αμφιδάεια, ἐρίτιμος, ἀγῖατος, ἀνῶα, ἀρῆκτος,*



δυσσώδεσσα, δεινή, σμερδνή, παμφάνωσα, δασυ-  
μαλλός, δοῦρις, χρυσεία, ἀρίπρητος, ἐρεμνή.

Αἰγισθός, ου, ὁ, Aegisthus: the paramour of Clytemnestra. Orest. 1156. Ep. Θυσιαδής, δδλῖος, δδλόμενός, ἀναλκίς, κοινὸς ἐχέχης.

Αἰγλή, ης, ἡ, fulgor: brightness. ζ. 45. Syn. Αἰγλή, ἀμάρυγ, λαμπρότης, στίλβη, σέλας. Ep. Ἀμυρότος, ἀνέφελος, γαυρόχρος, βλυσυρά, Διδό-  
δοτος, φάενος, παμφάης, τηλεσκώπος, μαρμύρεα, ζάθεα, δέδοσσαν, πόλυδαυλός, νέφεργγής, ζέ-  
δαρος, φυσίζος, φωσφόρος, φάσιμφοτός, λευκή, σέληναϊή, λάμπουσα.

Αἰγλήεις, ἡεσσα, ἡεν, splendidus: shining, bright. Apoll. 4. 614. Syn. Ἀγλῶς, λαμπρός, αστράπτον.

Αἰγυπίος, ου, ὁ, vultur: a vulture. Μέγαν αἰγυπῖον δ' ὑποδείκναιτες Aj. 169. Syn. See Γούφ. Ep. Γαυμόννης, ἀγκυλόχειλῆς. See χ. 302.

Αἰγυπτίαζω, Aegyptium ago: to act knavishly like the Egyptians. Ηιγυπτίαζεν' ἀλλ' Thea. 922. Syn. Πάνουργεα.

Αἰγυπτίος, α, ὁν, Aegyptius: Egyptian; Αἰγυ-  
πτιοί, ὡν, the inhabitants of Egypt. Αἰγυπτίῳ  
Παντίῳ Call. H. Dian. 171. Ep. of Αἰγυπτίῳ:  
— δεινοί, ἀριπρέπεων γένος ἀνδρῶν.

Αἰγυπτος, ου, ἡ, Egyptus: Egypt. Χθῆμαλὰ  
Αἰγυπτος Theoc. 17. 79. Ep. Βάρεϊα, ἡρίτη,  
εὐσπύρος, εὐλαίμων, πολύτιμος, πυρόφορος, σκό-  
τισσα, λιπαρή, μέγαν, αἰὲρ στήχεσσι βρύουσα,  
ἐπακτία χέρσος.

Αἰδέομαι, Αἰδομαι, reverere: to reverence.  
Αἰδέομαι Τρώας X. 105. Syn. Ἄζω, ἄζομαι, ἀγά-  
ζομαι, γέγραφο, εὐλαδέομαι, δέραπενο, πρεσθεύω,  
σεβίζω, σεβάζομαι, σεβόμεν, σεπτῶς ἐχω, δι' αἰδοῦς  
et διὰ τιμῆς ἐχω et ἄγω.

Αἰδῆλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, obscurus, extialis: obscure,  
destructive. Παῖδ' αἰδῆλος E. 880. Syn. Ἀδῆ-  
λός, ἀδάνης, δλεθρίος, στυγνός.

Αἰδῆς, ου, ὁ; Ἄις, ἰδός; Αἰδωνεύς, Pluto.  
Τλῆ δ' Αἰδῆς ἐν τοισί E. 395. Π. 625. Hes.  
Th. 913. Ep. Ἀμειδῆτος, ἀκρίτος, μέλαγχαιτης,  
πυλαγένης, ἰφθίμος, κλιτύκωλος, πικρός, παν-  
δάματωρ, νηλέης, νέκροδύγμων, Ζεὺς καταχθονίος,  
ἐνέροισιν ἀνάσων, ἀνὰ ἐνέρον, Ζεὺς τῶν κέκμη-  
κτων.

Αἰδῆς, "Αἰδης, ου, ὁ, Orcus, inferi: the place  
of the dead, the shades. Πάνων ἴν' Αἰδῆς χωρὶς  
Hec. 2. Syn. Ἐρεβός, ζφός, μέλανειχίς δῆμος  
Περσεφόνης. Ep. Ἀχλιδεῖς, πολιδάκρυτος, ἐν-  
νυχός, λυσιμέλης, στυγερός, κρύερος, δακρυόεις,  
πολύκλαυτός, λυγρός, ἀπεικτός, βδελύρος, ἀπο-  
τρεπτικός, μέλανόχρως.

Αἰδῶς, ἡ, ὁν, obscurus: dark. Ἐν θήσασιν  
αἰδῶς Hes. Theog. 860. Syn. Σκότεινός, σκό-  
τιός, δνφένος, ἀφάνης.

Αἰδοῦς, α, ὁν, venerabilis: venerable. Αἰδοῖος  
μεν' ἐστὶ E. 447. Syn. Ἀπόθεπτός, εὐσεπτός,  
σεμνός, ἐνδοξός, δέδοσπτος.

Αἰδοφραν, ὄνδς, ὁ, ἡ, verecundus: modest,  
bashful. "Οστὶς αἰδοφραν Alcest. 663. Syn.  
Αἰδοῖς, εὐλαδής.

Αἰδρεῖα, Αἰδρία, ἀς, ἡ, imperitia: igno-  
rance, imprudence. "Οστὶς αἰδρεῖ πελάγῃ μ.  
41. Syn. Ἀμαθία, ἄγνωσία, ἀπειρία.

Αἰδρίς, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, imperitus: ignorant, unskil-  
ful. Χωρὸς αἰδρίς ἐὼν κ. 282. Syn. Ἀπειρός,  
ἀμαθής, ἄγνωμος, ἀδότημος.

Αἰδρόδικος, ου, ὁ; Αἰδρόδικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, justitiae  
nescius, saevus: ignorant of justice, cruel. Θῆ-  
ρας αἰδρόδικος Nein. 1. 96.

Αἰδωνεύς, Pluto. See Αἰδῆς.

Αἰδώς, ὄδς, οὐς, ἡ, pudor: modesty, shame.  
γ. 24. Syn. Αἰσχύνη, ἄγνευμά, ἄγνεία. Ep.

Ἀκῆράτος, γαμήλιος, παρθενική, ἐράτη, τίμιος,  
σώφρων, πένθιμος. See Apoll. 3. 648.

Αἰεγνέτης. See Αεγνέτης.  
Αἰέλουρος, (quod minus Atticum) Αἰλουρός,  
ου, ὁ, felis: a cat. Αἰελοῦρος πυκνίδας Acharn.  
879.

Αἰετός, Att. Αετός, ου, ὁ, aquila: an eagle.  
"Οστ' αἰετός ὑψιπέτης X. 308. Ep. Ἀκκῆς,  
γαμψόνυξ, ἀγκυλόχειλῆς, ὠκίπετης, δαφονός,  
πτερόεις, ἐπτερός, ἡερόφοιτος, ἡερόνιος, Δῖος  
αἰετός ὄνις, οὐδ' ἀκκλήγως, ἀρχὸς οἰωνῶν.

Αἰζήος, ου, ὁ, juvenis: young, youthful; a  
youth. "Οστ' αἰζήος ἀρῆκεν Ψ. 432. Syn. Νέα-  
νίσκος, ἀκρηθός, ἡθῆος, κοῦρος, νέανίας. Ep.  
Θαλέρος, ἀρηθρός, εὐσθενής, ἀκμάζων, Διотреφής,  
ανθρῶς, ισχυρός, ἄγνυρος.

Αἰήτης, ου, ὁ, Aetæ: king of Colchis and  
father of Medea. Οὐδὲ φρονός Αἰήτας κ. 137.  
Ep. Ἀπηνῆς, μετ' ἀλφειῶν, ὑπέρθυμος, ὀλός,  
νῖδς φάσιμφοτός ἡελλίος.

Αἰήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, i. q. Ἀπῆτος, vento obnoxius:  
exposed to the wind; tempestuous like the wind.  
Πέλωρ αἰήτων ἀνέστη Σ. 410. Syn. Αἰών, πύ-  
ρ-  
δῶς.

Αἰθάλων, ὠνος, ὁ, caloris amans: fond of  
warmth, or of the colour of ashes. Ὀρδαμνίσιν  
αἰθαλίανες Theoc. 7. 131.

Αἰθαλῆς, εσσα, ὦν, ardens: burning, sooty.  
Αἰθαλῆς πῆρσαι B. 415. Syn. Αἰθοῦ, αἰθων,  
ἐμπύρος, διαπύρος, ψάλεις, αἰθός.

Αἰθαλός, ου, ὁ, fuligo: soot. Hec. 905. See  
above. Syn. Αἰθαλή, λιγνός, ψάλός, ἰπνία.

Αἰθαλός, ὦ, ὠωω, ἀκά, fuliginis inquit: to  
blacken, as with soot; to burn. Μή σ' αἰθαλώσῃ  
Eur. Elect. 1140. Syn. Ἀπαθαλός, αἰθω,  
φλέγω, κάλω.

Αἰθερίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Αἰθέριος, ἰα, ὄν, æthereus:  
ethereal. Οὐ γὰρ οὐ' αἰθέριος Apoll. 2. 1258.  
Syn. Αερίος.

Αἰθερόδρμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per æthera currens:  
passing through the air. Av. 1394. See Ἰπτο-  
δρόμια.

Αἰθρ, ἔρος, ὁ, ἡ, "æther, ær purus, in quem  
nullæ ascendunt nubes; nam æther inferior ær,  
pubilis obnoxius." Damm. in v.: ether, the sky.  
Θ. 552. Syn. Αἰρ, αἰρία, Ζεὺς, πῦρ. Ep. Ἀτρί-  
γέτος, αὐτρεπτός, αὐτρεχίτων, ἀφρίτος, ἀβάτος,  
αἰλός, εὐδῖος, ἡσιχός, τηλεφάνης, ἡλιδάτος,  
ποικιλός, τανῶς, ψυχρά, ἀγλήεις, ἡνέμος, ἀπέ-  
ρίτος, ἀσπέντος, πανδάματωρ, σέλασφόρος, αὐτε-  
ρόφργγής, ὑγρός, ἀνέφελος. Pnn. Δῖος οἰκιστής,  
μεγαλάνυμος πάτηρ, σφός ἀρμόνιος πάτηρ.

Αἰθοῦ, ὄπς, ὁ, Αἰθιόπης, ἰδός, ἡ, (plur. Ion.  
Αἰθιόπης, ὡν, οἱ.) Αἰθίοπς: an Ethiopian. Ἀλλ'  
ὁ μὲν Αἰθιόπας α. 22. Ep. Ἀμύνωνες,  
ἐσπέραιο, πῦρ-  
αἰθίοπς, κινῶν, μελάνοχρῶς, ἐγχε-  
σίμοροι, κελανοί, μελάνεις. Pnn. Ἐρχάτοι  
ανδρῶν, οἱ μὲν δυσόμενοι Ἐπείρονος, οἱ δ' ἀνι-  
όντες.

Αἰθός, ἡ, ὁν, niger, in cinerem redactus: re-  
duced to ashes, burnt. Thesm. 246.

Αἰθός, εὐς, τὸ, æstus: heat. Apoll. 3. 1304.

Αἰθοῦ, ὄπς, ὁ, ἡ, rutilus, ardens: burning,  
hot, bright, black. E. 341. Syn. Μέλας, κελανό-  
φάνης, πυρρός, θερμός, αἰθων, λαμπρός, κυνῆος,  
ορφναῖος.

Αἰθουά, ης, ἡ, porticus: a portico. O. 324.  
Syn. Στάδ, αἰ πάραστάδες.

Αἰθρα, ας, Ion. Αἰθρη, ης, ἡ, suda tempestas:  
a serene air or sky, fair weather. P. 646.

Αἰθρη, ης, ἡ, ἄθρη: the attendant of Helen;  
also the name of a city. Γ. 144.

Αἰθρηγνέτης, ου, Αἰθρηγνής, εὐς, ὁ, in æthere  
natus, frigus vel pruina inducens: bred in the  
air, causing cold and hoarfrost. ε. 296. O. 171.  
Αἰθρία, ας, ἡ, sudum: fair weather, serenity.  
Ενταυθα πρὸς τὴν αἰθρίαν Plut. 1129. Syn.  
Εὐδία, ἡνέμια, γαλήνη. Ep. Κἀλή, ἀννέφελος,  
ἡνέμος.

Αἰθροκοιτέω, sub dio cubo: to sleep in the  
open air. Ῥέον αἰθροκοιτέον Theoc. 8. 78.

Αἰθρῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, serenus, frigidus: serene,  
cold. Ζεφύρος μέγας αἰθρῖος Hom. App. 433.  
Syn. Εὐδῖος, πρόσῆλιος, ψυχρός.

Αἰθρῖος, ου, ὁ, frigus matutinus, pruina: cold,  
hoarfrost. ζ. 318. Syn. Στρίση, πάγος, πάχη,  
πάγρετος, πηγῆς, πηγυλῖς.

Αἰθυά, ας, ἡ, mergus, fulica: a coot, sea-crow.  
Αἰθυή ἐκινά ε. 353.

Αἰθω, σω, κά, cremo, splendo: to burn, to  
shine. Theoc. 2. 24. Syn. Κάω, φλέγω, πύ-  
ρ-  
πρῆμι, αἰθῶσω, ἀνῆκαλω, αἰω, αἰθάλω, δαίω,  
δαίωμα, πύρ-  
ομαι, πύρ-  
ομαι, πύρ-  
ομαι.

Αἰθων, ὠνός, ὁ, ardens: burning, fiery red. σ.  
371. Syn. Αἰθοῦ, ἐμπύρος, περικῆς, αἰθαλῆς,  
ψάλεις.

Αἰκάλλω, ἄλω, λκά, blandior, blandiendo de-  
cipio: to fawn, flatter. Ἀλλ' ὥσπερ αἰκάλλει τὴν  
καρδίαν ἐμὴν Arist. Thesm. 869. Syn. Κόλῶ-  
κέω, σαίνω, θωπεύω, θάπτω.

Αἰ κέ, Dor. pro εἰ κέ, si forte: if perchance.  
Αἰ κέ θάψης Δ. 170. Syn. Ἐάν, εἰ πέρ, ἡν, εἰ  
πῶς, ὥτως, ὥστε, ἔανπερ, ἡνπερ.

Αἰκῆλῖος, See Αεκής. Theogn. 1344.

Αἰκή, ης, ἡ, motus violentus quivis, impetus:  
any violent motion, impetuosity. Τόζων αἰκῆς  
ἀμυρς μὲνόν O. 709. Syn. Αἰθρυμά, βία, ἐπιφόρ-  
α. Αἰκής, the same as αεκής, which see. P. V.  
476.

Αἰκία, Αεκία, ας, ἡ, verberatio, injuria: beat-  
ing, injury, insult. Δέφρηθ' οἷας αἰκίσαν P. V.  
93. Syn. Αεκία, πλῆγῃ, ὑβρίς. See Blomf.  
P. V. 93.

Αἰκίζω, ἴσω, κά, contumeliā vel verberibus  
afficio: to ill-treat, beat. Πικρὸς αἰκίζεται P. V.  
195. Syn. Τύπτω, παῖω, μαστίγω, μαστιγῶ,  
δείνω, ἰμάσσω, καθυβρίζω, κολάζω.

Αἰκισμά, ἄτος, τὸ, plaga, damnum: a blow,  
wound, scandalous treatment. P. V. 1025. Syn.  
Αἰκία, πλῆγῃ, κολάσῃ, ὑβρίς.

Αἰκῶς for Αεκῶς, misere, turpe: wretchedly,  
basely. Ἐλκήσουσ' αἰκῶς τὸν δὲ κτερίοισιν X.  
336.

Αἰλινός, ου, ὁ, proprie, carmen quo deploratur  
Linus; carmen quodvis lugubre: a mournful  
song, dirge. Αἰλινὸν αἰλινὸν ἀρχὸν θανάτου  
Orest. 1392.

Αἰλουρός, ου, ὁ, felis: a cat. See Αελουρός,  
the more Attic form.

Αἰμά, ἄτος, τὸ, sanguis: blood. E. 113. Syn.  
Βρόθος, ἰχώρ, λῦθρον. Ep. Ἀγανόν, ασπῆγες,  
ἀράδον, βλδσύν, Διотреφές, ἐμφύλιον, μέλαν,  
πορφύρεον, ἱερὸν, πᾶχῃ, λευγαλέον, νήχυντον, δερ-  
μῶν, χλωρόν, κυνῆον, κελανόν, κελανέφες,  
ευγένες, ευκλῆες. Pnn. Φόνια θρσός, ναρσός  
μελάνανγης, κρόκωβφής, σπαγῶν.

Αἰμάκουρία, ὡν, αἰ, parentalia, inferiæ: funeral  
rites, sacrifices performed for the dead. Νῦν δ'  
ἐν αἰμάκουρίαις Pind. Ol. 1. 146. Syn. Κτε-

ρίσματᾶ, ἐνῆγισματᾶ, τᾶ νεκροῖς νενόμισμενᾶ, τᾶ  
κτερεᾶ.

Αἰμάς, ἄδός, ἡ, vena: a blood-vessel. Soph.  
Phil. 697. Syn. Αἰματίτις φλέψ.

Αἰμάστιά, ἄς, ἡ, sepes: a hedge, properly, of  
thorns. Εφ' αἰμαστιάσι φύλασσει Theoc. 1. 47.  
Syn. Φραγμός, φράγμα, ἔρκος, ὀρκάνη.

Αἰμάσσω, ζω, κά, cruento: to stain with blood.  
Theoc. Ep. 1. 5. Syn. Αἰμάτω.

Αἰματῆρος, ὁ, ὦν; Αἰματῆρος, εσσα, ἐν, san-  
guineus: bloody, cruel. Ἐλυσάν αἰματῆρον  
Soph. El. 755. Syn. Αἰματῆρος, αἰμῶν, αἰματώδης,  
αἰματοστάγης, κάβαμακτός, μίαιφονός, αἰμῶθα-  
φής.

Αἰματόλοιχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinem lambens:  
licking blood. Agam. 1481.

Αἰματόσταγής, ου, ὁ; Αἰματόρροφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ,  
sanguinem bibens: drinking blood. Eq. 198.  
Eumen. 193.

Αἰματόρροϊτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine fluens:  
streaming with blood. Ῥάνισιν αἰματόρροϊτοῖς  
Iph. A. 1515.

Αἰματοστογῆς, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine stillans:  
dropping with blood. Σκόπεδός αἰματοστογῆς  
Ran. 471.

Αἰματοσφαγῆς, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, jugulatus: cruelly  
murdered. Πελάνος αἰματοσφαγῆς Pers. 821.

Αἰματώω, ὠσω, ὠκῶ, Αἰματόομαι, sanguine  
inquinio: to stain with blood. Σφάξ' αἰμάτου  
Androni. 250. Syn. Κάθαμακτος, αἰμάσσω, φοι-  
νίσσω.

Αἰματωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguineum vultum ha-  
bens: having a sanguinary aspect. Τὰς αἰματω-  
ποὺς καὶ Orest. 250.

Αἰμοβάφης, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine tinctus: stained  
with blood. Aj. 219. See Βάφῃ.

Αἰμόνεις, ὡν, οἱ, Hæmones: a name of the  
Thessalians. Nem. 4. 91.

Αἰμορράγης, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinem stillans:  
streaming with blood. Αἰμορράγης φλέψ Philo-  
ct. 825.

Αἰμορραντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine conspersus:  
sprinkled with blood. Αἰμορραντοὶ δῖοιαι πλῆρεις  
Alc. 131. Syn. Αἰματῆρος, αἰμα-  
στόγης, αἰματοστογῆς, αἰμοφόρροκτός.

Αἰμός, ου, ὁ, Hæmus: a mountain in Thrace.  
Theoc. 7. 76. Ep. Θρηξ, Θρηξίος, χιδνάδης,  
δυσχείμων, ἀνέμωδης, ὑπνέμιος.

Αἰμυλῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Αἰμυλός, η, ὡν, sanguinem  
commovens, blandus, blanditiis decipiens:  
courtous, crafty. Πρόσενεπὲν αἰμυλίῳσιν Apoll.  
3. 51. Rhes. 705. Syn. Μελίχθος, μελιχίος,  
ἡπίος, εὐχάρις, δελκλήριος, στωμυλός, καλλιχίος.

Αἰμων, ὄνός, (1) peritus, (2) cruentus: (1)  
skilful, (2) bloody. (Also Αἰμων, Hæmon. Δ.  
296.) E. 49. Syn. Δάτημων, ἐπιστήμων, εὐ εἰδός,  
αἰμυλός.

Αἰνρέτης, ου, ὁ, virtutem cum aliorum malo  
habens: awful in virtue. Αἰνρέτῃ τί σεῦ ἄλλός  
δνησέται Π. 31.

Αἰνέας, Αινέας, ου, ὁ, Aeneas: the son of An-  
chises and Venus. E. 297. Ep. Αγχισιάδης,  
ἀμύμων, δαῖφρων, μεγῶθυμος, ἐρικυδής, ὁ τῆς θεοῦ,  
Τρώων βουλῆφόρος, κράτερφρων, εὐς, κράτερος  
πᾶς Αγχισαῶ, μήστωρ φθῶς, δῖος πόλεμωστής,  
φίλος ἀθανάτοισι θεοῖσι.

Αἰνέω, ἔσω, γνέκᾶ, laudo, assentior, suadeo:  
to praise, approve, recommend. Orest. 492.  
Syn. Ἐπαινώ. See Αινέζομαι.

Αἰνυμά, ἄτος, τὸ; Αἰνυμός, ου, ὁ, ænigma: an  
enigma, riddle. Οὐκ ἐμπλέκων ἀνίγμᾶτ' P. V.

611. Rap. 61. ΡΗΗ. Λοξὸν ἔπος. See Ep. &c. in Χρησμός.

Αινιγματικός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ænigmaticus: enigmatical. Αινιγματώδες τοῦτος A. Sch. Supp. 460. Αινίζομαι, ἰσθμαι, μαι, laudo: to praise, admire. δ. 487. SYN. Αἰνῆμι, αἰνέω, ἐπαινέω, κληίζω, ευφημέω, ἔπεινῆμι; κλέω, κλείω, πααινίζω.

Αινικτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, qui ænigmatico sermone utitur: one who speaks enigmatically. Soph. fr. inc. 49.

Αινικτηρίως, ænigmatice: obscurely. P. V. 948.

Αινικτός, ἡ, ὄν, ænigmaticus: enigmatical, perplexed. CE. R. 139.

Αἰνισθῆναι, Αἰνίσσῃ, Αἰνίσθῃ, ἰξῶμαι, ἡνιγμαι, obscure loquor: to speak obscurely, to attack covertly. Arist. Eq. 196.

Αἰνιστάς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, infelici matrimonio junctus: unhappily married. Hel. 1119. See below, and Γάμος.

Αἰνιγένειος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, terribiles malas habens: having tremendous jaws. Θηρίον αἰνιγένειον Call. 4. 92.

Αἰνόθυτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, perdit delicatus: extremely effeminate, a great sop. Μῆσόν αἰνόθυττε Theoc. 15. 27.

Αἰνολαμπής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, terribiliter lucens: shining awfully. Agam. 390.

Αἰνολέων, οὐτός, ὁ, sævus leo: a fierce lion. Theoc. 25. 168.

Αἰνόμερος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, infelix: unhappy. II. in Merc. 257.

Αἰνόπαρις, ἰδὼς, ὁ, infelix Paris: wretched Paris. Hec. 938. See Δαῖνόπαρις.

Αἰνόπατῆρ, ἥρως, ὁ, parens infelix: unhappy father. Choeph. 314.

Αἰνός, οὐ, ὁ, narratio, assensio, laus: a story, approbation, praise. V. 795. SYN. Αἰνέσις, ἔπαινος, εγκάμιν, ευφημία, λόγος. Ep. Ἀμύμων, ἀγκυλῆς, ἀοιδίμους, ευκαλεῖσθαι, λιγυρός, χάρις.

Αἰνός, ἡ, ὄν, gravis: heavy, unfortunate, terrible. H. 215. SYN. Βάρος, δεινός, χαλεπός, βιαίος, σφοδρὸς, ἀθλιός.

Αἰνέω, οὐ, ὁ, narratio, assensio, laus: to take, to take away. Εκ δ' αἰνέω θυμόν Δ. 531. SYN. Αἰρέω, ἀφαιρέω, ἀπαίνομαι, λαμβάνω, δέχομαι.

Αἰνός, misere, valde: grievously, very much. E. 352. SYN. Αθλίως, χαλεπῶς, λίαν, ἄγαν, μέγας.

Αἶξ, αἰκός, ἡ, impetus: force, violence. Ἀνέμον αἰκὰς ἐρύειν Apoll. 4. 820.

Αἶξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, caper, capra: a goat. I. 207. SYN. Τράγος, χιμάρως, χιμαυρά, αἰγίδιον. Ep. Ἀγρότερος, ἀγρίος, δασύτριξ, διδυματικός, ἱξάλως, ευτρεφής, πῖον, κέραν, λευκά, τανύτριξ, πύλιγλα-λακτός.

Αἰόλια, as, ἡ, Æolia: Αἰόλην δ' es νῆσόν κ. 1. Αἰόλλω, αἰόλλω, ἡ, varie verso, agito: to vary, turn, agitate. Αἰόλλει μάλ' ὅ ἀνὰ v. 27. SYN. Αἰόλλω, παραλλάττω, διαβάλλω, ποικίλλω.

Αἰόλῳ, Dor. τῆς, οὐ, ὁ, qui velocia fulmina agit: an epithet of Jove. Pind. Ol. 9. 64. See below.

Αἰδοῦργη, ἡ, ὁ, ἡ, vario thorace indutus: armed with a beautifully variegated breast-plate. Μένισθις αἰδοῦργῃ Π. 173.

Αἰδοῦργης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, astutus: crafty. Σιόφους αἰδοῦργης Hes. Fr. 28. 4. SYN. Αἰδούσολος, δολίος, δολιόφρων, πόλυτροπος, πάνουργος.

Αἰδοῦργης, οὐ, ὁ, variam mitram habens: having a turban of various colours. Ὀρεστίον αἰδοῦργῃ E. 707.

Αἰδολῶν, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, bene equitans: having swift or spotted horses, riding well. Φρύγας αἰδολῶν Η. to Ven. 138.

Αἰδῶς, οὐ, ὁ, Æolus: the god of the winds. Αἰδῶς Ἰπποδάμης κ. 2. Ep. Ἀεολῆς, δεινός, μέγαλῃ, φιλοξενός. ΡΗΗ. Τάμης οἱ κολῶνός ἀνέμων, ἀνέμοις αἰθρηγένεσσιν ἀνάσσω.

Αἰδῶς, ἡ, ὄν, varius, velox: various, variegated, spotted, swift. Σφῆκες μέσθον αἰδοί Μ. 167. SYN. Αλλοῖος, ποικίλος, δαιδάλως, βάλως, παμποικίλος, παναἰδῶς, στικτός, κατά-στικτός, δδός, τάχως.

Αἰδολοῦμαι, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vario ore loquens, ambiguus: ambiguous. Ἀναγέλλοι αἰδολοῦμαι P. V. 661. SYN. Ποικιλόγῃ, ποικιλόμῃ, ποικίλως.

Αἰπεύς, ἡ, ὄν, excelsus: high. Καὶ αἰπεῖν Κάλωδον Ν. 217. SYN. Ὑψηλός, αἰπός, αἰπής, αἰπός.

Αἰπῶ, ὡ, ἡ, inter capras versor: to be a goat-herd. Αἰπῶντα διδάξει Theoc. 8. 85. SYN. Αἰγίζω.

Αἰπῶν, οὐ, τὸ, grex caprarum: a herd of goats. A. 678. SYN. Τράγικον ἄγελαι.

Αἰπῶν, οὐ, ὁ, caprarius: a goat-herd. p. 247. SYN. Αἰπῶν ἀνὴρ, αἰγὰς ἄγαν.

Αἰπός, ἡ, ὄν, altus, profundus: deep, high. γ. 130. See Αἰπός.

Αἰπός, ἔος, τὸ, alitudo, summus mons: height, the top of a mountain. Theoc. 7. 148. SYN. Ὑψός, ἄκρα, κορυφή.

Αἰπότης, οὐ, ὁ, consilia alta capiens: who possesses high thoughts, proud. Ἐμῖδος αἰπότης παῖ P. V. 18.

Αἰπός, εἰά, ὁ, altus: high. Αἰπὸς τὸ τεῖχος Z. 326. SYN. Αἰπός, ὕψιλος, ὑψηλός, ὑψηλός, ὑψηλός, ὑψηλός.

Αἰπός, οὐ, ὁ, Ægyptus: a king of Arcadia. Οὐδ' ἐλὰθ' Αἰπτόν ἐν παντὶ χρόνῳ Pind. Ol. 6. 59.

Αἰπός, ἔος, ἡ, optio: choice, option. P. V. 777. SYN. Εκλόγη, προαίρεσις, δέλημα, ευχή.

Αἰπός, ἡ, ὄν, potior: better, eligible. Eq. 84. SYN. Ἐκκρίτος, ἐπεραστός, ευκαῖος, ευκτός, ἐπικτός.

Αἰρέω, ἡ, ὄν, capio, convino, ocido: to take, convict, vanquish, kill. A. 89. SYN. Αἰνέω, λαμβάνω, αἰρέω, εἰσάγω, λαμβάνω, ἀλλοκω, κατάκρινω, κράτω, αἰρώ, κατά-βάλλω, ἀναίρω.

Αἰρὸς, a play upon the name of Irus in the Odyssey, σ. 72. Wretched Irus. Ἡ τὰχ' Ἰρὸς αἰρὸς.

Αἰρῶ, ἀρῶ, ἡ, ὄν, tollō: to lift up, extol, carry away. Hec. 951. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ἀναίρω, ἀνα-φύρω, αἰρέω, φέρω, κινέω.

Αἶς, ἰδὼς, ὁ, orcus: hell, the place of the dead, Pluto. Ψυχὴν δ' Αἶδι κλυτὸν πάλῳ Π. 625. Ep. see Αἶδης.

Αἶσα, ἡ, ὄν, fatum: fate. Αἶσα φίλων ἀπὸ ε. 113. SYN. Μοῖρα, ἀνάγκη, εἰμαρμένη, μῆρος, πεπρωμένη, κῆρ, τύχη. Ep. Κῆρ, ἀργάλη, λυγρὰ, ἀτάσθαλος, ἀναγκά, ἀμείλιχος, πόλυ-σπῆς, κρῆτερ, δαυατηφόρος, πόλυτροπος, ἀσχετός, ὀδὸν, στυγερή.

Αἶσος, οὐ, ὁ, Æsarus, hodie Necete: a river flowing through Crotona; likewise one in Sicily. Ἐπ' Αἶσρόν νόμω Theoc. 4. 17.

Αἰσηπός, οὐ, ὁ, Æsopus: the name of a river in Lycia. M. 21. Ep. Βαθρόβος.

Αἰσθῆναι, αἰσθῆσθαι, ἡσθῆναι, sentio: to be sensible of, perceive, hear, understand. CE. C. 301. SYN. Νόεω, γινώσκω, μανθάνω, ὑποδέχομαι, φράζομαι, αἶω.

Αἰσθημά, ἄνδρ, τὸ, ipse sentiendi actus: sensation, feeling. Iph. A. 1243.

Αἰσθησις, ἔως, ἡ, sensus: sense, feeling, sensation. Eur. Electr. 292. SYN. Νῆσις, σύνεσις, ἐννοία.

Αἰσθῶ, expiro: to exhale. Αὐτὰρ δ θυμὸν αἰσθῶ T. 403. SYN. Αἶω, ἀκούω, ἀπὸπνέω, εκπνέω, ἀποπύχω, εκλείπω.

Αἰσθῶς, ὄν, fatalis; decens, vid. Damm.: fatal; becoming. Αἰσθῶν ἡμᾶρ Ἀχαιῶν Θ. 72. SYN. Μοῖρα, μοῖριδος, εἰμαρμένης, πεπρωμένης, ἐναῖστος, ἐπικτός.

Αἰσθός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, faustus: auspicious. Αἰσθόν αἶος Ω. 375. SYN. Εὐσημός, ευτυχής, δεξίος, δικάιος, ἀγῶς.

Αἰσσω, Αἰσσω, αἶω, ἡ, ἡ, ruo: to rush, rush out. Κάθ' ἵππων αἰσσω T. 401. Thus the first syllable is long in Homer, but in the tragedians it is short. See Iph. A. 12. It is generally used as a dissyllable by the Attic Poets. See R. P. Hec. 31. SYN. Ἐπείγμαι, ἐπείσσω, ἐφορῶ, σπειδῶμαι.

Αἰστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, evanidus; non conscius: whose fate is unknown; unconscious. Ὀχιγὲρ αἰστός ἀπυστός α. 242. SYN. Ἀφανής, ἀγνωστός, ἀδοξός.

Αἰστώ, ἄσω, ὡκᾶ, evanidum reddo: to obliterate. Ὄς ἐμ' αἰστώσειαν v. 79. SYN. Δῖωσθω, ἀφανίζω, διαφείρω.

Αἰστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, imperitus: unskilful, ignorant. Καὶ μάχης αἰστωρὸς Androm. 682. SYN. Ἀδῆμον, ἀμάθης, ἀγνώμων.

Αἰσθήτης, οὐ, ὁ, Æyetes: the father of Alca-  
thous. Ἐνθ' Αἰσθητὰ Διοτρεφῆος Ν. 497.

Αἰσθῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, flagitiosus: flagitious. Καὶ αἰσθῶς ῥέζοι β. 232. SYN. Ἀδίκος, παράνομος.

Αἰσμή, ἡ, ὄν, Æsma: the name of a city in Thrac. Τὸν δ' ἐξ Αἰσμήνῃ Θ. 304.

Αἰσμωνῶ, ἡ, ὄν, suum cuique tribuo; regno: to assign his own to every one; to govern. Med. 19. SYN. Ἀρχω, βασιλεύω, ἀνάσσω, κοίρω.

Αἰσμωνήτης, οὐ, ὁ, certaminis curator, rex: an umpire, king. Theoc. 25. 48. SYN. Ἀγων-ἀρχης, βράβευτης, παρῆδρος, βασιλεὺς, ἀναξ.

Αἰσμωνός, οὐ, ὁ, Æsmus: the name of a Grecian leader. A. 303.

Αἰσχινης, οὐ, ὁ, Æschines: an Athenian orator, rival of Demosthenes. Μετὰ τοῦτον Αἰσχινης ὁ Σέλλου δέξεται Arist. Vesp. 1245.

Αἰσχινης, ὄρος, τὸ, probum: shame, disgrace. Apoll. 3. 797. SYN. Αἰσχύνῃ, ἀτιμία, ἀπρεπεία, ὕβρις.

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φῆμη, λῶδός, ἀγγέλια, ἀκράμα. Ep. Βάρηπει-  
θης, ἀσπυδός, δάμνην, περνή, σφάλερά.

Ακοίμητος, ου, δ, ἡ, pervigil: very watchful:  
Νύμφαι ἀκοίμητοι Theoc. 13. 44. Syn. Ἀγρυπ-  
νός, ἀπνός.

Ακοινώνητος, ου, δ, ἡ, non communicatus:  
unsociable. Androm. 471. Syn. Ἀμυκτός.

Ακοίτης, ου, δ, maritus: a bed-fellow, hus-  
band. Φίλῳ ἄλεσ' ἀκοίτην φ 88. Syn. Εὐατήρ,  
σύζυγος, γάμης, παρὰκοίτης, συνάδρος, ἀνήρ,  
πῶσις, ἐυνέτης.

Ακοίτης, ἴδος, ἡ, uxor: a wife. Ἀμεινόνος  
εἰναὶ ἀκοίτης Z. 350. Syn. Πάρκοις, ἐυνά-  
τειρά, ἀλῶδός, γυνή, γάμης, ἐυνέτης, σύγγαμος,  
δάμαρ, σύλλεκτρος, σύνευνος, συνάδρος, ὁμολε-  
κτρος γυνή. Ep. Ἀμύμων, αἰδολα, δαλέρη, δυ-  
μήρης, φίλη, ὁμόφρων, ξένη, γενναία, σάφρων,  
αδλία, κῆχη, χρηστή, ἀνδρῖος, ἐσθλή.

Ακόλασταίον, ἄνω, ἀγκά, petulant seu li-  
center ago: to behave with petulance, live licen-  
tiously. Ακόλασταίονε καὶ δέπω Av. 1227.  
Syn. Εὐβρίσις, ἀτακτῶ, ἀσελγῶ, ἀσελγαίνω,  
ασχημνέω.

Ακόλαστος, ου, δ, ἡ, intemperans: intem-  
perate. Ακόλαστον ἐσχέ γλώσσῳ Or. 10.  
Syn. Ακρατής, ἀλγρός, ἀσελγής, μάχλος, μοχ-  
θηρός.

Ακόλος, ου, δ, frustum panis: a piece of bread.  
Απίζων ἀκόλος p. 222. Syn. Ψωμός.

Ακολουθεῖν, ἴσω, ἡ, sequor: to follow. Plut.  
757. See above. Syn. Ἐκῶμαι, ὀπηδεῖν, δῖκω,  
ὁμαρτεῖν, παρὰκλουθεῖν, συνἀκολουθεῖν, συνῶμαρ-  
τεῖν, σὺν (τύπος) μολεῖν ποδῖ.

Ακολουθός, ου, δ, ἡ, pedisequus: a follower,  
footman. Τοῖς ἀκολουθοῖσι δόμεν σάσειν Pax  
730. Syn. Σπαδός, ἀμφιπόδός, δερᾶτων, ὁμιλη-  
τής, δικάκος, συνοδοπόρος.

Ακόλυμτος, ου, δ, ἡ, nandati inscius: in-  
capable of swimming. Batrach. 157.

Ακόμωστια, ας, ἡ, Ion. antiq. ἀκόμιστή, ης, ἡ,  
neglectus: neglect. Ἀλλ' τ' ἀκόμιστή τε φ. 284.  
Syn. Ἀκηθία.

Ακόμιστος, ἴσως, ἡ, alienus a jactan-  
tia: unostentatious. Sept. Th. 534. 550.

Ἀκομῶδός, ου, δ, ἡ, callidi et argui sermonis  
baud peritus: no able speaker. Hipp. 990.  
Syn. Ἀπλόδος, ἀπειροκόλος, ἐνήθης, ἐντέλης,  
ἀκομῶδός, φαῖλός.

Ἀκόνη, ης, ἡ, cos: a whetstone. Χαλκὸδᾶμαν  
ἀκόνην. Pind. Isthm. 6. 106. Syn. Θηγάνη,  
Ep. Λιγυρά.

Ἀκοντίζω, ἴσω, ἡ, jaculor: to throw a dart.  
Ἡ τεὺ ἀκοντίσσαι N. 559. Syn. Βάλλω, ἐξ-  
ἀκοντίζω, κατ'ἀκοντίζω, αἰμαίνω, τοξεύω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Ἀκόντιον, ου, τὸ, jaculum: a javelin. Φίλε-  
οντες ἀκόντιον ἦκαν Call. fr. 102. 1. Syn.  
Ἄκων, ἀκίς, βέλος, παλόν, ξυστόν.

Ἀκοντιστήρ, ἦρος; Ἀκοντιστής, οὔ, δ, jacu-  
lator: who shoots a javelin. Λόγχαυ τ' ἀκον-  
τιστῆρες εὐνοτάχισταί Phoen. 140. Theoc. 17.  
55.

Ἀκοντιστής, ὅς, ἡ, ars jaculandi: the art of  
throwing the javelin. Οὐδὲ τ' ἀκοντιστὴν ἐν-  
δόσεαΐ Ψ. 622. Syn. Ἐκβεβλία.

Ἀκοντιόβηλος, ου, δ, jaculi vibrator: an able  
hurler of the javelin. Νόσφι δ' ἀκοντιόβηλος  
Apoll. 2. 1002. Syn. Αἰχμητής, ἥμων, τοξότης.

Ἀκόρεστος, ἀκόρητος, ου, δ, ἡ, insatiabilis:  
insatiable. Pers. 551. H. 117. Syn. Ἀπλη-  
στός, ἀπληρώτος, ἀπληγός.

Ἀκός, εὖς, τὸ, medela: a remedy. Aj. 363.

See Ἀκρομα. Syn. Ἀκρομα, ἀλέξημα, ἀλεξίφω-  
μακόν, ἱασίς, δερᾶτεια, ἱαμῶ, μῆχῶ.

Ἀκρομα, ας, ἡ, indecentia: indecency, dis-  
order. Καλὸν ἀκρομα Ἰφ. A. 317. Syn. Ἀμορφία.

Ἀκρομας, ου, δ, ἡ, indecorus: unbecoming.  
B. 213. Syn. Ἀκομῶδός, ἀπρεπής, ἀχάρις, ἀμ-  
ετρος, ἀεκής, ἀσχημῶν, δισεῖδής.

Ἀκρομας, confuse: disorderly. Pers. 380.  
Syn. Ἀτάκτως, ἀκόλαστος, ἀσχημῶν.

Ἀκροτῶ, ἴσω, ἡ, hordeo pascor: to feed  
on barley. Ἰσπὸς ἀκροτῶσας ἐπὶ φάτῳ Z. 506.

Ἀκουάομαι, audio: to hear, to be invited.  
Ἐμοῖσιν ἀκουάσθῃ δ' αἰδοῦ ν. 9. Syn. Ἀκούω,  
αἶω, ἐπικαλέομαι.

Ἀκούρος, ου, δ, ἡ, mascula prole carens: in-  
tonsus: without male issue: unshorn. η. 64.  
Syn. Ἀτίκνος, ἀπαις, ἀκροκόμης.

Ἀκουσίως, prater voluntatem: involuntarily,  
against the will. Ὡς μένονσ' ἀκουσίως Trond.  
1018. Syn. Ἀέκοντος, ἀέκοντ' ἑαυτοῖς.

Ἀκουσμά, ἄτος, τὸ, fama: rumour, fame.  
E. C. 518. See Ἀκούω.

Ἀκουστῶς, ὄν, audiendus: to be heard, who  
must be heard. Ὡς ἀκουστῶν γέ σου Ἰφ. A.  
1010.

Ἀκουστός, ἡ, ὄν, audiendus: which can be  
heard. E. R. 1312. See below. Syn. Εξ-  
ἀκουστός.

Ἀκούω, σῶμαι, ἡ, ἀκούω, ἀκούω, audio: to hear,  
hearken, understand. Καλὸν παρὰ δ' ἀκούει φ. 292.  
Syn. Διάκουω, ἐπακούω, ἀκροῦμαι, πείθωμαι,  
πυρᾶνμαι, κλῶν, ἐνωτίζωμαι, πείθωμαι.

Ἀκρα, ας, ἡ, ἄκρος, ἡ, summus, promonto-  
rium: the summit, highest point, promontory.  
Ἐρῶσαντας ἐπ' ἀκρας δ. 508. 1. 400. Syn. Ἀκρόν,  
ἀκρωρεῖα, ἀκρωτήριον, ἀκροπόλις, ἐρίπη, πρῶν,  
βῖον, κόρινθις. Ep. Αὐτοφύλλος, πόλιν ἰδῶς,  
ἀθραυστός, κυρτή, ἀπαισῶν.

Ἀκραγῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, mutus: mute, dumb. Ζηρὸς  
ἀκραγῆς κίνας P. V. 828. Kpa is long, if from  
perf. mid. of κράζω: short, if from a. 2. Syn.  
Ἀφωνός, ἀφρογῶς, κωφός.

Ἀκραγῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, pure spirans: blowing  
freshly or favourably. Ἀνέμω ἀκραγῆ καλῶ ξ. 252.

Ἀκραῖος, α, ὄν, summus, qui in arce colitur:  
the highest, an epithet of those deities who were  
worshipped on elevated places. Τέμενος ἀκραῖος  
Δεῖο Med. 1376.

Ἀκραφνῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, purus, verus: pure,  
genuine, entire. Ζώσας ἀκραφνῆς τῶν κατ'η-  
πειλημένων E. C. 1147. Syn. Ἀκράφνης, ἀμύγης,  
τέλειος, μάθρως.

Ἀκρανός, et in Hom. Ἀκράντος, ου, δ, ἡ,  
irritus: unsuccessful, imperfect. Choeph. 59.  
β. 202. Syn. Ἀτέλης, ἀτέλεστος, ἀτέλειότης,  
ἀπρακτός.

Ἀκράτης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, incontinens: incontinent,  
ungovernable. Πνεύματι μάργω γλώσσης ἀκράτης  
P. V. 909. Syn. Ἀκόλαστος, ἀδινάτος, ἀσθέ-  
νής.

Ἀκρατίζω, ἴσω, ἡ, jento; merum bibo: to  
break one's fast; to drink pure wine. Ἐπεσθ'  
ἀκρατίζωμενοι τράγοι δ' ἀκρατίεωθι Plut. 295.  
Syn. Φέγω, τὸ ἀκρατὸν πίνω Suid.

Ἀκρατός, ου, δ, ἡ, merus: unmixed. Mā δ' ἄλ'  
ἀκρατὸν οἶνον Ἀγάθοι δαίμονες Ep. 85.  
Syn. Ἀκραφνῆς, ἀκράτος, ἀμύγης, ισχυρός.

Ἀκράχολος, ου, δ, ἡ, ad iram proclivis: iras-  
cible. Δεῖος ἀκράχολος Ἰφικλῆα Theoc. 24. 60.  
Syn. Οξύχολος, θυμώδης, ζιμῆνης, ζαχόλως,

ὀργιλός, δόσσορος, πάλιγκτος, θυμικός. Ph.  
Eis ὀργὴν πρόχειρος.

Ἀκρέμα, ὄντος, δ, ramus summus: a strong  
branch, the main branch. Ἀχέει ἐν ἀκρέμνεσσιν  
Theoc. 16. 94. Syn. Ἐρως, δαλός, κλάδος,  
βλαστός. Ep. Δρόσερος, ἐντέλως, καλλιπῆτη-  
λός, ἴερὸς, εὐφυλλός.

Ἀκρέπερον, extremo vespere: at the close of  
evening. Ἀκρέπερον αἰδοῖσαι Theoc. 24. 75.

Ἀκρεῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, valde juvenis: very young.  
Καλὸν νύμφαν ἀκρεῖος ἔων Theoc. 8. 93.

Ἀκρεῖος, εὖς, δ, ἡ, accuratus: accurate. Οὐκ  
ἐστ' ἀκρεῖος οὐδὲν Electr. 367. Syn. Τέλειος,  
ἐπίμελῆς, λιπαρῆς, πυκνὸς, σπουδαῖος, ἀληθής.

Ἀκρέω, ὄσω, ἡ, diligenter exploro, summa  
cura aliquid facio: to know exactly, ex-  
amine carefully. Οἱ τὰδ' ἡρωκῶτες Hec. 1192.  
Syn. Εἰσέτις, δοκίμῶς, διακρίβω.

Ἀκρεῖως, accurate: exactly, completely, dili-  
gently. Ἀλλ' οὐκ ἀκρεῖως αὐτὰ Med. 532.

Ἀκρεῖοθῆρα, ας, ἡ, decipula ad capiendas  
locustas: a trap to catch locusts. Κάλαν πλέκει  
ἀκρεῖοθῆραν Theoc. 1. 52.

Ἀκρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, locusta, cicada: a locust, balm  
cricket. Theoc. 7. 41. See above.

Ἀκρίτομαθος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui inconsiderate loquitur:  
who speaks without consideration. Θεοῖσι  
ἀκρίτομαθὲς B. 246. Syn. Πόλυλόγος, ἀδολέ-  
σχης.

Ἀκρίτος, ου, δ, ἡ, indemnatus, dubius, indis-  
cretus, immensus: uncondemned, untried, doubt-  
ful, indiscriminate, immense. Φήμας ἐλγῆας  
ἀκρίτος ἐκβαλεῖς Hipp. 1059. Syn. Ἀνευ δίκης,  
ἀμφιβόλος, ἀμέτρος, ἀπειροεὖς.

Ἀκρίτοφυλλός, ου, δ, ἡ, frondosus: abounding  
in leaves, luxuriant in foliage. Ὁρὸς ἀκρίτο-  
φυλλον B. 868. Syn. Ἐριφυλλός, εὐβάλλης,  
εὐδοφυλλός, κατὰσκῖος.

Ἀκρίτοφυρτός, ου, δ, ἡ, miscellaneous: huddled  
together in confusion. Sept. Th. 354. See  
above. Syn. Ἀδρόδος, συμμίγης, σύμμικτος.

Ἀκρόδωμι, ausculto: to hear. Δεγέ δ' ἡ τὰχῶς  
ἰνὰ μὴ κλῆς ἀκρόδω δὲ Lys. 533. Syn. Ἀκούω,  
κλῶν, πρόσσχεμα, πείθωμαι, πρόσσχω.

Ἀκρόγῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, summo dolore affectus:  
bitterly grieving. Αἰ δ' ἀκρόγῶι Περιδῆς ἀνδρῶν  
Pers. 547.

Ἀκροθινιάζωμαι, mihi seligo quod egregium est:  
I select the first fruits. Νύμφην ἡκροθινιάζωμεν  
Hec. F. 476.

Ἀκροθινίον, ἀκροθινίον, ου, τὸ, frequentius in  
plur., primitive: the first fruits, spoils taken in  
war and selected as an offering to a god. Ἀκρο-  
θινία Λοξία Phoen. 210. Olymp. 2. 7. Syn.  
Τὰ ἀκροθινία, πρωτόλειά, ἀπαργμὰτά, λαφύρα,  
σκυλά, λεία, ἀπαρχή.

Ἀκροκείανιαι, in summa parte nigricio: to  
grow black at the surface, to have a dark or  
gloomy look. Ἀκροκείανιαι ἰνὰ μιν φ. 250.

Ἀκρόκομος, ου, δ, ἡ, in vertice comatus:  
crowned with hair, or foliage. Phoen. 1531.  
Syn. Τάυθρηξ, βάθινλοκάμω.

Ἀκρόν, ου, τὸ, apex: a point, summit, pro-  
montory. Εὐβοίας ἀκρόν Trach. 754. Syn. Ἀκρα,  
κόρυψ, ὄρος, κόλπος, ἀκρωτήριον.

Ἀκρόπνευστος, εὖς, δ, ἡ, aegerrime dolens: deeply  
distressed. Pers. 140.

Ἀκρόπολις, Ion. Ἀκρόπολις, εὖς, ἡ, arx: a  
citadel. Ὀν πόν' ἐς ἀκρόπολιν δόλον θ. 494.  
Orest. 1090. Syn. Ἀκρα, ἐρύμα.

Ἀκροπόλος, ου, δ, ἡ, altissimum habens ver-

ticem: having a lofty top. Ἐπ' ἀκροπόλοισιν  
ὄρεσσιν E. 522.

Ἀκροπόρος, ου, δ, ἡ, summa parte acutus:  
sharpened at the end. Ἄπταν δ' ἀκροπόρους δέ-  
λους γ. 463.

Ἀκρός, α, ὄν, summus, extremus: raised to a  
point, sharp, extreme, perfect. Πρόσθεσθ' ὁρᾶν  
Γάργῶν ἀκρόν E. 292. Syn. Ἀκράδος, ὑπεράτος,  
ὑψιστός, ἀκροπόλος, ἐσχάτος, τέλειος, τέλειος.

Ἀκροσφόρος, ου, δ, ἡ, impense sapiens: emi-  
nently wise. Pind. Olymp. 11.

Ἀκροχάλις, ἴκος, δ, ἡ, supra modum ebrius:  
very drunk. Ἀκροχάλις οἶνον καὶ νέκταρι Apoll.  
4. 433.

Ἀκρυπτός, ου, δ, ἡ, non celatus: unconcealed,  
undisguised, open. Androm. 836. Syn. Ἀκά-  
λυπτος, δηλός, πρόφαντος.

Ἀκταῖον, ad summum tollo: to raise up. See  
Ruhnken. Timæi Lex. Plat. Μῆτ' ἢ μ' ἀκταῖον  
βάσιν Eumen. 36.

Ἀκταῖον, ὄντος, δ, Actæon: the name of a  
hunter torn to pieces by his own dogs. Παῖδά  
τὸν ἀέσαν Ἀκταῖον Call. 5. 109. Ep. Θραῦς,  
ἀκταῖος, ἐκταῖος. Phn. See Bacch. 337.

Ἀκτεῖστος, ου, δ, ἡ, implexus: uncombed.  
Κῶμη δ' αἶρας ἀκτεῖστος E. C. 1326.

Ἀκτεῖστος, ἀκτεῖστος, ου, δ, ἡ, cui iusta  
non sunt facta: not receiving the rites of burial,  
unburied. Καλὰ καὶ ἀκτεῖστος ἀκτεῖστος Lyc. 907.  
Anthol. 3. 12. 4. Syn. Ἀδαστός, ἀτάρος.

Ἀκτῆ, ἡς, ἡ, fruges, farina: ground corn,  
meal, bread. Ἰερού ακτήν A. 630. Syn. Καρ-  
πός, λήϊον, ἀλευρον, σῖτος, ἄρτος, τρῶφή. Ep.  
Μένεικος, φυσίκοις.

Ἀκτῆ, ἡς, ἡ, litus: a shore, coast. Θάσσου  
ἐπ' ακταῖς Hec. 36. Syn. Αἰγιάλος, κρηκάλη,  
βαχία, θιν, ἡγμῖν, ἡῖον. Ep. Εἰργουπτός, ἀεῖνος,  
ἐλρῶδός, ἐλρῶδός, ὑπὸνέμος, ὑπὸνέμος, ἀπορῶς,  
ἀμφίρῳτος, ἀμφικλυτός, πρόσληξ, πλάτεια, στυ-  
φελή, κυμᾶτοπλήξ, ναῦπορος, κυμᾶτοπλήξ, ναυ-  
λόχος, λευκόκλυμος, ὄφρος αἰγιάλοιο.

Ἀκτῆμων, ὄντος, δ, ἡ, inops: poor. Οὐδὲ κέν  
ακτῆμων I. 268. Syn. Εὐδής, πτωχός, ἀκλε-  
ρός.

Ἀκτῖν, Ἀκτῖς, ὄντος, ἡ, radius solis: a ray of  
the sun. Ἀκτῖς κύκλον θ' Hec. 413. Ep.  
Ἀντίτυπος, ἀντέφελος, λαμπρὰ, παμφάης, οὐράνια,  
χρυσέα, δαλὴ, δύσπερα.

Ἀκτίος, ου, δ, ἡ, littoralis: on or belonging to  
the shore. Τὸν Πανὰ τὸν ἀκτίον Theoc. 5. 14.  
Syn. Ἐπὰκτίος, παρὰκτίος, παρὰλίος.

Ἀκτωρ, ὄρος, δ, ductor: a leader, prince.  
Pers. 563. Syn. Ἡγητήρ, ἡγήτωρ, ἡγήμων,  
αρχός, ἀγός.

Ἀκῦθος, Ἀκῦτος, ου, δ, ἡ, quæ non concipit:  
barren. Οὐκ οὐδ' ἀκῦτος Call. 2. 52. Syn.  
Ἀγῶνος.

Ἀκῦλος, ου, ἡ, glans ilicis: the acorn of the  
holm oak. Πόρ δ' ἀκῦλον βάλανον τ' κ. 242.

Ἀκύμαντος, Ἀκύματος, Ἀκύματος, Ἀκύμος, ου,  
δ, ἡ, fluctibus non aspersus: unwashed by the  
waves, smooth. Ἐπ' ἀκύμαντος πάλων ἐρᾶσαι  
Hipp. 235. Syn. Ἀκλυτός, ἀπαρακτός, γαλή-  
νιος, ἡσυχός.

Ἀκρόμας, ου, δ, ἡ, non firmatus: not estab-  
lished or ratified. Τοῦτ' ἀκρόμας μένει Ion  
800.

Ἀκωδώνιστος, ου, δ, ἡ, non exploratus: un-  
tried by the sound of a bell. Lysistr. 486.

Ἀκωή, ἡς, ἡ, cuspis: a point. Δουρὸς ἀκωή  
φ. 60. Syn. Ἀκῆ, αἰχμή, ἀκίς, ἀκμή. Ep.  
C 2







128. SYN. Πήδημα, πήδησις, σκίρτημα. EP. Κοῦρον, ἀφρόν, ὁδόν, τρώμερον.

Ἀλμη, ης, ἡ, sal, oceanus: salt water, the sea. Iph. Taur. 1402. SYN. Πλημύρις, ἄλς, θάλασσα, κύμα. EP. Πικρά, δασπέτος, ἀμαμάκητη, γλαυκή, διφάς, χάρπη, χεμερίη, ιδεΐδης, βάθειά, ποττιάς, βρυχίος.

Ἀλμής, εσσα, ἔν; Ἀλμύρος, α, ὄν, salsus: salt, briny. Aesch. Supp. 840. Troad. 440. SYN. Ἀλῖος, ἀλῖος.

Ἀλδω, poet. Ἀλοιω, in area tero, molo: to thresh, grind, bruise. Απὸλε μ' ἄλδων ἀνθρωπός ἐξ ἑωθίνου Thesm. 2. See I. 564. SYN. Ἐπιτρίβω, συντρίβω, συνθράω, ἀποπλήσσω, κἀτάπλησσω, δέρω, κόττω, πᾶσσω, μαστίζω.

Ἀλδγέω, rationem non habeo, nihil curo: not to care for, to set at naught. ALL' ἀλδγήσεις O. 178. SYN. Ολιγώρω, κἀταφρόνέω, ἀθερίζω, ἀτιμάζω, περίορᾶω, ὑπερόρᾶω.

Ἀλδγιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rationis expers, nullum habens pretium: inconsiderate, of no value. Orest. 1161.

Ἀλδγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rationis expers: irrational. Eur. fr. Protes. 6. SYN. Ἀσκεπτός, ἀσκέπτος, ἀφρόντιστος, ἀνὰρῆτος, ἀθέτος, ἀπῆτος, μωρός.

Ἀλθεν, ab ἄλς, ut οὐρανὸν ἄβ οὐράνης, e mari: from the sea. Εἰσομαί ἐξ ἄλθεν χαλέπην φ. 334.

Ἀλοῖδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui non convitiatur: no brawler. Agam. 402.

Ἀλοφῆ, ης, ἡ, pinguedo, unguentum: fat, ointment, unction. Θάλερ' δ' ἦν ἀμφὶς ἀλοιφῇ S. 476. SYN. Ἀλειφάρ, λίπος, πιμέλη, πῖπρ.

Ἀλόκιζω, sulco, aro: to make a furrow, to furrow. Εγὼ δ' ἀλόκιζεν ἐδέμην τὸ χωρίον Vesp. 846.

Ἀλοξ, ὁκος, ὁ, sulcus: a furrow. Μη σπείρε τέκνον ἀλόκα δαυμένων βίᾳ Phoen. 18. SYN. Αἰλαξ, τμήγος, ὠλεξ.

Ἀλπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, haud decorticatus: not peeled, with the bark. Lysist. 737. SYN. Ἀλεστός.

Ἀλδσύνη, ης, ἡ, Halosydne: Amphitrite. Καλῆς Ἀλδσύνης δ. 404.

Ἀλουργίς, ἰδός, ἡ, vestimentum purpureum: a purple vest. Δέγοντιν ὡς ἄλουργίδα Eq. 967.

Ἀλουσία, ας, ἡ, illuvies: want of washing, uncleanness. Διάμακρας ἄλουσίας Or. 226.

Ἀλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, illotus: unwashed, unclean. Av. 1554. SYN. Ἀνιπτός, ἀκαθάρτος.

Ἀλφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cristam non habens: without a crest, crestless. Καὶ ἀλφόν [al. ἀλφόν] ἦν κἀκατὰ K. 258.

Ἀλχός, ου, ἡ, uxor: a wife. Ιφθίμη ἀλχος E. 415. SYN. Ἀκοιτίς, γυνή, νύμφη. EP. Αἰδοία, ἀντιθέος, εἰδυία, κάλη, ἐχέφρων, ἐράτη, πόλυδωρος, κουρίδια, πιστή, νυμφίδια, καλλίκρι-δεμνος, ἠνέκμος, σεμνή, νευδής, κεδνή.

Ἀλκιστός, η, ὄν, jucundissimus: most delight-ful, &c. Isth. 5. 16.

Ἀλς, ἄλδς, ὁ, sal: salt. Οὐδ' ἄλ᾽ αὖ δούης p. 455. SYN. Ἀλῖς. EP. Θεῖος.

Ἀλς, ἄλδς, ἡ, mare: the sea. Καὶ εἰς ἄλ᾽ ἄλμα' ἔβαλλον A. 314. SYN. Ἀλμη, θάλασσα, πόντος, πηγάς, ὠκεῖνος. EP. Ἀπρυγέτος, ἐλμῖρα, ἀβάτος, γλαυκή, βάθειά, βρυχία, δια, διησασά, δεινή, μαριμῆρ, ηνέμωσά, εὐπλῶς, ευρύπρος, ηχέσασά, πάλιηχης, πορφύρεη, πορ-φύροισις, πλῆθενθης, ἐρίδουπος, λευκή, αἰζήρη, κέλανη, κνᾶνῆ, χεμερία, στήγερη, χάρπη, χετή, πικρά, κρύδεσά, κόλη, ὑγρή, πέλαιγία,

ἀπειρεσίη, ἀνεκός, γλυκέρη, ἀπιστός, ἀμετρητός, ἀφίλακτος, δόλιχη, ἀμαμάκητη, ἀθεσπῆτος, ἀκάματος, ἀπειρων, ἀσίγητος, βερίγδοπος, βά-θυπλυντός, ἀχέμων, ἀτκαμρός, ἀλεξικάκος, γάληναι, δυσήχη, ευρύπρος, ευρεῖα, πῶλια, ἰχθυόεσσα, ὀλεή, ὀρνυμένη, πόλυφλοισσός, περί-κλυστος, τρηχεῖα, ψάμωδός, παμφλοισσός, κἀ-κόξινος, νηυσὶν ἐπιθρόμος. P.H.H. Ἄλδς δέριμον οἰδμᾶ, ὑγρὰ κέλευθα, ἰχθυόεντα, ευρεῖα νῶτα θάλασσαν, κύμ' ἀλκίτυπον ἄλμας, πᾶλιν ἄλδς ἀσπένον ὕδωρ, Νηρέος αὐλή, πολυρρύτος ἀλμῆι πῶρος, κύματά μακρὰ θάλασσης, μετὰ λατμὰ θάλασσης, βάθειά ποττιάς ἄλμη, ἀγρίον οἰδμᾶ, πόντιον ἄλδς θάλασσης, βένθεα τ' ἀσπινκτὰ καὶ ὑγρὰ δέμεθλα θάλασσης, κτύπος ἑλισσῶς ἐρισμάρτοις θάλασσης.

Ἀλσῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, nemorensis: belonging to a grove, dwelling in a grove, an epithet of the Nymphs. Ἀλσῆδες ὠδύρατο Apoll. 1. 1066. SYN. Ἰαλσῆς, ἰλνδύμης.

Ἀλσός, ἔδς, τὸ, saltus, nemus: a forest, grove. Iph. A. 185. SYN. Ἀρμός, τέμενος, ὄλη, βήσος, κνημός, νάπη. EP. Ἀγλῶν, ἀσπένον, ἀνδοδῶρον, δεινῶρον, εὐδενῶρον, κάλιν, σκίρον, βάθυκτον, κἀτάσκιον, πύκινον, ὀρθῶρον, ὀλεῖν, τηλεῖον, ἱέρων, ζαῖον, λευρόν.

Ἀλτις, ἰδός, ἡ, Altis: a grove sacred to Jupiter. Olymp. 10. 56.

Ἀλῖδας, ἀντίς; Ἀλῖδῃ, ης, ἡ, Alybas: a town in Italy, afterwards called Metapontum. Εἰμὶ γὰρ ἐξ Ἀλῖδας ὦ. 303. B. 856.

Ἀλῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, salsus: salt. Νῆ τὸν Πόσειδῶ τὸν ἄλκιν δικαί γε Lysist. 404. SYN. Ἀλῖος. See in Ἀλμῆς.

Ἀλκτοπέδη, ης, ἡ, catena a qua effugere ne-queas: a chain that cannot be escaped from. Διπρὸ δ' ἀλκτοπέδῳ Hes. Theog. 521. SYN. Πέδη, γυνόπεδα. EP. Στίβηδῳ, σιδηρέῃ, ἐλε-γεῖν, κέλανη, λαίρην, Ἡραστειν.

Ἀλῆς, ἔως, ἡ, evitatio: an avoiding, escape. Οὐκ ἐστ' ἀλῆς ὧ ἔνοιον Agam. 1270. SYN. Ἀποφυγή, διαφυγή, ἐκφυγή.

Ἀλῆτης, ἄλῆτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tristitia expers: exempt from sorrow. Ζῆν ἀλῆτης βίῳ Trach. 168. Alcest. 490. SYN. Ἀνώδινος, ἀνάλγητος, λύπητος ὁμοῖος, τερπνός.

Ἄλῆρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inamcenus: inharmonious, discordant. Helen. 185. See Ἀλρα.

Ἄλῆς, ὄδς, ὁ, Halys: a river in Asia Minor. Ρῶα Ἄλῆος ποτάμιοι Apoll. 2. 366.

Ἄλυσταίνω, viribus deficio: to be weak, fainting. Εἰπέ δ' ἄλυσταίνουσα Call. Del. 212. SYN. Ἀλῶσσω, ἀσθένεω, ἀδυνάμηνω.

Ἀλῖσις, ἔως, ἡ, catena; animi perturbatio: a chain; perplexity. Orest. 974. It has the same metre as ἄ neg. and λύσις. SYN. Δεσμός, ἀλκ-τοπέδη, πέδον; αἶνι.

Ἀλυσκάω, ἄλυσκος, effugio, devito: to avoid, escape. Νόσφιν ἄλυσκάω πᾶλῃμοιο Z. 443.

Ἀλεύομαι, ἐκκλίνω, ἐκφεύγω, εὐλαξέομαι, φυλάττωμαι.

Ἀλῶσσω, ξω, inquietus sum mente, insanio: to be restless in mind, to be insane. Πιδόντες ἄλῶσσαντες περὶ θυμῷ X. 70. SYN. Δυσφρόνω, παρὰφρονέω.

Ἀλῶτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui solvi nequit: indissoluble, inextricable. Τάρταρον ἦεν δεσμός αἰθέρος Pr. V. 160. SYN. Δυσλόγος, ἀπῶρος, ἐμήχανος.

Ἄλῶ, ξω, κά, astuo, insanio, animo sum tur- bato: to rave, to be mad. The penult. of ἄλῶ is short in Homer four times, and long once.

In the scenic writers it is always long. As, Τί χρημ' ἄλῶ πνευμ' ἀνέλς Orest. 271. SYN. Ἀλῶσσω, ἀλῶμαι, ἄλῶναι, ἀδμνέω, κἀταδμνέω, ἀδμνέω, ἐκλῶμαι, δυσφρόνω, λυπέομαι.

Ἀλφᾶν, Ἀλφαῖν, Ἀλφω, invenio, pario: to find, produce, receive as wages or reward. Φθόνον πρὸς ἀσπὶν ἀλφάνουσι δυσμένη Med. 299. φ. 79. SYN. Εὐρίσκω, ἀπολαμβάνω.

Ἀλφεῖος, Ἀλφείος, ου, ὁ, Alphæus: a river of Elis. Ἀλφεῖοις πόρον B. 592. Ol. 5. 41. EP. Βάθουδιν, δειδός, οἶζος, δυσέρως, ἀλήτης, δεσπείσις. P.H.H. Βάθος ῥόδς Ἀλφεῖοις, ἐράτεινῶτος πύτων, δειοῖς ἱερὸς ῥόδς Ἀλφεῖοις.

Ἀλφεσίδια, ας, ἡ, magni habita: highly prized. Παρθένοι ἀλφεσίδιαι Σ. 593. SYN. Ἐντιμός, νευδής, κάλη, ευγένης, γυνῖα.

Ἀλφεσίδοις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pretiosus, aut, utalii, pin- guefaciens: highly prized, or, as others say, fattening. Ἀλφεσίδοις ὠδύρατο Aesch. Suppl. 862. SYN. Πόλυδρῶμον.

Ἀλφιστής, ου, ὁ, (1) inventor, vir honoratus, ingeniosus: an inventor; a clever, honourable man; a chief. (2) piscis quidam: a kind of fish. ζ. 8. SYN. Εὐρήτης, εὐρήτωρ. EP. Τίμιος, περίφραδης.

Ἀλφίταμοιός, ου, ὁ, qui farinam vendit: a baker, a mealman. Τῷ ἀλφίταμοῖοι πᾶρεκῶτην δίχουικφ Nub. 640.

Ἀλφίον, ου; Ἀλφί, τὸ, farina hordeacea, po- lenta: barley-meal; barley hulled and toasted. Καὶ ἀλφίτα μύελον ἀνδρῶν B. 290. Hom. H. Cerer. 208. EP. Λευκόν, μύληφάτον. P.H.H. Μύελος ἀνδρῶν.

Ἀλφίτοπῶλις, ἰδός, ἡ, quæ farinam vendit; pistaria: a meal-woman; also, a meal-shop. Τῇ ἀλφίτοπῶλιν Eccl. 682.

Ἀλῶ, ἄς, ἡ, Ion. et poet. Ἀλῶη, area, vinea, garden, &c. (1) e threshing-floor, (2) vineyard, hortus, &c. Πόλυκαρπός ἄλῶη η. 122. SYN. ἄλως, ἄλων, ἐδάφος, πέδον, ἀρουρά, κῆπος, ἀμ- πέλων, οὐνὸν πέδον, οὐνφόντον. EP. Ἰέρα, ἐρίθλης, κάλη, εὐκτιμένη, ευρύπρος, εὐπῶρος, τελευτία, δαλέρα, πάγκαρπος, δεινῶρησά, λευκή, ἀμπε- λδεσά. P.H.H. Φίλη φραγοῖσι, ἀμπελφύτος γῆ, ἀμπελῶν πέδον, πυρναῖας σταφύλαις κάλιν βέ- θριθεν ἄλῶα. See II. Σ. 561, &c.

Ἀλωκίδεος, ἔδς, ὁ, vulpecula: a fox's cub. Τηρῶν ἄλωκίδεος Pac. 1067. SYN. Ἄλω- πέκία, ὄν.

Ἀλωπέκιζω, vulpem ago, vulpinor: to play the fox, act knavishly. Vesp. 1233. See below. SYN. Δόλω, πᾶνουργέω, κολάκεω.

Ἀλωπέκιν, ου, τὸ, vulpecula: a little fox. Eq. 1076. See below.

Ἀλῶπῆς, ἔκος, ἡ, vulpes: a fox. Καὶ μάθ φέρω χῶας λαγὼς ἀλῶπῆκας Acharn. 878. SYN. Κερδός, κύαδός. EP. Αἰθων, ἀγκυλόμενῆς, αἰμύλη, ἀργάλεα, δολέρα, αἰολόουλος, πινύτη, κηκῶς.

Ἀλῶσιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, expugnabilis: which may be taken. Κεῖ μὲν ἦν ἀλῶσιμος Helen. 1621.

Ἀλῶσις, ἔως, ἡ, captura: the act of catching, capture, destruction. Τῇ δ' ἄλῶσιν Ἰλίου Phil. 62. SYN. Λεηλασία, ὀλέθρος, νίκη.

Ἀλῶτος, ἡ, ὄν, qui prehendi potest: taken, or which may be taken, or discovered. CE. R. 111. See above. SYN. Εὐδαλῶτος, ευχελῶτος.

Ἄμᾶ, simul: together. Τοὶ δ' ἄμ' ἔποντο B. 413.

Ἀμαζόνες, ὡν, αἱ, Amazones: the Amazons. In the sing. Ἀμάων. Ἦθρον Ἀμαζόνες ἀντί-

νεῖρα Γ. 189. EP. Θερμίδουμοι, ἄνθρωποι, ἀσποργοί, βερίθυμοι, δαμνίπτοι, εἰπῆτοι, διούριδες, ἀνδρ' ἦνοι, κλύετορφοί, ευθάρηκες, χαλκότερφοί, στύγας ὀρές.

Ἀμαθεῖα, ας, ἡ, Amathæa: one of the Nereids. See Νηρηίδες. Εὐπλοκάμος τ' Ἀμαθεῖα Σ. 48.

Ἀμάθης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, indoctus, ignarus: illiterate, foolish. Κίμαθῆι παρήσις Or. 903. SYN. Ἀβουλός, ἀνῶτος, ἀπειρός, ἀπειροκάλδς, ἀναί- σθητός, ἀπαίδευτος, ἀνέπιστῆμων, ἀδῶμων, ἀσφύς, ἀνῆμῶν, ἀδιδάκτος, ἀγνώμων, δυσμάθης, μωρός, σκαῖος.

Ἀμάθια, ας, ἡ, ignorantia, stoliditas: ignorance, folly. Τὸν ἐσθλὸν ἀμάθιαν οφλήσμεν Hec. 327. SYN. Ἀβουλία, ἀγνοία, ἀφροσύνη, αἰδρεία, ἀνοῖα, ἀπειρία, ἀπειροσύνη, ἀγνώμοσύνη. P.H.H. Νέφελη πρᾶπιδεσσι κέλανη.

Ἀμάθιος, ου, ἡ, arena: sand, dust. Ἦ δ' ἀμά- θοις ἐχρίματό Hom. Apoll. 439. SYN. Ἀμῶς, ψάμωδός, ψάμμος.

Ἀμάθινω, in pulverem redigo: to reduce to dust, destroy. Πόλιν δὲ τὴν πύρ ἀμάθινει I. 589. SYN. Ἀνὰτρεπω, ἀναστρέφω, ἀφᾶνίζω, αἰσῶσω, πέρθω, ὀλοδρεῖω, ἀπολλῶμαι, φθέρω, διαφθέρω, κἀκόποιεω.

Ἀμαμῆκετός, η, ὄν, valde longus et ingens: immense, irresistible. Κρείσσον ἀμαμῆκετόν περὶς CE. R. 177. SYN. Ἀνίκητος, ἀδῶμαστός, ἀσπείρετος.

Ἀμαλδίνω, destruo: to destroy. Τεῖχος ἀμαλ- δίναι M. 18. SYN. Ἀμαλδῶν, ἐκπέρθω, ἐξαιρέω, κἀθαίρω, κἀτασκάπτω, κἀτάβάλλω, στίφειλάω.

Ἀμάλθειά, ας, ἡ, Amolthea, the celestial goat, which is said to have suckled Jove. Ἀργὸς Ἀμαλθείης Call. 1. 49.

Ἀμαλδότηρ, ῥόδς, Ἀμαλδότηρης, ου, ὁ, ma- nipulorum colligator: a binder-up of faggots or sheaves. Ἀλλὰ δ' ἀμαλδότηρῆς Σ. 553. Theoc. 10. 44. SYN. Ἀμνητήρ.

Ἀμᾶλδς, ἡ, ὄν, mollis, imbecillis: soft, weak. Ὄς δὲ κῶν ἀμᾶλῳσι περὶ v. 14. SYN. Ἄερος, ἀπᾶλδς, ἀπᾶλῶχρος, τέρην, ἀτᾶλῶφρων.

Ἀμαζᾶ, Ion. ἀμαζαῖη, ης, (1) plaustrum: a wain, waggon. (2) septentriones: the constel- lation called Charles's wain. Ἦπερ ἀμαζαῖ κ. 103. Nub. 878. SYN. Ἀρμᾶ, ἀπῆνη, διφρός, ὀχός, ὄχειον, ὄχημά, ζεύγος. EP. Ἀχθῶφορος, εὐτρί- χος, ευτρίχᾶλδς, ευτᾶγῆς, κάλη, ευτολήτος, τετράκινκλός.

Ἀμαζήρης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, plaustralis: fixed or fitted to a waggon. Τόνδ' ἀμαζήρη θρόνον Agam. 1021. SYN. Ἀμαζαῖος, ἀμαζικός, ἀρμᾶτειος.

Ἀμαζίς, ἰδός, ἡ, ploustellum: a small waggon. Nub. 863. See Ἀμαζᾶ.

Ἀμαζίτης, ου, ἡ, se. ὁδός, via publica: a car- riage-road, highway. Δίκροτον εἰς ἀμαζίτην. Eur. Electr. 775. SYN. Ὀδός, ἀγνᾶ, ἀμαζή- λατός.

Ἀμαζοπληθής, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, plaustrum complens: that which will fill a waggon, very large. Ἀμαζοπληθῆ γείοι Phoen. 1175.

Ἀμαζουργός, ου, ὁ, plaustrorum faber: a cart- wright. Εξ ἀμαζουργοῦ λέγεσι Equit. 464.

Ἀμᾶρα, ας, ἡ, aqueductus: a channel, ditch, stream. Κρηναῖα ἀμᾶρα πληθοντὶ ῥοῖσι Apoll. 3. 1391. SYN. Ὀχεῖτις.

Ἀμαρτῶν, f. ἀμαρτήσω, 2. n. ἡμαρτῶν, a scopo aberro, fallor, delinquo: to miss the aim, fail, be deceived, act wrong. Ἦ δ' ὥς ὥς ἀμαρτῶν φ. 155. SYN. Ἀλίττω, ἀλῶμαι, ἀδῶμαι, ἀρᾶμαρτῶν, ἐξᾶμαρτῶν, ἀσέξεω, πᾶρᾶμῶν, πηλημελῶ,

πλανάσθαι, σφάλλονται, πλάσθαι, πταίω, ἀπο-  
τυγχάνω, αὐτοχτίζω, στέρομαι, ἀδικέω, βλάπτω.

Ἀμαρτία, ἄτος, τὸ, peccatum: an error,  
mistake, sin. Antig. 1264. See below.

Ἀμαρτία, as, ἡ, culpa: a fault, crime. Ἀναφέ-  
ρουσά τὴν ἁμαρτίαν Orest. 76. SYN. Ἀμαρτωλή.

Ἀμαρτινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mente errans: wrong-  
minded. Ἀμαρτινὸν τ' ἔπιμηθέα (ἐα one long)  
Theog. 511.

Ἀμαρτοδέτης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, stulte loquens: talking  
foolishly. Αἰὼν ἁμαρτοδέτης N. 824.

Ἀμαρτορήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, testibus carens: un-  
witnessed to. Ὀϊμὸς δ' ἁμαρτηρὸς ευκλῆς πόσις  
Herc. F. 290.

Ἀμαρτωλὴ, ἥς, ἡ, peccatum: a sin. Εἰς  
ἁμαρτωλὸν Theog. 327. SYN. Ἀλιτῆμα, ἁμαρτημα,  
ἁμαρτία.

Ἀμαργῆ, ἥς, ἡ; Ἀμαργυμῆ, ἄτος, τὸ, fulgor:  
glare, splendour. Απ' οφθαλμῶν ἁμαργυαί Hom.  
Merc. 45. Theog. 23.7. SYN. Ἀνγῆ, σελᾶς,  
λαμπρότης, ἀγλαία, καλλώπισμα.

Ἀμαργκίδης, ου, ὁ, Amaryncides: the son of  
Amaryncus. 'Εὖθ' Ἀμαργκίδην Δ. 517.

Ἀμαρύνω, fulgeo: to shine bright, blaze. 'Τα'  
οφρὸσι πῦρ ἁμαρύνει Theog. 827. SYN. Ἀγλά-  
ζομαι, ἀνγέω, ἀνγίζω, διαγάζω, γάνω, μαρμαίρω,  
στρίβω, σελᾶζω, αὐστράττω, σελᾶζω, διαπρέπω.

Ἀμαρτρίχων, una curro: to run along with.  
Τοῖον ἁμαρτρίχωντα θύραξ O. 450.

Ἀμαρτρίχις, ἄς, ἡ, rotarum concursus: the  
meeting of wheels. Μένελαος ἁμαρτρίχις ἀλλέ-  
ειν Ψ. 422.

Ἀμαρρόβιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitam in tenebris degens:  
living in darkness. 'Ανδρὲς ἁμαρρόβιοι φύλλον  
γένεξ πρόσμοιοι Av. 685.

Ἀμαρρός, ρά, ρόν, obscurus: obscure, gloomy.  
weak. Ἀντή τ' ἁμαρρὰ κού τυραννὸς Androm.  
203. SYN. Ἀλαμπής, ἀδηλός, ἀκλῆς, αὐσθῆνς.

Ἀμαρῶς, obscurum reddo, extinguo: to  
darken, extinguish. Hipp. 818. See above. SYN.  
Ἀπάμαρῶς, ἀφανίζω, σκότηζω, ἀποκρύπτω, ἀπο-  
κάλυπτα, ἀπαλείφω, ἐπισκιάζω, ζοφώ, γνόφω,  
ἀμάλω, ἀμάλινω, ἀμαλδύνω, ἀμέρω, ἀπότηριζω.

Ἀμαχητί, absque pugna: without fighting.  
Τὸ μὲν αἰσχρὸν αἰκ' ἀμαχητὶ Φ. 437. SYN.  
Ἀμάχευ, ἀμάχως, ἀκύντι.

Ἀμαχτήρ, poet. Ἀμάχετος, et Ἀμάχως, ου, ὁ, ἡ,  
qui non pugnat; frequentius, invictus: who does  
not fight; irresistible. Sept. Th. 85. Rhes.  
453. See Μάχη. SYN. Ἀπώλεμς, ἀνανδρός,  
δυσμαχητός, ἀνάλωτος, ἀρρηκτός, ἀδάμαστος,  
ἀπόρητος, δυσπάλειμος.

Ἀμάω, ἥω, colligo, constringo, meto: to col-  
lect, to bind together, to mow, to reap. 'Ἐπειτ'  
ἀμᾶσθ' τῶνδ' Eur. Iro fr. 4. Maltby observes  
that in the active voice, and in the derivatives  
αμητήρ and αμητος, the alpha is long in Homer  
and Hesiod; in the middle voice, as also in  
ἐπαμῆσσο, καταμῆσσο and διᾶμσο, the alpha  
is short: with the latter writers the alpha is  
common. SYN. Ἀπάμω, ἐξάμω, κατάμω, συλ-  
λέγω, θείριζω, ἐκθέριζω, θρέπω, ἀπότημω, ἀπο-  
κόττω.

Ἀμαίνω, pro ἀνᾶβαινω, ascendo: to ascend.  
ι. 178.

Ἀμαέλλωμαι, pro ἀνᾶέλλωμαι, remoror: to  
delay. B. 436.

Ἀμᾶσις, ἥς, ἡ, pro ἀνᾶσις ascensio:  
ascend, a mounting. Ἀμᾶσις οὗ τ' Ἰππίων  
E. C. 1070. (Choriamb. dim.)

Ἀμᾶτης, pro ἀνᾶσῃτης, ου, ὁ, qui ascendit,

equus admissarius: ascending; a stallion. Μα-  
νάδες τὸν αμᾶτην Bacch. 1105.

Ἀμᾶτος, pro ἀνᾶστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ascendi  
potest, ascensu facilis: what can be ascended,  
accessible. Ἀμᾶτος ἐστὶ πόλις Z. 434. SYN.  
Ἐπίσᾶτος.

Ἀμᾶλῆδην, per sync. pro ἀνᾶλῆδην, alta voce:  
with the full force of the voice. X. 475.

Ἀμᾶλως, εἶα, ὁ, obtusus, hebes: blunted, dull.  
Νῦν δ' αμᾶλως εἰμι καὶ κἀτηρηκὼς κᾶκων Eur.  
fr. inc. 167.

Ἀμᾶλως, ὦπος, Ἀμᾶλωπης, εὖς, et Ἀμᾶλωπος,  
οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, caecutiens: dim-sighted. Βῖον αμᾶλωπον  
πᾶρέχουσιν Eumen. 953. SYN. Ἀμαυρός.

Ἀμᾶλᾶδην, pro ἀνᾶελαδην, per intervalla,  
diversis vicibus: at intervals. Nem. 10. 61.

Ἀμᾶλῆ, pro ἀνᾶελλῆ, q. v. Heracl. 271.

Ἀμᾶλουργός, ου, ὁ, pro ἀνᾶελλ., dilator operis:  
a man who is dilatory in his work. Ἀμᾶλουργός  
ἄνθρωπος Hes. Op. 411. SYN. Ῥέθυμς, ὀκνηρός,  
σχολαῖος, μελλήτης.

Ἀμᾶλῖν, Ion. pro ἀνᾶελλῖν, ἥς, i. q. Ἀνᾶ-  
ελλῆ, ἡ, dilatio: delay. Ἀμᾶλῖν δὴ γὰρ Apoll.  
3. 144. SYN. Βρόδῖτης, τριεῖς, διατριεῖς, μέ-  
λητος.

Ἀμᾶρβος, as, ἡ, ambrosia: the supposed food  
of the gods. Τοῖον δ' αμᾶρβήν Σίμωις E. 777.  
Er. Εἰρᾶτεινῇ, Διοτρεφῆς, εὐδομῶς. PRR. Θείον  
ἀμᾶρβῶν, αμᾶρβῶν εἶδος.

Ἀμᾶρβός, α, ὁ, immortalis, dulcis: immortal,  
sweet. Περὶ δ' αμᾶρβός κέχθ' ἔσθνος B. 19.  
SYN. Θείος, ἀθάνατος, ἀφθαρτός, ἥδως.

Ἀμᾶρβότης, αμᾶρβότης, abetor: to miss. E. 287.  
SYN. Ἀμαρτῶν, ἀπότηρχινω.

Ἀμᾶρβῶπις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immortalis juvenis:  
an immortal youth. Χάριν ἀγῶνις αμᾶρβῶπιος  
Troad. 539.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immortalis, purus: im-  
mortal, pure. Π. 381. SYN. see Ἀμᾶρβός,  
ἀφθίτος, ἀκηράτος.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immensus: immense,  
large. Πόνον δ' ἀμᾶρβον ὀφειλιν B. 420.  
SYN. Ἀφθόνος, ἀμέτρος, ἀσπέτος, μέγας, πόλις,  
ἀνᾶριθμός.

Ἀμᾶρβος, remuneror, alterno: to exchange,  
alternate, answer. A. 172. See below. SYN.  
Ἀπάμᾶρβος, ἀνᾶμᾶρβος, ἀντίφωνος, ανταδῶς,  
ὑποκρινόμενος, ἀποκρινόμενος.

Ἀμᾶρβος, commuto: to give in exchange. Δι-  
μήδεα τεύχε' ἀμᾶρβει Z. 235. SYN. Ἀλλᾶττω,  
ἐξαλλᾶττω, ἐπαλλᾶττω, ἀμᾶρβω, ανταλλᾶττω.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, implacabilis:  
implacable. Ἐπέεσσιν ἀμᾶρβον δ' ὄπ' ἄκουε  
Φ. 98. See Π. 734. SYN. Δυσμελικτός, ἀνῆλῆς,  
ἀνῆμερος, ἀνῆλως, ἀνῆλῆμων, ἀνῆλῆς, ἀνῆλῆς,  
ἀσπερτός, ἀβελκτός, ἀκλήρητος, ἀπηνῆς, ἀπα-  
αίτητος, δυσπᾶραίτητος, ἀπαράμυθος, ἀσπόνδος,  
ἀσπερτός, ἀτέρμων, ἀτεγκτός, ἀκαμῆτης, σκληρός,  
χάλεπός. PRR. Πέτρας ἔχων φύσιν ἡε σιδήρου  
Mosch.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ὄνως, melior: better, braver. Οὐ  
παρὸς ἀμᾶρβον A. 404. SYN. Βελτίων, βελτέρως,  
κρίττων, φέρτερος, προφέρτερος, λωίτερος,  
ἀρείων, ἀρειότερος, λώων.

Ἀμᾶρβος, cum gen., privo aliquem portione: to  
rob any one of his share. Πᾶρά χεῖλός ἀμᾶρβον  
Nicand. 3. 686. Pyth. 6. 26. SYN. Ἀμᾶρβος,  
ἀπάμᾶρβος, ἀπαρᾶω, ἀτέμω, νοσφίζω, τητᾶω,  
στέρω, ορφαίνω, ἀφαιρέω.

Ἀμᾶρβος, mulgeo: to milk. Αἰγᾶς ἀμᾶρβω  
Theoc. 5. 85.

Ἀμᾶρβος, negligo: to disregard, neglect. N. 419.  
SYN. Ἀθρόβος, ἀφροντιστός, ἀμᾶρβος δὲ δὴναι τι.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non curandus: not de-  
serving of attention. Theog. 422.

Ἀμᾶρβος, as, poet. pro Ἀμᾶρβός, ἡ, incuria:  
carelessness. Iph. A. 850. SYN. Ἀμᾶρβός,  
ἀμᾶρβός, ἀφροντιστός, ἀλγῶν, ἀλγῶν, ἀργία,  
ἀκηρία.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ἀμᾶρβός, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, inculpatus,  
innocuus: unblamed, innocent. Iph. A. 1158.

SYN. Ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός, ἀνατῶς,  
ἀβλᾶδης, ἀκᾶτος, ἀνῆλῆς, ἀνῆλῆς, ἀνῆλῆς, ἀνῆλῆς,  
ἀμᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, culpa expers: without blame or  
censure. Philoct. 1465.

Ἀμᾶρβός, as, ἡ, reprehensionis immunitas:  
exemption from reproach. Οὐκ ἀμᾶρβός φίλοις  
Sept. Th. 903. SYN. Ἀμᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἡ, ὁ, ἡ, ἡ, ἡ, sine robore et  
viribus: feeble, unsubstantial. κ. 521. Eur.

Suppl. 1116. SYN. Ἀσθενής, ἀμᾶρβός, ἐξίτηλος,  
νωθρός, νοχέλης, λεπτός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, irritum reddo: to render weak,  
useless. N. 562. SYN. Ἀσθενός, ἐκλῶ, γνῶω,  
ἐλασσώ.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ξω, κα, exsugo, destringo, decerpo:  
to extract, to take off, squeeze out, pluck off.  
Χίρι καρπὸν ἀμᾶρβον Herc. F. 396. SYN.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, curarum expers: devoid  
of care, unattended to. Aj. Fl. 1207. SYN.

Ἀφροντιστός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immensus, immodicus:  
immeasurable, immense, immoderate. Ὅπισθεν  
ἀμᾶρβος πόνος ἐστὶ Ψ. 249. SYN. Ἀμᾶρβός,  
ἀμᾶρβός, ἀπληρτός, ἀπᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, sine modo loquax: in-  
cessantly babbling. Μοῦνος ἀμᾶρβότης ἐκλύα  
B. 212. SYN. Ἀδολέσχης, φλύαρος.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ὁ, ἡ, pertransibilis: by which  
there is a passage. Ὅση καὶ ἀμᾶρβός Ἀπ. Rh.

4. 297.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in diversam regionem  
transiens: passing into a different part; where  
the paths cross each other. Pyth. 11. 58. See

Ἀμᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, transeo: to pass over; surpass, van-  
quish. Pyth. 1. 86. See Ἀμᾶρβός. SYN. see

Ἀμᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἡ, falx, ligo: a spade, mattock. Οἱ  
χῆνες ὑπὸ τῶν ἀμᾶρβῶν ὥσπερ ταῖς ἀμαῖς Av. 1145.

SYN. Δικελλᾶ.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός, quodammodo, quoquo  
modo: some way or other, in some measure.

Τῶας μὲν ἦδ' ἡ μισθόφωρος ἀμᾶρβος Acharn. 608.  
Thesm. 428. Exp. 'Ἐνὶ γὰρ τῶας, ὅσων, ὅσων,  
δὴ ποτε.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ira et simultate vacuus:  
free from anger or quarrel. Σύν τ' εὐκλεία καὶ  
ἀμᾶρβος A. Suppl. 976. SYN. Ἀχλὺς, ἀκός,  
εὐμῆς, ἡμέρος.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, colo non deducendus: not  
to be spun out. Καὶ γῆρας ἀμᾶρβον Apoll. 2.

221. SYN. Ἀτλέστος, ἀπᾶρβός, διηνήκης,  
ἐνδελῆς, συνέχης.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἡ, ὁ, messor: a reaper. Οἱ δ'  
ῥοτ' ἀμᾶρβος Δ. 67. For the first syll. see

Ἀμᾶρβός. SYN. Θερμότης, δρεπάνηρος, ἀμᾶρ-  
βός, ἀμᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, mēssis: a harvest. Ἀμᾶρβος δ'  
ἀλγιστός T. 223. SYN. Θέρως, θέρμους, κάλ-  
υπτός, εὐκαρτία.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ὁ, ἡ, cui mater est nulla, aut  
sæva: motherless; unnatural. Ion 109. SYN.  
Κακόμητος.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἡ, ὁ, ἡ, inops consilii sum: to  
be without contrivance, to be at a loss, or irre-  
solute. Δὴ μὲν ἀμᾶρβός Theoc. 22. 103.

SYN. Ἀπᾶρβός, μέμνω, ἐκκᾶμω.

Ἀμᾶρβός, as, ἡ, inopia consilii: perplexity.  
'Ὀρῶντες ἀμᾶρβός δ' ἐχέ ι. 295. SYN. Ἀμᾶρβός,  
ἀνελπιστός, ἀπᾶρβός, ἀπᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inops consilii, difficilis:  
devoid of contrivance, senseless, unfounded,  
difficult. Ἀμᾶρβός ἀμᾶρβός ἀλλ' E. 26. SYN.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἀδυνάτος, ἀπᾶρβός, ἀδυσπᾶτος.

Ἀμᾶρβός, nullo modo: by no means in  
perplexity. Δρᾶν δ' ἀμᾶρβός ἐχει Eur. Fr.  
Enom. 3.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, purus: undefiled, pure.  
Κεφάλῃς ἀμᾶρβός ἀπ' ἀρκῆς Theog. 447. SYN.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἀκᾶτος, ἀπᾶρβός, ἀπᾶρβός, ἀπᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, commercium fugiens: in-  
hospitable. Iph. T. 403. SYN. Ἀκοινώτης, ἀπᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, ἡ, ὁ, ἡ, certamen: a contest, struggle,  
conflict. Διὰ σαρκὸς ἀμᾶρβός Hel. 355. SYN.

Ἀγῶν, σπουδῇ, φιλονεικία. Er. Φιλοπλοῦτος,  
βιβαρμᾶτος, οὐκ ἀμᾶρβός.

Ἀμᾶρβός, certo, amulor: to contend. Τόνδ'  
ἀμᾶρβός λόγον Herc. 271. SYN. Διᾶμᾶρβός,  
ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός, ἀμᾶρβός,

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Ἀμμόρος, Ἀμόρος, ου, δ, ἡ, calamitosus: unfortunate. Σ. 489. See Ἀμορός.

Ἀμμων, ἄμω, δ, Ammon: a name of Jupiter.

Pyth. 4. 28.

Ἀμμωνίος, ἰάδω, Ἀμμωνίος, ἰδός, ἡ, ad Ammonem pertinens: belonging to Ammon. Alcest. 113. Eur. Electr. 734.

Ἀμνείος, α, ὄν, agninus: belonging to a lamb.

woollen. Theoc. 24. 61. Syn. Ἀρνείος.

Ἀμνῆ, ἡς, Ἀμνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, agna: a she-lamb.

Δωρεῖται Μόρσων τὰν ἀμνῖδ᾽ Theoc. 5. 139.

Syn. Ἀμνῆς, ἀρνῆ. Ep. Ἀπάλλ, ἄμνῃ, βληχῆς, μάλ᾽ ἀκῆ.

Ἀμνημονεύτος, ου, δ, ἡ, immemoratus: un-

mentioned, not remembered. Iph. T. 1420.

Ἀμνημονέω, ἥσω, κᾶ, immemor sum: to forget.

Orest. 210.

Ἀμνημόνη, ἡς, ἡ, oblivio: forgetfulness.

Ion 1100. Syn. Ἀμνημόνη, λήθη, ληθισμένη, λήσις.

Ἀμνημων, ὄνως, δ, ἡ, immemor: unmindful.

Mus. 322. Syn. Ἀγνώμων, λήμων, λῆθμων.

Ἀμνηστέω, ἥσω, κᾶ, oblisceor, immemor

sum: to forget, to be unmindful of. Soph. El. 484.

Syn. Ἐκλανθανάμαι, ἀμνηστέω.

Ἀμνηστός, ου, δ, ἡ, oblivione deletus: for-

gotten. Theoc. 16. 42.

Ἀμνών, ου, τὸ, vas ad excipiendum sanguinem

in sacrificiis respiciunt: a vessel for receiving

the blood shed in sacrifice. Persius δ' ἀμνών

εἶχε γ. 444. Syn. Σφάγιον, σφάγιον.

Ἀμνός, Ἀμνιστός, οὗ, ἡ, Amnisus: a port

of Gnosus in Crete. Στῆθε δ' ἐν Ἀμνιστῷ ὄρεϊ

τ. 188.

Ἀμνὸν κῶν, οὐνός, δ, agnina mentem habens,

fatuus: stupid. Eq. 264. Syn. Εὐθής, μῶρος,

ἀμῆχανός, ἡλιδός.

Ἀμνός, οὗ, δ, agnus: a lamb. Theoc. 5. 24.

Ἀμνός is a term not found in the Tragedians,

Homer, or Hesiod. Syn. Ἀρνῆ, gen. ἀρνός, πρό-

βάτιον. Ep. Ἀπάλλ, πῶδῃ, σῆκῃ, ὑπό-

μάς, κέρσας, ἰσομήτωρ.

Ἀμνηστί, sine labore: without labour. Γέρων

ἀμνηστί ἀειρεν Α. 636. Syn. Ἀμνηστί, ἀτάλαι-

πώρος.

Ἀμνηστός, ου, δ, ἡ, indefessus: unwearied.

Hymn. Mart. 3. Syn. Ἀκμής, ἀκαμάτος.

Ἀμνός, aliqua ex parte: in some degree. Τῶν

ἀμνόν γ' εἰδ' α. 10.

Ἀμνισαῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, alternus, mutus: alter-

nate. Apoll. 3. 83. See below.

Ἀμνισθῆ, ἡς, ἡ, permutatio, vicissitudo, com-

pensatio: change, exchange. Oias ἀμνισθῆς ἐξ

ἰσάωνος κῆρε Med. 23. Syn. Ἀμνισθῆς, ἀν-

ἀμνισθῆς, ἀντάλλαγμα, ἐπαλλάγη, ἐπαλλάξις, κοι-

νωσία, μετὰ δόλῃ, ἀντίδοσις, ἀντιδωρῆ, ἀντενερ-

γέτημα.

Ἀμνισθῆς, vicissim, alternim: by turns,

alternately. Ἡσίοσαν ἀμνισθῆς δ' εἰδικῶν Σ. 506.

Syn. Ἐναλλάξ, ἐπαλλάξ.

Ἀμνιστός, ἡ, ὄν, mutus: succedaneous. Ἥλθον

ἀμνιστοί Ν. 793. Syn. Ἀμνισαῖος.

Ἀμνός, ου, δ, ἡ, expers, non particeps: de-

prived, bereft, having no share. Ἡμῖν ἀμνορον

Theoc. 21. 30.

Ἀμολγαῖος, α, ὄν, lacteus, qui mulgetur:

milky, which is milked. Μᾶζ' α τ' ἀμολγαίῃ Hes.

Op. 588. Syn. Γαγῆρος, γαγάδεις.

Ἀμολγῆς, ὤος, δ, mulctra: a milk-pail. Τῶν

ἀμολγῆ᾽ πληροί Theoc. 8. 87. Syn. Γαυλός,

πέλλα.

Ἀμολγός, οὗ, δ, tempus quo mulgetur, nox

extrema: milking-time, the evening. Νυκτός

ἀμολγῶ Α. 173. Syn. Ἑσπέρα.

Ἀμολγός, ου, δ, ἡ, inculpatus: blameless.

Eum. 478. Syn. Ἀμειπτός, ἀμειψής.

Ἀμολγῶν, ὄνως, δ, Hamorāon: Καὶ Πάλαϊ-

μόνῃν Ἀμολγῶν Θ. 276.

Ἀμολγῆς, ἄδως, ἡ, pedisequa, a female attend-

ant. Εἰπονταί ἀμολγῆδες Apoll. 3. 880.

Ἀμολγός, οὗ, δ, assecla: bubulcus: an at-

tendant: a herdsman. Πέμνεν ἀμολγούς Call. 3.

45. Syn. Ἀκόλουθος, ἀμειπτός, βοσκῆς, ποιμήν.

Ἀμολγῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, vestimentum purpurei coloris:

a purple robe. Τάλαινα τῆς ἀμολγῆδος Lysit.

736. Syn. Τρασιμῶ, χιτῶν, ἐσθῆς, φόρος.

Ἀμολγός, Ἀμολγός, ου, δ, ἡ, i. q. Ἀμολγός, expers,

calamitosus: having no share, unfortunate. Med.

1392. Syn. Εσπέρημένος, τηγμένός, δόλιος,

δυσδαίμων, δύσμορος, κἀκόμορος, κἀκούμωρος.

Ἀμολγῆς, ας, ἡ, deformitas: deformity, hag-

gardness. Φάνει' ἀμολγῆς Orest. 385. Syn.

Δυσμορφία, δυσείδεια. Ep. Αισχρά, ασχημῶν.

Ἀμολγός, ου, δ, ἡ, deformis: deformed, dis-

figured. Nec. 240. Syn. Δυσείδης, δύσμορφος,

ασχημῶν, ασχρός, αἰδής, ἀκομῶς.

Ἀμολγός, Dor., et Ἀμολγός, Att., noster,

meus: our, my. Καὶ δέχομαι χερὶ δάμοι τ' αἰοῖς

Androm. 1177.

Ἀμολγός, Doric. Ἡμολγός: vel ut mavult Gaisford.

Ἀμολγός, postquam: when. Theoc. 22. 11.

Ἀμολγός, ου, δ, ἡ, inexplebilis: insatiable. Θῆρ

ἄμωτος μακρῇ Theoc. 25. 242. Syn. Ἀκρε-

στός, ἀπληστός.

Ἀμολγῆς, ας, ἡ, illiterata barbaries: want of

refinement, rusticity. Ἀμολγῆς τοι μὲν Eur. fr.

Antip. 40. 89.

Ἀμολγός, ου, δ, ἡ, musis non initiatus, indoc-

tratus, tristis: illiterate, mournful. Phoen. 820.

Syn. Ἀπομυστός, ἀμῶδης, ἀπαλειπτός, ἀκομῶς,

ἀηδής.

Ἀμολγῆς, et Ἀμολγῆς, facile: without exertion,

easily. Ὁ θεὸς ἀμολγῆ κείσθ' νῦν ἡγήσεται

Bacch. 194.

Ἀμολγῆς, ου, δ, ἡ, labor, arens, iners: de-

void of, or free from, labour, inactive. Trach.

147. Syn. Ἀτάλαιπώρος, ἀργός, οὐ τός.

Ἀμολγῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, campestris: meadowy.

Pers. 572.

Ἀμολγῆς, pro ἀνὰ πᾶσι, per mare: along

the sea. Ὡς φέρει' ἀμολγῆς Hes. Theoc. 190.

Ἀμολγῆς, ὄνως, δ, poet. pro Ἀμολγῆς, vine-

tum, vinea: a vineyard, grapev. Theoc. 25.

155. Syn. Ἀλῶα, οἰνῶδες. Ep. Πολυεστῆς,

σύσκῃς, κάτασκῃς. Pnn. Γῆ οἰνῶδες, ἀμπε-

λῶδες, πᾶν ἀμπελῆν.

Ἀμολγῆς, ου, τὸ, viticula: a little vine. Κάμοι

γὰρ ἐστὶν ἀμπελῆς κέκομμένα Acharn. 511.

Ἀμολγῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, vitis: a vine. Πρῶτ' α μὲν

ἀν ἀμπελῆδος ὄρχον ἔδασαι μάκρον Acharn.

1014.

Ἀμολγῆς, εσθῆ, ἡ, vitifer: fertile in vines.

G. 184.

Ἀμολγῆς, ὄνως, δ, vine-dresser, vinitor: a

vine-dresser. Pax 189.

Ἀμολγῆς, ου, ἡ, vitis: a vine. α. 245. Syn.

Οἶνη, ἀμπελῆς. Ep. Ἀγρίᾳ, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε,

ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε,

ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε,

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ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε, ἀνέλε,

δωρῆς, οὐντόκοι ἔρσαι, εὐσταφύλοιο δέχλατος

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Αμφέτω, Αμφίετω, circa aliquid versor, tracto, euro: to be employed about. Σ. 559. Ω. 804. SYN. Περύετω, δερᾶπτεω, μεταχειρίζομαι, εγχειρίζομαι, ενεργέω, διακινέω, κατευθύνω, υπηρέτω. Αμφεύγω, pro ἀναφεύγω, vito: to escape. Iph. T. 871. SYN. Αποφεύγω, εκκλίνω, ἀποδιδράσκω. Αμφήκης, ἔως, utrimque acutus: two edged. Φ. 118. SYN. Αμφιστόμος, αμφίγυος, αμφιθηκτός, διστόμος. Αμφηρέφης, ἔως, undique tectus: covered on all sides. Αμφηρέφεια τέ φάρετρη A. 45. Αμφήρης, ἔως, utrimque remis appulsus: rowed on both sides. Cycl. 15. Αμφηριστός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, controversus, dubius: disputed, contended for. Ψ. 382. SYN. Αμφιθρητός, αμφιδύος, αμφισύλος, αμφιδόξος. Αμφί, circum, propter: around, about, concerning. Γυναῖκος αμφί βαμὺν Iph. T. 711. SYN. Πέρ, πρὸς, κατὰ. Αμφιάλδης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, Amphialus: the son of Polyneus. "Αλμᾶτ' δ' Αμφιάλος Δ. 128. Αμφιάλδης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, a mari undique cinctus: sea-girt. "Οστis ἐν αμφιάλῳ ἰδᾶν a. 401. SYN. Αμφιρρόντος. Αμφιάρδης, οὐ, Αμφιάρως, Αμφιάρεις, ἔως et ἡς, δ, Amphiarus. Λαοσσύδων Αμφιάρων ο. 244. Ερ. Λαοσσύδης, δρᾶσυνήδης. Πηρ. Μέγας πρόφητης, μάντις Οἰκλήδης σόφης, πόλεμοιὺ νέφους. Αμφιάχω, circumsono: to cry or shriek loud. Λάβεν αμφιάχυν B. 316. SYN. Αμφιρᾶξω, αμφισύλω. Αμφιδάω, circumeo, tueor: to walk about, protect. Χρῆσθιν αμφιδέσθης A. 37. SYN. Περιβαίνω, περίπολέω, φράσσω, ρύσμαι. Αμφιδάλλω, εἰλῶ, ἐξελήκω, circumjicio; med. induo: to throw round; to put on. Phoen. 314. SYN. Αμπεχῶ, περίτρημι, ασπάζομαι, αντὲξομαι, αμφιέννυμαι. Αμφιδύω, ἔως, ἡ, circumventio; defensio; lis: the being surrounded; protection; quarrel. Δείσε δ' οὐ γ' αμφιδύσιν E. 623. SYN. Αρωγῇ, αμφοσθέντοισι, ἐρίς. Αμφιδύς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, in terra et in aqua vivens: amphibious. Αμφιδύον γὰρ ἔδωκε νόμῳ Batrom. 59. Αμφιελήμω, ἄτος, Αμφιεληστρόν, οὐ, τὸ, indumentum, munimentum: anything thrown round; a defence. Λαμπρὰ τ' αμφιελήματα Hel. 422. SYN. Αμπεχόννη, ἐρύμω. Αμφιδύτης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, valde celebris: very famous. Call. 4. 303. SYN. Ευκλῆης, πολυφάτος, περιδύτης, ἀγᾶλκτος, ἐπικλυτός, ἀγαστός. Αμφιδύλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, circumjectus: thrown round, encompassing. Troad. 540. Αμφιδουλός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, consilii incertus: uncertain in counsel. Eum. 736. Αμφιέρπτος, ἡ, ὅν, hominem undique cingens: covering a man on every side. Ασπίδος αμφιέρπτης B. 389. Αμφιγένηα, as, ἡ, Amphigenia: a city in Messenia. Καὶ Αμφιγένηαί ἐναυον B. 593. Αμφιγνέω, valde laetor: to be exceedingly rejoiced. Hom. Ap. 273. Αμφιγύτης, εντός, δ, ἡ, utroque pede captus: lame of both feet, an epithet of Vulcan. Περικλυτός Αμφιγύτης Σ. 383. SYN. Χωλός. Αμφιγύς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, superne et inferne ferrum habens, robustus: having iron at both ends;

strobg. Αμφίγυος κατέβαν Trach. 504. Εξρ. Πάντῃ ισχυρός, ἡ μάχῃσιν ἡμεῖς χερσὶ καὶ πόσιν. Αμφιδάω, circum accendo: to kindle around, blaze about. Z. 329. Αμφιδάκρυτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, valde luctuosus: very mournful; much wept for. Phoen. 340. See Δάκρυτος. SYN. Πολυδάκρυτος, δρηνώδης. Αμφιδάμας, αντός, δ, Amphidamas. Κύθηριῷ Αμφιδάματι K. 268. Ερ. Δαΐφρων, ἀγῆνωρ, ἄμυμων. Αμφιδάσους, εἴα, ὅ, valde hirsutus: very shaggy, impenetrable, an epithet of the Aegis. Δεῖνῳ αμφιδάσειαν O. 309. SYN. Αμφιμαλλός, δάσους. Αμφιδέξιος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ambidexter, geminus: equally expert in the use of both hands; two. Αμφιδέξιος ακμαῖς CE. R. 1260. Αμφιδέω, circumligo: to bind round. Apoll. 2. 63. SYN. Περύετω, περικλίνωμι, ἀνᾶδω. Αμφιδύω, circumvolvo: to whirl round. Αμφιδύλῃται πόλεος Ψ. 562. SYN. Αμφιέλλω, περικύλλω, αμφικύλλω, περίχέμαι. Αμφιδόκω, speculor, insidior: to watch, lie in wait. Bion. 2. 6. SYN. Κάτασπαστέω. Αμφιδόξος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, dubius animi: doubtful, wavering. Dan. 52. Αμφιδρόμῃ, ὡν, τὰ, dies quintus a natis infantibus, quo obstetrices eos circa focum ferebant currentes: a festival upon the fifth day after the birth of a child, on which the parents named him. Οὐτ' αμφιδρόμῃ τῆς κινήσιν Lysistr. 758. Αμφιδρόμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, circum currans: running round. Aj. 351. Αμφιδρύφης, ἔως, Αμφιδρύφος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, undique laceratus: who has torn both cheeks for sorrow. Τοῦ δὲ καὶ αμφιδρύφης B. 700. SYN. Εσπαραγμένος. Αμφιδύμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui undique accedi potest: having an entrance on both sides. Αμφιδύμι κείνται Apoll. 1. 940. Αμφιδύωμαι, ὑσδομαι, induo: to put on, to clothe. Αμφιδύσεται χρὸς Trach. 604. Αμφιέλλω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, utrimque poculum habens: double-cupped. See Clarke's note, II. A. 584, δὲ πᾶς αμφικύπελλον. Αμφιέλλω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, loquax: talking with both lips, chattering. Ran. 679. See Λάλλω. Αμφιλάφης, ἔως, δ, ἡ, utramque manum complens: that which can be held only in both hands, capacious. Εκ Διὸς αμφιλάφης Agam. 985. Αμφιλάχων, circumfodio: to dig around. Φύτον αμφελάχων ω. 241. SYN. Περικάπτω, περιδύπτω, περιτάφρευω. Αμφιλεκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, dubius: controverted, doubtful. Phoen. 509. SYN. Αμφιδόλος, αμφιλόγος, αμφήριστος, ενδοιαστός, ἀκρίτος, ἀηλός, φιλονεικός. Αμφιλόγῃα, as, ἡ, disceptatio: doubt, dispute. Hes. Theog. 229. SYN. Αμφιβολία, αμφιδόσις, ἐρίς, στάσις. Αμφιλόγος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, dubius: equivocal, controverted. Med. 637. Αμφιλόγως, dubie: doubtfully, equivocally. Pers. 902. See BI. Αμφιλόφης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, utrimque cristatus: having two plumes or crests. Antig. 351. Αμφιλύκος, ἡ, ὅν, subultristis, antelucanus: dusky or grey, as applied to the night or morning. Ἐπὶ δ' αμφιλύκῃ νύξ H. 433. SYN. Λυκόφως, περίορδον. Πηρ. Νυκτός ὅταν τρίτον λαχὼς ἰσῳτάται, εγγύθι δ' ἡώς.

Αμφιθηκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, utrimque acutus: two-edged. Antig. 1308. Αμφιθη, ἡς, ἡ, Amphithoe, one of the Nereids. Σ. 42. Αμφιθέρω, Αμφιθράσκω, undique assulto: to jump about, spring on. Apoll. 3. 1372. Αμφιθρηπτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, undique concretus: coagulated. Εἰν γὰρ αμφιθρηπτόν αἷμα Trach. 572. SYN. Πέπηγος. Αμφιθύρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, binas fores habens: having two gates. Οἶκον μὲν ὅρας τὸνδ' αμφιθύρον Philoct. 159. Αμφικάλυπτο, circumtego: to envelope, surround. Πυρσοῦ δ' αμφικάλυφθῃ Herc. F. 360. SYN. Περιστέλλω, κάλυπτο, στέγάζω, κάτα-στέγάζω. Αμφικέκω, circumscindo, excortico: to cleave into two parts. Δρόος αμφικέσσας ξ. 12. SYN. Περσχιζέω, διατρέω, κάτασχιζέω. Αμφικεμαι, jaceo: to lie about. CE. C. 1620. Αμφικύων, ὄνδος, δ, ἡ, undique columnis ornatus: decorated around by columns. "Οστis αμφικύωνος Antig. 285. Αμφικύναστος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui undique alluitur: sea-beaten on all sides. Ακτὴ τίς αμφικύναστος Trach. 754. Αμφικύμω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, bene frondosus: densely covered with hair, leafy. Θάμν' ἐπ' αμφικύμῳ P. 677. SYN. Ευκύμω, χαυθεις. Αμφικρανός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, utrimque habens capita: double-headed, many-headed. Τὴν τ' αμφικρανὸν καὶ πάλμωλαστὴν κύνᾳ Herc. F. 1274. Αμφικρέμω, Αμφικρέμῃ, Αμφικρέμαμαι, ἄσω, circumpendo: to hang or hover about, suspend, beset. Isth. 2. 64. Αμφικρηνμός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, utrimque precipitum habens: having a precipice on each side. Ἦν δ' ἀγκὺς αμφικρηνμὸν ὑδάσι διαδρόχον Bacch. 1049. Αμφικύλλω, circumvolvo: to roll about, tumble over. Φασγάνῳ αμφικύλλοις Nem. 8. 40. Αμφικύπελλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, utrimque poculum habens: double-cupped. See Clarke's note, II. A. 584, δὲ πᾶς αμφικύπελλον. Αμφιᾶλδης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, loquax: talking with both lips, chattering. Ran. 679. See Λάλλω. Αμφιλάφης, ἔως, δ, ἡ, utramque manum complens: that which can be held only in both hands, capacious. Εκ Διὸς αμφιλάφης Agam. 985. Αμφιλάχων, circumfodio: to dig around. Φύτον αμφελάχων ω. 241. SYN. Περικάπτω, περιδύπτω, περιτάφρευω. Αμφιλεκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, dubius: controverted, doubtful. Phoen. 509. SYN. Αμφιδόλος, αμφιλόγος, αμφήριστος, ενδοιαστός, ἀκρίτος, ἀηλός, φιλονεικός. Αμφιλόγῃα, as, ἡ, disceptatio: doubt, dispute. Hes. Theog. 229. SYN. Αμφιβολία, αμφιδόσις, ἐρίς, στάσις. Αμφιλόγος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, dubius: equivocal, controverted. Med. 637. Αμφιλόγως, dubie: doubtfully, equivocally. Pers. 902. See BI. Αμφιλόφης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, utrimque cristatus: having two plumes or crests. Antig. 351. Αμφιλύκος, ἡ, ὅν, subultristis, antelucanus: dusky or grey, as applied to the night or morning. Ἐπὶ δ' αμφιλύκῃ νύξ H. 433. SYN. Λυκόφως, περίορδον. Πηρ. Νυκτός ὅταν τρίτον λαχὼς ἰσῳτάται, εγγύθι δ' ἡώς.

Αμφιμάσσομαι, vel Αμφιμάδωμαι, abstergeo: to wipe, clean. Πάρας αμφιμάσσοι v. 152. SYN. Μάσσω, ἀπομάσσω, ἀποσῶμαι. Αμφιμάσχαλός, οὐ, δ, sc. χίτων, vestis humeralis: a coat with sleeves reaching to the arm-pit, worn by freemen only. Equit. 882. See Μασχάλη. Αμφιμάχουμαι, pro aliquo vel circa aliquid pugno: to fight for or about anything. Π. 73. Αμφιμέδων, οντός, δ, Amphimedon. Τὸν ἀγακλῦτον Αμφιμέδοντα ω. 103. Αμφιμέλας, ανᾶ, ἄν, omino niger: black all round, very black. P. 499. Αμφιμήτωρ, Dor. Αμφιμήτωρ, ὄνδος, δ, ἡ, frater ex diversa matre: spoken of those who have different mothers, but the same father; a half-brother. Androm. 466. SYN. Ἐτερόμητωρ, αμφιγόνος. Αμφιμυκάωμαι, circummugio: to bellow round about, re-echo loudly. "Ἀπᾶν αμφιμυκεν κ. 227. SYN. Αμφιᾶχω. Αμφινευής, ἔως, Αμφινεικτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, de quo lis est: contended for. Trach. 105. 527. Αμφιμένωμαι, circum habito: to dwell around. τ. 133. SYN. Περιούκιω, κατοικέω. Αμφινύτω, ambigo, cum dubitatione animadverto: to be in doubt. Antig. 382. SYN. Απὸρῶ, αμφισθενέω, αμφιδάλλω, διστάζω, δοιδάδωμαι. Αμφινύμι, ἡς, ἡ, Amphinome. Σ. 44. Αμφινόμος, οὐ, δ, Amphinomus. π. 351. Αμφιζέω, circum rado: to cut round. Πρό-τῶν αμφιζέσθ' αλκαῖ ψ. 196. SYN. Περύετω. Αμφινύς, α, ὅν, Amphionius: belonging to Amphion. Τὰς Αμφινύας τέ λῆρας ὑπὸ πυργὸς ἀνέστα Phoen. 838. Ἀμφίος, οὐ, δ, Amphius. Ἀδρηστός τέ καὶ Ἀμφίος λινθώρηξ B. 830. Αμφιπάλων, undique conspergo: to sprinkle on all sides. Σάκος αμφεπάλωνεν Apoll. 3. 1246. Αμφιπέδω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, campis cinctus: having a plain on both sides. Pyth. 9. 94. Αμφιπέλωμαι, existo: to exist, to be. a. 352. SYN. Εἰμι, ὑπάρχω, πάρεμι. Αμφιπένωμαι, Αμφιπένωμαι, in aliqua re elaboro: to be employed in. Π. 28. Αμφιπερκετιόνες, ὡν, οἱ, circum habitantes: neighbours. Οὐδ' αἰδεῖσθ' αμφιπερκετιόνες Tyrt. Αμφιπεριστύνωμαι, undique premor, gemo: to be cramped on all sides, to groan around. Αμφιπεριστύνονται ἰδοσὶ Call. Del. 179. Αμφιπεριστροφᾶω, undique circumago: to turn or twist about. Ἐκτορ δ' αμφιπεριστράφα Θ. 348. SYN. Περιέλαινω. Αμφιπεριφινύω, circumcirca pereor: to perish all round. Φλοῖος δ' αμφιπεριφινύθει Hom. Ven. 272. Αμφιπιάζω, Dor. pro αμφιπιάζω, corripio: to seize. Αμφιπιάξῃ λῆκος Theoc. Ep. 6. Αμφιπίπτα, amplexor: to embrace. Πῶσιν αμφιπύσσοις Δ. 523. Αμφιπίννω, ad genua provolor: to fall down before, kneel. Ἀνθρώποι αμφιπίννοσσι Eur. Suppl. 289. Αμφιπλεκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, implicatus: entangled, entwined. Trach. 520. SYN. Εμπέπλεγμένος, ενδὲβελς. Αμφιπλέκω, circumnecto, amplexor: to weave round, to embrace. Eur. fr. Erecht. 6. 1. SYN. Περιπλέκω, περίπυσσω, αμφιδάλλω, προσπερί-βάλλω. Αμφιπληκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, undique percussus;





capitis, redimiculum: a head-ornament, fillet, ribbon. X. 469. Med. 974. SYN. see in *Ανάδημα*.

*Ανάδεδος*, ου, δ, ἡ, religatus, revinctus: bound up, tied back. Hec. 917.

*Ανάδεχομαι*, ἵσμαι, suscipio, recipio, excipio: to take back, engage as bail, undertake. Iph. T. 819. SYN. *Δέχομαι*, *εκδέχομαι*, *ἀνδραμβάνω*, *ὑποσχεύομαι*, *εγγίζω*, *ὀμνολογέω*, *ὑπόμεινω*.

*Ανάδεω*, religo, vincio: to bind, tie up, crown. Plut. 764. SYN. *Ανάδεσσω*, *εξαργάω*, *εκδέω*, *διαδέω*, *κατάδεω*, *ἐπ' στέφω*, *ἀναστρέφω*, *στέφανω*, *ταυνίζω*.

*Ανάδημα*, ἀνός, τὸ, diadema, fascia: a bandage for the head, a crown or garland tied round the head of a conqueror in the public games, a fillet. Hipp. 83. SYN. *Ταινία*, *μίτρα*, *ἀνδασμός*, *ἀνδρόμην*.

*Ανάδιδάσκω*, ἔω, meliora edoceo, dedoceo: to teach thoroughly or again. Τὸν χρησμὸν ἀνὰ διδάξον αὐτὸν ὡς ἔχει Equit. 153. SYN. *Εκδιδάσκω*, *εκπαιδεύω*.

*Ανάδιδωμι*, δάσω, reddo, emitto, produco: to give up, yield, produce. Eur. fr. Melan. 22. See *διδωμι*. SYN. *Εκδιδωμι*, *ἀποδιδωμι*, *ἀσπιδιδωμι*, *αἰεῖδωμι*, *πρόφωμι*.

*Ανάδοχη*, ἡς, ἡ, (1) receptio, cessatio, relaxatio: reception, cessation; (2) sponsio: bail. Trach. 838. SYN. (1) *Ανάπαυλα*, *μέλλησις*, *ἀνάκωχη*, (2) *εργήσις*.

*Ανάδων*, *Ανάδω*, *Ανάδωμι*, *emergeo*, *prodego*, *retrocedo*: to spring up, emerge, retire. Τροδιδέσας ἀνὰ δὴν i. 377. Batrom. 89. A. 359. SYN. *Αἰγῶ*, *ἀνὰ δαίνο*, *ἀναφαίνω*, *ἐπ' ἀντήμῃ*, *ἀνίσταμαι*, *ἀναφέρωμαι*, *ἀνέρχεται*, *ἀνὰ χεῖρα*, *ἀνὰ χερσὶν*, *ἀνατρέχω*, *ὑποσπέρφω*.

*Ανάδωτος*, ου, δ, ἡ, dote carens: dowryless. Φίλην ἀνὰ δὸν ἀγέσθω 1.146. SYN. *Ἀδωρῆτος*. *Ανάειρα*, tollō: to raise up, carry away. 'H μ' ἀνείρ ἡ ἐγὼ σέ Ψ. 724. SYN. *Λείρω*, *αἶρω*, *ἐξαισίστημι*, *ὑπ' ἀνιστάμαι*, *ἀνίσταμαι*.

*Ανάελπτος*, ου, δ, ἡ, insperatus: unhelped for. 'Αναξ ἀνάελπτος πᾶντες Hes. Theog. 660. SYN. 'Αελπτός, ἀνέλπιστος, ἀελπτής, ἀελπίς.

*Αναέω*, ebullio: to boil up, bubble up. Αναέουσι θρομβώδεις ἀφροί Trach. 704. SYN. *Αναβράττω*, *εκέω*.

*Αναβάλλω*, i. q. ἀνὰ θάλλω, q. v., repululo: to flourish again.

*Αναβάλλω*, refoveo: to warm again, cherish up. Anacr. 3.25. SYN. *Θάλλω*, *ἀναψύχω*, *ἀναθερμαίνω*.

*Αναβήτω*. See *Αναβάλλω*. A. 236. SYN. *Αναβλαστάνω*.

*Αναβήμα*, ἀτός, τὸ, (1) donarium Deo in templo suspensum: an offering in the temple of some God; (2) ornamentum quodlibet: an ornament. Ion 1144. SYN. *Προστρόχη*, *ἀγαλμα*, *κόσμος*, *κόσμησις*.

*Αναβόρω*, *Αναβόσσω*, *exsilio*, *subsilio*: to spring up, rebound. Orest. 1415. N. 140.

*Αναβρέω*, attente considero: to examine narrowly, look through. Ἰδοὺ με κἀναβρέσθον οἱ ἐγὼ κέκα Hec. 807. SYN. *Αναβλέπω*, *ἀναθεωρῶ*, *ἀνασκοπεύω*.

*Αναβρώσκω*. See *Αναβρέω*. 'Υπὶ τ' ἀναβρώσκον πέτεται N. 143. SYN. *Αναπιδάω*, *ἀντισπιδάω*, *εκπιδάω*, *ἀποδρώσκω*, *εκθρέω*, *ἀνάλωμαι*, *ἐξάλλωμαι*, *ἀναφέρωμαι*, *ἀνακηκίω*, *ἀνασιγρίω*, *αἰσσω*.

*Ανάβω*, rursus aut sursum impetum capio:

to burst forth, gush up. Εξ ἁμάραν ἀνέβυε Call. Cer. 30. SYN. *Αναβύωμαι*.

*Αναβεία*, as, ἡ, impudentia: impudence. Ὡς μοι ἀναβείην A. 149. SYN. *Ανασχυντία*, *ἀφράδεια*, *πρόπτετα*. Er. Ἀχάινος, λάβρος, θράσειά, ἀκλόατος, ἀκράτης. Pnn. Νόσον πασῶν μέγιστη, τὸ γῆρας ὡς ἀναβείας πλέον.

*Αναβείωμαι*, impudentia utor: to behave impudently. Equit. 396. SYN. *Αναβίζωμαι*, *ἀνασχυντέω*.

*Αναβής*, εὖς, *Αναβήτης*, ου, δ, ἡ, impudens: impudent, shameless. Alcest. 744. Apoll. 3, 92. SYN. *Αναίσχυντος*, ἀσελγής, βιαίος, κύνωπης, πόνηρος, ἀνδότης.

*Αναβῶς*, impudenter: impudently. Alcest. 710.

*Αναβύσσω*, quatiendo vel movendo excitō flammam: to kindle a fire by motion. Troad. 343. SYN. *Αιθύσσω*, *ἀναίω*, *κινέω*, *εκλάμπω*, *ἀποστρίβω*.

*Αναίω*, accendo: to kindle. Cycl. 330.

*Αναίμακτος*, ου, δ, ἡ, haud sanguine tinctus, incruentus: unstained with blood. Phoen. 273. SYN. *Αναίμω*, *ἀπρωτός*.

*Αναίμοσάρκος*, ου, δ, ἡ, cujus caro sanguinis est expers: bloodless. Anacr. 43.

*Αναίμων*, ὀνός, δ, ἡ, exsanguis: bloodless. E. 342.

*Αναμωτῇ*, sine sanguine: without blood. Οὐ κεν ἀναμωτῇ γ' ἐρίθησαν Apoll. 2, 988.

*Ανανύωμαι*, (1) abnuo, detractō: to refuse, disown; (2) inficior: to deny. 'Hδὲ κοικ' ἀνανύομαι Orest. 215. SYN. *Ἀπέπω*, *παραιτέωμαι*, *ἀθέρζω*, *ἀθέρζω*, *ἀποπύμπωμαι*, *ἀποθνήσκω*, *ἀρνέομαι*, *ἀναρνέομαι*.

*Αναίρεσις*, εὖς, ἡ, (1) ablatio: a taking away; (2) versio: a destroying; (3) abrogatio: a disannulling; (4) interfectio: murder. Orest. 398. SYN. (1) *Ἀφαίρεσις*, (2) *αἰρέσις*, *ἀνατροπή*, (3) *διαλύσις*, (4) *καθαίρεσις*, *φόνος*.

*Αναίρω*, ἥσω, aufero, everto, interficio: to take up, overturn, kill. Androm. 619. SYN. *Αἰρέω*, *ἐπαίρω*, *ἀφαιρούμαι*, *καθαίρω*, *λύω*, *κατάλλω*, *αἰστώνω*, *ἀποκτείνω*, *ἀφάνίζω*, *κατάκρινω*.

*Αναΐσσω*, Att. *Ἀνάσσω*, ἔω, sursum ruo: to start up, excite. Ἀνρξέ δ' ὀρθὸς λαὸς Phoen. 1474. SYN. *Εγείρωμαι*, *ἐξαιστώμαι*, *ἀνίσταμαι*, *ἀναθρέω*, *ἀνομιώω*.

*Αναίσχυντέω*, impudenter ago: to be impudent. Thesm. 707. SYN. *Αναβείωμαι*, *ἀναβίζωμαι*, *ἀπερυσθίζω*, *ἀναίσχυντά ποῶ*.

*Αναίσχυντία*, as, ἡ, impudentia: impudence. Thesm. 702. SYN. *Αναβεία*, *εἰρ*.

*Αναίσχυντος*, ου, δ, ἡ, impudens, inverecundus: impudent, indecent. Iph. A. 329. SYN. *Αναβής*, *παράτολμος*.

*Αναίτιος*, ου, δ, ἡ, insons, cujus causa nulla est: blameless, without cause. Herc. F. 1153. See *Αἰτία*. SYN. *Ἀνιπαίτιος*, *ἀνεύθυνος*, *ἀνυπεύθυνος*, *ἀδώς*, *ἀμεμφής*.

*Ανακαίω*, καίσω, ἐκαστά, ἐκρά, accendo: to kindle, light up. Cycl. 382. SYN. *Ἀνάπτω*, *ἐφάπτω*, *δαίω*, *καίω*, *εκκαίω*, *διαπύρω*, *πρήθω*, *εμπρήθω*, *φλέγω*, *εκφλέγω*, *ἀνὰ φλέγω*.

*Ανακάλεω*, alta voce appello: to call aloud on, invoke. Μη 'νθάδ' ἀνὰ καλὸν θεῶν Phoen. 617. SYN. *Κάλεω*, *ἐπιμαρτύρομαι*, *ἐκκάλεω*, *παράκαλεω*.

*Ανακάλυπτα*, revelo, retego: to unveil, uncover, reveal. Sometimes used in the active voice with a medial signification. Orest. 288.

Iph. A. 321. See *Κάλυπτα*. SYN. *Φαίνο*, *ἀναφαίνο*, *ἀποκάλυπτα*, *διάφωτιζω*.

*Ανακάπτα*, deglutio, devoro: to swallow up, devour. Av. 579.

*Ανακειμαι*, κεισώμαι, accumbo, consecratus sum: to recline, to be devoted. Bacch. 934. SYN. *Κατὰκειμαι*, *ἐπικειμαι*, *ἀνὰκαθίζωμαι*, *ἐπικλινώμαι*, *ἀνὰκλινώμαι*, *καθιζέωμαι*.

*Ανακείλῃς*, ου, δ, susurrus, strepitus: an echo, noise. Orest. 182. See *Κελεύς*.

*Ανακέρωννυμι*, *Ανακέρωνναι*, *Ἀνακέρων*, commisceo: to mix, replenish. Bacch. 126. SYN. *Συγκέρωννυμι*, *συμμιγνυμι*, *συμφύρω*, *συγκυκιάω*, *ἀνακίρνημι*, *συγκίρνημι*.

*Ανακίω*, sursum fero, erumpo: to burst, gush forth. Πόλις δ' ἀνέκρικεν ἰδρὸς Ψ. 507. SYN. *Αναφέρωμαι*, *ἀναρούμαι*, *ἀνὰδύω*, *ἀναβρύω*, *ἀναθρέω*, *ἀναπνέω*.

*Ανακίρνω*, voce præconis renuntio: to proclaim aloud. Plut. 585. SYN. *Αναγγέλλω*, *ἐπαγγέλλω*, *ἀναδύω*.

*Ανακινέω*, moveo, impello: to stir up again, agitate anew. Trach. 1261. See *Κινέω*. SYN. *Αναγέρω*, *ἀναείω*, *εξορμάω*, *τάρασσω*, *ἀνατάρασσω*.

*Ανακλίνω*, εὖς, ἡ, commotio, suscitatio: agitation. Κανὰκλίνω φρένας E. R. 727. SYN. *Κλινώσις*.

*Ανακλινάω*, permisceo: to mix up, temper. Hipp. 254. SYN. *Αναμίγνυμι*, *διαμίγνυμι*, *κατάμιγνυμι*.

*Ανακλάω*, clango, clamo: to exclaim, shout. Iph. A. 1062. SYN. *Κλάω*, *κλάγω*, *ἀνέχω*, *ἀνακράω*, *γέγωνέω*, *κελεύω*, *κραυγάζω*.

*Ανακλαίω*, defleo, vehementer flecto: to lament aloud. Bion. 1, 94. SYN. *Ανακκίω*, *ἀπομώζω*, *μετάκλαιω*, *ἐπικκλαίω*.

*Ανακλάω*, ἄσω, refringo, reflecto: to force back, bend or incline. Ἀριστοτέλειον ἀνακλάσας δέρην. Orest. 1476.

*Ανακλινώ*, ἰσώ, repono, reclino, aperio: to bend back, open, disclose. v. 78. SYN. *Κατακλινώ*, *ἀναπίπτω*, *ἀνοίγω*, *ἀναπέπλυνμι*, *ἀναπτύσσω*.

*Ανακογχυλίδω*, gargarizo; simulo: to gargle; to counterfeit. Ἀδίκεις ἀνακογχυλίδων Vesp. 587.

*Ανακοινώω*, communico aliquid cum aliquo: to communicate with another, consult. Nub. 470. SYN. *Κοινώω*, *κοινωνέω*, *μετάδιδωμι*, *μετέχω*, *νέμωμαι*.

*Ανακοιρῶναι*, dominor, obo: to marshal, command. Μάχην ἀνακοιρῶντα E. 824. *Ἀνακοιρῶντα*, in the later editions, is read *ἀνακοιρῶντα*. SYN. *Κοιρῶναι*, *κατευθίω*, *ἀρχω*, *διατάσσω*.

*Ανακολπίζω*, succingo: to fold to the bosom. Thesm. 1174.

*Ανακύνω*, (1) refero, eveho: to bear up or back, recover; (2) redeo: to return. Hipp. 831. SYN. (1) *Αναφέρω*, *ἀποφέρω*, (2) *ἀνείμι*, *ἐπ' ἀνείμι*.

*Ανακοντίζω*, ejaculo, erumpo: to dart, spout up. E. 113. See *Ἀκοντίζω*. SYN. *Ἀκοντίζω*, *ἀνακοντίζω*.

*Ανακόντω*, (1) retundo: to beat back; (2) in-hibeo: to retard; (3) propulso: to dash out. φ. 47. SYN. (1) *Ανακονέω*, *ἀπαθῶ*, (2) *ἀποκονέω*, *ἀποτέμνω*, *αμείνω*, (3) *εκθλέω*.

*Ανακουφίζω*, sublevo: to lift up, lighten, relieve. Hipp. 1390. SYN. *Ἐπικουφίζω*, *ἐλά-*

φρύνω, ὑπαίρω, ἀνίστημι, ὑπ' ἀνίστημι, ἀνίσχω, ἀνίσχω.

*Ανακούφισις*, εὖς, ἡ, sublevatio: alleviation, relief. Κανὰκούφισιν κῶκον E. T. 218. SYN. *Κούφισμα*, *κούφισις*, *ἀναπαυή*.

*Ανακούω* (but others understand *ἐνὰκούω*), *κούσσομαι*, ausculto rursus: to listen to once more. Κανὰκούωμεν γῶν Electr. 81. SYN. *Ἀκρόαομαι*, *ὑπακούω*.

*Ανακράζω*, ἔω, exclamo: to cry out. Ἀνεκράζον οὐκ ἐπικέσσω E. 467. SYN. *Ανακλάω*, *ἀναβόω*, *εκβόω*, *ἀναφωνέω*, *ἐπίφωνέω*, *εγκράζω*, *ἀνακάλω*, *ἐπικάλω*, *ἐπιφθεγγόμαι*.

*Ανακρέμνυμι*, suspendo in altum: to hang up, keep in suspense. Τόδ' ἀνεκρέμασεν Hom. Apoll. 8. SYN. *Κρέμνυμι*, *ἀπαρτάω*, *ἐπαρτάω*, *ἀναρτάωμαι*, *αιώρω*.

*Ἀνακρέων*, οντός, δ, Anacreon: a celebrated lyric poet of Teos. Ἀνακρέων μ' ἐπεμψε Anacr. Er. Ἀφθίτος, μάλακός, οἰνόπότης, οὐδ' ἀδάρης, φιλόκαμος, Τήϊος, εὐχὸς Ἰωνῶν. Pnn. Ἀοιδίμους μέλισθης, ἀκρεστός ἐρώτων, Διόνυσου μέμνη- μένος οὐδ' αὖ καμῶς.

*Ανακρίνω*, ἰσώ, ...utor, dijudio: to examine, decide. Pyth. 4. 112. See *Κρίνω*.

*Ανακρότω*, edo plausum: to clap the hands, applaud. Εγὼ δὲ τὸ χεῖρ' ἀνεκρότησ' ὑφ' ἡδονῆς Plut. 739. SYN. *Ἐπικρότω*, *ἐπικρόθω*, *ἐπίση- μανύωμαι*, *ἐπαίνω*, *ἡμῶ*.

*Ανακρούω*, navem coarceco vel retrorsum ago: to cause a ship to move backward, to row astern. Vesp. 399.

*Ανακτάωμαι*, *κτησώμαι*, (1) recuperō: to recover, repossess; (2) refocillo: to reanimate; (3) mihi amicum facio: attach. Δωμ' ἀνακτῆσαι πάτρος Choeph. 231. SYN. (1) *Ἀνακτίζωμαι*, *ἀνδραμβάνω*, *ἀναπράττω*, *ἀνορθόω*, *ἀνασάω*, *ἀπαρτίω*, *καταρτίω*, (2) *ἀνασπέρτω*, *ἀναψύχω*, (3) *ἐπαρτέω*.

*Ανακτορία*, as, ἡ, impeium: command, sovereignty. Κρῆτες οὖσαν ἀνακτορίην ἀφίετες Hom. Apoll. 234. SYN. *Αρχή*, *Βασίλεια*, *κοιρανία*. Er. Γέραρα.

*Ανακτόρον*, ου, τὸ, regium palatium: a palace, (2) templum: a temple. Troad. 331. See below. SYN. *Βασίλειον*, (2) *ναὸς*, *τέρον*, *τέμενος*, *ἱεὸς*. Er. *Καλόν*, *ολεϊδοαίμον*.

*Ανακτωρ*, ὄρος, δ, herus, rex: a king, prince, ruler. Πόντου δ' ἀνακτωρ 'Ιλίον τ' Iph. T. 1415. SYN. 'Αναξ, *κύριος*, *δεσπότης*, *άρχων*, *ἐπιστάτης*. *Ανακτώω*, permisceo: to mix up. Plut. 302. See *Κύκω*.

*Ανακύκλω*, evolvo, explico: to roll back, bend forward. Στήσόν ἀνακύκλει δέμας Orest. 225. SYN. *Κύκλω*, *ἀνακύκλω*, *ἀνακύκλινω*, *ἀποκύκλινω*, *διπνέω*, *ἀνασπέρφω*.

*Ανακυμβάλλω*, cum sonitu everto: to overturn with a great noise, to tumble. Δίφροι δ' ἀνεκυμβάλλοντες Π. 379. SYN. *Ἀποτρέπωμαι*.

*Ανακύπτω*, emergeo: to rise up, emerge. Cycl. 212. SYN. *Αναβλέπω*, *ἀναβάνω*, *ἀνὰδύομαι*.

*Ανακύωνις*, tintinnabulum pulso: to shake about, try by the sound. Aristoph. fr. Hero.

*Ανακύνω*, deploro: to bewail aloud. Κανὰ- κύνωσας λίγυ Pers. 468. SYN. *Κύνω*, *δρῶναι*, *γῶω*, *ἀνακύνω*, *δάκρυρῶ*, *ἀποθρηνέω*, *ἐπιδύρω*, *ἐπιδυρῶμαι*, *κατάδυρῶμαι*.

*Ανακύνω*, navem in anchoris retineo; in-hibeo; recedo: to stop the motion of a ship; to restrain; to retire. Electr. 732. SYN. *Κατέχω*, *Ἀνὰλάζω*, *υἰλω*, *tripudio*: to raise a shout, D 2

dance. *Εγώ δ' ἀνηλάξω κἀνωρχησάμην* Eur. Suppl. 729. SYN. *Ἀνακράω, παυαίω*.

*Ἀνάλαβαν, λήθωμαι, recipio, recupero, repeto*: to take up, recover, refresh. Ion 429. SYN. *Πάραλαβαν, ἀνέχθωμαι, ἐποδεχόμεναι, ἐπανορθώω, ἀνακατάμην, ἀναρῶμαι, ἀνέχω, ἀνὰ κἀλεω, αἰσθάνομαι, ἐνθυμέομαι*.

*Ἀνάλμπω, resplendo*: to shine forth. Mosch. 4. 103. SYN. *Εκλάμπω, ἀποστρίλινω, εκφαινώμαι, ἀντέλλω, ἀνυκίπω*.

*Ἀνάληγτος, ου, δ, ή, qui nullo dolore aut misericordia tangitur*: untouched by pain or pity, unfeeling. Hipp. 1383. SYN. *Ἀλύπτος, ἀλύπητος, ἀναλγής, ἀναιδύς, ἀπένος, ἀναισθητός, ἀνηλεής, ἀπρηγής, σκληρός*.

*Ἀναλγίτως, inhumaniter*: unfeelingly. Aj. 1333.

*Ἀναλδής, εὖς, δ, ή, incrementum non capiens*: incapable of growing. Vesp. 1040. SYN. *Ἀσθενής, πάρευνος*.

*Ἀναλδίσκω, succresco*: to grow up, to rise into sight as a star. Apoll. 3. 1362. SYN. *Ἀνάδωμι, αυξανόμαι*.

*Ἀνάλεγω, ξω, colligo*: to collect, read. A. 754. SYN. *Συλλέγω, συνάγω*.

*Ἀναλθής, εὖς, δ, ή, insanabilis*: non sanare valens: incurable, not having the power of healing. Bion. 7. SYN. *Ἀνάλθης, ἀνηκεστός*.

*Ἀναλίσκω, Ἀναλώω, δάω, absumo, perdo*: to consume, expend, destroy. *Κἀν ἀναλίσκεις ξένους* Iph. T. 338. See also Med. 326. SYN. *Ἐπαυαλίσκω, εξαναλίσκω, δαπάνω, ἀπετρίνω, καθάρειν, κατάρτιν, πορθεῖω*.

*Ἀναλκεία, Ἀναλκία, ας, ή, (Ion. Ἀναλκίη), impotentia, ignavia, timiditas*: feebleness, cowardice. P. 337. SYN. *Ἀδρανεία, ἀσθενεία, ἀμηχανία, ἀκράτεια, ἀνοδότης*.

*Ἀναλκίς, ἰδύς, δ, ή, impotens*: weak. *Γυναικῶς ἀνάλκιδος ἡπρόσπευός Ε.* 349. SYN. *Ἀσθενής, ἀδυνάτος, ἀκίως, δειλός*.

*Ἀνάλλωμαι, assilio, exulto*: to spring up. Theoc. 8, 88.

*Ἀναλῶω*. See *Ἀναλίσκω*.

*Ἀναλτῶς, ου, δ, ή, inexplebilis*: insatiable. σ. 113. SYN. *Ἀκόρεστος, ἀκόρητος, ἀπληρωτός*.

*Ἀναλῶσις, εὖς, ή, resolutio, abrogatio*: dissolution, deliverance. Soph. El. 142. See *Ἀλῶσις*.

*Ἀναλῶτης, ἥρως, δ, liberator*: a deliverer. Choeph. 153. See *Ἀντήρ*. SYN. *Σωτήρ, ἐλευθερωτής*.

*Ἀνάλῶω, δάω, resolvo, dissolvo*: in med. voc. redimo: to loosen, untie, set aside, ransom, redeem. Suppl. 45. SYN. *Ἐπαυαλῶω, κατὰλῶω, ἀναίρω, ἀποδίδωμι, ἀνέχω, ἐκτίω*.

*Ἀνάλωμα, ἀτὸς, τὸ, sumptus, impensa*: expense, expenditure. *Οὐκ ἐστὶ τὰνάλωμα ἀναλωθὲν λάσειν*. Suppl. 786. SYN. *Ἀνάλωσις, δαπάνη*.

*Ἀνάλωσις, εὖς, ή, consumtio*: consumption, waste, expense. *Ὅστις ἀνάλωσιν τηρεῖ* Theogn. 899. SYN. *Εξάνάλωσις, κατὰνάλωσις, φθίσις, ἀνάλωμα*.

*Ἀνάμωμω, furibundo impetu sursum deorsum feror*: to spread furiously. *Ὅς δ' ἀνάμωμῃ βάθ' ἄγκυά* T. 490. SYN. *Μαίωμαι, μαίνωμαι, ἀναφέρωμαι*.

*Ἀνάμωσάμην, rumino*: to ruminate, consider again and again. *Ἐγνωνσάν ἀνάμωσόμενοι* Vesp. 783.

*Ἀνάμωσω, pinso*: abstergo: to bake; wipe off, expiate. τ. 92. SYN. *Μάσσω, ἀπομάσσω,*

*ἀποτρίβωμαι, ἀναφύρω, ἀνμάλλάττωμαι, ἀποκάθαιρω*.

*Ἀνάμεινω, cano, modulo*: to sing, celebrate in song. Theoc. 17. 113. SYN. *Ἀνμύνω, ἀνὰ γόρεω, κηρύσσω, κατὰδω, περίδω*.

*Ἀνάμεινω, poet. Ἀνάμεινω, expecto, permaneo*: to await, look for, expect. Phoen. 862. A. 171. SYN. *Κατάμεινω, ἐπίμεινω, ὑπομεινω, ἐπέχω, ἐκδέχομαι, προσδέχομαι, κἀραδίδεω, προσδίδεω*.

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*ρανῶν δδόντες* Call. 6. 113. SYN. *Ἐπραίνω, αἶω, ἀναιώω, ἐρημῶω*.

*Ἀνάξιος, α, δν, indignus; inhonoratus*: unworthy; dishonoured. Heracl. 527. SYN. *Ἀπάξιος, ἀδοξός*.

*Ἀνάξιος, dedignor, recuso ut indignum*: to judge unworthy, disparage, treat insolently. Electr. 256. Others read *ἀπαξίων*. SYN. *Ἀπαξίδω*.

*Ἀναξίφορμιγξ, ιγγός, δ, ή, in cithara regnans*: presiding over the lyre. *Ἀναξίφορμιγγεῖς ὅμοι* Olymp. 2. 1.

*Ἀνάξιος, immerito*: unworthily, undeservedly. Heracl. 236.

*Ἀναξ, ὄδς, ή, Anaxo. Καναφόρος αμμῖν* Αναξ Theoc. 2. 66.

*Ἀναπαίδεω, rursus instituo*: to instruct again or anew. Πάλλιν Equit. 1096. SYN. *Παιδεύω, ἐκδιδάσκω, συντρέφω*.

*Ἀναπαυστός, ου, δ, anapæstus*: an anapaest, a metrical foot of three syllables, having the two first short and the last long. *Πάρασας εν τοῖς ἀναπαυστοῖς* Pax 735.

*Ἀναπαύωμαι, exsilio*: to spring up. Ψ. 692. SYN. *Ἀναδύωμαι, ἀνακίωμαι, ἀναπαύωμαι*.

*Ἀναπαύω, vibro, percutio*: to shake up and down, strike. Bacch. 1179. SYN. *Πάλλω, ἀνασείω, ἀνατρίβω, ἀνατρίνω, ἀνέγειρω*.

*Ἀναπαύω, ου, δ, resortitio*: a change of lot, repetition. Olymp. 7. 110. See *Ἀντιπαύω*.

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Ἀναφυσάω, anhelō, exhalo: to gasp for breath, breathe up. Ἀσθὴ ἀναφυσάων Apoll. 2, 433. SYN. Ἀναπνέω, ασθμαίνω.

Ἀναφύω, renasci facio, edo, produco: to shoot up, send forth, cause to grow up. Apoll. 2, 1213. See Φύω. SYN. Ἀνατέλλω, ἀναφέρω.

Ἀναφύομαι, retrocedo, gressum inhihero: to retire. Ἀφ' ἀναφύομενον Π. 819. SYN. Ἀναχάζω, ἀναχωρέω, ἀναστρέφωμαι, ἀνάγω.

Ἀναχαίνω, ἔχων, ἀναχάσκω, hieo: to gape, yawn. Equit. 641. Av. 502. SYN. Χαίνω, χάσκω, διαχάσκω, διαχαίνομαι.

Ἀναχαιτίζω, (1) ferocio, de equis: to raise the mane, to plunge like a restive horse; (2) excutio, proprie de equo qui sessorum excutit: to throw off. Bacch. 1072. SYN. Ἀναρριπίζω, ἐκτραχέλιζω.

Ἀναχέω, εὐσω, poet. Ἀναχέω, infundo: to pour on, infuse. ι. 209. SYN. Εγγχεῖω, ἐπιχέω, εἰσχεῖω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Ἀναχύναινομαι, lanugine obsitus sum: to be covered with down. Κἀναχύναινο τῇ τρίχϊ. Acharn. 791. SYN. Δασύναινομαι.

Ἀναχρένω, tripudio, celebros choreis: to lead the dance, agitate with madness. Phoen. 1770. SYN. Χορένω, ορχέομαι, ἀνμνέω.

Ἀναχωρέω, retrocedo: to retreat, withdraw. Phoen. 742. SYN. Ἀναχάζομαι, ἀπαχωρέω, ὑποχωρέω, ἀπέρχομαι, ἐπαναστρέφω, ὑπάγω, ὑπονοστήω, μεθίσταμαι, ἀφίσταμαι.

Ἀναψυκτὴρ, ἥρως, δ, recreator: that which refreshes. Πόνων ἀναψυκτὴρ δ' ἀμπελων γῆνος Eur. fr. Androm. 27.

Ἀναψύχῃ, ἥς, ἡ, refrigeratio, liberatio: refreshment, release. Εκ γὰρ τῆσδ' ἀναψύχῃς πόνων Ion 1626.

Ἀναψύχω, refrigero: to re-animate, refresh, console. Κρήνην ἀναψύχουσι Iph. A. 421. SYN. Ψύχω, διαψύχω, ἀναβάλλω, ἀναπαύω.

Ἀνάδω, fut. ἀδῶσθαι, placeo: to please. Οὐ μὴν ἀνάδωνται μοι ποιεῖς Alcest. 1127. SYN. Ἀδῶ, ἀρέσσω, εὐαρεστέω.

Ἀνὰδῃ, poet. pro. Ἀνάδῃ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, vitta: a bandage, crown, garland. Pind. fr. 9.

Ἀνὰδρᾶ, ὠν, τὰ, areolae in horto: beds or plots of flowers. Theoc. 5, 93. SYN. Ἀλδκές, ἀκρά, τάφοι, πρῶσιαι.

Ἀνδίκτης, οὐ, δ, decipulae virga: the spring of a trap. Call. fr. 233. SYN. Ρόπτρον, ὄσπληγξ.

Ἀνδῖχᾶ, divisim, in duas partes: apart, separately, in two ways. Ἡ ἀνδῖχᾶ πάντα δάσασθαι Σ. 511. SYN. Αμφίς, δίχᾶ, διασπάδω.

Ἀνδράγᾶδία, κς, ἡ, strenuitas: courage. Τιμῆς πλάκωντων ἀνδράγᾶδίας ισχυάων Plut. 191. SYN. Ἀνδρεία, ἀγηνόρια, ἀλκή.

Ἀνδράγῃᾶ, ὠν, τὰ, spolia homini detracta: spoils taken from an enemy. Βρῶνεντ' ἀνδράγῃ Ἀχαιῶν Ε. 509. SYN. Σκυλά, σκυλεμάτᾶ, ἐνὰρᾶ, ἀγρευμάτᾶ, λαφυρά.

Ἀνδραίμων, ὄνως, Andræmon: the father of Thoas. O. 281.

Ἀνδράκας, viritum: man by man. Ἀνδράκας ἡμεῖς δ' αὐτὲ ν. 14. SYN. Κάτ' ἀνδρά.

Ἀνδράποδιστής, οὐ, δ, plagiarius: a man-stealer, slave-dealer. Παρὰ πλειστων ἀνδράποδιστῶν Plut. 521.

Ἀνδράποδον, οὐ, τὸ, mancipium: a slave, servant, footman. Μηδ' ἀνδράποδοις τὸν μὲν χρῆσθαι Eccles. 589. SYN. Δουλός, αἰχμάλωτος. Ερ. Αργυράνητων, δούρλωντων, ὑποχείριον.

Ἀνδραρίον, Ἀνδρίον, οὐ, τὸ, homuncio: a puny man, pultry fellow. Ἀλλ' ἀνδραρίᾳ μοχθηρὰ πᾶρᾶκεκομμένα Acharn. 516. Theoc. 5, 40. SYN. Ἀνθρωπαρίον, ἀνδραρίον, ἀνθρωπίσκος.

Ἀνδραχθής, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, virum gravans: loading or oppressing a man. κ. 127. SYN. Βάρυς, ὑπερβαρής, ὑπερβριθής.

Ἀνδρεία, Ἀνδρία, ας, ἡ; Ἀνδρείον, οὐ, τὸ, virilis aetas, vigor: manliness, fortitude. Nub. 510. Herc. F. 475. Eur. Sup. 510. SYN. Ἀνδράγᾶδία, ἡνδρεία, ἀγηνόρια, κράτος, μένος, ἀλκή, εὐσθένεια, εὐψυχία, δυνάμεις, ισχύς. Ερ. Ἀτρώδης, δασεοτὸς, ἀδάμαστος, πδλῦθαρσής, κράτερᾶ, σιδρόφρων.

Ἀνδρείος, α, ὄν, Ion. Ἀνδρήϊος, virilis: manly, brave. Eur. El. 949. SYN. Ἀγηνώρ, βόην ἀγᾶθς, εὐψυχός, μέγᾶλφψυχός, μέγᾶλδδρων, μέγᾶλῆτρω, δέριμδδνός, μέγᾶλδδνός, ὑπερδδνός, δρᾶσικράδός, μέγᾶλδδνός.

Ἀνδρείφοντης, οὐ, δ, homicida: a man-slayer, a homicide. H. 166.

Ἀνδρείως, Ἀνδρείως, viriliter: in a manly manner, vigorously. Ran. 372. Pax 477.

Ἀνδρέραστρία, ας, ἡ, virorum amatrix: a woman who loves men's company. Τὰς ἀνδρέραστρίας κἀλῶν Thesm. 392.

Ἀνδρῆλᾶτῶν, in exilium pello: to expel. Ἀνδρῆλᾶτῶντας ἡ φόνω G. R. 100. SYN. Εξέλαυνω. Pnn. Φυγάδᾶ, ἀπδλιν ποιεῖν.

Ἀνδρῆλᾶτης, οὐ, δ, qui in exilium abigit: a banisher of men. Τὸς δ' ἀνδρῆλᾶτην Sept. Th. 634.

Ἀνδριαντόποιος, οὐ, δ, statuarius: a statuarius. Οὐκ ἀνδριαντόποιος εἰμ' Nem. 5, 1. SYN. Ἀγαλματόποιος. Pnn. Ἀγαλμάτων τέκτων.

Ἀνδριάς, ἀντὸς, δ, statua: a statue. Τὸν ἀνδριαντὰ τὸν Πανδίωνος Pax 1188. SYN. Εἰκὼν, Ἀνδρικός. See Ἀνδρείως.

Ἀνδρίον. See Ἀνδρείον.

Ἀνδριστί, viriliter: after the manner of men. Ἀνδριστὶ παρ' Εὐρώτᾶδ' ἰδδρῶς Theoc. 18, 23.

Ἀνδρῶδουλός, οὐ, ἡ, in maritum mala medians; virilis consilii: plotting against her husband, insidious; capable of manly deeds. Agam. 10.

Ἀνδρῶδερῶς, ὠτὸς, δ, ἡ, viros devorans: a cannibal. Μῶναϊν ἀνδρῶδερῶς Herc. F. 381.

Ἀνδρῶγίγας, αὐτὸς, δ, gigas: a giant. Πάντας δ' ἀνδρῶγίγαντας Call. Cer. 35.

Ἀνδρῶγινός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, viros ferens: male-bearing. Hes. Op. 781.

Ἀνδρῶδαικτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, viros seu homines perimens: man-killing. Τί ποτ' ἀνδρῶδαικτὸν ἀκούων Ran. 1264.

Ἀνδρῶδᾶμας, αὐτὸς, δ, virum domans: subduing a man. Nem. 3, 66.

Ἀνδρῶκλῆς, ἔδς, δ, Androcles. Ἀνδρῶκλῆ καὶ Κλεισθένη Vesp. 1187.

Ἀνδρῶκμῆς, ἥρως, δ, ἡ, viros fatigans: fatiguing, killing men. Σ. Suppl. 686. See below.

Ἀνδρῶκμῆτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ab homine laboratus: done by men. Ἀνδρῶκμῆτ' ἐπὶ τύμφῃ Λ. 371.

Ἀνδρῶκτᾶς, ας, ἡ, caedes virorum: a slaughter of men. Μάχας τ' ἀνδρῶκτᾶς τε H. 237. SYN. Μισαφόνια, φόνος. Ερ. Ἀνδρᾶ, ἀλέγειν.

Ἀνδρῶκτῶν, viros interfectio: to slay a man or husband. Ἀνδρῶκτῶνους πατέρ' ἐμὸν Eumen. 599.

Ἀνδρῶκτῶνός, οὐ, δ, homicida: a homicide. Ἀντ' ἐρμῇ ἀνδρῶκτῶνός Cycl. 22.

Ἀνδρῶλετῆρᾶ, ας, ἡ, viros perdens: destructive to men. Sept. Th. 302.

Ἀνδρῶμαχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, Andromache: the wife of Hector. Ἀνδρῶμαχῃ δὲ οὐ ἀγχί Ζ. 405. SYN. Ἡτρίωνῃ. Ερ. Εὐφρόνης, ῥοδδοφύρος, λευκώλενος. Pnn. Εὐδανός παρᾶκοτῖς Ἐκτόρος, διγᾶτηρ μέγᾶλῆτρός Ἡτρίωνος.

Ἀνδρῶμῆς, α, ὄν, virilis; humanus: manlike; human. P. 571. SYN. Ἀνθρώπειος, ἀνθρώπινος, ἀνδρείος, βρῶτῆς, θνητός.

Ἀνδρῶμαι, ad statum virilem pervenio: to arrive at man's estate. Herc. F. 42.

Ἀνδρῶπας, αἰδός, δ, puer virili animo: a manly youth, a boy just arrived at manhood. Sept. Th. 529.

Ἀνδρῶπλῆθειᾶ, ας, ἡ, hominum conventus: a host of men, armed host. Ὡδῆ τις παρᾶστῖν αὐτοῖς ἀνδρῶπλῆθῃα στρατός Pers. 240.

Ἀνδρῶτῆχῃς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, maritum nactus: wedded, conjugal. Ἀνδρῶτῆχῃς βιδίους Eumen. 962.

Ἀνδρῶτῆχῃς, γᾶμικός.

Ἀνδρῶφθῶρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, homines perdens: men-destroying, destructive. Ἀνδρῶφθῶρος βεβρωτῆς Antig. 1035. SYN. Ἀνδρῶφθῶρος, ἀνδρῶφθῶτης, ἀνδρῶφθῶτης, ἀνθρωποκτόνους, φόνος, φόνευσῃς, βρῶτῶλονος, μίαιφθῶς, φθισίμωρῶτος.

Ἀνδρῶν, ὠνός, δ, pars domus qua viri agunt: the part of a house occupied by men. Choiph. 700. Ερ. Εὐρᾶτεῖος.

Ἀνδῶμαι, poet. pro Ἀνδῶμαι, detracto: to avoid, shrink from. Εἰκὼν ἀνδῶται πδλῆμον N. 225.

Ἀνέγγυδός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, sine sponsione: devoid of bail, not having credit, not to be depended on. Ὡρη γὰρ σὲ πδθησεν ἀνέγγυδός Anacr. Ep. 82.

Ἀνέγγυδός, ἐκνύμους, ἀμνηστέυτος.

Ἀνέγειρω, ἐρῶ, expegefacio: to raise up, awaken from sleep, cheer. Olymp. 8, 98. SYN. Ἐγειρω, ἐξέγειρω, ἀνιστῆμᾶ, ἐξᾶνιστῆμᾶ, ἀνασωπύρω.

Ἀνέτην, effuse: loosely, freely, profusely. Φέγειν ἀνέτην διὰ κόμ' ἄλιον Σ. Suppl. 15.

Ἀνέμῶν, ἡ, ὄν, remissus: incustoditus; extra parthenῶνᾶς evagans: remiss; devoted; unguarded. Τᾶσδ᾽ ἐμὴδ' ἀνέμῶνας Antig. 578. SYN. Ἀνέτῶς, ἐκμῆλῃς.

Ἀνέμῳ, orior, ascendo, redeo: to go up, rise (of the sun), return. X. 499. SYN. Ἐπᾶναιμῳ, ἀνᾶναιμῳ, ἀνᾶλῳ.

Ἀνέμων, ὄνως, δ, ἡ, nudus, male vestitus: unclothed, meanly clad. Παρὰ πᾶμπᾶν ἀνέμωνός γ. 348. SYN. Ἀπᾶνδός, ἀνέμῶνός, γυμνός, δισέμων, δισέμῶνός.

Ἀνέμῳ, ἔω, arceo: to force back, keep off, restrain. Γ. 77. SYN. Ἐπῆχω, σῖνῆχω, σῖνῶχω, σῖνῶργω, κῶλῶ, ἀναστρέφω.

Ἀνέκᾶδῃ, desuper, e loco alto; ab origine generis: from above; originally. Ἄνωθεν ἀνέκᾶδῃ κτῖπω Choiph. 421.

Ἀνέκτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, tolerabilis: supportable. See Ἀνδῶσχετός ν. 83.

Ἀνέκτως, tolerabiliter: tolerably. Θ. 535.

Ἀνέλεγχω, ἔω, arguo: to discover, detect. Ion 1472. SYN. Βᾶσᾶνῶ, διελέγχω, κᾶτᾶγνώσκω.

Ἀνέλεθῆρος, α, ὄν, et οὐ, δ, ἡ, illiberalis, sordidus: illiberal, degraded. Plut. 591. SYN. Δουλοπρεπῆς, μικρόλογός, αἰσχρός, ἀεικός, πινῆρος, φιλοκερδῆς.

Ἀνέλισσω, evolvo, voluto: to roll up, throw out. Ran. 826. SYN. Ἐλίσσω, ὀλισθαίνω, δινέω, κύλιδῶ.

Ἀνέλω, ἔω, sursum traho: to draw up or back. Med. 1178. SYN. Ἐλκω, ἐξέλκω, ἐξελκῶ, ἀνασπᾶω, ἐξάω, ἀνάγω, ὑπεξάγω, ἀνέρω.

Ἀνέλλην, ἥρως, δ, ἡ, alienus a moribus Graecorum, barbarus: barbarian, foreign. Σ. Suppl. 233.

Ἀνελπίς, ἰδός, δ, ἡ, qui est sine spe: hopeless. Σωτηρίας ἀνελπίς ὡς Iph. T. 487.

Ἀνελπιστός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, insperatus; non sperans: unlooked for; destitute of hope. Ion 1394.

Ἀνέμῳ, ἐντός, δ, ἡ, ventosus: windy, exposed to the wind, lofty. The A ought to be short, but is sometimes long, as in Ἀδᾶνᾶτος, for the metre's sake. Thus in Heracl. 784.

Ἀνέμῳ, οὐ, δ, ventus: the wind. Μετὰ πνοιῖς ἀνέμῳ β. 148. SYN. Ἀήτης, πνεῦμα. Ερ. Αργᾶλῆς, ἀκράτης, ἀπᾶς, ἀντίπῶρος, ἀλβῆς, δισαῖς, δεινός, δισαῖς, ἐπειγδμενός, ἀαρηῖς, ζῆλός, ζαμῆς, ομῆρῶρος, Διπῆτης, ὑπῆπῆτης, ἔπῶς, λῆγῶς, κλῶνῶς, δαδός, λευγᾶλῆς, δδός, λῆγῶς, μέγας, παντοῖος, πδλῆχῃς, χᾶλῆπῶς, χεῖμῆρῶς, φοιτᾶλῆς, βῆρῆγῶντος.

Ἀνεμσκέτης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, a vento tegens: sheltering from the wind. Χλαυάνων τ' ἀνέμσκέπῳ Π. 224. SYN. Ἀλεξάνεμος.

Ἀνεμσφάραγος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, vento perstreps: roaring with wind. Pyth. 9, 6. See Σφᾶράγῳ.

Ἀνεμσφῆς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, a vento nutritus: nursed by or in the wind, stormy, hardy. Δεδῶρον ὑπᾶλ νῆφῶν ἀνεμσφῆς O. 625.

Ἀνεμῶν, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, venti celeritatem habens: swift as the wind. Phoen. 165. SYN. Ὡκός, ὑπόπτερος, βᾶλῶς, τᾶχῶς, αἰδῶς.

Ἀνεμῶν, α, ὄν, et οὐ, δ, ἡ, inutilis: hollow as the wind, vain. Οἶδ' αὐτ' ἀνεμῶνιόι T. 123. SYN. Μετᾶμῶνιός, μετᾶμῶνιός, ματῶν, φλῶνός, ἀπῶνός.

Ἀνεμῶν, ἡς, ἡ, anemone: the flower anemone. Κύνοςβάτος οὐδ' ἀνεμῶνα Theoc. 5, 92. Ερ. Εὐαρίνη, μῖνῶνᾶδῖος.

Ἀνεμῶν, ας, ἡ, Anemoria: a city of Phocis. Οἶ τ' Ἀνεμῶρειαν B. 521.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, unde exiri non potest: having no egress, irremovable. Theoc. 12, 19.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non feriatus: unfeasted, ungratified with a festival. Eur. El. 310. SYN. Ἀτελεστός, ἀπῆρης, μεθῶρος.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, irreprehensibilis: blameless. Orest. 920. SYN. Ἀνᾶμῶντος, ἀελέτης, ἀμεμῆς, ἀμεμῶς.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, impolitus: unpolished, imperfect. Ποῶν ἀνεμῶντος κατᾶλῆπειν Hes. Op. 746. SYN. Ἀεστός, ἀετός, ἀσκέπᾶνός, ἀκομῶς, ἀκομῶς, ἀτέλης.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, nondum confectus aut libatus: not completed or offered. Ἀνεμῶντος ἀνέλῳ Hes. Op. 748.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non invidendus; non reprehensus: not envious; not exposing or exposed to envy. Ἀνεμῶντος εἰρῶνός ἐχρος Trach. 1051. SYN. Ἀνεμῶντος, ἀνεμῶντος.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, inamabilis; ab amore alienus: unamiable; not susceptible of love. Τοῖτ' ἀνεμῶντος Call. Ep. 33.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, quod non facere licet: contrary to what ought to be done. Helen. 366. SYN. Ἀπρακτός.

Ἀνεμῶν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, sursum tollo: to snatch up, convey away. Ἀρπυῖαι ἀνεμῶντος α. 241. SYN. Ἀναρᾶζω, σῖνᾶρᾶζω, αἰρέω, ἀπῶφῶ.







Αντάω, Ion. Αντέω, ἥσω, occurro: (1) to meet with, encounter; (2) reach, obtain. (E. C. 1445. SYN. (1) Ἀντῆμαι, συναντῆμαι, ἀπαντάω, συναντάω, ἵπαντάω, ἀντιδῶ, ἵπαντιδῶ, (2) ἐπιτυγχάνω, προστυγχάνω.

Ἀνταῖα, as, ἡ, Antaea: called by others Sthe-noboea. Z. 160.

Αντεικάω, vicissim adsimilo: to liken in return. Vesp. 1311. SYN. Πάρεικάω, ἀντίσω, ἀντιπαράβηλλω, ἀντιπαράτεινω, ἀνεικάω, ἀνασκάπτω.

Αντεῖπν, contradicere: to speak in reply, refuse to acquiesce in. (E. C. 998. SYN. Ἀντεῖρν, κάτεπν. See Ἀντιλέγω.

Αντεοφέρω, contra infero: to introduce in turn. Lysist. 653.

Αντεκλέπτω, vicissim furor: to steal in turn. Acharn. 526.

Αντεράσθης, οὐ, δ, æmulus in amore: a rival in love. Equit. 732.

Αντεράω, redamo: to love in return, to rival in love. Rhcs. 184.

Αντερείθω, renitor: to press against or in return, to resist. Eur. Suppl. 712. SYN. Ἀντέχω, ἐπέχω, ἐνἀπείρῳ, ἀντιστάμαι.

Αντερέω, contradico: to contradict. Med. 365. SYN. Ἀντιλέγω, q. v.

Αντερέδωμαι, explained variously, custodio aut æstimo æque ac, rependo, paro: to guard or esteem equally as, to repay, to procure. Πιστὸς ἀνὴρ χρυσοῦ τέ καὶ ἀργυροῦ ἀντέρῃσθαι Theogn. 77.

Αντέχω, f. ἀντέξω, detineo, sustineo, duro: to detain, sustain, resist. Pers. 419. SYN. Διᾶμηνω, διαρκέω, διαχρόνίζω, διαμάχουμαι, ἀνέχω.

Αντήλιος, Ἀνθῆλιος, orientalis: facing the sun, eastward. Aj. 805., where see Lobbeck.

Ἀντην, coram, palam: before, to the face, openly. A. 187.

Αντηνὸριδης, οὐ, filius Antenor: the son of Antenor. A. 221.

Αντήνωρ, ὁρὸς, δ, Antenor: a Trojan related to Priam. B. 822. Ep. Ἀγῶνός, ἱπποδάμους, ἀντιθέος, φίλοξένος, ἰσοθέος.

Αντηρέτης, οὐ, δ, qui contra remigat, adversarius: an adversary. Sept. Th. 269. SYN. Ἀντιπᾶλός, ἀντιμάχος, ἀντιστάτης.

Αντήρης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, oppositus: opposed to. Troad. 223. SYN. Ἀνταῖος.

Αντηχέω, resono, vicissim cano: to sound or sing in return. Alcest. 435. SYN. Ἀντιᾶχω.

Ἀντί (præp. genitiv. postulans), pro, loco, contra: instead of, for, against. "Hδ' ἀντί πολλῶν ἐστὶ Hec. 280.

Ἀντιᾶώ, σω, Dor. ἔω, "easdem prorsus significationes cum ἀντάω, et ἀντιᾶω, obtinet; nisi quod Ἀντιᾶώ apud scriptores Homero superiores obstandi vim acquisiverit." Maltb. To meet, supplicate for or against. Καὶ σ' ἀντιᾶώ πρὸς τ' ἐφεστῖον Διὸς Aj. 492. SYN. Ἀνθιστάμαι, ἀντιᾶω, ἐναντιᾶμαι, ἀντίμαι, ἱκέτεύω, πᾶρά-κάλω, ἀντιβῶλω.

Ἀντιᾶνέρα, as, ἡ, virago, viris par; viris resistens: equal in force to men, epithet of an Amazon; opposing men. Εἰ μὴ σπᾶντις ἀντι-ἀνείρα Olymp. 12, 23. SYN. Ἰσανδρὸς. Exr. Ἀρρήνωπος γυνή.

Ἀντιᾶχέω, Ἀντιᾶχω, reclamo: to sound in an opposite direction, to contradict. Ἀθροῖ ἀντι-ἀχρηστὰν Apoll. 2, 830. SYN. Ἀντιβῶλω, ἀντι-λέγω, ἀντιγέγωνά.

Ἀντιᾶω, "(1) cum gen., participio, fruor: to share in; enjoy; (2) cum dat., occurro, oppono: to meet with, oppose; (3) cum accus., approximo, procuro: to approach, take care of." Maltb. Ἐμὲ μὲν ἐναντιῶσιν Z. 127. SYN. Συναντάω, ἀπαντάω, μετὰλαμβάνω, ἐπιτυγχάνω, ἐφάπτομαι.

Ἀντιβῶλω, contra eo, obnitor: to go against, to resist. Bacch. 1115. SYN. Ἀντεπείθω, ἀντιτείνω, ἀνθιστάμαι, ἀντερείθω, ἐναντιᾶμαι, ἀντιπράττω.

Ἀντιβᾶλλω, ἐᾶλῶ, contra jacio: to hit in return or against, to oppose. Eq. 764. SYN. Πάρε-βάλλω, ἀνθιστάμαι.

Ἀντιβίος, α, ὄν, et οὐ, δ, ἡ, contrarius, adversus: exerting force against force, violent, forcible. Ἀντιβίος ἐπέσσι B. 378. Ἀντιβίον and ἀντιβίον are used adverbially. SYN. Ἀντίως, ἀνταῖος, ἀντιβίος, ἐναντιβίος, πρόσαντης, ἀντιμάχος, ἀντιστάτης.

Ἀντιβῶω, ὄσω, Ion. ἥσω, contra clamo: to shout in return. Bion. 1, 38. SYN. Ἀντιβῶω, ἀντιβῶω, ἀντιβῶω.

Ἀντιβῶλω, obvenio, suppleo: to come against, meet, overtake, supplicate. σ. 271. SYN. Ἀντιᾶω, συντυγχάνω, ἐπιτυγχάνω.

Ἀντιγᾶφῃ, ἡς, ἡ, accusatio ejus, a quo ante reus factus sis: a defendant's plea, rescript. Πράγματ' ἀντιγᾶφῆς Nub. 472.

Ἀντιγέκωμαι, contra intueor: to look in the face. Herc. F. 163.

Ἀντιδέχομαι, vicissim accipio: to receive in return. Choeph. 903. SYN. Ἀντιλαμβάνω.

Ἀντιδιδάσκω, ἔω, alia vel contraria doceo: to teach in opposition or the contrary. Vesp. 1410.

Ἀντιδιδωμί, δόσω, rependo: to give in return. Hec. 271. SYN. Ἀντιδιδωμί, ἀντιδῶω, ἀμείβωμαι.

Ἀντιδικός, οὐ, δ, adversarius in lite: an opponent in a law-suit, adversary. "Ὅπως ἀποστρέ-ψαις ἂν ἀντιδικὸν δίκην Nub. 774. SYN. Ἀντι-βίος, ἀντιπᾶλός, ἐχθρός.

Ἀντιδουλεύω, vicissim servio: to serve in turn. Eur. Suppl. 361.

Ἀντιδουλός, οὐ, δ, qui loco servi est: a substitute for a slave, a slave instead. Choeph. 129. SYN. Ἰσοδουλός.

Ἀντιδουπός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, contra sonans: sounding in return. Pers. 126.

Ἀντιδῶω, vicissim facio: to act in return, repay. Ἀντιδῶν ὀφείλμεν Eur. Sup. 1189.

Ἀντιδωρέωμαι, remunero: to give in return. Helen. 158. SYN. Ἀνταποδίδωμαι.

Ἀντιέδος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, and ὅς, ἡ, ὄν, equiparandus Deo: godlike, noble. a. 70. λ. 116. SYN. Ἰσοθέος, θεοεικέλος, θεοειδής, θεῖος, δαμννός, ἐνθέος, καθέως, ηἰθέως.

Ἀντιέθω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, janua obversus: that which is placed opposite to or in front of the door. Στῆ δὲ κατ' ἀντιέθρον κλισίης π. 169.

Ἀντικατὰθήσκω, invicem morior: to die in turn. Ἀντικατὰθάνειν δίκην Choeph. 138.

Ἀντικεντρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, incitamentum: an incentive, stimulus. Eumen. 120.

Ἀντικηδέω, colo invicem aut in modum alte-rius: to be attentive to on account of, in return for, after the manner of. Ion 733. SYN. Ἀντι-τιμάω.

Ἀντικηρύσσω, ἔω, contra prædico: to proclaim in return. Eur. Sup. 683. SYN. Ἀν-ἀμείβωμαι, ἀντεπείν.

Ἀντικλάω, ἀγέω, rebo: to shout in return, chant alternately. Βακχέων ἀντεκλάων Bacch. 1046. SYN. Ἀντιβῶω, ἀντεκλάω.

Ἀντικλεῖα, as, ἡ, Anticlea: the mother of Ulysses. Μεγάληρὸς Ἀντικλεῖα λ. 85.

Ἀντίκλινω, ex adverso adno: to bow to in return. Καὶ πάλιν ἀντεκλινέω δ' ἐνδοῖ Musæ. 107.

Ἀντικνήμιον, οὐ, τὸ, crus, quia suræ oppositum est: the fore part of the leg, shank or shin-bone. Τοῦτον ἀντικνήμιον Acharn. 219.

Ἀντίκρῳ, rarissime Ἀντίκρῳ, (1) contra, manifeste, palam: directly opposite, in front, throughout, openly. Ἀντίκρῳ τὰς ἀνέσω Choeph. 186. E. 189.

Ἀντικρὸν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, vicissim interficiens: killing each other mutually, avenging murder. Ἀντικρὸν ποινῶσι Eum. 467.

Ἀντικίρρω, ὄρω, occurro: to fall against, encounter. Olymp. 12, 16. See Κύρρω. SYN. Ἐπιτυγχάνω, ἐπέρχωμαι.

Ἀντιλάζωμαι, Ἀντιλάζωμαι, prehendo, capesso: to bear a part. Orest. 451. SYN. Ἀπτόμαι, ἀμφάφω, ἀντιλαμβάνωμαι, ἐπιχειρέω.

Ἀντιλακίγω, recalcitro: to kick against. Ἀν-τελάκισεν πῖφ Pax 612. SYN. Ἀσπασθῶω.

Ἀντιλαμβάνω, recipio vicissim; in med. voc. percipio; vindico mihi; reprehendo: to receive in turn; exchange; perceive; claim. Androm. 741. SYN. Ἀντιλάζωμαι, ἀντιλαμβάνω, ἐπιλαμ-βάνωμαι, διαδέχομαι, προσποιέμαι, κτάμαι.

Ἀντιλάμπω, e contrario splendeo vel refulgeo: to shine opposite to. Agam. 285. SYN. Ἀν-λάμπω, ἐκλάμπω.

Ἀντιλέγω, contradico: to speak against, reply to. E. R. 408.

Ἀντιλέκτεος, contradicendus: to be gainsayed. Heracl. 975.

Ἀντιλύγγω, contradico: to contradict, deny. Antig. 378. SYN. Ἀντιλέγω, ἀντέρω, ἀντεπείν, ἀποφάσκω, οὐ φημί, ἐξαρκὸς εἰμί, ἀνέμαι, ἐξ-αρῆμαι, ἀπὸφῆμι, ἀντιφῆμι, ἀντιφωνέω, ἀντι-γέγωνω.

Ἀντιλύγικός, ἡ, ὄν, disputandi et refutandi peritus: capable of disputing and refuting. Nub. 1175. SYN. Λύγικός, ἀγχινύς, κομψός, λεπτό-λῶγος.

Ἀντιλύγος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, contradicens, contrarius: contradictory, contrary. Hel. 1141. SYN. Ἀντι-θέτος, ἀντιβίος.

Ἀντιλῶω, οὐ, δ, Antiochus. Εἰν σᾶκει Ἀντι-λῶω N. 565. Ep. Ἀμύμων, μένυχάρης, κρᾶνέρος, διωτρέφης, δέουδης, Νεοτῶριδης, πέ-πνυμένος, μέγαθῶμος.

Ἀντιλύρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, lyrae respondens: respon-sive to the lyre. Trach. 653. See Λύρα. SYN. Ἀντῶδος, ἰσολύρος, ἀντιμῶμος.

Ἀντιμανθῶω, contra disco: to learn one thing instead of another, to be better taught. Vesp. 1453.

Ἀντιμάχος, οὐ, δ, Antimachus: the name of a man in the Trojan senate, who was bribed by Paris, and prevented Helen from being deliv-ered up to Menelaus. Τῶν δ' Ἀντιμάχοι M. 188.

Ἀντιμεθιστῆμι, vicissim muto: to change, sub-stitute. Thesm. 362. SYN. Ἀντιμετάβαλλωμαι, μετὰτίθωμαι, μετὰκινέω.

Ἀντιμηχανάωμαι, machinis machinas oppono: to plot against. Ζεὺς δ' ἀντιμηχανήσῃ Bacch. 291.

Ἀντιμῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, æmulus, similis: rivalling, like. Οφθαλμὸν ἀντιμῶν Thesm. 17. SYN. Ὀμοῖος, παρὰπλησίος.

Ἀντιμῶω, odi vicissim: to hate in return. Lysistr. 818. See Μῶω.

Ἀντιμῶσθός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, remuneratorius: repay-ing, retributive. E. Suppl. 270.

Ἀντιμολπός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, alternans cantu: re-sponsive, sad. Med. 1173. SYN. Ἀντιφθογγός.

Ἀντινικάω, vicissim vinco victorem: to con-quer after a defeat. Ἀντινικήσαι δέλεος Choeph. 492.

Ἀντινός, οὐ, δ, Antinous: a suitor of Pene-lope. Τὸν δ' αὖ Ἀντινὸς πρόσβη a. 383. Ep. Κᾶκδμήχανός, μάργος.

Ἀντιόέω, contrarius sum: to be cross-grained, differ, to be contrary to. Ol. 13, 47. See below.

Ἀντιόέως, οὐ, δ, ἡ, adversus: cross-grained, adverse. Θόοις ἀντιόέω γόμοις Apoll. 2, 79. SYN. Ἐναντίως, πόλεμῶς.

Ἀντιόπη, ἡς, ἡ, Antiope: the mother of Am-phion and Zethus. Τὴν δὲ μετ' Ἀντιόπην ἰδὼν λ. 259.

Ἀντίος, α, ὄν, adversus ex adverso stans: ad-verse, opposite. Ναὺς ἀντίας Ἑλληνισίον Ion 1160. SYN. Ἀνταῖος, ἀντιβίος, ἀντιπᾶλός.

Ἀντιοσπᾶτω, poet. pro Ἀντιστάμαι, contrarius sum: to stand or continue opposite. Νῦν γὰρ ἀντιοσπᾶται Philoct. 649. Exr. Ἐναντίον πνέω.

Ἀντίω, Ἀντιᾶμαι, Ion. pro Ἀντιᾶω, adversor: to go against, oppose. E. Suppl. 385.

Ἀντίπαις, παῖδος, δ, ἡ, puero similis, adoles-cens: resembling a child; a boy or girl adult. Ἀντίπαις μὲν οὖν Eumen. 38.

Ἀντιπᾶλός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, adversarius in lucta; viribus par: adverse, reciprocal, equivalent. Ἀντιπᾶλον κατὰ λαῖνὰ τεύχεα Phcen. 810. SYN. Ἀνταῖος, ἐναντίος, ἰσοπᾶλός.

Ἀντιπᾶσχω, πείσσω, vicissim beneficio ad-ficior vel maleficio: I am treated well or ill in return. Philoct. 590.

Ἀντιπέμνω, remitto: to send in return. E. R. 314.

Ἀντιπέραυός, ἄ, ὄν, ex adverso situs: situated opposite to. Hδ' ἀντιπέρα' ἐνέμοντο B. 635.

Ἀντιπέραν, Ion. Ἀντιπέρην, poet. Ἀντιπέρα, Ἀντιπέρην, ex adverso, trans: directly opposite, over against. Ἀντιπέρην γαῖη Βιθυνίδι Apoll. 1, 177. 613.

Ἀντιπέρως, οὐ, δ, ἡ, valde durus: hard as a rock. Αυτοῦ μηκέτι τοῦδ' ἀντιπέρου E. C. 192. SYN. Ἰσοπέρως.

Ἀντιπῆξ, ἡγός, ἡ, icibus crebris percussus: dashed against. Στόνῳ βρέμυνσι δ' ἀντιπῆγῆς Antig. 592.

Ἀντιπνός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, reflans: blowing against, adverse. Μὴ τινὰς ἀντιπνούς Δαναιοὺς χρόνιας ἐχέησθας Agam. 145.

Ἀντιποινός, οὐ, τὸ, poena pro delicto: a punish-ment for a crime. Hec. 1065.

Ἀντιποινός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, poenas rependens vel exigens: suffering or demanding punishment for. Eumen. 268.

Ἀντιπορέω, vasto vicissim: to lay waste in return. Troad. 369.

Ἀντιπορθμός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, oppositus, ultra mare: situated beyond a strait or passage, opposite, Ion 1585.







without an ancestor or forefather, not related to. Agam. 302. See Bl. Gloss.

Ἀπαρμυθός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui flecti nequit: inexorable. Iph. A. 620. See Mithos. On the quantity of the first syllable, see Blomf. P. V. 193. Syn. Ἀμειλίχης, μάλῆρος, σκληρός.

Ἀπαράσσω, abscindo: to wrench asunder, beat off. Αντικρὺ δ' ἀπαράξῃ Π. 116. Syn. Ἀράσσω, ἀπῶμα, ἀνδοκτώ, περικόπτω, ἀποσπάω, ἀφαιρέωμαι, ἀποβάλλω.

Ἀπαράτιλτος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui vultus non est, hirsutus: unpicked, hairy. Lysistr. 279. Syn. Λάστος, δασύτριξ, τραχύς.

Ἀπαργμῆτα, ου, τὰ, primitiae: the first fruits. Pax 1036. Syn. Ἀπαρχαί, ἀκροθινία, ἐνῆγι-σμάτα.

Ἀπαρθένητος, ου, δ, ἡ, non decens virginem: unbecoming a virgin. Iph. A. 993. Exp. Παρθένου ἀνάξιος.

Ἀπαρθένος, ου, δ, ἡ, non amplius virgo: no longer a virgin. Theoc. 2, 41. Syn. Κάκοπαρ-θένος.

Ἀπαρκέω, sufficio: to be sufficient. Eur. fr. inc. 14. Syn. see Ἀρκέω.

Ἀπαρνέωμαι, abnego: to deny, renounce. Hipp. 1261. Syn. Ἀρνέωμαι, ἀποφθίμι, ἐκνεύω.

Ἀπαρνός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui pernegat: one who denies. Antig. 435.

Ἀπαρτῶω, suspendo: to hang. Androm. 412. Syn. Ἀρτῶω, ἀναρτῶω, εξαρτῶω, ἀνακρέμνυνμι, ἀπαιωρῶω.

Ἀπαρτί, plane, ab hoc tempore: altogether, from this time. Ἀπαρτί πλουτῆσαι ποίησεν τί σὺ λέγεις Plut. 388. Some accent in this passage ἀπαρτί. Pind. in last sense, Ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν.

Ἀπαρτίω, perfectum reddo, aequiparo, compo-pono: to settle, complete, set at rest. Οὐκ ἀπαρτίζει (al. ου καταρτίζει) πῶδα Sept. Th. 370. Syn. Διὰ τὸ ἐλεῶ, ἀπενθύνω, ἐφαρμόζω.

Ἀπαρυστός, verb. adj., auferendus: must be taken from, diminished. Τῶν δαδίων ἀπαρυστέον Equit. 920. Syn. Ἀφαρυστέος.

Ἀπαρχή, ἡς, ἡ, primitia: the first fruits offered to the gods. Trach. 763. Syn. Ἀπαργ-μῆτα, πρωτολειά, -ων, προθύμια, λοιθία.

Ἀπαρχόμεαι, primitias solvo, libamenta facio: to offer the first fruits, begin with an offering to the gods. Eur. El. 91. Syn. Κατάρχομαι, ἀποσπένδω, λείβω.

Ἄπας, ἀπασά, ἅπαν, omnis: all, all together, the whole, every. Κατ' ἅλας ἅπαν πῆδον αὐστράπει Phoen. 106. In Ἄπαν the last syllable is short in general, but Atticē long. Draco, Straton. p. 24. 29. 85. Syn. Πᾶς, σύμπας, ὅλος, ὁλόκληρος.

Ἀσπαίρω, palpiro, singultio: to palpitate, sob. Ion 1207. Syn. Σπαίρω, ασπαίρω, σπαίρω.

Ἀσαστία, as, ἡ, jejunium: fasting, hunger. Τῶν θεῶν ἀσαστία Nub. 621. Syn. Ἀγευστία, ἀστία, νηστεία.

Ἀσαστός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non gustavit, jejunos: not having tasted, hungry. ζ. 250. Syn. Ἀγευστός, πεινῶν.

Ἀσαστράπτω, fulguro, corusco: to lighten, blaze. Min. 56. Syn. Ἀστράπτω, ἀσπαστράζω, ἀσπαστρίλλω, ἀπδλάμπω.

Ἀπάτῶω, ἡσω; Ἀπάθω, Ἀπάφισκω, fallō: to deceive. Οὐδ' ἀπάτῃσιν δ. 348. λ. 216. ψ. 216. Syn. Διὰ πᾶτάω, ἐξάπᾶτάω, αἰκάλλω, ἐξάπαφισκω,

ἀποσφάλλω, διασφάλλω, φενακίζω, ηπέρπεινω' ἀποπλάνωω, υποκλέπτω, κατὰσφρίζω, κδοβαλεῖω, παράκροῦμαι, παρὰλδγίζωμαι, παράγω, ψεύδω, δδλοισ πῆδω.

Ἀπάτερθε, Ἀπάτερθεν, procul, seorsum: apart, asunder. Ἐνθα στὰς ἡσὺ' ἀπάτερθε Σ. 217. Syn. Ἀπᾶνευθε, ἀμφίς, ἀπὸνόςφι, χωρίς.

Ἀπάτη, ἡς, ἡ, fraud: fraud. Τῆσδ' ἀπάτης κότεν Δ. 168. Syn. Εξάπατη, δδλος, ἀλημῆ, πλῶν, πᾶνουργία, πᾶνουργμῆ, φενακισμός, φήλωμα, φήλωσις, γῆτεια, ηπέρπεινός. Ερ. Δδλφρων, δδδλμητῆς, κένθη, σκλῆα, δδδσεσά, πικνῆ.

Ἀπάτηλῖος, Ἀπάτηλος, ου, δ, ἡ, fallax: deceit-ful, cunning. Εἰκον ἀπάτηλῆα βάζει ζ. 157. Syn. Αἰδδλος, δδλῆρος, δδλῖος, δυσπᾶλᾶμος, ηπέρ-πεινῆς, σφᾶλῆρος, κᾶνουργός, κέρδιστός, κερδᾶ-λεδφρων, ὑπουλός, πᾶνουργός, ψευδῆς, πολέμητῆς.

Ἀπάτιμᾶ, (ledecore adicio: to dishonour, disgrace. Οὐνέκ' ἀπητίμησέ Ν. 113. Syn. Ἀτίμᾶω, αἰκίζω, ἀτιμάζω.

Ἀπάτορῖα, ου, τὰ, festum trium dierum: a festival in the month called Pyanepsion, in which the names of the children of the Athenians were registered. "Ως τ' αὐτὰ κρῆ ἐξ Ἀπάτορῖαν τοῖς μαστροποῖς Thesm. 558.

Ἀπάτωρ, ὁρός, δ, ἡ, patre carens: fatherless, born of an obscure father. Iph. T. 864. See Πάτηρ.

Ἀπαυγάζω, lucem edo: to emit beams from the eyes, behold with the eyes. Ἀπαυγασά ὀδς ἐξέρδω Call. 4, 125. Syn. Θεάδωμαι, αυγάζω.

Ἀπαυδῶω, renuncio, veto: to relinquish, forbid. Rhes. 931. Syn. Ἀπαυδρεῖω, ἀπολεγόμεαι, ἀποφθίμι.

Ἀπαυρῶω, aufero, fruor: to take away, reap the fruit. Androm. 1028. Syn. Ἀναυρεῖω, ἀφαιρέδωμαι, στερῶ.

Ἀπαυστός, ου, δ, ἡ, indesinens: unceasing. Aj. 1187. Syn. Ἀκάμᾶτος, ἀπειρεσίος, ἀέ-βαιός.

Ἀπάφω, Ἀπάφισκω. See Ἀπάτῶω.

Ἀπέδῖλος, Ἀπέδῖλτος, ου, δ, ἡ, calceis carens: unshod, without sandals. P. V. 138. Call. 6, 123. See Πεδίλιν.

Ἀπέδωμαι, abedo: to eat away, devour. Aves 26. Syn. Ἐδω, κάτσεθι.

Ἀπειθέω, poet. Ἀπίθεω: non pareo: to dis- obey, rebel. Orest. 31. B. 166. Syn. Ἀπι-στέω, ἀντιστάτῶ.

Ἀπεικάζω, adsimulo, conjicio, comparo: to liken, imagine, copy, counterfeit, conjecture. Eur. Sup. 157. Syn. (1) Ἀφῶμιος, εἴσω, εὐκάζω, εἰσεκάζω, (2) τεκμαίρομαι, νομίζω, συμ-βάλλω.

Ἀπειλῶω, ἡσω, minor; gloriōr: to menace; boast. Πόντον ἀπειλῶω γλῶρ αἰ ἄλλοι B. 665. Syn. Επᾶπειλῶω, προσἀντιένωμαι, ὁμολέω, καυχᾶμαι.

Ἀπειλή, ἡς, ἡ; Ἀπειλήμᾶ, ἄτος, τδ, (1) minae: a threat; (2) gloriatio: a boast. Δοκείς ἀπειλῶν Herc. F. 1233. GE. C. 658. Syn. (1) Ἀρεῖα, ὁμολκῆ, ὀργῆ, (2) καύχημᾶ, καύχησις.

Ἐρ. Ἀσπονδός, βᾶρυνῆσις, δεινή, δῆλειά, μᾶνι-δης, ἐτέρφρων, στυγνῆ, πλῆξιπῆδος, στερῆα, στο-νδεσά, ὑπέρπλδς.

Ἀπειλήθηρ, ἡρδς, δ, minax, jactator: a threat-ener, chider, boaster. "Ω μοι ἀπειλήθηρ H. 96. Syn. Ὀμολκλήθηρ.

Ἀπειμί, ἐσδμαι, absum: to be away from, to be absent. Herc. F. 557.

Ἀπειμί, abeo vel abibo: to be about to depart or go away. GE. R. 229. Syn. Ἀπερχόμεαι, ὑπάπειμι, ἀπαλλάττωμαι.

Ἀπειτῶω, poet. Ἀπέτῶω, abnuo; deficio; edico: to deprecate, renounce; to be despondent, weary, to faint; to proclaim. Alcest. 503. Syn. Ἀναλῶμαι, ἀνάνεω, ἀποφθίμι, ἀπαγδρεῖω, ἀποκρηρῶω, ἀπαυδῶω, ἀπεννέω.

Ἀπειραῖος, α, ὅν, natus in terra continenti: belonging to the continent. Γῆρδς Ἀπειραῖη η. 8.

Ἀπειργῶω, Ἀπειργᾶω, excludo, prohibeo: to keep off, prohibit, separate, force away. Vesp. 465. Syn. Εἰργῶ, ἐέργω, ἀνείργω, ἐξείργω, ἀλέξω, ἀκωθῶ, ἐρύκω, ἐρυκῶω, ἀπέρυκω, ἐπέχω, κωλῶω, ἀποκωλῶω, διακωλῶω, ἀπῆλᾶνω, ἐξῆλᾶνω, ἀπὸτρεῖω, ἐκβάλλω, ἀποδίδωμι.

Ἀπειραντός, Ἀπειραντός, ου, δ, ἡ, infinitus: boundless. Pyth. 9. 61. Nem. 8. 64.

Ἀπειρατός, Ion. ηρδς, intentatus; imperitus: untried, unskilled. Οὐ γὰρ ἀπειρητός β. 170.

Ἀπειράτος, ου, δ, ἡ, immensus: immense. Ἐν ἀπειράτῳ Olymp. 6. 91. answering to βάσι-λεὺς δ' ἐπέλ. Heyne wishes ἀπειρίτῳ.

Ἀπειρεσίος, Ἀπειρεσίος, α, ὅν, infinitus: un- bounded. Γαῶν ἀπειρεσίην Α. 13. T. 58.

Ἀπειρητός. See Ἀπειρατός.

Ἀπειρία, as; Ἀπειροσύνη, ἡς, ἡ, imperitia: in- experience, ignorance. Τῆς ἀπειρίας κρᾶτέι Eur. Pelei. fr. 5. Syn. Ἀμάθια, ἀδῆμῶνῖα, ἀπειροσύνη.

Ἀπειρίτος, ου, δ, ἡ, infinitus: boundless. Πόν- τος ἀπειρίτος ἐστέφανοντι κ. 195.

Ἀπειρόδακρυς, ὅς, sine fine et modo plorans: immoderately weeping. Aesch. Sup. 75.

Ἀπειρόκακός, ου, δ, ἡ, malorum inexpertus: untried in misfortune. Alcest. 937.

Ἀπειρόλεχης, ἑδς, experts tori, coelebs: un- acquainted with the marriage-bed. Thesm. 119. Syn. Ἀπειρογάμος, ἀμῆς, ἀμῆτος, ἀνυδρός.

Ἀπειρός, ου; Ἀπειρων, ὅνδς, δ, ἡ, interminatus: boundless. Orest. 25. α. 776.

Ἀπειρός, Ἀπειρήτος, ου, δ, ἡ, inexpertus: one who has made no trial, inexperienced in. Alcest. 500. Nem. 1, 31. Syn. Ἀδῆμων, αἰδρίς.

Ἀπειροσύνη, ἡς, ἡ. See Ἀπειρία.

Ἀπέκγῶνός, ου, δ, ἡ, abnepos: a great grand- son or granddaughter. Simon. 91.

Ἀπεκλανθῶω, obliviscor: to forget entirely. ω. 393. Syn. Ἀμνηστέω, ἀμνημόνεω, ἐκλαν- θᾶνῶμαι.

Ἀπεκροφῶω, exhaurio: to swallow up. Equit. 700.

Ἀπέλᾶνω, Ἀπέλᾶω, expello: to drive away. Hec. 103. Lysistr. 1001. Syn. Ελαῖνω, πέρι- ελαῖνω, ἀπειργῶω, ἐξωθῶω, ἀλέξω, ἐκδιώκω, ἐκκροῖω.

Ἀπέλεθρός, ου, δ, ἡ, ejus longitudo ultra centum pedes porrigitur, magnus: exceeding 100 feet in length, great. "Ωκ' ἀπέλεθρὸν ἄν- ἐδράμῃ Α. 354. Syn. Ἀπλετός, ἀσπῆτος, ἀθέ- φάτος, ἀπειρός, ἀπληθής.

Ἀπέμῶω, ἑσω, evomo: to vomit forth. Σ. 437. Syn. Εξέμῶω.

Ἀπεμῶδᾶω, ἡσω, vendo; ut emtum abduco: to sell off; to carry off a purchase. Phoen. 1243. Syn. Εξεμῶδᾶω, πωλῶω, πῖπράσκω, κατάλλᾶττωμαι.

Ἀπέναρζω, ἱξω, spolio: to strip the armour of a slaughtered foe, to spoil. M. 195. Syn. Ἐνάρζω, ἐναίρω, ἀποσπᾶω.

Ἀπένεπω, potius Ἀπενέπω, interdicto: to for- bid. Sept. Th. 1055. Syn. Ἀπαγδρεῖω, ἀπέτῶω, ἀπείργω.

Ἀπενθής, ἑδς, δ, ἡ, luctu carens: free from mourning. P. V. 992. Syn. Ἄλυσός.

Ἀπένθητος, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) quem luctu nemo prosequitur: unlamented; (2) luctu non prosequens: unlamenting. Eumen. 900. Syn. (1) Ἀδᾶκρυτός, (2) ἀπενθής.

Ἀπέπλος, ου, δ, ἡ, peplo carens: unrobed, unclad. Phoen. 334. Syn. Ἀνείμων, γυμνήτης, γυμνός.

Ἀπεραντός. See Ἀπειραντός.

Ἀπεράτος. Some read for Ἀπειραντός.

Ἀπεργάζομαι, officio, elaboro: to work off, effect. Eur. Ixion. fr. 3. Syn. Διεργάζομαι, ἐξεργάζομαι, τέλῶω, ἀποτέλῶω, ἐπίτελῶω, πέ- ραίνω, συντέλῶω, κᾶτασπενδόμεαι, ἐξᾶκριβῶω, κᾶταπράττω.

Ἀπέρει, tanquam: as if. Ἀλλ' ἀπέρει τίς ἐπικός Soph. El. 189. Syn. Ἄτῃ, ὥσπερ, ὥσωςπερ, ὥσπερ, q. v.

Ἀπερεσίος. See Ἀπειρεσίος.

Ἀπέρω, inusitat., f. ἀπέρω, et med. ἀπερῶμαι, negabo: I will deny, refuse; perf. act. ἀπέρηκα, defessus sum, animo concido: to be worn out, to be weary, to faint; et p. pass. ἀπέρηται, interdictum est: it is forbidden. Orest. 91.

Ἀπέρητῶω, prohibeo: to hinder. Ἀπέρητῇ κούρη Apoll. 1, 772. Syn. Ερητῶω, ἀνείργω, ἀναστῆλλω, ἱσχω, ἱσχνῶω, ἐφίστημι.

Ἀπέρηλᾶνός, ου, δ, ἡ, loquacitate non super- andus: not to be out-talked. Ran. 839. See Λάλεω. Syn. Πολύμυθος, ἀδδλεός.

Ἀπέρημῆρῶν, inconsoletus: without care, un- concernedly. Nub. 136. Syn. Ἀφράστος, ἀφρά- δῶς, ἀφραδῶνῶς.

Ἀπειρῶνός, ου, δ, ἡ, non revertens; non curans: not returning, not caring for. Soph. El. 182. Syn. Ἀνέπικῆλευστός.

Ἀπέρω, abeo; faecios in malam rem: to go away; imperat. go and be hanged. Eccles. 169.

Ἀπέρωθῖω, pudorem depono, impudenter ago: to leave off blushing, to be shameless. Ἀπέρωθῖσαι μάλλον ἢ σchein πράγματα Nub. 1218. Syn. Ἀνασχυντέω, ἀπᾶναισχυντέω, ἀνθαδίζομαι.

Ἀπέρω, ἑω, arceo: to withhold, hinder, avert. Βέλεω ἀπέρωκῇ ἐρωῇ Δ. 542. Syn. Ἀπείργω, ἀπέρητῶω, ἀποκωλῶω.

Ἀπέρω, abstraho: to take off, draw away. Ρινὸν ἀπ' οστέσφιν ἐρύσαι ζ. 134. Syn. Εξέρω, ἀφίλω, ἀφελκῶω, ἀποσύρω, κᾶτᾶσῶω, ἀφαιρέω, ἐφαίρω, πείρῶμαι, ἀποσπάω, κᾶτασπῶω.

Ἀπέρωμαι, ἐλείδωμαι, abeo; morior: to de- part; die. Ran. 18. Syn. Εξέρχομαι, ἀπειμί, ἀπώχωρῶ, ἀποίχωμαι, ἀπὸνέδωμαι, ἀπὸνδρεῖομαι, ἀποστείχω, ἀπαλλάττωμαι, ἀπέρω, ἀφίσταμαι.

Ἀπέρωνός, ἑω, δ, ἡ, qui impetum alius im- pedit: who stops an assault, a hinderer. Θ. 361.

Ἀπέρω, ἡσω, discedo; cohibeo: to glide away; restrain. Π. 723. Syn. see Ἀπέρωμαι.

Ἀπέρωτός, ου, δ, ἡ, inamabilis: unamiable. Choeph. 591. Syn. Στυγνός, ἐπικερφῶνός.

Ἀπέρω, ἑδς, δ, ἡ, ignotus, de quo nihil auditum est; inscius, ignarus: unheard of; not having heard of, ignorant. A. 184. Syn. Ἀπέρω, ἀπαίδευτός, ἀγνός.

Ἀπενθῖνω, ἱνῶ, adaequo; dispono, dirigo; corrigo, punio: to make straight; dispose; to E 3



direct; to rectify, chastise. Τήνδ' ἀπειθύνειν πόλιν Ε. R. 104. SYN. Ορθώ, ευθύνω, ἀπαρτίζω, διέπω, διορθώ, κυβερνάω, κόλλω.

Ἀπεικτός, ἀπειχέτος, ου, δ, ή, abominandus, vitandus: to be execrated, abominable. Æsch. Sup. 786. Choëph. 615. SYN. Ἀποτρόπαιος, ἐπάρατος, κάρατος, ἐνάγης, βδελύρος, μισήτος, δυσάνυμος, ἀπεχθής, μισαρός, πάλαιμαϊς.

Ἀπεινάω, sopio: to lull to sleep. Trach. 1258. SYN. Ευνάζω, κατὰκοιμάω, κατὰκοιμίζω, κατὰπραυνώ.

Ἀπειχόμεαι, ἔδωαι, deprecor; execor: to deprecate; abhor. Hipp. 895. SYN. Κάτευχόμεαι, παραιτέομαι, ἐφαπτόμαι, βδελύσσομαι, ἀποστρέφωμαι, ἀφδισιόμαι, κἀταρδόμεαι.

Ἀπεφός, ου, δ, ή, excoctus: purified, refined. Theog. 1102.

Ἀπεχθαίρω, odio prosequor; inuisum reddo: to hate; render odious. Γ. 415. δ. 105. SYN. Εχθαίρω, εχθραίνω, στήγω, ἀποστύγω, μίτω.

Ἀπεχθάνομαι, θησόμεαι; Ἀπεχθόμεαι, inuisum sum; odi: to be hated; to hate. β. 202. κ. 74. SYN. Εχθαίρομαι, ἐχθόμεαι, στήγόμεμαι, μισέομαι, εχθρόδοπέω, δυσμένειναι, λυπέομαι.

Ἀπέχθεια, as, ή, inimicitia: animosity. P. V. 121. SYN. Ἐχθρός, ἐχθρα, δυσμένειά, δυσνοιά, κακονοιά, στήγος.

Ἀπέχθημα, ἄτος, τδ, res odiosa: an object of hatred. Troad. 425. SYN. Ἐχθημά, μίσσημα, στήγημα, ἐχθός.

Ἀπεχθής, εὖς, inuisus: hateful, hostile, malicious. Antig. 50. SYN. Επαχθής, εχθρός, εχθρόπτος, δυσμένης, διαφόρος, κἀτάπτυστος, ἀπόπτυστος, ἀπεικτός, μισήτος, στήγος, ὄχληρος, στήγιστος.

Ἀπέχω, f. ἀφέω, abstineo, propulso, differo: to keep off from, withhold, restrain. Med. 1093. SYN. Ἐπίσχω, ἀπέχω, ἀπαλλάσσομαι, ἀφίστάμαι, ἀφεστική, εἰσίσταμαι, ἀπαλαβάνω.

Ἀπῆθω, percolo, deliquo: to strain, purify. Ran. 943. SYN. Διηθέω, διυλίζω, διαβιβάζω.

Ἀπῆλγέω, contemno: not to care, to be unconcerned. Apoll. 2, 17.

Ἀπῆλγέως, aperte, precise: unequivocally, peremptorily. I. 309. SYN. Ἀληθώς, ἀπλώς, σάφως, διαρρήδην, ἀναφανδόν.

Ἀπῆλίσσας, οὖ, alienus a iudiciis et litibus: who keeps away from the Ἡλιάδα, free from law-suits. Av. 110.

Ἀπῆλιπτος, ου, δ, subsolanus: what proceeds from the sun, eastern. Cycl. 19.

Ἀπῆμαντός, ου, δ, ή, illæsus: unhurt, uninjured. τ. 281.

Ἀπῆμνός, Ἀπῆμνός, ης, ή, integritas, securitas: a freedom from harm, safety, innocence. Theog. 756. Call. Jov. 93. SYN. Αἰλαβεία, ἰγίειά.

Ἀπῆμνος, οὖς, δ, ή, illæsus; non nocens: uninjured; harmless. N. 761. SYN. Αἰλαβής, ἀτρατός, σάος, ὑγίης, ἀδύλητος.

Ἀπῆνεία, as, ή, savitia: savageness. Οἰδύσειν ἀπῆνείσειν Apoll. 2, 1202. SYN. Ἀγρύπτης, ωμότης.

Ἀπῆρη, ης, ή, rheda, præsertim muliebri vehiculum: a vehicle directed by reins; chiefly, a carriage for females and old men. 'Ος παρ' ἀπῆρη πούς τῇ Phœn. 861. SYN. Ἀμαξία, ἄρμα. Ερ. Ἀργυρόκυκλός, ἀκἀμαντόπους, ἀελλήεσσα, ἀδισατός, δαδ, ἐξουστός, εὔτροχάλδος, τροχόλατος, τέθριμκος, τέθριμπος, παλίσκη.

Ἀπῆρης, εἰς, δ, ή, crudelis: refractory, ob-

durate, savage. Τοῦ βασιλῆος ἀπῆρες A. 340. SYN. Ἀνηλῆς, ἀνήμερος, ἀβελγής, ἀπάνθρωπος, σκληρός, χάλεπός, ἀγρίθυμος, σιθηρόφρων.

Ἀπῆρός, Ἀπῆρος, ου, δ, ή, desuper impendens; suspensæ mentis: overhanging; anxious. Pyth. 8, 124. μ. 435.

Ἀπῆρης, εὖς, δ, ή, nullo membro captus, salvus: sound in limb. Θεὸς σὺν ἀπῆρσιν Apoll. 1, 888. SYN. Αἰλαβής, ὑγίης, ἀνόςος.

Ἀπιδάω, οὖ, δ, Απιδανός: a river in Thesaly. Φασὶν Απιδανὸν γῆας λιπαίνειν (hendecasyll.) Hec. 453.

Ἀπιδέω, i. q. Ἀπειθέω, q. v. Ἀπινύσσω, desipio: to be unwise or stupid. Δοκείεις δὲ μοί οὐκ ἀπινύσσειν ε. 342. SYN Ἀλλγέω, παρὰφρόνέω, πᾶρανέω, μαρναίω.

Ἀπῖος, et (2) Ἀπῖος, α, ον, (1) longinquus: remote; (2) Apus: belonging to the Peloponnesus. Τηλδὸν ἐξ Ἀπῖος γαίης A. 270. The first syllable of Ἀπῖος is short in Homer, but long in Ε. C. 1303, and 1685, and Æsch. Sup. 268. SYN. ΑΛΛΟΔΑΪΟΣ.

Ἀπῖος, ου, ή, pirus arbor: a pear tree. Ἀπῖος, ή, et Ἀπῖον, τδ, pirus: a pear. Καὶ δὴ μὲν Ἀπῖος Theoc. 7, 120.

Ἀπῖς, ἰδός, ή, Peloponnesus. Κατ' Απιδά κνῶδαλον εὔροισ Theoc. 25, 183.

Ἀπῖς, ἰδός, δ, Απῖς. Πράξας ἀμέμπτως Ἀπῖς Ἀργεῖα χθονὶ Æsch. Sup. 272.

Ἀπῖσαν, οὖς, δ, Απῖσαν: a Trojan of rank. Τεύχε' ἀπανυμένον Ἀπῖσάνος A. 581.

Ἀπιστέω, diffido; non parco: to disbelieve, distrust; to disobey. Alcest. 1149. SYN. Ἀπίστως ἔχω, ἀνηκουστός, ἀπειθέω.

Ἀπιστία, as, ή, incredulitas; perfidia: mistrust; perfidy. Οὐ γὰρ οὐκ ἀπιστία Ion 1606.

Ἀπιστύσῃ, ης, ή, infidelitas; faithlessness, infidelity. Med. 423. SYN. Ἀπειθεῖα, ἀγνομύσῃ.

Ἀπιστός, ου, δ, ή, (1) qui non credit: disbelieving, incredulous; (2) infidus: not to be trusted, treacherous; (3) inobediens, diffidens: disobedient. Iph. T. 1294. SYN. (1) Πᾶρλόγος, (2) ἀσπονδός, ὑπερφιάλδς, (3) ἀπειθής. Ρην. Ἀπιστότερός εἰ τῶν κοχλίων πολλὰ πάνυ.

Ἀπίσχω, i. q. Ἀπέχω, q. v. Ἀπλάκειω, non ἀμυλάκειω; see 'Monthly Review,' Feb. 1796, p. 132. and Bl. Agam. 336, (1) aberro, unde privor: to deviate from, miss, fail in; (2) pecco: to do wrong. Γνώσει γὰρ αὖθις ἀπλάκων ἐμὸι πῖθος Hipp. 896. SYN. (1) Ἀμερόττω, ἀπῆνγχνω, ἀμαρτάνω, ἀποστέρωμαι, (2) ἀλῖταινω.

Ἀπλάκῃτος, ου, δ, ή, aberrans: missing. Trach. 120. See above. Some read here Ἀμπλάκῃτων. But see remarks above.

Ἀπλάκῃα, as, ή; Ἀπλάκῃον, ου; Ἀπλάκῃα, ἄτος, τδ, error: an error, fault. Πρὸς αὐτὸν φάρων ἀπλάκῃματῶν Antig. 51. Pyth. 11, 41. Call. 4, 244. See Ἀπλάκειω above. SYN. Ἀμαρτία, ἀμαρτημά. Ερ. Δεων, στήγερν, βερόπτηρν.

Ἀπλάστος, ου, δ, ή, inaccessible, ferox: not to be approached, cruel (for Ἀπῆλαστός). Ἀπλάστοι μεγάλα δέ Hes. Op. 147.

Ἀπλάτος, Ion. Ἀπῆλτος, et Ἀπῆλτος, ου, δ, ή, (1) inaccessible: inaccessible, (2) immensus: immense. Ισχυρὸς δ' ἀπλάτος Hes. Θ. 153. SYN. (1) Ἀβάτος, ἀπροσπλάστος, ἀκίχρητος,

(2) Ἀπῆλτος, πέλαιος, ἀσπετός, ἀπειρός, παμμέγῃς, ἐμμέγῃς, πόλις.

Ἀπληκτός, ου, δ, ή, non percussus: not struck. Rhea. 814.

Ἀπληστία, as, ή, insatiabilitas: an impossibility of being satisfied. Εἴτ' ἀπληστῶν λῆχους Androm. 217.

Ἀπληστός, ου, δ, ή, inexplebilis: insatiable. Med. 151. SYN. Ἀκρόεστός, ἀπλήρωτος, αὐτός, κατὰκρότος.

Ἀπλοῖα, as, ή, impossibilitas navigandi: impossibility to sail. Δευνῆς τ' ἀπλοῖας Iph. T. 15. Ερ. Ἀντίπνοος, ἐχέτης, χρόνια, κένναγῃς.

Ἀπλός, ἰδός, ή, simplex: plain or single. Δωδῆκὰ δ' ἀπλῶς χλαίνας ω. 275. SYN. Ἀπλόη.

Ἀπλός, η, ον, Ἀπλός, ή, ον, simplex, ingenuus; stultus: simple, candid; foolish. Phœn. 479. SYN. Ἀκάκος, ἀκέραιος, ἐνήθης, ἀπέρριτος, ἀφελής; (2) μῶρος, κοῦφος.

Ἀπλός, δου, contr. ους, ου, δ, ή, navigatione carens: unable to sail, detained by want of or by contrary winds, not navigable. Καὶ ἀπλὸν εἰσέται ὕδωρ Musæ. 204.

Ἀπλός, explicio: to spread out, unfold. Anacr. 39, 22. SYN. Ἀναπτύσσω, ἐξάλλω, ἀναπέταζω, ἐκτείνω.

Ἀπλός, ου, δ, ή, illotus: unwashed. Οσμὸν Ἰάμῃας ὀρχεῖς ἀπλῶς Pax 758. SYN. Ἄλουτος, ἀνικτός, ῥυπαρός.

Ἀπνευστός, ου, δ, ή, qui respirare non potest: breathless. Theoc. 25, 271.

Ἀπνός, δου, contr. ους, ου, δ, ή, flatu seu respiratione carens; inodorus: breathless; fetid. Εἰμὶ γὰρ ἀπνός Call. Ep. 31. SYN. Ἀπνευστός, ἀλυχός.

Ἀπός, α, ab: from (governing a genitive). Hec. 684. See below.

Ἀπαλνίμαι, pro Ἀπαίνυμαι, aufero: to take away, deprive of. Τὰ κτᾶμεν ἀπαλνίμαι N. 262.

Ἀπαίρειω, Ἀπαίρεομαι, antiq. et poet. pro Ἀφαίρειω et Ἀφαίρεομαι, q. v.

Ἀπαλνέω, ἐξοδόμεαι, descendo, discedo; evenio: to descend, dismount, depart; turn out. E. 227. SYN. Εκβαίνω, κατὰβαίνω, κἀτειμι, κατέρχόμεαι, συμβαίνω.

Ἀπαλλάω, ἀλά, abjicio, rejicio: to cast away, reject, refuse. Vesp. 1312. SYN. Εκβάλλω, κατὰβάλλω, ἀποπέμνω, ἀποστέλλω, ἀποτρέπομαι, ἀποτίσθωμαι, ἀθέρῃω, ἀποδύω, ἀπογινώσκω, παρῶθω, ἀπορίπτω.

Ἀπαλίσκω, descendere in terram facio: to cause to descend: set down on the ground. Vesp. 1164. See Βίβάζω.

Ἀποελάπτω, ludo; privo: to hurt; to deprive of. Τοιοῦτ' ἀποελαφθεῖσιν Aj. 954. SYN. Βλάπτω, δηλέομαι, λυβάζωμαι, ἀφαίρειω, ἀποστέρω, ἀμείρω.

Ἀποελατάνω, στήσω, germino: to spring from. CE. C. 533. See Βλαστάνω.

Ἀποελεπτός, ου, δ, ή, conspicuus: looked up to, distinguished, conspicuous. Παρθένος τ' ἀριχρῆλος, ἐνδοξός, περίεργος, περίφανής, κατὰφάνης, κλεινός.

Ἀποελέτω, ψω, respicio; rationem habeo: to regard, respect, value. 'Ιν' ἀποελέτωμαι καὶ λέγωντι Eccles. 726. SYN. Επῖελέτω, ἐμελέτω, ἀναελέτω, προσελέτω, θεάομαι, ἐπιθεωρῶ, θαυμάζω, παπταίνω.

Ἀποελητός, ου, δ, ή, abiciendus, abjectus: must be thrown away, rejected. Οὐτοὶ ἀπόελητ' εστί δ' εὖν Γ. 65. SYN. Ἀδοκίμος, ἀτίμος, ἀτίμαστος, ἀποπεμπτός, ἀνάρθιμος, πρόκλητος, ἐκβλήτος, ἐκβλήμας, κατὰκυστός, φαλός.

Ἀποελίσσω, ἴσω, aufero exsugendo aut exprimendo: to take away by squeezing (properly of those who obtain honey or milk by pressing the honeycomb or teats). 'Ο δ' ἀπέλιε δόματιών μου Av. 498. SYN. Βλίσσω, ἐκπείζω, ἀποπείζω ἀποθλίβω, ἀφαίρειω.

Ἀποελύω, σω, vomo, ex ore ejicio: to stream out, pour forth. Ἀποελύω εν νηπιερ ἀλεγεινῃ I. 487. SYN. Ἀναελύω, ἀπέμω, ἐκβάλλω.

Ἀποελώσκω, discedo: to depart, retire. Apoll. 3, 1143. SYN. Ἀπόχωρῶ, ἀπαλλάσσομαι, ἀφίστάμαι, ἀπέρχομαι.

Ἀποελλίμας, ου, δ, ή, libenter rejiciens: apt to throw away. Pax 677. SYN. see Ἀποελητός.

Ἀποεσκόμαι, depasco: to feed off, eat down. Av. 1066. SYN. Κατὰεσκόμαι, κατὰερώσκω, νέμωμαι, ἐκαρπίζωμαι, καρπώομαι, ἐκαρπίζομαι.

Ἀποερίζω, crapulam edormio; dormio: to sleep off any excess in food; to sleep. 'Ενθα δ' ἀποερίζαντες μ. 7. SYN. Βρίζω, ἀφρονώ, καθ-εῶδω.

Ἀποερώμω, ου, δ, ή, ab aris amovendus, impius: to be excluded from approaching the altar, impious. Cycl. 365. SYN. Ἀνόςος, ἀθέος.

Ἀπογόνος, ου, δ, ή, nepos, et qui longius distat: a grandson, descendant. CE. C. 220. SYN. Επῖγονός, ἀπέγονός.

Ἀπογυνώω, membra debilito: to destroy the strength of the limbs, weaken. Μή μ' ἀπογυνώης Z. 265. SYN. Κατὰγυνώω, ἐκασθενίζω, ἐκνευρίζω, ἀπνευρίζω, ἐκλῶ, ἐκθλίνω.

Ἀπογυμνάζω, exerceo: to exercise. Sept. Th. 437. SYN. Γυμνάζω, ἀθλέω.

Ἀπογυμνός, nudo: to strip off, strip naked. κ. 301. SYN. Γυμνός, παρὰγυμνός, ἀποφύδω, ἀπύδω.

Ἀποδαίρω, δάσσω, δάσσομαι, divido: to portion out, bestow, allot. P. 231. SYN. Δαίω, διαίρω, ἀμυρίζω, ἀνιδιδωμί.

Ἀποδάκνω, illachrymo: to weep for. Vesp. 983. See Δάκνω.

Ἀποδειδίσσομαι, deterreo: to terrify, frighten from. M. 52. SYN. Ἀπειργώ, ἀνείργω, ἀποτρέπω, κατὰπλήττω.

Ἀποδελικνύμι, δείξω, ostendo: to show, prove. Ion 878. SYN. Ἀνὰδελικνύμι, ἐπιδελικνύμι, δηλῶ, ἐκδηλῶ, διασάφω, μνηνύω, διασάφηνιζω, σάφηνιζω, ἀναφαίνω, ὑποφαίνω, ἐμφαίνω, τρανῶ, διασημαίνω, ἐπίσημαίνω, ἐπίμαρτύρομαι.

Ἀποδείξω, εὖς, ή, demonstratio: demonstration, proof. Hipp. 196. SYN. Ἐνδείξω, δηλωσις, ἐπιδειγμά, σημεῖον, βάσανός, πίστις.

Ἀποδειρόττω, cervicem abscondo, obtruncro: to behead. Ψ. 22. SYN. Δειροτόμω, τραχηλίζω, ἀποκέφαλλω, κάρατόμω, αὐχενίζω.

Ἀποδέρω, ἐρώ, excoorio: to strip off the skin, flay. Theoc. 25, 278. SYN. Δέρω, ἐκδέρω, ἐκδερμάτιζω, ἀποδέρω, ἐκλέκω.

Ἀποδέχομαι, ἔδωαι, recipio, probo: to receive, accept, approve. Eccl. 707. SYN. Δέχομαι, προσδέχομαι, παρὰδέχομαι, ἐποδέχομαι, ἀνάλωμαι, ἀπολαμβάνω, ἀπέχω, ἐταινώ, δοκιμάζω, ἐπαγγέλλω, ὁμιλόγη.

Ἀποδημέω, peregre proficiscor: to be absent from one's own country, go abroad. Nub. 370. SYN. Εκδημέω, ἀποξενόομαι, ἐπιξενόομαι.

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abroad. Pyth. 4, 8. SYN. Έκδημος, ξένος, άποκός, άφροστός, θύρατος.

Αποδιδράσκω, απέδραν, aufugio: to run away from, to escape. Lysist. 719. See Διδράσκω.

Αποδίδωμι, δάσω, reddo, attribuo, explico: to give back, to assign, to explain, sell off. Iph. T. 476. SYN. Αναδίδωμι, εκδίδωμι, προστίθημι, απόκαθίστημι, άπεμπλάω.

Αποδίκω, rejicio: to throw aside. Herc. F. 1204. See Δίκω. SYN. Δίκω, βάλλω, απόβαλλω.

Αποδιώκω, ξω, abigo: to chase away. Ουκ αποδιώξεις σωτών Nub. 1299. SYN. Διώκω, απέλαινω, άλίζω.

Αποδοχέω, obliquo: to bend, incline obliquely. Κεῖτ' απόδοχώς α. 372. SYN. Δόχμω, λοξέω, λοξώ, στρέβλω, επίκαμπω, κάτακμπω.

Αποδρέπω, ψω, decerpo: to pluck off, gather. Τότ' πάντας απόδρεπέ Hes. Op. 609. SYN. Δρέπω, απόλεγω, ανάλεγμα, εκλέγωμαι, απότριγλω.

Αποδρύπτω, ψω, dilacero: to tear, rend. Χειρὸς απόδρύψαι θε ρ. 480. SYN. Δρύπτω, απόσπρω, απόδερω, διασπάω.

Αποδρύφω, dilacero: to tear, to rend. Μή μιν απόδρύφοι έλκυστάων Ψ. 187. But this is perhaps only the α. 2. of the above word.

Αποδύρμαι, lamentor: to bewail, lament over. Κάτωδύρμαι σπῶφ Soph. El. 1128. SYN. Οδύρμαι, δύρμαι, απομύζω, αποικτιζόμεναι.

Αποδύω, ύσω, exco: to divest, strip, deprive of. Από τευχέα δύσαι Ν. 182. SYN. Εκδύομαι, απόσυνδω, απόρμυνδω, αποστέρω, άφαιρέω.

Αποείλω, See Απειλω. T. 35. See Clarke's note on the quantity of the second syllable in αποειλῶν. SYN. Απειλω, άνάνεω, απαγορεύω, άπαρνέομαι.

Αποεργάω, Αποέργω, ποῖτ. pro Απειργω vel Απέργω, avertō, prohibeo, separo: to keep off, prevent, separate. Δδλω απόεργάθ' λαοφ Φ. 599. SYN. Αφορίζω, απόχωρίζω, διαχωρίζω, διαίρω, διακρίνω, διίστημι, νοσφίζω, αποζεγγνύμι.

Αποέρβω, έρω, perdo, abripio, corrumpto abreptum: to destroy, carry off. Φ. 329. SYN. Αραπαζω, διαφθείρω, άφαιρέω.

Αποζεγγνύμι, disjungo: to separate. Ορφανός τ' αποζεγγεις Phoen. 1005. SYN. Διαζεγγνύμι, αναζεγγνύμι, απόεργω, απόδω, απόδασσω, απόχωρίζω, άφιστημι, νοσφίζω, διίστημι.

Αποθαυμάζω, demiror: to admire. ζ. 49. SYN. Θαυμάζω, υπεράγμαι, απόβλεπω.

Αποθέρζω, απέθρισα, απέθρισά, demeto: to mow off, cut off. Orest. 128. SYN. Αποκόπτω, απόκειρω.

Αποθεστός, ου, δ, ή, contemptus: despised, rejected. ρ. 296. SYN. Αποδελήτος, q. v.

Αποθλίβω, ψω, exprimo: to press out. Αποθλίβον θύρον δδωρ Anacr. SYN. Εκθλίβω, απόθλω, απόκναω, απόπληττω, απορρήγνυμι, απότινάσσω.

Αποθνήσκω, θανούμαι, morior: to die. Pax 188. SYN. Ονήσκο, αποχίμαι, κάτοχμαι, άπέρχμαι, απαλλάσσομαι, απόγινύμαι, τέλευται.

Αποθραύω, confringo: to break off. Pers. 416. SYN. Διαθραύω, συνθραύω, κατάγνυμι, κάταθλῶ, συνάρσσω, συγκρούω, συγκλάω, συντρίβω, διαρρήγνυμι.

Αποθρύζω. See Αποθέρζω.

Αποθρόσκω, θρούμαι, desilio: to leap out, spring from. Καπνὸν αποθρόσκοντ' α. 58. SYN.

Αποπνηδῶ, κατάπνηδῶ, ανάλλομαι, άφάλλομαι, καθάλλομαι, εκθρόσκω.

Αποθύμιος, ου, δ, ή, ingratus animo, invitus: disagreeable to the feelings, unpleasant. Αποθύμια έρδοι E. 261. SYN. Αθηδός, άπερηγός, άχάριστος, διαάρεστος, εχθρός, δυσχέρης, λυπηρός.

Αποίητος, ου, δ, ή, sine arte factus: not done skilfully, clumsily. Αποίητον ουδ' άν Olymp. 2. 31. SYN. Άπρακτός, άτελεστός, άγένητος.

Αποικέω, aliunde habitatum venio; procul habito: to migrate, to dwell at a distance from. Theoc. 15. 7. SYN. Αποναίω, μέλιστάμαι.

Αποικία, ας, ή, colonia: a colony. See Αποκτίσις. Isth. 7. 18. SYN. Κάτοικια, μέτοικησις.

Αποικίζω, in coloniam deduco: to send away from one's native country as a colonist. μ. 135. SYN. Αποξένω, απόπικνω, εξέρζω, φηγάδεω, απόκηρσσω.

Αποικός, ου, δ, ή, domo absens, domo emissus, incola: an absentee, colonist, inhabitant. Sept. Th. 725. SYN. Ξένος, απόδημος, έπουδός, οικήτωρ.

Απομύζω, ξω, lamentor: to bewail. Med. 31. SYN. Ομύζω, απόδύρμαι, άνάκλαιω, άνάκνω, αιάζω, γάω, αποικτιζόμεναι.

Απονώμαι, pramium reporto: to obtain a recompense. Pers. 177.

Απονήτης, ου, δ, ή, impunitus: unpunished. Soph. El. 1065. SYN. Αδώς, χαίρων.

Αποουδίκος, ου, δ, ή, ultor, ultix: avenging. Herc. F. 884. See Δίκη. SYN. Έκδικός, άμίντωρ, άμυντήριος, τιμωρός, τιμήριος.

Αποονω, ου, τό; Αποινά, ων, τὰ, pretium quod loco pecnae debita offertur: a ransom. Pers. 813. SYN. Δύρην, ποιή, δάρων. Ερ. Άγλαδν, άπερσίον, άζών, άεικός.

Αποονω, pramio condigno adficio, ulciscor: to repay adequately, revenge. Nem. 5. 29. SYN. Αντάδικέω, αντάμυνόμεναι, τιμωρέω, άμύνω.

Απολύθμαι, χησόμεναι, abeo: to go away, die: Heracl. 818. SYN. Απέρχμαι, άπειμι, απόδελπω, απαλλάσσομαι, αποθνήσκω.

Αποκάθαίρω, abstergo: to wipe off, rub, cleanse. Pax 1193. SYN. Κάθαίρω, εκκάθαίρω, άμύσσω.

Αποκαίνυμαι, supero: to surpass, be superior to. Απεκαίνιτό πάντας άριστους δ. 127. SYN. Καίνυμαι, επικρατέω, περίεμι, νικάω, υπερβάλλωμαι, υπερβαίνω, υπέρχω, πρόχω, περίγινώμαι.

Αποκαίριος, ου, δ, ή, intempestivus: unseasonable. Philoct. 155. SYN. Ακαίρος, άτόπος.

Αποκαίω, καύσω, aduro: to burn up. Φ. 336. SYN. Καίω, κατάκαω, αιάλλω, άνάφλεγω.

Αποκάλεω, per opprobrium et invidiam appello; sevoco; veto: to call insultingly; to call aside; to forbid. Iph. A. 1354. SYN. Ανάκλῶ, επικάλεω, εκκάλεω, απόκίχλωσκω, αποσπένδω, απαγέρω, μετ'άπεμδμαι, άπαγω, απότρεπω, άφιστημι.

Αποκάμνω, κάμσομαι, fatisco: to be weary. Ion 134. SYN. Κάμνω, εκκάμνω, τάλαιπωρέμαι, απαγέρω, απότρεμμαι, κατάπνυνόμεναι, εκλύωμαι.

Αποκάπνω, efflo: to breathe out. Από δέ ψυχην εκάπνισσε X. 467. SYN. Απώπνυω, άνώπνυω, άποψύχω.

Αποκάτατιθμι, θήσω, depono: to lay aside or down; to leave as a deposit. Apoll. 3. 1287.

Αποκαυλίω, decutio, decurto: to strike or lop off. Eur. Sup. 716.

Αποκείρω, έρω et έρω, tonleo, abscindo: to shear, clip, cut off. Herc. 898. SYN. Αποκορ-

σώ, απόκόπτω, απότέμνω, απόκόμω, αποστέρω.

Αποκερδάνω, lucrifacio: to derive gain from. Cycl. 431.

Αποκηδέω, ήσω, negligo: to neglect. Ψ. 413. SYN. Αμέλῶ, άφροντίζω, άποφροντίζω, άκηδέω.

Αποκίδνημι, dissipio: to scatter. Apoll. 4. 133. SYN. Κάτασκέδαννυμι, διασκορπίζω, διασκεδάννυμι, εκτρέπόμεναι.

Αποκιδυνέω, periculum facio: to make a trial, endeavour. Ran. 1108. See Κινδυνός.

SYN. Αποτολμῶ, πείραν λαμβάνω, ποιέωμαι.

Αποκινέω, ήσω, amoveo: to remove from. Μή μ' απόκινήσωσι χ. 107. SYN. Εκκινέω, μέτακινέω, άπαθῶ, πάρωθῶ, εκτρέπω, διακρούω, απόσειω, απέλαινω, άφιστημι, απαλλάσσω.

Αποκινός, ου, δ, recessus, fuga: a retreat, flight (a species of dance, Suidas). Αλλ' εύρέ τιν' απόκινον από του δεσπότης Equit. 20. SYN. Φύγη, απόχώρησις, άναχώρησις, απόδρασις.

Αποκίω, abscedo: to depart. Από σταθμού κίαν τ. 156.

Αποκλάζω, άγχο, vociferor: to cry aloud. Μεγάλοις άγχοίσις άπέκλαζεν Agam. 151.

Απέκλαιω, Att. άω, κλασόμεναι, deploro: to lament. E. R. 1467. SYN. Κάτακλαιώ, άνάκλαιω, απόδερνυ, απόδύρμαι, ολδύφρμαι, κατάδύρμαι, επίθρηνη.

Αποκλάω, άσω, defringo: to break off. Νῆα μελαινάν άπέκλασε Musae 298. SYN. Κλάω, απόρρηγνυμι, αποσπάω, κατάκόπτω, κατάτρεμνω.

Αποκλείω, είσω, excludo, includo: to shut from, to shut in. Κάτεκλεισε δωμάτων P. V. 691. SYN. Κλείω, εγκλείω, ενάποκλείω, συγκλείω, άπτεκλείω, πακύνω, άπείργω, κάβερρω.

Αποκλέπτω, surripio: to steal from. Μή ποτ' αποκλέψην H. in Mer. 522.

Αποκληρός, ου, δ, ή, exsors: having no share in, free from. Pyth. 5. 71. SYN. Άκληρός, άμοιρός.

Αποκλίνω, ίνω, declino, inclino: to decline, fall away. Καλ δόξαν' απόκλιναι E. R. 1192. SYN. Εκκλίνω, εγκλίνω, εντρέπω, απότρεπω, εκτρέπόμεναι, κατάκμπω.

Αποκλύω, eluo: to wash out, off, or away. Απέκλυσεν άλμη Apoll. 1. 366. SYN. Εκκλύω, εκνίπτω, εκλούω, απόλουω.

Αποκναίω, affligo: to afflict, vex. Ουκ απόφαλιν άποκναίεις Vesp. 681. SYN. Λυπέω, όδύνω, απόθλιβω, ενδοχλέω, απόλμυι, παρέκτείνω.

Αποκνομά, άτος, τό, frustum alicujus rei, pro prie, ungue abscissum: a paring, scrap. Νανύφεις σφύραδων άποκνομάτ' Pax 790.

Αποκοιμάμαι, seorsum dormio: to sleep apart, sleep from home. Vesp. 213. SYN. Αποκοιτέω, απόκαθεύδω.

Αποκομῆ, άτος, τό, frustum: a fragment. Theoc. 10. 7. SYN. Κόμῆ, άγμά, θρασμά, κλάσμά, τέμαχος.

Αποκομπάω, insolentius ago vel loquor: to act or speak boastfully. Herc. F. 981.

Αποκόπη, ής, ή, abscissio: a cutting off. Aesch. Sup. 843. SYN. Αποτόμή.

Αποκόπτω, ψω, abscindo: to cut off. A. 261. SYN. Εκκόπτω, εκτέμνω, απότέμνω, άπαράσσω, διαίρω, αποσχίζω, άπαύω, απότμηγω.

Αποκορμῆ, άτος, ordine collocata aufero: to remove in a regular order. η. 232.

Αποκουφίζω, levo, sublevo: to lift, lighten.

Hec. 105. SYN. Κουφίζω, άνάκουφίζω, έτικουφίζω, έπαίρω, ελάφρυνω.

Αποκρέμνυμι, μύσω, suspendo: to hang up. Ψ. 879. SYN. Κρέμνυμι, άνάκρέμνυμι.

Αποκρίνω, (1) secerno, semoveo: to separate, distinguish. Αποκρίνεται, med. (2) respondeo: to answer. Τώ οί άποκρινθέντ' E. 12. SYN. (1) Εκκρίνω, διακρίνω, απόβάλλω, άφθρίζω, απόχωρίζω, εκλέγω, διάτασσω, άπαθῶ; (2) άπαμείβμαι, επίλεγμα.

Αποκρισις, έως, ή, actio excernendi; responsio: the act of selecting or distinguishing; an answer. Εσθλή μιν απόκρισις Theogn. 1169.

Αποκρούω, repello, tundo: to repel, bruise. Ach. 459. SYN. Εκκρούω, άνάκρούω, εκβάλλω, απόσειω, άπαθῶ.

Αποκρύπτω, abscondo: to hide. Απέκρυφεν δέ μοι Ίππους A. 717. SYN. Κρύπτω, επικρύπτω, κάλυπτω, κεύθω, λανθάνω, κάταδύνω.

Αποκρύφω, ου, δ, ή, occultus: concealed. Herc. F. 1069. See Κρύφιος. SYN. Κρύφιος, λάθριος.

Αποκτείνω, ένῶ, occido: to kill. "η φοῖς' άποκτενοῖσι Orest. 254. SYN. Κτείνω, κατάκτείνω, αποκτινύμι, καινῶ, άφάνίζω, πέφνω, κατάπέφνω, δαντάω, αποσφάττω, αποσφάζω, διαχειρίζμαι, διεργάζομαι, κάτεργάζομαι, έναίρω, ενάριζω, ανθρωποκτονέω, διαφθείρω, φονέω, όλμυι.

Αποκτίσις, έως, ή, colonia: a colony. Θηραίν εν απόκτισιν Call. 2. 75. SYN. Κτίσις, κτισμά, άποικία.

Αποκνέω, lugeo: to lament. Agam. 1522. See Κνωέω. SYN. Αποδύρμαι, απομύζω.

Αποκαλύω, prohibeo: to prevent. Med. 1408. See Κωλύω. SYN. Αποείργω, είργω.

Απολαγχάνω, obtineo, spe excedo: to obtain, to be disappointed. Herc. F. 331. SYN. Αποτυγχάνω.

Απολάζομαι, recipio: to receive. Helen. 917. Απολάμβανω, απόδεχόμεναι, άνάδεχόμεναι.

Απολακτίω, calce ferio, sperno: to kick, spurn. P. V. 652.

Απολακτισμός, ου, δ, calcitratio, jactura: a kicking against, rejection. Aesch. Sup. 949. SYN. Βάδην, εκβλή.

Απολαμβάνω, λήφόμεναι, recipio: to take back, receive. Helen. 911.

Απολάμνω, effulgeo: to blaze forth. T. 381. Απολάττω, lambendo absorbeo: to lick up. Nub. 809. SYN. Κάταπνινω, εκπίνω.

Απολαυσίς, έως, ή, fructus quem ex aliqua re percipimus: gain, enjoyment. Herc. F. 1370. SYN. Καρπός, τέφρις, επίτρυχία, τύχη.

Απολαύω, fluor: to reap the fruits of, suffer the effects of. Iph. T. 455. SYN. Ονύνμαι, έπαυρέω, έπαυρισκόμαι, επίτρυχάμαι, καρπίζομαι, καρπίζω, καρπύδμαι, κτάμαι, ωφέλομαι.

Απολείβω, ψω, distillo: to drop from. η. 107. SYN. Λέβω, κατάλειδμαι, άποχέω, αποστάζω, κάταστώ.

Απολείπω, relinquo: to leave. Med. 35. SYN. Εαλείπω, κατάλείπω, εγκατάλειπω, παράλειπω, υπόλειπω, άφήμι, προδίδωμι.

Απολέμω, ου, δ, ή, imbellis: unwarlike, cowardly. Herc. F. 1124. SYN. Άμάχης, ασθής.

Απολέπω, decortico: to strip off the bark. Nub. 809. SYN. Λέπω, περίλετω, απόδερω, περίφλοίζω.

Απολήγω, ξω, desino: to cease, fail, decay.







ing. Βωμὴ πάροστην ἀποτρόποι δαίμοσι Pers. 208. SYN. (1) Ἀποφρόν, παρὰ τρώπῳ, ἀπεικ-  
τός, φευκτός, (2) ἀποτρόπαιος, ἀλεξίκακος,  
ἀλεξιμόρδος, ἀλεξητήρ, ἀπογομπαῖος.  
Αποτρώ, ὥσω, (1) detero, defatigo: to wear  
away, fatigue; (2) abjicio: to cast away. Trach.  
126. See Τρώω. SYN. (1) Τρύχω, κατὰ τρύχω,  
διατρίβω, ἀποκάμνω, κούπια, κατὰ πινύω, κατὰ-  
δάπναιω, (2) ἀποβάλλω, ἀποδύκναιω.  
Αποτρώγω, τρώξωμαι, avello morsu: to tear  
off with the teeth, devour. Εἴτ' ἀποτρώγει Ran.  
365. SYN. Τρώγω, κατὰ τρώγω, κατεσθίω, ἀπο-  
φάγω, κατὰ φάγω, κατὰ ἐρώσκω, ἀποδέρσκω,  
ἀποκνίω, ἀποκείρω.  
Αποτρωπάω, poet. Ion. pro ἀποτρέπω, averto:  
to turn away. Διπρὸν ἀποτρωπάσθαι φ. 112.  
SYN. Αποτρέπω, q. v.  
Αποτρυγᾶναι, τεύξωμαι, abergo ex voto, non  
succedo: to miss, to be disappointed. Αποτρυ-  
γᾶναι ἑρώτων Anacr. SYN. Εξάμαρτάνω,  
ἀράμαρτάνω, διαφενδύωμαι, σφάλλωμαι, ἀποσφάλ-  
λωμαι, πάρεκτρέπωμαι, ἀποβάλλω.  
Απουρίζω, pro ἀφρίζω, q. v. X. 489.  
Απουρός, ου, δ, ἡ, longe a terminis: far re-  
moved from the frontiers. (E. R. 194.  
Απουός, ὁδός, δ, ἡ, pedibus carens: not having  
a leg or legs, having lost the use of legs, lame.  
Philoct. 632. SYN. Χωλός.  
Απουσία, ας, ἡ, (1) absentia: absence; (2)  
detrimentum: want, damage. Απουσιᾶ μὲν  
εἶπας Agam. 924. SYN. Ζημία, βλάβη.  
Αποράγω, comedo: to devour. Equit. 497.  
See Φάγω. SYN. See Ἀποτρώγω.  
Αποφαίω, ostendo, probō: to show, exhibit,  
prove. Pers. 865. SYN. Ἀναφαίω, εκφαίω,  
εκφάνίζω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἀποσημαίνω, ζεικνύμι, ἐξ-  
ελέγχω, κατὰ μύθη.  
Αποφέρω, ὁσσω, aufero, refero: to carry off,  
bring back, deliver. K. 337. SYN. Ἀφαίρω,  
ἀπάγω, ἀποδύκναιω, εκφέρω, κατὰ φέρω.  
Αποφεύγω, ἔξωμαι, effugio: to escape. Vesp.  
579. SYN. Εκφεύγω, διαφεύγω, διεκφεύγω,  
ἀναχάζωμαι, ἐξάλλωμαι, ἐξάλλω, εκδιδράσκω,  
ἐξέρχωμαι, ἀποδύωμαι.  
Αποφυγῆς, ἑως, ἡ, ἀποφυγῆς, ἑως, ἡ, effugium;  
solutio: escape, acquittal. Vesp. 562. SYN.  
Ἀποφύγη, ἀλυγῆς.  
Αποφύμι, φήσω, (1) profiteor: to declare;  
(2) nego, contra dico: to deny, contradict.  
H. 362. SYN. (1) Ἀποδέγω, ἀποστομάτίζω,  
ἀποφάσκω, (2) ἀπέπω, ἀντιλέγω, ἀποφθγγίζωμαι.  
Αποφθεγνέσθαι, ου, δ, ἡ, indignus quem allo-  
quamur: who ought not to be spoken to. Iph.  
T. 951. SYN. Ἀποφθεγνέσθαι, ἀνάξιος, ἀποτρό-  
πος.  
Αποφθείω, ἐρώ, ἀποφθινύω, perdo: to de-  
stroy, ruin. Οὐτ' αἰτοῦ γένεθλ' ἀποφθείρας  
πάλιν Choeph. 252. See also π. 539. SYN.  
Διαφθείρω, ἀπόλλυμι, κατὰκτείνω.  
Αποφθίνω, ἀποφθίω, ὥσω, intereo: to perish.  
Καποφθίνει τὰ χρηστά χὰ δειλὸς κράτει Philoct.  
457. e. 110. See remark at Ἀπθίνω. SYN.  
Φθίνω, διαφθείρωμαι, ἀπόλλυμαι, ἀποφθιρόμαι,  
ἀποθνήσκω.  
Αποφθόρα, ας, ἡ, exitium: destruction. Σπέρ-  
ματός τ' ἀποφθόρα Eumen. 187. SYN. Φθόρα.  
Αποφλαυρίζω, φλοκίζω, facio: to disparage. Pyth.  
3. 23. SYN. Φλαυρίζω, φλοκίζω, ἀποφλαυρίζω,  
εκφλαυρίζω, ευτελίζω, εξευτελίζω.  
Αποφύλλω, efflo, ebullio: to shoot or burst  
forth. Τέρβιν ἀποφύλλωσιν Apoll. 3. 584.

Ἀποφθόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, with φόνος, &c., abomi-  
nandus: unnatural, horrible. Orest. 189.  
Ἀποφράγνυμι, communio velut septo: to  
hedge round, fence about. Κατὰφράγνυσαι  
κύκλω Antig. 247. SYN. Ἀποφράσσω.  
Ἀποφύσσω, ἦσω, efflo: to blow, breathe out.  
Κάπειτ' ἀνέλάν μ' ἀποφύσσω Vesp. 330. SYN.  
Εκφύσσω, εκπνέω, ἀναπνέω.  
Ἀποφώλιος, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) vanus, irritus: trifling,  
vain; (2) monstrosus: strange, wonderful; (3)  
indoctus: ignorant. Ἀποφώλιοι ευναι λ. 248.  
SYN. (1) Μάταιος, ἀνέμωλιος, (2) ξένος, τέρ-  
στιος, (3) ἀπειρός, ἀπαίδευτος.  
Ἀποχάζωμαι, secedo, recedo: to retire, depart  
from. ΑΛΛ' ἀποχάζεθ' ὁδοῦ λ. 94. SYN.  
Ἀναχωρέω, ἀνέρχωμαι, ἀπέρχωμαι.  
Ἀποχάλλω, ὁσω, relaxo, resolvo: to let loose.  
ΑΛΛ' ἀποχάλλω τὴν φροντίδ' ἐς τὸν αἶρα Nub.  
762. SYN. Ἀνίημι, ἀνατέμνω, ἀναύω.  
Ἀποχειρῶ, ὥσω, ex manu aliena capio: to  
snatch away. Ἀποχειρῶμαι, destitutor: to be  
deserted by. Pax 1013. SYN. (2) Χειρῶμαι,  
ἀποτρυγᾶναι, ἀποστρέφωμαι.  
Ἀποχειρῶνέω, suffragio meo improbo: to  
vote against. Pax 666. SYN. Ἀποσηρίζωμαι,  
διώλω.  
Ἀποχέω, ἀποχέω, εὔσω, effundo: to pour  
out, cast away. X. 20. Ion 146. SYN. Εκχέω,  
ἀποχέω, εκέλω.  
Ἀποχρᾶω, sufficio: to supply, to be sufficient.  
ἔμοι μὲν ἀποχρη ταῦτ' ἀνὰ ψήφισιν Aves  
1602. SYN. Εξαρκέω, ἑταρκέω.  
Ἀποχωρέω, abscedo: to go from, retire. Aves  
1646. SYN. Ἀπέρχωμαι, ἀπειμῖ, ἀνέρχωμαι,  
ἐξέρχωμαι, ἀπαλλάσσωμαι.  
Αποψᾶω, ἦσω, abstergo: to wipe off, wipe,  
rub. Ἀφρὸν τ' ἀψέω Iph. T. 312. SYN.  
Ἀπομάσσω, κατὰμάσσω, ἀπονίπτω, ἀπομόργ-  
νυμι.  
Αποψιλῶ, denudo: to strip bare. Ταύτης  
ἀποψιλώσθαι Thesm. 538. See Blomf. ad  
Choeph. 683. SYN. Ἀντίλλω, ἀποθρίλλω, ἀπο-  
γυμνῶ, ἀφαίρω.  
Αποψύχω, ξω, exspiro, frigesacio, refrigero, ex-  
siccō: to breathe out, expire, cool, drain out,  
dry. Ἰδρὼ ἀποψυχθεὶς φ. 561. SYN. Απο-  
θνήσκω, ψύχω, ἀποξηραίνω, ἀναίνωμαι.  
Αποψωλέω, præputium detraho: to circum-  
cise. Ἐπεσθ' ἀψωλημῆναι Plut. 295.  
Απραγμοσύνη, ης, ἡ, vacatio a negotio; neg-  
ligentia: freedom from business; negligence.  
Nub. 1005. SYN. Ἀπραξία, σχόλη, ἀνείσις,  
ἀμείλειά, κατὰφρονήσις.  
Ἀπράγμων, ὄνδος, δ, ἡ, (1) negotii vacuus:  
taking no trouble, quiet; (2) incuriosus: care-  
less. Πλάνάμειθα ζητούντες τὸ πᾶν ἀπράγμονα  
Aves. 44. SYN. (1) Ἀπόνος, ἀργός, ἡσυχός,  
(2) ἀμέλειά, ἀφρόντιστος.  
Ἀπρακτός, Ion. Ἀπρηκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, infectus,  
irritus; intentatus: not done, ineffectual, un-  
successful; unattempted. Ἀπρηκτὸν γὰρ νέεσθαι  
E. 221. SYN. Ἀνήνυτος, ἀδυνάτος, ἀτέλεστος,  
μάταιος.  
Ἀπραξία, ας, ἡ, cessatio a rebus agendis: a  
cessation from business. Ἀπραξία λέγω Orest.  
420. SYN. See Ἀπραγμοσύνη.  
Ἀπρηπῆς, ἑός, δ, ἡ, indecorus: unbecoming,  
improper. Φθονὸν τὸ καὶ ἀπρηπῆς Theoc. 5.  
40. SYN. Ἀνοικῆς, ἀπιοικῆς, ἀεικέλιος, αίσ-  
χρος.  
Ἀπρίατος, ὃν, inemptus: unpurchased. Ἀπρί-

ατην ἀναποιῶν A. 99. Ἀπρίατην is used ad-  
verbially, ξ. 316. SYN. Ἀμισθός, ἀπομισθός,  
ἐκμισθός.  
Ἀπρηπῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, indesinenter per-  
cussus, vel percussus: incessantly struck, or  
striking. Ἀπρηπῶς πελάγῃ δ' ἦν  
ἰδεῖν Choeph. 419.  
Ἀπρηπῶς, tenaciter: clinging to tightly. Pers.  
1064. See above.  
Ἀπρίξ, arcte: firmly, closely. Κύμην ἀπρίξ  
δουξί Aj. 310.  
Ἀπρόβουλος, improvide: inconsiderately.  
Choeph. 610.  
Ἀπρόξενος, ου, δ, ἡ, non habens πρόξενον: not  
received or entertained. Gallicē, sans l'hôte  
publique. For Πρόξενος denotes a person who  
is entitled to be hospitably entertained by a  
foreign state. Ἀπρόξενος τὴν νόσφιν Aesch. Sup.  
247. SYN. ΑΛΛΟΘΑΠΟΣ.  
Ἀπρόσδοτος, ου, δ, ἡ, improvisus: unlooked for.  
Ἦ Ζεὺς ὕμνος εἰς ἀπρόδοτον P. V. 1111. SYN.  
Ἀσκητός.  
Ἀπρόσδεκτος, ου, δ, ἡ, inhospitalis: inhospita-  
ble. Aesch. Sup. 797. SYN. Ἀδελός.  
Ἀπρόσδοκτος, ου, δ, ἡ, inexpectatus: unex-  
pected, sudden. Lysistr. 352. SYN. Εξαπινύσας,  
ἀδοκίμος, ἀπρόσδοτος, ἀδουκῆς.  
Ἀπρόσγνῶρος, ου, δ, ἡ, non affabilis: difficult  
to be spoken with, morose. Trach. 1095. SYN.  
Ἀπρόσοιστος, ἀπρόσομιλος.  
Ἀπρόσοικτος, ου, δ, ἡ, inaccessus, non adse-  
quendus: not to be approached, unattainable.  
Nem. 11. 63. SYN. Ἀπρόσπείλαστος, δυσπρόσ-  
δός, ἀδύτος, ἀμήχανος.  
Ἀπρόσμάχτος, ου, δ, ἡ, inexpugnabilis: un-  
conquerable, invincible. Ἀπρόσμάχον τέρως  
Trach. 1100. SYN. Ἀμάχτος, ἀήττητος, ἀνί-  
κητος.  
Ἀπρόσοιστος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sustineri haud po-  
test: intolerable. Pers. 94. SYN. Ἀτλητός,  
δύσφορος.  
Ἀπρόσομιλος, ου, δ, ἡ, abhorrens a familiaritate  
consuetudinis: difficult of access. (See Ἀπρόσ-  
γνῶρος.) (E. C. 1236. See Ὀμιλος.  
Ἀπρόσφορος, ου, δ, ἡ, incommodus: incon-  
venient, not suiting. Ναυδάταις ἀπρόσφορος  
Iph. A. 287. SYN. Ἀνέπιτήδειος, ἀπρόσοικτος,  
βλάκερος.  
Ἀπρότίμαστος, ου, δ, ἡ, intactus, incontami-  
natus: untouched, unpolluted. ΑΛΛ' ἐμὲν ἀπρό-  
τίμαστος T. 263. SYN. Ἀνύβριστος, ἀλώενης,  
ἀμεινός.  
Ἀπρόφασιστος, ου, δ, ἡ, non prætextibus utens:  
not using subterfuges. Bacch. 1000. See Πρό-  
φασίζωμαι. Sed lectio est vexata.  
Ἀπρόφάτος, ου, δ, ἡ, ex improvise accidens:  
unexpected. Apoll. 2. 269. See below. SYN.  
Ἀπροσδοκῆτος, ἀδοκῆτος, ἀπαρατητός.  
Ἀπρόφρατος, ex improvise: suddenly, unex-  
pectedly. Καὶ σφίσις ἀπρόφρατος Apoll. 2. 580.  
SYN. Αἰφροδῖος, ἐξαπίνης, ἐξαφνης, ἀπρόφρατος,  
ἀπρόφρατος.  
Ἀπρόφως, ου, δ, ἡ, non alatus: not having  
wings, not adapted to flying. Iph. T. 1096.  
Ἀπτην, ἦνός, δ, ἡ, implumis: unfeathered. I.  
323.  
Ἀπτόρητος, ἑός, δ, ἡ, in dicendo intrepidus:  
bold in speaking. Ἥρην ἀπτόρητος Θ. 209. SYN.  
Θράσύς, ὕβριστος, λοιδόρος, δύσφημος, θράσ-  
λῆδης, κάκωλῆδης.  
Ἀπτολέμος, ου, δ, ἡ, poet. pro ἀπώλεμος, im-

bellis: unwarlike. Ἀπτολέμων καὶ ἀνάλκιδά  
I. 35. SYN. Ἀπώλεμος, ἀναλκίς, δειλός, δηλοφραν.  
Ἀπτω, (1) neco: to fasten; (2) accendo:  
to set on fire; (3) med. tango, hæreo: to touch.  
Hipp. 1030. SYN. (1) Πλέκω, περίπτω, (2)  
αἶθω, κατὰ αἶθω, ἀνακαίω, (3) ἀφάπτωμαι, σὺν-  
αίω, ἐχθώμαι, ἐφάπτωμαι, ἐπιλαμβάνω, δίγω,  
διγύω, ψάω, ἐπιψάω, προσψάω.  
Ἀπτός, ὥτος, δ, ἡ, stabilis: not liable to fall,  
steady. Olymp. 9. 138. SYN. Βεβαῖος.  
Ἀπύλωτος, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) quod obstrui nequit,  
patens: which cannot be stopped, open; (2)  
effrenus: unrestrained. Ἐχοντ' ἀχάλινον ἀκράτῃς  
ἀπύλωτον στόμα Ran. 839. SYN. (2) Ἀδδλε-  
σχος, ἀδύροστομος, ἀδύρογλωττος.  
Ἀπύργωτος, ου, δ, ἡ, turres non habens: un-  
defended by towers. λ. 263. SYN. Ἀφροῦρητος.  
Ἀπύρως, Ἀπύρως, ου, δ, ἡ, ignis experts,  
ignem non expetit: exempt from fire, never  
having been exposed to fire. Τῷ τρίτῳ ἀπύρως  
κατέθηκε Ψ. 267. 270.  
Ἀπυστός, ου, δ, ἡ, fando inauditus; inscius:  
unheard of; unacquainted with. Χρόνῳ ἦν  
ἀπυστος. SYN. Ἀνέκωστος, ἀνέκωτος, ἀπεινός,  
ἀδοξός.  
Ἀπῶω, ὥσω, Dor. pro πῶω, sono, dico: to  
utter, cry aloud, speak. Orest. 1251. SYN.  
Ηχέω, προσκάλω, κραυγάζω, λέγω, φάσκω, κη-  
ρίσσω, ἐπικηρύσσω.  
Ἀπῶς, ὥς, δ, Dor. pro πάτηρ, pater: a  
father. Οὐ λέγῃ ἀπῶν Theoc. 15. 13. SYN.  
Πάτηρ, γονεὺς.  
Ἀπῶδος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, absonus, dissonus: out of  
tune, inharmonious. Cycl. 487.  
Ἀπῶν, i. q. ἀπῶν, procul, eminus: far  
from, at a distance. Κἂν ἀπῶν ᾦ Iph. A. 983.  
SYN. Ἐκᾶς, ἀπῶνθεν, πόρῶθεν.  
Ἀπῶω, ὥσω, αἰθῶω, detrudo, to drive back,  
to reject. Heracl. 47. SYN. Εξῶω, εκβάλλω,  
ἀποβάλλω, ἀπελαίνω, ἀπορίπτω, ἀποκρούω, ἀπο-  
στέλλω.  
Ἀπῶωτος, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) abjurandus, lege in-  
terdicendus: to be abjured, sworn against, de-  
clined under the sanction of an oath; (2) abju-  
rans: abjuring, forswearing. Antig. 338. 394.  
SYN. Ἀπεικτός.  
Ἀπῶωτος, repellendus: must be rejected or  
refused. Ἀνδρὸς οὐκ ἀπῶωτος Herc. F. 294.  
Ἀπῶωτος, ἡ, ὄν, expulsus: expelled. Τέλος  
δ' ἀπῶωτος γῆς Aj. 1019. SYN. Ἀποτρώπος.  
Ἀπῶωτος, remotus: at a greater distance off.  
Nub. 771.  
Ἀρ, poet. pro ἀρά, utique, tandem, igitur: in  
fact, then, therefore, also; et ἀρά, interrog.  
igiturne? utrum? num? an? Μῆτ' ἀρ τις νῦν  
κτῆματ' H. 400. Ὡ φίλτατ' ἀρὰ καμ' Hec. 509.  
SYN. (1) Ἀρὰ γέ, δη, γοῦν, δητὰ, ῥα, (2) Ἀρ'  
οῦν, ἀρὰ μὴ, μὴν.  
Ἀρά, ας, ἡ, (1) preces: a prayer good or bad;  
(2) diræ: a curse; (3) infortunium, noxa: a  
dreadful misfortune. Ἀρὰς ἀρᾶται παυσὶν Phoen.  
65. The first syllable of ἀρά seems to be always  
long in Homer in the arsis; in the thesis it is  
frequently short. SYN. (1) Εὐχῇ, (2) κατὰρα,  
ἑπᾶρα, κατενυμᾶ, ἀνὰ ἑμᾶ, βδελυμᾶ, (3) ἀτη,  
βλάβη, λογός. Ερ. (2) Δυσφημῶς, κρύφα,  
δεινῇ, τάλανᾷ, δύστηνος, σάφης, πάρεργος, πάλυ-  
στώνος, πικρόγλωσσος.  
Ἀράβωω, fragorem edo: to rattle, clash. Πέσων  
ἀράβωσι δὲ Δ. 504. SYN. Ηχέω, κρᾶνέω, ψάφω.  
Ἀράβια, ας, ἡ, Arabia. Ἀράβιας τ' ἀρείων ἀνδρῶς







'Αρότιος, ου, δ, aratio; tempus arandi; seges; annus: ploughing; the time of ploughing; the result of ploughing; a crop; a year. *Mhr* 'Αρότιον αυτούς γην ανέκτα τίνα (E. R. 278. SYN. 'Αρότις, ενίαυτός.  
'Αρότιον, Αρόω, aro: to plough. *Tj* πότ' αροτριώντι Call. 3. 161. ι. 108. SYN. Άλδ-κίω, πόλεω. *PHR* Χρόνῳ τάρασσω.  
'Αροτρον, ου, τό, aratrum: a plough. Ούνδπὲ πηκτὺν αροτρον ν. 32. *ER* Αδάμαντινόν, μὲν γέρον, ευκαμπές, μὲν δὲν, πηκτὺν.  
'Αρουρά, as, ἡ, (1) arum: ploughed land; (2) terra: land, earth. Ολίγη δ' ἦν αμφίς αρουρα Γ. 115. SYN. (1) Διόν, αἶρος, (2) γαῖα, γῆ, αἶα, χθών, πέδον. *ER* Ανθοφόρος, ἀφνειός, βάθιλλος, βάθειά, διψάς, ἐρίσωλος, ζειδωρός, καρποφόρος, δαλδουσία, μάλακη, οικία, πυροφόρος, πλείρα, πόλυκτάνος, ὕγρα, φέρειός, χιδνώσης, ψάμδαδός.  
'Αρουραῖος, Dor. Αρουαῖος, α, ὁ, ruralis: rural. *Tjs* αρουραῖος Διού Ran. 840. Acharn. 762. SYN. 'Αγρουικός.  
Αρόω, ὥω, ὥω, aro: to plough, sow. *Eur* Sthenob. fr. 1. 3. See 'Αρουρά.  
'Αρπάγη, raptim: rapidly. *Apoll* 1. 1017.  
'Αρπάγη, ἡς, ἡ, raptus: a rape; carrying off. *Θηροῖν* ἀρπάγην πρόθεσι *Eur* El. 896.  
'Αρπαγίμος, ἡ, ὅν, raptio quæsitus: obtained by violence. 'Αρπαγίμος ὅκ' ἀπυστά Call. 6. 9.  
'Αρπάω, εἰω, σω, rapio, prædor: to carry off, plunder. *ER* 416. SYN. Απαίρω, ἀγρεύω, ληίσω, κλέπτω.  
'Αρπακτήρ, ἡρός, 'Αρπαξ, ἄρως, ὁ, raptor: a plunderer. *Q* 262. *Hes* Op. 354.  
'Αρπάλεως, avidæ: rapaciously. 'Αρπάλεως ἄκων ξ. 110. SYN. 'Αρπάγην, τᾶχέως.  
'Αρπαλίω, avide excipio: to receive greedily. *Κωκυτοῖν* ἀρπαλίῳ Sept. Th. 229. SYN. Αφαίρω, ἐπιδιδῶμαι, ασιμένως δέχομαι.  
'Αρπη, ἡς, ἡ, falx: a pruning-hook, a sickle. *Hes* Theog. 178. SYN. Δρέπανον, δρέπανη, ζάγκλον. *ER* Αγκυλόδους, γαμψώνυξ, καρχάρδους, μάκρᾱ, οὐδνίμους, χαλκήλατος.  
'Αρπη, ἡς, ἡ, avis quædam rapax: a kind of kite. *T* 350.  
'Αρπυῖα, as, ἡ, Harpyia: a Harpy. ξ. 371. SYN. Τᾶχεῖα, δὴν, κνέτης, ποδάργη, ἠέκωμος.  
Αρράβιος, Αρράβικος, ἡ, ὅν, Arabicus: Arabian. Αρράβικοι κόλποι Dionys. P.  
'Αρρηκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non fractus, insolubilis: unbroken, not to be broken. *P* V. 6. SYN. 'Αρρῶς, στέρως, βεβαίος, ισχυρός, ἀλύτος, δύσ-λύτος.  
'Αρρήν, Att. 'Αρρη, ἔνως, ὁ, ἡ, mas, virilis: male, masculine. *Hec* 875. SYN. Αρρέν-γένης, μέγας, κράτερος.  
Αρρήνης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, ferus: savage, fierce. *Theog* 25. 83. SYN. Χάλεπος, ἄγριος, δυσχέρης.  
'Αρρητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non dictus, nefandus: not spoken, not to be spoken, shocking. *Hec* 705. SYN. 'Αφᾶτος, ἀφραστός, ἀθεμίτος, ἀνόσιτος, ἀφρογυκτός, ἀφρογυκτός.  
'Αρρήχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, copinus: a basket. *Ιαν* τὰς ἀρρήχους Av. 1309. SYN. Σπίρις, κό-φινος.  
'Αρρῦμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immoderatus: immoderate, disorderly. *Hipp* 531. SYN. Αμέτρητος, ἀτακτός, ἀμυστός, παράκληξ.  
Αρρυσιαστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui pignoris loco cap- tus non est: not taken as a pledge. *Κάρυστα-στος* ζών τ' *Æsch* Sup. 613.

'Αρρῶς, ὡγός, ὁ, ἡ, non fractus: unbroken. *Antig* 251. SYN. see 'Αρρηκτός.  
'Αρς, αρνός, ὁ, ἡ, agnus: a lamb. *Orest* 803. SYN. 'Αρνίος, ἀμνός. *ER* 'Απᾶλῳχος, μηκᾶς, νεόγνος, λευκός.  
Αρσένειος, ἔως, masculus: male, manly. *Æsch* Sup. 820. SYN. see 'Αρρήν.  
Αρσένειος, ἔως, maribus confertus: crowd- ed with males. *Πνεύματι* χῶρας αρσένειος *Æsch* Sup. 30.  
Αρσινόη, ἡς, ἡ, Arsinoë, the name of two wives of Ptolemy Philadelphus, one of them the daughter of Berenice. *Αρσινόα* πάντεσσι *Theog* 15. 111.  
Αρτάκια, as, ἡ, Artacia: a fountain in the country of the Lemnyrgians. *Αρτάκινη* ἐνθεν γάρ κ. 108.  
Αρτάμω, trucido: to butcher, cut in pieces. *Αλλ'* ἀνδρᾶς αρτάμοσσι *Alcest* 510. SYN. Κά- τασχίζω, κατὰκλπτω, ἀποσφάττω.  
Αρτάνη, ἡς, ἡ, laqueus, suspensum: a halter, suspension. *Αρτάνας* ἐμῆς δέρης *Agam* 848. SYN. Αχχόνη, ἔωρα, πλεκτάνη, ἡμᾶς, βρόχος.  
Αρτᾶω, suspendo: to hang, suspend. *Hipp* 1217. SYN. Απαρτᾶω, ἀναρτᾶω, ἐπικρέμῃμαι.  
Αρτέμης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, integer, sanus: unhurt, entire, sound. *N* 43. SYN. Αἰλᾶσις, ἀρωτός, ἀρτίος, σός, ὕγιος.  
'Αρτέμης, ἔως, acc. ἰδᾶ ἐν ἡ, Diana. *Αρτέ- μιδι* σὲ ἐγὼ γέ Διός ζ. 151. *ER* Πόντᾶ, πόντιᾶ, κελᾶδενῇ, χρυσήλακτος, ἐλάφηνόλος, ἰσχυρᾶ, αἰδύα, ἀγνή, ἀγρότερα, εὐπλόκαμος, χρυσήνιος, χρυσόβροχός, ἀπειρῆς, ἀμνητός, ἀγκυλόδοτος, γαιθόχος, εὐστέφανος, ξανθῇ, δρεβᾶτης, χρυσέ-δοστρυχός, λόχεα. See Hymn to Diana.  
Αρτεμισία, as, ἡ, Artemisia: queen of Heli- carnassus, who assisted Xerxes against Greece. *Ἡμᾶς* ὡς περ *Αρτεμισία* *Lysist* 675.  
Αρτηρία, as, ἡ, vocis iter, vena vitalis: the windpipe, an artery. *Πλευρόν* τ' *Artemias* *Trach* 1056. SYN. Φλέξ, πνεύματός ἐ ἀμᾶτος διαρρόη.  
Αρτί, recenter, jam, nunc: recently, just now, lately, now. *Ξεῖν'* ἡ ἀρτί σὲ μάλλον ν. 166.  
Αρτιάω, ludo par impar, computo: to play at odd and even, calculate. *Plut* 817. SYN. Παίω.  
Αρτίεφρος, ἔως, ab infante editus: uttered by a newly-born child. *Sept* Th. 342. See be- low.  
Αρτιάκρως, ὥς, ὁ, ἡ, recens lachrymans: recently weeping. *Ὡς* αρτιάκρως *ειμᾶ* *Med* 899.  
Αρτίεπής, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, ap. Hom. in sensu minus bono, apta ad fraudem loquens: speaking with an intention to impose; (2) ap. Hes. et Pind. veridicus: speaking truly; (3) garrulus: ready in speech, talkative. *Πολλὰ* μὲν αρτίεπής *Isth* 5. 58. SYN. Δέγειν δεινός ὁ ἰκάνος, ἀδολεσχός.  
Αρτίγυῖα, as, ἡ, recens conjunctio: a recent union. *Πόθευσαι* ἰδὲν αρτίγυῖαν *Pers* 548.  
Αρτίω, Αρτίωμαι, compono, paro: to ar- range, prepare. *Χόρον* αρτίωτο *Theog* 13. 43. SYN. Απαρτίω, κατάρτιω, αρτίω, εξαρτίω, ἀρμόζω, συναρμόζω, διακοσμέω, εἰσιμάζω, εντρέ- πίζω, συντάσσω.  
Αρτίωτης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, recens mortuus: recently dead. *Δάμῳσιν* αρτίωτη *Alc* 616.  
Αρτίωλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recens, i.e. accurate glutinatus: recently or closely glued or attached. *Πλευραῖον* αρτίωλός *Trach* 770.

Αρτίωδης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, recens doctus: but re- cently become acquainted with. *Hec* 685. See above. SYN. Αρτίδης.  
'Αρτίος, α, ὅν, par, integer: even, suitable to, entire. *Φρέσιν* αρτίᾱ ἰδῇ *E* 326. SYN. Αρ- τέμης, ἰσός, σύμφωνός, ἀρμόδιός, ἀτάλαντός, ἀκέραιος, ὕγιος, τέλειος.  
Αρτίπλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recens ditatus: recently acquired. *Αρτίπλουτὰ* χρήματα *Æsch* Sup. 742.  
Αρτίπους, poet. Αρτίπος, πόδος, ὁ, ἡ, pedibus integer et valens: active in the feet, nimble. *Εγγὺς* δ' ὅδ' αὐτὸς αρτίπους *Trach* 58. 1. 501.  
Αρτίμωδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, modo amputatus: lately cut. *Γοργόνος* αρτίμωδον *Apoll* 4. 1515.  
Αρτίρροπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, puerile ætatem vix egressus: just past boyhood. *Κλαυτὸν* δ' αρτί- ρροπος *Sept* Th. 323. See *Blomf*.  
Αρτίφρων, ὄνως, integra mente præditus: sen- sible, prudent. *Οὐτὶ* μὲν αρτίφρων ἐπεί ου α. 260. SYN. Σφδός, εὐδῖμων, ασκήτης, ευκά- ρδός.  
Αρτίχριστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recens unctus: recently anointed. *Ἔως* ἂν αρτίχριστὸν *Trach* 700.  
Αρτίως, integre, perfecte; modo, nuper, tan- dem: entirely, completely, justly; now, lately, at length. *Τὴν* τ' αρτίως δανούσαν *Hec* 941. SYN. Τέλειος, ὕγιος, ἀρτί, νέωσσι, πάλιν, αὐτίκα, νῦν.  
Αρτόπῳλις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, quæ panem vendit: a female vender of bread. *Ὡς περ* αρτόπῳλις *Ran* 857.  
Αρτός, ου, ὁ, panis; cibus quivis: a loaf, bread; any food. *σ* 119. *ER* Αἰγλαῖος, γλύκος, δεσπεσίος, μένεικος.  
'Αρτωμά, ἄτος, τό, condimentum: seasoning. *Κοσμοῦντες* χύτρας αρτωμάσι *Batrom* 41. SYN. Αρτωμά, ὄψιν.  
Αρτῶω, Αρτῶω, apto, instruo: to arrange, adapt, prepare. *M* 43. SYN. Εξαρτῶ, αρτίω, εντῶ, εντῶω, πορσῶω, παρσκευᾶω.  
Αρτίβαλλός, ου, ὁ, marsupium, crumena; bal- neorum instrumentum: a scrip, purse; bottle or vessel used in baths. *Κατὰ* τῆς κέφαλῆς αρτί- βάλλω *Eg* 1094. See *Bruck*.  
Αρυστίχος, ου, ὁ, vas quiddam: a vessel for drawing liquids. *Τούσδε* τοὺς αρυστίχους *Vesp* 855.  
Αρταναῶ, ἡς, ἡ, vas quiddam: a vessel for pouring oil, &c. *Τοῦ* δήμου κατέχειν αρταναῶ *Eg* 1091.  
Αρτῶω, which is the more Attic form (see *R. P.* Phoen. 463.) than ἄρτω, haurio, e pro- fundo traho: to draw water, exhaust. *Καθάρων* ὕδατων πόμ' αρτῶσαιμιν *Hipp* 209. SYN. Αν- τλέω, ἀπαντλέω, εκφέρω, εκκένδω.  
Αρχαγός, Dor. pro Αρχηγός, q. v.  
Αρχαῖος, ἡ, ὅν, antiquam rusticitatem præ se ferens; stultus: old-fashioned, silly. *Καὶ* φρῶ- νείς τὰρχαῖκᾱ *Nub* 821.  
Αρχαυγόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, priscus: of ancient descent. *Antig* 981. SYN. Πάλαιγενής, πάλαι- γόνος, πρᾶγόνος, πάλαιος.  
Αρχαῖον, ου, τό (sc. δανειόν), sors, caput: the principal. *Nub* 1156. SYN. Τὸ κέφαλαῖον.  
Αρχαῖοπλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a majoribus dives: receiving wealth from ancestors. *Αρχαῖοπλουτῶν* δεσποτῶν *Agam* 1010. SYN. Αρχέπλουτός.  
Αρχαῖοπρεπής, ἔως, antiquitatem referens: to be revered for its antiquity, venerable. *P* V. 416.

Αρχαῖος, α, ὅν, (1) priscus; (2) ineptus: ancient, former, old-fashioned; foolish. *Τρίπδδος* αρχαῖον νόμον *Ion* 1321. SYN. (1) Πάλαιος, χρόνιος, γηραιός, ὀγυγίος, παλαιγενής, αρχαιο- πρέπης, (2) εὐήθης, ἄπλοος, μῶρος, λήρως.  
Αρχέδικος, ου, ὁ, justus et legitimus princeps: a legal and just governor. *Pyth* 4. 196. See *Δίκη*.  
Αρχεῖος, α, ὅν, quod ad imperium spectat: imperial. *Olymp* 132.  
Αρχεκάκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auctor malorum: causing evils. *Αρχεκάκος* αἱ πᾶσι *E* 63.  
Αρχέλαος, ου, Αρχέλας, ὁ, populi rector: a ruler of the people. *Equit* 164. *Pers* 302. SYN. Αρχέλειος, αρχεπῳλις, ἀρχων, αρχηγός, βασιλεύς.  
Αρχέπλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, avitas opes possidens: possessing hereditary property. *Αλλ'* αρχέπλου- τον *Soph* El. 71.  
Αρχεπῳλις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, civitati imperans. *Pyth* 9. 92. SYN. see in Αρχέλας.  
Αρχεπτολέμωδός, ου, ὁ, Archepolemus: the charioteer of Hector. *Ἰφίτιδον* Αρχεπτολέμω *Q* 128. SYN. *Ἐκτόρος* ἠνιόχευς.  
Αρχεπτός, ου, ὁ, princeps: a prince, leader. *Eur* El. 1149. SYN. see in Αρχηγός.  
Αρχεῶω, impero: to command. See 'Αρχω. *E* 200.  
Αρχεχόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui chorum ducit: lead- ing the dance. *Troad* 151.  
Αρχή, ἡς, ἡ, (1) initium: a beginning; (2) imperium: government, dominion. *Phoen* 73. SYN. (1) Προβόμιον, προμῳόν, εἰσοδός, (2) δύν- ασται, ισχύς, δυνάμεις, εξουσία, κύρος, κράτος, τύραννις. *ER* Αιώνιος, δόξαλως, ὀγυγίος, βασιλῆης.  
Αρχηγένης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, auctor: the cause, pro- moter. *Agam* 1618.  
Αρχηγέτω, auspicor, incipio: to begin, take the lead. *Soph* El. 84.  
Αρχηγέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Αρχηγέτις, ἰδός, ἡ; Αρχηγός, οὗ, ὁ, princeps, auctor: a chief, leader, author or proposer. *Orest* 548. *Lysist* 645. *Hipp* 885. SYN. Αρχός, ἀρχων, ἀριστέως, δυνάστης, προστᾶτης, ἐπιστάτης, ἡγήτωρ, ἀγωγός, ἡγέμων, ἐξαρχός.  
Αρχηθεν, ab initio, primitus: from the be- ginning, originally. *Isth* 4. 11. SYN. Πάλαι, ἀνωθεν.  
Αρχικός, ἡ, ὅν, gubernandi capax: competent to govern, magisterial. *Τὶ* δὲ τᾶ θάκοις αρχικοῖς *Eur* fr. Phil. 6. 1. SYN. see Αρχηγέτης.  
Αρχιλόχος, ου, ὁ, Archilochus: a poet of Paros, who first invented iambic verses. *Pyth* 2. 98. See below.  
Αρχιτεκτόνῶω, fabrico, struo: to act as a master-builder, to plan. *Φράξέ* κἀρχιτεκτόνει *Pax* 305.  
Αρχιτέκτων, ὄνως, ὁ, architectus, fabricator: an architect, builder. *Cycl* 477. See above.  
Αρχός, οὗ, ὁ, princeps: a captain, leader. *B* 234. SYN. see Αρχηγέτης. *ER* Αρρηφίλος, παλιήλιος, κράτερος, δρᾶστος.  
'Αρχω, ξω, med. 'Αρχῶμαι, incipio: principa- tum obtineo: to begin; take the lead, govern. *Iph* A. 375. SYN. Αρχεῶω, βασιλεύω, ἡγέσθαι, ασιμῶω, ἀνάσσω, δεσπόζω, κράτῶω, προστᾶτῶω, κυριεύω.  
'Αρω, ἄρωω, apto, alligo: to fix, fasten. *'Αραρὲν* ἥδε γ' ὠλέην *P* V. 60. SYN. Αράρισκω, αρτῶω, ἀρμόζω, στέλω, λαμβᾶω, κμῖζω.



Ἀρωγή, ἡς, ἡ, auxilium: assistance. 'Hθροιστ' ἁρωγῇ δ' οὐτίς Pers. 420. SYN. Ἀλεξητήριον, ἀμυνά, μύνη, ἀρηξίς, βόθηα. Er. Ἀλεξικάδος, δολασεσά, ὑφαύχην, δεσπεσίος, φάσιμβρότος.

Ἀρωγός, οὗ, δ, auxiliator: an assistant, supporter. Οὐδὲς ἁρωγός ἐν κἀκοῖς (E. R. 127. SYN. Ἀλεξητήρ, ἐπιάντωρ, ἐπιτάρβος, τιμαρὸς, ωφέλιμος).

Ἀρωραῖος, Dor. pro Ἀρουραῖος, q. v.  
'Αρωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, arum: ploughed land. Pax 1158. See Ἀρουρά.

Ἀρώσιμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, arabilis: arable, fit for ploughing. Ἀρώσιμον γὰρ χἀτέρων Antig. 575. Ἀσάμινος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, rei nauticae imperitus: not having fought at Salamis, not a good sailor. 'Απειρὸς ἀσάμινος ἀσάμινος Ilan. 206.

Ἀσάλευτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, inconcussus: unshaken, steady. Bacch. 390. See Σάλεω. SYN. Ἀστυφελικός, βέβαιος.

Ἀσάμινος, οὐ, ἡ, labrum in quo veteres se lavabant: a warm bath or bathing-tub. See Damm. c. 926. Εἰς ἀσάμινον βῆ δέμας ἀθανάτοισιν ὁμοῖος γ. 468. SYN. Λουτήριον, λουτήριον, βάλαντον.

'Ασωντός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non mœcendus: not to be flattered, implacable. Choeph. 416. SYN. Ἀμελίχτος.

Ἀσάμια, nauseo; irascor: to be affected with nausea, to be sick; to be angry. 'Όταν τοι θυμὸν ἀσηθῆς Theogn. 983. SYN. Ἀσηδόμαι, λυπέδμαι.

Ἀσάφης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, incertus, obscurus: uncertain, dark, mysterious. Ἀνικτὰ κἀσάφῃ λέγεις (E. R. 447. SYN. Ἀδελός, ἀμαυρός).

'Ασέστος, ἡ, ὅν, et οὐ, δ, ἡ, quod extingui nequit: unquenchable, immense. A. 599. SYN. Ἀσαστός, μέγας.

'Ασθλός, οὐ, ἡ, fuligo: soot, ashes. Thesm. 245. SYN. Αἰθάλη, αἰθάλος, λιγνός, ψάλος, σπόδος.

Ἀσέθειά, as, ἡ, impietas: impiety. Τὸ δ' αὖ κἀκουργεῖν ἀσέθειά μαινδλῖς Orest. 814. SYN. Δυσσέθειά, ἀδικία.

Ἀσέθης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, impius: impious. CE. R. 1395. SYN. Ἀθέος, ἀδικός, ἀσεπτός.

Ἀσερῶτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, intractabilis: unharmed, ungovernable. Ion 1150.

Ἀσελγῶς, proterve; libidinoso; immodice: wantonly; lustfully; immoderately. Εἰσὶν ἀσελγῶς Plut. 560. SYN. Ἀκλόατος, πρόπετος, ἀναίδως, μέγας.

Ἀσέλῃος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, illunis: moonless. Anacr. 3. 12. SYN. Σκετῆνος.

Ἀσεπτός, impius sum: to be impious. Antig. 1350. SYN. Ἀσέθειω, δυσσέθειω.

'Ασεπτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, impius: unholy, impious. Bacch. 886. SYN. Ἀσέθης, ἀδικός.

Ἀσημαντός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, (1) non signatus: unmarked; (2) incusdotus: unguaranteed. K. 465. SYN. (1) Ἀσημός; (2) ἀφρακτός, ἀφρακτός, ἀφρόνιστος.

'Ασημός, οὐ, Ἀσημων, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, non signatus: unmarked, unstamped, modest, obscure. Alcest. 532. SYN. Ἀσημαντός, ἀγνωστός, ἀήλως, ἀδοξός.

Ἀσημῶς, obscure: indistinctly, ambiguously. P. V. 683. SYN. Ἀγνώστος, ἀήλως, σκότεινός.

Ἀσθενεία, as, ἡ, infirmitas: weakness. Herc. F. 269. SYN. Νόσος, νοσημά, τάλατωρία.

Ἀσθενέω, infirmus sum: to be weak. Pax 635. SYN. Ἀπρόεω, δυστυχέω, νόστω.

Ἀσθενής, ἔδος, invalidus: weak. Pyth. 1. 107. SYN. Ἀεληχρός, ἀβάνης, ἀμείντος, ἀφαιρός, νωχέλης, βληχρός.

'Ασθμά, ἄτος, τὸ, anhelitus: hard breathing, panting, asthma. Nem. 10. 139. SYN. Δυσπνοία, φύσημα, στέναγμος, πνὸν, πνεύμα, ἀημά. Er. Ἀργαλέον, δεινόν, δυσκίλαδον, δερμὸν, λᾶδρον, ἀδράνεις, ἀλγυδράνεις, διψαλέον, δυσήμερον, δέσσοτον, λογιόν, κυματόεν.

Ἀσθμάλω, anhelio: to breathe hard, gasp. E. 585.

Ἀσία, as, ἡ, Asia. Ilec. 479. See below.

Ἀσιaticus, ἡ, ὅν, ad exercitacionem comparatus: fitted for exercise. Lysistr. 1087.

Ἀσιaticus, ἡ, ὅν, arte elaboratus: curiously wrought. ψ. 189. SYN. Τυκτός, εὐτυκτός, πόλυκμητος, εἰσηκμημένος, ενρῖθης.

Ἀσικίδιον, οὐ, τὸ, parvus: a small leathern bottle. Ἀλλ' ἦκεν ἑκάστος ἐν ασκιδίῳ φέρον Eccles. 306.

'Ασκίος, α, ὅν, (1) umbrosus: having much shade, shady; (2) umbra carens: having no shade. Nem. 6. 73. See Σκιά. SYN. Κἀσάκιος, βᾶδυσκίος, σκίερὸς.

Ἀσκληπίδης, οὐ, δ, Ἀesculapius: a famous physician and disciple of Chiron. Εἰς κἀτάκλει- νεν αὐτὸν εἰς Ἀσκληπίου Plut. 411. Ἀσκληπίου δὲ παῖδε B. 731. See Heyne. Er. Ἡπιδωρὸς, ἡπῖος, εὐπαις. P. R. Tέκτων ἀνωδυνίας ἡμέρος γυμνακίος, ἥρωας, παντοδᾶπαν αλκτῆρ νούσαν, παῖς δ φοβέω, βᾶσιλεύς μέγας.

'Ασκόπος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, inconsideratus; ignotus; improvisus: inconsiderate; unknown; unexpected. Agam. 447. SYN. Ἀσκεπτός, ἀπροσδοκῆτος, πᾶρδοξός.

Ἀσκός, οὐ, δ, uter: a leathern bag, skin for wine. e. 265. SYN. Δέριμα, δέρος, δόρος. Er. Εὐώσης.

'Ἀσκη, ἡς, ἡ, Ion., Asera: a town in Boeotia, where Hesiod lived. Hes. Op. 638.

Ἀσκαλῖα, super utrem salio: to leap on the leathern bag. Plut. 1130. Ἀσκαλῖα was the name of a festival at Athens in honour of Bacchus, where it was customary to leap on swelled leathern bags. See Schol. on this passage. SYN. Ἀλλομαι.

'Ἀσκαμά, ἄτος, τὸ, pelli munies remos, qua parte scalmo incumbunt: the leathern lining of the holes, through which the oars are put. Ach. 97.

'Ἀσμά, ἄτος, τὸ, cantilena: a song, ballad. Lysistr. 398. SYN. Ἀοιδή. Er. Ἀμρότον, ἡδύροτον, δέϊον, ἡ, λῆχον, μελίπες.

Ἀσμάτκωμης, οὐ, cantum tortor: a distorter of songs. Κύκλιον τέ χορὸν ασμάτκωμ- πτας Nub. 333.

'Ἀσμένος, οὐ, ὅν, gaudens, libens: glad, willing. Herc. F. 725. SYN. Ἐκόν, ἐθέλων, πρόθυμος, ἡδύς.

Ἀσμένως, libenter: gladly, willingly. Helen. 397.

'Ἀσφός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, insipiens: foolish. Eur. El. 1300. SYN. Ἀφρων, ἀδῶς, ἀδῶμων, ἀμᾶθης.

Ἀσπάριος, amplexor: to embrace, salute. Troad. 1267. SYN. Ἀγάμαι, ἀγάμαι, ἀμφιβάλλω, προσπύσσομαι, δεξιόμαι.

Ἀσπαρῶ, palpitō: to breathe hard, pant. Iph. A. 1586. SYN. Ἀσπαρῶ, κινέω, ψυχορράγγω.

Ἀσπάδωος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, aspalathus: the white

Ἀσκαπῶος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non exasciatus: untouched by the axe. CE. C. 101. SYN. Ἀξεστός.

'Ἀσκεπτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non circumspēctus: unexplored, unconsidered, inconsiderate. Eccles. 258. SYN. Ἀσκόπος, ἀφρων, ἀεουλός, ἀνδρὸς, πρὸπῆτης.

'Ἀσκεύος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non instructus: unfurnished. CE. C. 1029. SYN. Ἀτευχής.

Ἀσκέω, exerceo: to practise, train. Hipp. 1083. SYN. Εργάζομαι, μελέτω, ἐπιτηδεύω, δέρεται.

Ἀσκηθής. See Ἀσκήθης.

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Ἀσπάδωος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, aspalathus: the white

thorn, or thorn of Jerusalem. Καὶ ασπάλθου κδμῶντι Theoc. 4. 57.

'Ἀσπαρῶος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non seminatus: not sown. i. 123.

Ἀσπᾶσιος, Ἀσπαστός, ἡ, ὅν, et οὐ, δ, ἡ, desideratus: desirable, welcome. Τῷ δ' ασπᾶσιος γένει' ελθὼν K. 35. Rhcs. 344. SYN. Αἰρετός, ἡδύς, ευκατάς, χάρις, ἀσμένος, δέιδεθς.

'Ἀσπασμά, ἄτος, τὸ, amplexus: an embrace. Eur. El. 596. SYN. Ἀσπασμός, περιβάλλω.

'Ἀσπερῶος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, sine semine et prole: without offspring. T. 303. SYN. Ἀτεκνός, ἀγνός, ἀπαις.

Ἀσπερῆς, indesinenter: incessantly. Δ. 32. SYN. Ἀσπῆς, συνέχως, ισχυρῶς.

'Ἀσπετός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ineffabilis; immensus: beyond description; vast, widely extended. χ. 407. SYN. Ἀμῆγατος, ἀθέσφατος, ἀπειρίσιος, ἀφθόνος, ἀπείρητος.

Ἀσπιδάπδελος, ἡ, ὅν, ἡ, qui scutum in fuga abijcit: one who throws away his shield, a deserter. Κἀλᾶκωνύμος ασπιδάπδελος Vesp. 590.

Ἀσπιδωρῶος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, clypeum rotans: turning the shield round, armed with a shield. Ἀσπιδωρῶος λέως Agam. 798.

Ἀσπιδωρῶος, Ἀσπιδωρῶος, Ἀσπιδωρῶος, οὐ, δ, clypeo armatus: armed with a shield, shield-bearing. Πάντας ασπιδωρῶος Bacch. 770. Eur. Suppl. 1154. B. 554.

Ἀσπιδωρῶος. See above.

Ἀσπιδωρῶος. See above.

Ἀσπιδωρῶος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, bello se alit; bellicosus: maintained by the shield; warlike. Phoen. 809.

Ἀσπίς, ἰδός, ἡ, clypeus: a shield. Ἀσπίδ' εκτείνω χερὶ Androm. 1120. SYN. Θέρους, σάκος, ἰτέα. Er. Ἀμφίβροτος, ἀκάμωτος, δόριπῶνος, εὐκλῆδος, εὐκλῆτος, κράτερ, πόλυδαϊδᾶλος, πᾶναιδᾶλος, ομφαλῶσος, ταυρεία, φάειν, χρυσεία.

Ἀσπιστήρ, ἡρῶς, Ἀσπιστής, οὐ, Ἀσπιστωρ, ὄρος, δ, clypeatus miles: a shield-bearer. Heracl. 278. Ion 196. Agam. 394. SYN. Ἀσπιδωρῶος, ασπιδωρῶος, σάκεφῶρος, σάκεπῶλος. Er. Λογχιρῶος, ἀρῖος.

'Ἀσπλαγχνός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, non habens cor; timidus: having no heart; cowardly. Aj. 472. SYN. Ἀσθενής, ἀτολμός, δειλός.

'Ἀσπονδός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, libamenti vel induciarum expers; implacabilis: one with whom no treaty can be made; implacable. Alcest. 429. SYN. Ἀμελίχτος, ἀπαράτητος, ὑπερφῶλος.

Ἀσπούδαστος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, neglectus; non expectendus: neglected; not desirable. Bacch. 901. SYN. Ἀνέξιος, ἀμελής.

Ἀσπουδῆς, Ἀσπουδῆς, ἡ, ignave: without exertion, indolently. O. 476. X. 304. SYN. Ἀμύγητι, ἡσυχῇ, ἀτερ σπουδῆς.

'Ἀσδον, comp. ασδότερω, superl. ασδόνταω, prope: near. Equit. 1306. T. 506. SYN. Εγγύς, εγγύθεν, εγγύθι, πλησίον, ἀγχι, πῆλᾶς, ἀγγύθι. Compar. εγγύτερω, superl. εγγύτερω.

Ἀσσυρίος, α, ὅν, Assyrius: Assyrian. "Hδὲ καὶ Ἀσσυρίης Apoll. 2. 966.

Ἀσπᾶμῶος, Ἀσπᾶτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, instabilis: unstable, uncertain. Orest. 971. Phoc. 25. See Στάβη and Στάτος. SYN. Σφάλερὸς, οὐκ ἐμπεδός.

Ἀστακτῆς, Ἀστακτῆς, copiose: not drop by drop, copiously. Ἀστακτῆς λείων δακρυὸν ἀδ' οδοιπορεῖ CE. C. 1251. And CE. C. 1646. has an instance





quented; a road, way. Οὐδὲ μὴν ἐκτὸς ἀταρπίτοιο p. 234. X. 331. SYN. et F. see Ἀτράπτος.

Ἀταρπίτος, ἄ, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, noxious: harmful. Μέντωρ ἀταρπίτῃ φρένας ἤλξε β. 243. SYN. Ἀτρός, ἀτρήϊος, βλαβερὸς, χυλῆτος.

Ἀτασθάλια, ας, ἡ, vesania, impropitas: infatuation, injustice, rapine. Σφένερτον ἀτασθάλισιν α. 7. SYN. Ἀνοία, ἀφρόσυνη, φανόλη, ἀδικία, ἀμαρτία, μοχθηρία. Ερ. Ἀλέγειν, δεινὴ, ἰδυό-εσσα, λυγρὰ, κἀκομήχανος, οὐλομένη, πτόλιπορος, στυγερὰ.

Ἀτασθάλλω, proterve me gero: to act wantonly. Ἀθελὲ ἀτασθάλλουσιν τ. 88. SYN. Πάρε-θαίνω.

Ἀτάσθαλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, injuriosus: insolent, unjust. Τοῦτον ἀτάσθαλον X. 418. SYN. Ἀδίκος, ἀταρπίτος, αἰσῆλος, μοχθηρός, πόνηρος, φαῦλος.

Ἀταύρωτος, ὁ, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, expers conjugii, castus: unmarried, chaste. Agam. 236. SYN. Ἀδής, ἀμωτός, ἀζύς, ἀζύγος, ἄγνος, παρθένος, ἀνυμνωτός, ἀγάμος, ἀγευστός γάμων.

Ἀτάφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insepultus: unburied. Eur. Sup. 292. See Τάφος. SYN. Ἀθαπτός. Πιν. Ἀμοιρός, ἀκέραιος, ἀνόςτος, νέκος.

Ἀτάω, damnum infero: to injure. See Ἰάσκω. Οἰκὸθεν γ' ἀτάμενος Eur. Suppl. 182. See Ἀτῆ.

Ἀτεγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non emolliendus: unmelted by tears, unrelenting. Herc. F. 829. SYN. Σκληρός, ἀμελιχός, ἀτεράμνος, ἀδάμαστος, ἀδιαντός, ἀαλέος.

Ἀτερίς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, indomitus: not worn out, invincible. Χαλκὸς ἀτερίς E. 292. SYN. Ἀτρυτός, ἀνίκητος, ἀδάμαστος, σκληρός, ἀτεγκτός.

Ἀτεκμαρτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, de quo nulla conjectura fieri potest: not affording just grounds for conjecture. Τῆσδε κῆρυξ ἀτεκμαρτότατης. Pers. 907. SYN. Ἀόηλος, ἀσημῶς.

Ἀτέκνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, prole carens: childless. Orest. 200. SYN. Ἀταῖς, ἀγόνος.

Ἀτέλεια, ας, ἡ, immunitas: exemption from tribute, freedom. Ἀτέλειαν ἐμαῖσι λιταῖς ἐπικραίνειν Eumen. 364.

Ἀτέλειστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) infectus: incomplete; (2) non initiatus: uninitiated. Bacch. 40. SYN. Ἀπλήρωτος, ἄλιος, βέηλος.

Ἀτέλειστος, Ἀτελείστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad finem non perductus: not finished. Agam. 1426. Δ. 175. SYN. Ἀτέρμων, αἰδός, αἰώνιος.

Ἀτέλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, imperfectus: incomplete. Ion 1080. SYN. Ἀτέλειστος.

Ἀτέμω, privo; contristo; queror: to deprive; distress; complain. Εξ οὗ ἀτέμει δυνάμει ἐνὶ στήθεσσι Ἀχαιῶν β. 90. SYN. Ἀνῶω, λυπεῖω, ἐνυχλέω, ἀποστέρω, στερῖω, δυσχεραίνω.

Ἀτένης, ἔος, intentus: intent, earnest, inflexible. Antig. 837.

Ἀτῆρ, Ἀτρεθῆ, sine, absque, extra: without, asunder, apart from. Τοῦδε τιμωρεῖν ἀτερ Hec. 737. SYN. Ἄνευ, ἐκτός, χωρίς.

Ἀτράμνος, ου, Ἀτράμνος, ὄνος, praefractus: stubborn, implacable, harsh, grating. Κῆρ ἀτράμνον ἐθῆκαν ψ. 167. Acharn. 180. SYN. Ἀτένης, ἀτελής, αὐθής, ἀτεγκτός, σκληρός, στερῆος, χυλῆτος.

Ἀτρεθῆ. See Ἀτῆρ. Ἀτράμνος, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, interminatus; rotundus: boundless; round. Hec. 925.

Ἀτρεπής, ἔος, Ἀτρεπής, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insuavis:

bitter, disagreeable, joyless. T. 354. See Z. 285. SYN. Ἀήδης, ἀδενκός, ἀχάρις.

Ἀτευχής, ἔος, armis destitutus: unarmed. Androm. 1118. SYN. Ἀσκεύος, ἀνόπλος.

Ἀτέχνης, sine arte, cetera, prorsus: without art, plainly, certainly, by all means. Nub. 408. See Τέχνη.

Ἀτῆ, ἡς, ἡ, (1) Ate dea: the goddess Ate; (2) damnum, noxa: a curse, guilt. Πρέσβᾶ Διὸς θυγάτηρ Ἀτῆ ἡ πάντας ἀταί: T. 91. Θ. 237.

Ερ. (1) Ἀρτίπους, ἀνδρὶ λέγειν, δόριμαργός, σθένος, λυγρὰ, δυνάστητος, χυλῆτος, (2) ἀνίτηρος (see Ἀνιάρος), ἀγρίος, ἀδενκός, ἀχρεύντος, ἀμύχανος, βερεῖα, δακρυόμυος, διαλαγής, γδερὰ, δυσφύμιγξ, λευγάλα, πλὴν πῆμων, στυγερὰ, κρυερά, θυμοφθόρος, φθισήνωρ, χυλῆτος, βίψοπλος. SYN. (2) Βλάστη, ζῆμα, αἰκία, λώθη, πῆμα, πῆμον, πταίσμα, οἶζος.

Ἀτμηλῆς, ἔος, negligens; neglectus: negligent; neglected. Αμπτόλιεθρον ἀτμηλῆς ἀλαλητο Apoll. 1. 811.

Ἀτμηλῆτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, neglectus; frustratus: neglected; disappointed. Ἀτμηλῆτους αἶν Agam. 864. See below. SYN. Ἀτμηλῆς, ἀμῆλῆς, ἀκῆθεστος.

Ἀτμηλία, ας, ἡ, negligentia: negligence. Αἶ οἱ ἀτμηλῆ κατὰειμεναι Apoll. 3. 829. SYN. Ἀμῆλεια, ἀμῆλεια.

Ἀτρήϊος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Ἀτρός, ἄ, ὄν, damnosus: guilty, destructive, grievous. Eumen. 1010. Γυναικὲς εὐμὲν ατρήϊον κῆλον Androm. 353. SYN. Ἀταρπίτος, βλαβερὸς, πόλεμνος, σκληρός, Ἀτθῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, Attica. Iph. A. 247.

Ἀτίετος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhonoratus, inultus: unhonoured, unrevenge. Ἀτίετος φίλων Ion 702. answering to -σας ὄνυμον: but the critics suspect ἀτίετος of error. SYN. Ἀτίτος, ἀτίτητος.

Ἀτίζω, Ἀτμάζω, Ἀτμάω, Ἀτμῶω, contumelia adicio: to insult, treat with contempt. Οὔτοι σ' ἀτίζω Alcest. 1056. Heracl. 228. π. 307. Helen. 454. SYN. Ἀθέρζω, ἀπαζῶω, κατὰφρόνέω, ὑβρίζω, ψέγω, κερτῶμεω, ἐνείζω, ἐπὶνειδίω, κηλίδω.

Ἀτμάγελῶ, gregem sperno; seorsim pascor a grege; separo a grege: to despise the flock; feed apart from the flock; quit the flock. Μηδὲν ἀτμάγελόντες Theoc. 9. 5.

Ἀτμάγελος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui spernit gregem: one who neglects his flock. Οἱ καὶ ἀτμάγελαι βόσκοντ' Theoc. 25. 132.

Ἀτμαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, contemptor: one who dishonours another. Ἡ ζῶντ' ἀτμαστήρ Sept. Th. 634.

Ἀτμητός, Ἀτμῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhonoratus: unhonoured, dishonoured. Τῷ ἀτμητον μετάναστην Π. 59. Phoen. 637. SYN. Ἀπτόμος, ἐκτμῶς, ἀτμηλῆτος, ἀτίτος, ἀγέραςτος, οὐτιδῶν, ἀποθνήσκων.

Ἀτμία, Ion. Ἀτμίη, et Ἀτμῶσις, ἡ, ignominia: disgrace, degradation. Καὶ δῶν ἀτμία Heracl. 72. v. 142. Choeph. 429. SYN. Ἀδοξία, αἰσχύνῃ, ὀνειδός, αἰκία, ὑβρίς, αἰσχός.

Ἀτμῶπενος, ἔος, contumeliam lugens: mourning for dishonour. Eumen. 813. See below. Ἀτμῶς, ignominiose: ignominiously. Τῆς σ' ὦδ' ἔτμῶς Med. 1205.

Ἀτίδαλλω, λῶ, delicate nutrio: to bring up with tenderness. Εὐ ἐτρέφεν ἦδ' ἀτίταλλεν Π. 191. SYN. Ἀτάλλω, λῖταλω, παιδοτρέφω, τρέφω, ἐκτρέφω.

Ἀτίτος, Ἀτίτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhonoratus, inultus: unhonoured, unrevenge. Ἡμεῖς δ' ἀτίτα σαρκὶ πάλαι Agam. 71. Eumen. 257. On the quantity of the penult. of Ἀτίτος see Clarke's note at N. 414. SYN. Ἀτίετος, ἀτμῶς, ἀτμήϊος.

Ἀτλάντιος, α, ὄν, Atlanti incumbens: resting on Atlas. Τὸν Ἀτλάντειον τηροῦσι πόλον Eur. Piri. fr. 3.

Ἀτλαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, Atlanticus: of or belonging to Atlas, Atlantic. Τερμῶν τ' Ἀτλαντικῶν Hippi. 3.

Ἀτλας, αντός, ὁ, Ἀτλας: one of the Titans; the name of a very high mountain in Africa. Ἀτλας ὁ νότος χαλκείουσιν οὐρανόν Ion 1. Ερ. Ὀλοφρων, ἀδελῶς, κρατέροφρων, Τετάνιος, ἰάπῃ-τινῶν.

Ἀτλητέω, tolerare non possum: not to endure, not to brook an insult. Πάρεμ' ἀτλητέων E. R. 515. SYN. Χάλεπαίνω.

Ἀτλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intolerabilis: unsufferable. Ἀτλατὰ τλάσῃ Agam. 398.

Ἀτμή, ἡς, ἡ, Ἀτμός, οὐ, ὁ, vapor: vapour, steam, smoke. Ἀτμός is properly the steam arising from boiling water. See Blomfield's Glossary, Agam. 1282. Ἀτμὸν κατισταναίνουσα νηδὺς πύρι Eumen. 133. SYN. Κάπνός, λιγυός, αἰθάλ. Ερ. Αἰθάλεις, βάρυς, θερμός, σέλασ-φόρος, φλόγιος.

Ἀτμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intonsus: uncut, unclipped. Ἀναξ ἀτμητοῖ ἐθεῖραι Apoll. 2. 710. SYN. Ἀκροτέκμος, ἀτμός.

Ἀτοιχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, parietem non habens: un- walled. Ion 1133.

Ἀτόκος, ἡ, quae nunquam peperit: who never bore a child. Eur. El. 1127.

Ἀτόλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non audendus: not to be dared, that ought not to be attempted. Agam. 366.

Ἀτολμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non audens: not daring, cowardly. P. V. 14. SYN. Ἀνανδρός, ἀψυχός, δειδός, κῆκος, ὀκνητός, ταρβαλός, φόβερός, ἀσπλαγχνός, δειδῆμων, δελαιός, δειλάκρος, δει- λῶριος.

Ἀτόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sectus non est: uncut, unpolluted. Trach. 203. SYN. Ἀτμητός, ἀπρό- θητος.

Ἀτῶπια, ας, ἡ, insolita novitas; insolentia: strangeness, absurdity, inconvenience: perverse- ness, insolence. Διὰ τὴν ἀτῶπιαν τῶν δημότων Acharn. 349. SYN. Ἀθελεία, ἀκοσμία, ἀκαρία, ἀμορφία.

Ἀτόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insolens, novus; impor- tunus; absurdus: unusual, strange; trouble- some; absurd. Ion 691. SYN. Ἀμῶθης, ἀδ- γιστός, ἀθῆτος, ἀσφύρος, ἀκαίρος, ἀνόητος, ἀλλο- κτός, ἀπειρόκαλός, ἀτάσθαλός, κένος, κῆκος, ἀπώδός, μοχθηρός.

Ἀτός. See Ἀάτος.

Ἀτράκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) fusus: a spindle, dis- taff; (2) sagitta: a reed, arrow. Πολλοὶ τ' ἀτράκτων τοξοῖται Rhes. 308. SYN. (1) Ηλᾶ- κάτης κλωστήρ, (2) βέλδος, ἄκων, ἀκοντίων, ἰός, διστός, βέλεμνος.

Ἀτρακτυλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, spinæ genus: a species of thorn. Ταὶ τρακτυλίδες ἐντὶ Theoc. 4. 52.

Ἀτράπος, Ἀτράπιτος, οὐ, ἡ, via trita, semita: a beaten path. Μῶν εὐρὸν ἀτράπων δαιμόνιος ἐπερῶν Nub. 76. v. 195. SYN. Ἀταρπός, ἀταρπίτος, ὄδός, οἶμος, οἶμη, κέλευθος. Ερ. Ευ- ρύχορος, τηλεπόρος, τραχέα, σκυλῖα.

Ἀτρεῖδης, ου; Ἀτρεῖων, ανός, ὁ, Atrides: son

of Atreus. Ἀτρεῖδα δὲ μάλιστα A. 16. The first syllable is always long in Homer, and some imagine Ἀτρεῖδης to form a quadrisyllable. See Dawes. Misc. Crit. p. 172.

Ἀτρεκέως, vere: truly. Πάντα μάλ' ἀτρεκέως B. 10.

Ἀτρέκης, ἔος, verus, certus: true, certain, sincere, accurate. Βῖθου δ' ἀτρέκεις ἐπὶ τῇδε- σεις Hipp. 261. SYN. Ἀληθής, ἀκριτής, βέ- θαιος, δῆλος, ἀφυσός.

Ἀτρεμάς, α, ὄν, quietus: without trembling, quiet, gentle. Herc. F. 1047. See below. SYN. Λεπτός, ἡσυχός, ἐκπλός, ἐπικλής, μετρίος.

Ἀτρεμάς, Ἀτρεμά, sine motu et tremore: with- out moving or trembling, steadily. Ἀτρεμάς ὄφρ' εἰδῶσι E. 524. Hipp. 1355. SYN. Ἐκπλᾶ, ἡρέα, ἡσυχά, ἡσυχῶς, ἡσυχῇ, ἀκῆν, ἀτρέτως.

Ἀτρεμέω, Ἀτρεμέω, immotus sum: not to tremble, to be unmoved. Τρίχες ἀτρεμέωσι Hes. Op. 537. Theog. 972. SYN. Ἡσυχάω.

Ἀτρεμία, ας, ἡ, quies animi a timore, audacia: intrepidity, boldness. Nem. 11. 15. See above. SYN. Εὐτολμία, ἡσυχία.

Ἀτρεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immotus: unmoved, un- alterable. Πρώτᾳ μὲν ἀτρέπτοιο Apoll. 4. 704. SYN. Ἀτρώπος, ἀκίνητος, ἀσμεφής, ὀρθός.

Ἀτρεστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intrepidus: intrepid. Εἰγὼ δ' ἀτρέστῳ καρδίᾳ Agam. 1373. SYN. Ἀτρώμος, ἀδελμάντος.

Ἀτρέστως, intrepide: intrepidly. Ἐτλητ' ἀτρέστως Aesch. Sup. 243. SYN. Ἀφθῶς, ἀδῶς, ἀτρώμος, εὐδαρῶς.

Ἀτρεῖς, ἔος, ὁ, Atreus: the son of Pelops and Hippodamia, king of Mycenæ. Δείσας Ἀτρεῖς νῖον Γ. 37. Ερ. Δαΐφρων, ἱπποδῆμος.

Ἀτρίακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non vincendus: invincible. Choeph. 337. See Τρίακτῆρ. SYN. Ἀνίκητος, ἀδάμαστος.

Ἀτριπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non tritus aut exercitatus; invius: indomitus: untrodden, unpractised; impervious; unsubdued. Τοιοῦτος ἐν ἀτρίπτοις ἀκάνθαις Theoc. 13. 64. SYN. Ἀπειρός, ἀχρη- στός, ἀήθης, ἀδάμαστος.

Ἀτρίχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, proct. pro Ἀθριξ, capillis ca- rens: bald, bare. Τὸ δ' ἀτρίχον εἰστέ καὶ νῦν Call. Dian. 77.

Ἀτρώμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intrepidus: intrepid. Ἀτρώ- μων οἶον ἔχεσκε E. 126. SYN. Ἀτρεπτός, ἀδῆς, ἀφῶδός, ἀδελμάντος.

Ἀτρώπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, durus, gravis: unalterable, perverse. Ὁ τὸν ἀτρώπων ἔπνυν ἰαῶν Theoc. 3. 49. SYN. Αἰώνιος, ἀτρεπτός, κῆκος.

Ἀτρώφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impastus; non alens: un- fed, lean; not nutritious. Καὶ ἀτρώφος οἶα ὁ ἀλιπλῆς Call. Del. 11.

Ἀτρυγέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infructuosus: fruitless, barren. Πέμψας ἐπ' ἀτρυγέτον πόντον O. 27. SYN. Ἀκαρπός, στείρος.

Ἀτρώμων, ὄνος, Ἀτρώτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indomitus, non cessans: not to be worn down by exertion, incessant. Καὶ κῆκων ἀτρώμονες Sept. Th. 874. Αἶ. 788. SYN. Ἀκάματος, ἀδάμαστος.

Ἀτρώνη, ἡς, ἡ, indomita: invincible, an epithet of Minerva. Διὸς τέκος Ἀτρώνη Φ. 420.

Ἀτρώτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, invulneratus, indomitus: unwounded, untamed. Καὶ πῶς ἀτρώτον οὐδάρ Choeph. 525. SYN. Ἀελῆς, ἀελητός, ἀπάθης, ἀδάμαστος.

Ἀττώ, ἰdem fere notans quod πάππας, sic tamen ut et frater junior sic blande appellet

fratrem majorem natu; imo et in genere junioris ad seniore est προσφώνιος τιμητική. Damm.: father, sir, a term of respect addressed to elders. Φοινίξ ἀττά γέραι I. 603.

Ἀττά, Ἀσσά pro Ἀτίνα; et Ἀττά, Ἀσσά, pro Τίνα. Ἀττ' ἐστὶν ὁρθός Nub. 251. A. 554. Nub. 630. K. 208.

Ἀττάγας, δ, avis picto dorso, attagen: a hazel hen or quail. Νάσας κολοίως ἀττάγας φάλαριδας Acharn. 875.

Ἀττάραγος, Ἀττάραχος, ου, δ, minutum fragmentum pani cocto derasum, mica: a very small scrap or fragment. Οὐδ' ὅσον ἀττάραγον τὴν δεδοικόμεν Call. Ep. 48.

Ἀττάταλ, heu: alas! Ἦν μὴ σὺ πᾶς ἀττάταλ ἀττάτατα Thesm. 223.

Ἀττικίω, ὠνός, Ἀττικωνικός, οὐ, δ, diminutiv. ab Ἀττικός, a little Athenian. Ναὶ τὸ σῶν Ἀττικίαν δάσει δικήν Pax 213, 214. But some say that Ἀττικίω is Laconic or Spart. for ὁ Ἀθηναῖος, and Ἀττικωνικός is Lacon. for Ἀττικός, ἡ, ὄν.

Ἀττικός, ἡ, ὄν, Atticus: Athenian. Ὁφεῖ τοι σφοδρ' ἀντὰς Ἀττικός Lysistr. 56.

Ἀτυχῆλος, ἡ, ὄν, terrificus: alarming, terrific. Τηλοῦ ἀτυχῆλ' ὑπὲρ δειμῶντι Apoll. 2. 1059. SYN. Βλαστὺς, δειμῶλεός, δεινός, στυγερὸς, σμερδαλέος, σμερδνός, φθέρους, φρικώδης.

Ἀτύχω, metu percello: to terrify. Ἄλλοι ζῆντι μένονι φθέοντο Z. 41. SYN. Δειδισσόμεναι, κτηλίσσω, τάρασσω, ἐκτάρασσω, ἐκφθέω, κάταπτήσσω, μορμολιγγώ.

Ἀτυμνιάδης, ου, δ, Atymnio satus: the son of Atymnus, Mydon. Εὐθλόν Ἀτυμνιάδην E. 581.

Ἀτύχως, ἴσω, miser sum, frustror: to be disappointed, unfortunate. Οὐκ ἀτύχῃσεις Nub. 427. See Τύχη. SYN. Δυστύχῳ, δυσπραγῇ, τάλαιπαρῳ, δυστυχῶς ἐχῶ.

Ἀτω, ὄσω, lædo: to injure. Ἀσέ με δαίμονος αἰσά Λ. 61. SYN. Ἀτῶ, Βάπτω, σίνδμαι, ἀδικέω, ἄσσω, ἄτω.

Ἀῦ, Ἀυτῆ, Αὔθις, Αὔρις, rursum, retro, contra: again, also, on the other hand, in turn. Αὔθις αὖ πάλιν Philoct. 948. Aves 896. A. 206.

Ἀυαίνω, ἄνω, exsiccō: to wither, dry up. Ἀφίλος ἀνώ βιον Soph. El. 821. SYN. Αὔω, ξηραίνω, διαφθείρω.

Ἀυάλεος, α, ὄν, aridus: dry, parched, squalid. Ἀυάλεος δέ τέ χρώς Hes. Op. 586. SYN. Αὔος, ἀυάλεος.

Ἀυγάς, (1) illustro: to illuminate; (2) fulgeo: to beam on; (3) video: to see clearly. Ἰππους ἀυγάζομαι Ψ. 458. SYN. (3) Ἀπαυγάζομαι, βλεπω, δέωρεω.

Ἀυγείας, ου, δ, Augéas: a prince of the Eleans whose stables were cleansed by Hercules. A. 738. Ep. Ἄναξ ἀνδρῶν, ἀρχὸς Ἐπειῶν.

Ἀυγή, ἡς, ἡ, splendor: light; poet. the eye. B. 455. SYN. Αἴγλη, φῶς, φέγγος, οφθαλμός. Ep. Ἀρίηλος, λευκή, πυρφόρος, φαέσι μέρουτος, οὐεῖα, τηλεσκοπός, μαρμαίρουσα, ηλεκτροφάης.

Ἀυδάω, loquor: to speak, talk, address. Αὐδᾷ δ, τι φρονέεις E. 195. SYN. Προσανδᾶω, ἀγορεύω, προσηγορεύω, φωνέω, προσφωνέω, γηρύω, φράζω, βιάω.

Ἀυδή, ἡς, ἡ, vox, nuntius: a voice, word, news. Σ. 419. SYN. Ἀυτὴ, βῆθ, βάξις, γῆρυς, θρόος, φθέγμα, φθόγγος, φωνή. Ep. Ἀκαμάτος, ἀκείριτος, ἀμερτός, βαρύρηχ, γλυκέρᾳ, γδέρᾳ, δαία, δέκελδος, λίγερᾳ, λαοσοῦς, ὑμειρόδης, πόλυστος, σωτήριος, γλυκίαν μελίτος.

Ἀυδής, εσσα, ἔν, vocalis: vocal, civilised, eloquent. T. 407. SYN. Φωνής, εὐφωνός, ἡδύφωνός, εὐήχης.

Ἀυθάδης, ἔος; Ἀυθαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, sibi placens, perversus: self-willed, stubborn, unruly, cruel. Σπυγέρων τέ φῶσιν φρένους αυθάδους Med. 104. Lysistr. 1118. SYN. Ἀλάζων, ἀναιδής, ἀήθης, ἀσελγής, ἀτρεμνός, θράσυν.

Ἀυθαδία, ας, ἡ; Ἀυθαδισμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, arrogantia, superbia: self-sufficiency, perverseness. Ἀυθαδία τοι σκαυότην ὀφλισκάνει Antig. 1040. P. V. 963. SYN. Ἀλαζονεία, ἀεουλία.

Ἀυθαδόστμος, ου, δ, ἡ, contumaci ore: foul-mouthed. Ἀγρίοποιον αυθαδόστμον Ran. 861. SYN. Ἀθύροστμος, ἀθύρογλωσσός.

Ἀυθαδῶς, contumaciore: insolently. Αἰσχυλὲ λέγον μὴδ' αυθαδῶς Ran. 1020.

Ἀυθαίμων, ὄνός, ἡ, qui ejusdem est sanguinis; frater: one of the same blood; a brother. Trach. 1041. SYN. Ὁμαιμός, ἀδελφός.

Ἀυθέντης, i. q. Αυτόντης, ου, δ, qui perimit sua manu; sua ipsius manu peractus: one who is armed against himself, a self-murderer; one who murders a near relation; also pass., self-inflicted. Iph. A. 1200. SYN. Αυτθόντης, αυτοσφάγης, αυτοκτόνος, αυτοδαικτός, αυτχειρ, φόνεος, φόνευτής.

Ἀυθήμερον, Αυτῆμαρ, eo vel hoc ipso die: on this or that very day. Acharn. 522. Σ. 454.

Ἀυθί, "fere semper pro Αυτθί, hic, ibi, illic. Frequentatur ab Homero, sed ne semel quidem reperit in Poëtis Dramaticis." Maltb.: here. There. Αυθί μένων πδύσεσκέ A. 492. SYN. Κάταυθί, κάταυθί, παρὰυθί, αυτθί, αυτθί, ἐκεῖ.

Ἀυθιγής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, indigena: born in the same place, native, genuine. Οἱς αυθιγής τμηθείσα δδοκός Eur. fr. Cret. 2. 6. SYN. Εγγής, ἰθαγενής, εγχώριος.

Ἀυθίς. See Αὔ.

Ἀυλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, sulcus: a furrow. Αἰθέρους αὐλαξά τέμνων Aves 1400. SYN. Ἄλοξ, ὠλεξ. Ep. Ορθὸν, βάθεα, ἐνκαρπός, λευρός, πυρφόρος, στάχυφόρος, φέρεσθίος.

Ἀυλείς, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ἡ, ad aulam pertinens: of a hall or court. Helen. 437. See Αὐλή. Ἀυλεία in the fem., δύρα being understood, signifies a porch or hall-door.

Ἀυλείτης, ου, δ, villicus: a bailiff, steward. Apoll. 4. 1487. SYN. Ἀγροικός.

Ἀυλέω, tibia cano: to play on a pipe or flute. Thesm. 1186. SYN. Κάταυλέω.

Ἀυλή, ἡς, ἡ, (1) area subdialis ad donum: a court-yard; (2) septum intra quod pernoctant pecudes: a sheep-fold; (3) vestibulum: a hall. Hec. 169. SYN. (2) Στάβλος, σηκός, ἐπαυλῖς, ἐπαυλῖον; (3) Βασίλειον, μελᾶδρον, ἀνικτδρόν. Ep. Βασίλῃος, περίκαλλης, ολβία, δούδης, βάθειᾳ, λαμπρᾷ, κάλῃ, ὑψηλῇ, χαλκιδέτης, πέρειδης, ευκίαν, ευερκής. P. R. Τύραννον δαμά, τύραννοι δδομοι.

Ἀυλήμα, ἄτος, τὸ, cantus tibiarum: piping, music produced by a wind-instrument. Ran. 1302.

Ἀυλητήρ, ἡρός, Αυλητής, οὐ, δ; Αυλητρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, tibicen, tibicina: a flute-player, minstrel. Hes. Clp. 283. Vesp. 579. Acharn. 550. SYN. Σουρικτής.

Ἀυλίζομαι, stabulor; pernocto: to be folded; abide for the night. Σ. 412. SYN. Εναυλίζομαι.

Ἀυλίον, ου, τὸ, stabulum: a stall, fold. Σύν-ελασθέν ἐς αὐλίον H. Merc. 106.

Ἀυλῖς, ἰδός, Ion. ἰδός, ἡ, aula, cubile: a place of abode for the night, tent, fold. Κένεα δ' ἐμὴν αὐλῆς ἦδη Call. 6. 106. SYN. Αυλή, ἐναυλῖς.

Ἀυλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, Aulis: a town and port in Boeotia, situated on the Euripus. Καὶ Αυλῖδᾳ πετρήσσαν B. 496. Ep. Εὐαλία.

Ἀυλός, οὐ, δ, (1) fistula: a pipe; (2) foramen: a socket. P. 297. SYN. Σύριγξ, δόναξ. Ep. Λίβυς, Μυγδονίος, γλυκός, ἡδύμελῆς, ευκελάδης, νήδυμος, λίγυρος, ἱμέρδεις.

Ἀυλὸν, ὠνός, δ, vallis: a narrow passage, valley. H. Merc. 95. SYN. Ἀγκός, φάραγξ. Ep. Τηλέφῃς.

Ἀυλώπις, ἰδός, ἡ, procera, oblonga: high-coned, oblong, conical. E. 182.

Ἀυζάνομαι, Αὐζέμαι, cresco: to increase, grow. Εκ κἀλῆκος αυζάνομένα γένεσι πολυφάγοις Aves 1065. Acharn. 226. SYN. Ἀδρόνυμαι, αλδάνω, ἀναλδήσσω.

Ἀυρή, ἡς, ἡ, (1) ariditas: drought; (2) clamor: clamour. Simon. 20. SYN. (1) Αυχμός; (2) βῆθ, αὐτῇ, κραυγή.

Ἀυρός, α, ὄν, siccus: dry, withered, parched. Ψ. 327. SYN. Αζάλεος, ξηρός, αὐσταλέος.

Ἄυρνός, ου, δ, ἡ, insomnis: sleepless. Iph. T. 424. See Ἰπνός. SYN. Ἀγρυπνός, παννυχῖς.

Ἀυρα, ας, ἡ, aura: a gentle breeze, air, breath. Αὔρα τίς εἰσέπλεονέ Ran. 317. SYN. Πνύξ, ξέφυρος. Ep. Ἀστᾶτος, ἀθλῶτος, ἐκίμανος, δισσάτης, ευάδης, ευκλήδης, ἐπικυρός, ζαχρηής, ἡδέα, ἡδύπνυος, ὀρῆσος, κραπνός, λεπτή, λευγάλη, λαλαῖα, λιάρᾳ, μέσημεριᾶς, νήδυμος, θρεῖδρος, φοιδᾶς, φουζῶς.

Ἀυστάλεος, α, ὄν, siccus: squalidus: dried; squalid. Εἰ κεν αὐσταλέος τ. 327. SYN. Αὔος, αυχμόδης, πινώδης.

Ἀυταδέλφος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, frater germanus: born of the same mother. Ω.

Ἀυταδέλφον, αυτᾶδελφόν Antig. 1. B. 706. SYN. Κἀσίγνητος, ὁμαιμός, ὁμιπάτριος.

Ἀυτανδρός, ου, δ, ἡ, cum ipsis hominibus: with the men themselves. Apoll. 3. 582.

Ἀυτάρκεις, ἔος, δ, ἡ, sufficiens; contentus: self-sufficient, complete, content, adequate. Choeph. 745.

Ἀυτέ. See Αὔ.

Ἀυτέω, ἡσω; ἄνω, ὄσω, clamo: to cry out, shout. Καὶ ἄντει πάντας ἀρστούς Λ. 258.

SYN. Ἀνώ, ἐπικαλέω, κηρύσσω.

Ἀυτῇ, ἡς, ἡ, clamor: clamour, shout in battle.

Τι χρῆμα' αὐτῆς πᾶν τὸδ' ἐκλήσθη στῆγος Heracl. 646. SYN. Βῆθ, ἐνὸπῃ, ἰαχῇ, ἰωῇ, κελάδης.

Ep. Ἀναῖδης, αὐτῶφελικτός, δεινῇ, δερμῇ, οὐεῖα, σμερδαλέα, σπᾶνδουσα, στυγερᾷ.

Ἀυτῆμαρ. See Αυθήμερον.

Ἀυτῖκᾱ, mox; exempli gratia: immediately; for example. Ὁφει νῦν αυτῖκ' ὄντα Hec. 1032.

SYN. Αἰψά, ἀφάρ, παρὰυτῖκα, εἰσαῖδῖς, ευθεως, παρὰυτῖκα.

Ἀυτῖς. See Αὔ.

Ἀυτμῇ, ἡς, ἡ; Ἀυτμῆν, ἔνός, δ, spiritus, vapor: breath, odour, exhalation. Ἀνέμων ἀνέμῳ αυτμῆν Λ. 399. Ψ. 765. SYN. Ἀτμός, ἀτμή, ἀπᾶννῃ, πνεύμα, κᾶπνός. Ep. Ἐχέπευκῆς, λίγυα, λευγάλη, μάλαχῇ, ὀδῇ, πυρδουσα, σμερδαλέα, σπᾶνδουσα.

Ἀυτμῆν. See above.

Ἀυτδουλός, ου, δ, ἡ, contumax: self-willed, obdurate. Sept. Th. 1055. SYN. Αυθάδης, αυτῶ-γνατός, ἀτρεμνός, αυθαίρετός.

Ἀυτῶγενήτος, ου, δ, ἡ, incestus: incestuous. Antig. 864.

Ἀυτῶγνατός, ου, δ, ἡ, perversus: obstinate. Σε δ' αυτῶγνατός ὠλεε' Antig. 887. SYN. see Αυτῶβουλος.

Ἀυτῶδᾱς, εὐός, Αυτῶδαικτός, ου, δ, ἡ, a seipso doctus: self-taught. Aj. 699., where αυτῶδᾱς is answered by ευνῶμα.

Ἀυτῶδαικτός, ου, δ, ἡ, a se æneus: self-murdered. Αυτῶδαικτοὶ δᾶνωσι Sept. Th. 732., answered by παρᾶδᾶσαν ωκτιοῖν SYN. see Αυθέντης.

Ἀυτῶδᾱξ, mordicus: with the very teeth, biting, fiercely. Lysist. 687.

Ἀυτῶδῆλος, ου, δ, ἡ, per se manifestus: self-evident. Sept. Th. 848.

Ἀυτῶδαικτός, i. q. Αυτῶδᾱς. X. 347. See Διδαικτός.

Ἀυτῶδῶν, statim: immediately. See Αυτῖκᾱ.

Ἀυτῶδῶν, ου, δ, ἡ, q. v. Αυθέντης, q. v. Soph. El. 272.

Ἀυτῶδῆς, intra annum: within the space of a year. γ. 322.

Ἀυτῶθεν, inde, illinc: from thence. T. 120. SYN. Ἐκεῖθεν, ἐνθεν, ενεῖθεν.

Ἀυτῶθι, poet. pro Αυτοῖ, hic, ibi: here, there. Equit. 119. See Αὐθῖ. SYN. Ἐκεῖ, ενταυτοῖ, τῇδε, τῇδ' αυτοῖ, ἐν αυτῷ τῷ τόπῳ.

Ἀυτῶκᾱν, ἡς, ἡ, Autocæne: a mountain in Æolia. Καὶ Αυτῶκᾱνς ὄρος αυτῷ Hom. Apoll. 35.

Ἀυτῶκασίγνητος, ου, δ; (2) Αυτῶκασίγνητης, ἡς, ἡ, (1) frater germanus: an own brother; (2) soror germana: an own sister. Αυτῶκασίγνητον Λ. 427. κ. 137. SYN. Ἀδελφός, ὁμαιμός.

Ἀυτῶκλήτος, ου, δ, ἡ, a seipso vocatus, ultro: one who invites himself, of his own accord. Ἀλλ' αυτῶκλήτος εκ δόμων Trach. 396. SYN. Αυτῶσσύτος.

Ἀυτῶκῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, sua sponte comatus: wearing his own hair, hairy. Ran. 822.

Ἀυτῶκράτωρ, ὄρος, Αυτῶκράτης, ου, δ, qui plenam auctoritatem habet: vested with full powers, independent. Αυτῶκράτορας πρέσβεις ἀποπέμπειν ενθαδῇ Lysist. 1010. Andr. 482.

Ἀυτῶκτίτος, ου, δ, ἡ, sponte natus, natus: self-formed, natural. Αυτῶκτίτ' αυτῶ P. V. 309.

Ἀυτῶκτόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, See Αυθέντης. Sept. Th. 678.

Ἀυτῶκτόνων, οἰντός, δ, se invicem interficiens: killing one another. Antig. 56.

Ἀυτῶκτόνος, sua vel mutua cæde: with mutual slaughter. Agam. 1625. SYN. Αυτῶφόνος.

Ἀυτῶκωπός, ου, δ, ἡ, cum ipso manubrio: with the very hilt, up to the hilt. Choeph. 157.

Ἀυτῶλκος, ου, δ, Autolyceus: the grandfather of Ulysses, and whose character for ingenious roguery was so great, that clever robbers were called by his name. See Hygin. fab. 200.

Εξέλετ' Αυτῶλκος K. 267.

Ἀυτῶμαρτός, ὄς, δ, ἡ, ipseibi testis: one who bears witness for himself. Agam. 961.

Ἀυτῶματός, ἡ, ὄν, a se ipso aliquid faciens: self-moved, spontaneous. Ελδοῦσα φησιν αυτῶματῇ μετὰ τᾶν Πύλῳ Pax 665. SYN. Αυθαίρετός, αυτῶκλήτος, αυτῶσσύτος.

Ἀυτῶμεδων, οντός, δ, Automedon: the chaiteer of Achilles. Αυτῶμεδοντᾶ δῶδω Π. 145.

P. R. Ἀρπῇ ἀτᾶναντός, ἦρας, Διῶρέος υἱός, Διῶρέος ἀκίμῶς υἱός.

Αυτομόλω, meo solum jussu abeo, ad hostes deficio: to desert to the enemy. Equit. 26.  
Αυτομόως, ου, δ, ἡ, qui suis legibus vivit, liber: independent. Antig. 821.

Αυτοῦχελ, ea ipsa nocte: on that very night. Αυτοῦχελ νηὶν ἐπὶ ἡσυχίᾳ Θ. 197.

Αυτοξύλως, ου, δ, ἡ, ex ligno rudi confectus: made of mere wood. Αυτοξύλῳ γ' ἐκπωμὰ Philoct. 35.

Αυτοπαῖς, αἰδώς, δ, filius genuinus: the real son. Trach. 839.

Αυτοποιός, ου, δ, ἡ, sponte enatus: self-made. Αυτοποιόν, (E. C. 698., is answered by ευθαλασσόν.

Αυτοπρεμνός, et Αυτορρίζος, ου, δ, ἡ, quæ cum radicibus ipsis evellitur: from the very roots, root and branch. 'Ενεμὶν αυτοπρεμνόν Eumen. 395. Rhes. 284. Syn. Προρρίζος.

Αυτορρίζος. See above.

Αυτορύτος, ου, δ, ἡ, sponte fluens: spontaneously flowing. Αυτορύτον, Pyth. 12. 29., is answered by καλὸν δάκρυον.

Αυτός, αὐτῇ, αὐτῷ, sup. Αυτοτάτος, η, ον, ipse, sup. ipsissimus: himself, sup. his very self. Plut. 83.

Αυτοσέ, illuc, huc: to the same place, hither, thither. Lysist. 873. Syn. Ἐκεῖ, ἐκεῖσέ, κεῖσέ, ἐνθά.

Αυτοσιδηρός, ου, δ, ἡ, ferreus: the very iron. Helen. 360. See Σιδήρος.

Αυτοσσύτος, ου, δ, ἡ, sponte excitus: self-moved, not urged by another. Eumen. 169. See Ἐπισσύτος. Syn. Αυτομάτος.

Αυτοστάδια, as, Ion. η, ης, ἡ, pugna stataria: a standing fight. 'Εν γ' αυτοστάδι N. 325. Pn. Στάδιον δαμνῖν.

Αυτοστάλας, ου, δ, ἡ, ipse navi advectus: having sailed here himself, in his own ship. Phil. 503.

Αυτοστένους, ου, δ, ἡ, proprio dolore gemens: groaning on his own account. Sept. Th. 911.

Αυτοσφάγης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, a se ipse jugulatus: self-slaughtered. See Αυθέντης. Αυτοσφάγῃ πίνοντά Aj. 840.

Αυτοσφῆδα, Αυτοσφῆδον, cominus, proxime: at hand, closely. Μάρσι δ' αυτοσφῆδα δουρι Π. 319. N. 496. Syn. Εγγύς, σύνεγγυς, ἐγγύθεν.

Αυτοσφῆδός, α, ον, promptus, spontaneous: made on the spur of the occasion, extempore, spontaneous. Εξ αυτοσφῆδός Hymn. Merc. 55.

Αυτοσφῆδός, ου, δ, ἡ, cum ipso partu: together with its offspring. Agam. 134.

Αυτοσυρία, as, ἡ, quicquid sua quis manu facit: a man's own labour. Eum. 332. Ep. Μάταιος.

Αυτοσυρτός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui per se operatur: one who works with his own hand. Orest. 918. Syn. Αυτοχειρ, δημιουργός.

Αυτοφλοῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, ipsum corticem adhuc habens: together with its bark. Εὐπάγεις αυτοφλοῖον Theoc. 25. 208.

Αυτοφόντης, ου, Αυτοφόνος, δ, ἡ (see Αυθέντης), qui seipsum vel alium manu sua occidit: murdering oneself or another, suicide, murderer. Soph. El. 274. See Δ. 395.

Αυτοφόνως, propria sua manu cæsus: by self-murder. Æsch. Sup. 65.

Αυτοφορτός, ου, δ, ἡ, cum ipso onere: with its freight. Choeph. 663.

Αυτοφύης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, sponte natus, natus:

sprung up of itself, native. Αυτοφύᾳ τὰν οὐδ' ἄφάμαρτ' ἐπὶς Γ. 215.

Αυτοφύτης, ου, δ, ἡ, sponte natus: springing up of itself, self-grown. Μδλν αυτοφύτον Pyth. 3. 83., answered by σόφια διδῆται.

Αυτοφωρός, ου, δ, ἡ, in ipso furto deprehensus, manifestus: caught in the very act of stealing. Ion 1213.

Αυτοχειρ, εἰρὸς, δ, ἡ, qui sua manu aliquid facit: using his own hand, an assassin: et αυτοχειρῇ, adv. Orest. 1039. Aves 1135. Syn. Αυτοσυρτός.

Αυτοχθών, ονός, δ, ἡ, indigena: a native, indigenous. Ion 29. Syn. see in Αυθιγῆνης.

Αυτοχθωνός, ου, δ, ἡ, sponte sua fusus: self-fused. Ψ. 825.

Αυτοχρημᾶ, re ipsa, plane, omnino: confestim: in reality; immediately. Εστὶν αυτοχρημᾶ ἐν Χαλσῶν Equit. 78. Syn. Ἀληθῶς, ἀφενδῶς, παντῶν.

Αυτοχρίζω, cervicem incido: to cut the throat, strangle. Aj. 298. Syn. Λαμιάζω, δειρότωμῶ.

Αυχένιος, α, ον, adv. cervicem pertinens: belonging to the neck. Αυχένιους λίσεν δέ γ. 450.

Αυχέω, glorior: to lift up the neck, to boast, to be proud. Bacch. 306. Syn. Μεγαλαυχέω, ἐπαυχέω, ἀβρονδῶμαι, ἀγάλλομαι, ἀλαζονεύομαι, γαυρίω, ἀποσεμνύνομαι, καυχᾶμαι, ἐκλαμπρύνομαι, εὐχόμαι, κομπάζω, μεγαλύνομαι, μεγαφρονέω, δαρρῶ, ογκύδομαι, ἐπαίδομαι.

Αυχῆ, ἡς, ἡ; Αύχημᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, gloriatio: boasting. Nem. 11. 38. Phœn. 1153. Syn. Καύχη, καύχημᾶ, ἀλαζονεία.

Αυχῆν. ἐνός, δ, cervix: the neck. E. 147. Syn. Τράχηλος, δέη, δειρή. Ep. Ἀπάλος, μάλακος, πᾶχος, στίβις, μέσος, ἀγέρωχος, δρᾶσος, δεσπεσίος, λοξός, λευκός, ῥόδοχρύσος.

Αυχμέω, areo præ æstu; squaleo: to be dried up through heat; to be squalid. Nub. 920. Syn. Ξηραίνομαι, σκέλλομαι.

Αυχμυρός, α, ον, Αυχμυρῆς, εὐσᾶ, ἐν; Αυχμώδης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, squalidus: squalid. Alcest. 968. Hom. in Pan. 6. Orest. 217. Syn. Λᾶστος, δᾶστος, ῥυπᾶρός, πινᾶρός, αὖδος, αὐλῆος, ξηρός, στυγρός.

Αυχμός, οὐ, δ, siccitas, squalor: drought, squalidness. Nub. 1120. Syn. Αὐρή.

Αὔω, i. q. Ἀὔτω, q. v. Τῷ δ' ἐπὶ μακρὸν αὖσέ E. 101.

Αὔω, Att. Αὔω, sicco; accendo: to dry, parch with heat; kindle. ε. 490.

Ἀφάγιαστέω, Ἀφάγνίζω, expio; consecro: to perform holy rites for the dead, purify; consecrate. Κόνιν πάλιν φάγιαστέουσας ἄχρη. Antig. 253. See Alcest. 1165. Syn. Ἀγιαστέω, ἀγνέω, ἀγνίζω, ἀγίζω, αὐλάω.

Ἀφαγνίζω. See above.

Ἀφαρῶ, aufero: to take away. A. 182. Syn. Αἰρέω, ἀναίρω, ἀπαίνομαι, ἀφένκο.

Ἀφάλλομαι, desilio: to spring from or down. Nub. 147. Syn. Ἀποβρόσκω, ἀνάλλομαι.

Ἀφᾶλος, ου, δ, ἡ, sine cono aut crista: without cone or crest. Ταυρίην ἀφᾶλόν τε K. 258.

Ἀφάμαρτος, τήσομαι, (1) aberto: to miss, to be disappointed; (2) privo: to be deprived of. Καὶ βάλῃν οὐδ' ἀφάμαρτ' A. 350. Syn. (1) Ἀμαρτάνω, ἀποτυγχάνω; (2) στερῶμαι, κατὰλείπομαι.

Ἀφάμαρτ' ἐπὶς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, verbis errans: in-

appropriate in speech, tedious, trifling. Οὐδ' ἀφάμαρτ' ἐπὶς Γ. 215.

Ἀφανδᾶν, ἀφάδῃσιν, displiceo: to displease. Τᾶμ' ἀφανδᾶνοντ' ἐφν. Antig. 501. Syn. Ἀπάρεσκω, διατρέσκω.

Ἀφανεία, as, ἡ, obscuritas: obscurity, indistinctness, uncertainty. Agam. 375. See Ἀφανίζω.

Ἀφάνης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, occulius, obscurus: invisible, vanished, obscure, uncertain. CE. R. 657. See below. Syn. Ἀφαντός, ἀδηλός, κρύφατος, σκότεινός, ἀκλῆς, ἐξίτηλός.

Ἀφανίζω, ἴσω, e conspectu aufero: to cause to disappear, steal, bury. Τούτ' ἠφάνισται Trach. 678. Syn. Ἀφαίρω, ἀκυρῶ, ἀπόλλυμι, ἀπαλάσσω, διαφθείρω, λῶω, κατὰλῶω, ἐξάλειψω, ἐξελάνω, ἐκμαίρω.

Ἀφάνιστος, εὖς, ἡ, abolitio: extinction. Εβρηκ' ἀφάνιστον τῆς δικῆς σφωτάτην Nub. 764.

Ἀφαντός, ου, δ, ἡ, a conspectu remotus: vanished, extinct. CE. R. 560. Syn. Ἀφάνης, ἀνάνιμος, ἀπροσδοκητός.

Ἀφᾶρ, statim: immediately, swiftly. From this adv. is derived the compar. Ἀφάρτερος, more swift. Ἐτάρων ἀφᾶρ ἐξέρθ A. 349. Ψ. 311. Syn. Ευθέως, τάχως.

Ἀφαρπάζω, ξω ε, as, abripio: to snatch from, seize greedily. Ὅν ἀφαρπάζειν φίλῳ Trach. 548. Syn. Αναρπάζω, ἀποσπᾶω.

Ἀφᾶσία, as, ἡ, stupor, præ quo loqui non possumus: inability to speak, through sudden alarm. Τούτ' ἵ ἐστιν ἀφᾶσία τίς τοι μ' ἔχει Thesm. 911. Syn. Σιγή.

Ἀφᾶσσω, Ἀφᾶω, contrecto: to touch, feel, handle. Ἐνὶ χερσὶν ἀφᾶσσει Apoll. 2. 710. Z. 322. Syn. Ψηλάφω, ἀπτόμαι, ἐγχειρίζω.

Ἀφᾶτός, ου, δ, ἡ, non dicendus: unutterable. Ion 783. See Φᾶτός. Syn. Ἀφαντός, ἀδοξός, ἀδηλός, ἀρήντος, μέγας.

Ἀφαναίνω, Ἀφᾶνω, torreo, uro: to dry up, exhaust. Eccles. 13. 146. Syn. Αναίνω, αὔω, ξηραίνω, καίω.

Ἀφανρός, α, ον, imbecillis: weak. Παύετ' ἀφανρότατη δ' ἐτέτυκτο v. 110. Syn. Ασθενής, ἀσληγρός, ἀμυρὸς, ἀρᾶνός, κοφός.

Ἀφᾶω. See Ἀφᾶσσω.

Ἀφεγγής, εὖς, δ, ἡ, lumine carens; invisibilis: dark, obscure; invisible. P. V. 115. Syn. Σκότεινός, ἀδηλός, τυφλός, ἀέωρτος.

Ἀφείδω, large: unsparingly. Apoll. 3. 697.

Ἀφείδω, non parco; contemno: not to spare, to lavish, expose to danger; despise, decline, shrink from. Antig. 414. Syn. Ἀθερίζω, ἀμείλω.

Ἀφείδης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, profusus: unsparing, lavish. Call. Cer. Calath. 126. Syn. Δαπάνηρος, πολυδωρός.

Ἀφέλκω, detraho: to drag away from. Hec. 141. Syn. Ἀπέρω, ἀφαίρω.

Ἀφένος, ου, δ, et εὖς, τὸ, divitiæ: abundance, wealth. Εὐθᾶδ' ἀτιμὸς εὐν ἀφένος A. 171. Syn. Πλοῦτος, κέρδης, χρημᾶτά, ὀλέος, κτήμᾶτά, κτῆνῶν.

Ἀφερετός, ου, δ, ἡ, exclusus: shut out from. Choeph. 440.

Ἀφέρτω, abeo: to creep back, depart. Theoc. 27. 64. Syn. Ἀπέρχομαι, ἀπειμι, ἀνέρχομαι.

Ἀφερτός, ου, δ, ἡ, non ferendus: intolerable. Choeph. 436. Syn. Οὐ φερτός, ου, τλητός, ἀτλητός, ἀνοιστός.

Ἀφῆσις, εὖς, ἡ, dimissio; dimissio equorum

a carcere; carcer: a sending off from; a staiting-place. Soph. El. 686.

Ἀφέτος, ου, δ, ἡ, dimissus, liber: dismissed, free, unprotected. P. V. 687. Syn. Ἀφειμένος, ἀναιμένος, ἀπαιμένος, ἀπόλοιός, ἐλευθέρως, μόνος.

Ἀφῆω, accendo: to burn off, singe. Thesm. 215. Syn. Ἀπτω, αὔω, καίω, φλόγιζω.

Ἀφίψω, ψήσω, decoquo: to boil away, evaporate by boiling. Equit. 1321. Syn. Κατὰπέτω, πέτω, πέσσω.

Ἀφήτωρ, ὄρος, δ, (1) jaculator (ep. Apollinis): a shooter; (2) vaticinator. I. 404. Syn. Ἀκοντιστής, ἀκοντιστήρ.

Ἀφθεγκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, non dicendus; mutus: unutterable; mute. Eumen. 240. Syn. see Ἀρήρτος.

Ἀφθίτος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non corrumpitur: imperishable. Ἀθανάτων ἀφθίτον τε ποιῶω δέων Androm. 1245. Syn. Ἀγήρατος, ἀγήραός, ἀχράτους.

Ἀφθογγός, ου, δ, ἡ, mutus: silent, dumb. Pers. 211. Syn. Ἀναῶδος, ἀφανός, ἀκῶν, σιγήλός.

Ἀφθονγτός, ου, δ, ἡ, invidia non obnoxius: not liable to be envied. Agam. 912.

Ἀφθονία, as, ἡ, abundantia: abundance. Nem. 3. 14. Syn. Ευπρία, ευθρία, περίουσια, πληθός.

Ἀφθονός, ου, δ, ἡ, nulli invidens, copiosus: unenvious, plentiful. Med. 612. Syn. Ἀνεπίφθονός, ἀμεγαρτός, ἀνᾶριθμός.

Ἀφίρῶμαι, colloco procul a: to place far from. Ἐπειτὰ πάτριος θεοῖ (monosyll.) μ' ἀφίρῶσαντ' ἡγῆς Helen. 280. Syn. Ἀποικίω.

Ἀφίρῶ, conserco: to consecrate. Πάλα πρὸς ἄλλοις ταῖς ἀφιέρωμῶν Eumen. 445. Syn. Ἀφᾶγιαστέω, ἀφᾶγνίζω, δῶω.

Ἀφίρμι, Ἀφίω, or Ἀφίεω, i. a. ἀφῆκα, and in Hom. ἀφῆκα, dimitto: to send away. Ἀφίρμι ομμάτων ἐλευθέρων Hec. 368. The antepenu. of Ἀφίρμι is common in Homer, and long in the Attic poets. Syn. Ἀποπέμνω, ἐκέδῶ, ἀπαλάσσω, μεθίμι, εἰω.

Ἀφίκανα, Ἀφίκενῶμαι, fut. ἵξομαι, advenio: to come from, arrive at. Επεγόμενῃ ἀφίκανει Z. 388. (E. R. 265. Syn. Ἐπέρχομαι, προσέρχομαι, ἀνῆκα, πρόσῆκα, πρόσελαῖνα, προσδρεύομαι, προσελαῖνω, παρείμι, ἰκάνω, ποτίνισσῶμαι, ἐπίσῶλω, κίω, κίχῶνω, μῶλω, ἐπίτυγχῶ.

Ἀφίκτηρ, ὄρος, δ, (1) supplicum patronus: defender of the suppliant; (2) supplex: a suppliant. Æsch. Suppl. 244. Syn. (1) Ἰκέσιος; (2) ἱκέτης.

Ἀφίλητός, ου, δ, ἡ, inamatus: unbeloved. CE. C. 1702. See Φίλειω. Syn. Ἀνέραστος.

Ἀφίλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, amicus carens: friendless, unfriended. Sept. Th. 518. See Φίλδς.

Ἀφίλως, parum amice: unkindly. Agam. 778. See Φίλδς.

Ἀφίξις, εὖς, ἡ, adventus: arrival. Æsch. Sup. 486. Syn. Ἡλῶσις, εἰσόδός.

Ἀφίπταμαι, avolo: to fly away from. Iph. A. 1607. Syn. Ἀποπέττωμαι, ἐξίπταμαι.

Ἀφίστημι, αποστήσω, sejungo: to separate, withdraw, cause to revolt. Choeph. 859.

Ἀφλαστών, ου, τὸ, apulstre: the extremity of the stern. Ἀφλαστών μετὰ χερσὶν ἔχων O. 717. Syn. Πρυμνήσιον.

Ἀφλεκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, non ustus: not burnt. Helen. 1354.

Ἀφλοισμός, οὐ, δ, spuina: foam. Αφλοισμός δὲ περὶ στόμα O. 607. Syn. Ἀφρός, ἄχρη.







less, sluggish, foolish. Οὐδ' ὡς ἀχρεῖον τὰς Eur. Sup. 299. SYN. Αχρηστός, ἀπεικὴς, ἀπρεπής, κοιφός, φαυλός.

Αχρημάτος, ου, ἀχρήμων, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, carens pecunia: poor. Αχρημάτοις ζημίαις Choëph. 269. And see Solon. SYN. Ἀναγρητός, ἀείος, ἀπύρος, ἄϊρος, ἀκλήρος.

Αχρηστός, ου, δ, ἡ, inutilis, incommodus: useless, ineffectual, disadvantageous. Κούδεν γ' ἀχρηστὸν Iph. A. 521. SYN. Αχρεὺς, ἀνοφέλης, βλάβερός, κάκος, πόνηρος, ἀσύμφερός, ἀνόνητος.

Αχρί, Αχρίς, usque ad: as far as, until. Οστὴν ἀχρίς ἀραξε Pl. 324. SYN. Έως, μέχρη, καθόλου.

Αχρωστός, ου, δ, ἡ, coloris expers: uncoloured, colourless. 'Ὡς οὐκ ἀχρωστά γόνυ' ἔμῳ Helen. 838.

Αχυριά, ἄς, ἡ, Αχύρων, ὠνός, δ, acervus palearum: a heap of chaff. Αἱ δ' ἀπὸ δλευκαίνονται ἀχυρίαί E. 502. Vesp. 1310.

Αχύρων, ου, τὸ, palea: chaff, straw. Εκ καλάμας ἀχύρον τέλειθε Theoc. 10. 49. SYN. Ἀθήρ, κάρφη, ἄχρη.

Αχύρων. See Αχύρων. Αψάλακτος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui tactus non est: untouched, unpunished. Απὸ γὰρ ἀψάλακτος Lysistr. 275.

Αψανστός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non est tactus: qui non tetigit: untouched; not having touched. Αψανστός ἔγχους εἰ τὶ C. E. R. 969. SYN. Αψάθης, ἀθικτός, ἀκίνητος, ἀπάλακτος.

Αψέγους, sine reprehensione: without censure. Apoll. 2. 1019.

Αψέγης, ἔος, Αψεκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, irreprehensus: irreproachable, harmless. Αψέγης πέλῃν τέρας Soph. El. 497. Theog. 797. SYN. Άμωμὸς, ἀμειπτός, ἀμίμων.

Αψευδής, non mentior: not to lie, to be sincere. Πρὸς δ' ἐμ' αψευδὲν ἀεὶ Trach. 475.

Αψευδής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, mentiri nescius: free from lying, true, infallible. Γλαυκὸς αψευδὴς Διὸς Orest. 358. SYN. Ἀληθινός, ἀληθής.

Αψηκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, non rarus, durus: unshaved, rough, hard. Lysistr. 658. See above. SYN. Ακάματος, σκληρός, ακένιστος.

Αψήφιστος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non suffragia tulit: one who has not given his vote, unvoted. Vesp. 750.

Αψίς, ἰδὸς, Ion. Αψίς, ἡ, vinculum; arcus; testudo; rotæ circulus: a fastening; bow; shell; the felly of a wheel, a wheel. Αψιδά πέτρην προσβάλλων Hipp. 1228. SYN. Δεσμός, χέλυς, χελώνη.

Αψορρός, Αψορρός, ου, δ, ἡ, refluus: flowing back, ebbing, back. Αψορρόδου ἰκέανοιο v. 65. P. V. 1020. SYN. Πάλιρρός.

Αψός, ἔος, τὸ, compages membrorum, iunctus: a joint. 3. 794. SYN. Αψίς, ζεύγμα, μέλος, γυνὴ, κώλον.

Αψόφρητος, Αψόφρος, ου, δ, ἡ, nullum edens sonum: noiseless. Αλλ' αψόφρητος οἶζον Aj. 321. Call. 2. 12.

Αψυχός, ου, δ, ἡ, vitæ expers; timidus: lifeless; cowardly. Οἶον δ' αψύχοισιν εὐκότες Apoll. 4. 1280. SYN. Ἀθυμὸς, ἀπολύς, δειλός.

Αω. See Ἀάσκω, or Ἀωμί.

Αωρί, intempestive: unseasonably. Νυκτὸς ἀωρί τρέφω δὲ τοί Theoc. 11. 40. SYN. Ακαίρων, πᾶρᾳ καιρῶν.

Αωρία, as, ἡ, intempestivitas: an unseasonable time. Acharn. 23. SYN. Ακαιρία.

Αωρίδος. See Αωρός.

Αωρόνυκτος, ου, δ, ἡ, intempesta nocte veniens: coming at an unseasonable part of the night. Choëph. 31. SYN. Μεσώνυκτος.

Αωρός, Αάριος, ου, δ, ἡ, intempestivus, indecorus, negligens: unseasonable, improper, negligent. Α τῆς αάρου διγὰτέρ Hec. 423. See also Arat. Phæn. 1076. SYN. Ακαίρος, ἀεκής, ἀπρεπής, ἀχάρις.

Αωτέω, (1) flores decerpo: to pluck flowers; (2) carpo ut somnum: to enjoy, as sleep. Τὶ πᾶν ὕχον ὕπνῳ αωτέω K. 159. SYN. (1) Ἀπανθίζω, ἀπὸ λαῶν; (2) καθύπνῳ.

Αωτὸν, τό; Αωτός, δ, flos; præstantissimum ejusque rei: a flower; the most excellent of its kind. Nem. 3. 50. See Αωτέω. SYN. Ανωδός; ἐρίων, στέφανός, ἀγαλμά.

## B.

Βάβα, Βαβαῖς, παρὰ! bravo! Τοῖς χοιριδίουσιν ἀρὰ τρώζονται βάβα! Acharn. 806. Ran. 63.

Βάβυλῶν, ὠνός, ἡ, Babylon: the capital of Assyria. Καὶ ἀκοντιστὰς Μυστοὶ Βάβυλῶν δ' Pers. 52. Ep. Πόλυκρυτος, κρᾶνᾷ, ὑπερφιάλδς. PHER. "Ἦν ἀσφάλτω ἐθρῶς Σέμιρᾶμις Theoc. 17. 94.

Βάγμᾳ, ἄτος, τὸ, sermo: talk, rumour. Pers. 642. SYN. Αυδή, θῆρος, φήμη.

Βάδην, pedetentim: step by step, slowly. Τοῦ δὲ βάδην ἀπὸ νῦν N. 516. SYN. Εμῶδον, ηρέμᾳ.

Βάδίζω, f. βάδιζομαι, gradior: to walk, proceed along. Ἰσον βάδιζειν τὸν ἐνιασίον κύκλον Phæn. 554. SYN. Βάλω, βάσκα, κίω, πόρεῖμαι, περίπατεω, ὀδεύω, στείλω. PHER. Διώκω πομπίμους χυδᾶς πῶδων.

Βάδις, ἔως, ἡ, ingressus: walk, gait. Αχ-κύν τι τῇ βάδισει καὶ τῷ τάχει Plut. 334. SYN. Πάροδος, ἡλίσσις, πόρελα, βάδδς.

Βάδιστός, gradiendus: must go. Βάδιστέον γ' αὖ ἐστίν Ran. 656.

Βάδιστής, οὐ, δ, tolutarius, cursor: a walker, runner. Τάχυν βάδιστής τεμνάνων Med. 1179.

Βάδιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, qui veloces habet pedes: nimble. Οὔτος γὰρ μὴ βάδιστικού Ran. 128. SYN. Τάχypous, πύδαρης, πύδᾶς ὠκός.

Βάδδς, ου, δ, gressus: a walk. Τὸν βάδον βάδιζομεν Av. 42. SYN. Βάδις.

Βάζω, σω et ζω, dico: to speak. Ἀνέμωλῖτᾳ βάζεις Δ. 355. SYN. See Αωδᾶω.

Βάθμῖς, ἰδὸς et ἰδός, ἡ; Βάθμῶς, οὐ, δ, gradus, limen, basis: a step, entrance, threshold, the base of a statue. Αἰωνὸς ἀκρᾶν βαθμίδων Pyth. 5. 8, answered by σφακαμὸς αὐτοεισάτων. See also Apoll. 3. 1334. SYN. Βάσις, βήμᾳ, βάθρον, κλίμαξ.

Βάθδς, ἔος, τὸ, profunditas: depth, breadth. Αμφὶ τὰρ τᾶρον βάθ P. 1065. SYN. Βένθος, βυθός, βυσσός.

Βάθρελα, as, ἡ, sedes, asylum: a seat, place of refuge. Aesch. Sup. 861. See below. SYN. Βάθρον.

Βάθρον, ου, τὸ, gradus, fundamentum, basis: a step, the base of a statue, foundation, seat. Πάτρικος ἐστὶς βάθρον Aj. 860. SYN. Βάθμῖς, δέμελιν, ἀγαλμά.

Βάθροῦλος, ου, δ, ἡ, profundus consilii: deeply

wise. Φροντιδὰ κεδνὴν καὶ βάθροῦλον Pers. 147. SYN. Βάθρητης, βάθροῦρον, βάθρινος.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, pinguis soli: having a deep soil, fertile. Φοῖβος καὶ βάθρυϊν Call. 2. 65. SYN. Βάθρυϊς, εὐγυῖς.

Βάθρυις, ου; Βάθρυις, εὐγυῖς, profundus vortices habens: abounding with deep eddies, deeply flowing. Πῶτᾶμος βάθρυις T. 73. Φ. 15.

Βάθρυος, ου, δ, ἡ, celeberrimus: very glorious. Pyth. 1. 128. See above.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, profundum i. e. demissum sinum habens: deep-girdled, long-waisted. Α βάθρυϊν ἄνασσά Περσίδων ὑπερτάτη Pers. 155. See Blomf. Sept. Th. 862. SYN. Βάθρυς, στερνός, βάθρυκος.

Βάθρυς, τρίχος, ου, δ, bene lanatus, villosus: thick-haired, shaggy. Μηδὰ βάθρυϊχὰ βάσκεται ael Hom. Apoll. 412.

Βάθρυς, ἡδς, δ, Bathycles. Εργᾶν' ἔκ-τενεν δὲ βάθρυϊα μέγαθμον Pl. 594.

Βάθρυκος, ου, δ, ἡ, demissum sinum habens: deep-bosomed, long-waisted. Οἰμαὶ σφ' ἐράτων εκ βάθρυκόλων Sept. Th. 862. SYN. See Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυκος, ου, δ, ἡ, altas et profundas ripas habens: having banks steep and rugged. Nem. 9. 95. See below.

Βάθρυκος, ἰδός, δ, ἡ, alta fundamenta habens: having deep foundations, strongly built. Πλωὶ βάθρυκος ἐπ' ευρεῖ Musæ. 229.

Βάθρυκος, ου, δ, ἡ, demissum sinum habens: deep-bosomed, long-waisted. Οἰμαὶ σφ' ἐράτων εκ βάθρυκόλων Sept. Th. 862. SYN. See Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, ferax: having deep corn, fruitful. Εν δ' ἐτίθει τέμενος βάθρυϊν Σ. 550. SYN. Βάθρυς, εὐγυῖς, εὐκαρπὸς, ἐγκαρπός.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, villosus: thick-wooled, fine-fleeced. Pyth. 4. 266. See above. SYN. Βάθρυς, πλὴν ἄλλῃ, λαχρύς, δασυμαλλός.

Βάθρυς, Α.Ο. Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, profundus ingeni: possessing great talent. See above. SYN. Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυς, excavo: to hollow, deepen, dig deep. Εξέρρηξεν ὁδοὺ βάθρυς δὲ Ψ. 421.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, densus arboribus: thickly wooded. Εν βάθρυϊν φθῆρ Bacch. 1136. SYN. Βάθρυς, ἀνθήλδς.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, latam planitiem habens: having a wide plain. Nem. 3. 31. See Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, comam densis cincinnis nexam habens: deep-curl'd. Ησκητὸ βάθρυς Κῶδρεα Apoll. 1. 742.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, prædites: having great wealth, rich. Aesch. Suppl. 557. See above.

Βάθρυς. See Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, profunda fluens: deeply flowing, very deep. Ουδὲ βάθρυϊν μέγα σθένος Φ. 195. Apoll. 2. 797. H. 422.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, altas habens radices: deeply rooted. Πεδόν δὲ βάθρυϊν πῆρ εἶσαν Apoll. 1. 1199.

Βάθρυς, εἰά, ὅ, profundus: deep, full, large. Phæn. 742. See above. SYN. Πόλυθενής, ἀσυνός, τᾶνδς, ὑπερμεγέθης.

Βάθρυς, εἰά, ὅ, ἡ, alte effusus: deeply dug. Η βάθρυς καὶ κῶν Soph. El. 435.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, altam umbram edens: shady. Eis κευθμῶν βάθρυϊν H. in Merc. 229.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, quod alte seritur: deeply sown, deeply furrowed. Καὶ βάθρυϊν Phæn. 657.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, juncosus: thickly set with rushes. Ικοντὸ βάθρυϊν λεχέοιιν Δ. 383.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, mentis profundæ: deep-minded, inscrutable. Nem. 7. 1. See Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, frondosus: broad-leaved. Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, frondosus: broad-leaved. Τὸ πλᾶταν βάθρυϊν Mosch. Id. 5. SYN. Ερίφυλλος, εὐδοσίφυλλος, κῆμης, εὐβλής.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui densam habet caesi-riem: having thick or long hair. Αριστάιος βάθρυϊν Hes. Theog. 977. SYN. Βάθρυς, κάμδς.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, ἡ, altam habens tellurem, fertilis: deep-soiled, fertile. Τὰν βάθρυϊν αἶων Sept. Th. 294., answering to ζωντροῦσι τάρδς. SYN. See Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυς, f. βήσκα, ire facio; gradior: to cause to go, lead, move; go. In the 2d aor. the intransitive meaning of "to go" is always used. Eur. Sup. 739. SYN. Εμῶν, ἐπείσκα, βάδίζω, περίπατεω, πόρεω, στείλω, ἀμυλλᾶμαι ποδῖ.

Βάθρυς, α, ὄν, parvus, modicus: slight, moderate, slightly attended. Πῶτῆρον ἐχῶρει βάθρυς C. R. 750. SYN. Μικρός, σμικρός, τυτθός, βράχης, ηθαῖος.

Βάθρυς, as, Dor., et Βάθρυς, ης, Ion., ἡ, laena consuta ex corio seu pellibus: a coarse covering. Τὰν βάθρυϊν ἀπὸ δὲ Theoc. 3. 25. SYN. Διφθῆρα.

Βάθρυς, as, ἡ; Βάθρυς, ου, Βάθρυς, αἰός, τὸ; Βάθρυς, ου, τὸ, baculus, scipio: a stick, staff, support. Εστὶν ἡ Βάθρυς Acharn. 447. 682. Phæn. 1555. Troad. 278. SYN. Σκίπων, σκῆπων, σκίπων, ῥέδδς, ῥέπᾶδς. Ep. Αμπελῶν, αὐτοφλοῖδς, κισινός, ἡδεῖα.

Βάθρυς, bacchor: to be inspired by Bacchus, to revel, rage. Sept. Th. 494.

Βάθρυς, ου, δ, acclamationis in sacrificiis quæ fiebat in honorem Dionysii: a sacrificial shout in honour of Bacchus. Equit. 407.

Βάθρυς, as, ἡ, bacchatio: a festival of Bacchus, a revel. Choëph. 686.

Βάθρυς, α, ὄν; Βάθρυς, ου, δ, Baccheus: Bacchean, belonging to Bacchus. Bacch. 608. (C. C. 678. SYN. Βάθρυς, Βάθρυς; plur. Βάθρυς, αἰός, τὸ, furor Bacchicus; plur. Bacchanalia: Bacchanalian fury; the orgies of Bacchus. Troad. 369.

Βάθρυς, ου, τὸ; Βάθρυς, εἰός, ἡ, bacchatio: bacchanalian frenzy, revelling. Bacch. 294. 353. SYN. Βάθρυς.

Βάθρυς, Βάθρυς, αἰός, τὸ, Bacchus: to be inspired by Bacchus, to revel, rage. Orest. 405. Cycl. 204. SYN. Βάθρυς, αἰός, τὸ, Bacchi sacerdos: quovis furore bacchanali percita: a priestess of Bacchus; a devotee to Bacchus, a frantic woman. Phæn. 1503. Antig. 1129. SYN. Μανίας. See Theoc. 26. Ep. Αστῶς, Καθμεία, θυρεοφῶρος, ἐκφρων, πᾶρπληξ, νυκτιπόλος, χάρπη, λυσσᾶς, ὀρεσίστατος, δέσποτος, μανίας, μανιάδης, λαφροτία, κέρσφορος.

Βάθρυς, αἰός, τὸ, Corinthi: the Corinthians. Ειστὲν Βάθρυς γένεθρᾳ Apoll. 4. 1212.

Βάθρυς, Βάθρυς, α, ὄν, Bacchicus: of or belonging to Bacchus. Bacch. 995. See Βάθρυς.



**Bátia**, *as, ἡ*, rubetum: a bramble, thicket. Olymp. 6. 90. See **Bátros**.

**Bátroskúptos**, *ou, ὁ*, helluo: fond of thorn-back, a glutton. Pax 811. See below.

**Bátros**, *ἰδός, ἡ*, herbæ nomen; piscis quidam; avis quadam: the name of a herb; a thornback; name of a bird. Οὐδὲ χαίρω **Bátrosin** οὐδ' ἐγγέ-  
λυσιν ἀλλ' ἡδύν *du* Vesp. 510.

**Bátrosrúptos**, *ou, ὁ*, *ἡ*, rubos decerpens: crop-  
ping the shrubs. Ογκηστοῦ **Bátrosrúptē** Hom.  
in Merc. 190.

**Bátros**, *ou, ὁ*, *ἡ*, rubus: a thorn-bush, bramble.  
Νῦν ἰὰ μὲν φόρεϊτέ **Bátros** Theoc. 1. 132.

**Bátroscheín**, *ou, τὸ*, ranunculus, genus herbæ,  
cujus succo inficiebant faciem ante inventas per-  
sonas (vid. Suid. in *v.*): a ranunculus; and  
the juice of a flower with which the actors besmeared  
their faces before the invention of masks. Βαπ-  
τίζμενος **Bátroscheílos** Eq. 520.

**Bátroschis**, *ἰδός, ἡ*, vestis, a ranunculi colore  
dicta: a frog-coloured garment. Λάβων τὴν  
**Bátroschida** Eq. 1406.

**Bátroschis**, *ou, ὁ*, rana: a frog. Κάκ τῶν σί-  
διων **Bátroschis** ἐτοίμει πᾶς δόκεϊ Nub. 881.  
See Ran. 240, and the following verses.

**Battidál**, *ón, οἱ*, Battidae: descendants of  
Battus. Φασιν **Battidán** Pyth. 5. 37.

**Báttrós**, *ou, ὁ*, Battus: the founder of Cyrene  
in Africa. Plut. 925.

**Báttrós**, *f. Báttrós*, baubor, latro: to bark, howl  
over, lament. Ἰσχυεὶ νέον δ' ἀνδρὰ **Báttrós** Pers.  
13. SYN. Ἰσχυεὶ, ὠροῦμαι.

**Bátrḡ**, *ἡς, ἡ*, (1) immersio: immersion; (2)  
tinctura: a dye; (3) color: colour. **Bátrḡ** σιδη-  
ρὸς ὡς ἐθελύθηεν στόμα Aj. 660. SYN. (2)  
**Bátrḡ**; (3) **chrḡmá**.

**Béllala**, *as, ἡ*, hirudo: a leech. Εκ **Béllala**  
πέπκοις Theoc. 2. 56.

**Béllankrúptos**, *ou, ὁ*, *ἡ*, abominandus: abo-  
minable. Es τὸ πᾶν **Béllankrúptos** Eumen.  
52.

**Béllorós**, *du, ὁ*, flagitiosus: abominable, im-  
pure, impudent. Ἀλλ' οὐχὶ νυνὶ γ' ὁ **Béllorós**  
τὸν νοῦν ἔχει Plut. 993. SYN. Ἀνόςιως, ἀσεπ-  
τός, ἀπεικτός, ἀπότηρπός, ἀσελγής, ἀκόλαστός,  
μῦαρος, μοχθηρός.

**Béllúttómiai**, detestor, proprie ob fœtorem:  
to nauseate, abhor. Plut. 700. SYN. Ἀπεύχο-  
μαι, μισέω, μισαττόμαι, πρὸβᾶλλω, ἀποστρέφω-  
μαι.

**Béw**, pedo, fœteo: to break wind, stink.  
Plut. 703.

**Béwllaw**, *i. q. Béw*, tremo; abominor: to  
tremble at; be disgusted with. Equit. 224.

**Béwais**, *du, et, ou, ὁ, ἡ*, firmus, stabilis, con-  
stants: firm, fixed, constant. **Béwais** οὐδὲν  
Helen. 714. **Béwais** is used adverbially. Trach.  
620. SYN. Ἀρήκτος, ἀσφάλης, ἐδραῖος, ἐμπέδως,  
κρίσιος, μόνιμος, στέρεός, πιστός.

**Béwais**, certo: certainly, decidedly. Καὶ σ'  
εἰ **Béwais** Herc. F. 1112.

**Béwrlós**, *ou, ὁ, ἡ*, profanus: profane, not  
initiated. Asch. Sup. 512. SYN. Ἀκάθαρτος,  
μῦαρος, ἀνόσιος.

**Béwrikiá**, *as, ἡ*, Bebrycia: an ancient name  
of Bithynia. Εἰσω **Béwrikiás** Apoll. 2. 136.

**Béwroúwa**, comedo, voro: to eat, devour. Ὡμὸν  
**Béwroúwa** Πριάμον Δ. 35. See **Béwroúwa**.

**Béwroúwa**, *ou, ὁ, ἡ*, lunaticus: one who  
asks bread from the moon, an old dotard.  
Nub. 398. SYN. Ἀρχαῖος, κρονικός, κρονίως.

**Bélemón**, *ou, τὸ*, telum: a dart, shaft.  
Androm. 1125.

**Belléróphontēs**, *ou, ὁ*, Bellerophon: son of  
Glaucus king of Ephrya. Z. 190. Ep. Δαίφρων,  
εσθλός, κράταος. P.H. Αἰδιδάς **Béllélos**.

**Béllontē**, *ἡς, ἡ*, acus; piscis quidam: a needle,  
bodkin; a kind of fish. Batrach. 129. SYN.  
Ῥάφης, πέρονη.

**Béllós**, *ἔος, τὸ*, telum: an arrow, shaft. Phœn.  
896. SYN. Ἄκων, ἀκόντιον, ἀτρακτός, ἰός,  
ἰσιτός, βέλονη. Ep. Ἀλίων, ἀφανρὸν, ἐχέπευκός,  
ἰδόν, κᾶκόν, κατάκαιριόν, κράτερν, κωφόν, οἰζύ,  
πέριπευκός, οἰζύ, ἐπιλοχγόν, κισσίνον, λοχωτόν,  
οἰζυθηκτόν, σιδηρὸν, πτηνόν, ἀντίπρωρον, ἀλῆγει-  
νόν, ἀργαλῆον, αὐνόν, ἀγρίον, βριθύ, ἐκηθλόν,  
πρῆμύον, δερμύον, μῖαφρόν, λαγῆρνον, διζυρόν,  
οἰζυρόν, ὀλόν, πέρων, πικρόν, φιδέρων, χάλε-  
πνόν. P.H. Πτανόν ὀπλόν, πτηνός ὀφίς.

**Bémekízw**, **Bémekízw**, in gymrum ago velut  
turbine: to whirl round like a top. **Bémekí-**  
ζωσιν ἑαυτοὺς Vesp. 1517. Aves 1465.

**Bémekízw**, *ou, οἱ*, Bembineai: a people in Ar-  
golis. Μᾶλιστ' αὖ **Bémekízw** Theoc. 25.  
201.

**Bémekízw**, *ou, ὁ*, turbo: a whipping-top. Θόδ' αὖ  
**Bémekízw** ἔχοντες Call. Ep. 1. 9.

**Bénthos**, *ἔος, τὸ*, poit. pro **Báthos**, profunditas:  
depth, profundity. α. 53. Ep. Ἀλμύρον, ἀλ-  
μύρες, ευρύ.

**Bérétrón**, *ou, τὸ*, Ion., *i. q.* **Bárrétrón**. Χθόνος  
ἐστὶ βέρετρον Θ. 14. SYN. **Báthos**, σκότος, ἀλε-  
θρὸς. Ep. Δεινόν, αὐνόν, ἀρεγγέ, κοῖλον, γλά-  
φρον, δεινόν, ἡρόν, σκότιον, στυγρόν, χθόνιον.  
P.H. **Bénthos** αἰγῶν, νεκρῶν κενθῶν, σκότου  
πύλα.

**Bérénikē**, seu **Bérónikē**, *ἡς, ἡ*, Berenice: the  
name of several women, particularly of the wife  
of Ptolemy Lagos, and mother of Ptolemy Phi-  
ladelphus. Εὐπορίας **Bérénikē** Theoc. 15. 107.  
Ep. Περικλειτῆ, ἀρζήλως, εὐεδής.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, Belus: king of Assyria, father of  
Ninus; father of Ægyptus and Danaüs. Æsch.  
Sup. 314.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, limen domus vel templi: an en-  
trance to a house or temple. Ψ. 202. SYN.  
**Bāthos**, οὐδός. Ep. Λιθός, δευρεσιός.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, gressus; suggestus: a step,  
pace; throne, tribunal. Troad. 344. SYN.  
**Bāthos**, βάσις. Ep. Κοῦφον, κλαυκόν.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, salus: a thicket, corpse, wood-  
lands. OE. C. 673. SYN. Ἀλός, ἀγκός. Ep.  
Εὐανέως, εὐδάλης, γέρα, κάλη, παμπάλειος,  
οἰκίρα, χλιδέρα, ἐρημία, ἀργεννή, κοίλη, τρηχεῖα.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, saluosus: abounding  
with thickets, woody. Hes. Op. 390.

**Bēllós**, indecl., the name of the second letter in  
the alphabet. Eccles. 684.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, saltatio pyrrhica, apta et con-  
cinnata: the pyrrhic dance. Apoll. 1. 1136.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, tussio: to cough. Eccles. 56.

**Bēllós**, *ou, ὁ*, vis, robor: strength, force, vio-  
lence, opposition to. Alcest. 69. See below.

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lence, opposition to. Alcest. 69. See below.

**Biaús**, *du, et, ou, ὁ, ἡ*, violentus: violent.  
Δίκας **Biaús** δόστ' Ion. 448. SYN. Ἰτᾶμος,  
ὀβριμὸς, δεινός, δούρος, ισχυρός, λαδρός.

**Biaús**, violentor: by main force. Ἐλκεῖ  
**Biaús** Ζηνός Heracl. 80. SYN. Βίᾳ, ὑπερβίως,  
δεινώς, ἰτᾶμως, σφοδρᾶ.

**Biaúmai**, *i. q. Biaúmai*, *q. v.* Τὸν γὰρ **Biaúmai**  
Apoll. 4. 1235.

**Bias**, *antós, ὁ*, Bias: the son of Amythaon.  
Κρεῖοντ' αὖ **Biaús** τ' Δ. 296.

**Biaústēs**, *du, cui resisti debet*: must struggle  
against. Οὐ τυχὼν **Biaústēs** Rhes. 583.

**Biaús**, fortis: vehementes: brave, vigorous,  
violent. Pyth. 1. 16. A long, as in *Isatḡr*.

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deutēs (Hipp. 11.): a senator. Androm. 446. SYN. Βουλευόν, δικαστήριον, πρυτάνειον, ἐπιτήρις, ἀγυρά, σύνδρος, ἐρίμια χάρας, πόλεως σωτήριον.

Βουλευτής, οὗ, ὁ, consiliarius: a senator. Theom. 808. SYN. Βουλευφόρος.

Βουλευτικός, οὗ, τὸ, locus in theatro senatoribus positus: the seats in the theatre appropriated to the senators. Γυναῖκος ἐν Βουλευτικῇ Av. 794.

Βουλευτός, ὅς, ὁ, decretus: decreed. Call. 5. 38.

Βουλεύω, (1) senator sum, delibero: to act as a senator, to deliberate; (2) molior: to contrive. Med. 37. SYN. (1) Πρύτανεῖω, συμβουλεύω; (2) ἐπισβουλεύω, μηχανώμαι.

Βουλῆ, ἥς, ἡ, voluntas, consilium; concilium: will, counsel, deliberation; a senate, council. Plut. 949. SYN. Συμβουλή, γνώμη, μήδης, μήτις, ἀγυρά, σύνδρος. Ερ. Ἀρίστη, κάκη, ἐπίφρων, αστεμφής, ἐσθλή, νικηρδής, νημερτής, πικινή, πικινύφρων, ἡ νικῶσα, καίρια, πικρά, δόλια, ἀδικός, ἀλεξικάκος, εὐφρων, κρυπαῖα, πόλυτροπος, ἐλὼ, στήγερ, σάφρων, τριχέα.

Βουλῆσις, ἑως, ἡ, voluntas: will, wish, design. Herc. F. 1296. SYN. Γνώμη, ἐέλδωρ, ἔλμημα, ἔλμησις, λήμα, σκόπις.

Βουλευφόρος, οὗ, ὁ, consiliarius: a counsellor. E. 180. SYN. Βουλευτής. Ερ. Εσθλός, Πην. Οὐ χρὴ παννυχίον εὖδειν Βουλευφόρον ἄνδρα.

Βουλμιά, fame ingenti premor: to be excessively hungry. Δῆλον ὅτι βουλμιά Plut. 874. SYN. Λιμᾶσθαι, πεινάω.

Βούλιος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, ad consilium pertinens: deliberating. Chocph. 670.

Βούλιμα, f. βουλήσθαι, volo: to wish, prefer. Phoen. 913. SYN. Βάλλω (Hom.), ἔλω, ἐθέλω, προθυμώμαι, μέναινω, χρῆζω.

Βουλμάχος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, pugnandi avidus: wishing to fight. Pax 1291.

Βουλνός, οὗ, ὁ, vespera: the time for un-yoking oxen, evening, the setting sun. Μένειν-στέν Βουλνόνδε ι. 58.

Βούνις, βουνίτις, ἰδός, ἡ, terra colibus frequens: hilly land. Occurs in Aesch. Sup. 116. Schütz reads βουνίς for βουνίτις in 779; and adds, "Vulgo lū γὰ βουνίτι, invito metro. Βούνις Pauwius commendavit probante Heathio."

Βουννός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, bobus depascendis aptus: grazing herds. E. R. 26.

Βούπαις, αἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, qui jam grandi est pueritia; ep. apiculation qui e bobus nasci putabantur, sicut vespæ ex equis (vid. Virg. Georg. lib. 4. sub fin.): a great boy, lubber; a sort of bee supposed to come out of oxen. Vesp. 1206. SYN. Νέος, ἥλεξ.

Βούπαλός, οὗ, ὁ, Bupalus: a man whom Hipp-nax has abused in his poems. (Vid. Horat. Epod. 6. 14.) Ἐκοψεν ὥσπερ Βούπαλον Ly-sistr. 360.

Βουπέλατης, οὗ, ὁ, bubulcus: a herdsman. See Βουκόλος. Βουπέλαται τέ βόων Apoll. 4. 1342.

Βουπλήξ, ἡγός, ἡ, bovis stimulus: an ox-goad. Z. 135. SYN. Μαστίξ, κέντρον.

Βουπρός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, boves trajiciens: a city-piercing. Androm. 1135.

Βουπράσιον, οὗ, τὸ, Buprasium: a city in Elis. "Οφρ' ἐπὶ Βουπράσιον A. 755. Ερ. Πό-λεῦτρον.

Βούπρωτος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, quod bovem vel caput

bovinum in prora habet: having the figure of an ox on the prow. Trach. 13. α

Βοῦς, βόδς, ὁ, ἡ, bos, taurus, vacca; bovina pellis; flagellum e corio bubulo; scutum; piscis quidam; numisma Atticum bovis imagine signatum; repetundæ: an ox, bull, cow; a bullock's skin; a scourge of neat's leather; a shield; a sort of fish; an Attic coin with the impress of an ox; a bribe. Agam. 36. Ερ. Ἀγέλαῖος, ἀμυγδός, ευρυμέτωπος, ἡνις, μέγας, πεντάετηρος, πίων, πίων δημῷ, στείρα, ειλίπους, ἐλιξ, ἐρίμυκος, ἡ κεστός, ὑποβρυχίος, ἄγρηνος, ἔγκρατος, ορθο-κραιρός, ευπολήτος, ευηλός, ἄγνος, κέρδφορος, ἀργός, κέρδς, ὀλυφορδός, ἡς ἐργάτης, ὀρθήρ.

Βουστάβιν, οὗ, τὸ, βοῦσταβός, οὗ, ὁ, bubile: a station for oxen, stable, cow-house. Ἐλένην πρὸς ἴδης Βουστάβιν ἐκόντων λαδών Iph. T. 76. Hel. 359.

Βουστάβιν, boves mactio: to sacrifice oxen. Βουστάβιν ὀπλίζετο Eur. El. 627.

Βούτης, οὗ, ἐ, α, Dor. ὁ, bubulcus: a herdsman, cowherd. Βούτης is also used adjectively. P. V. 569.

Βούτμωλός, οὗ, τὸ, genus plantæ palustris: a bur-reed. Theoc. 13. 35.

Βουτπός, οὗ, ὁ, qui boves mactat: a slayer of oxen. Τὸν δ' ὄγέ Βουτπός ὥστερ' Apoll. 4. 468.

Βουφνέω, boves mactio: to sacrifice oxen. H. 466. SYN. Βουστάβιν, βουτπός.

Βουφνία, ὡν, τὸ, festus dies apud Athenienses: a festival at Athens, where an ox was sacrificed. Nub. 985.

Βουφνός, οὗ, ὁ, qui boves mactat: a slayer of oxen. H. in Merc. 436. SYN. Βουτπός.

Βουφορβέω, boves pasco: to feed or tend oxen. Alcest. 8.

Βουφορβία, ὡν, τὰ, armenta: herds. Iph. T. 302.

Βουφορβός, οὗ, ὁ, bubulcus: a herdsman. Iph. T. 264.

Βώπις, ἰδός, ἡ, magnos vel pulchros oculos habens: full-eyed, fine-eyed. A. 551.

Βώπτεω, boves ago, aro: to drive oxen, plough. Hes. Op. 389.

Βώπτης, οὗ, ὁ, bubulcus; nomen sideris: a herdsman; the name of a constellation. Anacr. 3. 3. SYN. Αρκτοφύλαξ.

Βράδεια, ας, ἡ, dijudicatio: decision, terms of reconciliation. Κοινὰς βράδειας αἰς Phoen. 460.

Βράδεις, ἑως, ὁ, judex certaminis; arbiter: an umpire, judge. Ὡς ἐγὼ βράδεις λόγων Med. 276. SYN. Ἐπιστάτης, ἀγωνάρχης, βαδδοῦχος.

Βράδένω, præmium do certaminis; certaminis sum arbiter; modero, gubernio, dijudico; tribuo: to give a prize; to be an umpire; to preside, direct, decide; to dispense. Εν σοὶ βράδενει Helen. 1002. SYN. Ἀγωνοθέτης, διάνεμα, ἰθύνω.

Βράδηνός, οὗ, τὸ, prunum Damascenum: a damson. "Ορπακες βράδηνός Theoc. 7. 146.

Βράγχια, ὡν, τὰ, branchie: the gills of a fish. Ἀ μήτηρ βράγχι' ἐχοντα Theoc. 11. 54.

Βράδυνος, cunctor: to delay. Σὺ τοι βράδυνος κοῦκ ἐγὼ Heracl. 733. SYN. Διήννω, μέλλω, διατρέφω, ὀκνέω.

Βράδυνος, ὁδός, ὁ, ἡ, tardigradus: slow-footed. Διέτρεδμένα σπεῖνω βράδυνος Hec. 62.

Βράδύς, αἰ, ὁ, tardus: slow, sluggish. Κὰν βράδύς τίς ἢ λέγειν Herc. F. 237. SYN. Με-λητής, ναχέλης, σχάλας, χροῖός.

Βράδύτης, ἡτός, ἡ, tarditas: slowness, delay.

Βράδύτης ὑπερ κλάμῃς ὑπάρξει Antig. 932. SYN. Αργία, ναχέλια.

Βράκεις, ὡν, τὰ, genus tenuis vestitus mulieris: a thin female dress. Πολλὰ δ' οἷα γυναικες φόρειον ὑδάντιν βράκην (choriambic pentam.) Theoc. 28. 11.

Βράσσω, ferveo, bullio: to boil, bubble violently. Apoll. 2. 323.

Βράσσων, segnior: slower. K. 226.

Βραυρών, ὡνός, ἡ, Brauron: a town in Attica, famous for a temple of Diana (whence the goddess is called Βραυρωνία Iph. T. 1464.). Pax 874.

Βράχιον, ὡνός, ὁ, brachium, lacertus: the arm from the shoulder to the elbow. Θώρακὰ καὶ βράχιονα Herc. F. 1086. SYN. Ωλένη. Ερ. Αταρτήρος, ἀνικτήτος, ἀπειρής, κρᾶτερός, σθένος.

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Βρίθεις, εἰς, ὁ, gravis: heavy. Βρίθι μεγα στίβαν E. 746. SYN. Βάρος, δεινός, στέρος.

Βρίθω, aor. ἔβρισά, gravis sum, prævaleo: to be heavy, to be laden, to prevail, excel. Ὁλεσε δὲ βρίθειν Troad. 218. SYN. Βάρυνω, δυσχε-ραίνω, χυλῆταινω.

Βριμάμαι, frendeo, irascor: to gnash the teeth with rage, to be enraged. "Ὡστ' ἐνὶ βριμῆσιν Equit. 851. SYN. Βρέμω, ἀπειλῶ, οργίζομαι, βρενθόμαι, θυμώδωμαι.

Βρίμη, ἡς, ἡ, robor, potentia: terrific power, such as is exhibited by magic. Μηδείης βρίμη πόλυφαρμάκου Apoll. 4. 1677. SYN. Αλκή, ισχύς.

Βριμώ, ὁδός, ἡ, Hecate. See Πεσοῦδων. Βριμώ νυκτεπύλον χυθύνειν Apoll. 3. 862.

Βρισάριος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, currum onerans: load- ing a carriage, epith. of Mars. Βρισάριος χροστέπληξ Hom. 7. 1.

Βρισηίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Briseis: the daughter of Bri- seus. Ἄγω Βρισηίδα καλλιπάρηον A. 184. Ερ. Ηέκμωδς, ευπλόκμωδς, κοῦρη, ἱκέλη Ἀφροδίτη, καλλιπάρηος, ευκλῆ δέφρονι.

Βριτόμαρτις, ἰδός, ἡ, Britomartis: the name of a nymph. Ἑλλάδων Βριτόμαρτιν εὐκατόπων Call. 3. 190.

Βρόμω, fremo: to roar, hum, buzz. Π. 642. SYN. Βρέμω, βριμάμαι, ηχέω.

Βρόμιος, οὗ, ὁ, cognomen Bacchi: a name of Bacchus. See Βάκχος. Phoen. 797.

Βρόμιος, οὗ, ὁ, fremitus: a roar, crash, bellow- ing. Hipp. 1197. SYN. Βρυχή, βρύχημα, ἦχος, ὄρυμαγδός.

Βροντᾶω, tono: to thunder. Acharn. 531.

Βροντή, ἥς, ἡ; Βρόντημα, ἄνδς, τὸ, tonitru: thunder. P. V. 959. 1027. Ερ. Αμφοτέρως, βάρδουπος, σπώνεσος, δεινῇ, δαίω, πτέρωτος.

Πην. Βάρδουπος ἡγῶ, διαπρσίσις ὀτθός, βρύχια δ' ἡγῶ πᾶραμυκάται βροντῆς. (See P. V. 1118.)

Βροντησικέρανος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, tonans et fulmi- nans: shooting forth thunder and lightning. Νέφελα βροντησικέρανοι Nub. 264.

Βρότειος, Βρότεις, Βρότῆσις, α, ὡν, mortalis: mortal. Androm. 1244. I. 545. Iph. A. 1084.

Βρότεις, εσῶς, ἐν, cruore respersus: blood- stained. E. 509. SYN. Αἰμοδαφής, ἡμακμένος, αἰματώδης, αἰμώρραντος.

Βρότοκτόνέω, hominem interficio: to slay a mortal, murder. Βρότοκτόνουτας εκ δῶμων Eumen. 424.

Βρότολογός, οὗ, ὁ, homicida: man-destroying, a homicide. E. 31.

Βρότος (Βρότος), οὗ, ὁ, cruor: blood, gore. H. 425. SYN. Αἷμα, λυθρόν, ιχώρ. Ερ. Μελᾶς.

Βρότος, οὗ, ὁ, mortalis: mortal, a mortal. Alcest. 798. SYN. Θνητός, ἀνὴρ, ἀνθρώπος. Ερ. Ἀνήμερος, ἀσθένης, ἀδρανής, ἀλῶς, δολοφρων, διέρος, δειλός, δυσμένης, κάκοῦρος, δυστόχης, σκαῖος, ἀθλός, πδλῆπνός, τάλαιπαυρός, φίλος, δόστηρος, πόνηρος, τάλας, ἐπιχθινός, ποικιλό-μητις. See Ἀνθρώπος.

Βρότοσκός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, homines observans: men-observing, vigilant. Οὐτὲ γὰρ βρότοσκῶν Eumen. 503.

Βρότοσύγης, εἰς, ὁ, ἡ, invidus hominibus: men-hating, hostile to men. Γοργῶνες βρότο-σύγεις P. V. 824.

Βρότοφθόρος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, homines perdens: man-destroying. Βρότοφθόρος κηλίδας Eumen. 808.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.

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Βρότω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἰμάσσω.







Pers. 176. For the quantity of the penult. of γηραῖος, see Γήραος.

Γήρας, ἄτος, Ion. ἄς, ως, τὸ, senectus: old age. Τὸ γήρας οὐκ αἰσχύνεται Bacch. 200. Ep. Δεῖλαιον, οὐ σάφον, πένειμν, βάρυ, ἀναδελος πλῆων, πόλιν, δυσπάλαιστον, αἰπὸν, δύσκολον, βαρύτερον Αἴγας σκόπελον, λυγρὸν, φόνιν, πικρὸν, δυσάνιμν, λιπαρὸν, στῆγερν, ὁμοῖον, ὁλοῖον, χαλεπὸν, ὠμὸν. P. 111. Λευκανὲς κἄρα, γήρας ἀφίλον, ἰνὰ πάντα κἄκα κἄκων κίρει.

Γήρασκω, Γήραω, See Γηραίνω.  
Γηρόδωσκω, Γηρόδωμαι, ἦσω, in senectute alo: to maintain when old. Alcest. 679. Call. Ep. 43.

Γηρόδωσκός, Γηρόδωμός, Γηρόδωφός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui aliquem in senectute alit: one who supports another in old age. Eur. Sup. 933. Iles. Theog. 606. Alcest. 684.

Γηρόδωμος, See Γηρόδωσκω.  
Γηρόδωμός, See Γηρόδωσκός.

Γηρόδωφός, See Γηρόδωσκός.

Γήρυμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, sonus: a sound. Ἐπέρ-  
τουν γήρυμᾶ Eumen. 566.

Γηρύνευς, ἔως, Γηρύνης, ου, Γηρύων, ὄντος, δ, Geryon. Τρίκλῳρον Γηρύονη Hes. Theog. 287. Acharn. 1081. Agam. 843. Ep. Ακαμάτης, ἀγίγνωρ, τριώματός.

Γήρυς, ὄντος, δ, vox: a voice, sound, speech. Γήρυς ἀφίλογον σχάσας Phoen. 974. Syn. Audh, φωνή, γήρυμᾶ, φθόγγος. Ep. Ορφέας, πάλυχορδός, πικρά, σόφῃ, δακρυόεσσα, κραυγῇ, αλγινέεσσα.

Γήρυς, ὄντος, δ, sonus: to speak loud, speak. Φεῦ φεῦ δεινὸν τόδ' ἔγρησώ E. El. 1325. Syn. Audas, ηχέω, αἰδω.

Γηρύων, See Γηρύνευς.

Γήτειον, ου, τὸ, genus cape: a kind of leek. Equit. 674. See Brunck. Ran. 622. Syn. Κρόμιον.

Γήτης, ου, contr. pro Γήτης, δ, rusticus: a rustic. See Γεωμώρος. Trach. 32.

Γιγαντοκτόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui gigantes interficit: giant-killing. Herc. F. 1185. See below.

Γιγάρτων, ου, τὸ, granum acini: the stone or refuse of the grape. Ἄνεθ' γιγάρτων καὶ φίλων τὰς ισχάδας Pax 633.

Γίγας, ἄντος, δ, gigas: earth-born, a giant. Ἀγρία φύλα γιγάντων η. 205. Ep. Γηγένης, γηγένετης, φόνιος, ὑπέρθυμος, ἀτάσθαλός, ἀπειρής, ἀδικός, ἀπελεθρός, κράτερός, ηλιζεύς, ὑψαύχην, ὕβριστής, ἀγρίος. See Apoll. 1. 942. Theoc. 22. 44. Hes. Theog. 185.

Γιγνώμαι, Γινώμαι, gignor, nascor, fio, sum: to be produced, be born, become, be. Androm. 682. Στόμα γινέτ' ὀδόντων K. 375. Syn. Γεῖνῳμαι, γεννῶμαι, φῶ, εἰμί, τίκεται, τηλέθω, τέλλω, καθίσταμαι, πέλλω, ὑπάρχω.

Γιγνώσκω, Γινώσκω, γινώσκω, ἐγνώκα, nosco: to know, perceive, learn, decree. Hipp. 382. See Διγνώσκω. Syn. Διγνώσκω, ἐπιγνώσκω, κρίνω, αισθάνωμαι, σινίημι.

Γινώμαι, Γινώσκω. See Γινώσκω.

Γλάγυς, ἔδος, τὸ, lac: milk. Ὅτε τε γλάγυς ἀγγεῖα δεύει Π. 643.

Γλακτοφάγος, ου, δ, ἡ, lacte vescens: living on milk, simple. Γλακτοφάγων ἄστων τὴ Ν. 6.

Γλάμων, ὄντος, δ, ἡ, lippus: bleary-eyed. Κά-  
ρχημος ὁ γλάμων Ran. 586.

Γλαυκή, ης, ἡ, Glaucē: a sea-nymph. Σ. 39.

Γλαυκῖα, glaucis oculis terribiliter intueor: to look fiercely. Γλαυκῖον δ' ἰούς T. 172.

Γλαυκός, ἡ, ὄν, caeruleus, caesus: grey, sea-green. Helen. 1500. Syn. Κωάνος, χαρσνός.

Γλαυκός, ου, δ, Glaucus: (1) a sea-god; (2) also a leader of the Lycians. M. 310. Orest. 364. Ep. (2) Αντιθέος, εὐμειλῆς, κράτερός, μέγαλῆτωρ. P. 111. Ἰπποδύχοι φαιδύμος υἱός.

Γλαυκῶψ, ὄντος, δ; Γλαυκῶπις, ἴδως, ἡ, glaucos oculos habens: having cerulean, bright piercing eyes. Olymp. 6. 76. See B. 166.

Γλαυζ, αὐκός, ἡ, ulula, noctua: an owl. Av. 1106. Ep. Νυκτερία.

Γλαφῶ, ἔδος, τὸ, antrum; a den. Καὶ γλαφῶ πετρήεν Hes. Op. 531. Syn. Ἀντρὸν, σπέος, σπέος.

Γλαφύρος, ἡ, ὄν, cavus; laevis; scitus, elegans: hollow; smooth; elegant, clever. Πέτρης ἐκ γλαφύρος B. 88. Syn. Κοῖλος, βάθυσ, ἥδης, σόφος, ἀκριβής, εκπρέπης, ἐπιδέξιος.

Γλάφω, ψω, cavo; sculpo: to hollow out; engrave. Οὐρὴ μαστίζων ποσσὶ γλάφει Hes. Scut. 431. Syn. Γλάφω, βάθινω, δρύσσω, σκάπτω.

Γλήνη, ης, ἡ, pupilla oculi: the pupil of the eye. A. 390. Syn. Κόρη, οφθαλμός, δέμας, βλέμμα.

Γλήνός, ἔδος, τὸ, deliciæ: any thing charming or delightful. G. 192.

Γλήχων, ὄντος, ἡ, pulegium: penny-royal. Theoc. 5. 66.

Γλισχραντίλδογεῖς ἐπὶ τριπτόν, ου, δ, qui odiosus est quod ob res nauci perniciat obliquiter: hateful for maintaining paltzy disputes, litigious. Οὐδ' ἐλκόμενος περὶ παραγμάτιον γλισχραντίλδογεῖς ἐπὶ τριπτόν Nub. 1004.

Γλισχρός, α, ὄν, viscosus; jejunos; sordidus: viscous; hungry; mean, sordid. Ach. 452.

Γλίσχρων, ὄντος, δ, ἡ, qui aliquod discipit, infelix: a wretched beggar. Pax 192.

Γλοῖος, α, ὄν, lubricus, sordidus, malignus: smooth, sordid, malicious. Γλοῖος ἀλάζων Nub. 448.

Γλουτός, οὔ, δ, nates, clunes: a buttock. Θ. 340.

Γλυκέρως, α, ὄν; Γλυκὺς, εἶς, ὅ, dulcis: sweet, balmy, refreshing. Γλυκέρων βλάστημ' ἐσθρῶ μέλεττ Med. 1095. Cycl. 556. Syn. Ἡδύς, μέλιπδός, ἡδύμος.

Γλυκύθυμος, ου, δ, ἡ, placidi ac mitis animi: sweet-minded, placid. Nub. 706. See below, and Θυμός.

Γλυκύκαρπος, ου, δ, ἡ, dulces fructus ferens: bearing sweet fruit. Theoc. 11. 46. See below.

Γλυκύμελιχός, ου, δ, ἡ, dulciter mitis: sweetly soothing. Βλέφαρ γλυκύμελιχέ Hom. V. 19.

Γλυκύμηλον, ου, τὸ, malum praedole: a sweet apple. En δὲ κάλα γλυκύμαλά Call. Cer. 19.

Γλυκὺς. See Γλυκέρως.

Γλυκύφωνος, dulce loquor: to speak sweetly. Ὡς γλυκύφωνεῖ Theoc. 15. 145.

Γλύκων, ὄντος, δ, simplex, fatuus: stupid, foolish. Ταῦτ' ἦν ὡ γλύκων Ecceles. 985.

Γλυφάνων, ου, τὸ, scalprum, caelum: a graver. Ἐπὶ γλυφάνοιο ποτόροδον Theoc. 1. 28.

Γλυφίς, ἴδως, ἡ, crena; sagitta: the notch in an arrow, by which it is fitted to the bow-string; an arrow. Τόων πτερωτὰς γλυφιδὰς εξορμώ-  
μενας Orest. 268.

Γλῶφω, ψω, scalpo, sculpo: to scratch, en-  
grave. Ἐλαττέν ἐνδὸν οἰκίαν ναῦς τ' ἐγλύφειν Nub. 879. Syn. Εἶω, ξῶ, γλάφω, χαράσσω, ἐγκόπτω.

Γλῶσσά, Att. Γλῶττᾶ, ης, ἡ, lingua: a tongue, language. Γλῶσσᾶν αἰσχίστην νόστον Orest. 10.

Ep. Αθάπεντος, ἀγγέλλος λῶγων, σόφῃ, διππύχως, ἐντῆχως, ἴδια, κάκῃ, μέσῃ, πρῶμῃ, ἀχάλως, εὐφημῶς, ευκείαδός, ἐλευθέρωτόμους, ἡδύλῳδός, δότῃ, λάλός, λίγεία, μαφιδίος, μάργῃ, μιάρῃ, μά-  
ταῖα, μέγαλαυχής, οὐλομένη, πόλυδαδάλος, κερ-  
τῶμους.

Γλωσσαλγία, ας, ἡ, lingua prurigo: vexatious-  
ness of tongue. Ὡ γυναι γλωσσαλγίαν Med. 525.

Γλωττοποιέω, verba nova et inusitata profero: to utter strange words; or, according to Sanxay, to make the tongues of musical instruments. Brunck renders the word by "patro lingua."

Γλωττοποιεῖν εἰς τὰ πορεύει εἰσιόνθ' ἐκαστότε Vesp. 1283.

Γλωττοστρόφῳ, versute dicere: to speak craftily, to be a pettifogger. Μὴ μάθων γλωτ-  
τοστρόφῳ Nub. 790. Syn. Λάβροστομέω, στω-  
μύλλω, φλίσταω, ληρέω.

Γλωχιν, ἴνως, ἡ, cuspis teli; extremum lorum: the tongue or point of an arrow or spear; the extremity of the thong with which animals are yoked together. Γλωχινὰ δ' ἐκαμψαν Ω. 274.

Syn. Ακακή. Ep. Αρράγης, μαρμάρεια.

Γνώμους, οὔ, δ; Γνώμους, ου, ἡ, maxilla: a jaw, jaw-bone, cheek. Τὸν βάλ' ὑπὸ γναθμοῦ Ν. 671.

Τὸ μαργιν σὺς γνάθον Cycl. 310. Syn. Γένους, σιάων, γαμφίκαλ, πᾶρις. Ep. Αργίδους, δεξι-  
τέρως, λαφίρᾳ, ἀνδρῶρος.

Γναμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, incurvus, tortilis: bent, crooked, curved. Σ. 401. Syn. Αγκυλός, στρε-  
πτός, εὐστρεπτός, ευκαμπής.

Γνάμπτω, flecto: to bend. Ψ. 731. Syn. Κάμπτω, ἐπικάμπτω, κυρτός, ἀναστρέφω.

Γνάφεις, ἔως, δ, fullo: a fuller. Τῷ γνάφει τριώβολον Vesp. 1123. Syn. Κνῶφεις, πλυνεύς.

Γνήσιος, α, ὄν, legitime genitus, legitimus, genu-  
inus: lawfully born, legitimate, genuine. Καὶ γνήσιον ἄμω Α. 102. Syn. Νόμιμος, ὁμοπά-  
τρις, ὁμογένης.

Γνησίως, vere: really, truly. Γνησίως ἐλευ-  
θέρω Alcest. 680.

Γνόφωδης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, caliginosus: darksome. Πέμψει γνόφωδῃ τ' Troad. 79.

Γνώμᾳ, ἄτος, τό; Γνώμη, ης, ἡ, consilium, ratio, sententia, mens: counsel, reason, sentiment, opinion. Trach. 593. Hec. 124. Syn. Βουλῇ, δῖανόα, νοῦς, νόημα, νήσις, ζήτημα, φρονήμα.

Ep. Ἀτάρετῶν, εὐσεβές, ἐμπεδόν, ἰθὺ, δύσφορὸν. P. 111. Γνώμης ὀδός, φροντίδος πλῆναι.

Γνωμίδιον, ου, τὸ, sententia, a little sentiment or conceit. Καὶ γνωμίδιαν γνώμην νύξας Nub. 320.

Γνωμῶντιπῶ, sententias acutas cudo: to frame or coin maxims. Καὶ γνωμῶντιπῆ κατὰ νόμους Thesm. 60.

Γνωμῶντιπικός, ἡ, ὄν, acutas sententias effin-  
gens: a coiner of maxims. Καὶ γνωμῶντιπικός καὶ σάφης καὶ κρουστικός Eq. 1376.

Γνωμῶντιπός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sententias procudit: hammering out fine sentences. Nub. 950. See above.

Γνωρίζω, noscito: to know, ascertain. E. R. 538. Syn. Γινώσκω, δοκίμζω, ἀνακρίνω, ἰσ-  
τῶρω.

Γνώριμος, (2) Γνωστός, (3) Γνωτός, ἡ, ὄν, notus, (3) consanguineus, frater: known, ac-  
quainted, allied to; a brother. Ἡ καὶ γνώριμος ἄλλος π. 8. E. R. 391. 396. Elmsley, on E.

Pros. Lex.

R. 361., thinks the Attic was γοργός, from the proper names Diognotus, Polygnotus. Syn. Ουκείος, ἐνδοξός, φίλος, φάνερός, συγγενής, θμαι-  
μός, ἀελεφός.

Γνωσίμαχέω, fluctuo animo: to be doubtful in mind. Χρή γνωσίμαχέιν σὴν ἡλικίαν Hercl. 706.

Γνωστός, Γνωτός. See Γνώριμος.

Γῶα, γόησω, α. 1. ἐγώσω, inf. poēt. γόη-  
μένα, α. 2. ἐγῶν, lugeo: to express wo, to lament. Γόημεναι ἐν μέγαροις Ζ. 500. E. 502.

CE. R. 1249. Syn. Θρηνέω, δούρῳμαι, πενθεῶ, ἀνακύνω, κλαίω, θρῶω, κινύρῳμαι, μύρῳμαι, αἰδῶ, οἰμῶζω, ὀδυρίζω, ἀχέω, ἐλεῖζω, τηδεμα  
γῶος, ἀχέω, κυκωτοῖς ἐπαρθίζω.

Γογγύλη, ης, ἡ, rapum rotundum; maza ro-  
tunda: a turnip; a round cake. Γογγύλην μέ-  
μαγμένην Pax 28.

Γόδνός, ἡ, ὄν, Γόδρος, α, ὄν, lugubris: woful, mournful. Γόδνᾳ δ' ἀνθήμεζομαι E. Sup. 71.

Hec. 84. Syn. Δύσστηνος, πάλυδακρὺς, λυπηρὸς, πέρλιπτος, ἀλέγεινός, θρηνώδης, αἰσθηρῶνός, πέν-  
θιμός, πεινθίρως, βαρύτερως, πάλυστονός, ἀνι-  
αρός, οὐκτρός.

Γόερός. See Γόδνός.

Γόης, ητός, δ, praestigator: an enchanter, de-  
ceiver. Hipp. 1038. Syn. Ἀγέρτης, κόλας, πλάνος.

Γόμους, ου, δ, onus navis, merces: freight of a ship. Aesch. Sup. 439.

Γόμφιος, ου, δ, dens molaris: a jaw-tooth, grinder. Γόμφιον μόνον φέρει Plut. 1060.

Γομφιδέτης, ου, δ, ἡ, clavis firmatus: firmly bound, wedged. Aesch. Sup. 853.

Γομφόπαγῃς, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, clavis firmatus; accu-  
ratus, exquisitus: firmly wedged; accurate. Ῥήματα γομφόπαγῃ Ran. 823. Syn. Πηκτός, εὐπηκτός.

Γόμους, ου, δ, clavus; cuneus: a nail; wedge. E. 248. Syn. Σφήν, ἥλδς, δεσμός, ἀρβῶν. E. R. Κράτερός, δῶδς.

Γομφῶω, clavis compingo: to fasten with nails. Eq. 463. Syn. Σφήνω, πήγνυμι, συμμήγνυμι, συνάπτω, συναρμῶω, πρόσαρμῶω, κάταρτιζω.

Γόνεος, ἔως, δ, parens: a parent. Eur. Electr. 257. Syn. Γενήτωρ, γένετης, τῶκεος, πάτηρ, φιλύς.

Γόνῃ, ης, ἡ; Γόνος, ου, δ, partus, genitura, so-  
boles: parturition, birth, offspring. Theoc. 17. 44. N. 449. Syn. Γένεσις, σπέρδος, βλάστημα.

Ep. Θάλερᾳ, ης, ἡ, ἰμερόεσσα, γλυκίκα, τηλότητη, διππύχως, αἰθρῶς, χροσέα, πικρά.

Γόνος, ου, δ. See Γόνῃ.

Γόνυ, g. γόνυτος et γονύς, τὸ, pl. γοῦνᾶ, γοῦνᾶτά, γόνᾶτά, genu: a knee. a. 267. Ep. Ακαμπές, αγκυλόν, δοῦλον, δῶδν, ἐλαφρόν, ἰκτέτι-  
σίον, λαφίρῳν, σφάλερον, χλωρόν, ψυχρόν.

Γόνυπέτης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, ad genua cadens: knee-  
bending, kneeling. Phoen. 302. See above.

Γῶς, ου, δ, lamentatio: lamentation, wo. Med. 58. Syn. Θρήνός, κυκωτός, πένθος, ὀδυ-  
ρῶς, ἀδινός, ἀλίστος, ἀσχετός, ἀλκῶς, ἀπει-  
ρίτος, ἀρήγτος, δακρυόεις, δαδέρως, ἰμερόεις, κρύερος, δίκυρος, οἰετόνός, οἰς, πάλυδακρυός, λευγαλῶς, χαλέπος. P. 111. Γῶων πικρὸν νῆφος, οἰετόνων φῶων θρήνων, χειρὸν ληκτοῦ δούτου, ἀμύμητᾳ χαίτης.

Γόργεος, α, ὄν, Gorgoneus: of or belonging to the Gorgon. Γοργεῖν κέφαλή E. 741.

Γοργάλεφα, ης, ἡ, caput Gorgonis in cono  
II



galeae gestans, epith. Minervæ: Gorgon-crested. Ἡ Γοργόλδρα ὁ ἐκείνῃ τουτοῦ φάγειν Equit. 1181.

Γοργονῶτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, caput Gorgonis in tergo pictum habens: having a Gorgon's head on the back. Acharn. 1124.

Γοργόφονη, ης, ἡ, Gorgonis interfetrix: the murderess of the Gorgon. Ion 1478.

Γοργύθιον, ὠνός, ὁ, Gorgythion: one of the sons of Priam. Ἀμύμονά Γοργύθιον Θ. 302.

Γοργῶ, ὄδς, οὗς, Γοργῶν, ὄνός, ἡ, una filiarum Phorci et Cetus; Medusa, vel Stheno, vel Euryale: a Gorgon. A. 36. Ep. Ἀναίδης, ἀνδρόφονος, κάρπτομος, δράσειά, Περγης, δράκοντο-μαλλός, βροτοστύλης, κἀτάπτερος, λυγρὰ πᾶ-θοῦσά.

Γοργῶπις, ἰδός, ἡ; Γοργῶψ, ὠπός, Γοργωπός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aspectu horrenda: Gorgon-eyed, terrible-looking. Γοργῶπις ἀδάμαστος δὲδ Αἴ. 450. P. V. 356. Orest. 255.

Γόρτυν, υνός, ἡ, urbs clarissima Cretæ: a famous city in Crete. Γόρτυνὰ τέ τειχίεσσαν B. 646.

Γονάδουμαι, Γουνόδουμαι, genua amplexens oro: to embrace the knees, supplicate. A. 427. A. 29. Syn. Προσπίπτω, προσπίνυν, ἱκετεύω, παρὰ-κλῶ, γούναυ ἀπτόμαι, γούνα λάβειν.

Γουνός, οὐ, ὁ, solum fertile: a fertile spot, rich soil. A. 192. Syn. Γαῖα, πέδον. Ep. Εὐ-καρπός.

Γῶα, unde γῶδν Z. 500. i. q. Γῶδω.

Γραῖα, as; Γράδιον, ου; Γραῖς, Γρηῖς, Γραῖς, anus, vetula: an old woman, hag. Hec. 168. Plut. 688. τ. 353. ψ. 33. Alcest. 56. Syn. Γέρατα, πρεσβυτίς νεκροῦ μορφή, νέκτων ἀμνησιν ἀγαλμα.

Γράμμα, ἄτος, τὸ, littera scripta: a letter. Hec. 772. Syn. Σύγγραμμά, γράφη, βιβλός, (pl.) λόγοι. Pnn. Τὰ τῆς γῆς λήθης φάρμακ' ἀφῶν καὶ φωνογῆν. See Eur. fr. Palamed.

Γραμματεῖον, ου, τὸ, tabellæ, libellus: a register, book of accounts, record. Κάκφερέ τὸ γραμματεῖον Nub. 19. Syn. Βιβλός, πινάκας.

Γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, scriba; nomen magistratus: a writer, clerk, secretary; the name of an officer. Τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεὺς Nub. 768. Γραμματεῖα, scriba sum: to be or officiate as a scribe. Δύσιλλ' ἐγραμμάτευν Thesm. 374.

Γραμμή, ης, ἡ, linea; carceres: a line or mark; the lists, the goal. Eur. El. 956. Syn. Βαλῆς, πέρας.

Γραδοδής, ου, ὁ, qui vetulas abigit: one who drives away old women. Γραδοδῆαι μῦθοι Pax 812.

Γραπτός, ἡ, ὦν, scriptus, pictus: written, painted. Theoc. 10. 28. Syn. Ἐγγραπτός, ἐγγράφος.

Γραπτὺς, εὐός, ἡ, laniatio cutis genarum: a scratch, tearing of the cheek. Γραπτὺς ἀλέειναι w. 228. Syn. Ἀμυγμὰ.

Γραῦς, αὐός, ἡ. See Γραῖα.

Γράφειν, ἑως, ὁ, scriptor, pictor: a writer, a painter. Ὡς γράφειν τ' ἀποσταθεῖς Hec. 806. Syn. Γραμματεὺς, ζωγράφος.

Γράφη, ης, ἡ, pictura, scriptura: a picture, painting, writing. Phœn. 129. See below. Ep. Ἀέλιμπος, δέπνευστος, ψευδής.

Γράφω, scribo, insculpo, pingo: to write, engrave, paint. See Wolf's Proleg. to Homer. Ὅν ἐλάλει φῶν ἡ γράφει Eur. Melan. Fr. 3. 1. Syn. Ἐπιγράφω, ζωγράφω, εγγράφω.

Γρηγόρεω, or Ἐργηγόρεω; pf. mid. ἐγρήγορᾶ, vigilo: to keep awake, watch, be vigilant. Ly-sist. 306. The pres. γρηγόρεω occurs only in the New Testament.

Γρηῖς. See Γραῖα.

Γρήνικος, ου, ὁ, Granicus: name of a river in Asia Minor. Γρήνικος τέ καὶ Αἰσῆτος M. 21.

Γρηῦς. See Γραῖα.

Γριπεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, piscator: a fisherman. See Ἄλιεύς. Τοῖς δὲ μετὰ γριπεὺς τέ γέρον Theoc. 1. 39.

Γρίφος, ου, ὁ, rete: a net. Οὐδὲν ἀρὰ γρίφου διαφέρει Κλεόνυμος Vesp. 20. Syn. Ἀρκίς, γαγγάμη, δίκτυον.

Γρύ, s. Γρύ, indecl. minimum: vox porci: anything very small; a grunt, a syllable. Τὰ παρὰ πᾶν οὐδὲ γρύ Plut. 17.

Γρύζω, ζω, et Γρυλλίζω, grunio, musso: to grunt, mutter. Plut. 307. 598. Syn. Ἀναγρίζω, μύζω, φωνέω, φθέγγομαι.

Γρυκτός, ἡ, ὦν, mutiendus: must mutter. Lys. 657.

Γρυλλίζω. See Γρύζω.

Γρυτταῖος, ου, ὁ, avis fabulosa mixta ex aquilum et gryphorum genere: a griffin having beak and talons like an eagle. Γρυτταῖος χαλκ-κλάτους καὶ ῥήμαθ' ἱπποκρημνὰ Ran. 928.

Γρύψ, ἑσός, ὁ, gryps s. gryphus: a griffin. Γρύψας φύλαξαι τὸν τέ μουνίπα στρατὸν P. V. 829. Ep. Τετρασκελῆς.

Γῦα, poet. Γύα, as, ἡ, arum: land, field, region. Νότις ἐπέρχεται γύα Phœn. 655. P. V. 714. Syn. Ἄρουρὰ, πλεθρόν, πέλεθρον. Ep. Βαθύστορός, εὐκαρπός, πολύχρυσος, πῶν, ἀν-ρῶτις.

Γυᾶν, ου, τὸ, cavitatis; vola; vallis; poculum: a cavity, recess; hollow of the hand; cave, valley; capacious goblet. Ῥῆξ δὲ θάρη-κος γυᾶλον N. 507. Syn. Κολυμᾶ, δοκός, πύχνη, πύξ.

Γυγαῖα, sc. λίμνη, Gygea: a lake of Mæonia in Asia Minor. Τὴν Γυγαίη τέκε λίμνη B. 865.

Γῦς, ου, ὁ, bura, pars aratri: the coulter of a plough. Φέρεν δὲ γῦν δ' ἂν εἴρῃ Hes. Op. 425.

Γυιαρκῆς, εὐός, ὁ, ἡ, membris valens: able-bodied. Pyth. 3. 12. See below. Syn. Ἀκ-μάζων, ισχύων.

Γυιδάρης, εὐός, ὁ, ἡ, membra gravans: crush- ing the limbs. Πολλὰ παλαιάματ' αὖ γυιδάρη Agam. 63.

Γυιδόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, membra exedens: con- suming the limbs. See Γυιδόρος.

Γυιδάμας, ου, ὁ, qui membra domat: a limba- subduer, victorious pugilist. Isth. 5. 75. See above.

Γυιδόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, membra satians, i. e. futi- gans: wearing out the limbs. Καὶ γυιδόρους μελέδων Hes. Op. 66. Schneid. reads γυιδ-όρους.

Γυῖον, ου, τὸ, membrum: a member, limb. Ἐλ- λάδε γυῖα Γ. 34. Syn. Μέλος, γόνυ. Ep. Ἀνακίς, ἀνύμων, ἀκαθῆς, ἀστοργός, κάκη, φιλό-στοργός, φίλφυχός, δυστοχῆς, ἀθλία, ἀμυλκτρός, σάφρων, οὐθύμους, βῶσις, εσθλή, ἀμύχανος, κένη, ἀρίστη, δῖραιος, δούλη, δόρικτὸς, ἀιχμᾶ- λωτις, χρηστή, ἀγὰθῃ, βάρβαρος, ἀτίκνός, οὐκείτις, ἀνδρῶν, νεα, δυσμᾶχάτος, γραιά, ἀμύχουτος, ἀνδροκτῆνός, κἀκοτύχης, δυστηνός, γέραια, τᾶ- λανθ, βάσιλειά, εὐτέκνωτῆ, Εὐδός, δεινῇ, τιμωτᾶτῃ, δρᾶστούμος, φιλτάτῃ, τλήμων, πρόσ-

Γυλῖος, οὐ, ὁ, vasculum militare in quo cibis adversatur: a wicker vessel used by soldiers to carry their provisions. Παῖ παῖ φέρ' ἐξω δεῖρὸ τὸν γυλῖον ἐμοί Ach. 1096.

Γυμνάς, ου, ὁ, palaestra exerceo, exerceo: to practise, discipline, harass. Γεγυμνασῖν οὐδ' ἐχω P. V. 606. Syn. Ἀπὸ γυμνάς, ἀσκέω.

Γυμνός, ἄδός, ὁ, ἡ, exercitatus: inured, trained. Πόδι γυμνάς ἱππους Hipp. 1134.

Γυμνής, ἡ, ὦν, Gymneta, ou, ὁ, veles: a light- armed soldier. Phœn. 1163. Rhœs. 31. Syn. Σφενδονήτης, τοξότης.

Γυμνικός, ἡ, ὦν, gymnicus: of or belonging to exercise or activity. Μουσικούς καὶ γυμνικούς Plut. 1164.

Γυμνός, ἡ, ὦν, nudus: naked, destitute. Γυμνόν μ' ἐθέκων Hec. 1138. Syn. Ἀχίτων, ἀπέπλος, ἀνέμων.

Γυμνῶ, nudo: to render naked, to strip. Λευκὰ ἐγύμνω σάρκας Eur. El. 823. Syn. Ἀπόδυμνος, ἐκδύω, ἀνὰδερω, ψιλόω.

Γυναικείος, α, ὦν, muliebris: of or belonging to woman. Ἠχθρὲ γυναικείας διὰ βουλὰς A. 436.

Γυναικίζω, foeminam ago: to act the woman. Thesm. 268. See below.

Γυναικίσις, ἑως, ἡ, imitatio muliebris: a repre- sentation of a woman. Πρὶν τῆς ἐτέρας δοῖναι γυναικίσις δίκην Thesm. 863.

Γυναικιστοῦς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a muliere excoGITatus: contrived by woman. Choeph. 624. See above.

Γυναικιστοῦς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a mulieribus decantatus: proclaimed by women, originating in a woman's praise. Agam. 486. See above.

Γυναικισμῶν, amore mulierum insanio: to be woman-mad. Γυναικισμῶν γὰρ προξενῶ θ' ὧμῶν ἅμα Thesm. 583.

Γυναικισμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mulieres imitans: imi- tating a woman, timid. Γυναικισμοῖς ὑπτιόσ- μασιν χέρων P. V. 1013.

Γυναικομορφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, formam mulieris in- duens: woman-like, in the form of a woman. Bacch. 853. See above.

Γυναικοπληθής, εὐός, ὁ, ἡ, muliebris plenus: full of women. Acl. 955. See above.

Γυναικοποιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mulierem ulciscens: undertaking to avenge a woman. Agam. 234. See above.

Γυναικοφίλος, ου, ὁ, mulierum amans: a lover of women. Καὶ τὸ γυναικοφίλος Theoc. 8. 60. Syn. Γυναιμάχος.

Γυναικοφώνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, muliebris voce prædi- tus: having a woman's voice. Thesm. 199. See above.

Γυναικωνίτις, ἰδός, ἡ, gynæceum: the women's apartment. Ταῖς γυναικωνίτισιν Thesm. 420. Syn. Παρθένον.

Γυναιμάχος, εὐός, mulierosus: woman-mad. Ἄριστ' γυναιμᾶνες πηρέσεντα Γ. 39.

Γυνή, ακός, ἡ, (1) mulier: a woman; (2) uxor: a wife. Τοιοῦ γυνῆ κτῆν A. 348. Syn. (1) Ἠθλίς, ἀθλία; (2) ἀκοίτις, παρὰκοίτις. Ep. Ἀνακίς, ἀνύμων, ἀκαθῆς, ἀστοργός, κάκη, φιλό-στοργός, φίλφυχός, δυστοχῆς, ἀθλία, ἀμυλκτρός, σάφρων, οὐθύμους, βῶσις, εσθλή, ἀμύχανος, κένη, ἀρίστη, δῖραιος, δούλη, δόρικτὸς, ἀιχμᾶ- λωτις, χρηστή, ἀγὰθῃ, βάρβαρος, ἀτίκνός, οὐκείτις, ἀνδρῶν, νεα, δυσμᾶχάτος, γραιά, ἀμύχουτος, ἀνδροκτῆνός, κἀκοτύχης, δυστηνός, γέραια, τᾶ- λανθ, βάσιλειά, εὐτέκνωτῆ, Εὐδός, δεινῇ, τιμωτᾶτῃ, δρᾶστούμος, φιλτάτῃ, τλήμων, πρόσ-

πόλως, κλεινῇ, ἀκρίτουμενός, δᾶ, δολδεσά, δολ- φρονέουσα, βάρθυμος, εὐζωνός, εὐειδής, ηὐκόμος, δολή, ἀμυλκτρός, περικαλλής, πολιδότος.

Γυπαῖον, ου, τὸ, nidus vulturis: a hole in a rock where vultures nest, a nest. Καὶ γυπαῖοις καὶ πυργίσις Eq. 790. Syn. Φωλῆς, κάλια.

Γυρδός, α, ὦν, curvus: circular, round, curved. Γυρδός ἐν ὠμοῖσιν τ. 246.

Γυρτάν, ὠνός, Γυρτάνη, ης, ἡ, Gyrtone: a city in Thessaly. Apoll. 1. 57. B. 737.

Γύψ, υπός, ὁ, vultur: a vulture. Καὶ γύπες εἶδονται X. 42.

Γωνία, as, ἡ, angulus: a nook or corner. Eis τὴν γωνίαν Vesp. 905.

Γωνίασμός, οὐ, ὁ, flexus verborum: the round- ing of words. Ran. 956. See above.

Γωρυτός, οὐ, ὁ, thecæ arcus: a case for a bow. Αὐτῷ γωρυτῷ ὅς οἱ περικεῖτο Φ. 54. Syn. Ἰδοκτῆ, φάρετρα, τοξόδηκτη.

## Δ.

Δαγός, ὠδός, ἡ, pupa cerea: a wax doll. See Ruhnck. Timæ. p. 165. Ἀλλ' ἐπαγγιν δαγῶδι κἄλδν Theoc. 2. 110. Expr. Στεφάνος περίοφλγ- γων τὴν κέφαλήν. Pnn. Κόσμος ἐγκαρδῖος γυ- ναϊκῶν.

Δαδῖον, ου, τὸ, a little torch. Φέρῃ δὴ τὸ δαδῖον τοδ' Pax 959. Syn. Λαμπάδιον.

Δαδουχέω, faciem præfero: to bear the torch. Ἡφαιστὲ δαδουχέας μὲν Troad. 343. Syn. Λαμ- πάδουχέω, πυρσεύω, φωτίζω, λάμπω.

Δαῖω, Δαίω, disco: to learn. Ὀφρὰ δαίω K. 425. See also Z. 150. Syn. Διδάσκωμαι, μαρθάνω.

Δαζόμεναι, σόμαι, divido: to divide. Πάντ' α δαζαμὲνθ' β. 335.

Δάμων, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, peritus: skilful, learned. Ἰσταντὸ δάμωνες δ. 263. Syn. Ἐμπεῖρος, ἰδ- μων, εἰδός, εὐ εἰδός, σύνετός, εὐσυνετός, Ἰστωρ, φράδμων.

Δαῖρ, ἑρδός, ὁ, levir: a husband's brother. Δαῖρ ἐμεῖδ κύνος Z. 344. Δαῖρων, at Ω. 762. and 769., is only a dissyllable.

Δαῖδάλος, Δαῖδάλος, Δαῖδάλειος, α, ὦν, affabre factus, varius: curiously wrought, variegated, polished. Καλῇ δαῖδαλῷ I. 187. E. 179. Eur. fr. Eurysth. 9. Syn. Πόδοδαῖδάλος, αἰδός, ποικίλος.

Δαῖδάλω, Δαῖδάλω, artificiose facio s. exorno, variego: to work with art, carve, polish. Σ. 479. Olymp. 1. 169. Syn. Ποικίλλω, κοσμέω, αἰόλλω.

Δαῖδάλος, ου, ὁ, Dædalus: an Athenian dis- tinguished as an architect and statuary. Ἡ Δαῖδάλου τέχνησιν Hec. 826.

Δαῖδάλω, See Δαῖδάλω.

Δαῖω, ξω, divido: to divide, rend, mangle. Ἥλθε δαῖω H. 247. The first syllable of this word is long. A. 497., and common in Æschylus. See Supp. 688. Choeph. 390. Syn. Δαῖω, δάζωμαι, διατρέχω, διατρέω, δατέωμαι, ἀναρπάζω, διασπᾶω, σχίζω, πορθέω.

Δαῖκτηρ, ἥρδς, Δαῖκτηρ, ὠρδς, Δαῖκτης, ου, dividens, crucians: tearing, piercing, heart- rending. Sept. Th. 910. Æsch. Sup. 795. Anacr. 42. 10. See above. Syn. Δαῖδός.

Δάκτος, ἡ, ὄν, laceratus: torn. Orph. A. 919. See above.

Δαμνῶν, malo numine teneor: to be influenced by a daemon, to be mad. Sept. Th. 1003. SYN. Κάκωδαμνῶν.

Δαμνῶν, οὐ, τὸ, numen: a deity, daemon, genius. Τὸ δαμνῶν κατέκωμψε Phoen. 363.

Δαμνῶν, α, ὄν, divinus, admiratione dignus; miser: divine, happy, noble; wretched, infatuated. B. 190. SYN. Θεῖος, γενναῖος, μακάριος, ἀντιθέος, δαυμαστός, ἀγαστός, εὐδαίμων, κάκωδαίμων, δυσδαίμων, ἀλλῶς, μόρσιμος.

Δαμνῶν, divinitus, mire: in a providential manner, wonderfully. Theoc. Ep. 12. 4. SYN. Θανμάσιος, δαυμαστός.

Δαίμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, Deus, dea; heros; genius; sors, fatum; animus humanus: a god, goddess; divinity; deified hero; daemon; lot, fate; life. Phoen. 1667. SYN. Θεός, ἀλάστωρ, τὸ δαμνῶν, μοῖρα, μῦθος, τύχη. Ep. Ἀγαυός, κάκός, στήγερός, χαλεπός, πόμπιμος, σεμνός, ἐντύχης, μακάρ, στεργός, ἐνάλιος, πόντιος, μεγὰς, ἐμφανής, πόλυς, στήνιος, ἐσθλός, ἀφθιτός, δικαίος, ἀφθόνος, δεῖσιος, ἐπιρροῦς, σκληρός, ἐπιχρῶνός, ἡγῶνός, πλουτοδότης, πόλις, σούδης.

Δαίμυ, δαίω, δαίνω, (2) Δαίνωμι, (1) epulas do: to give a feast; (2) epulor: to feast. Δαίνω τὰ φῶν Ἀργείοισιν γ. 309. Ψ. 29. Troad. 777. SYN. (1) Ἑστία, εὐαχέω, δαίω; (2) δονῶ, εἶω, εὐαχέω, τρέφωμαι.

Δαῖος, ὁ, ὄν, et ov, ὁ, ἡ (ap. Tragicos), miser; hostilis: wretched; hostile. Ὡς δαῖα Τέκμησά δὲ μῦθον γένος Αἰ. 784. SYN. Δῆλιος, δαίμων, δαυμῆς, σεμνός, φθέρως.

Δαῖρα, contr. ἂ Δαίρα, as, ἡ, Daïra: a name of Proserpine. Apoll. 3. 846.

Δαῖς, αὐτός, Δαίτη, ἡ, Δαῖτις, ὄντος, ἡ, epulæ: a feast, banquet. Ion 806. K. 217. X. 496. SYN. Εὐνοχία, εὐλαπία, δειπνόν, ἐράνος, δόλη. Ep. Φόνια, ἀνήμερος (Hec.), πικρά, δρεσκόδης, ἀνδρῶς, κοῦη, εὐδενός, ἀμφάγος (Eur.), ἀγῶν, ἐρατεινὴ, ἀτερπής, ἐρικυδής, δαλεῖα, μινδευκής, εἶση, πείρα, ἐπὶ πρῶτος, ἐσθλὴ, στυγερὰ (Hom.), ἀμείροτος, ἐτοίμη, πᾶχεῖα. Pna. see Pyth. 4. 226.

Δαῖς, ὄντος, ἡ, (1) fax: a torch; (2) praelium: battle. Ἐπὶ δαῖδας πᾶράειτο β. 105. SYN. (1) Δᾶς; (2) μάχη.

Δαῖταλεῖς, ἔως, ὁ, hospes: a feaster, guest. Δαῖταλεῖς πάνήμερος P. V. 1060. SYN. see Δαῖτῶν.

Δαίτη, ἡ, ἡ. See Δαῖς.

Δαῖτρεῖω, divido cultro; coquum ago: to carve; cook, prepare a feast. o. 322. SYN. Δαῖζω.

Δαῖτρός, οὐ, ὁ, qui carnes dividit: a carver. p. 331. SYN. Ἀρτάμους, μάγειρος.

Δαῖτρώσθη, ἡ, ἡ, scientia carum dividendi: the art of the carver at table. Δαῖτρώσθαι π. 253.

Δαῖτῶν, ὄντος, ὁ, coquina; coquus: a guest; a cook, carver. Μέσσω δαῖτῶν β. 66. SYN. Δαῖταλεῖς, μάγειρος.

Δαῖτῶς, ὄντος, ἡ. See Δαῖς. X. 496.

Δαῖφρων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, (1) bellicosus: warlike; (2) prudens: prudent. Τίς δαῖφρωνός B. 23. SYN. (1) Αἰθων, δαῖος; (2) ἐμφρων, ἐχέφρων, ἐχέφρων, σὺνέφρων.

Δαῖω, (1) distribuo: to distribute; (2) epulum praebeo: to give a feast; (3) oro: to burn. Iph.

A. 123. SYN. (1) Δάκτω; (2) δαίνωμι; (3) ἀνάκαμω, ἀνάπτω.

Δάκτω, ὄντος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, animus mordens: heart-rending. Philoct. 715. See Θυμωδᾶς. SYN. Ἀνιάρος (see Ἀνιάρος), ἀνός, δηξίθυμος.

Δάκνω, ποιῶ, et Δάκνω, mordeo: to bite, sting, annoy. Pers. 577. Ἥττον δάκνουσιν ἀλλὰ Eur. fr. Enom. SYN. Κεντῶ, ἐνδύχλω, κάδωπτωμαι.

Δάκω, ἔδς, τὸ, fera: a creature that bites, ravenous animal. Πυλῆμι δίκας πᾶνδμ δάκει Troad. 284. (double dochmiac.) SYN. Δάκταν, ἐχιδνὰ, θηρίον. Ep. Θηρίον, δύστικόν, ἀφρογόν, βλάξερν, βλῶνδρ, φοινῶν, ὀδόν.

Δάκρ, ὄντος, ποιῶ. Δάκρω, ὄντος, et Δάκρυν, οὐ, τὸ, lacryma: a tear. Οὐκ ἂν ἐκδῶλοι δάκρυ Hec. 296. Androm. 92. Herc. F. 1201. SYN. Αἰθῶς, ἰκμάς. Ep. Χλωρὸν, πεικνόν, οὐκτρὸν, δαλῆρν, ἀθρόν, ἀνοκτρὸν, πῶλιν, πένθιμν, πῶθιν, ἐλεονδ, τέρν, δερμν, πικρὸν, ἀνδρ, ἀλγεινὸν, ἀνδρ, γλῶκ, πῶλιν, κρῆν.

Δάκρυν, ὄντος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, lacrymas ciens: tear-producing. Aesch. Sup. 685. See above.

Δάκρυν, ὄντος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, lacrymas ciens: tear-producing. Aesch. Sup. 685. See above.

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Ἄπαλός, ἀπάλοχρός, ἐκφθός, ἐντρός, ῥός. Pna. Χέρων ἄκροι κένες.

Δάλιος, et Δάλος, Dor. pro. Δήλιος et Δήλιος, q. v.

Δάλος, οὐ, ὁ, titio, torris: a torch, firebrand. Δούπησεν δὲ πῶν δαλός δὲ οἱ O. 421. SYN. Δᾶς, λαμπός. Ep. Αἰθῶνός, αἰθῶς, εὐφρογῆς, φέρωνγῆς, τηλαυγῆς, σέλασφῶρος.

Δάμας, Δάμαλίζω, Δάμας, Δάμας, Δάμας, domo: to subdue, overpower. Μένειτᾶ δάμασσω E. 746. P. 438. X. 271. A. 220. Pyth. 11. 38. SYN. Αἰθῶς, βιάς, κατὰ τῶν, τῶν, σέω, ὑπὸ δάσσω, ἀναρῶ, ἀποκτεῖνω.

Δάμαλς, ἔως et ἰδς, Δάμαλς, ἡ, juvenca, vitula: a heifer, calf. Πολλὰ δ' αὖ δάμαλς Theoc. 1. 75. Aesch. Sup. 355. Ep. Λευκή, μυκαμῆν.

Δάμαρ, αρτός, ἡ, uxor: a wife. Πρὸ γῶνός δάμαρτος δυσμῆς Ion 1328. SYN. Ἀκοίτις, πᾶρλεκτρος, κοινολεκτρος.

Δάμαρτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, homines domans: man-subduing. Δάμαρτος αἰμάς Olymp. 9. 115.

Δαμάτηρ, Dor. pro. Δημήτηρ, q. v.

Δανάη, ἡ, ἡ, Danae: the daughter of Acrisius and mother of Perseus. Οἶα δὲ καὶ Δανάη πόντῳ Apoll. 4. 1091. Ep. Καλλισφῶρος, Ἀκρίσιον, ἡκίμος.

Δανάδες, αὐ, αἱ, Danae filiae: the daughters of Danaus. Νῆξ ἄρ' ἐκείνη Δανάδων Phoen. 1689.

Δανάοι, et Δανάοι, αὐ, οἱ, Danai: the Greeks. Τρῶας δ' ἐκκλιναν Δανάοι E. 37. Iph. A. 337. Danaoi are properly the subjects of king Danaus in Argos, i. q. Ἀργεῖοι or Ἀχαιοί. Δανάοι are properly the sons of Danaus, or his immediate descendants. SYN. see Ἀχαιοί. Ep. Αἰχμηταί, ἡρώς, δερᾶντος Ἄρης, τᾶχῶν, φιλοπτόλῃμοι, ἀσπιστοί, ἰφίμοι, οἰκνῶν, ἀκροί, χαλκῶν, κορτερόθυμοι.

Δανάος, οὐ, ὁ, Danaus: son of Belus, king of Lydia, and brother of Aegyptus. Δανάος ἀδελφός δ' ἐστὶ Aesch. Sup. 325. Ep. Αρχικάκος, λίπυπῆρις. See Eur. fr. Arch. 2.

Δανείω, σω, mutuum do; med. mutuum peto aut accipio: to lend money at interest; mid. to borrow at interest. Νῦν δάνειον τρεῖς δράχμας Pax 374. SYN. ὀδλοστέτω, μετὰ δίδωμι.

Δάνειμος, οὐ, ὁ, fenerator: the lending out of money upon interest, usury. Πικρὸς δάνεισμός ἦλθε Eur. El. 858. SYN. Τόκος.

Δανός, ἡ, ὄν, aridus: parched, dry. Ἐπὶ δανὰ κέαςαι o. 321. Some read πολλὰ for δανὰ: δανώπῃ is used Pax 1134.

Δανός, ἔδς, τὸ, donum; mutuum scenus: a present; loan. Εξέφωγαν δάνειον Call. Ep. 50.

Δᾶς, ἔδς, τὸ, lumen, fax: a light, torch, lamp. Εκ μεγάροιο δᾶς δ. 300. SYN. Δᾶς, φᾶς, φλῆς, φέγγος, αὐγή, λαμπάς, δαλός, φανός, πυρ.

Δάπαρ, impendo, erogo, sumptus facio: to spend, waste, defray the expense. Τούτου μὲν δάπανα Plut. 588. SYN. Ἀναίσκω, κάταφῶρος.

Δάπαρ, ἡ, ἡ, impendium, sumptus: expense, cost, wastefulness. Δάπανα οἱ φροῦδὰ διαφύγοντο ἢ ἄργια Herc. F. 591. SYN. Ἀνάσκω.

Δάπῃ, οὐ, τὸ, pavementum, solum: pavement, ground. Εἰδὲ γένοιμαν ἐν σοῖς δάπῃσι Hipp. 230. In Homer a is short, but Porson ad Eur. Orest. 324. asserts, that in the Attic

writers it is frequently long. SYN. Οἶδς, ἔδς, πέδιον, γῆ.

Δάπς, ἔδς, ἡ, tapes: a carpet. Οὐτ' ἐν δάπῃ τῇ γὰρ ὑφαίνων Plut. 528.

Δάπτω, Δαρδᾶπτω, dilanio: to tear with the teeth, devour. Med. 1186. π. 315. SYN. Βιθράσκω, εἶω, κᾶσθω, διασπάρσσω.

Δαρδανίης, οὐ (Aol. ad), ὁ; Δαρδανίς, ἔδς, ἡ, Dardani proles: a descendant of Dardanus. Τοιοῖ δὲ Δαρδανίης γ. 303. X. 339.

Δαρδανός, οὐ, ὁ, Dardanus: the founder of the Trojan empire. Δαρδανὸν αὐ πρῶτον T. 215.

Δαρδανός, Δαρδανίος, οὐ, Δαρδανίον, ὄντος, ὁ, nomen gentile: Trojan. Τρῶες καὶ Δαρδανῶι B. 819. Γ. 456. Θ. 154. SYN. Αἰχμητοί, μένποτῳ.

Δαρεῖος, οὐ, ὁ, nummus Persicus aureus: a darique, a coin worth 20 Attic drachms, or about 12s. 6d. of our money. Καὶ Δαρεῖος ἀφ' ἡ πλουτῶν Eccles. 602.

Δαρεῖος, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, Dario satus: sprung from Darius. Εξέρχῃ βασιλεὺς Δαρεῖος Pers. 6.

Δαρεῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Darius: the name of two kings among the Persians. Πάντων Δαρείου καὶ Μεγαρέου Aves 484.

Δαρῆς, ἡ, ὁ, Dares: a Phrygian who was said to have written the history of the Trojan war. Τῶν υἱὲ Δαρῆος E. 27. Ep. Ἀμύμων, ἀφῶς, ἱερεὺς Ἡρακλεῶς.

Δαρῶν, δαρῶν, 2. a. ἐδᾶν, ἐδᾶν, dormio: to sleep. Ἐδᾶν ἐν πρὸς μῶ ν. 143. SYN. Εἶω, κάθειω, ὑπνῶ, βρίζω.

Δαρῶν, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. et Att. pro Δαρῶν, diuturnus, long-lived. Δαρῶνι δειοῖσι Sept. Th. 520. See Pers. on Orest. 26.

Δαρῶς, pro Δαρῶς, q. v.

Δᾶς, δᾶδς, ἡ, fax: a torch. Στεφάνον γέ τοι καὶ δᾶς ἔχων Plut. 1042. SYN. see Δαλός. Ep. Αἰθῶνός, φλῆγῶ.

Δασκίος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, umbrosus: thickly shaded. Καὶ δασκίον ἔλιν γ. 470.

Δασμός, οὐ, ὁ, divisio, tributum: division, tribute. A. 166. SYN. Τέμνω, τέλως, φῶρος.

Δασμόφωρος, tributum solvo: to pay tribute. Οὐδ' ἐπὶ δασμόφωρος Pers. 592.

Δασπλήτης, ἔδς, ἡ, terrorem incutens: terrible, furious. Theoc. 2. 14. For an excellent illustration of the meaning of this word, see Ruhnk. Epist. Crit. p. 242. SYN. Αὐτῇ, χᾶλεπῇ.

Δασυήρ, τριχῶς, ὁ, ἡ, villosus: having thick hair, very shaggy. Δασυήρ δασυήρ Theoc. 7. 15.

Δασυήρ, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, villosam caudam habens: having a bushy tail. Τὰς δασυήρ ἐλάτῃς Theoc. 5. 112.

Δασυμαλλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, lanosus: having thick wool. Εὐτρεφέες δασυμαλλοὶ i. 425.

Δασύων, denso, pilosum reddo: to thicken, render hairy. Eccles. 66. See above.

Δασυπῶν, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, densam barbam habens: thick bearded. Thesm. 33. See Δασυμαλλός.

Δασύς, εἰς, ὁ, densus, hirsutus: thick, hairy, thickly set. Ἐπὶ δασύς εἰς εἰς. 49. SYN. Πύκνός, λῆξ, τραχύς.

Δασυτέρως, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, hirsutum pectus habens: having a hairy chest. Διάσσι δασυτέρως πέρ εἶναι Hes. Op. 512.

Δατέωμαι, divido, lacerō, absumo: to divide, H 3

tear, mangle. *Ἐπιστάτορις δάτειντο* T. 394. SYN. *Ἐνδάττειναι, δάϊζω, δάζωμαι, μερίζω*.

*Δατήριος, α, ὄν, dividens*: dividing. *Χρημάτων δατήριος* Sept. Th. 708.

*Δατήρης, οὔ, ὁ, divisor*: a divider, distributor. Sept. Th. 942. See above.

*Δαυλία, ας, Δαυλῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Daulis*: a city in Phocis. *Κάπὸ Δαυλίας ἄγει* C. R. 734. B. 520.

*Δαυλός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, densus, obscurus*: thick, obscure. *Ἄesch. Sup. 92. SYN. Κάτηρέφης*.

*Δάφνη, ης, ἡ, laurus*: the laurel or bay tree. (1) *Πτόροισι δάφνης* Ion 103. *Ερ. Ευεργής, δεοπέσιος, ἱέρα, Δελφίς, Πυθική, ευβάλης*.

*Δάφνηφόρος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, laurum gerens*: bearing or crowned with laurel. *Ἄesch. Sup. 709. See above*.

*Δάφνινός, η, ὄν; Δάφνιδης, ἰδὸς, ὁ, ἡ, laureus*: made of laurel. *Δάφνινός ὀρηξί* Call. 2. 1. Ion 76.

*Δάφνις, ἰδὸς, ὁ, Daphnis*: a bucolic name. *Δάφνι τῷ χάρειντι* Theoc. 8. 1. *Ερ. Τάλας, δύσερος, λευκόχρους*.

*Δάφουεός, Δάφουός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, valde cruentus, caedis avidus*: stained with blood, greedy of slaughter. *Ἡμοῖσι δάφουεόν* Ξ. 538. *Alcest. 598*.

*Δέ, sed, et*: but, moreover, and, also. SYN. *Ἄτάρ, ἐπειτά, τε, καί*. *Δέδισκῆμαι, Δεδισκῆμαι, dextra data excipio* aliquem: to shake hands with and welcome. γ. 41. o. 150.

*Δέξαις, pro Δῆλός, manifestus*. K. 466. *Δέξμαι, ἄτος, τὸ, precatio*: a want, request. *Aves 1058. SYN. Ευχῆ, πρόσευχῆ, ευχਾਲῆ, ἀρά*.

*Δεῖ, f. δεήσει, oportet*: it behoves, it ought. *Phoen. 480*. On the different governments of *δεῖ* and *χρή*, see Porson. *Orest. 660. SYN. Χρή, πρόσκει, πρέπει*.

*Δεῖγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, documentum*: an exhibition, proof, pledge. *Eur. El. 1174*.

*Δειδῆμαι, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, meticolosus*: timid. Γ. 56.

*Δειδισσῆμαι, ξῶμαι, terreo*; *metuo*: to terrify; fear. N. 810. SYN. *Ἀποτρέπω, φόβω*.

*Δεῖω, timeo*, to fear. δ. 825. ε. 473. SYN. *Δεμαίνω, φοβέωμαι, δειλιάω, ὀκνέω, ὀρῶδew, τρέμω*. See *Τάρσοςσῆμαι*.

*Δειλιάω, moror usque ad vesperam*: to tarry until evening, stay to supper. *Σὺ δ' ἔρχεο δειλιάσας* p. 599. SYN. *Ενδύττω*.

*Δειλινός, ἡ, ὄν, Δεῖλός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, vespertinus*: setting in the evening, evening, late. *Δειλινὸν κλίνοντος* Apoll. 1. 452. P. 232.

*Δεικάνωμαι, Ion. Δεικάνωσκω, benigne excipio* (Hom.); *porrigo* (Theoc.): to receive, entertain. *Δεικάνωντ' ἐπέου σ*. 110. Theoc. 24. 56. SYN. *Δεξιάμαι, γέραίρω, πρόσανδῶ*.

*Δεικνύω, Δεικνύμι, ξω, ostendo*: to show, discover, prove. *Δείκνυε δὲ δμῶσσι* Hes. Op. 500. Ion 1340. SYN. *Ἀναφαίνω, φανέρωω, σημαίνω*.

*Δειλιάος, Δελιάκρος, α, ὄν; Δελιάκριν, ὄντος, ὁ, timidus, miser*: timid, cowardly, wretched. *Ἦς ἀπὸ δαυλῶ δελιάιος* Plut. 850. 974. Pax 192. And see obs. on *γέραίος*. SYN. *Δειδῆμαι, δειλός, ἐλθευός, ἀθλιός, τάλαιπῶρος, μάταιος*.

(1) See Martyn's Virg. The fabulous story of Apollo and Daphne does not appear to be alluded to by any Greek poet anterior to the time of Ptolemy Philadelphus.

*Δείλια, ης, ἡ, tempus pomeridianum vel ante meridianum*: evening, twilight in the evening or morning. In Homer it means crepusculum. *Ἦ ἥως ἡ δείλια ἡ μέσος ἡμῶν* Φ. 112. SYN. *Δεῖλῶν, Βοδιντός, ἱσπέρα, κνέφας*.

*Δεῖλια, ας, ἡ, timiditas*: timidity. *Τὸν δειλίῳ πρόσδντά* Aj. 1033. SYN. *Ἀτολμία, φόβος*.

*Δειλός, ἡ, ὄν, timidus, miser*: cowardly, wretched. A. 293. SYN. *Δεῖλαιός, ευδάδης, ασθένης, κάκος, τάλας, πῶνρὸς*.

*Δεῖμά, ἄτος, τὸ, metus*: fear. Med. 286. SYN. *Φόβος, δέος, δειλία*. *Ερ. Χυδέρων, ἀλεγεινόν, ἀμειλίχον, αργαλέον, ἀναυδές, λευγαλέον, δαιμόνιον, δεινόν, νυκτιπαρακτὸν, πέλωρον, βιγνῶν, στυγερὸν, τρομέρον, χλωρόν*.

*Δεμαίνω, ἄνῶ, timeo*: to fear. Apoll. 4. 796. SYN. *Δεῖω, φέβωμαι, ἐκφοβέωμαι*.

*Δεμάλειος, α, ὄν, terribilis*: terrible. *Δεμάλειον Διὸς ὄπλον* Batrach. 278. SYN. *Ἀπυλῆδος*.

*Δεμῶτω, perterrefacio*: to terrify. *Δεμῶτωμένη δ' ἐγὼ* Androm. 42.

*Δεμῶς, οὔ, ὁ, terror*: terror. O. 119.

*Δεμῶθης, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, maleficus*: mischievous. Mosch. Ep. 8.

*Δενόπους, ποδός, ὁ, ἡ, ejus adventus gravis est*: moving with terrible steps. C. R. 417.

*Δενός, ἡ, ὄν, (1) dirus, horribilis*: fearful, formidable, commanding; (2) solers: clever: (3) validus: strong; (4) improbus: cruel. E. 739. SYN. (1) *Φοβερός, χαλκίπρος, πάλαμνός, βίαιος, ανός*; (2) *δάκμων, σφόδρος, ἐμπειρός, ἐπιτήδειος, ἱκνός*; (3) *ισχυρός, μέγας*; (4) *ἀκήλητος, ἀτάσθαλός, ἀκατός, δυσχερής, πῶνρὸς*.

*Δεινωτός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, Δεινώ, ὄντος, aspectu terribilis*: fierce-looking. Hesc. Scut. 250. C. C. 85. SYN. *Γοργαστός, γοργώψ, δεμῶθης, φοβερός*.

*Δεινός, terribili modo, sollerter*: terribly, cleverly. Av. 1442.

*Δεῖνός, See Δεῖος*.

*Δειπνέω, cenare*: to sup, feast. Eccles. 988. SYN. *Βιβάσκω, εσθίω, δορπέω, δαίνεμαι, δεῖνόν αἰρέω*.

*Δειπνηστός, οὔ, ὁ, tempus cenandi*: supper-time. p. 170.

*Δειπνητικός, laute*: elegantly, sumptuously. Acham. 1015.

*Δειπνίζω, cenam præbeo*: to prepare a supper, entertain. λ. 410. SYN. see *Δαίνεμι*.

*Δειπνυλός, η, ὄν, qui captat convivia*: who lies in wait for banquets, a parasite. Hes. Op. 702. Compare *Βωμυλός*.

*Δεῖπνον, οὔ, τὸ, cena, cibus, convivium*: supper, food, a repast. Phoen. 740. SYN. *Δόρπον, δόρπος, βρώσις, γάμος*. *Ερ. Ἄερων, ἀμερσίον, γάμψιλον, εὐνρέπες, λαμπρὸν, λιπάρων*.

*Δεῖρας, ἄδος, ἡ, jugum montis*: a cliff, ridge of a mountain. *Δεῖρας Κάρυστις* Iph. T. 1452. Philoct. 491. SYN. *Κόλων, κόρυς, λόφος*.

*Δειρή, Δέρη, ης, ἡ, collum*: the neck. Hec. 151. Mosch. 2. 94. SYN. *Αυχὴν, τράχηλος*. *Ερ. Ἀπᾶλῃ, περικαλλῆς, ἱέρα, χρυσόφθορος, λευκή*.

*Δειροτόμew, jugulo*: to cut the throat, murder. Φ. 555. SYN. *Κατατμήω, ἐκτραχηλίω*.

*Δεισίνω, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, virum metuens*: man-fearing. Agam. 148.

*Δέκα, indeel. decem*: ten. Πολλὰς σέληνας δέκα διελθούσας ἐτῇ Helen. 114.

*Δεκάδωρος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, decem palmos habens*: ten palms long. *Τάμνειν δεκάδωρ ἡμάξῃ* Hes. Op. 424.

*Δεκάκις, decies*: ten times. *Οὐδ' εἰ μοι δεκάκις τὲ* I. 378.

*Δεκάμηνος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, decem menses natus*: ten months old. *Ἡρακλῆα (trisyll.) δεκάμηνον εἰντά* Theoc. 24. 1.

*Δεκάμινος, οὔ, ὁ, qui decem minarum est*: worth ten minæ. *Τῖ δα δεκάμιν τῷδ' ἐδάρκος κῦρε* Pax 1224.

*Δεκάμφορος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, decem amphoras capiens*: containing ten barrels. *Ἦς δεκάμφορον* Cycl. 387.

*Δεκάπους, ποδός, qui decem pedom est*: having ten feet. Eccles. 648. See *Δεκάμηνος*.

*Δέκας, ἄδος, ἡ, numerus denarius, decuria*: the number ten, ten. *Ἡμεῖς δ' es δεκάδας* B. 126.

*Δεκάσπορος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, in quo decem sementes facit sūt*: in which there have been ten sowings. *Ἦς δεκάσπορον χρόνον* Troad. 20.

*Δεκάτευμά, ἄδος, τὸ, decima pars*: the tithe or tenth part. *Εἰσάτῳ τῶν κερδῶν (dissyll.) δεκάτευμάτῃ* Call. Ep. 40.

*Δεκάτῳ, η, ὄν, decimus*: the tenth. Ion 1487. See above.

*Δεκάχιλος, decies mille*: ten thousand. *Ἦ δεκάχιλος* E. 148.

*Δεκέτης, ἰδὸς, ὁ, ἡ; Δεκέτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, decennalis*: ten years old or long. *Androm. 306. Lysistr. 643*.

*Δέκτης, οὔ, Δέκτω, ὄρος, ὁ, mendicis*: one who receives, a beggar. δ. 248. Eumen. 204.

*Δελιάρ, ἄτος, τὸ, esca, illecebræ*: a bait, allurements. *Δελιάρ ἀνδρὶ σὼν τρώων* Troad. 702. SYN. *Θεληγερὸν, δελκτρὸν, δελκτῆριν, ἀπάτῃ, δόλος, ἡγή*. *Ερ. Ἡδύ*.

*Δελτογράφος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, qui aliquid in pugillares refert*: recording. Eumen. 275. See *Γράφῃ*.

*Δελτοῦμαι, in memoria quasi in tabula inscribo*: to remember distinctly. *Ἄesch. Sup. 177*.

*Δέλτος, οὔ, ἡ, pugillares*: a tablet, record. Hipp. 859.

*Δελφάκιον, οὔ, τὸ, porcellus lactens*: a sucking pig. *Οἱμοι κακοδαίμων δελφάκιον γένησμαι* Thesm. 244. SYN. *Χοιριδίον*.

*Δελφάκωμαι, succresco in porcā*: to grow up into a sow. *Ἀλλὰ δελφάκωμένα* Acham. 786.

*Δελφικός, ἡ, ὄν; Δελφίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Delphicus*: belonging to Delphi. *Δελφικός ἔριφει* Orest. 1672. 1096.

*Δελφινός, οὔ, ὁ, cognomen Apollinis*; et *Δελφινίδων, οὔ, τὸ, templum ejusdem Dei*: a surname of Apollo; a temple of Apollo. *Ἦς ἐμοὶ εὐχέσθαι δελφινίῳ* H. Apoll. 495.

*Δελφιν, Δελφίς, ἰδὸς, ὁ, delphin*: a dolphin. *Δελφινός τὲ κύνας* m. 96. *Ερ. Μεγακλήτης, φιλαυλός, ἀλτρεφής, ἀλῖος, δαλκασίος, ποικιλόπρος, δαλασσοπλαγκτός*.

*Δελφίς, ἰδὸς, See Δελφικός*.

*Δελφοί, ὄν, οἱ, Delphi*: a city in Phocis. Av. 618.

*Δεμάς, τὸ, corpus*: a body, structure, form. *Δεμάς οὐχ ἔτις ἐτλη* Apoll. 1. 204. SYN. *Σώμα, χρῶς, μορφή*. *Ερ. Γεραίον, ἄγρον, ἀλλοχρὸν, ἀκελίον, κάλλιπον, κεραινίον, ὑπόπτερον, ἀποκρῶρον, ξηρόν* (Eur.), *ἀπᾶλον, αἰδλόν, ἀμερτόν, ἀερρόν, ἀλλοπρόσαλλον, λῆγρον, καρτέρον, πόλιν, τέρην, τάλακωρον, περὶκαλλές*.

*Δέμνιον, οὔ, τὸ, stratum, lectus*: a bedstead, bed, couch. *Καὶ δέμνιόν ἡμῶν* Apoll. 1. 978. SYN. *Κοίτη, στρωμνὴ, στρωμῶν, λέκτρον, λέχος*.

*Δεμνιότης, ἰδὸς, ὁ, ἡ, custos lecti*: confined to the bed. Agam. 52. See above.

*Δέμω, ædifico*: to build, construct. I. 349. SYN. *Δόμew, οὐκοδόμew, κτίζω*.

*Δενδύλλω, oculos huc illuc verto*: oculus nuo: to roll or turn the eyes upon; to beckon. I. 180.

*Δένδρεον, Δένδρον, οὔ, Δένδρος, ἰδὸς, τὸ, Ion.* arbor: a tree. N. 437. Aves I. 1066. SYN. *Ἀρός, φύτον, δάμνος*. *Ερ. Ἀγλάων, ἀγλάδοκαρπὸν, ἀνθεμῶν, αὐτοπρεμνόν, εὐκαρπὸν, ευβάλες, μακρόν, ἡκρόμν, σκίερν, στίβαρον, τάνυφυλλον, τηλέδαον, ὑψίγενές, ὑψικάρπον*.

*Δενδρήεις, εσσά, ἐν; Δενδρόκύμω, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, nemorosus*: woody. i. 200. Hel. 1113.

*Δενδρόκύμω, See above*.

*Δενδρόπῆμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, arboribus nocens*: hurtful to trees. Eumen. 926.

*Δένδρος, ἰδὸς, τὸ, See Δένδρεον*.

*Δενδρότμew, arbores excindo*: to fell wood, mow, shear. Pax 746.

*Δενδρώτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, nemorosa*: woody. Herc. F. 790.

*Δεννάζω, probris incesso*: to utter reproaches. Antig. 759. SYN. *Ὀνειδίζω, λυπέω, ὑβρίζω, λοιδορέω*.

*Δεξιᾶτης, οὔ, ὁ, Dexiades. Δεξιᾶτην ἴππων* H. 15.

*Δεξιᾶμαι, Ion. -δύμαι, dextra prehendo*; humaniter excipio: to receive with the right hand, salute courteously. *Χερσὶ τ' ἐδεξιόωντο* H. Ven. 16. SYN. *Ἀσπάζομαι, φιλοφρονέω, ευδεξιάμαι*. *Ρην. Χερσὶ οἱ χερσὶ ἀντρείσας, εν τ' ἀρὰ οἱ φύ χερσὶ*.

*Δεξιηλός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, oves excipiens*: receiving sheep for victims, opulent by means of victims. *Δεξιηλὸν εσχάσαν* Androm. 1127.

*Δεξιγυνός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, qui agilia membra habet*: alert in limb. Olymp. 9. 164.

*Δεξιός, Δεξιτέρως, ὁ, ὄν, dexter*: right, clever, auspicious. *Ἦς δεξιὸς ὄρνις* N. 821. Ω. 284. SYN. *Επιδεξιός, αἰσιός, ἀγαθός, ἐπιτήδειος*.

*Δεξισειρός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, jugali eqno ad dexterum latus alligatus*: the shaft-horse on the right side. Antig. 144.

*Δεξιότης, ἡ, dexteritas*: dexterity. Ran. 1009.

*Δεξιπύρος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, ignem suscipiens*: receiving fire. *Δεξιπύρους πόσειω* (crasis) Eur. Sup. 63, answering to *λέκτρῳ πόσειω*.

*Δέξις, εως, ἡ, modus alicujus excipiendi*: reception. Iph. A. 1182.

*Δεξιῶμα, ἄτος, τὸ, quod comiter accipimus et dextra prehendemus*: an object of salutation and welcome. Eur. fr. Bell. 15.

*Δεξιωνύμω, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, faustus, dexter*: auspicious, right. *Χερσὶ δεξιωνύμοις* Aesch. Sup. 615.

*Δέωμαι, δεήσῶμαι, (1) indigeo*: to want; (2) precor: to beseech. Ion 337. SYN. (1) *Ἀπέρωω, ενδύττω, ενδέω, χρεῖαν ἔχω*, (2) *ἀντίβωλεω, προσδύωμαι, αἰτέω, γυνάδωμαι, λίσσῶμαι*.

*Δέος, ποεῖ. Δεῖος, οὔ, τὸ, metus*: fear. Apoll. 1. 639. SYN. *Δελία, φόβος, δέμα, ὀρῶδια*. *Ερ. Ἀνταρόν, ἀτλητόν, ανών, αργαλέον, κράτερον, στυγερὸν, ὀλόν, ὀκνητόν, χλωρόν*.

*Δεπᾶς, ἄος, τὸ, poculum*: a cup. *Δεπᾶς ἡδὲς οἶνον* γ. 51. SYN. *Πιπτήριον, ἐκπωμα*. *Ερ. Ἀμφικύπελλον, ἀερρόν, περὶκαλλές, χρυσέον, ἱμερόν, Κνώσιον, χρυσόκαλπτον, ἱμπελὸν οἶνον*.

*Δεραῖον, οὔ, τὸ, torques*: a necklace, collar. Ion 1431.

*Δεράς, et Δεράμ, ἄτος, ὁ, Δερός, ἰδὸς, τὸ, co-*



rium: a hide, skin. Med. 480. 8. 440. Apoll. 2. 119. SYN. see *θύρα*. ΕΡ. *Δαφονών*, *βθειών*, *κελαιών*, *μεγά*, *νέδωρτον*, *ποδνηκίς*, *λαχνην*, *πικινόν*, *ωμόν*, *βλῆμαλλον*, *λαδών*.

*Δέρμα*, *αὐτός*, τὸ, *adspetus*: a look, aspect, gaze. Med. 190. SYN. *Βλέμμα*, *ὄψις*, *οφθαλμός*.

*Δέρη*. See *Δερίη*.  
*Δερκιδάμαι*, *Δέρκμαι*, *Δέρω*, Ion. *Δερκέσκμαι*, video: to see, behold, look. Οφρὶσι *Δερκιδώνται* Hes. Theog. 910, 911. Od. ε. 158. Apoll. 2. 911. SYN. *Ὀρῶ*, *βλέπω*, *ὀπτόμαι*, *ὄσσομαι*, *εἶδω*, *λεύσσω*, *προσλεύσσω*, *προσβλέπω*, *ἐπιβλέπω*, *κατέπτομαι*.

*Δέρμα*, *αὐτός*, τό. See *Δέρās*.  
*Δερματίνος*, η, *ὄν*, coriaceus: made of skin, leathern. Τρόποις *ἐν δερματίνον* 53.

*Δέρās*, Ion. ut vult Etym. pro *Δέρās*.  
*Δέρτρην*, ου, τὸ, omentum: the coat of fat investing the bowels, the caul. λ. 578. SYN. *Λάπαρα*, *διφθέρα*.

*Δέρω*, *δέρω*, pellem detraho: to take off the skin, flay. A. 459. SYN. *Ἀποδέρω*, *ἐκδέρω*, *δέρω*, *τίπτω*.

*Δέσμη* et *Δέσμων*, *αὐτός*, τό; *Δέσμος*, οὐ, δ, pl. *Δέσμοι* et *Δέσμη*, vinculum: a fastening, impediment, chain. 278. Pers. 751. Iph. T. 457. SYN. *Σύνδεσμος*, *ἄμμι*, *αἰνῶσις*, *πέδη*, *ἥλος*, *σειρά*. ΕΡ. *Ἀμύχανον*, *καρτέρων*, *σιδήρεον*, *σι- γάλλον*, *ἀπειρον*, *αργαλέον*, *ἀρηκτόν*, *χρυσέον*, *χάλκεον*, *ἀλτόν*, *δυμαλγές*, *ηλεκές*, *ὀλόν*, *δύσ- εξήνυστον*, *ἀδεσμον*, *ἀρυκτόν*, *διδύμον*, *ἱπικόν*, *πικρόν*, *ἀναγκαῖον*, *ἀτειρές*, *ἀπνέες*, *αυχένιον*, *αἰμό- βραφές*, *γλυκὺ*, *βαρὺ*, *λόφρον*, *μυλῶν*, *φίλιον*, *αἰκελίον*.

*Δεσμεύω*, ligo: to bind, chain. Hom. H. 6. 17. SYN. *Δέω*. PHR. *Δεσμοῖς* *κράτεροισι* *πέττειν*.

*Δέσμιος*, ου, δ, ή; *Δεσμώτης*, ου, δ; *Δεσμώτης*, ἴδως, ή, vincetus: bound, chained. Μηκεῖ' *ὡσι* *δέσμοιο*. Iph. T. 470. Aj. 105. 234. SYN. *Δέθεις*, *πέπεδημένους*, *αλλομένους*.

*Δεσπότης*, *Δεσπότης*, dominor: to rule, domineer. *Δεσπότης* *δρόνον* Trach. 367. Heracle. 884. SYN. *Κοιρανέω*, *τύραννεύω*, *ἰθύνω*, *κράττω*, *ἀρχω*, *αυσινῶω*, *κυριεύω*, *βασίλειον*, *ἀνάσσω*, *προσάττω*.

*Δεσποινά*, ης, *Δεσποίνης*, ἴδως, ή, *hera*, *regina*: a mistress, queen, lady. *Δεσποινά* *εἰς τέκν'* Ion 569. Alcest. 969. SYN. *Ἀνασσα*, *κυρία*. *Δεσποίνης*, *Δεσποίνης*, ου, δ, ή, *Δεσποτῆς*, ή, *ὄν*, *herilis*: of or belonging to a master. Aesch. Sup. 852. Iph. T. 440. Call. 6. 62.

*Δεσποτῆς*, ου, δ, *herus*, *rex*: a master, lord, king. Bacch. 1063. SYN. *Κύριος*, *κοιρανός*, *βασίλειος*, *ἄναξ*, *δεσπότης* *δέμας*.

*Δεσποτῆς*. See *Δεσποινά*.  
*Δεσποτῆς*, ου, δ, *dimin.* *ἀπρæced.* Cycl. 265.

*Δέτη*, ης, ή, *fasciculus*: a bundle, faggot. λ. 553. SYN. *Λαμπάς*, *δάς*.

*Δευκάλιον*, *ωνός*, δ, *Deucalion*: the son of Minos. Μεγαθύμου *Δευκάλιονος* τ. 180. ΕΡ. *Μεγαθύμου*.

*Δευρό*, *huc*: hither, to this time. Alcest. 1040.

*Δεύντης*. See *Δεύντης*.  
*Δεύντης*, *huc* *festinate*: come, hasten. Med. 890.

*Δευτέρια*, *secundas partes* ago: to act the second part, to be second. Eccles. 630.

*Δεύτερος*, α, *ὄν*; *Δεύτερος*, η, *ὄν*, (1) *secun-*

*du*: second, inferior: (2) *ultimus*: the last, lowest. Hipp. 438. ψ. 342. (1) *Ὀπιστέρως*, *ἀλλος*, (2) *νέατος*, *νέατος*, *ἐσχάτος*, *πρώτος*, *τελευταῖος*, *δοτῆτος*, *πάντοτε*.

*Δεῶ*, Ion. *Δενέσκω*, *maefacio*: to moisten, water, bathe. Alcest. 185. SYN. *Βρέχω*, *φύρω*, *μυλῶσω*.

*Δεῶ*, *δενέσκω*; *Δεῶ*, *δέξω*, *eege*: to want, need. Δ. 48. N. 786. Phæn. 482. SYN. *Εὐδύμαι*, *χρήζω*, *χρεῖα* *εστί*, *ἐργὸν* *εστί*.

*Δέξω*, i. q. *Δεψέω*, q. v. Eq. 24.

*Δέχομαι*, *accipio*: to take, receive. Helen. 866. SYN. *Ἀποδέχομαι*, *λαμβάνω*, *αἰρέω*.

*Δεψέω*, *depo*: to steep hides, to soften by handling or rubbing. μ. 48. SYN. *Ἐψέω*, *μυλῶσω*, *ἀπάλυνω*.

*Δέω*, *δέξω*, quasi *Δέξω*. See *Δεῶ*.

*Δέω*, *δήσω*, ligo: to tie, bind, confine. Hipp. 1232. SYN. *Δεσμεύω*, *συνάπτω*, *ἀνάδω*.

*Δή*, *sane*, *profecto*: indeed, assuredly. A. 6.

For the meaning of this particle, see Hoogeveen and Viger.

*Δήγμαι*, *αὐτός*, τό, *morsus*: a bite. Plut. 885.

*Δήμα*, *Δήρον*, Dor. *Δαρόν*, diu: long, long ago. Δῆμα φίλον ἀπὸ η. 152.

*Δῆθεν*, *Δῆθεν*, *scilicet*: forsooth, then, namely.

Orest. 1314. Δῆθεν twice in Euripides. El. 268. 274.

*Δηθύνω*, *moror*: to delay, tarry. *Δηθύνω* *ὁ* *δ'* *ἀρ' αἰὲν* Apoll. 2. 75. SYN. *Βραδύνω*, *διμῶλω*, *χρύνω*, *περίμνω*.

*Δημιώτης*, ου, δ, ή, *bello captus*: taken by an enemy, plundered. Πύρρῳ *δημιώτων* *Androm.*

105. SYN. see *Αρχμαῖος*.

*Δειανέρα*, as, ή, *Deianira*: the wife of Hercules. Trach. 105. Quantity as in Latin: *Impia quid dubitas Deianira mori*! PHR. 'H *δολώπις* *Οινέως* *κόρη*.

*Δειοπίτης*, ου, δ, *Deiopites*: *Ἀμύμονα* *Δειοπί-*

*την* λ. 420.

*Δήϊος*, α, *ὄν*, *hostilis*: hostile, raging. Πύρρῳ *δηϊοῦ* (trissyll.) *Δυρετρα* B. 415. SYN. *Εχθρό-*

*πός*, *ἐχθρός*, *πρόλεμνος*, *δυσμενής*.

*Διότῆς*, ἠδός, ή, *pugna*, *bellum*: a fight, war. *Ἐν αὐτῇ* *διότῆτι* Γ. 20. SYN. *Μάχη*, *βλή*, *ὁμίλη*, *φύλοπις*, *χάρμη*, *ἄρης*, *αὐτή*, *κλόνος*.

ΕΡ. *Λευγαλέα*, *κελῶδενή*, *ὀλδή*.

*Διῶω*, *igne et ferro vasto*, *cædo*: to ravage with hostile fire, desolate, slay. *Χαλκῷ* *διῶω* *π.* 566. SYN. *Διῶω*, *διῶω*, *φόνεω*, *εκπέρω*.

*Διφῶβος*, ου, δ, *Deiphobus*: one of the sons of Priam. *Διφῶβος* *εὐκω* X. 227. ΕΡ. *Ἰπέρ-*

*ηρόρεω*, *ἥρω*, *λεόντασις*, *διδειδής*, *διδεικέλλος*, *μεγά* *φρόνέω*, *Πριάμειος*.

*Δικτῆριος*, ου, δ, ή, *mordax*: keen, reproachful. Hec. 234.

*Δηλέωμαι*, *lædo*, *deleo*: to injure, wound, destroy. E. 102. SYN. *Βλάπτω*, *φθείρω*.

*Δήλημα*, *αὐτός*, τό, *exilium*: injury, destruction. μ. 286. SYN. *Βάθη*, *λύμη*, *ὀλεθρός*, *ἐξώμειά*, *οργή*, *λόβησις*, *φθορά*.

*Δηλῆμων*, *ὄνος*, *nocivus*; *deletor*: injurious to; a destroyer. σ. 84. SYN. *Βλάβερός*, *ἀλ-*

*τρός*, *ὀλεθριός*, *λυμῶν*.

*Δηλιάς*, *αἶδος*, ή, *Delias*: belonging to Delos.

*Διμνας* *ἐπίθα* *τὰς* *Δηλιάδας*. Ion 165.

*Δηλῖος*, α, *ὄν*, *qui est ex insula Delo*: of or belonging to Delos. Troad. 89.

*Δηλῶμαι*, Dor. pro *Βουλόμαι*. Theoc. 5. 27.

*Δηλός*, η, *ὄν*, *manifestus*: clear, manifest, distinct. Orest. 344. SYN. *Ἀριδῆλος*, *εμφάνης*,

*ἐκδηλός*, *ἐνδηλός*, *φάνερός*, *ἐναργής*, *γνωστός*, *σάφης*, *δραστός*.

*Δήλος*, ου, ή, *Delus*: an island in the Ægean sea, the birth-place of Apollo and Diana. ζ.

162. ΕΡ. *Αμφιρύτος*, *ηἰμεροσά*, *ηἰαθῆ*, *δύ-*

*εσσα*, *ἱέρα*, *κράνη*, *ἀλλήλαγκτός*, *πλαγκτή*.

*Δηλῶ*, *manifestum reddo*: to make manifest, show, declare. Orest. 725. SYN. *Ἀποδείκνυμι*, *εμφαίνω*, *φάνερῶ*.

*Δημῶν*, *populi gratiam capto*: to lead or flatter the people. Ran. 422. See below.

*Δημῶν*, *as*, ή, *populi regimen*: govern-

ment by the people. 'H *δημῶν* *γὰρ* *οὐ* *πρὸς* *μουσικοῦ* *Equit.* 191.

*Δημῶν*, *populi*: popular. popular.

*Equit.* 217. See above.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, τὸ*, *carus popellus*: dear little people. 'H *δημῶν* *καὶ* *πλειοστὰ* *πάνουργα* *δεδρακας* *Equit.* 823.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *magistratus plebis*: a tribune of the people. Nub. 37.

*Δημῶν*, *publico*: to confiscate, to vest in the people. Cycl. 119.

*Δημῶν*, *concionor*: to harangue, address the people. Eccles. 111.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *popularis*: popular. Hec. 254. SYN. *Ἀγορητής*, *δημοχάριστος*, *κόπης*, *ἡδύ-*

*λγός*, *ρίτωρ*.

*Δημῶν*, *α, ὄν*; *Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *ple-*

*biscito* in *exilium* actus: exiled by the people. *Οὐτὶν* *ἐφ'* *αἰματὶ* *δημηλάσι* *Aesch.* Sup. 7. 609.

SYN. *Δημῶν*, *δημῶν*.

*Δημῶν*, *τρός*, ή, *Ceres*: the goddess of corn and mother of Proserpine. Eur. Sup. 1. SYN. *Δημῶν*. ΕΡ. *Εὐλακάμους*, *ηἰκόμους*, *ξαν-*

*θῆ*, *σεμνὴ* *δῆος*, *πυρφόρος*, *καρποποιός*, *ἀγλαό-*

*παις*, *ἀγλαόκαρπος*, *πύλοκαρπος*, *πύτνις*, *παμμή-*

*τωρ*, *πυρφόρος*, *καλλίπλοκάμους*, *ἐσθροφάνους*, *παμμήτερά*, *εὐεῖανός*, *δῖα* *δέαν*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, τὸ*, *plebecula*: dear little people.

'Εξελεθῆ *δῆτα* *Δημῶν* *ὡς* *φιλῶν* *Equit.* 726.

*Δημῶν*, *populo sum addictus*: to court or be devoted to the people. Vesp. 697. ΕΡ. *Τῶν* *τὸν* *δημῶν* *ἀπατόντων*. SYN. *Δημῶν*.

*Δημῶν*, *δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *opifex*; *magis-*

*tratus*: a mechanic; a magistrate. *Οἱ* *δημῶν* *εργοί* *εἶσαν* τ. 135. Pax 286. SYN. *Εργάτης*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *opibus publicis abundans*: supplying public wealth. *Κτήνη* *πρόσθ'* *τὰ* *δημῶν* *πληθῆ* *Agam.* 127. See Blomf.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *quod publicatur*: confiscated. *Μισθοὺς* *καὶ* *δημῶν* *πᾶτα* *Vesp.* 657.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *adj.*, et (2) *Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *subst.*, (1) *publicus*: of the people, public, common; (2) *carنيفex*: an executioner. *Δημῶν* *οἱ* *κατ'* *ἀγῶνας* δ. 259. SYN. (1) *Δημῶν*, *ἐνδημῶν*, *κοινός*; (2) *δημῶν*, *βαβδουχός*, *ὕπνρητος*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *affabre*: in a workmanlike manner, cleverly. *Φράζε* *δημῶν* *ῥηκῶς* *Pax* 429.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *qui bona populi devorat*: people-devouring. A. 231. SYN. *Δημῶν*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *populi senior*: a senator. Γ. 149. SYN. *Βουλευτής*, *γέρων*, *βουλευφόρος*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *Demodocus*. δ. 43. ΕΡ. *Θεῖος*, *αἰδώς*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *vulgatus*, *popularis*: common, popular, notorious. *Φήμη* *γέ* *μέγιστος* *δημῶν* *Agam.* 911.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *Democoon*. Δ. 499.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *populo ratur*: ratified by the people. Agam. 444. See below.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *populi imperio servio*: to live under a popular government. *Δεῖξας* *ὡς* *δημῶν* *κράτουται* *Acham.* 640. PHR. *Λέως* *κραίνει* *ἀνε* *κλητῆρος*, *δεδήμενται* *κράτος*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *imperium populare*: a republic, democracy. 'H *δημῶν* *ταῦτά* *δῆτ'* *ἀνάσχετα* *Acham.* 618. SYN. *Τὰ* *δημῶν*, *τά* *κοινά*, *δημῶν*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *ad democratiam pertinens*: democratical, like a friend to the people. Ran. 952. See above.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *populo lapidatus*: stoned by the people, effected by being publicly stoned. Antig. 36. SYN. *Δημῶν*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *Demoleon*, the son of Antenor. γ. 395.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *qui simiam se exhibet erga populum*: ape of the people. *Καὶ* *βαμύ-*

*λῶν* *δημῶν* *πλήθων* *Ran.* 1085.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *populo factus vel decretus*: made or decreed by the people. *Τοιῶδε* *δημῶν* *ἐκ* *Aesch.* Sup. 939.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, ή, *populo jactatus*: scattered by the people. *Δημῶν* *ἐφ' αἰματὶ* *Agam.* 1606.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *populus*: the people, community, common people. B. 198. SYN. *Λαός*, *λέως*, *ὄχλος*, *πληθός*, *οἱ* *πολλοί*. ΕΡ. *Ἐτεράλης*, *κένεφρων*, *ευρύς*, *ευμείης*, *εὐνοῦν* *χθονός*, *προσάτης* *τοῦ* *βίου*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *pinguedo*: fat. φ. 204. SYN. *Ἄλοιφῆ*, *πιμῆλη*, *λίπος*, *στῆρ*. ΕΡ. *Ἀργῆς*, *πίων*, *δίπλαξ*.

*Δημῶν*, *ου, δ*, *rem publicam tracto*: to confiscate; to meddle with public affairs. *Ἀλλ'* *ὡ* *πύνηρ*



Δηϊσθμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, animus mordens: heart-piercing. Δηϊσθμὸν ἐρωτός Agam. 720., answered by βασιάνειν ἀκρόστον. SYN. Δακί-  
θμους, ἀνταρῶς, αὐτός.

Δῆσος, ἡ, δηῖος, hostilitas popularis: to ravage with hostile fire. "Ὅπως δῆσας Heracl. 995. SYN. Ἀναρῶν, δαίω, κάκω, τέμνω.

Δηριόμαι, ἀσόμεναι, Δηριόμαι, ἰσόμεναι, contendere: to contend, fight. Ἀντοὶ δηριόσων φ. 467. See also Π. 756. P. 734. Olymp. 13. 63. SYN. Μάχομαι, φιλονεικῶ, ἐρίζω, ἀμιλλάομαι, ἀγωνίζομαι.

Δηρίς, ἔως, Ion. ἰός, ἡ, pugna: contention, conflict. Περὶ δηρὶν ἔχουσιν ω. 514. SYN. Δαίς, μάχη, ἀγών, ἐρίς, νεῖκος. Ep. Ἀπειρέστια, ἀσχετός, αἰματόεσσά, ἀναιδής, ἀμελίχτος, ἀνή-  
νιτος, ἀπεχθής, ἐχθρὰ, κράτερὰ, οἰζυρὰ, οὐλομένη, σθένειν.

Δηρόεις, longævus. See Δαρῶεις.  
Δηρός, ὁ, ὅν, Att. Δαρός, diuturnus: long, lasting; et Δηρόν, Att. Δαρῶν, diu: a long time. B. 298. See Pors. on Orest. 26.

Δηρᾶ, quidem, tandem: indeed, I pray. Hec. 816.

Δήω, inveniam: I will find out. I. 418.

Δηῶ, οὗς, ἡ, See Δημήτηρ. Helen. 1342.

Δία, ας, ἡ, Dia: ancient name of Naxos. Διῶ ἐν ἀμφίρτῳ λ. 324.

Διά, cum gen. et acc., per, propter: through, by means of, on account of. "Ἐλένην ἰδοῦναι διὰ κάλων Hec. 442.

Διάβαινω, θήσεται, 2. α. ἔθω, et Διάβασκα, tra-  
jicio, incedo: to go through, go across, pass over, to stalk along. Alcest. 927. Aves 487. SYN. Διάπερῶ, ὑπερβαίνω, μετὰχωρῶ, δειμῖ, διέξευμι.

Διάβαλλω, Διάβάλλωμαι, trajicio; calumniator: to pierce through; calumniate. Heracl. 423. SYN. Διάβαινω, διάσπρω, ἀντιόμαι, λοιδορῶ, ὑβρίζω, συκοφαντῶ.

Διάβασκα. See Διάβαινω.

Διάβητης, ου, ὁ, circinus: a pair of compasses. Aves 1003.

Διάσάδωμαι, per vim compello: to force, urge strenuously. Iph. T. 1365. See Βία. SYN. Βιάζομαι, ἐξαναγκάζομαι.

Διάσσω, ἡσσω, divulgo: to proclaim. Pers. 644. SYN. Περὶθεῖω, κηρύσσω, κηρίζω.

Διάσολη, ἡς, Διάσολα, ας, ἡ, criminatio: ac-  
cusation, calumny. Eur. Sup. 417. See also Pyth. 2. 140. SYN. Λοιδόρια, αὐτιάμα.

Διάσπρω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, absumtus; act. peredens: consumed; devouring. Phil. 7.

Διάσπρωχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, madidus: drenched, bathed. Ἀφρῶ διάσπρωχοι γένειάσας Phoen. 1396. SYN. "Ἐγρὸς, νύτρερος.

Διάσπρωμι, sereno: to make serene. See Γάληνη. Equit. 643. SYN. See Γάληνω.

Διαγγέλλω, ἔλω, annuncio: to proclaim, pro-  
nounce. Helen. 435. SYN. Εξαγγέλλω, ἀπαγ-  
γέλλω, διασώσω.

Διάγῃλω, ὅσω, derideo: to deride. Bacch. 272. See Γέλω. SYN. Κατάγῃλω, χλευάζω, γέφυρίζω.

Διαγνώσκω, διαγνώσσομαι, et Διανώμι, per-  
nosco, dignosco: to know thoroughly, discern, determine. Εἰς διαγνώσκοντες Ψ. 240. Eumen. 699. SYN. Γινώσκω, διακρίνω.

Διαγυλάσσω, mico: to shine. Εκ πέρτης ἀνιούσά διαγυλάσσωσι δ' ἀπαρτοί Apoll. 1. 1280. SYN. Διὰλαμπα, φωτίζω.

Διάγνομαι. See Διανώσκω.

Διάγνομαι, ἔως, ἡ, dijudicatio: decision, dis-  
cernment. Τὴν διαγνώσιν κράτει Hipp. 693.

Διάγραφο, describo: to describe, delineate, set down. "Ὅτι πεντήλαντος διαγράψαται μοι δίκη Nub. 774.

Διάγρυπνέω, insomnem noctem transigo: to pass a sleepless night. Ran. 931. See Ἀγρυπ-  
νέω. SYN. Ἀγρυπνέω, διαγρυπνέω.

Διάγω, ξω, trajicio; vitam dego: to lead through, conduct; live. Eur. fr. Antiope. 39. 4. See ἄγω. SYN. Διάβαινω, διατρέπω, διαβίω.

Διάγωνίζομαι, certo ad extremam dimica-  
tionem, decerto: to contend to the end, combat. Ran. 794. See Ἀγωνίζομαι. SYN. Ἀγωνίζομαι, ἀμιλλάομαι.

Διάδοσκα, σόμεναι, distribuo: to distribute, divide. Hes. Theog. 881. SYN. See Δάδομαι.

Διάδοπτω, dilacero: to pierce through, tear. φ. 398. SYN. Δάπτω, διακόπτω, τέμνω.

Διάδωμι, disperior: to divide for oneself, appropriate. Διὰ κτήσιν δαίτοντο E. 158.

Διάδεκτω, ὁρός, ὁ, hereditas acceptus: here-  
ditary. Ion 481. SYN. Πατρός, ἐγκληρός.

Διάδεκμαι, perspicio: to see through, discern. E. 344. SYN. See Θεάομαι et Δέρκομαι.

Διάδετος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victus: bound. Sept. Th. 115. SYN. Δέτος, δέσιμος.

Διάδεχομαι, excipio: to succeed to another. Trach. 30. SYN. Εκδέχομαι, παρδέχομαι.

Διάδωμι, lacerare: to injure greatly, tear asunder. Theoc. 24. 83. SYN. Δηλέωμαι, λυμάνομαι, σίνωμαι, βλάπτω.

Διάδωρσκα, διαδρῶσμαι, aufugio: to escape. Νεανίας δ' οἶος σὺ διαδρῶσκα Acharn. 601.

Διάδωμι, tradere, tradere per manus, distri-  
bue; doceo: to disseminate, distribute; teach. Troad. 117. See Διδωμι. SYN. Ἀναδιδωμι, διασπείρω.

Διάδωμι, currum ago per: to drive the  
chariot across. Orest. 984. See Δίφρω.

Διάδοχος, ἡς, ἡ, quicquid fit per vices: suc-  
cession. Hec. 1141.

Διάδοχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, successor, vicarius; aux-  
iliarius: successor, substitute; alleviating. P. V. 473. SYN. Διαδέξαμενος.

Διάδρασιπύλιτος, ὢν, οἱ, qui reipublice munia  
subterfugunt: those who decline to perform the  
offices of the state. Καὶ μὴ διαδρασιπύλιτος Ran. 1014.

Διάδρομος, ἡς, ἡ, discursus: a running about,  
consternation. Διαδρόμων ἐμαλμῶν Sept. Th. 344.

Διάδω, Διάδωνω, subeo per medium, elaboro:  
to pass through, escape. Vesp. 352. See Δύω.

Διάφωμι, διαβαίνω, ἀποφύγω.

Διάφωμι, εἰσόμεναι, perspicio, exhibeo me;  
cognosco: to show oneself distinctly; put to  
trial, ascertain. Θ. 535.

Διάφω, εἰσώ, εἰσόμεναι, cantando decerto: to  
contend with in singing. Ἀλλὰ γὰρ τοὶ διαφώμαί  
Theoc. 5. 22.

Διάφω, διαφύω, Ion. Διαφύωσκω, omnem vitam  
transigo: to live by means of, continue to the  
end of life. Ορθῶς διαφύω τὸν βίον Iph. A. 924.

Apoll. 1. 1074. SYN. Ζάω, βίω, διαφύω.

Διάφωμι, ζεύω, disjungo: to separate.

"Ἦτις ἀν' διαφύω Troad. 671.

Διάφω, excoquo: to examine thoroughly.

Εἰς διεξήγημένους Thesm. 438. SYN. Ἀναγνῶν, ἀνακρίνω, ἐξετάζω.

Διάμμι, perfluo: to blow through. Ἀπάλ-  
χρὸς οὐ διάμμι Hes. Op. 517. SYN. Δάω.

Διάθειω, sulphure perfumo: to purify or  
fumigate with sulphur. χ. 494. SYN. Θυμῶ, ἐπιθυμῶ, καθάριζω.

Διάθηκη, ἡς, ἡ, foedus: an agreement, cove-  
nant, will. Vesp. 582. SYN. Σπονδή, συν-  
θήκη.

Διάθλιω, premo: to oppress, afflict. Φῶτα  
διαθλίσουσιν ἀνταί Call. Ep. 10. SYN. Ἐπιθλίω, πῖεω.

Διάθρεω, perspicio: to see through, investigate,  
observe. Καὶ τοὺς ἀνέμους διαθρήσαι Equit. 543. SYN. Ἀθρεῶ.

Διάθροπτα, diffingo; deliciis frango: to break  
to pieces, bruise; to corrupt or render effemi-  
nate. Τριχῶς τε καὶ τετραχῶς διαθρόπην Γ. 363. SYN. Διαθρήγνυμι, κατάθρήγνυμι, διατρέπω, ἀλοιῶ, συγκόπτω.

Διαθύσσω, irruo: to rush, to drive as a gale. Olymp. 7. ult. SYN. Αἰθύσσω, ἐπισκίπτω.

Διάμμι, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinolentus: soaked in  
blood, bloody. Hec. 654. SYN. Δάφωμι.

Διάνω, ἀνῶ, humecto: to moisten, sprinkle,  
bathe. Διάλυσθαι Πέρσαι Pers. 263, answered  
by γήραιος ἀκούειν. SYN. Βρέχω, ὑγραίνω, πλύνω.

Διαρῆσις, ἔως, ἡ, divisio: division, distinguish-  
ing, reckoning. Eumen. 752. SYN. Νόμη, μέριμνα, διαμύς.

Διαρέτω, ἡ, ὅν, quod dividi potest; divisus:  
divisible; divided, distinct. Trach. 166.

Διαρῶ, divido: to separate, distinguish. Eur. El. 839. SYN. Διακόπτω, διαθρήγνυμι, διά-  
μεριζω.

Διάστω, memoriam alieuius aboleo: to  
erase, obliterate. Αὐτὴν δηϊστωσέ Trach. 883. SYN. Ἀποσώ, ἀφάνίζω.

Διατά, ἡς, ἡ, vitæ ratio; victus: mode of  
living; living, livelihood. Pyth. 1. 182. See  
below. SYN. Βίος, βιότης, βιότης.

Διατάω, arbitrum sum, adjudico; med. vitam  
dego: to adjudge, award; spend one's life. Φιλήματ' αἰνῶ διατά Theoc. 12. 34. SYN. Βράβειω, κρίνω, διαζῶ, διάγω, διατρέπω.

Διάκνῶ, ξω, cum murmure infundo; to  
pour in with a noise. Μῶν τὸν λάρυγγά διέκ-  
ναζέ σοι κῶλος Cycl. 157.

Διάκωνιάω, sortior: to draw lots. "Ἡ δια-  
κωνιάωσι πότρου Pax 1081.

Διάκνῶ, ὅσω, diffindo: to cleave asunder. o. 321. SYN. Διασχίζω, κέδω, διατέμνω.

Διάκειμαι, κελσώμι, dispositus sum: to be  
disposed, behave, be situated. Troad. 113. SYN. Πάσχω, ἔχω.

Διάκνῶ, κέρω et κέρσω, detondeo: to shear,  
crop off, frustrate. Θ. 8. SYN. Ἀποκείρω, κείρω, ἀναίρω, ἀνατρέπω.

Διάκνῶ, frustra: in vain. Troad. 753. SYN. Αὐτως, ἄλλως, μάτην.

Διάκνῶ, in minutis partes seco; moneta  
permuto: to cut into small pieces, mince; get  
change for. Ελθὼν διέκνῶμιζεν ἐν τοῖς ἰχθύσι Vesp. 789. SYN. Κερματίζω, διαθρίπτω.

Διάκνῶ, permovo: to stir up, agitate. Nub. 477. See Κινῶ. SYN. Κινῶ, ἐξορῶ.

Διάκνῶ, ὅσω, frango: to break to pieces, cut  
through, snap asunder. Χερσὶ διακλάσας E. 214. SYN. Θραύω, ἀποθραύω, διαθρίπτω.

Διάκνῶ, sorte distribuo: to distribute or  
appoint by lot. "Ὡς ἐφ' ἐκδοτὴν διέκνῶσεν  
Æsch. Sup. 975. SYN. Ἀποκλήρω, διακωνιάω, λαγχάνω.

Διάκνῶ, alluo: to wash. Νότιδι διακνῶζει  
μέλας Iph. T. 107.

Διάκνῶ, contero, corrumpo: to gnaw  
through, goad, annoy, corrupt. Ψυχὴν ἤλαθεν  
διέκνῶσαι (paremic) Heracl. 297. SYN. Δια-  
φθέρω, κάκισσω, λωθῶμαι, μίαινω, τήκω, ἀμαυρῶ.

Διάκνῶ, regis more obo: to give orders,  
to marshal. Πόλεως διακονῶντα Δ. 230. SYN. Κοιρανῶ, διατάσσω, διέπω, διέρχομαι, δια-  
κοσμέω.

Διάκνῶ, famulus: to minister, wait upon.  
Διακονεῖσθαι γαστρί Phil. 287. SYN. Αμφιπό-  
λεω, δουλεύω, δειπάω, ἐπουργέω, ἐπηρεῖω.

Διακονικός, ἡ, ὅν, promptus ad exsequendum  
ministerium: prompt to supply, serviceable. "Ἦν  
εὐθὺς διακονικός εἶναι δοκῆς Plut. 1171.

Διάκνῶ, ου, ὁ, famulus; inprimis, qui cibos  
ministrat: an attendant, minister. "Ὅρνυ' ἰν'  
ἀκούουθον διακονῶν τ' ἐχοί Av. 73. SYN. Αμ-  
φιπόλεος, διάκτωρ, παῖς, ὑπηρέτης.

Διάκνῶ, discindo: to cut asunder, separate.  
Anacr. 28. 15. SYN. Κόπτω, ἀνασχίζω, διαθρήγ-  
νυμι.

Διάκνῶ, stupro: to deflower, violate. Thesm. 487. SYN. Διαφθέρω, κάτασχίζω.

Διάκνῶ, strepitum edere ego: to cause to  
rumble, to shake with a rumbling noise. Αὐ-  
τὴν διέκορκερῶσσε Nub. 386. SYN. Κορκερῶ-  
γέω, ἡχέω.

Διάκνῶ, divido, dispono, rego: to divide,  
arrange, marshal. B. 126.

Διάκνῶ, clamo: to cry out. Πόρναισι καὶ  
βάλανέσι διακνῶσθαι Equit. 1403. SYN. Κράζω, διασώω, ἀνακλάω.

Διάκνῶ, e fonte refundo: to pour forth  
from a pipe, pour fresh. Πῶμα διέκνῶσθαι  
Νόμφα Theoc. 7. 154.

Διακρίδω, præcipue; discrete, distincte:  
chiefly; preferably, decidedly. Σθενέ τε δια-  
κρίδω εἶναι O. 108.

Διακρίνω, discerno: to separate, distinguish,  
discern. Ξεῖνέ διακρίνει τὸ σῆμα δ. 195. SYN. Διόριζω, διαίρω, ἀφορίζω, ἀνακρίνω.

Διακρίσις, ἔως, ἡ, discretio, dijudicatio: deci-  
sion, determination. Τελεῖται διακρίσις Ἀλκί-  
νοιο Apoll. 4. 1169. SYN. Γνώμη, ψήφος.

Διακρίτω, subgito: to commit fornication  
with. "Ἀπαρτὲς αὐτὴν διέκρυσσάν τε" en μέρει  
Cycl. 179.

Διακρίτω, ας, ἡ, ministerium: the office of a  
herald, ministry. Musæ. 6. SYN. Αγγέλια, δουλευμᾶ.

Διάκνῶ, ου, ὁ, minister; internuncius,  
epith. Mercurii: a servant; messenger, inter-  
preter. B. 103. SYN. Διάκνῶς, ἀγγέλιος.

Διάκνῶ, impedio: to hinder, prevent. Al-  
cest. 33. See Κωλύω. SYN. Κωλύω, ἐπέχω.

Διάκνῶ, 2. a. ἐλάχων, sortito divido: to  
decide by lot. Θεοκτὶ σιδήρω δῶμα διαλάχων  
τόδε Phoen. 66. SYN. Διακλήρω, διαμερίζω.

Διάκνῶ, ἡσσω, cum sonitu dissilio: to burst  
asunder with a noise, explode. Διακνῶσθαι  
πρὸς αὐτὸ (paremic) Nub. 409. SYN. Δια-  
θρίπτω.

Διάκνῶ, colloquor: to converse with. Cycl. 174. See Λάλω.

Διάλαβαν, λήφθαι, divido: to separate, distinguish. Eur. El. 373.

Διάλαμπω, illucesco: to shine through or abroad. Plut. 744. SYN. Εκλάμπω, ἐκλάμπω, διαφαίνωμαι.

Διαλγής, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, qui perdolet, luctificus: sorrowful, grievous. Choeph. 62. SYN. Γόερὸς, βάρπενθης, βάρβαλγης.

Διάλογμαι, loquor, dissero: to speak, converse with, reason. A. 407. SYN. Ἀγόμεναι, ἀκριβολογέσθαι.

Διάλογω, deligo: to choose, distinguish, ascertain. Lysist. 720. SYN. Διακρίνω, διορίζω.

Διάλειχω, lingo: to lick clean. Vesp. 899.

Διάλειψις, ἔως, ἡ, sermocinatio: elocution, converse. Nub. 316. SYN. Διατρίβη, ὁμιλία, ῥήσις, λόσχη, δῆριος.

Διαλεκτολογέσθαι, argue: to argue with subtlety. Nub. 1498. SYN. Διαλέγθωμαι.

Διαλεπτὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, pertenuis: very slender. Nub. 16. SYN. Λεπτὸς.

Διαλλαγή, ἡς, ἡ; Διάλλαγμα, ἄδς, τὸ, reconciliatio: reconciliation, mediation. Tās diallagas Phoen. 386. Helen. 585. SYN. Εἰρήνη, συναλλαγή, φίλια, μετὰβόλη.

Διαλλακτής, οὐ, Διαλλακτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, reconciliator: a reconciler. Phoen. 478. Sept. Th. 909.

Διαλλάσσω, ex, muto; reconcilio: to exchange; reconcile. Alcest. 14. SYN. Αλλάσσω, συναλλάσσω, μεταλλάσσω.

Διалуμαίνωμαι, noceo; dilanio: to injure, dishonour; mangle. Χρησμοὶ ἀδικοὶ διελυμάνθη Hipp. 1346. SYN. Βλάπτω, βάπτω.

Διάλυσις, ἔως, ἡ, dissolutio: dissolution, the putting an end to, termination. Τῶνδε διαλύσις κακῶν Phoen. 448. SYN. Διαλλάγη, ἐκλύσις.

Διάλυω, λύω, dissolvō: to dissolve, unfasten, dismiss. Orest. 1696. See Λύω. SYN. Λύω, ἐκλύω, κατάρτω, διαλλάσσω.

Διαλιφένω, farina opple: to fill entirely with meal. Διαλιφένω σου κύκλω Nub. 669.

Διάμειβω, in cinerem redigo: to reduce to ashes. Πάλιν διημειβέν Agam. 797. SYN. Ἀμείβω, q. v.

Διάμειψω, ex, subigo, pinso: to knead, bake. Av. 463. SYN. Ἀνάμειψω, διαπλάττω.

Διάμειχμαι, μάχεσθαι vel μάχομαι, depugno: to fight against. Plut. 448. See Μάχομαι. SYN. Μάχομαι, ἀνθιστάμαι, ἀντιφέρωμαι, ἀντιμάχομαι, ἀντίχω, διάγωνίζομαι, ἀντάγωνίζομαι, ἐναντιόδομαι, ισχυρίζομαι.

Διάμω, demeto: to cut asunder with a sickle, tear off or asunder. Λάπρην διάμωσέ χιτῶνα Γ. 359. SYN. Ἀμω (q. v.), ἀποτέμνω, διασχίζω, ἀποθέρω.

Διάμωθι, dimitto e manibus: to dismiss, leave to, throw aside, neglect. Eur. El. 978. See Ἀφίημι, ἡμί.

Διάμειψω, ψω, commuto: to change one place for another, pass through. Iph. T. 400. See Ἀμείβω. SYN. Μετάβαλλω, ἐπαναλλάττω.

Διάμειψις, membratim: limb by limb, in pieces. Τὸς δὲ διαμειψισὶ τὰ μὲν 1. 291.

Διάμετρος, dimetior: to measure out. Χῶρον μὲν πρῶτον διέμετρον Γ. 315. SYN. Ἀνάμετρος, διαμετρώ.

Διάμετρος, ὁ, ὅν, dimensus: measured. Διάμετρος ἐνὶ χῶρῳ Γ. 344.

Διάμετρος, οὐ, ἡ (sc. γραμμὴ), diameter: a

measure across, a diameter. Καὶ διὰμέτρον καὶ σφῆρας Ran. 799.

Διάμυρξω, femora diduco s. divarico: to divide or part the thighs. Aves 669.

Διάμυρξάωμαι, fabricor: to contrive, discover. Διάμυρξάωμαι δ' ὅπως Equit. 917.

Διάμυρξάωμαι, exili voce canillo: to sing with a lamenting or whining voice. Thesm. 100. See Μυρίξω. SYN. Μυρίξω, δρηνέω.

Διάμυρξάω, divido: to tear to pieces, deal out. Hipp. 1373. SYN. Διαβάττωμαι, διαρέω, μέριζω.

Διάμυρξάω, penitus; semper; utrinque: right through, entirely; always; on both sides. Bacch. 982. See below. SYN. Διαπαντός, πάντως, διπνέω.

Διάμυρξάω, penitus; perpetuo: quite through, entirely; ever. Εἰθὲ σου διαμυρξέ Philoct. 791. SYN. Πάντη, παντέλως, τέλειως.

Διάμυρξάω, enarro: to relate, record. P. V. 915. See Μυρξάω. SYN. Διαλέγθωμαι, διέξευμι.

Διάμυρξάω, labra distorto: to turn the mouth awry, to distort. Vesp. 1315.

Διάμυρξάω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, seorsum positus, discrepans: very different. Τὸ διαμυρξάω P. V. 570, answering to τὸ ἐφαμένον.

Διάμυρξάω, bifariam, ex duobus alter: in two ways, one of two things only. Λαοῖσι δὲ διάνδιχα μερμήριζεν A. 189.

Διάμυρξάω, divido: to divide, distribute. Plut. 510. SYN. Ἀπομυρξάωμαι, διαδίδωμι.

Διάμυρξάω, ἄδς, τὸ, nutatio: a beckoning. Thesm. 122.

Διάμυρξάω, transeo: to pass through. Pyth. 12. 44.

Διάμυρξάω, mente agito, paro: to turn over in the mind, design, intend. Eccles. 769. SYN. Αἰσθάνομαι, διαγυγνίσκω.

Διάμυρξάω, as, ἡ, mens: mind, thought, sense. Ἀγῶθι διάνοιᾶ πολέτας Eumen. 1011. SYN. Νῆμα, ἐπινόα, γνώμη, λόγισμός, ἀσθησις, νομὴ, φρήν, νόος, πράξις.

Διάμυρξάω, a, ὅν, ex adverso penetrans: penetrating through, fatal. Ion 766.

Διάμυρξάω, exhauro vel sentinam, perfero: to endure, sustain. Herc. F. 1365. SYN. Ἀπαντλέω, ἀνὰτλημι, ἀνήμεναι.

Διάμυρξάω, perficio: to finish, bring to an end. Ἰππίους διήρως Eur. El. 825. SYN. Ἄνω, ἀπεργάζομαι, τέλειω, κατεργάζομαι.

Διάμυρξάω, carmino, distraho: to card, tear asunder, distract. Ταῖς ἀρχαῖσι διαζῆναι Lysist. 578. SYN. Διάλυω, ζάινω, θλίβω, ἀναίρω, διακόπτω.

Διάμυρξάω, digladio: to attack with the sword. Ὅς Μήδοισι διεξιφίσω Equit. 781. SYN. Πολέμω, διαμάχομαι.

Διάμυρξάω, collector: to struggle, contend. Equit. 572. See Πάλας.

Διάμυρξάω, sortior: to fix by lot, allot. Sept. Th. 738. SYN. Πάλλω, διακλινώ.

Διάμυρξάω, in partes minutas dissecō: to cut to pieces. Ξανθὸν δὲ κρατὰ διέκλινον καὶ βάφας Phoen. 1176.

Διάμυρξάω, distendo clavis affixum: to stretch on stakes fixed in the ground, peg down. Διαπαττάλευσθαι χάμα Equit. 371. SYN. Εκτείνω.

Διάμυρξάω, valde esurio: to be very hungry, starve. Acharn. 751. See Πενώω.

Διάμυρξάω, as, ἡ, experientia: a trial, experience.

Διάμυρξάω, Olym. 4. 29, answering to χάριτον ἑκατὶ τόνδ' ὅκωμ. SYN. Εμπειρία, πέριξ, βάσανος, κίνδυνος.

Διάμυρξάω, transadigo: to pierce through. Phoen. 26. SYN. Πείρω, ἀνὰμυρξάω, ἐμπερνύω.

Διάμυρξάω, ad finem perduco: to bring to an end. Androm. 333. SYN. Τέλειω, ἀπεργάζομαι.

Διάμυρξάω, διασώ, trajicio; e vagina stringo: to convey across; unsheath. Κόλων ἐρυστὰ διέπειρυσθ' ἔφη Aj. 730. Andr. 1248. SYN. Διαβαίνω, διαγώ, διέρχομαι, ἐκπέρω.

Διάμυρξάω, διαπορθέω, devasto: to plunder, demolish. H. 32. Helen. 111. SYN. Ἀνὰτρεπω, αἰστώ, δηλώ.

Διάμυρξάω, διαπέναντι, ἀσω, pando: to expand, open. Lysist. 732.

Διάμυρξάω, perscrutor: to ask or inquire thoroughly. Agam. 808. SYN. Ἀναζητέω, ἀνακρίνω, διακρινώμαι.

Διάμυρξάω, pinguefacio: to fatten thoroughly. Βότῶνας διαπανθείσας Theoc. 16. 91. SYN. Πάινω, λίπαινω.

Διάμυρξάω, elabo: to fall asunder, fall away, escape. Equit. 692. SYN. Διαδυσθάνω, ὑπεκφεύγω, ἀποτρυγῶ.

Διάμυρξάω, ex, intertexo; finio: to entwine; end. Aves 755. See Περὶπλέω. SYN. Εμπλέκω, συμπλέκω.

Διάμυρξάω, ex, ictu perfringo: to dash to pieces. Ἐπειτὰ διαπλήσσοντες Ἀχαιοὶ Ψ. 120.

Διάμυρξάω, οὐ, ὁ, (1) huc et illuc delatus: sailing about; (2) subst. tractatus, transmissio: sailing across, passage. Καὶ πάντοχοι δὲ διαπλύνω Pers. 382.

Διάμυρξάω, pernavigo: to sail across, navigate. Κεῖθεν δὲ διαπλυνούσιν Ἀέαντων Call. 4. 288. SYN. Διαπλύνω, διαβαίνω, διέρχομαι.

Διάμυρξάω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, transmarinus: across the sea. Theoc. 14. 55.

Διάμυρξάω, See Διαπέρω.

Διάμυρξάω, conficio; transigo cum aliquo: to finish, execute, kill; treat with. Πλουτοῦσι διαπράττουσι νικῶν δικας Equit. 93. SYN. Ἀπεργάζομαι, κατεργάζομαι.

Διάμυρξάω, ex, ὁ, ἡ, eximius: distinguished, conspicuous. Iph. A. 1487. See below. SYN. Ἐξόχως, υπερίσχυς, ἐξαιρέτως, ἐκκρίτως, ἐκδηλός, ἐπίσημος.

Διάμυρξάω, conspicuus sum: to be distinguished, excel. 'Hr' ἀρὰ πάντων διαπρέπεις αὐσχίαι Alcest. 658. SYN. Μεταπρέπω, διαφέρω, πρόχω, υπέρχω, υπερβαίνω, υπερβάλλω, υπέρνυρόω.

Διάμυρξάω, serra dissecō: to saw asunder. Πόσον διδωσ' ἦρ' εἰ διαπρισθεῖν δίχα Pax 1262. SYN. Εμπρίω, διαπρίω.

Διάμυρξάω, a, ὅν, late porrectus; late sonans, clarus: far extended; loud, clear. 'Husen δὲ διαπρυσίον P. 247. SYN. Αὐθής, διαπρός.

Διάμυρξάω, poit' διαπτοίω, perterrefacio: to alarm. Ἐπέσοι διεπτοίωσ' ἡναικάς σ. 339. SYN. Πτόω, εκδειμάτω, εκκλητῶ, κατὰπλήττω.

Διάμυρξάω, ex, evolvo: to unfold, explain. Οὔτοι διαπυρρύνεσθαι Antig. 709. SYN. Ἀναπτύσσω, διόλω, διασφύω, φανέρω, ἐξάπλω.

Διάμυρξάω, ἡς, ἡ, volumen: a fold. Γραμμάτων διαπύχθω Iph. T. 794.

Διάμυρξάω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, igne exandefactus: ignited, fiery. Διάμυρξάω δ' ἐστὶν καλῶς Cycl. 626. SYN. Ἐμυρξάω, θερμός.

Διάμυρξάω, accendo: to kindle, reduce to ashes. Τροίαν γὰρ διέπυρρυσσεν Cycl. 690. SYN. Διακαίω, καίω.

Διάμυρξάω, διαβαίνω, respergo: to shed; sprinkle all over. Κρουνοὶ διεβαίνοντο Trach. 14.

Διάμυρξάω, dinumero: to enumerate. Ψήφους διηριθμῶσέ Iph. T. 967. SYN. Κατὰριθμέω, κατὰλέγω, διαλέγωμαι.

Διάμυρξάω, εἶσω, sufficio: to be sufficient or equal to, resist, prevail. Sept. Th. 842. SYN. Ἀρκέω, ἐφαρκέω, ἐπαρκέω, βοηθέω.

Διάμυρξάω, disjungo: to tear asunder. Orest. 1452. SYN. Ἀποζεύγνυμι, ἀποσπῶ, χωρίζω.

Διάμυρξάω, ἀσω et ἀζω, discerpo: to snatch away by force, plunder, tear. Π. 355. SYN. Συναρπάζω, διασπῶ, διασπάρδω, ἀναρπάζω.

Διάμυρξάω, See Διαβαίνω.

Διάμυρξάω, vasto: to break to pieces, shatter. Νῆα διαβαίνουσι μ. 290. SYN. Διαπέρω, διαίστω, διαφθείρω.

Διάμυρξάω, βεύσσομαι, perfuso: to flow through, vanish. Aj. 1266. SYN. Κατάρρῶ, διαλύωμαι, διαφθείρομαι, ἔρρω.

Διάμυρξάω, diffingo: to tear asunder; burst. Aj. 834. SYN. Ἀναρρήγνυμι, συντρίβω, σχίζω.

Διάμυρξάω, διαρρίπτω, διαρρίπτω, διαρρίπτω, disjicio: to toss about, scatter, hurl. Thesm. 773. Vesp. 59. I. 575. SYN. Διασκεδάννυμι, ἀπορρίπτω, κατὰσάλλω, ἐκτίνω.

Διάμυρξάω, ἡς, ἡ, meatus; canalis anime: a passage through, channel; windpipe. Hee. 565.

Διάμυρξάω, cum strepitu excito: to cause to spread like the noise of a torrent. Sept. Th. 176.

Διάμυρξάω, cum stridore ruo s. transfigo: to rush or pierce with a whizzing noise. Trach. 568.

Διάμυρξάω, ita ut diffuatur seu diluatur: in streams. Πέπρηγ' οὐ διαρρύνει Choeph. 61.

Διάμυρξάω (usit. in perf.), diffuio: to flow away, waste away. Πρὶν διερρύνεσθαι Vesp. 1156. SYN. Διαρρῶ.

Διάμυρξάω, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, disruptus: broken asunder, rifted. Iph. T. 262. SYN. Ἀπορρῶ.

Διάμυρξάω, in frusta concido: to cut into small pieces, devour. Διαρτῶμαι σῶμας P. V. 1059.

Διάμυρξάω, lascivum ago: to move lasciviously. Ὅσι προβάς τρυφῶν τὶ διασάλλων Vesp. 1169. SYN. Ἐρυνόμαι, διαθρόνυμαι.

Διάμυρξάω, clare explico: to explain distinctly, prove. Phoen. 409. See Σάφης. SYN. Φανέρω, δηλώ.

Διάμυρξάω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, illustris: distinguished. Philoct. 212. SYN. Ἐπίσημος, λαμπρός, φανερὸς.

Διάμυρξάω, ὦν, τὰ, festum in honorem Jovis Milichii Athenis: a festival in honour of Zeus Melichios. Τούτ' ἐστὶν Διάμυρξάω Nub. 408.

Διάμυρξάω, retico: to pass over in silence. Ol. 13. 130. See Σιγή.

Διάμυρξάω, conticesco: to keep silent or secret. Ἐμελλέ δ' αὐτὰ διασάλλωντας ἀνέ Ion 1566.

Διάμυρξάω, persulto: to bound along. Κέλευθ' ἀσκαίροντες ἔποντο Apoll. I. 574.

Διάμυρξάω, olitor, imitator, deinde Euripidem σκανδικὸν ἀπὸ τοῦ filium (vox Aristoph.); to





drive away; manage. B. 207. SYN. Διάττασθαι, ἀπευθύνω, ἀμφέπω, διατίθημι, διοικέω, καθιστάμαι, διώκω, κυβερνάω.

Διερράδωμαι, conficere: to work through, despatch, kill. Hec. 373. SYN. Κάτεργάζωμαι, διαχράσμαι, ἀναίρω, διαφείρω.

Διέρρω. See Διέρρω.

Διέρειδωμαι, innitor: to kneel or rest upon, to be propped or supported. Troad. 151. SYN. Ερείδωμαι, στηρίζωμαι.

Διέρεσσω, f. διέρεσσω, remigo per: to row, wave. Troad. 1249.

Διέρως, α, ὄν, humidus: wet, pliant, quick. Οἰτῶς ἀνὴρ διέρως βρότος ζ. 201. SYN. Μυδαλέως, νύτῳς, νέχχως, χλωρός.

Διέρπω, penetro reptando: to creep and pass through. Antig. 265.

Διέρχουμαι, διελκυσάμαι, transeo: to go through, reach, survey. F. 198. SYN. Διείρχουμαι, διέειμι, διαβαίω, παρέρχουμαι.

Διευνάω, consopio: to lull to sleep. Hipp. 1377. SYN. Ευνάω.

Διέχω, έξω, distraho; cedo; disto; intervenio: to divide; give way; be distant; to intervene. T. 416. SYN. Διέρχουμαι, διαρρήγνυμι, κάταρρηγνυμι, διόττωμι.

Δίχημαι, δίχω, Δίζωμαι, quæro, dubito: to seek, look for, doubt. Απτόθεν διζήμενος E. 168. SYN. Ζήτηω, ἀνερυνάω, ἀμφιβάλλω, διαστάω, ἀμφιβάλλω.

Δίζω, έξω, δι, bijugis; duplex: a couple; double. Δίζωγες ἵπποι K. 473. SYN. Διπύχως, διπλῶς.

Διηγέδωμαι, narro: to relate, declare. Aves 198. SYN. Εξηγέδωμαι, εξιστόρω, διαμυμνέω, ἀπαγγέλλω, μνηύω, διέειμι, φράζω.

Διέρπας, α, ὄν, per aërem: through the air. Apoll. 2. 225.

Δίηκω, pervenio: to go, stretch through, penetrate through. Iph. A. 426. SYN. Διείμι, διαστείχω.

Διήλυστος, έως, η, transitus: a passage across, ferry. Πόντος διήλυστος ένθα Apoll. 4. 1573.

Διημέκω, Διημέκεις, jugi et continuo tenore: continuously, in a continued series. δ. 836. Hom. Ap. 255. SYN. Συνέχω, αεί.

Διημέκεις, έως, δ, η, continuus, perpetuus: continued, uninterrupted, unbroken. Ατράπτοι τῇ διημέκεις v. 195. SYN. Μάκρως, συνέχης.

Διημέμω, ου, δ, η, vento expositus: exposed to the wind. Trach. 326. SYN. Ύψηλως, έρημω.

Διηρῆς, έως, τδ, summa pars ædificii: an elevated part, the top of the house. Es διηρῆς έσχάτον Phœn. 88. "Διηρῆς, Αττικῶς, τδ υπερῶπον τδ δε κατάγειον ξυνοικία λέγεται": Steph. Thes. tom. 11. p. 1218. A.

Διήκτος, ου, δ, η, anceps: double-edged. Διήκτος εν σφαγίῳ P. V. 888. SYN. Διέβλως, ἀμφιβλῶς.

Διθρόνως, et Διοκλήτρως, ου, δ, η, duas sedes, et duo sceptrā habens: having two thrones, two sceptres. Διθρόνου Διόθεν καὶ Διοκλήτρου Ag. 42.

Διθύραμβος, ου, δ, η, dithyrambicus poeta: a dithyrambic poet. Ψυχὰς δὲ ἡ τρεῖς διθύραμβος διδάσκαλος Pax 827.

Διθύραμβος, ου, δ, (1) nomen Bacchi (vid. Βάκχος): a name of Bacchus; (2) dithyrambus, carmen Baccho sacrum: a dithyramb, or song dedicated to Bacchus. Τῶν διθύραμβων γὰρ τὰ Aves 1388.

Διάνω, dormio: to sleep. Herc. F. 1048. See Ιάω, SYN. Ιάω, καθένω.

Διτμήμι, transmittō: to send or drive through. Phœn. 1108. See ἴμμι.

Διπνέωμαι, διπνέωμαι, pervenio, oratione percurro: to go through, penetrate, explain, relate. Διπνέω καὶ κατέλεξας T. 186. SYN. Διέειμι, διέρχουμαι, καθισκνέωμαι, καθήκω, διηγέδωμαι.

Διπνέτης, έως, δ, η, a Jove delapsus: fallen from Jupiter, pure, liquid. Σπερχεῖσι δὲ Διπνέτος Π. 174. SYN. Πρανής, διαφάνης, διανής.

Διπνέω, καθισκνέωμαι, καθήκω, διηγέδωμαι.

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law-suit, trial. Τῆς δικῆς ἡσώμενον Ion 1117.

Δίκη is frequently personified by the Greek poets. SYN. Κρίσις, ποιητή, τιμωρία, ἐγκλημά, δέξις. Ερ. 194, σκόλια, δόξα, λευσιμός, ξίφη-φόρος, νικηφόρος, τιμωρός, χρονοῦς.

Δικηλόν, or Δεικηλόν, ου, τδ, effigies: image, representation. Χαλκείη δικηλόν έν ασπίδι Apoll. 1. 746.

Δικην, instar: like to. Παῖδας αὶ δὲ πόλεμιον δικην Hec. 1144.

Δικηφόρος, ου, δ, juris defensor, vindex: a supporter of justice, avenger. Choëph. 114. SYN. Τιμωρός. See Δίκη.

Δικιδίον, ου, τδ, lis parvula: a petty suit. Οἶον δικιδίον τὴν δ' έτέραν αὐτοῦ γνάθον Nub. 1108.

Δικίς, ιδὼς, η, quæ duplici clave observatur: doubly barred, folding. Δικλίδες εν δὲ γυνή β. 345.

Δικωρῆφέω, lites consuo, to patch up law-suits, to be litigious. Ουκ έων δικωρῆφέων Nub. 1485. SYN. Αμφισθητώ, φιλονεικέω.

Δικωρῆφες, ου, δ, η, qui duplicem verticem habet: having two tops. Phœn. 234. See Διπλῶς and Κωρῆφ. SYN. Διλόφως, δικαήρως.

Δικράτης, έως, δ, η, divisum habens imperium: possessing a twofold authority. Δικράτης Ατρεί-δαι Α. 251, answering to περίφαντος ανήρ.

SYN. Διθρόνως, διοκλήτρως.

Δικρόδς, Δικρόδς, bifidus: having two prongs, forked. Δικρόδς έώθον τὴν δέον Pax 636. SYN. Δικαήρως.

Δικρόδς, ου, δ, η, (1) utrumque pulsans: beating on both sides; (2) duabus orbitis sectus, tritus: marked by two wheels, rutted. "Ημιν δικρόδτον εις άμαξίον Eur. El. 775.

Δικτυνιά, ης, η, nomen nymphæ; item Diana: a nymph; Diana. See Αρτεμις. Iph. T. 127.

Δικτυκλωστής, ου, δ, η, in retia plexus: net-like. Antig. 353. See above.

Δικτύον, ου, τδ, rete: a net. Δικτύων Βρόχους Orest. 1308. SYN. Αρκύς, γάργαμον.

Δίκω, jacio: to throw. Έξιος δίκων es γαῖαν Phœn. 1432. SYN. Βάλλω, βίπτω, κατάβάλλω.

Δικωπός, ου, δ, η, duos remos habens: two-oared. Alcest. 253. See Διπυλός.

Διλοχῶς, ου, δ, η, duas gestans lanceas: doubly-armed, two-fold. Agam. 626. See Διπυλός.

Διλόφως, ου, δ, η, duas cristas seu duplicem verticem habens: having two crests or cliffs. Antig. 1139. See Διπυλός. SYN. Δικαήρως.

Διμοῖρος, ου, δ, η, duas habens partes: having a double portion. Αesch. Sup. 1078. See Διπυλός.

Δινδυμία, ης, η, Dindymia: a name of Cybele. Μητὲρ Δινδυμῆν Apoll. 1. 1125.

Δινέω, Δινέω, Ion. Δινεέσκω, gyro verso: to whirl or roll round. Δινέων ώς δ' ότῃ τις ι. 384. Σ. 543. Ω. 12. SYN. Ανάκυκλω, εἰλεω, κύλινδεω, στρέφω.

Δίνη, ης, η; Δινός, ου, δ, vortex, turbo: a whirlpool, whirlwind. Ζωοὺς δ' εν δίνησι φ. 132. Vesp. 616. SYN. Αελλά. Ερ. Αργυρέα, αργυρβείδης, ἀκχλητός, ἀνέμικτος, δόη, λευκή.

Δινῆεις, εσσα, έν, vorticosus: whirling round, eddying. Εἰνδου από δινῆετος B. 877.

Δινός. See Δίνη.

Δινωτός, ης, ὄν, tornatus: rounded, inlaid all round. "Ησθ δδμω δινωτόν Apoll. 3. 44.

Pros. Lex.

Διόβολος, ου, δ, η, a Jove missus: hurled by Jupiter. Alcest. 129. See Διόθεν. SYN. Διό-κτύπος.

Διόγενέτωρ, ὄρος, δ, Jovis genitor: father of Jove. Bacch. 122. See Διόθεν.

Διόγηνης, έως, Διόγνητος, Διόγηνος, ου, δ, η, e Jove natus: Jove-sprung, noble. "Η δέσποινα Διόγηνες δέα Cycl. 350. Hes. Scut. 340. Hipp. 560. SYN. Διός, ευγένης, γενναῖος.

Διόδδς, ου, η, transitus: a way through, passage, passport. P. V. 1086. SYN. Όδδς, πά-δδς, πορθμείον.

Διόθεν, à Jove: from Jove. Τοιάδ' έπ' έμοι μπη Διόθεν P. V. 1090. SYN. Ουράνυθεν.

Διόγνυμι, Διόγω, έξω, aperio: to open widely, gape, expand. Τὰς γνάθους διογνύτε Eccles. 852. SYN. Ανοίγω, ἀνἀπέτάω, διαπύσσω.

Διούστως, α, ὄν, differendus: must be carried through or round. Phœn. 272.

Διούστως, sagitta trajicio: to shoot through. Νευρήν τ' εντάνυσαι διούστως έπῃ τ. 587. SYN. Ακοντίω, κατάβάλλω.

Διούκνω, permeo: to pass through. Eumen. 316. SYN. Διαβαίω, διαμείνω.

Διούχομαι, abivi, peri: to be departed, undone. Eur. Sup. 540. The perfect (διέχουμαι or διό-κωχά) has often the meaning of the pre-ent. SYN. Οίχομαι, δαλώ, ἀπδλωά, έρρω, διόλλυμαι.

Διόκλης, ης, δ, Diocles. Έτικτε Διόκληα μέγαθμον E. 547.

Διόκτυπος, ου, δ, η, Jovis fulmine ictus: struck with lightning. "Η Διόκτυπον γένος Αesch. Sup. 161. SYN. Διόσδδς.

Διόλισθαίνω, Διόλισθῶ, ήσω, elabor e mani-bus: to slip through, escape. Anacr. 44. 9. Nub. 434. SYN. Ολισθαίνω, εκφεύγω.

Διόλλυμι, δλέω, disperdo; oblivio-cor: to destroy, ruin, lose; forget. Hipp. 1388. SYN. Φθείρω, διαφείρω, ἀπδλλυμι, μέ λανθάνει.

Διόμῃδης, έως, δ, Diomedes: Diomed, the son of Tydeus. Βόην άγαθός Διόμῃδης B. 567. Ερ. Τυδείδης, δῖος, υπέρθυμος, ιπποδάμους, άγαθός, δουρικλυτός, κράτερός, εχέσπαλδς, μένεπτολέ-μδς, έρικυδής, σθένερός, ιφθιμδς.

Δῖον, ου, τδ, urbs Euboeæ, περί τδ Κήριον, Strab.: a city in Euboeæ. Κήριον τ' έφαλον Δίου τ' B. 538.

Διόνυσία, ὄν, τὰ, Dionysia: festivals in hon-our of Bacchus. Εισίων Διόνυσία Αcharn. 202.

Διόνυσιας, αῶδς, η, Bacchica: of Bacchus. Herc. F. 891. See above.

Διόνυσος, ου, δ. See Βάκχος. Διόνυσον ουκ έφασκόν Bacch. 27.

Διόπτης, έως, δ, η, de caelo delapsus: fallen from heaven. Δεῖρδ Διόπτης λαβέν Iph. T. 977. SYN. Διπέτης.

Διόπος, ου, Διοπτήρ, ηρός, Διόπτης, ου, δ, in-spector, administrator: a commander, inspector. Rhés. 234. 738. K. 562. SYN. Κάτόπτης, έποπτήρ, έπόπτης, έπισκόπος, κατάσκοπος, δει-ρός, έφόρος, κηδέμων, ήγέμων, βάσιλεύς.

Διοπτέω, in-picio, speculor: to look through, survey. K. 451. SYN. Εισδράω, έποπτεώ, έφδράω.

Διοπτήρ, Διόπτης. See Διόπτης.

Διορθεύω, Διορθῶ, recte quidquam facio: to correct, adjust, state rightly. Eur. Sup. 427 Helen. 1158. SYN. Ανορθῶ, διευθύνω, διατάττω, ἀνἀτίθημι.

Διόριζω, distermio, definio, distinguo, statuo: I



to fix limits, mark out, distinguish, settle. *CE. R. 723. SYN. Ἀφρίω, διαστέλλω, διατάσσω, διαχωρίζω.*

*Διόρνυμαι*, propero per: to hasten through. *Παιφύλων τε διόρνυμένα* *Æsch. Sup. 561.* *Διόρυττα*, ξω, perfodio, scrutor: to dig through, break open, scrutinise. *Vesp. 350. SYN. Διαρρηγνύμι, διατείρω.*

*Διορχέμαι*, persulto, decerto saltando: to continue to dance, contend in dancing. *Vesp. 1499. SYN. Ορχέομαι, διάλλομαι.*

*Διός*, α, ὄν, a Jove genitus, divinus, purus, inclytus: sprung from Jove, divine, incorruptible, pure, serene, mighty, noble. *Διμήδεά διον E. 46. Διὰ γυναικῶν o. 106. SYN. Αντιθέος, ἱσάθεος, ἐνδοξός, δαυμαστός.*

*Διόδοτος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a Jove donatus: Jove-iven. *Pyth. 8. 37. See Διόδοκοι.*

*Διόσημία*, ας, ἡ, signum a Jove missum: a sign from Jove, portentous storm. *Διόσημία ὅτι καὶ ῥαῖς Acharn. 171. SYN. Τέρās, τὸ ἐναίσμιον.*

*Διόσκοροι*, Διόσκοροι, οἱ; Διόσκορῶ, τῶ, Jovis filii gemini: Castor and Pollux. *Οὐδὲν ἡ Διόσκορῶ Orest. 459. Eur. El. 1237. Iph. A. 769. SYN. See Κάστωρ, and Πόλυδεύκης.*

*Διοτρέφης*, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, Jovis alumnus: Jove-nourished, noble. *Δίης δὲ Διοτρέφας βασιλῆας η. 49.*

*Δίταις*, αἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, duorum liberorum parens; his puer: a parent of two children; twice a child. *Choeph. 332. See Διπύλῳς.*

*Διπαλῶς*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui utrimque vibrari potest: hurled with two hands; act. bina tela tenens: holding two weapons. *Ὡς δ' εἰδόμεν διπαλῶ Iph. T. 324. SYN. Αμφιδέξιός, αμφιέδός.*

*Διπλάζω*, geminus sum; gemino: to be doubled, augmented doubly; to double. *Eur. Sup. 791. SYN. Ἀναδιπλάζω, διπλῶ, ἀναδιπλῶ, διπλῶς εἰμι.*

*Διπλαεῖ*, ἀκός, ἡ, duplex laena; duplex: a doublet; double. *Καὶ διπλαεὶά δῶκα τ. 241. Ψ. 253.*

*Διπλάσιος*, α, ὄν, διπλῶς, ἡ, ὄν, διπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, duplex: double, twofold. *Ἰν' ἡ διπλάσιος ὁ φῶφος Aves 55. The α is always short. See Brunek ad loc. Iph. T. 669. SYN. Διπλαεῖ, διπνέξ, διπνέχης, διπνέξος, διπνέξος, διπνέξος, διπνέξος.*

*Διπλάσιος*, dupliciter: doubly, in a twofold portion. *Πρόσθεις διπλάσιος μάλλον Av. 1577. Διπλοῖω, duplico: to double, render double. Ἀχθος διπλοῖς Agam. 808. SYN. Διπλάζω.*

*Διπλῶς*. See *Διπλάσιος*.

*Διπνέξω*, salto κατὰ διπνοῖαν more Laconum: to dance with both feet. *Ἰν' ἐγὼ διπνέξω γὰρ Lysist. 1243. Epe. Tois διπνέξω πόσι χυρένω.*

*Διπνέξω*. See *Διπνέξω*.

*Διπνέξω*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bimar: between two seas. *Ἦ διπνέξω κόρυφάν Troad. 1087.*

*Διπνέξω*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui a duobus fluviis aluitur: between two rivers. *Διπνέξω ἰὼ πῶλον μάλῳ Eur. Sup. 621.*

*Διπνέξω*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duos pedes habens: two-footed. *Μαίμῃ πέλας διπνέξω ὄφει Ἄesch. Sup. 896.*

*Διπνέξω*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duplex, geminus: double, twin. *Διπνέξω ποιήσαυτέ γ. 458. SYN. See Διπλάσιος.*

*Διπνέξω*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duas portas habens: having

two gates or doors. *Ἦ σχήμῃ πέτρας διπνέξω αὐτὸς αὖ πάλιν Philoct. 975.*

*Διπνέξω*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duplici flamma splendor; bis coctus: having double lights; twice baked. *Σὺ δ' ὦ διπνέξω διπνέξω ἀνέχουσα λαμπράς Ran. 1361.*

*Δίρκα*. See *Δίρκα*.

*Δίρκα*, α, ὄν, Dirceus: of Dirce. *Phoen. 742.*

*Δίρκα*, ης, Dor. *Δίρκα*, ἡ, Dirce: a nymph; a fountain near Thebes. *Sept. Th. 259. SYN. Ευπάρθενός, μάκαρ, καλλιρέεθρος, καλλιρέος. Πηλ. Δίρκα ἀγνὸν ὕδωρ, βεῦματά σεμνὰ Δίρκα.*

*Δίρκα*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duos temones habens: having two shafts. *Δίρκα τε καὶ τριπρὸν τῆλῳ Pers. 47. Antap. dim.*

*Δίρκα*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Dirphys: a mountain in Boeotia. *Herc. F. 183.*

*Δίς*, bis: twice. *Νέους δις εἶναι E. Supp. 1091.*

*Δισθάνης*, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, bis mortuus: twice dead. *Δισθάνης ὅτε τ' ἄλλοι μ. 22.*

*Δισκῶ*, α, ὄν, discum projicio: to throw the quoit, hurl. *Ion 1267. Isthm. 2. 51. SYN. Ριπτάω, πρὸςβάλλω, περὶδύνω, ἰάπτω.*

*Δισκῶ*, α, ὄν, discum projicio: to throw the quoit, hurl. *Troad. 1111.*

*Δισκῶ*, α, ὄν, discum: a quoit. *δ. 626. Eur. Αἰθῶς, κατὰμαδῶς.*

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curru, in quo parabat et auriga sedebant: a coach-seat, chariot-box; (2) curru: a chariot. *Εμπεδῶς διφρῶν Phoen. 2. SYN. Ἀρμά, ζεύγος, ἀμαξά, ὄχος, ὄχημα, ἀντιζεύ.* *Eur. Κάλος, νέετρυχης, πρωτόπαγης, παμφάνων, ποικίλος, ἀεικέλιος, εὐεστός, εὐδός, περικαλλής, κολλήτος, ενεργής, ξεστός, εὐπλεκτός, εὐπλέκης, (Hom.) Ἰππεῖς, ἀρμάτεῖς, ἐλεφάντιος, καμπύλος, πόλυδαδῶλος, πεισίχαλινος.*

*Διφρῶν*, sellam porto: to carry a litter or chair. *Καὶ τὸν διφρῶν γὰρ διφρῶφει Av. 1552.*

*Διφρῶν*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sella portat: a chairman. *Ecl. 734. See above.*

*Διφρῶν*, (1) bifariam: in two ways; (2) sine: apart from, without. *Διφρῶν ἔχει διφρῶν ἑλλάνων Hec. 116. SYN. Διφρῶν, διφρῶν, χωρὶς, ἀνευ.*

*Διφρῶν*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ungulam habens bisulcam: cloven-footed. *Ἦ διφρῶν ἐμβάσαν Baech. 729.*

*Διφρῶν*, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, divi-or: a divider, bisector. *Μηνὸς διφρῶν Ion 1156.*

*Διφρῶν*, α, ὄν, duplex: double. *Διφρῶν Κῆρας I. 411. SYN. Δοῖος, διπλῶς, διπλῶς.*

*Διφρῶν*, α, ὄν, discors: quarrelling with. *Μοῖρα Νέμεσιν διφρῶν Olymp. 8. 114. SYN. Διφρῶν.*

*Διφρῶν*, α, ὄν, discors: mother of Venus. *Κούρη Διφρῶν Κύρι Helen. 1097. Eur. Ερᾷ, εὐπλό- κῶς, καλῇ, ξανθῇ, σεμνῇ.*

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*Διωγμός*, οὐ, ὁ, διώκτος, εὖς, ἡ, persecutio: pursuit, rout, chase. *Οἱμοι διωγμῶν Orest. 412. Cull. 3. 194. SYN. Ιαχμὺς, κῆκος.*

*Διωδόνος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravem dolorem affers: agonizing. *Ἦκουε καὶ διωδόνος Trach. 779.*

*Διωδῶμαι*, ὄσμαι, trans-jicio, detrudo: to push or pierce through, reject, force asunder. *Androm. 861.*



by δάφνα δ' ἱέρους ἀνέσχε. SYN. see Δού-  
λειος.

Δουλάω, in servitute redigo: to reduce to  
slavery. Eur. Sup. 503.

Δουπέω, sonitum edo; cado sub armis soni-  
tum edens: to sound; fall in battle with a  
crashing sound. Δ. 504. SYN. Αἰτώ, κτύπεω,  
κονάξω, πατάγγω, οττάβω, ψόφω.

Δουπός, ου, δ, sonitus: a sound, clasp. Aj.  
871. SYN. Βρόμος, ηχη, κτύπος, ὀμάδος, πατά-  
γος, κονάξος, φθόγγος.

Δουράτης, Δουρίος, Δούρειος, α, ὄν, ligneus:  
woolen. Δουράτιον τὸν Ἑπειὸς Δ. 493. Av.  
1128. Troad. 14. SYN. Ξυλίνος, δούρεπάγης.

Δούρειος. See Δουράτιος.

Δουρηκλής, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, quod intra hastae ictum  
est: within a spear's throw. K. 357. PHR.  
'Ὅσον τ' ἐπὶ δουρὸς ἔρη γίγνεται O. 358.

Δουριάλωτος. See Δουριάλωτος.

Δουρικλειτός, et Δουρικλυτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, hasta  
inclutus: renowned in arms. Δουρικλειτός Μέ-  
νελαος ο. 52. K. 230.

Δουρικλυτός. See above.

Δουρικλητός. See Δουρικλητός.

Δουριληπτός. See Δουριληπτός.

Δουρίος. See Δουράτιος.

Δουροδόκη, ης, ἡ, hastarum receptaculum:  
a cavity in a pillar to receive javelins. α.  
128.

Δόχη, ης, ἡ, receptaculum; convivium: a  
receptacle; feast. Eur. El. 828.

Δόχη, ης, ἡ, palmus: a measure equal to  
the palm or breadth of four fingers. Μείζων ἢν  
δουὶν δόχαιαν Equit. 318.

Δόχμος, Δόχμος, ἡ, ὄν, obliquus, transversus:  
oblique, transverse. Alcest. 1019. M. 148.  
See below. SYN. Λοξός, λέχρως, σκολιός.

Δόχμολόφος, ου, δ, ἡ, obliquam habens cris-  
tam: cross-crested. Δοχμολόφων ἀνδρῶν Sept.  
Th. 109.

Δόχμος. See Δόχμος.

Δόχμος, curvo: to bend, render crooked.  
Δοχμωθεὶς μέγαροῦ Hom. Merc. 146.

Δράμα, ἄτος, τὸ, manipulus: a handful. A.  
69. SYN. Σωρός, ἀπαρχή. Eur. Ἐπηρίμην.

Δραμεύω, manipulos colligo: to gather corn  
in handfuls, bind in sheaves. Σ. 555.

Δραμεύω, οὐ, δ, prehensio: a grasping. Cycl.  
169.

Δραίω, facturio: to project. K. 96. SYN.  
Δραεῖω, ἐπινδύω, ἄνω, ισχύω.

Δράκαινα. See Δράκων.

Δράκων, ου, δ, mons ubi Jupiter Bacchum e  
femore natum edidit: the name of a promontory  
and city in Samos. Ev Δράκων νίφοντι Theoc.  
26. 33.

Δράκοντις, ου, Δράκοντις, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, an-  
guinus: of or like a dragon. Εκ δράκοντιν  
ἐλὼν Phoen. 1337. Orest. 250.

Δράκοντιμαλλός, ου, δ, ἡ, anguicomus; an-  
guibus comas implicitus: having dragon's hair;  
having snakes entwined in the hair. P. V. 824.  
See below.

Δράκοντις. See Δράκοντις.

Δράκων, ὄντος, δ; Δράκαινα, ης, ἡ, draco,  
dracena: a dragon. Πρόσθε λέων ὀπίθεν δὲ  
δράκων Z. 181. Iph. T. 287. SYN. Ὀφίς. Eur.  
Πελοπιδός, φονίης, κυνέος, ἐπὶ πῶτά δαφνοῦς,  
δρεστέρος, σμερδαλέος, (Hom.) φονίος, θηρο-  
τρόφος, φοινικελόφος, γηγενής, χροσέος, ποικί-  
λωνότος, οινωπός, πολυκρανός, πυρσυνότος,

πυρίγενής, δεινός, (Eur.) ἀδευκής, ἀμαμάκτος,  
ἄγριος, βροτόλοισός, δηλῆμων, κρέερος.

Δράμα, ἄτος, τὸ, actus, rei representatio, fa-  
bula: an action, theatrical representation, drama.  
Φρουδὰ μοι τὰ δράματα Acharn. 470. SYN.  
Πράγμα.

Δράμη, ἄτος, τὸ, cursus, festinatio: running,  
speed. Πάλλιστον δράμη CE. R. 193. SYN.  
Δρόμος, δρόμη, φύγη.

Δράξ, ἄτος, δ, pugillus, manipulus: a grasp,  
handful. Πηλοῦ δράκ᾽ ἔβλεν ἐπ' αὐτόν Batrach.  
234. SYN. Δράμα.

Δραπέτης, Δραπέτις, ου, δ, fugitivus: a  
fugitive, runaway. Κτάνοιεν αὐτὴν δραπέται δ'  
Iph. T. 1342. Mosch. 1. 3. SYN. Φύγας.

Δραπέτις, fem. of Δραπέτης, q. v. Jacobs.  
Anthol. G. 71.

Δρασεῖω, facere paro: to intend to do. Τοιοῦ-  
τ' ὡς τὶ δρασεῖοναυ Med. 92.

Δράσιμος, ου, δ; Δραστήριος, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ἡ,  
efficax: active, efficacious. Χείρ δ' ἐρᾷ τὸ δρά-  
σίμον Sept. Th. 550. Helen. 991. SYN. Δεξιός,  
δεινός, ἀγῆνωρ, σπουδαῖος, ἀγχινοῦς, πρόθυμος.

Δρασμός, οὐ, δ, fuga: flight. Herc. F. 1004.  
SYN. see Φύγη.

Δράσσομαι, ἔξω, prehendo: to grasp. Antig.  
235. SYN. Αἰρέω, ἀντίλαμβάνομαι.

Δράστειρα. See Δραστήριον.

Δραστὲς, α, ὄν, agendus: to be done. Eur.  
El. 202.

Δραστήριον, ἡρός, δ; Δράστειρα, ας, ἡ, Ion. et  
Hom. Δραστήριον, Δράστειρα, famulus; famula:  
a servant, assistant. Apoll. 3. 700. π. 248.  
SYN. see Δούλος.

Δραστήριος. See Δράσιμος.

Δραστοσύνη, ης, ἡ, Ion. Δραστοσύνη, strenuitas  
in agendo: vigour in acting. Δραστοσύνη ουκ  
ἂν μοι ο. 320.

Δράττω, ἡ, ὄν, excoriat: flayed. Pro Δαρτός.  
Περὶ δὲ δράτ᾽ ἀσμάτ᾽ ἡγεΐ Ψ. 169.

Δράχμη, ης, ἡ, drachma, Romanum denarium  
aequans: a drachma, six Attic oboli, about 73d.  
of our money. Οὐκ ἐλαττὼν ἡ δράχμη Nub.  
612.

Δράω, ὄν, ago, facio, ministro; fugio: to act,  
do, perform; to run away. Μητρός τι χωρὶς  
δράσθ' Iph. A. 728. Δράω, fugio, gives some  
tenses to διδράσκω, but is never in use itself.

Δράω, ἄνω, ὑπερρέτω, ποίω, ῥέζω, τεύχω,  
πράττω, δραίω.

Δρέπανη, ης, ἡ; Δρέπανον, ου, τὸ, falx: a sickle,  
scythe, falcion. Δρέπανον ἐν χειρὶ ἔχοντες Σ.  
551. See also Ran. 583. SYN. see Ἀρπη.

Δρέπανουργός, οὐ, δ, falcarius: a scythe or  
sickle maker. Pax 547. See above.

Δρέπω, Δρέπωμα, carpo, decerpo: to pluck,  
reap, crop, cull, mow. Eur. El. 778. SYN.  
Ἀποδρέπω, δέριζω, ἀπαιθῶ, ἀπὸτέμνω.

Δρηστήριον, Δρηστέριον. See Δραστήριον.

Δρηστis, ἴδως, ἡ, fugitiva: a runaway. Callim.  
Ep. 43.

Δραστοσύνη. See Δραστοσύνη.

Δριμύλος, ὄν, δ, ἡ, subasper: a little sharp.  
Mosch. 1. 9. See Δριμύς.

Δριμύς, εἴ᾽, ὄ, acer, acerbis, asper: sharp,  
acid, bitter, sour. Οἷον ἀνδρᾶ κρύταλον δριμύ  
Σισύφου γένος Cycl. 104. SYN. Οἶζος, δεινός,  
χάλεπος, βλοσυρός, αμός.

Δριών, ου, τό; Δριός, ου, δ, pl. τὰ δριᾶ, locus  
arboribus consitus: a shrubbery, a plantation.  
Πέτρυνά κατὰ δριᾶ Helen. 1325, answered by

κρύταλά δὲ βρόμια. SYN. Ἄλσος, δρυμός, ὄλη.  
Er. Ἐρσην.

Δροίτη, ης, ἡ, vas balnearium: a bathing-  
vessel. Choeph. 986. For the meaning of this  
word see Blomf. Gloss. Agam. 1518.

Δρόμας, α, ὄν; Δρόμας, ἄδς, δ, ἡ, velox:  
running, rapid, fleet. Helen. 542. Hipp. 550.  
SYN. Ἀελλόπους, τάχως, ἰδός, οὐκιδρόμος.

Δρόμευς, ἔως, δ, cursor: a runner. Eur. El.  
824. SYN. Βαδιστής.

Δρόμη, ἄτος, τὸ, cursus, festinatio, tumultus:  
running, speed, confusion or tumult, incursion.  
Troad. 695.

Δρόμος, ου, δ, cursus: speed, course, race-  
course. Iph. T. 81. SYN. Δραμός, φύγη. Er.  
Ευρύς, πυμάτος, πανταῶς, δεινός, ἐκπλεθρός, σύν-  
νόμος, ούριος, καλλιστάδιος, ἀνδρόντος, λαμπά-  
δοῦχος, πολυπραγικός, οὐκός, δολιχός.

Δρόσερος, α, ὄν; Δρόσειος, ἐνός; Δρόσωδης,  
ἔδς, δ, ἡ, roscidus: dewy, cool, limpid. Hipp. 226.  
Troad. 830. Bacch. 704. SYN. Ἐρσηίς, ὑδρηλός.

Δρόσιζμαι, irrogo: to sprinkle with dew.  
Ran. 1311.

Δρόσειος. See Δρόσερος.

Δρόσος, ου, ἡ, ros: dew, dew-drop, juice.  
Olymp. 7. 4. SYN. Ἐρση, ἔρση, ψέκας. Er.  
Ποτάμια, ὑπαίθρια, ἐνάλια, αἰμάτηρα, δαλασσία,  
κρηναία, καθάρια, μαλθακή, χλοερὰ.

Δρόσωδης. See Δρόσερος.

Δρύας, ἀνδς, δ, Dryas. Πειριθόων τὴν Δρύαντ᾽  
τὴ A. 263.

Δρύων, ης, ὄν, quernus: oaken, of oak. Τέλος  
δὲ δρύωνος συγκέρανοναυ κλάδους Bacch. 1092.

Δρύκλαπτης, ου, δ, picus arborarius: a wood-  
pecker. Οὐδ' αἰετὸς ἀνὰ δρύκλαπτης Aves 979.

Δρύμος, οὐ, δ, nemus: a wood. "The mas-  
culine has the first syllable long, but the neut.  
plur. short, in Hom.: long, however, in Dion.  
Perieg. and Oppian." Donnegan. Διὰ δρύμ᾽  
πυκνὰ καὶ ἄλν' κ. 150. SYN. Ἄλσος, ὄλη.  
Er. Ὀρεινός, εὐθηρόν, λασίων, οἰσπόλον.

Δρύονος, ου, δ, ἡ, nemorosus: oak-bearing.  
Thesm. 114. See Δρύς, gen. δρύος.

Δρύοχος, ου, οἰ, (1) ligna infixa carinae navis, et  
erecta ad latus, ut iis deinde affigantur tabulae:  
beams which hold together the timber of a ship,  
they being fixed in the keel, and raised so as to  
form the ribs on which the planks are fastened;  
(2) Πάσσαλοι, continentes alia ligna (Damm. c.  
2703.): certain pegs; (3) sylvæ: woods. Δρύ-  
οχος τίθεναι δρυμάτος αρχάς Thesm. 52.

Δρύπτης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, sole coctus: ripened on  
the tree by the sun. Καὶ τὰς δρύπτης κατέπιπε  
Lysit. 561.

Δρύτω, lacero: to rend, tear. Hec. 650.  
SYN. Σπάρασσω, αἰώσσω, ἀποξέω.

Δρύς, ὄδς, ἡ, quercus: an oak. Ὅποιά κισσὸς  
δρύος ὄκως τῆσδ' ἐξομαι Hec. 398. Er. Ὑψηλὴ,  
αἰάλα, βάθυρρις, ἱερὰ, τηλέθωσά, ὑψίκαρπος.

Δρύττης, ου, δ, qui quercus credit: a wood-  
cutter. Δρύττης μὲλ' ἀμείνων Ψ. 315. SYN.  
Ἰλδοῦμος.

Δρύφακτος, ου, δ, janua fori judicialis; plur.  
cancelli: the door of a court of justice; the rails  
which encompassed the court. Τοὺς δρύφακτους  
παντάχοι Equit. 672.

Δύω, in calamitates conjicio: to involve in  
calamity. Ἀλλὰ θεὸς δύωσι v. 195. SYN.  
Ἀνάω, πτίζω.

Δύη, ης, ἡ, miseria: distress of mind, calamity.  
Kal dyas εκφυγγάνω P. V. 534. SYN. Ἄτυ-

χημᾶ, λύμη, ἀνία, δυσπραγία, ἀλγος, πόνος, δη-  
πάθια. Er. Αἰνή, λήγρ᾽, θυμωδύρος, βάρειά,  
πικρὰ, θεϊδύμια.

Δυήπαθης, ἔδς; Δυήπαθος, ου, δ, ἡ, ærum-  
narum patiens: miserable, distressing. Φυλὰ  
δυήπαθων ἀνθρώπων Apoll. 4. 1165. H. in  
Merc. 486. SYN. Δεῖλαιος, ἀθλός, βάρυπτος.

Δυήπαθια, ας, ἡ, ærumnarum perpessio: the  
enduring of affliction, affliction. Δυήπαθια  
τὴν Apoll. 4. 1395. SYN. Δύη, πάθημα, πάθος.

Δύμι, Δύω, Δύομαι, subeo: to go under,  
sink, enter. Φατὸ δύμεναι ἀνδρῶν Z. 185. SYN.  
Ἰπδοῦω, εισδύω, κατὰδύω, ὑπὸδύω, ὑπὸδύομαι.

Δύναιμι, νήσμαι, imperf. ἐδύναιμι, Att. πῶ-  
ναιμι, possum, valeo: to be able, have the  
power, avail. Οὐκ ἂν δύναίμην Hec. 588.  
SYN. Ισχύω, σθένω, ἔχω.

Δύναιμι, poet. Δυνάσις, ἔως, ἡ, vis, facultas:  
power, ability, capacity. Ὅ δ' ἄς ἐδύρετ' δυνάμιν  
eis χεῖρας λάβων Eur. Sup. 246. Androm. 483.  
SYN. Αλκή, βία, ἰς, ισχύς, ἐξουσία. Er. Αμ-  
φιλάφης, ἀσεπτὸς, ἀρχαία, Διόδοτος, ἀδμα-  
στός.

Δύνασταια, ας, ἡ, potentia: supreme power.  
Καὶ δύνασταιας ἔφην CE. R. 600. SYN. Αρχή,  
ισχύς, τύραννις.

Δυνάστης, Δυνάτης, ου, Δυνάστωρ, ὄντος, δ,  
dominus: a sovereign, lord. Λαμπροὺς δυνάστας  
Agam. 6. Pers. 682. (where some read δυνάστα  
for δυνάτ᾽), and Iph. A. 280. SYN. Αρχὸς, αρ-  
χιγός, ἡγέμων, βασιλεύς.

Δυνάτος, ἡ, ὄν, potens: able, powerful, ade-  
quate. Οὐκὼν ἀπαυδῶν δυνάτ᾽ ἐστὶ μοι πόνους  
Eur. Sup. 352. SYN. Ἰκάνος, δ, κράτων.

Δύω, i. q. δύμι. Δέτρων ἔσω δύνοντες λ. 578.

Δύδ, Δύω (poët.), gen. δύωιν et δύειν, duo:  
two. Δύωιν δὲ παίδων δὴν νέκρω Hec. 45.

Δύοκαίδεκά, indecl., duodecim: twelve. Δύο-  
καίδεκά βοῦς ἐνὶ νηφ' Z. 274.

Δύοκαίδεκαμηνός, ου, δ, qui quatuordecim mensium  
est: of twelve monthis. Trach. 659. See  
above.

Δύπτω, mergo: to dip. Apoll. 1. 1008. SYN.  
Βυθίζω, κατὰποντίζω.

Δύρμαι, poet. pro Ὀδύρμαι (v. Pors. ad Hec.  
728.), lamentor: to lament. P. V. 271. See  
Ὀδύρμαι. SYN. Αἰάζω, ὀδυρίζω, μύρμαι, γδάω,  
αλγέω, πεινέω.

Δύσαγκυμστός, pro Δυσάγκυμστός, ου, δ, ἡ,  
non recuperandus: irrecoverable. Eumen. 262.  
See below.

Δυσάγκυτος, pro Δυσάγκυτος, ου, δ, ἡ, judi-  
catu difficilis: difficult to be decided. Ἰὼ δύσα-  
γκυτοὶ πόνου Aesch. Sup. 132. See Ἀγκυτός.

Δυσάγνος, ου, δ, ἡ, impurus: impure, un-  
holy. Aesch. Sup. 759. See below.

Δυσάδελφος, ου, δ, ἡ, infelix in fratribus; in-  
felix frater: unfortunate in a brother or sister;  
unfortunate brother or sister. Δυσάδελφότητά  
πασὼν ὀδύσας Sept. Th. 868.

Δύσαυς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, gravior spirans: hard-  
blowing. Εξ ἀνέμοις δύσαυς E. 865. SYN.  
Δύσπνοος.

Δύσαιανής, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, lugubris: mournful. Δύ-  
σαιανή, in Pers. 286., is answered by μέμνησθαί  
τοι.

Δυσθαίριος, ου, δ, ἡ, caliginosus: darksome.  
Εκ δύσθαίριον νέον Heracl. 857.

Δυσταίω, ἀνός, δ, ἡ, et Δυσάθλιος, α, ὄν, miser:  
wretched. Eur. Sup. 970. CE. C. 328. See  
above.











Εγκατασκήπτω, vi projicio: to hurl violently. Εγκατασκήπτον βέλος Trach. 1089. SYN. Εν-σκήπτω, εισβάλλω, ληλέωμαι.  
Εγκατατίθωμαι, depono, recondo: to set down, fix, hide. E. 219.  
Εγκατιλλάπτω, irideo eum quodam oculorum motu: to deride with scornful looks. Eum. 113. SYN. Χλευάζω.  
Εγκατοικέω, inhabito: to dwell in. Eur. fr. Antipr. 33.  
Έγκειμαι, inhæreo, addictus sum: to lie on, lean on, be devoted to. Theoc. 3. 33. SYN. Επικείμαι, ἐφιστάμαι, παρίσταμαι, ἐπέρχωμαι.  
Εγκείρω, rado: to shave, shear. Eur. El. 107.  
Εγκελᾶδός, ου, δ, Enceladus: one of the giants. Ion 207. The α as in κελᾶδός.  
Εγκέλευω, hortor: to exhort, command. P. V. 72. SYN. Κελεύω, παρόικελεύω, προστάσσω, παρόικαλέω.  
Εγκεντρίς, ἰδός, ή, aculeus: a sting. Τῆς εγκεντρίδος Vesp. 1073. SYN. Κέντρον, ὀγκός.  
Εγκεράννωμαι, Εγκίρνωμι, immisceo: to mix, blend with. O. 189. Nem. 9. 119. SYN. Εγκύκλω, εγχέω.  
Εγκερτώμεν, convicia ingero: to reproach, abuse. Iph. A. 1006. SYN. Κερτώμεν, ἐμπαίζω.  
Εγκερῶδός, ου, δ, cerebrum: the bra'n. Αλγήςος δ' ἀνέπαλτό βέλος δ' εἰς εγκε ἄλον δὲ O. 85.  
Εγκιθάρις, cithara cano: to play on the lyre. Μέσῳ ἡμᾶς εγκιθάριζεν Hom. H. Merc. 17. SYN. Κιθάριζω, φορμίζω.  
Εγκίρνωμι. See Εγκεράννωμαι.  
Εγκλείω, poet. ἐνικλείω, includo: to shut in. Hec. 1266. Apoll. 2. 1031. SYN. Ἀπυκλείω, ἐλγω, συγκλείω.  
Έγκλημά, ἄτος, τὸ, accusatio: accusation, complaint. Orest. 757. SYN. Αἰτιάμα, μέμψις, πταίσμα.  
Έγκληρός, ου, δ, ή, particeps, dives: sharing in, hereditary, rich. Herc. F. 466. SYN. Μέτ-δχος, κοινός, ὁμοῖός, διάδχος.  
Εγκλιδόν, inclinando: in an inclining posture. Εγκλιδόν ἐζήμεν Hom. 22. 3.  
Εγκλίνω, κλινῶ, 1. α. ἐκλινῶ, inclino: to incline, turn aside, give way. Hec. 727. SYN. Επικλίνω, παρὰκλίνω, ἐπέρειδωμαι, εγκύπτω, νεύω.  
Εγκοισυράδωμαι, luxuriose vivo: to imitate Coesura, a rich and luxurious Athenian woman, i. e. to be proud and extravagant. Τριφώσαν εγκέκοισυραμένην Nub. 48. SYN. Αδρύνωμαι, περίσσω, κοσμεύωμαι.  
Εγκόλμβάζω, pædico. See Brunck. in l. c. Eq. 265.  
Εγκονέω, urgeo opus, propereo: to hasten, ply. P. V. 998. SYN. Κάτεγκονέω, σπεύδω, ἐπειγῶμαι, τάχυνω.  
Εγκονῆτι, laboriose: after a struggle. Εγκονῆτι Δαδμήδοντα Nem. 3. 61., answering to Αἰάκῳ σὲ φαμί γένει τέ. SYN. Μάγερως, ἐπί-πνως, μαχθηρῶς, τάχως.  
Εγκορδύλω, involvo: to involve, infold. Σί-σβραις εγκορδύλημένος Nub. 10. SYN. Εγκρύπτω, ἐντὸλίσσω, ἐνείλω.  
Εγκοσμέω, ordine colloco: to range in order, prepare. o. 218. SYN. Διάκοσμέω, διάτάττω, ἐντρεπίζω.

Εγκόττω, æstuo ira: to be enraged at. Choëph. 37. SYN. Ἀγανακτέω, οργίζωμαι, μῆριω.  
Έγκοτός, ου, δ, ή, pertinaciter infestus: perseveringly hostile. Choëph. 387. SYN. Επικότης, εχθρός, τρηχὺς, χαλέπος, πάλιγκότης.  
Εγκράζω, ἔζωμαι, inclamo in: to cry out against. Plur. 428. SYN. See Ἀνακράζω.  
Εγκράτεια, as, ή, continentia: continence, forbearance. Ἰπὲρ εγκράτειας τοῖς νόσοισιν Philem. 11. SYN. Επικράτεια, σωφροσύνη.  
Εγκράτεις, valide: forcibly, with strength. Ἥγchon δ' εγκράτεις Theoc. 25. 266. SYN. Ἰφί, κράτερως, σωφρόνως.  
Εγκράτης, εὖς, qui in potestate habet aliquid, continens sui, validus: being master of, temperate, robust. Χερσὶν εγκράτει σθένει P. V. 55. SYN. Επικράτης, κράταιος, ἐπὶχός, ἐπὶδός.  
Εγκρῶττω, cum strepitu pulso: to beat time. Theoc. 18. 7.  
Εγκρούω, ad numeros incedo: to trip along in time. Ran. 374. Expr. Βαλὼν ευρύσσω.  
Εγκρύπτω, oculo: to hide. Aves 841. SYN. Εγκάλυπτα, ἐπικάλυπτα, ἀποκρύπτω.  
Εγκρυφιάζω, clam abscondo, aufero: to conceal, piller. Ελελήθης εγκρυφιάζων Equit. 822.  
Εγκτερεῖω, justa facio: to perform the last solemn offices. Apoll. 1. 1060.  
Εγκυκάωμαι. See Εγκεράννωμαι. Acharn. 939. See Κύκω.  
Εγκυκλέω, involvo, cingo: to involve, roll round, surround. Αλλ' εγκυκλοῦντο ὀφθαλμοὶ Iph. 1. 76. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, μετὰβάλλω.  
Εγκυκλῖός, ου, δ, ή, certis orbibus vel temporibus rediens: circular, periodical. Iph. T. 430. See above.  
Έγκυκλόν, ου, τὸ, vestis muliebris exterior: a female garment. Φε' εγκύκλον τοῦτ' λάδ' Theoc. 261.  
Εγκυκλῶς, circulo includo, cingo: to inclose in a circle, surround. Vesp. 395. See above.  
Εγκύκλω, περίκλειω.  
Εγκύμων, ὄνός, δ, ή, prægnans; onustus: pregnant; laden, full. Εγκύμω ἵππον τευχέων Troad. 12.  
Εγκύπτω, pronus incumbo: to bend down. Ran. 804. SYN. Επικύπτω, κατάκύπτω, εγκύλινω.  
Εγκυρέω, κύρω, incurro in: to fall in with, encounter. N. 145. See Κύρω. SYN. Εντυγ-χῶν, ἐμπίπτω, κύρω.  
Εγκώμιός, ου, δ, ή, laudatorius: panegyric. Nem. 1. 9.  
Εγρέμαχος, ου, δ; Εγρέμαχος, η, ὄν, incitans ad pugnam: exciting to battle. E. C. 1054. Hym. in Cer. 424. See below, and Μάχη. SYN. Ἀρήϊός, μένεπτόλεμός.  
Εγρηγνῶρε, Εγρηγνῶρα, Εγρήσσω, vigilo: to watch, be vigilant. Κεῖτ' εγρηγνῶραν v. 6. 33. SYN. Γρηγνῶρε, ἄγρυπνέω, διαγρηγνέω, νήφω.  
Εγρηγορτί, vigilanter: watchfully. Αλλ' εγρηγορτί σὺν τεύχεσιν K. 182.  
Εγρήσσω. See Εγρηγνῶρε.  
Έγρῶμαι, surgo: to rise. Πρὶν γ' ὀδῶσ' ἐγρῶμαι v. 124. SYN. Εξέγρῶμαι, ἀνίσταμαι, ἀνεγείρωμαι, ἐξανίσταμαι. PNA. "Τὴν δ' ἀπ' οφθαλμῶν βάλλω, ἐμὲ δὲ γλῶκτις ὑπὸς ἀνέηκε."  
Εγχαίνω, Εγχαίω, hio: irideo: to gape; mock. Eq. 1313. Vesp. 721. SYN. Κατάγελῶ, ἀμφιχαίω.  
Εγχεῖω, ἔσω ἐσοίμαι, perf. εγχεχῶδα, caco in: to daub with filth. Vesp. 624. See Χέω.

Εγχεία, as, Ion. Εγχείη, ης, ή, hasta: a spear. H. 261. SYN., &c. see Έγχεός.  
Εγχειρόμεός, ου, δ, ή, hasta fremens: spear-raging, warlike. Olymp. 7. 79.  
Εγχεικράνως, ου, δ, fulmina ad hastarum modum jaciens: thunder-brandishing. Ol. 13. 110.  
Εγχειρέω, adgredior rem s. ad rem: to undertake, attempt, attack. Med. 378. SYN. Επικειρέω, ἐπέρχωμαι, μετ'εχειρίζω, τολμῶ.  
Εγχειρήμα, ἄτος, τὸ, conatus: an attempt. E. R. 540. SYN. Επικειρήμα, εισβολή, ὁρμημῶ, μὴχάρ, μὴχάνημα, τόλμημα, πείρα.  
Εγχειρητής, οὐ, δ, qui aliquid adgreditur, auctor: a person who attempts or undertakes, Aves 258. SYN. Αἰτίος.  
Εγχειριδός, ου, δ, ή, qui in manibus gestatur: held in the hand. Σὺν τοῖσδ' ἱκέτων εγχειριδῶς Δ. Sup. 22.  
Εγχελεῖν. See Έγχεός.  
Έγχελεύς, ὄς, η, pl. Εγχελεῖς ἐ ὕς; dimin. Εγχελεῖν, ου, τὸ, anguilla: an eel, a little eel. Lysist. 702. Acharn. 1042.  
Εγχεῖωμωρός, et (2) Εγχεσπάλός, ου, δ, ή, (1) hasta pugnans: smiting with; (2) hastam vibrans: brandishing the spear; valiant. B. 692. E. 449. SYN. Ἀρήϊός, δουρικλύτος, ατχέμαχος.  
Εγχεσπάλός. See Εγχεῖωμωρός.  
Εγχεσφόρος, ου, δ, ή, hastatus: spear-bearing. Nem. 3. 107.  
Εγχεώ, χέσω, infundo: to pour in. Cycl. 552. SYN. Εισχεώ, κατὰχεώ, ἐμβάλλω, ἐπικίρ-νημι, ἐπαφύρωμαι.  
Εγχνίω, luxuri in; illudo: to revel in; insult. E. Sup. 921. See Χάλω.  
Έγχνός, ὄς, τὸ, hasta, ensis: a spear, sword, metaph. instrument. Alceest. 76. SYN. Εγχεία, δόρυ, ἔφος. Ερ. Ακαχμένον, δακίμων, ἀνέμοτρε-φές, βριθῶ, μετὰ, στίβαρον, δολιχόν, μακρόν, οὔδεν, χαλκνρῆς, ἀμφιγύον, δολιχόσκιον, ἐνδὲ-κάπην, μελινδόν, χαλκκῶν, ὀδριμῶν, παρῶν, πέλωρῶν, καλλινικόν, πρόχειρον, πτέρων, ἀμα-μάκτων, Ἀρήϊον, ἐκθεσλόν, δοῦρῶν.  
Εγχνίωμω, admo-eo; accedo: to bring near, draw near. P. 413. On the orthography of this word, see Monk's note. Hipp. 218. SYN. Χρίμω, προστέλλω, ἀφικνεῖμαι.  
Έγχνιστός, ου, δ, ή, qui illinitur: fit for anointing, unctuous. Theoc. 11. 2.  
Εγχνίτρω, in olla pono; occido: to put in a pot, to dish; kill. Vesp. 289. See Χύτρα. SYN. Φόνεω, κτείνω, βλάπτω.  
Εγχνῖός, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ή, indigena: indigenous. Iph. T. 304. SYN. Επικύριός, οικεῖός, πατριός, ἐντόπός, ἰθαγενής.  
Έγω, μου, μοι, μέ, emphatic εμοῦ, ἐμοι, ἐμέ, ego: I. Bacch. 1375. SYN. Έγωγέ.  
Έγωγέ, ego certe: I for my part. p. 400.  
Έδανός, οὐ, δ, ή, suavis: sweet, pleasant. Αμφοσῖν ἐδανῶ E. 172. SYN. Ἡδός, q. v.  
Έδαφος, ὄς, Εδελῶν, Εδελῶν, ου, τὸ, fundus, fundamentum, pavimentum: ground, foundation, pavement. "Ὅσων τίς τ' ἐδάφος ἦνδς ε. 249. Callim. 4. 228. 2. 72. SYN. Δάπεδον, οὐδᾶς, πύθνην, βάθρον, δέμεθλον, δέμελιῶν, πρέμων.  
Εδελῶν, Εδελῶν. See above.  
Έδωμά, ἄτος, τό; Έδωτῖς, ὄς, ή; Εἰδῶρ, ἄτος, τό; Έδωθ, ης, ή, edulium, caro: eatables, meat. Batrach. 31. B. 432. A. 121. O. 504. SYN. Βρώμα, βρώσις, βόρα, τρώφῃ.  
Έδεσός, η, ὄν, edax; edibilis: eating; to be eaten. Antig. 206. SYN. Βρωτός, βρώσιμός.

Έδητῖς. See Έδεσμά.  
Έδῶμαι, Ep. Έδῶνδμαι, et Έδῶν, despondeo, doto: to settle in marriage, portion. Έδῶνδ-μαί τέ θυγάτηρ Helen. 939. B. 63. Theoc. 22. 147. SYN. Μνηστεύω, κάτεγγίαι.  
Έδῶν, Ion. Έδῶν, ου, τὸ, donum sponsale, dos: a marriage present or portion. "Ὅθεν πῶθ' ἔδῶν ἐν Androm. 2. π. 391. SYN. Φερήν, μνηστεῖα, χάρισμα. Ep. pl. Ἀπειρεσίᾳ, μυριά, δεσπεσίᾳ.  
Έδῶς, ὄς, τό; Έδρα, as, ή; Έδρανόν, ου, et Έδρασμα, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) sedes; a seat, place, abode; (2) concilium: a sitting, assembly. Δ. 406. Orest. 1235. Aj. 194. Soph. El. 1393. SYN. Έδάφος, τέμενός, δώκος, βάθρον. Ερ. Ασφάλῆς, αἰπύ, δειόν, κἀλόν, κλῦτον, ὑψιπέδον, (2) αἰπυρός, γόνυπέτης, βώμιός, νημέως, χρυσή-λατός.  
Έδρα. See Έδῶς.  
Έδραιός, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ή, sedentarius; sta-bilis: seated; sedentary, firm. Τῶτοις ἐδραιός ἄλλος Thesm. 664. SYN. Βάνανσός.  
Έδρανός, See Έδῶς.  
Έδρασμα, See Έδῶς.  
Έδρια, sedeo: to sit. Έδριαίε Πέρσαισι Theoc. 17. 19. SYN. see Έδρια.  
Έδροστροφός, ου, δ, qui podicem versat, velut luctatores inter luctandum: a wrestler. "Ὅσα δ' ἀπὸ σκέλεων ἔδροστροφοί Theoc. 24. 109.  
Έδω, f. med. εδοῦμαι, perf. ἐδῶκα, edo: to eat, feed on. Z. 142. SYN. Βιβρώσκει, εσθίω, φάγω, σιτέσθαι.  
Έδωθ. See Έδεσμά.  
Έδῶλιν, ου, τὸ, edile: transtrum: a seat, bench for rowers. Έδῶλιν ὑπερέστω Sept. Th. 451. SYN. Σέλιμα, ὄρνον.  
Έδῶν. See Έδῶν.  
Έδῶνδμαι. See Έδῶν.  
Έδῶνως, ου, δ, Ion. pro Έδῶνως, qui filiam despondet, socer: one who portions a daughter, father-in-law. N. 382. SYN. Εκῦρος, κηδέστis, πένθερός.  
Εἰκόσι. See Εἰκόσι.  
Εἰκόσάβοιός, ου, δ, ή, viginti boves valens: worth twenty oxen. Εἰκόσάβοια δ' ἔδωκεν a. 431.  
Εἰκόσδρός, ου, δ, ή, quod viginti remis impel-litur: twenty-oared. i. 322.  
Εἰκοστός. See Εἰκοστός.  
Εἰλδῶμαι. See Έλδῶμαι.  
Εἰλδωρ, τὸ, Ep. pro Έλδωρ, desiderium: de-sire. A. 41.  
Έερση. See Έρση.  
Έζομαι, 'εδοῦμαι, sedeo: to sit. Ἀνὴρ παρ' ἀνδρ' ἐζονθ' ἔφ' Hel. 1573. SYN. Έδρια, κάθ-ίζομαι, ἴζανω, ἵμαι, δακταί.  
Έθειρά, as, Έθειράς, ἄδός, ή, coma; juba: hair; mane. O. 42. π. 176. SYN. Κόμη, φάθος, βόστρυχος, θρίξ. Ερ. Ἀπάλη, δίδεσσα, ξανθῇ, πυρσὶ, πόλιν, χρυσταί, τρηχεῖα.  
Έθειράς, comam alo: to be hairy, have curled hair. Theoc. 1. 34. SYN. Κόμῶς.  
Έθειράς. See Έθειρά.  
Έθελμῶς, οὐ, δ, ή, voluntarius: voluntary. Hes. Op. 118.  
Έθελωντής, οὐ, Έθελοντήρ, ἥρος, δ, volun-tarius: voluntary. Κάγω θέλοντης τῶδ' Aj. 24. B. 292.  
Έθελω, ἦσω, (1) volo: to wish; (2) possum: to be able. A. 116. SYN. (1) Θέλω, βούλωμαι, (2) δύναμαι, οἶός τέ εἰμι.







Εισαίρω, intro fero: to bring into, bear in. Ran. 517. SYN. Εισφάρω, προστίθμι, ἐπάγω.

Εισάσσω, Att. Εισάττω, irrumpo: to rush in. Nub. 543. 1096. See Αἰσσω, SYN. Εἰσαίσσω, ἐπιφέρωμαι, ἐπέρχωμαι, ἐφορῶμαι, εἰσπαίω. Εἰσαίσσω is generally a trisyllable: εἰσαίσσω. See R. P. Hec. 31.

Εισάω, Εισακούω, Εἰσακούω, exaudio, ausculto: to hear, listen to. Φωνὰς εἰσαίων Theoc. 7. 88. Hec. 555. Θ. 97. SYN. Εἰπακούω, ἀκούω, ὑπακούω.

Εισακούω. See Εἰσαύω.

Εισακτέδς, α, ὄν, deferendus: must be informed against or summoned. Vesp. 839.

Εισάλλομαι, Εἰσάλλομαι, insilio: to spring upon. Antig. 1347. SYN. Εἰσάλλομαι, εἰσθέρω, ἐπιθρόσκω, εἰσπαίω, ἐμπίπτω.

Εἰσαμέλω, ingredior: to pass in, enter. Sept. Th. 554. See Ἀμέλω. SYN. Εἰσέρχωμαι, εἰσάπλομαι.

Εἰσανάβαίνω, θήσονται, adscendo: to go up into, land on, march. Σ. 68. SYN. Εἰσβαίνω, ἀναβαίνω.

Εἰσινεῖδω, suspicio: to look up to. Ω. 307. SYN. Ἀναεῖδω, ἀνακρίπτω, ἀποβλέπω.

Εἰσάνειμι, ingredior, adscendo: to go up into, mount. Τὸ δ' ἱερὸν εἰσανέοντα Apoll. 1. 1092. SYN. Ἀνεῖμι, ἀναβαίνω, εἰσανάβαίνω.

Εἰσάνεχω, exsurgo: to rise up to, jut out into. Apoll. 4. 1578.

Εἰσάπαξ, semel: once for all, once. Οὐ γὰρ εἰσάπαξ ἔρω Androm. 935. See Ἄπαξ, and at Εἰσαεί.

Εἰσαπθβαίνω, ingredior: to land on. Apoll. 4. 650.

Εἰσάττω, See Εἰσαίσσω.

Εἰσαυτίς, Εἰσαυτίς, in posterum: hereafter, again. Εἰσαυτίς ἐξαιε' εἰτὰ διὰ βόλαις νέας Eur. Sup. 425. Eccles. 975. SYN. Εἰσπίσω, μετὰ ταῦτα, ἐς ὑστέρην, ἀπαρτί.

Εἰσαφίκανω, Εἰσαφίκνυμαι, pervenio, ingredior: to arrive at, reach, enter into. Πάτερ' εἰσαφίκανεν X. 99. T. 336.

Εἰσαφύω, πα, Εἰσαφύσσω, ζω, infundo, haurio: to pour in, draw. "Ἐδωρ τ' εἰσαφύσαντο Apoll. 4. 1692.

Εἰσβαίνω, Εἰσβαίνω, θήσονται, ingredior, in-scendo: to go into, embark. Iph. T. 1080. M. 59. SYN. Ἀναβαίνω, βαίνω ἔσω, εἰσέρχωμαι.

Εἰσβάλλω, injicio: to throw or drive in; invade, enter. Bacch. 1034. SYN. Εἰμβάλλω, ἐπιτίθωμαι, εἰσέρχωμαι, πρόσθαινω, εἰσέλαινω.

Εἰσβάσις, ἔως, ἡ, ingressus: an entrance. Iph. T. 101. See Βάσις.

Εἰσβάσσομαι, vi ingredior: to force oneself in. Αἰσὺς εἰσβάσεται Av. 32.

Εἰσβλέπω. See Εἰσδέρκωμαι.

Εἰσδύω, Εἰσδύω, ἡ, irrumpo, ingressus, aditus, initium: irruption, introduction, entrance, beginning. Med. 1260. Ran. 1134. SYN. Εἰσδύω, πρόσθαι.

Εἰσγράφω, inscribo: to write in, into, or on. Trach. 1169. See Γράφω. SYN. Γράφω, συγ-γράφω.

Εἰσδέρκωμαι, Εἰσδέρκωμαι, Εἰσθλέπω, Εἰσθλέπω, Εἰσέω, Εἰσέω, inspicio, adspicio: to look on, see. Hipp. 912. Ω. 223. A. 581. Orest. 105. Theoc. 6. 35. and 8. 12. SYN. Δέρκωμαι, ἐπιδέρκωμαι, εἰσδύω, ἐπιβλέπω, εἰσλέω.

Εἰσδέχομαι, recipio: to receive into, admit,

accept. Phoen. 267. SYN. Ἀνδέχομαι, ἐνδε-χμαι.

Εἰσδοχή, ἡς, ἡ, receptio: a harbouring, reception. Eur. El. 396. SYN. Ἀπδοχή, ὑπδοχή.

Εἰσδρόμη, ἡς, ἡ, incursus: an incursion. Rhes. 603. SYN. Εἰσδρόμη, εἰσδύω.

Εἰσδύω, Εἰσδύω, subeo: to steal into, enter, penetrate. Οὐ γὰρ εἰσδύει Iph. A. 1582. See Δύω. SYN. Δύω, ὑπεσέρχωμαι, εἰσέρχωμαι, παρδύομαι.

Εἰσεῖδω. See Εἰσδέρκωμαι.

Εἰσεῖμι. See Εἰσέρχωμαι.

Εἰσελαύνω, ἐλάω, invelo, appello: to drive into, sail into. "Ἰππους δ' εἰσελάσαντες O. 385. SYN. Ἐπχωρῶ, εἰσέρχωμαι, ὑπτείνωμαι, ἐπαγῶμαι, εἰσπίπτω.

Εἰσεκκίω, traho in: to drag into. Εἰσεκκίσας γὰρ μ' εἰς Acharn. 379. SYN. Εἰσέλω, ἐφέλω, εἰσέρω.

Εἰσέπειτ' ἔσπειτ', deinde: after that, afterwards, hereafter. Aj. 35. SYN. Ἐπειτ', μετ' ἐπειτ', μετόπισθεν, εἰς τοῦτον.

Εἰσέρχωμαι, insequor: to follow into, accom-pany. o. 540. SYN. Ἐφεπτομαι, ἀνακλουσθῆ, ἐπιβίω.

Εἰσέρω, f. ἐρρήσω, aor. ἡρρήσα, cite vel cum aliqua vi intro: to enter quickly or violently. Eq. 4. SYN. Εἰσβιάζωμαι, εἰσπηδῶ, εἰσέρχωμαι, εἰσβαίνω.

Εἰσέρω, subduco: to draw in. Κόλον σπῆδς εἰσέρσαντες μ. 317. SYN. Εἰσεκκίω, εἰσάγω, ἐπισύρω.

Εἰσέρχωμαι, Εἰσέρχωμαι, f. εἰσέρωμαι, ingre- dior: to go into, enter. Iph. A. 522. SYN. Εἰσεσέρχωμαι, ἐπέρχωμαι, μετέρχωμαι, εἰσεῖμι, εἰσβαίνω, εἰσβαίνω, εἰσοιχέω.

Εἰσηγγέμαι, introduco, auctor sum et causa alicujus rei: to introduce, cause. Ran. 972. SYN. Εἰσάγω, συμβουλεύω, νοθεύω, παραινέω, ἡγγέμαι, ὑψηγγέμαι, παρῆκαλλω.

Εἰσῆμ, ἡς, ἡ, introitus: an entrance. Δεπτή δ' εἰσῆμ ἡς δ' ὅδον ζ. 263. SYN. Εἰσῆμδός.

Εἰσπτάμαι, involo: to fly, escape to. Φ. 494. Εἰσκέλλω, κέλω, appello: to approach by sea, arrive at. Thesm. 877. SYN. Εἰσέρχωμαι, καθορμίζω, πρόσγγιζω.

Εἰσκηρύττω, ζω, voce praconis evoco: to sum- mon by a proclamation, proclaim. Acharn. 135. SYN. Κηρύττω, ἀνακηρύττω, προσκάλω.

Εἰσκόμίζω, Εἰσκόμίζω, ἴσω, infero: to bring in. Herc. F. 1415. Hes. Op. 604. SYN. Προσκό- μίζω, παρῆκαλλω, εἰσάγω, ἐπάγω, εἰσφέρω.

Εἰσκόκλω, invelo quasi machina rotati: to roll in. Δαίμων τις εἰσκόκλωκεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν Vesp. 1474. Some read εἰσέκλωκεν. See Brunck's note. SYN. Εἰσάγω, εἰσφέρω.

Εἰσκόλλω, involvo, immitto in: to roll or tumble into. Καὶ εἰσέκλωκε δαλδύσση Call. 4. 33. SYN. Εἰσκόκλω, ἐνέλω, ἐντρίτω.

Εἰσκα, adsimulo, conjicio: to think like, con- jecture. δ. 148. SYN. See Εἰκάω.

Εἰσνέω, animadverto, video: to perceive, see. λ. 600. SYN. Αἰσθάνωμαι, ἐφθάρω, εἰσθάρω.

Εἰσῶδός, οὐ, ἡ, ingressus: an entrance. Ion 34. SYN. Εἰσῶδός, ἀφίξις, πρόσδός, ἡλῶσις.

Εἰσοικίσις, ἔως, ἡ, habitatio: a habitation. Philoct. 534. SYN. Οἰκίσις, ἐστία, δόμος, δῶμα.

Εἰσοικίω, Εἰσοικίω, domum recipio, deduco colonum: to admit to a house or home, settle. Pax 259. SYN. Εἰσοικίω, κατοικίω.

Εἰσοιχέω, i. q. Εἰσέρχωμαι. ι. 120.

Εἰσδύω, poet. Εἰσδύω, donec: until. Εἰσδύε τέκνον H. 30. 71. Εἰσδύω in Homer precedes the indicative, the subjunctive, and optative moods: εἰσδύε, the subjunctive and optative.

Εἰσδύω, ἔως, ἔσθ' ἄν, ὅσθ' ἄν, ἄχρις, ἄχρις ἄν, ἄχρις οὐ, μέχρι, μέχρις ἄν.

Εἰσπίσω, postea: afterwards. Πολεῖ δ' εἰσ- πτίσω δαδέρων H. in Ven. 104. SYN. See Εἰσα- τίς.

Εἰσπτάμαι, Εἰσπτάμαι, ὀφθαλμοί; Εἰσπτάμαι, et Εἰσπτάμαι, intueor: to look upon, behold. Hec. 206. E. 212. Eur. Sup. 622. Theoc. 5. 3. SYN. Ὀρῶ, βλέπω, ἐπιβλέπω, εἰσδέρκωμαι, θεῶμαι, ἐφθάρω, ἐνδρῶ, ἐπισκοπέω.

Εἰσπτάμαι, See Εἰσπτάμαι.

Εἰσπτάμαι, et Εἰσπτάμαι, irrumpo: to burst in upon. Trach. 914. (E. R. 1252. SYN. Εἰσφο- ρῶ, ἐπείσω, εἰσθάρω, εἰσάλλωμαι, εἰσέρχωμαι.

Εἰσός, poet. pro ἰσός, ὅν, ὄν, aequalis: equal, even. Δαίτῳ εἰσός A. 468.

Εἰσπαίω. See Εἰσορῶμαι.

Εἰσπέμω, immitto: to send into. Herc. F. 846. SYN. Ἀφίμω, ὑποπέμω, εἰσφέρω.

Εἰσπέρω, ἄσω, transeo, trajicio: to pass into, pass over. Hec. Op. 653. SYN. Διάπέρω, πέ- ραιω, διαβαίνω, παρέρχωμαι.

Εἰσπηδῶ, ἴσω, insilio: to spring into or upon. Equit. 599. SYN. See Εἰσορῶμαι.

Εἰσπίττω, εἰσπίττω, incido, irrumpo: to fall into or under, rush upon. Androm. 99. Troad. 753. SYN. Εἰσπίττω, ἐπιπίττω, εἰσβάλλω, εἰσβάλλω, εἰσπαίω, εἰσορῶμαι.

Εἰσπίττω. See Εἰσπίττω.

Εἰσπλέω, πλεύσομαι, adnavigo: to sail into. (E. R. 431. SYN. Προσπλέω, ἐπιπλέω.

Εἰσπνήλδς, Εἰσπνήλδς, οὐ, ὁ, pro Εἰσπνήλδς (vid. Valck. ad Theoc. 12. 12., et Meurs. Miscell. Laconic. iii. 9. p. 223.), amator: a lover. Theoc. 12. 12. Call. fr. 169.

Εἰσπρῶν, introduco: to conduct into. Eur. El. 1283.

Εἰσπράσσω, committo: to perform. Iph. T. 560. SYN. Πράσσω, ἐργάζομαι, ἄνω.

Εἰσρέω, influo: to flow into. Iph. T. 261.

Εἰστίθω, impono: to place into or on. Helen. 1565.

Εἰστρέχω, δρῶμαι; 2. a. ἐδράμω, incurro: to run or sail into. Βάδων δ' εἰσδράμει Φάσιν Theoc. 13. 23. SYN. Ἐπιτρέχω, ἐγκύρω, ἐμ- πίπτω, εἰσβάλλω.

Εἰσφέρω, Εἰσφέρω, infero: to bring in, intro- duce. Nub. 547. A. 495. SYN. Εἰσφέρω, προσφέρω, ἐπάγω, εἰσάγω, ἀναλαμβάνω, εἰσβάλλω, εἰσοκρίζω.

Εἰσφοιτῶ, frequento: to go frequently in. Androm. 947. SYN. See Εἰσέρχωμαι.

Εἰσφρῶ, ἴσω, Εἰσφρῶ, admitto: to let in. Vesp. 887.

Εἰσχυρίζω, in manus trado: to entrust to. (E. R. 392. SYN. Εἰσχυρίζω, ἐνδιδάμι.

Εἰσω, ἔσω, adv. et prap. intus: within. Orest. 274. Hec. 614. SYN. Ἐνδοθί, ἐνδοθεν, ἐνδον, εντός.

Εἰσωπός, οὐ, ὁ, ante conspectum habens: in front of. O. 653.

Εἰτ', deinde; itane? itane vero? then, next; is it so? Κῆτά πᾶς φέρων Iph. A. 894. SYN. Ἀρά, μη, ἐπειτ', ὅμως, δέ.

Εἰωθῶς, more solito: usually. Soph. El. 1456.

Ἐκ, et ante vocal. Εξ, cum gen. e, ex: of, from, out of, in consequence of, after. "Ἦτις ἐκ τῶν ἀντικίων Hec. 55.

Ἐκάδῃ, ἡς, ἡ, Hecuba: the wife of Priam. Πόλεως Ἐκάδῃς παῖς γένος τῆς Κισσέως Hec. 3. Ep. Τάμην, πάνθ' ἑλέα, μὲν γὰρ, Κισσῆς, δύστηνός. P. in. Ἀνασά τῶν πολυχύρων Φρύ- γων, εὐτεκνωτῆ τῶν γυναικῶν δυστήνιστά τῃ.

Ἐκαέρως, οὐ, ὁ, longe jaculans: far-darting; epith. of Apollo. Χαῖρ' ὦ Ἐκαέρῳ Thesm. 972. SYN. See Ἐκατήβελτης.

Ἐκάθεν, et Ἐκάς, compar. ἑκατέρω, superl. ἑκαστῶ, procul: far, from afar. Nūn δ' ἐκάθεν πόλις E. 791. See also N. 163. Herc. F. 1041. K. 113. SYN. Ἀκῶθεν, ἀποπρῶ, ἀποστα- δόν, μακρῶν, μακρόθεν, πόρρω, πόρρωθεν, πόρρω- τέρω, πορρωτάτω, τῇ.

Ἐκάς. See above.

Ἐκατόβη, singulativum: each. Ἐκατόβη ἐνθά- ταιρος γ. 8.

Ἐκατός, ὁ, ὄν, singulus, quisque: each, each individually. Plut. 225.

Ἐκατότῃ, ubique, semper: in every place, always. Ran. 15. SYN. Ἄε, δαίμνι, ὡς αἶψα.

Ἐκαταῖον, οὐ, τὸ, Hecates fanum: the shrine or image of Hecate. Ἡ κατὰ λιλ' τῶν Ἐκαταίων Ran. 366.

Ἐκατέρω, Ἐκατέρω, Ἐκατέρω, adv. et prap. utrimque: on either side, on both sides. Κεὶνὴ ἑκατέρω παρῆσθι α. 335. Γ. 340. Olymp. 2. 124.

Ἐκατέρω, α, ὄν, alteruter, uterque: one or other, each, both. See above.

Ἐκατέρω, See Ἐκατέρω.

Ἐκάτη, ἡς, ἡ, Hecate: a name of Diana. Νῆ- τὴν Ἐκάτην τὴν φασφόρον Thesm. 858. SYN. Ἀρτέμις, Σελήνη, Βριμά. Ep. Δασπλήνις, νῆχια, Φωρία, Περισίς, χθονία, Εἰνδία, ἀμαμακέτος, νυκτιπόλδς, ἐνέροισιν ἄνωσά, δέσποινά, δεινὴ δέδς.

P. in. see Hec. Theog. 411. 430.

Ἐκατήβελτης, Ἐκατήβελδς, Ἐκατός, Ἐκη- βόλδς, οὐ, ὁ, longe jaculans: far-darting. Μῆνιν Ἀπόλλωνος ἐκατήβελτα ἀνακτος A. 75. P. 333. H. 83. A. 96. SYN. Εἰσπτόχδς.

Ἐκατί, Dor. pro Ἐκατί, adv. et prap. cum genit., ultro, causa, quoad: voluntarily, for the sake, on account of. Σάφ' ἰσθ' ἐκατί βαρβάρους Pers. 343. o. 318.

Ἐκατοκράνδς, and ηνός. See below.

Ἐκατοκράνδς, Dor. Ἐκατοκράνδς, Ἐκα- τοκράνδς, Ἐκατοκράνδς, Ἐκατοκράνδς, οὐ, ὁ, centiceps: hundred-headed. Νυκτός Γοργὼν ἐκατοκράνδς Herc. F. 878. Pyth. 8. 20. P. V. 361. where see Bloomfield's note.

Ἐκατοκράνδς. See above.

Ἐκατόχειρδς, οὐ, ὁ, centimanus: hundred- handed. Ὁ δ' ἐκατόχειρον κἀλῆσας A. 402.

Ἐκατόμῃ, ἡς, ἡ, sacrificium centum boum: a sacrifice of a hundred oxen, hecatomb. Εἰσὶν δ' ἐκατόμβας B. 321. Ep. Ἀγῆκλειτῇ, ἑκατὸς, ἱερά, κλειτῇ, τέλῃ σά.

Ἐκατόμοις, οὐ, ὁ, centum boum pretio aestimabilis: worth a hundred oxen. Ἐκατό- μοιον δέ τοι ἦλφον Φ. 79.

Ἐκατόμωδς, Ἐκατόμωδς, οὐ, ὁ, centum pedes aequans; amplus: a hundred feet square; spacious, immense. Πύρην ἐκατόμωδον Ψ. 164. Isthm. 6. 32.

Ἐκατομυδίοις, See below.

Ἐκατομυδίοις, ἔως, Ἐκατομυδίοις, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, K 2

centum urbibus insignis: famed for its hundred cities. Κρήνην ἐκατόμυδλιν B. 649. Eur. fr. Cretens. 2. 4

'Εκατόμυδλος, ου, δ, ή, centum portas habens: having a hundred or many gates. Αΐδ' ἐκατόμυλοι εἰσι I. 383.

'Εκατόν, indecl. centum: a hundred. Τῆς ἐκατόν δισσάοι B. 448.

'Εκατόνζυγος, ου, δ, ή, centum transtris instructus: having a hundred banks of oars. Νῆψ ἐκατόνζυγος T. 247.

'Εκατοντάετης, εὖς, δ, ή, qui centum annorum est: a hundred years old. Pyth. 4. 501. See 'Εκατοντάταλάντος.

'Εκατοντάς, ἀδός, ή, centuria: the number one hundred. Εκατοντάδες ἐνδεδμηται Theoc. 17. 82.

'Εκατοντάταλάντος, ου, δ, ή, centum talenta pondere aequans: of a hundred talents. Φεύγει γράφας ἐκατοντάταλάντους τέτταρας Equit. 442.

'Εκατοντέρυγος, ου, δ, ή, centum ulnarum: a hundred ells long. 'Εκατοντέρυγυν ὦ Πόσειδον τοῦ μακρους Aves 1131.

'Εκατός. See 'Εκατηβέλτης.

'Εκατόστομος, ου, δ, ή, centum ostia habens: having a hundred mouths. Bacch. 404. See above.

'Εκατοστός, ή, δι, centesimus: hundredth. Τὰς πολλὰς ἐκατοστάς Vesp. 658.

Εκβάω, ξω, eloquor: to explain. Agam. 481.

Εκβαίνω, εἶσθαι, egredior, evado, cedo: to go out, result, turn out, prove. Κάκιστος ἀνδρῶν ἐκβέσθη' Med. 231. SYN. Εξέρχουμαι.

Εκβαλῶ, in furorem Bacchicum impello: to render frantic. Troad. 408. SYN. Ἀνάκαχεύω, Βακχεύω, εκβαίνω.

Εκβάλλω, βάλλω, ejicio: to throw out, eject, produce. Bacch. 739. SYN. Ἀναρρίπτω, ἀφίημι, εκδιώκω, εξελαύνω, ἀπαθεύω, φυγάδεύω.

Εκβάσσω, ου, δ, ή, escensum juvenis, epith. Apollinis: the god of landing. 'Ενθ' οὔ' Εκβάσσειν Βωμόν Apoll. 1. 966.

'Εκβάσις, εὖς, ή, egressus: egress, departure from, escape from. Εὐπροσειστός ἐκβάσις Med. 281. SYN. 'Εξόδος, τέλος.

Εκβάτανά, αν, τὰ, Ecbatana: the metropolis of Media. Οἷδεν τίς ὁμῶν τὰκβάταν' ή τοὺς Χαῶνας Achern. 588.

Εκβιάω, vi exturbo: to wrest from. Philoct. 1128. See Βιάω. SYN. Εξαίρω, εξωθεύω.

Εκβίσσω, educo: to lead or bring out. Κάτὰ λειφ' ἡμῖν δεῦρ' εκβίσσας Aves 660. SYN. Εξάγω, εξαίτω, εκβάλλω.

'Εκβλητός, ου, δ, ή, ejectus: thrown out. Hec. 697. SYN. Εκβεβλημένος.

Εκβλύω, emano: to spring up from. 'Ιέρν εκβλύοντά Apoll. 4. 1416. SYN. Ἀναβλύζω.

Εκβολίζω, detraho: to strip off. Pax 1123. Εκβολή, ής, ή, ejectio, jactura: a casting up, casting overboard. Iph. T. 1424. SYN. Ἀποβάλλω, εξόδος, εκπεμνίς, ἀφροίς.

'Εκβόλος, ου, δ, ή, ejectus: thrown or cast out. Phoen. 817. SYN. Ἀποβλητός, εκβλητός.

Εκβροντῶ, ήσω, tonitru conficio: to strike or drive out with thunder. P. V. 370.

Εκβρυχάμαι, vociferor: to cry out. Iph. T. 1390. See Βρυχάμαι. SYN. Βρυχάμαι, εξέρρηγμαι.

'Εκβρωμά, ἀτός, τὸ, scobs: saw-dust. Trach. 700. SYN. Βρώμα, τὸ πρῶξιμν.

Εκγαυρόδμαι, insolesco, jacto: to be proud, boast of. Iph. A. 101.

Εκγέλλω, ἀσθμαι et ἄσω, effuse rideo: to laugh outright. Εκ δ' ἐγέλασσε πάτρι Z. 471. SYN. Γέλλω.

Εκγυνέτης, 'Εκγυνός, ου, δ, ortus, oriundus: sprung from, a descendant. Bacch. 1144. Orest. 476. SYN. Παῖς, υἱός, υἴς, ἀπογυνός, κέλωρ.

Εκγινώμαι, enascor: to spring or be derived from. E. 637. See Γινώμαι.

'Εκγυνός. See Εκγυνέτης.

Εκγράφουμαι, exscribo: to write out. Aves 982. See Γράφω. SYN. Ἀπογράφω, μνημονεύω.

Εκγρηγδρέω, experefacio; excitator: to awaken; to be roused. Aves 1413. SYN. Εξεγείρουμαι, γρηγρῶμαι.

Εκδάκρνω, illacrymor: to shed tears. Ποῖ εκδάκρναι ποτ' Philoct. 281. SYN. Θρηνηῶ, δακρύρουμαι.

Εκδείκνυμι, ostendo: to point out. Philoct. 426. See R. P. Phoen. 538.

Εκδέρκωμαι, prospicio ex aliqua re: to look at. Ψ. 477. SYN. Δέρκωμαι, εκδύωμαι, ἐπιβλέπω.

Εκδέρω, pellem detraho: to strip off the skin, flay. Eur. El. 824. SYN. Δέρω, ἀποδέρω.

Εκδέχουμαι, ξίμαι, excipio: to receive from, expect, entertain. Philoct. 123. SYN. Ἀναδέχουμαι, διαδέχουμαι, ἀνταμείβω, προσδύκω, παρῶμεν.

Εκδέω, ήσω, adligo, religo: to tie, fasten. Androm. 554. SYN. Ἀναδέω, εξαρτάω.

'Εκδηλός, ου, δ, ή, manifestus: conspicuous. E. 2. SYN. Διάδηλός, φάνερός, δηλός, ἀποδλεπτός, ὑπερόχος.

Εκδημέω, peregre sum vel proficiscor: to be from home, go abroad. CE. R. 114. SYN. Ἀποδημέω, ἀναχωρέω.

'Εκδημῶς, ου, δ, ή, peregre agens: from home, abroad, foreign. Hipp. 281. SYN. Ἀποδημῶς, ἀπάν.

Εκδιβάσσω, transeo: to cross, pass over. K. 198. SYN. see Διάβαίνω.

Εκδιδαγμαῖ, ἀτός, τὸ, tirocinium: rudiments. Εκδιδαγμαῖ κερκίδος Ion 1418. SYN. Παίδευμα.

Εκδιδάσκω, ξω, edoceo: to teach thoroughly. Εκδιδάσκεισθαι σόφους Med. 297. SYN. Ἀναδιδάσκω, εκπαιδεύω.

Εκδιδράσκω, εκδράσθαι, elabor: to escape, flee from. 'Ο δ' εκδιδράσκε διὰ τῶν ὑδρορῶν Vesp. 126. SYN. see Ἀποδρέγω.

Εκδιδοῦμαι, edo, reddo, in matrimonium colloco: to give out, produce, deliver up, settle in marriage. Eur. Sup. 144. See Διδωμι. SYN. Ἀποδιδωμι, ἀντιδιδωμι, πρόφερω, προδιδωμι.

Εκδικάζω, ἄσω, litem dijudio: to decide a law-suit. Εἰκόσιν γὰρ εκδικάζουεν Eccles. 984. SYN. Δικάζω, εκδικέω, τιμωρέω.

Εκδικαστής, οὖ, δ, υἱος, an avenger. Eur. Sup. 1162. See above. SYN. see Ἀμύντωρ.

'Εκδικός, ου, δ, ή, (1) vindex: avenging; (2) injustus: unjust. Οὐδεν εκδικον πᾶθων Alcest. 730. SYN. (2) Ἀδικός, εκνομίος, ἀνομός.

Εκδικῶς, injuste: unjustly. Antig. 928. See above. SYN. Ἀδικῶς, παρῶντως.

'Εκδοτός, ου, δ, ή, editus; deditus: given out; given up, betrayed. Ion 1250.

Εκδοχῇ, ής, ή, expectatio: a looking for, expectation. Hipp. 869.

Εκδράκοντῶμαι, a viro in serpentem vector: to be transformed into a dragon. Εκδράκοντα-θεῖς δ' ἐγὰρ Choeph. 542.

Εκδύω, Εκδύω, Εκδύμαι, exeo, aufugio; exuo: to come out of, emerge, escape from; take off. Μάλακον δ' εκδυῖν χιτῶνα α. 437. H. Ven. 167. Vesp. 140. See Δάω. SYN. Ἀποδύω, ἀποδυῖμαι, διαφεύγω, εξεμί, εξέρχουμαι.

Εκεί, Εκείθι, illic: there, thither. Hec. 997. ρ. 10. SYN. Αυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, τῇδε, εκείνη.

Εκείθεν, illinc: from thence. Sept. Th. 40. SYN. Ενθεν, τῇδε.

Εκείνός, η, δ, Att. Εκεινός, iste, ille, &c.: he, she, it. Εκεινὸν γὰρ τὸν Pax 545. SYN. Αυτός, κείνός.

Εκείχερία, as, ή, induciæ: a truce. 'Τπ-εχοντά την εκείχεριαν Pax 908. SYN. Διαλύσις, σπονδή, συνθήκη, ἀνείσις, φιλία.

Εκξέω, εῖσω, ebullio: to burst out or forth. Εξέξεν γὰρ Οὐδῖπου κατένυγμάτα Sept. Th. 706. SYN. Ἀναξέω, βράσσωμαι.

Εκξωπύρῶ, excusculo sopitum ignem: to blow up into a flame. Pax 309. See Ζωπύρῶ. SYN. Ἀναξωπύρῶ, ἀνάπτω, εξεγείρω, ἀνεγείρω.

'Εκρηβδλία, as, ή, peritia longe jaculandi: far-shooting, skill in shooting. Οὐδὲ εκρηβδλία E. 54.

'Εκρηβδλός. See 'Εκἀτηβέλτης.

'Εκρηλός, ου, δ, ή, quietus: quiet, tranquil. Sept. Th. 224. SYN. Εύκρηλός, ήσυχός, ήσυχίος, ἀδρυσός, ήρεμός.

'Εκρηγί. See 'Εκαρί.

Εκθαμνίζω, extirpo: to extirpate. Sept. Th. 72. Εκθαύμαι, ασθμαι, perspicio: to see clearly. Εκθέσασθαι κύκον CE. R. 1253. SYN. see Εκδέρκωμαι and Ἀποδλέπω.

Εκθέρζω, demeto: to cut off or out. Anacr. 12. 7. SYN. Ἀποθέρζω, εκθάω.

'Εκθεσίς, εὖς, ή, expositio: the exposing. Ion 956.

'Εκθέρθς, ου, δ, ή, expositus: put out, exposed. Androm. 70.

Εκθεώ, θεύσωμαι, excurro, procuro: to run out, sally forth, rush upon. Lysist. 456. SYN. see Εκθέρω.

Εκθρηπύδμαι, ferinam formam induo: to put on the form of a monster, become a beast in nature. Εκθρηπυθεῖο' ὀφεις Bacch. 1329. Ἀποθρηπύδμαι, εξεγρύδμαι.

Εκθνήσσω, θανούμαι, emorior; pro mortuo jaceo: to die outright; to lie as if dead. 'Εκθνήν αντάρ σ. 99.

Εκθονάδμαι, epulor, depascor: to banquet, feast upon. P. V. 1061. SYN. Θονάδμαι, δαίνυμαι.

Εκθρέω, exilio: to spring from. Ψ. 353. SYN. Εκπῶω, εκάλλωμαι, κατέφάλλωμαι, εκθεώ, εκθράσσω, ἀναπῶω, εκτρέχω.

Εκθρέω, enuntio: to speak out, announce. CE. C. 1424. SYN. Εξαγγέλλω, εκφαίνω, ἀποφαίνο, σημαίνω.

Εκθρῶσκω, θροῦμαι, exilio: to spring out. K. 95. SYN. see Εκθρέω.

Εκθυιάω, adoleo: to offer, burn incense. Νιπτρά καθεύθυμία Ion 1174.

'Εκθύμς, ου, δ, ή, animo promptus: prompt. 'Ττ' εκθύμου φρένός Pers. 378. SYN. 'Ενθύμς, ὑπέρθυμς, πρόθυμς, πρόσφρων.

Εκθύω, ύσω, sacrifico: to make an offering of, sacrifice. Orest. 188. See Θύω.

Εκκάθαίρω, expurgo: to clear out, cleanse. Ουρός τ' εκκάθαίρων B. 153. SYN. Κάθαρω, ἀποκάθαίρω, ἀπομάττω, κατὰπλύνω.

'Εκκαδέκᾶ, indecl. sedecim: sixteen. Ran. 551. See Δέκά.

'Εκκαδέκαδωρς, ου, δ, ή, sedecim palmos aequans: sixteen palms long. 'Εκκαδέκαδωρᾶ πέφυκε Δ. 109.

Εκκαῶ, καύσω, exuro: to burn forth or out. Cycl. 626. SYN. Εκφλέγω, εκπέρδωμαι, ἀποκαῶ, ανθράκιζω.

Εκκαλύμῶμαι, extraho: to draw out with a reed, extract. Ζητήτων μ' εκκαλύμῶσθαι Vesp. 381. SYN. Εξάγω, ἐφέλω, ἐπισύρωμαι, ὑποσπῶ.

Εκκαλέω, evoco: to call out, recall. Καὶ τὸτὲ μ' εκκαλέσαντὲς κ. 471. SYN. Ἀνάκαλέω, πρόκαλέω, ἐπάγω, πάρορμῶ.

Εκκαλύπτω, detego: to uncover, reveal. Iph. A. 872. See Κάλυπτα. SYN. Ἀποκαλύπτω, ἀνακαλύπτω, ἀναφαίνο.

Εκκαρπῶμαι, fructum decerpo: to pluck the fruit from, enjoy. Ion 814.

Εκκατέλθω, despicio: to look down from. Δ. 508. SYN. Ἀποσκόπῶ, ἀποδᾶεω, κατέλθω.

Εκκατέφάλλωμαι, desilio ab: to leap down from. T. 351. SYN. Κάβάλλωμαι, κατὰπηδάω, ἀποθρόσσω.

Εκκαυχῶμαι, glorior: to boast, vaunt. Bacch. 31. SYN. Κανχῶμαι, αυχέω, μέγαλγηδρέω.

'Εκκειμαι, expositus sum: to lie out, be exposed. Antig. 1011.

Εκκένωω, exinanio: to empty. Sept. Th. 319. SYN. Ἀλάπαζω, εξάλαπάω, εξάρω.

Εκκεράζω, diripio: to plunder, ravage. Τὰς ἱερὸν εκκεράζεις Call. 6. 50. SYN. Ἀναρπάζω, εκπορθεύω, εκθαμνίζω.

Εκκηραίνω, debilito, corroppo: to weaken, corrupt. Eumen. 128. SYN. Πάραρῶμαι, ἀφαιρέω.

Εκκινέω, exagito: to move out, start. Εξ-εκίνσας τῷδε CE. R. 362. SYN. Εκκρέρω, εκδιώκω, εκκαλέω, εξεγείρω.

Εκκίω, exeo: to go out. \*Ως ἐφατ' εκ δ' υἱός Δάλιον κίεν α. 491. SYN. see Εξέρχουμαι.

Εκκλάζω, κλάζω, cum clangore edo: to utter loudly. Ion 1204.

Εκκλείω, Εκκληζώ, excludo: to shut out. Herc. F. 330. Orest. 1126. SYN. Ἀποκλείω.

Εκκλέπτω, suffuror: to steal, convey away clandestinely. Iph. T. 28. SYN. Ἀπάγω, ὑπάγω, ὑπεκτέμνω, εκκομίζω.

Εκκλησία, as, ή, coetus civium convocatus: an assembly of citizens. Ζητούντας εν τῇ 'κκλησίᾳ Eccles. 188. SYN. Ἀγῶρᾶ, ἀμφιγυρίς, συνῶδς.

Εκκλησιάζω, in concione delibero: to deliberate or harangue in an assembly. Εκκλησιάζου' ου Eccles. 161. SYN. Δημηγυρῶμαι, ἀγυρεύω.

'Εκκλητός, ου, δ, ή, evocatus, convocatus: summoned, convened. 'Εκκλητὸν Ἀργείων ὄχλον Orest. 605. Οἱ εκκλητῶι idem denotat quod εκκλητὸς Ἀργείων ὄχλός; et a Xenoph. discimus Lacedaemoniorum concione fuisse appellatam, τοὺς εκκλητῶους. SYN. Σύγκλητῶς.

Εκκραίεω, odiose strido: to make a grating noise. Theoc. 15. 88. See Kiessling's note on this passage.

Εκκρᾶστικῶς, astute furor: to cheat out of. Γέροντας ἡμᾶς κἀκκρᾶστικῶς Eeq. 270. SYN. Ἀποστεύω, ἀπάτῶ, παρὰλγιζῶμαι.

Εκκοκίζω, cortice ablato granum evello, era-

dico, luxo : to shake or pick out grains, root out, dislocate. Acharn. 1179. SYN. Ερημω, εκτίνασσω, κέρω, εκτίλλω, ἀνασπᾶω.

Εκκύλυμαι, enato : to swim out. "Ποτ' εκκύλυμαι ναὺς Helen. 1625. SYN. Εκρήχθαι, ἀποκύλυμαι.

Εκκύω, ισω, eveho, effero; patior : to carry out, convey away; bear through, endure. Androm. 1268. SYN. Εκφέρω, φέρω, ἀφαιρέω.

Εκκομπάζω, glorior : to boast of. Soph. El. 569.

Εκκομψεύμαι, argutus et disertus sum in sermone : to be witty and eloquent in talking. Iph. A. 333. SYN. Στωμύλλω.

Εκκόπτω, excindo : to cut off or down, demolish. Acharn. 92. SYN. Κατάκοπτω, εκκρούω, εκθλίβω, ἀποθλίβω, ἀναίρω, εκπορθέω, διαφθείρω.

Εκκόρρω, everto : to sweep away, ruin. Pax 59.

Εκκόρυφος, summatis s. paucis dico : to tell in a summary way. Δόγην εκκόρυψω Hes. Op. 106. SYN. Αναπτύσσω, σύνελον εἶπον, κέφαλαίω.

Εκκρέμνυνται, ἄνω, Εκκρημνῶ, dependeo; suspendo : to hang from or upon; hang up. Εκκρέμσας Τηρέβλον Equit. 1363. Ion 1613. SYN. Εξαρτάω.

Εκκρημνῶ. See above.

Εκκρινω, secerno : to separate from, select. Philoct. 1425.

Εκκρίτης, ου, δ, ἡ, selectus : select, distinguished, choice. Aj. 1302. See Κρίτης.

Εκκρουστος, ου, δ, ἡ, caelatus : embossed. Sept. Th. 538. SYN. Blomf. Glossar.

Εκκύβιστάω, praeceps in caput desilio : to fall down headlong. Εκκύβιστώντων Βίβ. Eur. Sup. 692. SYN. Κυβιστάω, κατάκρημνίζομαι.

Εκκύκλω, conversioe machinae in scena ostendo quod intus agitur, exhibeo : to turn round and display, exhibit. ΑΛΛ' εκκύκλήθητ' Acharn. 408. SYN. Εκκάλυπτα, εκκύκλω.

Εκκύλινδω, et Εκκύλλω, envolvo : to roll out, disengage. Εὐθὺς εκκύλινδεται C. R. 812. P. V. 87. SYN. Ἀποκύλλω, ἀποκύλινδω.

Εκκύννηται, venatione persequor : to hunt out. Εκκύννηται πόντος Ion 1422. SYN. Κύννηται, θηρεύω, θηράωμαι, εξερευνῶ.

Εκκωμάω, proca excedo : to run out revealing. Androm. 604.

Εκκωφῶ, Εκκωφῶ, surdum facio, obtundo : to render deaf, render blunt. Εκκέκωφεται ξίφος. Orest. 1280. On the orthography of this word, see Pors. Orest. 1280. SYN. Κωφῶν ποίω, διαμάλισσω.

Εκλαγχάνω, λήζομαι, sortior : to receive by lot, obtain. Τίμῃν εκλάχοι χθονός Soph. El. 760. SYN. Εκμεύομαι, λαγχάνω, εντυγχάνω.

Εκλατίζω, ισω, cales in sublime jacto : to throw up the heels, kick out. Vesp. 1492.

Εκλάλω, eloquor : to speak out. Τὸς εκλάλουν οὐδ' Eur. fr. Antio. 10. SYN. Εξάγορεύω, εκφέρω, φιλάρω.

Εκλαμβάνω, λήψομαι, excipio : to take out, accept, undertake. Μη σὺ γὰρ ἡμῶν δ' εκλάβ' Ion 1334. SYN. see Ἀνταμβάνω.

Εκλάμπω, eluceo : to shine out, be brilliant. Aves 1713. SYN. Ἀνέλαμπω, λάμπω.

Εκλαύω, λήσω, 2. a. ελάθω, poët. εκλέλθω, oblivisci facio, et med. obliviscor : to cause to forget; to forget. Καὶ εκλέλθων κῆδιστὸν B. 594.

Εκλάπαζω, ξω, expello diruo : to expel from, destroy. Sept. Th. 752. See Λάπαζω. SYN. Λάπαζω, εκλάπαζω, εξαρπάω, εκπορθέω.

Εκλάπτω, lambendo ebibo : to lick, swallow. Acharn. 1229. SYN. Λάπτω, εκπίνω, εκρόφω, εξαντλέω.

Εκλαχάινω, effodio : to dig up or out, excavate. Χθῆμαλιώτερον εκλάχαινον Apoll. 1. 374. SYN. Εξορύττω, κατάσκαπτω.

Εκλείπω, Εκλιμπάνω, relinquo : to leave off, fail. Ion 1305. Eur. El. 909. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, ελλείπω.

Εκλήγω, ξω, cesso : to cease. Soph. El. 1312. 'Εκλήσις, ξω, ἡ, oblivio : forgetfulness. α. 484. SYN. see Ἀμνηστίνη.

Εκλιμπάνω. See Εκλείπω, and Λιμπάνω.

Εκλόγιζομαι, ισθμαι, reputo, perpendo : to reason on, consider, infer. Iph. A. 1409. SYN. Τηλόγαμβάνω, λογίζομαι.

Εκλόχευω, partu edo : to put or bring forth. Ion 1458. SYN. Τίκτω, εκτίκτω, ωδίνω.

Εκλύσις, ξω, ἡ, solutio : a release, deliverance. 'Εκλύσαν ζῆται τινά P. V. 270. SYN. Ἀπαλλάγη, ῥύσις, σωτηρία.

Εκλύττηριον, ου, ῥδ, liberandi vis : ability to deliver. Αστούσιν εκλύττηριον C. R. 391.

Εκλύττος, ου, δ, ἡ, dissolutus : loose, relaxed. 'Εκλύττος δ' ἀμφώβολοι Androm. 1122. SYN. Ἀνέτος, ἀνεμεινός.

Εκλύω, ύσω, exsolvo, libero : to loosen, to release, alleviate. Εκλύθ' ἄρμους ὡς ἴδω Med. 1312. In Euripides the only two instances, which can determine the quantity of Εκλύω, have the penult. long; one instance in Sophocles confirms that quantity. Aristoph. Pax 1282, makes the penult. short. SYN. Ἀπλύω, ἀπαλάττω, ελευθερώω.

Εκλυθῶμαι, injuria adficio : to be ignominiously treated. Philoct. 330. SYN. Ἀδικέδομαι, ζημιόδομαι.

Εκλυπίζω, veste exuo : to take off a robe, expose. Trach. 927. SYN. Γυμνῶ, εκδύω, εκδέρω.

Εκμαγιά, ἄτος, 'Εκμακτρών, ου, τὸ, massa subacta; expressum rei alicujus simulacrum; what remains after extraction of juice; an express image, print. Thesm. 514. Soph. El. 535.

Εκμαίνο, in furorem ago : to drive mad. Bacch. 36. SYN. Εκθακύνω, ἀναχόρεω (τὴν) Ερινύσιν.

Εκμακτρών. See 'Εκμαγιά.

Εκμανθάνω, μάθησθαι, edisco : to learn thoroughly, ascertain. Εκμάθω παῖδς περί Ion 77. SYN. see Μανθάνω.

Εκμαραίνω, marcescere facio : to cause to pine away. Πότ' ἀχέει εξεμαράνηθ' Theoc. 3. 30.

Εκμαργόδομαι, furiose ago : to commit acts of outrage. Troad. 985. SYN. see Εκμαίνο.

Εκμαρτύρω, testor : to bear testimony to. Εκμαρτύρησαν προθύμσας Agam. 1167. SYN. see Μαρτύρω.

Εκμάσσω, ξω, abstergo, exprimo : to wipe off, efface, press out. Herc. F. 1393.

Εκμαστεύω, indago : to trace. Eumen. 247. SYN. Μαστεύω, μάττω, ἐρευνῶ, εξερευνῶ.

Εκμείρομαι, particeps fio : to share, enjoy. Θέων εξεμέωρε τιμῆς ε. 335.

Εκμετρέω, emetior : to measure out. Εκμέτροιμενος χθῶνα C. R. 794. SYN. see Μέτρω.

Εκμυέμαι, imitando exprimo : to imitate suc-

cessfully. Δεσμοῖσιν εκμυέσθαι Herc. F. 1289. SYN. Μυέδομαι, εκμασθῶμαι.

Εκμύλω, prode : to go or march forth. A. 603. SYN. see Εξέρχομαι.

Εκμυσθῶ, carmine compactor : to dictate or inform by song. Bacch. 823. SYN. Εκδιδάσκω.

Εκμυθῶ, cum labore perfero, exantlo : to struggle through. Eur. Sup. 461. SYN. see Εξαντλέω.

Εκμύχλειω, vectibus evello : to force out by bars. Μηδὲν εκμύχλειστέτε Lysist. 430. SYN. Μόχλειω, εκρίδω.

Εκμύδω, exsugo : to suck out, drink up. Αἰμ' εκμύχσας ἐπ' ἄρ' ἡπία Δ. 218.

Εκνέμομαι, depascor; educor vel exeo pastum, abeo : to feed; go to pasture, retire. Aj. 369. SYN. Εκπαρῶμαι.

Εκνέω, nutu significo; nutu declino : to signify by a nod; nod dissent. Phoen. 1283. SYN. (1) Νέω, πρόκωτω; (2) ἀπνέω, μεταστρέφωμαι, εξαρνῶ εἰμί.

Εκνέω, εἰσθμαι, enato; evito, elabor : to swim out; escape, come out. Iph. T. 1187. SYN. Εκκύλυμβῶ, ἀναδύομαι, εκφεύγω, εκτρέπομαι.

Εκνικῶ, evinco : to come off conqueror. Χρυσὸς εκνικᾷ τάδε Ion 631. SYN. Νικάω, κράττω.

Εκνίπτω, eluo : to wash out, wipe away. Iph. T. 1225.

Εκνυῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, exlex, insolens, nefandus : lawless, insolent, wicked. Nem. 1. 86. SYN. Ἀνύμος, παράνυμος, ἀνάδης, ἀήθης, πύνηρος.

Εκνύμιος, Εκνύμιος, enormiter : exorbitantly, extravagantly. Plut. 982. Agam. 1449. SYN. Μεγάλως, υπερβαλλόντως.

Εκνοστέω, revertor : to return from. P. 207. SYN. see Νοστέω.

Εκνούσις, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ἡ, spontaneus : voluntary. Ζῶν ἐκνούσιφ τρόφ' Med. 751. SYN. Ἐκόν, ἐθελούσιος, ἐθελοντής, ἀναρρέτος.

Εκπαγλᾷ, Εκπαγλῶς, stupendum in modum, vehementer : in a terrible manner, greatly. 'Ὁς νῦν ἐκπαγλ' ἐφίλησα Γ. 415. SYN. Θαυμαστώως, θαυμάσιως, φθέρως, ισχυρῶς, ἐξόχῃ, περίττῃ, περίσως.

Εκπαγλῶμαι, admiratione percellor : to be astonished at, admire exceedingly. Εἶδος εκπαγλυμένη Troad. 922. SYN. Εκπαγλῆττομαι, θαυμάζομαι, αἰδέομαι.

Εκπαγλός, ου, δ, ἡ, terribilis; admirabilis : terrific; admirable. Εκπαγλοῖς ἐπέεσσιν O. 198. SYN. Ἀτυγλήδς, δρμῖς, ἐξόχδς, θαυμαστός, φθέρδς.

Εκπαγλῶς. See 'Εκπαγλᾷ.

Εκπαθενῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, quod instituit vel nutritur : a pupil or nursing. Cycl. 597. SYN. Ὀμολήτης, παιδευῶ.

Εκπαδεύω, edoceo : to educate thoroughly. Eur. fr. Inus. 14. 5. SYN. see Παδεύω.

Εκπαίζω, ξδομαι, eludo : to baffle. Herc. F. 457.

Εκπαφάσσω, more insanorum excurro s. ruo : to run on like a madman, brag, bluster. E. 803. SYN. Ενθουσιῶ, ενθουσιῶμαι, εκμαίνομαι.

Εκπάλω, exsilire facio : to force out. T. 483.

Εκπάττω, ξω, percello : to cause to shake, astound. Herc. F. 884. See Πάττω. SYN. Ἀτίζω, εκπλήττω, πάττω.

Εκπάτις, α, ὄν, ingens : out of the way, ex-

traordinary. Τρόπον αἰγυπῶν οὐτ' εκπάτις Agam. 48.

Εκπαύω, cessare facio : to cause to cease, put an end to. Ion 144. SYN. see Παύω.

Εκπείθω, persuadeo : to succeed in advising. Phoen. 437. SYN. see Πείθω.

Εκπειράζω, Εκπειράω, tento, experior : to tempt, make trial of. Πρώτον εκπειράσδομαι Equit. 1234. SYN. see Πειράζω.

Εκπείλει, licet : it is lawful or proper. Antig. 478. SYN. 'Εξεστί, ἐστί, πρέπει.

Εκπέπω, emitto : to send out or away. Φ. 598. SYN. Ἀποπέπω, εξελαύνω.

Εκτέραίνω, ad finem perduco : to accomplish. Cycl. 692.

Εκτέραμα, ἄτος, τὸ, exitus : a passage or passing from. Τρίτον τὸς εκτέραμα Choëph. 643.

Εκτέρω, ἄσω, transeo, trajicio : to pass through or over. Iph. A. 18. SYN. Διαδβαίνω, διαπλέω, εκπλέω, πέρω.

Εκτερδικίω, more perdis effugio; decipio : to escape like a partridge; deceive, pigeon. Αισχυρὸν ἐστὶν εκτερδικίσαι Aves 768.

Εκτέρω, σω, depopulo, everto : to sack, destroy. Androm. 1084. SYN. Εκπορθέω, ἀνατρέπω, κέρω.

Εκτέταννυμι, Εκπέταζω, ἄσω, extendo : to stretch or spread out. Τὰ δ' ἀτὰ γὰρ σου νῆ Δι' ἐξέτέτανντο Equit. 1347. See also Iph. T. 1137. SYN. Πέταννυμι, ἀναπέταννυμι, ἀναπτύσσω, εκτάνω, εκτείνω.

Εκτέτησις, ου, δ, ἡ, qui jam volare potest : able to fly. Πέλαργος εκτέτησιμος Aves 1355.

Εκτέτομαι, evolo : to fly away. Av. 788.

Εκπηδάω, exsilio : to jump out, spring away from, gush out. Bacch. 694. SYN. Εξάλλομαι, εξέρωμαι, εκθέρω, ἀναπηδάω, ἀνακρίω.

Εκπήδημα, ἄτος, τὸ, saltus : a leap or bound out of. Agam. 1347. SYN. see Πήδημα.

Εκπνέζομαι, extrico : to spin out, elicit. Ran. 577. SYN. Εκμυρῶμαι.

Εκπίμπλημι, εκπλήσω, impleo : to fill up, fill. 'Ροβία τ' ἐξέπῖμπλάτω Helen. 1574.

Εκπίνω, πίδαμαι, elibo : to drink up, drain. Καὶ τὴν ψυχὴν εκπίνουσιν Nub. 712. SYN. Κατάπινω, εκρόφω, ἀπορρόβω.

Εκπίπτω, Εκπίντω, excido; excido patria : to fall from, drop off; be banished. Phoen. 1209. P. V. 948. SYN. Ἀποπίπτω, ἀποτρυχάνω, εκβαλλομαι, εξωδέω, φεύγω.

Εκπλήρω, ου, δ, ἡ, sex stadium : of six stadii. Κῶλον εκπλήρωον δρόμον Med. 1190.

Εκπλέω, α, ὄν, poët. Εκπλείδς, Att. Εκπλέας, ων, refeitus, plenus : brim full, abundant. H. in Merc. 246. Cycl. 415. SYN. see Πλήρης.

Εκπλώω, enavigo : to sail out or away. Οὐκ αὐτὸς εξέπλευσεν Aj. 1099. Apoll. 2. 644. SYN. Ἀποπλώω, ἐξέκλωω, ἐξανάγω.

Εκπλήθω, σω, et Εκπληρῶ, impleo : to fill up, fill. Eur. El. 1288. Orest. 54. SYN. Εκπίμπλημι, ἀναπλήθω, πλήθω, ἀναπληρῶ, εκτέλω.

Εκπληξίς, ξω, ἡ, consternatio : terror, astonishment. 'Εκπληξὶν ὡν ἀφῶσαι τὸ προστίθης Helen. 548. SYN. Τάραχῃ, φθόβς.

Εκπληρῶ. See Εκπλήθω.

Εκπλήσσω, ξω, percello : to strike with terror, astound. Iph. T. 241. SYN. Ἀποπλήσσω, εκπτῶω, ἀτύζω, εκφρόω, εκτάρσσω, εμεροντάω, πλήσσω.







expressibly. *Μέλος εκφάτως* Agam. 686., answering to 'Ελέναυ ἐπέε.

*Εκφέρω*, effero: to bring out, carry forth. *Ψ*. 259. *ΣΥΝ*. *Εκφέρω*, εκκρίμω, εξάγω, πρόσφω, πρόσφω, εκφαίνω, εκφρίω.

*Εκφεύγω*, εἶμαι, *Dot*. εἶμαι, effugio: to escape. *Israel*. 429. *ΣΥΝ*. *Εκφυγάνω*, ἐκφεύγω, ἀποφεύγω.

*Εκφημί*, eloquor: to speak out, declare distinctly. *ν*. 308. *ΣΥΝ*. *Εξείπον*, εκφαίνω, εξαδάω, εκφέρω, εκφράζω.

*Εκφθίρω*, εκφθίω, perdo, corrumpo: to cause to waste, corrupt, destroy utterly. *Hec*. 663. *ι*. 163. See *Φθίω*. *ΣΥΝ*. see *Αποφθίω*.

*Εκφθίω*. See above.

*Εκφλέγω*, ξω, exuro: to blaze out. *Pax* 608. *ΣΥΝ*. see *Εκκαίω*.

*Εκφλύω*, ξω, ebullio, effundo: to bubble out, pour out. *Apoll*. 1. 275.

*Εκφθόω*, exterro: to terrify. *Orest*. 264. *ΣΥΝ*. see *Εκπλήσσω*.

*Εκφονίσσω*, ξω, rubefacio, cruento: to stain with blood. *Iph*. T. 260.

*Εκφοιτάω*, exeo: to go out of, come out. *Eur*. *Electr*. 320.

*Εκφύω*, ας, ή, elatio; funus; divulgatio: a carrying out; a funeral; dissemination. *Alcest*. 434. *ΣΥΝ*. *Τάφω*.

*Εκφύω*, εκφύω, exporto, emitto foras: to carry out, convey away. *T*. 360. *ΣΥΝ*. see *Εκφέρω*.

*Εκφύω*, ου, ό, ή, quod exportari vel divulgarī potest: which may be brought forth or divulged. *Hipp*. 295.

*Εκφορτίζωμαι*, trador tanquam merces navi transportanda; prodor: to be exported as on board ship; to be betrayed. *Antig*. 1036. *Εκρ*. *Προδεδόμαι*, φόρτος γένημαι, ἐποίησαντό με φόρτον.

*Εκφράζω*, αῶω, eloquor, exprobo: to speak out, to explain. *Εκφράσαιμην* *αν* *Herc*. F. 1110. *ΣΥΝ*. *Εξαδάω*, εκφημί, εξείπον, εκφαίνω.

*Εκφρίω*. See *Εκφρίω*.

*Εκφροντίζω*, ίσω, excogito, meditor: to devise, consider, deliberate on. *Iph*. T. 1324. *ΣΥΝ*. *Επινύω*, επισκέπτομαι, βουλευόμεναι, φροντίζω.

*Εκφυγάνω*, Att., effugio: to escape. *Kal* *δίας εκφυγάνω* *P*. V. 534. On Attic verbs ending in *άνω*, see a valuable note by Monk, *Hipp*. 1442. *ΣΥΝ*. see *Εκφεύγω*.

*Εκφύλασσω*, custodio: to guard, save. *Εκφύλασσω* *δπον* *τίθης* *Ion* 741. *ΣΥΝ*. *Διάφύλασσω*, διατηρέω, φύλασσω.

*Εκφυσάω*, poet. *Εκφυσάω*, efflo, effundo: to breathe out, pour out. *Pax* 610. *Agam*. 1360. See *Φυσάω*. *ΣΥΝ*. *Εκπνέω*, φυσάω, τάρσσω, εκκινέω.

*Εκφύω*, ύσω, gigno; enascor: to produce; to spring from. *Εξέφυσέ* *καζέθρενέ* *με* *CE*. R. 827. *ΣΥΝ*. *Φύω*, τίκτω, εγκύνωμαι, εκβλαστάνω, εκγεγνῶμαι.

*Εκχυνάω*, tumidum reddo: to inflate. *Eur*. *Sup*. 422. *ΣΥΝ*. *Χαυνάω*.

*Εκχέω*, χέωσω, effundo: to pour out or from. *Eur*. *Sup*. 783. *τ*. 504. *ΣΥΝ*. *Εκπρόχέω*, πρόσχέω, σπένδω.

*Εκχρητεύωμαι*, e choro ejicio: to expel from the chorus, exclude. *Helen*. 380.

*Εκχράω*, ήσω, oraculum edo: to give out an oracle, predict. *Ότ* *εξεχρη* *κακά* *CE*. C. 87. *ΣΥΝ*. *Χράω*, εκφωνέω, μαρτυρόμαι, χρησμοφύω.

*Εκχωρέω*, cedo, discedo: to withdraw, give way. *Iph*. A. 367. *ΣΥΝ*. *Αποχωρέω*, ἀπερχόμεναι, εξέρχόμεναι, οίχόμεναι.

*Έκων*, οὐσά, *ον*, voluntarius: willing, voluntary. *Helen*. 395. *ΣΥΝ*. *Θέλω*, ἐκονοῖς, αὐθαίρετός.

*Έλδα*, Att. *Ελαία*, as, *Ελαῖς*, ἰδός, ή, oliva, olea: the olive-tree; olive fruit. *Δένδρον* *έλδας* *δ* *νέως* *έσται* *Av*. 617. *Troad*. 803. *Acham*. 997. *ΣΥΝ*. *Τηλέθωσά*, τάνφυλλός, τέρα, γλαυκή, ἀκρήατος, ἀερά, δάλερά, κάλη, καρπόφορος, παρθένη.

*ΡΗΗ*. *Γλαυκὰς* *παιδοτρόφου* *φύλλων* *ελαίας*, *φύτευ* *ἀχελρωτών*, *αὐτοποιών* *Σοφ*. *Παλλάδος* *ἀγρον* *ἀγαλμα*, *γλαυκή* *χλδή* *Eur*. *Γλαυκὸς* *χρως* *κόσμος* *ελαίας*, *φύλλα* *ελαίων* *χρυσά* *Pind*. *Σκίρον* *φύτεν*, *ξύν* *ανθρώποις*, *στέφανός* *ἀρετὰς* *Æsch*.

*Ελαία*. See above.

*Ελαίνος*, α, *ον*; *Ελαίνος*, ή, *ον*, oleaginus: made of the olive-tree, of olive. *Ελαίνε* *περί* *μοχλῶ* *ι*. 394. 378.

*Ελαιδόγος*, ου, ό, olivarium collector: an olive-gatherer. *Vesp*. 710. See below.

*Έλαιον*, ου, τό, oleum: olive oil, oil. *Άλέψατο* *δέ* *λίπ* *έλαιον* *Ξ*. 171. *ΣΥΝ*. *Άλειφάρ*. *Ε*. *Άμφορόν*, *αιγλήν*, *ρόδον*, *ήδι*, *εὐαῖος*, *κηδές*, *λίπαρον*, *αμφορόν*, *έδανον*.

*Ελαιδόφρος*, ου, ό, ή, olivarium ferax: productive of olives. *Herc*. F. 1178. See above.

*Ελαιδόφης*, ές, *Ελαιδόφτος*, ου, ό, ή, olivis consitus: planted with olives. *Ότα* *Δεσδός* *ελαιδόφτος* *τέ* *Ρερ*. 885. The former occurs in *Ion* 1481., and has the quantity of *φός*.

*Ελαῖς*. See *Έλδα*. *Kal* *περί* *τό* *χωρίον* *ελαῖδας* *άτων* *εν* *κύκλῳ* *Acham*. 962.

*Έλανόρος*, ου, ό, ή, viros capiens vel perdens: man-taking or destroying. *Agam*. 671.

*Έλασθερόντος*, ου, ό, ή, tonitruum agitans: thunder-driving. *Ό* *δ* *αῖ* *ένδον* *έλασθεροντ* *ἀναρρήγνυς* *έτη* *Eq*. 623.

*Ελασπεῖς*, ου, ό, ή, equos agens: horse-driving. *Pyth*. 5. 113. See above. *ΣΥΝ*. *Ίπποτης*, *φιλικός*, *ἱπποδρόμος*, *πλήξινος*.

*Ελασσών*. See *Μικρός*.

*Ελαστρέω*, *Ion*. pro *Ελαίνω*, agito, vexo: to drive hard, persecute, harass. *Iph*. T. 972. *ΣΥΝ*. *Ελαίνω*, *κινέω*, *βιάζομαι*, *δενυπῶθω*.

*Ελάτη*, ης, ή, pinus, abies: a pine-tree, fir-tree; ship. *Έγχεσιν* *ηδ* *ελάτης* *Hes*. A. 190. *Ερ*. *Ύψαλιν*, *δικωπός*, *πομπάλα*, *ύψικυμός*, *ύψηλη*, *χιλιδναυς*, *χλωρά*, *περίμνηκτος*, *ουρανός* *μήκη*.

*Ελάτηρ*, ήρος, ό, (1) placenta: genus: a sort of thin cake; (2) agitator, auriga: a driver, charioteer. (1) *Ελάτηρος* *ινά* *τάς* *ναῦς* *ελαίνω* *μεν* *κάλως* *Eq*. 1182. *ΣΥΝ*. (1) *Πέμνα*, *μάζα*, *πλάκος*, (2) *Ηνιόχος*, *ήνιόχης*, *ἱππηλάτης*, *ἀρματῆλατης*.

*Ελάτηριον*, ου, τό, medicamentum purgatorium: a purgative medicine. *Choeph*. 955. See above.

*Ελατύνος*, η, *ον*, abiegnos: of fir or pine. *Ελατύνον* *όζων* *έπι* *Bacch*. 1059.

*Ελαίνω*, *Ελῶω*, αῶω, agito: to drive, urge on. *Ηλῶσ* *εις* *οργήν* *πῶσιν* *E*. *El*. 1110. *ΣΥΝ*. *Ελῶω*, *ελαστρέω*, *εξελαίνω*, *άγω*, *διερρηλάτω*, *έπισπέρχω*.

*Ελαφθολία*, as, ή, cervorum venatio: stag-hunting, chase. *Call*. 3. 262. See below.

*Ελαφθολός*, *Ελαφοκτόνος*, ου, ό, ή, qui cervos figit vel occidit: stag-shooting, stag-killing.

*Ελαφθολός* *ἀρπάζῃ* *αἰήρ*. *Ξ*. 319. *Iph*. T. 1114.

*Ελαφοκτόνος*. See above.

*Έλαφος*, ου, ό, ή, cervus: a stag, hart. *Εἶδον* *γάρ* *βῆλιν* *έλαφον* *Hec*. 88. *ΣΥΝ*. *Νέθρος*. *Ερ*. *Τάχεα*, *οκέα*, *κέρως*, *μέγας*, *ύψικυρός*, *δδή*, *φυσάκινη*, *κραπνή*, *ἀργότερα*, *δαδῶλεα*, *Μαινῶλια*.

*Ελαφρίω*, levo; levis sive celer sum: to render light, buoy up; to be light or rapid. *Μοῦνον* *ελαφρίζουσι* *Call*. 4. 114. *ΣΥΝ*. *Κουφίζω*, *επαίρω*.

*Ελαφρός*, α, *ον*, levis, celer: light as a stag, nimble. *Γυῖα* *δ* *έθηκέν* *ελαφρά* *E*. 122. *ΣΥΝ*. *Κούρος*, *οκός*, *τάχως*.

*Ελαφρός*, leviter, celeriter: lightly, rapidly. *Τά* *οί* *πλώοιεν* *ελαφρῶς* *ε*. 240. *ΣΥΝ*. *Κούφος*.

*Ελαχιστός*. See *Μικρός*.

*Ελαχυπτερόν*, *ύδος*, ό, ή, breves alas habens: having short wings. *Pyth*. 4. 29. See *Ελαχός*.

*Ελαχός*, αῖ, *υ*, parvus: small. *Νήσος* *επειτ* *ελαχία* *ι*. 116.

*Ελαῶ*. See *Ελαύνω*.

*Έλδομαι*, poet. *Εέλδομαι*, cupio, desidero: to wish for, desire. *Ψ*. 122. *H*. 4. *ΣΥΝ*. *Επιθυμέω*, *ιμεῖρω*, *γλήχωμαι*, *εῖμαι*, *λίλαῖομαι*.

*Ελαίρω*, *Ελαῖω*, misereor: to pity. *B*. 27. *ΣΥΝ*. *Οικτρός*, *οικτίζω*, *οικτόν* *έχω*.

*Έλεγος*, ου, ό, cantus lugubris, elegia: a funeral lamentation, dirge, elegy. *Iph*. T. 146. *ΣΥΝ*. *Θρήνός*, *σός*.

*Έλεγχοι*, ης, ή, *Έλεγχος*, ές, τό, increpatio, probum, dedecus: abuse, reproach, disgrace. *χ*. 100. *φ*. 333. *ΣΥΝ*. *Όνειδος*, *ένηπ*, *όμοκλη*, *ασχύνη*. *Ερ*. *Άλέγειν*, *πικρά*, *στυγέρα*, *αλόκτος*.

*Έλεγχος*, ές, ό, ή, vituperabilis: deserving reproach, base, cowardly. *Δ*. 242. *ΣΥΝ*. *Κῶκος*, *φαλός*, *ἐπὶ* *νείδιστος*.

*Έλεγχος*, ές, τό. See *Έλεγχος*.

*Έλεγχος*, ου, ό, argumentum, indicium; criminatio: proof, test; accusation. *Hipp*. 1333. *ΣΥΝ*. *Διᾶπειρά*, *δική*.

*Ελέγχομαι*, ξω, deprehendo, arguo, refuto, aspernor, dedecoro: to detect, prove, refute, reject, dishonour. *Soph*. *El*. 1353. *ΣΥΝ*. *Εξέλεγχω*, *άτιμάω*, *κατάγνυμσκα*, *βασάνίζω*, *κατάφωράω*.

*Ελεῖνός*, Att. *Ελεῖνός*, ή, *ον* (see *Pors*. *Præf*. in *Hec*. p. vii.), miserabilis: pitiable, wretched. *Όθεν* *ελεῖνόν* *ύπείσθη* *φ*. 273. *P*. V. 254. *ΣΥΝ*. *Οικτρός*, *ελαφρόντος*, *σχετλός*, *τάλαίπαρος*.

*Ελέω*. See *Ελεάω*.

*Ελεημόσυνη*, ης, ή, commiseratio: pity. *Αντ* *ελεημόσυνης* *Call*. *Del*. 151. *ΣΥΝ*. *Έλεός*, *ελεήτος*, *οικτός*, *οικτιρμός*.

*Ελεήμων*, *δνός*, ό, ή, misericors: compassionate, merciful. *Pax* 425. *ΣΥΝ*. *Οικτίρμων*, *φίλοι*, *οικτίρμων*.

*Ελεήτις*, *ύός*, ή, commiseratio: compassion. *Εν* *φρέσιν* *οὐδ* *ελεήτων* *ξ*. 82. *ΣΥΝ*. *Έλεός*, *οικτός*.

*Ελεῖνός*, ή, *ον*. See *Ελεῖνός*.

*Ελεῖνός*, miserabiliter: piteously, wretchedly. *Thesm*. 1063. *ΣΥΝ*. *Οικτρός*, *αδελός*, *δυστυχός*, *κάκος*.

*Έλεῖνός*, *Ελεῖνός*, ου, ό, qui per paludes graditur: an inhabitant of the marshes. *Kal* *ελεῖνός* *ναῶν* *ἐρεται* *Pers*. 39. *Apoll*. 3. 1218. *ΣΥΝ*. *Ελεῖνός*.

*Έλεῖνός*. See *Έλεῖνός*.

*Έλεῖνός*, ου, ό, ή, paluster: marshy. *Aves* 243. *ΣΥΝ*. *Λιμναῖος*.

*Έλαεῦ*, *Έλαεῦ*, *εἰ*, an exclamation of joy or sorrow. *P*. V. 902. *Av*. 363. *ΣΥΝ*. *Φεῦ*.

*Έλαεῦ*. See above.

*Ελαῖζω*, ξω, exclamo *Έλαεῦ*, ploro: to utter the cry *εἰλεῦ*, to lament. *Phoen*. 1529. *ΣΥΝ*. *Αιάζω*, *δντόζω*, *οιμάζω*, *δρηνέω*.

*Ελεῖλίζω*, ξω, circumvolvo, commoveo celeriter, quatio: to turn round, move quickly, brandish, shake. *A*. 530. *ΣΥΝ*. *Κινέω*, *σείω*, *τινάσσω*, *εκτινάσσω*, *συστρέφω*, *περίδινέω*.

*Ελεῖλίζων*, *δνός*, ό, ή, qui terram rapido metu quatit: earthshaking. *Pyth*. 2. 8. *ΣΥΝ*. see *Ενδολίζων*.

*Έλένας*, naves capiens s. perdens: ship-taking or destroying. A pun on the word *Έλένη* or *Έλενα*, in *Agam*. 671.

*Έλένη*, ης, ή, Helena: the daughter of Leda and wife of Menelaus. *Hec*. 265. *Ερ*. *Αργεία*, *δία* *γυναῖκιν*, *Δίος* *εκγεγάμια* *et* *κούρη*, *καλλιπάρης*, *τάνυπείλος*, *ευπάρης*, *λευκώλενος*, *ηκόμος*, *καλλικόμος*, *πλήρηατος*, *ργιδάνη*, (*Hom*.) *πδλυκτόνος*, *δάκαινα*, *Τυνδάρης*, *δέοστιγής*, *Ζηνός* *παῖς*, *εὐναία*, *μέλεια*, *δολιμπίς*, *εὐειδής*, *ρόδοχρως*, *κάκομήχευς*, *δκροῖσασα*. *ΡΗΗ*. *Η* *Τυνδάρης* *γάρ* *είδος* *ευπρέπιστατη*, *Δία* *τό* *τάς* *ορνιθόγνους* *όμμά*, *Κυκοπτερόν* *καλλόδυνας* *Λήδας* *σκόμνον* *δυσ* *έλενας*, *Έλενας* *έπί* *λέκτρα*, *τάν* *καλλίσταν* *δ* *χρυσόφαις* *αἰῶς* *αυγάζει*.

*Έλένός*, ου, ό, Helenus: a son of Priam, a celebrated prophet. *Androm*. 1234. *Ερ*. *Πρι* *αμίδης*, *οιωσπδλων* *δχ* *αριστός*, *άναξ*. *ΡΗΗ*. *Θεία* *Έλένου* *ψυχή*.

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*Έλεῖνός*, ου, ό, Helenus: a son of Priam, a celebrated prophet. *Androm*. 1234. *Ε*

Ἐλευσίς, ὠδός, ἡ, Eleusis: a town in Attica. Ἐστίουχ' Ἐλευσίνος χθονός Eur. Sup. 1.

Ἐλεφαρίσμαι, decipio, noco: to disappoint, deceive, hurt. Ψ. 388. SYN. Ἀπάτω, βλάπτω, πλάνω, ἀδικέω.

Ἐλεφαντίνος, ἡ, ὄν, eburneus: of ivory, made of ivory. Ἐλεφαντίνον φέρετ' ἰδίφρον Theoc. 24. 99.

Ἐλεφαντὶ δέτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ebone vinctus: bound with ivory. Iph. A. 582. PHN. Ἐλεφαντὶ δι- νατός, ἔλεφαντὶ κέκαυμένους.

Ἐλέφας, αὐτός, ὁ, ebur: ivory. Nem. 7. 115. EP. Εὐκτεάνος, τιμῆεις, νέπριςτος, πριςτός.

Ἐλεφάντωρ, ὄρεος, ὁ, Elephenor. Δ. 463. SYN. Χαλκιδοντιάδης, μεγάρωμον αρχὸς Ἀθάντων, ὄρεος Ἀρῆος.

Ἐλη. See Εἰλη. Ἐλίδη, volubilitas: in a whirl, rapidly. P. V. 907.

Ἐλικαι, ὦν, Helicæ: a town in the Troad. Εἰχε κρείων Ἐλικῶν Γ. 123.

Ἐλικη, ἡς, ἡ, Ursa Major in cælo, quam spectantes navigabant Græci prisci; sed Phœnices postea observarunt Ursam Minorem, Κῑνὸςσουράν dictam: the constellation called the Great Bear; also the name of a place in the Peloponnesus, where Neptune was worshipped. Ναῖται εἰς Ἐλικην τέ Apoll. 3. 744. B. 574. EP. (2) Ευρέα, αρχαῖα.

Ἐλικόελεφάρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cui palpebræ sunt volubiles: having rolling eyes. Hom. H. 5. 16. The i as in Ἐλικη.

Ἐλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, tortuosus: curled, twisted, distorted. Phœn. 661. SYN. Στρέπτος, στρέ- φλος, ἐλεξ.

Ἐλικόν, ὠδός, ὁ, Helicon: a mountain of Phocis, sacred to Apollo and the Muses. Ἄγ' οἱ μὲν Ἐλικῶν οἱ δὲ Herc. F. 240. EP. Ζῆθεύς, ευρύχρους, ὑψηλός, Βοιωτός.

Ἐλικωνιάς, ἀδός, ἡ, Heliconia: of Helicon. See Μοῖσαι. Herc. F. 787. See below. On fem. double forms, as ἱᾶς, ἱᾶδος, and ἱς, ἱδός (as in Ἐλικωνιάς, ἱᾶδος, and ἱς, ἱδός) see Blomf. Pers. 956.

Ἐλικωνίος, ὁ, an epithet of Neptune. Ἐλικῶ- νιον ἀμφὶ ἀνακτα Γ. 404.

Ἐλικωνίς, ἱδός, ἡ, Heliconia: of Helicon. Ἐλικωνίδ' καλὰ βέλοσα Call. 5. 71.

Ἐλικώπις, ἱδός, ἡ; Ἐλικωψ, ὠδός, ὁ, ἡ, cui oculi sunt volubiles: full-eyed. Δομέναι ἔλικῶ- πιδ' αὐτὴν A. 98. Γ. 190. SYN. Ἐλικόελε- φάρος.

Ἐλικωψ. See Ἐλικωπίς.

Ἐλινώ, quiesco, cesso: to stop, delay, rest. Ὡς μὴ σ' ἐλινυντὰ προσδερχθῇ πάτηρ P. V. 53. SYN. Σχολάζω, ὀκνέω, δρθύνω, βράδυνω, ἀργέω.

Ἐλιξ, ἱκός, ἡ, adj. et subst., (1) tortuosa, circumvoluta: curling, forked, twisted; (2) ar- milla; flexus hederæ, aut fulguris: a ringlet; winding of ivy; forked lightning. Βοσκὰς ευφύλλων ἔλικων Helen. 1330. SYN. Δῶδός.

Ἐλισσίν, ὀνόντος, ὁ, Elissos, seu Elissa: a river in Elis, not far from Olympia. Εἴπ' ὄχθαυ ἀμφ' Ἐλισσίντος Theoc. 25. 9. See Hemsterh. Aris- toph. Plut. p. 181.

Ἐλίσσω, Εἰλίσσω, ἔω, volvo, complico: to roll, wrap up, turn round, twist. Troad. 334. PHN. 2. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, κάμπτω, πλέκω, συμπλέκω.

Ἐλίτροχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, rotas circumvolvens: re-

volving. Αἱ σύριγγες ἐκλαγγάν ἑλίτροχος Sept. Th. 189.

Ἐλίχρυσος, οὐ, ὁ, aurelia, flos agrestis aurei coloris: helichryse, supposed to be the same with the English orpiment. Κισσὸς ἐλιχρύσφ κέκονισμένους Theoc. 1. 30.

Ἐλκαῖνα, ἄνῶ, ulcerosus sum: to be full of sores, to fester. Choeph. 830.

Ἐλκεσίπεπλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, et Ἐλκεχίτων, ὠδός, ὁ, veste longa indutus: long-robed. Τρωάδης ἐλκεσίπεπλος Z. 442. ν. 685.

Ἐλκεχίτων. See above.

Ἐλκῶ. See Ἐλκω.

Ἐλκῶδον, tractim, luctando: by dragging or wrestling. Hes. Scut. 302.

Ἐλκῆμος, οὐ, ὁ, abduction, vis: a dragging away, abduction, force. Z. 465.

Ἐλκῆμα, ἄτος, τὸ, praeda: a thing dragged, prey. Herc. F. 567. SYN. Ἐλωρ, ἐλώριον, ἄγρα.

Ἐλκόποιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vulnificus: wound-causing. Οὐδ' ἐλκόποιά γίγνεται Sept. Theb. 394.

Ἐλκος, ἔος, τὸ, ulcus, vulnus: a sore, ulcer, wound. Δ. 217. SYN. Τραῦμα, τραῦμα, ἀπῆλός. EP. Κρᾶντῆρον, λευγαλέον, ἀντῆρον, ἀργαλέον, κᾶκον, λῆτρον, ἄγριον, ἀμελίζον, οὐλόμενον, ὀλόν, φόνιον, λολίον, ποτικάρδιον, ὀδοντῆρον, ἐχθιστόν, μελᾶν.

Ἐλκω, ulcero: to cause an ulcer, to wound. Hec. 405. SYN. Τῖνῶσκα, τραυμάτιζω, ἐλ- καίνω.

Ἐλκῶριον, οὐ, τὸ, ulcusculum: a slight wound. Τὰν τοῖσιν ἀντικνημίοις ἐλκῶριον Eq. 907.

Ἐλκουσάζω, Ἐλκω, ὦσα, Ἐλκῶ, ἡσα, Ἐλκω, ἔω, traho, lacero, cargo, vituperio: to drag, draw, tear, revile. Ω. 21. PHN. 994. P. 395. Helen. 1442. SYN. Ἀνέλκω, ἔρω, σπάρδω, ἀποσπᾶν, βιάμαι.

Ἐλκῶ. See Ἐλκουσάζω.

Ἐλκῶδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ulcerosus: ulcerous. Hipp. 1355.

Ἐλλάς, ἀδός, ἡ, (1) Græcia: Greece; (2) Græcus: Grecian. Ἐλλάς was properly the name of a city in Thessaly founded by Hellen, the son of Phthius, and then denoted the country occupied by the Myrmidons, and subsequently was the name of Greece without the Pelopon- nesus. In a similar manner, Ἀργός denotes the whole of the Peloponnesus. Δῖ' Ἐλλάδός ευρύ- χροιο I. 474. See also Hec. 310. SYN. (1) Ἀχαις. EP. (1) Καλλίγυναῖς, ἀνικητός, ὀλβία, εὐνίπτος, μεγάλη, κοινὸς τῶν δόξων, κλεινὴ, σόφῃ.

Ἐλλεθρόος, οὐ, ὁ, verum: hellebore. Vesp. 1489.

Ἐλλεθῶνός, οὐ, ὁ, vinculum: a sheaf-band. Ἐν ἐλλεθῶνός τοι δόντο Σ. 553. SYN. Δεσμός, σχολίνον δέσμωνμα, ἀδός.

Ἐλλείπω, reliquum facio, prætermitto, deficio: to leave behind, let be, forsake, want, be short of, fail. P. V. 349. SYN. Εκλείπω, ἐπιλείπω, ἀπολείπω, πᾶράλειπω, ἐκκᾶμω, ἀπεμῖ.

Ἐλλη, ἡς, ἡ, Helle: the sister of Phrixus and daughter of Athamas and Nephele. Pers. 728.

Ἐλλην, ἡνός, ὁ; Ἐλληνίς, ἱδός, ἡ, civis civi- tatis, vel incolæ regionis quæ Ἑλλάς est appella- ta: Grecian, a Grecinn. Hec. 1183. Helen. 561.

Ἐλληρία, usurpat ab Euripide eodem more

quo Ἑλλάς, nunc (1) adjective, nunc (2) sub- stantive. Hipp. 1120.

Ἑλληνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Græcus: Grecian. Ἑλλη- νικόν νόμισμα Sept. Th. 255. SYN. Ἑλλην, Ἑλληνίς, Ἀχαιός.

Ἑλληνικός, more Græco: after the Greek fashion. Νέανις ὡς Ἑλληνικός Iph. T. 660.

Ἑλληνίς, ἱ, q. -ικός. Nonnus.

Ἑλληνίς, ἱδός, ἡ. See Ἑλλην.

Ἑλληνδίκης, οὐ, ὁ, inter Graios arbiter: he who presided over the Olympic games, a Grecian umpire. Olymp. 3. 21. See Δίκη.

Ἑλλησποντός, οὐ, ὁ, Hellespontus: the Hellespont. O. 233. EP. Ἀγάρροδος, ἰχθυόεις, πλάτεις, ευρύς, ἀπείρων, δίνη πορφύρων. PHN. Πορθύος Ἀθμάντιδος Ἑλλης.

Ἑλλοπίων, piscor: to fish. Σθένος ἐλλο- πίων Theoc. 1. 42. SYN. Ἀλιεύω, γριπεύω, ἰχθυῶ.

Ἑλλός, ἡ, ὄν, or Ἑλλός, or Ἑλλός, mutus: mute. Aj. 1271. SYN. Ἀφῶνός.

Ἑλλός, οὐ, ὁ, hinnulus: a fawn. τ. 228. SYN. Νέφρος, ἐλάφος, κέμας.

Ἑλλοφόνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cervorum interfecto: a stag-killer. Callim. 3. 190.

Ἑλλοχίω, insidias pono: to lay snares, place an ambuscade. Bacch. 711. SYN. Δόξα, ἐφεδρεῖω, ἐνέδρεῖω.

Ἑλός, ἔος, τὸ, (1) palus: a marsh; also (2) a city in Laconia, the inhabitants of which were called Ἑλωτες and Ἐλωται. ξ. 474. B. 594. SYN. (1) Λίμνη, τῆφος.

Ἑλπίνωρ, ὄρεος, ὁ, Elpenor. μ. 10.

Ἑλπίζω, ἴσω, exspecto, spero, metuo, existimo: to expect, hope, think. Ion 351. SYN. Ἑλπό- μαι, προσδοκάω, κἀρδοκέω, ἐπελπίζω, νύμζω. PHN. Ἑλπίδων εἶσω βέβηκα, ἐν ἐλπίδι εἰμί, ἐλ- πίδ' ἔχω, θυμὸν ἀδδᾶνω ευφροσύνας, ἐλπίδ' ἀδεχόμεναι.

Ἑλπίς, ἱδός; Ἑλπωρή, ἡς, ἡ, exspectatio, spes: expectation, hope. Αἱ δ' ἐλπίδες βόσκουσι Phœn. 407. ζ. 314. EP. Ψυχρά, φίλη, θέλα, μεγάλη, τάλανα, ἐμπεδός, κέδνη, κᾶλη, ἀγᾶθη, φροδὴ, ἄλδρος, πτηνὴ, σμικρὰ, ἀλληκτός, γλῶ- κῆ, δαρσάλα, ἡδέα, κοῖφη, κυδιᾶνερά, μαψίδια, πόλυπλαγκτός, λεπτὴ, κένη, ἀπληστός. PHN. Ἑλπίδος φίλον θράσος, κένεαν ἐλπίδων χαῖνον τέλος, Βακχέας κᾶλης ἱατρος.

Ἑλπω, in spein adduco: to raise the hopes; mid. to hope. Πάντας μὲν δ' ἔλπει β. 91.

Ἑλπωρή, ἡς, ἡ. See Ἑλπίς.

Ἑλμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, dentale, buris: tail or handle of a plough. Ἐν ἐλμᾶτι πῆξας ζ. 179.

Ἑλῦτρον, οὐ, τὸ, involucre: a wrapper, covering. Ἀφελκίσσεται τοῦλῦτρον Acharn. 1120.

Ἑλμᾶ, κᾶλυμμά, εἶμα, ἐπικᾶλυμμά.

Ἑλωρ, ὠρός, Ἑλῶριον, Ἑλῶρον, οὐ, τὸ, praeda: a thing taken, spoil, prey. P. 151. A. 4. Æsch. Sup. 807. SYN. Ἀγρᾶ, ἀγρευμᾶ, ἀρηγᾶ, ἔλκημα, δολή.

Ἑλωρός, οὐ, ὁ, Helorus: a river of Sicily near the promontory of Pachynus. Nem. 9. 95.

Ἑμάντω, ἡς, οὐ, mei ipsius: of me myself. Phœn. 275.

Ἑμᾶδιον, οὐ, τό; Ἑμᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ, calceus, solea, cothurnus: a shoe, sandal, buskin. Τὰ δ' ἐμᾶδιᾶ καὶ ταῦτ' Ἀ. 847. Eccles. 629. SYN. Ἀρδύλη, ευμᾶρίς, πέδιλον, καθορνός.

Ἑμᾶδον, pedestri itinere: on foot, by land. Ἑμᾶδον ἵεσθαι O. 505. EP. Πεζῇ βαῖνω.

Ἑμᾶδω, ἑσθῶμαι, ingredi, conscendo: to

go upon, embark. κ. 164. SYN. Εἰσερχόμεναι, ὑπεβαῖνω, ἀναβαῖνω, ἐπιβαῖνω, ἐπερχόμεναι.

Ἑμᾶδω, ἄλῶ, immitto, injicio: to cast or throw into, dash into, inspire. Phœn. 59. SYN. Ἐπιβάλλω, ἐπεμβάλλω, εἰσβάλλω, προσβάλλω, ἐντίθημι.

Ἑμᾶπτω, intingo: to dip in. Nub. 150. SYN. Κατάδυνω, κατάδᾶπτω.

Ἑμᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ. See Ἑμᾶδιον.

Ἑμᾶσίλειος, regno, guberno: to reign amongst, govern. Ἑμὸς ἐμᾶσίλειον ο. 412. SYN. See Βασίλειον and Ἀρχω.

Ἑμᾶσίος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, epith. Apollinis, qui colebatur in littore a consensuris navem; epithet of Apollo, who gives happy voyages. Ἐπακτίων Ἑμᾶσίος Apoll. 1. 359.

Ἑμᾶσίς, ἔως, ἡ, ingressus; calceus: the going or stepping into, entrance; a shoe. See above. SYN. Βασίς, εἰσδός.

Ἑμᾶτεύω, pedem infero, ingredior, frequento: to set foot upon, walk upon, frequent. Πᾶν ἐμᾶτεύει ποτῖας Pers. 455. SYN. Ἐπιβαῖνω, ἐπεμβαῖνω, ἐπερχόμεναι.

Ἑμᾶξω, intueor, to look upon, behold. Soph. El. 995. SYN. Ἐπιελέπω, ἐσᾶρῶ, ἐνῶρῶ, σκόπεω, δέδωμαι.

Ἑμᾶλλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, impactio sc. rostri navis: the striking or attack with the beak of a ship. Androm. 1131. SYN. Εἰσβάλλῃ, ὀρμή.

Ἑμᾶδον, οὐ, τό; et Ἑμᾶδός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) rostrum navis: the beak of a ship; (2) vectis: a bolt or bar. Phœn. 113. SYN. (2) Μόχλος. Ἑμᾶδον is also the name of a district in Lycia. Olymp. 7. 33.

Ἑμᾶρῶ, summam: summarily, at once, in short. Ὅπου πῆρ ἐμᾶρῶν Thesm. 390. SYN. Συντῶμος, ὕλως, ἀπλῶς, κἀθᾶπα.

Ἑμᾶρέμωμαι, fremo in: to roar, thunder against. O. 627. SYN. Εμᾶριμᾶμαι.

Ἑμᾶρῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, onerosus: ponderous, weighty. Pers. 699. See Ἐπίερισθῃς.

Ἑμᾶρῶμαι, fremo, ferocio: to storm, rage, snort at furiously. Sept. Th. 457. See Βρυμά- μαι. SYN. Εμᾶρέμωμαι, ἐπαπειλέω.

Ἑμᾶρόντης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, attonitus, amens: thun- der-struck, mad. Eccl. 788. SYN. Ἀφρων, μαι- νύμενος.

Ἑμᾶρόν, οὐ, τὸ, infans recens natus: the young, a suckling. Εἰν δὲπλοῖον ἐμᾶρόν Eumen. 948. SYN. Νεῶνδρος.

Ἑμᾶω, obstruo, obstruo: to stuff, stop up. Ἐνέβυσσεν ῥάκισσ' Vesp. 128. SYN. Βῶω, πληρῶ, κάλυπτα.

Ἑμᾶνῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, furibundus: maddened. Εμᾶνεί σκυρτήματι P. V. 696. SYN. Μανιάδης, ἀποθῶμος, οργίλος.

Ἑμᾶπῆως, dicto citius: instantly, at the mo- ment. Εμᾶπῆως ὑπάκουσεν ξ. 485. SYN. Ευθεὺς, τάχως, προθύμως, σπουδαίως.

Ἑμᾶσθῶμαι, ξύμαι, cum impetu immitto, im- pingo: to drive, force into or against. Call. 3. 124. SYN. Εμᾶλλω, προσμᾶσσω, ἐνέριδω.

Ἑμᾶλεῖα, ας, ἡ, modulatio: harmony, sym- metry. Ran. 895. a short, as in Εμᾶνεία.

Ἑμᾶλῆς, Εμᾶλῶς, canore; apte, concinne: tunelessly; gracefully, correctly. Apoll. 1. 539. SYN. Ευπρέπας, σύνετας, προθύμως.

Ἑμᾶλῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, canorus; aptus, concinnus: tuneless; fitted, correct. Eccles. 802. SYN. Ἀκριβῆς, τέλειος, κομψός, ευφής, σύνετος, κύσ- μῶς, σῶφρων.

Εμμελῶς. See Εμμελῆος.  
 Εμμελῶς, ὡς, concitatus; valde cupiens: instigated by keen desire; very eager. Εμμελῶς δὲ Ε. 838. SYN. Μεμῶς, πρόθυμος, πρόφρων.  
 Εμμενῆς, Εμμενῆος, constanter, alacriter: steadfastly, resolutely. I. 386. Hes. Theog. 712. SYN. Σύνεχως, βέλαιος, πρόθυμος.  
 Εμμένω, permaneo, maneo: to remain, stay in, be firm. CE. R. 351. SYN. Επμένω, διαμένω, παρέμεινα.  
 Έμμηρος, ου, δ, ή, menstruus: monthly. Soph. El. 281.  
 Εμμίγνυμι, Εμμιγνῶ, ἴξω, immisceo: to mix in, engage. CE. C. 1057. SYN. Ανάμειγνυμι.  
 Έμμητός, ου, δ, ή, inharens: adhering to. Choëph. 464. See the explanation of this word in Blomfield's Glossary.  
 Εμμοχθῆς, laborum plenus sum: to labour in, be full of troubles. Eur. Diotys. fr. 14. 5.  
 Έμμοχθος, ου, δ, ή, ærumnosus: wretched, full of trouble. Eur. Sup. 1014. SYN. Επίμοχθος, πῶλεπνός, μοχθηρός, ἀλλῶς, ἐπιπνός.  
 Έμπα, Έμπας, Έμπης, tamen: altogether, yet, nevertheless. Έπὸς ἐμπὰ δὲ λέξον Call. Ep. 52. Aj. 122. A. 562. SYN. Όμως, πάντως, ἀλλ' οὖν.  
 Εμπάδμαι, rationem habeo, curo: to set one's mind upon, heed. Π. 50. SYN. Επιστρέφωμαι, ἐπιμελέωμαι, ἐντρέπωμαι, μύθωμαι, φροντίζω.  
 Εμπαίξω, ἔδομαι, ἔδομαι, illudo: to make a sport of, sport with. Antig. 799. SYN. Προπαίξω, ἐπιχλευάζω, ἐπισκώτω, διάσπρω, ὑβρίζω, ἐξάπτω, φέναλίζω.  
 Έμπαῖος, ου, δ, ή, peritus, expertus: skilled, experienced. Έμπαῖον οὐδὲ βίης υ. 379. In Agam. 180. εμπαιος τύχασι, Blomf. explains εμπαιος qui inecutitur. SYN. Έμπεῖρος, εἰδός, ἐπιστάμην, αἶμα, πρόσπαιδος, δάμην.  
 Εμπαῖος, παῖσιν, incudo, imprimo; suggestor: to strike upon; to be suggested. Εἶδον εμπαιεῖται μοι Soph. El. 902. SYN. Εμβάλλω, ἐπέρχωμαι.  
 Έμπάλιν, contra, rursus, e diverso, retro: in return, back, the contrary way. Καλ πρόσωπὸν ἐμπάλιν Hec. 343. SYN. Άψ, eis τοῦμπάλιν, ὀπίσω, ἐναντίον, κατ'ὀπισθεν.  
 Έμπας. See Έμπα.  
 Εμπάσσω, ἄσω, inspergo, intexo: to sprinkle upon, represent in embroidery. Γ. 126. SYN. Ποικίλλω, ἐπιρραῖνω, ἐμποιέω, ἐπισκεδάννυμι, ἐμβάλλω.  
 Εμπάτω, ingredior: to walk in or upon, enter. Μελαθρόν ελπίς εμπάτειν Agam. 1409. SYN. Εισέρχωμαι.  
 Εμπέδομοχθος, ου, δ, ή, ærumnosus: lastingly wretched. Olymp. 1. 95. SYN. see Έμμοχθος.  
 Έμπεδός, ου, δ, ή, firmus, stabilis: firm, steady, robust, vigorous. Δ. 314. SYN. Βέλαιος, ἔδραυς, ἀσφάλης, ισχυρός, ἀληθής, ἀκίνητος.  
 Εμπέδοσθενής, ἔδος, δ, ή, firmum robur habens: lastingly firm or vigorous. Nem. 7. 144. SYN. Αἰσθενής, βέλαιος.  
 Εμπέδω, stabilio, firmo: to render firm, confirm. Iph. T. 791. SYN. Βέλαιω, στήριζω, πιστώ.  
 Εμπέδως, firme, certo: firmly, decidedly. Trach. 487. SYN. Αληθῶς, ἀκριβῶς, βέλαιος.  
 Εμπείρια, as, ή, peritia, experientia: skill, experience. Phoen. 539. SYN. Διάπειρά.  
 Έμπεῖρος, et Εμπεράμους, ου, δ, ή, peritus:

skilled, acquainted with, wise. CE. C. 752. Call. 1. 71. SYN. see Έμπαῖος and Δάμην.  
 Εμπεῖρος, πέρω, infigo: to pierce, fix on a spit, impale. Acharn. 796. SYN. Ανάπεῖρος, διάπεῖρος, ἀναπήγνυμι.  
 Εμπελάδων, prope, juxta: near. Έστὶ ἐμπελάδων παρὰφαινέμεν Hes. Op. 732. SYN. see Εγγύς.  
 Εμπελάζω, ἄσω, appropinquo: to draw near, approach. Trach. 17. SYN. Πελάζω, πρόσεγγίζω, πλησιάζω, ἐντυγχάνω, ἐφικνέομαι.  
 Εμπεράμους. See Έμπεῖρος.  
 Εμπεράμους, perite: skilfully. Ασπίδες ἐμπεράμους Call. 5. 25.  
 Εμπερόνημα, ἄτος, τὸ, vestis fibulis connexa: a robe or upper garment with clasps. Theoc. 15. 34. SYN. Δίπλοῖς.  
 Εμπήγνυμι, ἥξω, infigo: to stick into, fix in. Acharn. 1226. SYN. Εμπεῖρος, ἐνέπειδω, κατὰπήγνυμι.  
 Έμπης. See Έμπα.  
 Εμπήκνυμι, πρήσω, et Εμπήκνυμι, incendo: to set on fire. Εμπήκνυμι χρὴ τὰς δῖρας Lysist. 311. Blomfield, Gloss. Pers. 815. doubts, and properly, whether the first μ in πμήκνυμι and πμήκνυμι is not the addition of later writers. SYN. see Εμπερήθω.  
 Εμπῖνω, ἐμπόμαι, imbibio: to drink in, swallow, imbibe. Pax 1143. SYN. Κατάπινω, εἰσδέχομαι.  
 Εμπίπλημι, ἐμπλήσω, impleo: to fill, glut. Σὺν βλεπόν ἐμπίπλημι Ion 925. SYN. see Εμπλήθω.  
 Εμπήπτω, πέσομαι, incido, incumbo, irruo: to fall or drop in or upon, fall into, encounter. Iph. A. 443. SYN. Εισπίπτω, προσπίπτω, ἐπίπλημι, ἀναπίπλημι, γέμω, κρέννυμι, γέμω.  
 Εμπῖς, ἴδος, ή, culicis genus: a bloodsucker, gnat. Av. 244. Όπὸτ' ἐπὶ τὴν γνῶμην ἔχοι τὰς ἐμπῖδας Nub. 157. SYN. Κῶνωφ.  
 Έμπλεῖς. See Έμπελῶς.  
 Εμπλέκω, ἐνίπλεκω, implico, involvo: to entangle, enfold, entwine. Hipp. 1231. Call. 429. SYN. Επὶπλέκω, περίπλεκω, περίβάλλω, ἐνδῶ, ἐνίφρανω, ἐνέλω, ἐμύγνυμι.  
 Έμπλεῖς, Έμπλεῖς, ἐνίπλεῖς, ἐνίπλεῖς, α, ὡν. Att. Εμπλέως, plenus: full, replete. Trach. 1022. v. 26. τ. 580. Apoll. 3. 119. SYN. Μεστός, γέμων, πλήξ.  
 Εμπλήθω, ἐνίπληθω, impleo, exsatur: to fill up, glut. Hec. 1055. SYN. Ανάπληθω, ἐμπλήμι, ἀναπίπλημι, γέμω, κρέννυμι, γέμω.  
 Έμπληκτός, ου, δ, ή, attonitus: astounded, infatuated. Troad. 1596. SYN. Έκπληκτός, παρὰπληξ, ἀναισθητός, κούφος, ἄφρων, μαινώμενος.  
 Έμπλην, præp. et adv. prope: near, close to. B. 526. SYN. Εμπελάδων, πλησίον, ἐγγύς, ἐμπης, πλην.  
 Εμπνέω, ποῖ. Εμπνέω, εὔσω, inspiro: to inhale, breathe upon. Androm. 553. SYN. Επνέω, εἰσπνέω, πνέω, ζῶω, φυσᾶω.  
 Έμπνους, ου, δ, ή, spirans, vivus: breathing, alive. Phoen. 1456. SYN. Έμψυχός, ζῶος.  
 Εμπόδιζω, pedes implico, impedimento sum: to impede, entangle, stop. Philoct. 437. SYN. Κωλύω, διακωλύω, κατάβέλλω.  
 Εμπόδιος, ου, δ, ή, qui est impedimento: entangling the feet, in the way. ΑΛΛ' εἰ τοῦτ' ἐμπόδιόν σοι Lysist. 531.  
 Εμπόδων, ante pedes, in promptu, impedi-

mento: before the feet, before, handily; in the way of. CE. R. 127. SYN. Πάρὰ πόδας, ἐμπόδιον.  
 Εμποῖεω, insero, immitto: to make in, insert, produce. Ένποῖεον εἰ ἀρᾶς H. 438. SYN. Ενεργάζωμαι, ἐντίθημι, ἐμβάλλω, πράττω, ποῖεω.  
 Εμπόλῳ, α, ὡν, negotiator, epith. Merc.: one who presides over trade. Plut. 1155. SYN. Αγοραῖος, ἐμπόρος.  
 Εμπόλλω, Εμπόλλω, emo, vendo, negotior: to buy and sell, traffic. o. 455. Pax 562. SYN. Απεμπόλλω, ἐξεμπόλλω, ἀγοράζω, πριάμαι, ὠνέομαι, πωλέω, κερδαίνω, κατεργάζωμαι.  
 Εμπόλη, ής; Εμπόλημα, ἄτος, τὸ, merces, lucrum: an article of trade, the act of trading, gain. Acharn. 930. Cycl. 137. SYN. Εμπορία, ὠνιον, κέρδος.  
 Εμπόλητος, ή, ὡν, emtus, divenditus: bought or sold. Philoct. 417. SYN. ὠνητός, παβέλις.  
 Έμπόλις, ἔως, δ, civis, concivis: a fellow-citizen. Σοὶ μὲν ἐμπόλις CE. C. 1156. SYN. Εμφύλιος.  
 Εμπόρδωμαι, ingredior, proficiscor: to go into, travel into. CE. R. 455. SYN. Πόρδωμαι.  
 Εμπόρευτός, α, ὡν, eundus: must go. Acharn. 480.  
 Εμπορία, as, ή, mercatura: merchandize, commerce. Πρὸς τ' ἐμπορίαν καὶ πρὸς βίον Av. 718. SYN. Εμπόλη, ἐμπόλημα.  
 Εμπορικὸς, ή, ὡν, mercatorius: commercial. Acharn. 973.  
 Έμπορός, ου, δ, ή, mercator, vector, viator: a merchant, traveller. Hipp. 968. SYN. Όδοιπóρος, ὁδῖτης. Phn. "Os δ' ἀμὰ νηὶ πῶλυκλήθι δάμειζον, ἀρχὸς ναυτῶν, οἵτε πηκτὴρὲς ἔσονται, φόρτον τε μνήμων, καὶ ἐπὶλοκῆπός ἦσιν ὁδάλω, κερδέων δ' ἀρπάξων δ. 161.  
 Έμποσα, ής, ή, Empusa, spectrum: a hobgoblin, spectre. ΑΛΛ' Έμποσα τις Eccles. 1056. SYN. Μορμολικέον, μορμύ, μορμῶν, φάντασμα.  
 Έμπρακτός, ου, δ, ή, efficax: efficacious. Pyth. 3. 109.  
 Εμπρέπω, prastans et conspicuus sum inter: to shine or be distinguished amongst. Soph. El. 1193. SYN. Επὶπρέπω, μετὰπρέπω, ἐξέχω.  
 Εμπρήθω, ἐνίπρήθω, σω, incendo: to set on fire, burn. Acharn. 918. M. 198. SYN. Εμπήκνυμι, ἀναπρήθω, ἀνὰκαίω, πρήθω, ἐμπύρεω.  
 Έμπρόθεν, Dor. pro Έμπροσθεν, antea: before. Έμπρόθεν ἀλλοθεν δὲ Theoc. 9. 7. Vesp. 866. The reading of the passage in Theocritus has exercised the ingenuity of critics. Έμπρόθεν is the reading quoted by Morrell; Brunck and Valckenaer read ἐμπρόθεν. SYN. see Πρόσθε.  
 Έμπροσθῶ, ἄσω, integro: to cover over, wrap up, veil. Νῦος δὲ οἱ ἐμπροσθῶται Mosch. 1. 15. SYN. Εγκάλιντω, κάλιντω, σκεπάζω, πνέζω.  
 Έμπυός, ου, δ, ή, in quo pus est: ulcerated, virulent. Τὴν δὲ τ' ἐμπύον βάσαν Philoct. 1378.  
 Εμπύρεω, inflammo: to kindle into a flame, inflame, set on fire. Pax 1137. See below.  
 SYN. Εμπύρεω, ἐμπύρεω, ὠπύρεω, ἀναπύρεω.  
 Εμπύρεῖσθης, ου, δ, qui supra ignem graditur: going or placed upon the fire. Τρίπδ' ἐμπύρεῖσθης V. 702.  
 Έμπύρος, ου, δ, ή, (1) qui igni admovetur, crematur, igne paratur: put to the fire; (2) ἐμ-

πύρ, τὰ, sacrificia igne accendenda vel accensa (Soph. El. 407.): burning, obtained by fire. Εμπύρους τ' ὀρθοστάτας Helen. 546. SYN. Διάπύρος, πύρρεις, θερμός, (2) δυνάστη, ἱερεῖα, θυμιάματα.  
 Εμφάνης, ἔδος, δ, ή, manifestus, evidens: manifest, evident, clear, in sight. Εμφάνης ἐνυπνίων Pers. 524. SYN. Κατάφάνης, δηλός, ἐκδηλός, φάνερός, ἐναργής, σάφης.  
 Εμφάνως, palam: openly, clearly. Φοῖβος ἐμφάνως ἀναξ CE. R. 96. SYN. Σάφως, φάνερως, ἐναργῶς.  
 Εμφέρης, ἔδος, δ, ή, similis: like, resembling. Choëph. 200. SYN. see Αλγυκίος.  
 Εμφέρω, ἐνοῖσω, objicio, objurgo: to bring against, object, reproach. CE. C. 989. SYN. Επὶφέρω, πρόσφέρω, δνειδίζω, πρόσδνειδίζω.  
 Έμφερός, ου, δ, ή, formidolosus: alarmed; terrible, awful. CE. C. 39. SYN. Πέριφερός, φοβερός.  
 Εμφορβῖω, capistrum injicio: to put on a mouth-piece, used by flute-players to render the tones softer; to muzzle. Aves 862.  
 Εμφόρεω, importo; inferio: to convey into, carry on; to fill. μ. 419. SYN. Εμφέρω, εισφέρω, ἐμπλήττω.  
 Έμφρων, ὄνός, δ, ή, mentis compos: endued with or restored to reason. Orest. 44. SYN. Έννους, φρόνιμος, δαίφρων, ευκάρδιος.  
 Εμφυῖς, ἔδος, Έμφυτός, ου, δ, ή, innatus, natus: implanted, natural, native. Εμφυῖς οὐτ' αἶθων Olymp. 11. 20. SYN. Εμφός, σμυφίτος, ἐγγένης, γνήσιος.  
 Εμφύλιος, Έμφυλός, ου, δ, ή, tribulis, intestinus, civilis: of the same tribe, intestine, native. Εμφύλιον τέ καὶ πρὸς Eumen. 866. See also Ion 1581. SYN. Όμόφυλος, δημότης, ἐμυλῖς, ἐπιδήμιος.  
 Εμφυσᾶω, inflo: to breathe into. Αὐλητρίς ἐνέφυσεν οἱ δὲ συμπόται Vesp. 1219. SYN. Ανάφυσᾶω.  
 Έμφυτός. See Εμφυῖς.  
 Εμφύω, ὠσω, insero, ingenero; adhæreo: to implant, ingraft; cling to. Παντοῖας ἐνέφυσεν εὐκα χ. 348. SYN. Εντίκτω, ἐγγίνομαι.  
 Έμφυχός, ου, δ, ή, animatus; vehemens: living, animated. Helen. 971. See Ψυχή.  
 Έν, cum dat., in, inter, per: in, into, amongst, through, by, with. CE. R. 98. SYN. Εν, ἐν, eis.  
 Εναγείρω, congreco: to assemble. Τῇδ' ἐναγειρόμενος Apoll. 3. 347.  
 Ενάγης, εὔς, δ, ή, sacer: execrable, polluted, under the influence of a curse. Τὸν ἐνάγην φίλον μήπρ' ἐν αἰτίᾳ CE. R. 656. (Double dochiastic.) "In loco citato videtur denotare decessum, ἀγνός. Schol. interpr. καθάρων." Morrell.  
 Έναγχός, nuper: lately. Eccles. 823. See R. P. Phoen. 206. SYN. Άρτί, ἀρτίως, νέωστί, πρῶν.  
 Ενάγνιος, ου, δ, ή, qui in certaminibus versatur: engaged in contests, presiding over the games. Ενάγνιος τοῖνον ἔδομαι καὶ τί ἐτ' ἱρεῖς Plut. 1161. SYN. Αγάγιος, ἀγωνοθέτης, ἀγωνάρχης.  
 Εναίρω, ποῖ. Εναίρω, occido, spolio jacentem: to slay, despatch, plunder. Sept. Th. 811. Ran. 266. SYN. Κατέναίρω, ἀποκτείνω, φονεύω, διαφθείρω, ἐνάρζω, ἀποδυναύω.  
 Έναλῖμος, Έναλῖος, ου, δ, ή, (1) fatalis: indicating fate, ominous; (2) faustus: auspicious;







vestis stragula: belonging to the bed; bed-clothes. *Χήτει ἐνεναίαν* π. 34.

*Ἐνέχιδρα*, pignora capio, pignoribus cogo: to take or give in pawn. Nub. 35. See below. SYN. *Προσίδω*.

*Ἐνέχρον*, ου, τδ, pignus, arrhabo: a pledge, surety, earnest. *Αὐτ' ἡ φέρεται ἐνέχρον δῆσαν οὐδ' αὖτως* Eccles. 755.

*Ἐνέχω*, ἔω; (2) *Ἐνέχουμαι*, (1) immineo, inсто: to hang over, press upon; (2) teneor, implicor, hæreo: to cling to. Plut. 1021. SYN. (2) *Πρόσέχουμαι*, *ἀνέχουμαι*.

*Ἐνέχουμαι*, ποῖτ. *Ἐνέχουμαι*, innecto: τ, yoke, tie together. E. R. 718. Apoll. 1.686. SYN. *Ζεύουμαι*, *σύνάπτω*.

*Ἐνη*, *Ἐνη*, *Ἐνη*, ης, ἡ, tertia mensis dies: the third day of a month. *Πρώτων ἔνη τετράς τε καὶ ἰσθμῆ ἱερὸν ἡμαρ* Hes. Op. 768. *Ἐνη καὶ νέα*, vetus et nova, ita sc. ubi Atticis dicebatur tricesima et ultima mensis dies apud Atticos, quod confinium sit deficientis lunæ et renescentis: the last day of the month. *Ἐστ' ἔνη τε καὶ νέα* Nub. 1134.

*Ἐνητιά*, as, ἡ, mansuetudo: meekness, gentleness. *Νῦν τὴς ἐνητίας* P. 670. SYN. *Πρότης*, *ἀγανφορῶν*.

*Ἐνης*, ἔος, δ, ἡ, mitis: mild, gentle. P. 204. SYN. *Πρῶτος*, *πρίστης*, *ἀγανφορῶν*, *ἀγανός*, *ἡδύς*, *εὐμελής*, *σάφρων*.

*Ἐνήλατᾶ*, αν, τὰ, (1) ligna in quæ defunguntur gradus scalæ: the sides of a ladder; (2) clavi rotam in axe continentes: the line-pins. *Καμάκων ἐνήλατα* Eur. Sup. 740. See Monk and Valckenaer at Hipp. 1229.

*Ἐνήμαι*, insideo: to sit in or on. Eur. fr. Philoct. 6. 1.

*Ἐνθα*, hic, illic, ubi: here, there, where. *Ἄγ' ἐνθα χρῆται* Iph. T. 1199. SYN. *Ἐνθαδὲ*, *ἐνθαδὶ*, *ἐνταῦθα*, *ἐκεῖσε*, *ὅπου*.

*Ἐνθάδῃ*, Att. *Ἐνθάδῃ*, hic, huc: here, hither. *Φοῖβ' ἢ ἐπεμύαν ἐνθάδ' ἀκροβόλιν* Phcen. 289. Plut. 54. SYN. *Ἐνθα*, *δεῦρ*, *αὐτοῦ*, *ὧδε*, *ἐκεῖσε*, *ἐκεῖ*.

*Ἐνθακῶ*, insideo: to sit on, occupy. Soph. El. 267. See *Θακός*. SYN. see *Εγκάθεζομαι*.

*Ἐνθακῆσις*, ἔως, ἡ, sedes: a sitting, seat. Philoct. 18. See above. SYN. *Ἔδρα*, *δῶκος*.

*Ἐνθεν*, *Ἐνθενδὲ*, hinc, illinc, unde: from hence, from thence, from whence. P. V. 375. Θ. 527. SYN. *Ἐκεῖθεν*, *αὐθενδὲ*, *εντενθεν*.

*Ἐνθός*, ου, δ, ἡ, fanaticus: divinely inspired. Sept. Th. 493. SYN. *Θεομάνης*, *Φοῖβεληπτός*, *εὐμάνης*, *κάποχος*.

*Ἐνθερμαίνω*, ἀνῶ, calefacio: to place in the heat, warm. Trach. 368. SYN. *Εκθερμαίνω*, *εκκαίω*.

*Ἐνθῆσις*, ἔως, ἡ, frustum, bolus, buccella: a piece, a mouthful. Eq. 404. SYN. *Ψωμός*, *τροφή*.

*Ἐνθρός*, ου, δ, ἡ, feris abundans; a serpente iectus; hispidus: full of wild beasts; stung by a viper; wild, neglected. Agam. 545. SYN. *Θηριώδης*, *θῆριος*.

*Ἐνθρίσκω*, immorior: to die in, die. Hec. 246. SYN. see *Θνήσκω*.

*Ἐνθουσίαν*, lymphor, insanio: to act under a divine impulse, rave. *Ἐνθουσιᾶς δόστηνέ* Troad. 1175. SYN. *Εμμανθουμα*.

*Ἐνθρόδωμαι*, involvor, propr. ficulis foliis: to be wrapped in, prop. with fig-leaves. *Οὐκ ἐν-θρόδωσθαι* πρῆπει Lysist. 963.

*Ἐνθρῶλίζω*, immurmuro, insusurro: to murmur or whisper in. Thesm. 348.

*Ἐνθρόσκω*, θρόουμαι; aor. *ἐνθρόρον*, Ep. *ἐνθρόρον*, insilio: to leap or spring upon. p. 233. SYN. *Εισθρόρῶ*, *ἐνθρόρῶ*, *ἐπενθρόρῶ*, *ἐνθάλλωμαι*, *ἐφάλλωμαι*, *εἰσπηδῶ*, *ἐπιθρόσκω*, *ἐνορμάω*.

*Ἐνθυμέομαι*, mente agito: to turn in the mind. Eumen. 222. See *Θυμός*. SYN. *Επισκέπτομαι*, *λογίζομαι*, *διάνοια*, *ἐξουρίσκω*, *ἀνιστόρῶ*.

*Ἐνθυμημά*, ἄτος, τδ, cogitatio, commentum: thought, contrivance. E. C. 296. See *Θυμός*. SYN. *Ἐνθυμησις*, *ἐλεγχός*, *σκεψίς*, *μῦθος*, *σφισμα*, *ἐπινοία*, *διάνοια*.

*Ἐνθύμος*, ου, δ, ἡ, quod alicui curæ est, exoptatus, molestus: held in the mind, longed for, annoying. E. R. 739. See *Θυμός*. SYN. *Ἀπόρος*.

*Ἐνί*. See *Ἐν*; *Ἐνί* usurpator pro *Ἐνεστί*.

*Ἐνιαύσιος*, ου, δ, ἡ, annuus: yearly, a year old. *Ἰσον βαλίζειν τὸν ἐνιαύσιον κύκλον* Phcen. 554. SYN. *Ἐτήσιος*, *ἐτειός*, *αὐτήτης*.

*Ἐνιαυτός*, ου, δ, annus: a year. *Δίδς μέγαλον ἐνιαυτόν*. B. 134. SYN. *Ἐτός*, *λυκάδας*. Ep. *Τέλεσφόρος*, *πρίτροπτεον*, *πρίτελλομένους*, *πρί-πλομένους*. P. R. *Δωδεκάμηνος* χρόνος, *δωδεκά-τὸς ἄρθρος*, *ἐνιαυτοῦ κύκλος*.

*Ἐνιαύω*, immoror nocte; habito: to spend the night in; inhabit. *Ἐνθα δ' ἄνηρ ἐνίαυε* ι. 187. *Ἐναυλίζω*, *εμμένω*, *διὰπρίσω*.

*Ἐνιέλαττω*, ποῖτ. pro *Εμελάττω*, impedio: to entangle. *Ὅζ' ἐνιέλαφθενε* Z. 39. SYN. *Ἀπο-θλάττω*, *εμπόδίζωμαι*.

*Ἐνίδρῶ*, *Ἐνίδρῶν*, ὅσω, colloco in, sedem figo: to fix, settle in. Theoc. Epigr. 17. 5. See *Ἰδρῶν*. SYN. *Ἐνιστήμι*.

*Ἐνιέγγουμαι*. See *Ἐνιέγγουμαι*.

*Ἐνίω*, ἡσσω, insideo: to sit in, occupy. Helen. 1107. See *Ἰω*. SYN. see *Εγκάθεζομαι*.

*Ἐνίμη*, ἡσσω, injicio, affligo: to cast upon, afflict. K. 89. SYN. *Εμελάλλω*, *εμψήγγουμαι*.

*Ἐνιήνης*, αν, οί, in prosa scribuntur *Ἀνιάνες*, *Ἀνιήνες*: the *Ἐνιάνες*, inhabitants of *Ἐνιάνη*, a Thessalian city. *Τῷ δ' Ἐνιήνῃ ἐποντο* B. 749.

*Ἐνικάτασάλλω*, ἀλῶ, penitus immitto: to throw down in. Apoll. 1.1239. SYN. *Εγκάτασάλλω*, *κάτασάλλω*, *εμβάλλω*.

*Ἐνικάταπίντω*, superincido: to fall upon. Apoll. 3. 655.

*Ἐνικεύς*, ἔως, δ, ἡ, Eniceus: an excellent archer, celebrated by Pindar. *Μάκος δ' Ἐνικεύς* Olymp. 10. 86., answered by *οἰανός* *ἦκεν*. Pauw wishes *Ἐνικεύς*.

*Ἐνικλάω*, ἄσω, ποῖτ. pro *Εγκλάω*, infringo, impedio: to break, warp, bend in, thwart. *Αἰεὶ γὰρ μοι ἔωθεν ἐνικλᾶν* Θ. 422. SYN. *Ἐπιθραύω*, *εμπόδίζω*.

*Ἐνικλείω*. See *Εγκλείω*.

*Ἐνικνώσσω*, ποῖτ. pro *Εγκνώσσω*, indormio: to sleep in. *Ἐνικνώσσωσά δ' ὀδμοισι* Mosch. 2. 6. SYN. see *Εγκάθεζομαι*.

*Ἐνικρῖνω*, ἰνῶ, ποῖτ. pro *Εγκρῖνω*, adnumero: to number amongst. *Κῆδος ἐνικρῖνῶναι ὀμίλῳ* Apoll. 1. 43. SYN. *Εισδέχομαι*, *προσλαμβάνω*, *ἐπαριθμέω*.

*Ἐνιοί*, αι, ἄ, quidam: some. *Παλὺ μάλλιν ἐνίοις ἐστὶν ἐξολοκλήκος* Plut. 867.

*Ἐνισθῆ*, interdum: sometimes. *Κακίους ἐνισθ' ἐνυχέσθ' ἔτρω* Helen. 1229.

*Ἐνιπάλλωμαι*, cum vi immittor, insilio: to be sent with violence, dance upon. *Δάμοις ἐνι-πάλλεται αἰγλή* Apoll. 3. 756.

*Ἐνιπεῖς*, ἔως ἐτ' ἡδ, Enipeus: a river in the Peloponnesus. *Καὶ β' ἐπ' Ἐνιπέος* λ. 239.

*Ἐνιπῆ*, ἡς, ἡ, increpato: reproach. *Κάθικε δ' ὁμοῦν ἐνιπῆ* Z. 104. SYN. *Μεμφίς*, *ἐλεγχείη*, *ὁμοκλή*, *λοιδορία*.

*Ἐνίπλειος*. See *Ἐμπίλειος*.

*Ἐνίπλικος*. See *Ἐμπίλικος*.

*Ἐνίπληθς*. See *Ἐμπίπληθς*.

*Ἐνίπληθς*. See *Ἐμπίπληθς*.

*Ἐνιπρήθω*. See *Ἐμπρήθω*.

*Ἐνιπράζω*, *Ἐνίπτω*, *Ἐνίσσω*, objurgo, præcipio, hortor, adloquor: to rebuke, enjoin, encourage, accost, reveal. *Χόετ' ἐνιπράζων πρότερος* Apoll. 1. 492. H. 447. X. 497. SYN. *Κάτηγόρεω*, *μέμφομαι*, *διάσάλλω*, *εγκάλλω*, *ἐπιπλήττω*, *ἐπιτιμᾶω*, *λοιδορέω*, *ψέγω*, *ὀνειδίζω*, *λέγω*, *σημαίνω*.

*Ἐνισκήπτω*, incumbo: to recline or lean upon. *Οὐδέ ἐνισκήψαντ' ἐ* P. 437. SYN. *Ἀνασκήπτω*, *προσέρελθω*, *ἐνισκίμω*.

*Ἐνισκίμω*, infigo: to fix, thrust into. *Οὐδέ ἐνισκίμωθ' ἦ* P. 612.

*Ἐνισπείρω*, inero: to sow in, plant. *Καὶ β' δ' μὲν Ἀδωνίσιον ἐνισπείρας* Apoll. 3. 1185.

*Ἐνισπείρω*, inero: to sow in, plant. *Καὶ β' δ' μὲν Ἀδωνίσιον ἐνισπείρας* Apoll. 3. 1185.

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*Ἐννεόστειω*, nidifico in: to build a nest in. Av. 1108.

*Ἐννέτω*, pro *Ἐνέτω*, q. v. Freq. ap. Homerum et poetas tragicos.

*Ἐννεία*, as, ἡ, cohortatio, consilium: exhortation, counsel. *Τὰδ' ἐπ' αὖτε ἐννείαν* E. 894. SYN. *Βουλή*, *συμβουλὴ*, *ἐννοία*.

*Ἐννέωρος*, ου, δ, ἡ, novennis: for nine years. See the line on *Ἐννέωρος*. SYN. *Ἐννέωρος*, *ἐννέωρος*, *ἐννέωρος*.

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*Ἐ*



demn. Med. 105. SYN. ἔκπαυρ, ὑπόω, ἐξείρω, ἐκκίμω, ἀντρέτω, ἐκβάλω, ἐξαιρέω.

Εξαιρέω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inauspicatus; iniquus: inauspicious; impious, unnatural. Εξαιρέω οὐτέ τι εἰπὼν δ. 69J. SYN. ἔκδικος, ἀπρέτης.

Εξαιρέω, cum impetu prodeco: to rush out. Εκ δὲ τῷ αἰσάντῃ M. 145. SYN. Ἀνείσω, ἐφορμάωμαι, ἐκδύρω, αἰσώ.

Εξαιρέω, evanidum reddo: to destroy utterly. Εξαιρώσει γένος P. V. 689. SYN. Διάιστω, αἰστώ, ἐκπορθέω, ἀφάνίζω.

Εξαιτέω, deprecor: to demand, supplicate, obtain by supplication. Troad. 973. SYN. Ἀπαίτεω, προσδέομαι, αἰτέω, αἰζώ, ἀντιβόλω, γονυάζομαι, λίσσομαι.

Ἐξαιτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, eximius: choice, select. β. 307. SYN. see Εξαιρέτος.

Εξαίφνης, repente: suddenly, quickly. C. C. 1610. SYN. Εξαίφνης, αἰφνης, αἰφνιδίον, ἀδοκήτως, παράχρημα.

Εξαίφνης, meodeor: to heal or cure completely. Χολὼν ἐξαίφνης γ. 145. SYN. Ἰάωμαι, δερπάττω, ἱπάλω, κάταρτιζω.

Εξαίσις, ἑως, ἡ, sanatio: a healing. Εξαίσεις τέ νόσων Ran. 1033. SYN. Ἀκμή, ἄκδος, ἱασίς, ἰατρία.

Ἐξαίσις, sexies: six times. Ἐξαίσις ἐν Μεγαροῖσιν Olymp. 7. 156.

Εξακοντίζω, ἴσω, ejaculator: to pour out arrows, throw out. Εξακοντίζω πόνους Troad. 446. SYN. Ἀκοντίζω, τοξέω, εκτοξέω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

Ἐξακοντίοι, αι, ἄ, sexcenti: six hundred. Πλεῖν ἑξακοντίους τὸν ἀριθμὸν καὶ δὴ πότε Aves 1251.

Εξακούω, κούσσω, exaudio: to hear out, listen patiently. Οὐ γὰρ ἐξηκούμεν Heracl. 677. SYN. Εισακούω, ὑπακούω, ἀκούω, ἀκροάομαι.

Εξακρίβω, diligenter aliquid facio: to perform accurately, discuss with accuracy. Καζακρίβωσαι λόγον Trach. 426. SYN. Ἀκριβέω, ἐρευνῶ, ἐξιχνεύω.

Εξακρίβω, in sublime evolo: to fly up high. Μέλλει ἑξακρίβειν αἰθέρα Orest. 269.

Εξαλάω, excaco: to put out the eyes, blind. Πτολίπτορθὺν ἐξαλάωσαι ι. 504.

Εξαλάπαζω, diripio: to exhaust by plundering, sack. Τρώων πάλιν ἐξαλάπαζας E. 251. SYN. Ἀλάπαζω, ἐκπέρω, ἐκκύνω, ἀφάνίζω.

Εξαλειπτῶν, ου, τὸ, vas unguentarium; spongia: a box of ointment; towel or sponge. Τοῦ ἐξαλειπτῶν ὡ γυναι Acharn. 1062.

Εξαλείφω, unguentum abstergo; delco: to wipe off; efface. Εξαλείφει πόντ' ἄν Iph. T. 699. SYN. Ἀπαλείφω, ἐξάφνίζω.

Εξαλείφω, See Εξαλείφωμαι.

Εξαλείφωμαι, Εξάλω, Εξάλυσω, Εξάλωμαι, devito, effugio: to avoid, escape. Εξάλευσώμαι θεῶς Aj. 655. Hom. H. in Bacch. 51. Hipp. 673. Apoll. 1. 490. SYN. Εκφεύγω, διαφεύγω, ἀλείφωμαι.

Εξάλω, ἴσω, provolvō, evolvo; emungo; equum ad lacum cogo: to roll along or out of; cheat out of; drive or wash a horse in a pond. Ἀπαγέ τὸν ἵππον ἐξάλυσας οἰκᾷδε Nub. 32. SYN. Εκκύνω, ἐξέλω, ἐξέλω, ἐκκύνω.

Εξαλλάττω, ξω, immuto: to exchange, use by way of exchange. Troad. 203. SYN. Ἀπαλλάττω, ἐναλλάττω, μετἀλλάττω, μετἀβάλλω, διαφέρω, ἐξάμειβω.

Εξάλλωμαι, exsilio: to leap from or down, spring forward. O. 571. SYN. Καθάλλωμαι, εἰσάλλωμαι, ἐκπύδω.

Εξάλυσω, Εξάλω. See Εξάλευμαι.

Εξαρπάω, τήσσω, abero, pecco: to err widely, act wrong. Med. 309. See Ἀρπάω. SYN. Ἀρπάω, παρπαλέω, ἀποστύγναι, παρἀλλάττω.

Εξαρπία, as, ἡ, frustratio: mistake, disappointment. Antig. 564. See Ἀρπία. SYN. Ἀρπία, ἀρπία.

Εξάρω, meto, abscondo: to reap, cut off, extirpate. Εξάρωσθαι βίη Cycl. 236. SYN. Ἀπάω, ἀποκόπτω, ἐκκαρπίζω, ἐξάνω, ἀφαιρέω. See obs. on v. Ἀμάω.

Εξάρω, abortum facio; obtundo: to render abortive; to blunt, weaken. Androm. 356. SYN. Ἀμβλύνω, ἐμώθω, διαφθείρω.

Εξαμβρύνω, in Eumen. 928., e textu vox est ejicienda.

Εξάμειβω, immuto; trajicio; rependo: to exchange one place for another, depart from; to pass; to repay. Pers. 135. See Ἀμείβω. SYN. Διάμειβωμαι, ἐπάμειβωμαι, ἐξαλλάσσω, ἀφίστημι, ἀντάμειβωμαι, διδάσχωμαι.

Εξάμειβω, ξω, emulgeo: to milk out, milk. Οὐλοῖν ἐξήμεζας Choeph. 885. SYN. Ἀμέλω, ἐκθλίβω, ἀπομάτωμαι, ἀποθλίβω.

Εξαμηνεύω, excogito: to contrive, to extricate. Τούτων ἐξαμηνεύσμεν Heracl. 436.

Εξαμιλλώομαι, per contentione exigo: to outstrip a rival, rival in harassing. Εξαμιλλώται σέ γῆς Orest. 425. SYN. Εξέλαυνω, ἐκβάλω, ἐπιθίω.

Εξαμύρω, extraho: to draw out. Lysist. 289. SYN. Ἀμύρω, ἔλω.

Εξαμύνωμαι, defendo, libero: to ward off, deliver from. Εξαμύνωσθαι θεῶ Eur. Sup. 219. SYN. Ἀπαμύνωμαι, ἀμύνω.

Εξαπαράζω, ἄσω, cogo: to force out, expel. Εξαπαράζει σκῶπαι C. C. 1179. SYN. see Ἀπαράζω.

Εξάναγγω, educo: to bring up out of. Εξάναγγεν μύχων Heracl. 219.

Εξανάδωμι, ἄνω, f. ἄνω, emergo: to emerge or be extricated from. Κύμας ἐξανάδωμι ε. 438. SYN. Ἀνάδω, ἀνέρχωμαι, ἐπιφαίνωμαι.

Εξάνασσω, ebullio: to boil up. Εξάνασσει χόλον P. V. 378. SYN. Ἀνασσω, ἀνὰδωμι.

Εξαναίρω, aufero, educo: to raise up, rear from. Ion 269.

Εξαναλίσσω, λώσω, exhauro, consumo: to consume, extirpate. Εξαναλώσει γένος Agam. 661. SYN. Κατάναλίσσω, ἐκρίζω, ἐκπορθέω, ἐξαλάπαζω, ἐξαπόλλυμι.

Εξανάλω, ὕσω, eripio, libero: to rescue or deliver from. Δυσχεῖς ἐξανάλωσαι Π. 442. SYN. Ἀνάλω, ἐλευθερώω, ἐξάντημι.

Εξανάπτω, suspendo ad vel ex: to hang out from. Iph. T. 1352. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, ἐξάπτω, ἐαρτάω.

Εξαναρπάω, ἄσω et ἄνω, abripio: to carry off. Iph. A. 75. SYN. Ἀναρπάω, ἀρπάω.

Εξανάσσω, σπάω, demolior: to tear up, destroy. Phoen. 1150. See Σπάω. SYN. Ἀνασπάω, ἐκρίζω, ἀνωθεῶ.

Εξάνασσω, coronio: to crown, adorn. Bacch. 1052. SYN. Ἀνασσω.

Εξάναστρέφω, evertō: to overturn. Pers. 817. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, ἀντρέτω, ἀποσκευάζομαι.

Εξανάτέλλω, exorior: to spring, grow up. Mosch. 2. 5. SYN. Ἀνὰτέλλω, ἐπ'ἀνὰτέλλω, φύωμαι, ἐξάνιστάμαι.

Εξάφανδον, aperte, palam: openly, plainly. v. 48. SYN. see Ἀνάφανδον.

Εξανθρόμαι, vir fio: to grow out into man. Phoen. 32.

Εξανεμί, exeo: to go out or proceed from. Καὶ οὐράνῳ ἐξάνοντα Theoc. 22. 8. SYN. Ἐξέμι, ἐξέρχωμαι, ἐξάπθωμαι.

Εξάνεμω, irritum facio: to render vain. Εξ- ηνέμωσέ τῳ Helen. 32. SYN. Ἐπράνωμαι.

Εξανέρχωμαι, prodeco alicunde: to come up from. Troad. 755. SYN. Ἀνέρχωμαι.

Εξανερύσκω, deprehendo, invenio: to find out, invent. Philoct. 991. SYN. Ἀνερύσκω, ἐξεύρισκω.

Εξανέχω, sustineo: to endure, put up with. Androm. 200. SYN. Φέρω, ἀνέχωμαι, ἔω.

Εξάνεχω, ξω, emineo, exsto: to stand out from the ground, be conspicuous. Theoc. 22. 207. SYN. Εξέχω, ἀναφαίνωμαι, ἀνέχω.

Εξανέω, effloresco: to put forth blossoms, bloom, burst forth. Pers. 826.

Εξανθίζω, vestes diversicolores induo: to dress in flowers or flower-coloured garments. Lysist. 42.

Εξάντημι, emitto: to send forth, produce, throw away. Εξάνησιν χερῶν Bacch. 751. Παντοῖν ἐπυρσπὸν αὐτῶν ἐξάνησιν Σ. 471. The first syllable of ἤμη, whether simple or in composition, is common in Homer; but generally, if not always, long in the Attic poets. SYN. Ἀφίημι, ἀνέμω, ἐκέρω, ἀνίημι, ἀνὰδωμι.

Εξάνιστημι, excito, subverto; med. excito me, surgo: to rouse, raise up, overturn; to rise up. Hec. 1147. SYN. Ἀνίστημι, ἀνέγερω, μέτε- ἀνίστημι.

Εξάνω, aperio: to open, lay open. Acharn. 391. SYN. Ἀνοίγω, δίοιγω, ἐκφέρω, δηλώω.

Εξαντλώ, exhauro, exantlo: to pump out, draw out, exhaust. Eur. Sup. 843. SYN. Εξ- ἀρῶ, ἐκμώθω.

Εξάνω, et Εξάντω, ὕσω, perficio, conficio: to carry into effect, despatch, mark out, cause. Τέρματ' οὐκ ἐξάντων Bacch. 1094. Troad. 234.

Εξάνω, κατάνω, τέλλω, πληρῶ, ἐκπληρῶ, κατεργάζομαι, φθνεύω.

Εξάπαλλάττω, libero: to set free from, save. Soph. El. 1008. SYN. Εξαλλάττω, ἀπαλῶ, ἐξαπαύλλω, ἐξαπάτω, ἐξαπύσσω.

Εξάπατω, Εξάπατόλλω, decipio: to deceive. Εξηπάτησθαι δαίμονος Hipp. 1404. Acharn. 657. SYN. Ἀπάτω, διακρούω, χλευάζω, φέναζω, ἐκ- κύβαλλεσθαι, παρἀλύνωμαι.

Εξάπατη, ης, ἡ, fallacia: deceit. Μειδήματ' ἔξάπατας τε Iles. Theoc. 205. SYN. see Ἀπάτη.

Εξάπατόλλω. See Εξάπατάω.

Εξάπαφω, et Εξάπαφίσσω, i. q. Εξάπατάω. Καλλίρροδς ἐξάπαφσε Hom. in Apoll. 376. Hes. O. 537.

Εξάπειδω, in conspectu non amplius video: to lose sight of. C. C. 1648.

Εξάπινος, α, ὁ, repentinus: sudden, unexpected. Γένθ γάρ ἐξάπινος Call. 1. 50. SYN. Αἰφνιδίος, ἀπροσδοκῆτος.

Εξάπινος, derespente: suddenly. Plut. 536. See above. SYN. see Εξαίφνης.

Εξάπτω, expando: to spread out. Ἐπτιῶς ἐξήλωτο Batrach. 105. SYN. Εκτείνω, ἐκτάνω, ἐκπέτνω, διαπύσσω.

Εξάπθω, descendo: to dismount from, disembark. μ. 306. SYN. Ἀπθάνω, κατὰπθάνω, ἐκθάνω, ἐξέμει.

Εξάποδιόμαι, abigo: to drive away out of. Μάχης ἐξαποδιόμαι E. 764. The second syllable is here made long because the metrical ictus falls upon it. SYN. Ἀποδιώ, ἀποδιώω, ἐξωθεῶ, ἐξ- ἐλάνω.

Εξάποδώνω, exuo: to put off, strip off. Εἰμᾶτ' δ' ἐξάποδυνέ ε. 372. SYN. Ἀποδώνω, ἐκδύω.

Εξάπολλυμι, funditus perdo: utterly to destroy. Choeph. 824. See Ὀλλυμι, ἀπόλλυμι, ἐξαποθνήσκω, ἀποφθείρω.

Εξάποδνέομαι, revertor: to return from. Μάχης ἐξαποδνέσθαι T. 212.

Εξάποδνίζω, ψω, abluo: to wash off. Τῷ πόδας ἐξάποδνιζεν τ. 387. SYN. Ἀποδνίζω, ἐκνίπτω, κατάνίπτω.

Εξάποζώνω, ὕνω, exacuo: to sharpen. Εξ- ἀποζώνας ἄκρον Cycl. 455. SYN. Οζώνω, ἐπ- οζώνω.

Εξάποτίνω, punio, luo: to avenge, punish, appease. Ερινίας ἐξάποτίνωσι Φ. 412. SYN. Ἀποτίνω, ἐκτίω, q. v.

Εξάποθνήσκω, ἐρῶ, interimo: utterly to destroy. Δυστῆρος ἐξαποθνήσκω Trach. 715. SYN. see Εξάπολλυμι.

Εξάπτω, adnecto, suspendo: to fasten to, suspend from. Iph. A. 1216. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, ἐφάπτω, ἐξάρτω, ἀποκρέμνωμαι.

Εξάπτω, abigo: to drive away. Rhos. 807. SYN. Ἀπώθω, ἀπελάνω, ἐξέλαυνω, ἐξωθεῶ.

Εξάράττω, ξω, effringo, excutio, vituperō: to strike out, revile. Equit. 641. See Ἀράσσω. SYN. Διαρρήγγωμι, κατὰδάλλω, ἐκβάλω, ἐκ- κρούω, ἐκπλήσσω, λαιδύρω.

Εξαργέω, otiosus sum; per negligentiam omit- tor: to be idle or inactive; to be passed by through negligence. Philoct. 555.

Εξάρματ' α, ων, τὰ, primitia, in l. c. membra exteriora: the first-fruits or offerings to the dead, i. e. the limbs of a person slain, and offered up as the means of appeasing his manes. Apoll. 4. 478. SYN. Ἀπαργματ' α, ἀρωτηρία.

Εξαρκέω, ἔσω, sufficio: to suffice, satisfy. C. C. 1116. SYN. Ἀρκέω, ἐπαρκέω, ἀρέσκειμαι, πληροφύρω.

Εξαρκής, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, sufficiens: sufficient. Trach. 338. SYN. Ἀρκίος.

Εξαρκούντως, sufficienter: sufficiently. Ran. 377. SYN. Ἀρκούντως, ἰκανῶς.

Εξαρεῖν, denego: to deny. Androm. 436. SYN. Ἀρεῖν, ἐφαρῶς εἰμι.

Εξαρηνητικός, ἡ, ὁ, negativus: disposed to dispute. Nub. 1172.

Εξαρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui denegat: one who positively denies. Nub. 1230.

Εξαράζω, ἄσω et ἄνω, eripio: to snatch from or away. Iph. A. 315. SYN. Ἀφαράζω, ἀφαι- ρέωμαι.

Εξαράττωμαι, dependeo: to hang down from. Hipp. 325. SYN. Ἀφαράττωμαι, ἐξαράττωμαι, ἐκ- κρέμωμαι.

Εξαράτω, apparo: to arrange, prepare. Καὶ τάνδον ἐξάρτω Eur. El. 422. SYN. Καταράτω, ἐξαράτω, κάταρτιζω.

Εξαρχός, ου, ὁ, ὅ, qui aliquid incipit, auctor: a leader, beginner. Bacch. 141. SYN. Αρχός, ἡγέμων, ἐπιστάτης, αρχηγός.

Εξαρχω, ξω, incipio, auspicio: to begin, take the lead in, move, propose. B. 273.

Εξασκέω, exerceo, orno: to exercise, arrange, adorn. Eur. El. 1071.

Εξάτιμαζω, ἄσω, infamia noto: to dishonour



greatly. Kal μή ἔατιμάστῃν C. C. 1378. SYN. Ατιμάω, κατάφρονέω.

Εξαυγής, εὐδ, ὅ, ἡ, splendens: blazing forth, dazzling. Rhcs. 303. SYN. Λαμπρός, λευκός. Εξανδᾶω, eloquor: to speak out. A. 363. SYN. Εξεῖπον, ἐξένηα, ἐξέρεω, εκφωνέω, λέγω.

Εξαυθίς. See below. Εξαυθίς, statim: immediately. Πηλεΐδης δ' εξαυθίς ἀταρτηροῖς A. 223. SYN. Πάραχρημά, εὐθέως, παραινέω.

Εξαντομύλλω, transugio: to be a runaway, desert. Nub. 1102. SYN. Αυτομύλλω, διαφεύγω.

Εξανγῶ, gloriol: exspecto: to boast of, avow; expect. Philoct. 869.

Εξαφαιρέωμαι, aufero: to take away. Soph. El. 1163. SYN. Αφαίρω, εξαφαιρέωμαι.

Εξαφίημι, dimitto, libero: to send away from, free. ΑΛΛ' εξαφίεται τοῦδ' ὅ' Trach. 72. SYN. Αφίημι, ἀπαλλάττω.

Εξαφρίω, despumo: to foam out. Εξαφρίσθαι μένος Agam. 1034. SYN. Απαφρίω.

Εξαφῶ, ὕω, exhaurio: to pour out. Ἰπέρβιον εξαφύοντες ξ. 95. SYN. Εξάρω, εξαντλώ.

Εξάγειω, med. Εξάγειρόμαι, Εξάγρομαι, excito;urgo: to raise up; to awake. Eur. El. 41. Orest. 1545. Theoc. 24. 21.

Εξέδρα, as, ἡ, exedra: a seat at the outside of a portico, a piazza. Τὸς δ' ἐν εξέδραισι τοὺς δ' Orest. 1451.

Ἐξέδρος, ou, ὁ, ἡ, a sede et domicilio absens: from one's seat, from home, out. Hipp. 939. See Ἐδρα. SYN. Ανοστάτος, εκτόπιος, τηλωπός.

Εξέδω, f. εἶδω, exedo: to eat up. Eq. 1029. SYN. Εξέσθω, εἶδω, κατάσβιβρώσκω.

Εξειδῶ, pf. εἶδοι, particip. εἶδως, plur. ἴδω, perspicio: to see plainly, understand fully. Helen. 921. SYN. Εξέπιστάμαι, ἀκριβῶς γινώσκω, ἐπιγινώσκω.

Ἐξείης, deinceps: in regular order. Z. 241. SYN. see Ἐξῆς and Ευσχηρό.

Εξεικάω, adsimulo: to assimilate, make like. Phoen. 164. SYN. Εικάω, εξομοῖω, εκμύτω.

Εξειλύνω, evolvō: to roll out, unfold. Theoc. 24. 17. See Ειλύνω. SYN. Εκπτύσσω.

Ἐξεμ, egrediar: will go out. Ἐξεμὶ γαίης Med. 791. Εκ δ' ἦν ψ. 370., exierunt: they went out. SYN. see Εξέρχωμαι.

Εξείργω, ξω, excludo: to exclude, expel. Androm. 176. SYN. Απείργω, κωλύω, αφαιρέωμαι, ἀνὰτρέπω.

Εξείρω, See Εξέρω.

Εξείρω, exsero, eximo: to put or pull out. Eq. 378. SYN. Εξέλκω, ἀνασπᾶω, εξώθω.

Εξέλαινω, Εξέλδω, ἐλάω, Att. ἐλῶ, expello: to drive out, banish. Med. 393. SYN. Απ-ελαίνω, εξείργω, εξορίω, φύγαδεύω, ἀπαθῶ, ἀποτρέπω.

Εξέλδω. See above.

Εξέλέγγω, ξω, redarguo: to detect clearly, reprove, disclose. Nem. 10. 85. SYN. Ἐλέγγω, κατέλεγχω, κατὰλαμβάνω, εκνέω, ἀντιλέγω.

Εξελευθεροστώμεν, libere vel proaciter loquor: to give licence to the tongue. Aj. 1275. SYN. see Ελευθεροστώμεν.

Εξελίσσω, ξω, (1) evolvō, explico: to unfold, explain; (2) subduco e pugna: to order a counter-march, move. Trond. 3. SYN. Ανελίσσω, εξελύνω, εξώθω, κινέω.

Εξελεκεύς, α, ὄν, extrahendus: must be dragged up. Eur. El. 491.

Εξελεῖω, Εξέλκω, extraho, eripio: to draw out, extract, seduce. Επιδυμείτ' ἡνδ' ἐξελεῖσθαι Pax 508. Hec. 542. SYN. Αφέλκω, ελαίρω, εξέρω, εξείρω.

Εξέλκω. See above.

Εξέμω, ἔσω, evomo: to vomit forth. μ. 237. SYN. Απέμω, εκκένδωμαι.

Εξεμπόλλω, ἥω, divendo: to sell off, dispose of, betray. Antig. 1036. SYN. see Εμπόλλω.

Εξέναίρω, intericio: to kill. Hes. Sc. 329. SYN. see Εναίρω.

Εξενάρκω, ξω, occisum armis spolio; occido: to strip the dead of their arms; to kill. Ἰσὼν τὴ καὶ Ἀντίφον ἐξενάρκω A. 101. SYN. see Εναρκίζω.

Εξένεπω, eloquor: to proclaim. Nem. 4. 53. SYN. see Εννεπω.

Εξένηα, incantationibus permulceo: to soften by charms. C. C. 1194. SYN. Κατάπαρνω, εκπαρνω.

Εξεπαίρω, ἀρῶ, excito: to instigate. Lysist. 624. SYN. Επάίρω, παροξύνω, ἐπισπέρχω, πρό-τρπω, πείθω.

Εξεπύχωμαι, glorior palam: to boast publicly. Philoct. 667. SYN. see Επύχωμαι.

Εξεπίπλησσω, percello: to alarm. Es δαυρ' ἔσθης καὶ ἐπιπλήσσει σαφῶς Dan. 36.

Εξεπίσπασμαι, probe novi: to know thoroughly. Alcest. 800. SYN. Επιστάμαι, εὖ γινώσκω, εμπείρω, εἶρω.

Εξεπίτηδες, ex industria: on purpose, expressly. Ουκοῖν δικαστὴς ἐξεπίτηδες ἡ πόλις Plut. 917. SYN. Επὶτηδες.

Εξέπω, enuncio: to speak out, declare. Ω. 654. SYN. see Εξανδᾶω.

Εξέρᾶω, ὄω, humi effundo: to pour out. Χάμας πρῶτον ἐξέρᾶσθε Acharn. 340. SYN. Εκβάλλω, ἀπορρίπτω, εκκένω.

Εξεργάζομαι, perficio, conficio: to work out, despatch. Eur. Sup. 130. SYN. Απεργάζομαι, κατεργάζομαι, ἐπιτελέω, διαπράττωμαι, εκπίνω, τολύπειω, ελασκῶ.

Εξερεῖνω, perquiro: to ask of, seek out or after. ψ. 86. SYN. Εξέρω, ἀνερῶται, εξερενᾶω, εξερωτάω.

Εξέρῶ, irrato: to irritate greatly. Pyth. 8. 15. SYN. see Ερῶ.

Εξέρπειω, everto; item procido: to overturn; to fall off. P. 440. SYN. Εκπίπτω, ἐρείπω.

Εξερενᾶω, pervestigo: to search out, examine. C. R. 258. SYN. Ανερενᾶω, διερενᾶω, εξε-τάω, εξερεῖνω.

Εξέρτω, Εξέρωμαι, edico, percontor: to speak out, declare, ask of. A. 212. T. 15. SYN. Εξανδᾶω, εξενεῖτω, εξερεῖνω.

Εξερῶμαι, desolo: to abandon, bring desolation upon. Herc. F. 253. SYN. see Ερῶμαι.

Εξερῶμαι, maturum et aptum rebus agendis reddo: to train up. Εξερῶναις λόγῳ Soph. H. Helen.

Εξερῶται, οὐ, ὁ, litigator: a litigious person. Eur. Sup. 904. SYN. Εριστής, φιλονεικός, ἀντι-λόγος, ἀντιδικός.

Εξέρωμαι. See Εξέρῶ.

Εξέρω, proropo, tarde protraho: to creep out, drag along slowly. Nub. 710. SYN. Α-έρω, ἀφέρω, εξέρχωμαι, βάδιζω.

Εξέρω, discedo: to go, to vanish; imperative, begone. Hipp. 973.

Εξέρω, avertō, prohibeo: to draw away,

to prevent. Κείνων κά' εξήρκε Philoct. 428. SYN. see Ερύκω.

Εξέρω, Εξέρω, extraho: to extract, pull out. Ῥυμοῦ εξέρω K. 503. V. 870. SYN. Εξέλκω, ελαίρω, αφάνίζω.

Εξέρχωμαι, ἐλευσῶμαι, egredior, advenio: to go out, proceed to. Hec. 226. SYN. Ἐξεμὶ, εκμώλω, εκπορεύομαι, εκβαίνω, ἐπέρχωμαι.

Εξέρωται, decedo: to slip out or aside, with- draw. Theoc. 25. 189. SYN. Απέρωται, ἀπέρ-χόμαι (q. v.), εξήκω.

Εξέρωται, percontor: to ask of or from. Phoen. 396.

Εξέρω, exedo: to eat out, devour. Choëph. 275. SYN. Ανεσθίω, εξεῖδωμαι, κατέδω.

Εξέρω, as, ἡ, legatio publica: a delegation, embassy. Τῶν ἐνέκ' εξέρωται Φ. 20. SYN. Πρεσβεία.

Ἐξέρω, licet: it is allowable. Ἐξέρωται αὐ γὰρ Troad. 51.

Εξέρω, examino, evinco: to inquire, exam- ine, prove. Alcest. 1030. SYN. Δοκιμάζω, εξερενᾶω, ἐπιγνέω, εξερεῖσκω.

Εξέρω, ἔω, ἡ, exquisitio, examen: investi- gation, review, proof. Εξέρωται τοῦ Φωκῆος ἀπὶς ἐλέγχει Call. Ep. 62.

Εξέρω, ἔως, sexennis: six years old, of six years. Nub. 860.

Εξέρω, ex illo tempore: ever since. Εξέρω τοῦ ὅτε Διόγενῆς I. 106.

Εξερῶ, vercor, caveo: to be cautious of, to fear. Εξερῶνται μὴ φίλοις Androm. 643.

Εξερῶ, rem facilem vel levem reddo: to render easy, alleviate. Εξερῶνται πρὸς βῆ- Herc. F. 81. SYN. Ευμάρίζω, εξημέρω, εκ-πραίνω.

Εξερῶ, ἀπὸς, τὸ, solers inventum: a clever discovery. C. R. 386.

Εξερῶ, invenio, excoigito: to find out, in- vent, discover. Alcest. 224. SYN. Εύρίσκω, ἀνευρίσκω, κατὰλαμβάνω.

Εξερῶ, apparō: to manage well. Eur. El. 75. SYN. Ευτρέφω.

Εξέρω, glorior: to boast openly, relate exultingly. Olymp. 13. 85.

Εξέρω, mando: to enjoin. Τεὶκρὸς εξ-εφίεται Aj. 806.

Εξέρω, emineo, exsto: to rise, overtop, excel. Vesp. 771. SYN. Ανεξω, ἀνὰτέλλω, ἀναφαίνω-μαι.

Ἐξέρω, ou, ὁ, ἡ, qui pubertatem excessit: one who has passed the age of young men. Sept. Th. 12. SYN. Πάρηθος.

Εξέρω, praeo, impero, duco, explico: to preside over, lead, command, conduct, explain, interpret. Iph. A. 529. SYN. Ἠγέομαι, ἀρχω, ἐξάω, εκδηλώω.

Εξέρω, a sycophant and vagabond, satirised by Aristophanes. Εντεῦ-θεν Εξηκαστῆς Aves 11. See Brunck's note, Aves 1527.

Εξέρω, indecl., sexaginta: sixty. Iph. A. 248. A, as in πενήκοντά.

Εξέρω, ξω, pervenio: to arrive at, travel through. Soph. El. 1318. SYN. Πόρεύομαι, εξέρχωμαι, παρέρχομαι, ἐξάντω.

Εξέρω, ou, ὁ, ἡ, ductus malleo, lamina in- ductus: beaten out, embossed, plated. Καλὴν χαλκῆν ἐξέρω M. 295.

Ἐξέρω, per sex dies: for six days. κ. 80.

Εξημέρω, mansuefacio: to render completely tame. Herc. F. 848. SYN. see Ἡμέρω.

Εξημοῖος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, mutatorius: fitted for ex- change. S. 249.

Εξηπρόρηνω, circumvenio: to circumvent, cheat. Lysist. 840. SYN. see Ἡπρόρηνω.

Ἐξῆς, deinceps: next, in order. Iph. A. 627. SYN. Ἐξείης, ἐφεξῆς, καθ'εξῆς, μετὰ ταῦτά, εκ-τούτων.

Εξιδῶ, exsudo, liquidum stercus emitto: to sweat through, &c. Οὐκ ἂν εξιδῶν eis δολμά-τιον ἀλλ' ἀνέπτειτο Aves 792. SYN. Εκιδῶ, ἀποπᾶτέω.

Εξιδῶ, ὕω, depono, colloco: to set down, station. Στήσόν με καὶ εξιδῶν C. E. 11. SYN. Ενιδῶ.

Εξιδῶ, emitto, dimitto: to send out or away or forth, remove. Αργεῖον ἐξῆς καλῶς Troad. 94. On the quantity of the antepenult of Εξιδῶ see Ἰημί. SYN. Επεξιδῶ, ἀποτινῶ, εκβάλλω.

Εξιδῶ, ὄω, dirigo: to make out straight, to rule. Δορυ νῆδον εξιδῶν O. 410. SYN. see Ἰδῶ.

Εξιδῶ, supplico: to obtain a request; to petition. Εξιδῶται τῆς ἐμῆς C. R. 760. SYN. Καθικέτω, εξαιτέωμαι, κατὰδέωμαι, κατὰ-πέδω.

Εξιδῶ, "proprie exsicco, hic valet, prae- sentibus insistere, considerare, commemorare," Brunck.: to consider. Οὐκ εξιδῶμαι καλὸ λῶ-ζομαι κακὰ Androm. 405.

Εξιδῶ, 2. a. ἰκδμν, pervenio, evenio: to come out, arrive at. Οὐκ εξιδῶμαι Μανδῶν ὅμοι μδων Bacch. 1049. SYN. Αφικνέομαι.

Εξιδῶ, evello, e. g. cinem: to pluck out by the roots. Εξιδῶται τριχὰ Soph. fr. Crisis. 5.

Εξιδῶ, comprimo, opprimo: to oppress, bruise. Lysist. 291. See Ἰδῶ.

Εξιδῶ, πτήσῶμαι, 2. a. ἐπτήν, avolo: to fly away from. Εξιδῶται ὅκων Eur. El. 944.

Εξιδῶ, adaequo: to make equal with. Εξ-ιδῶται τοὺς πόλῆτας καθ'εἷν τὰ δέματ' A. 688. SYN. Ανίσω, ἰσῶ.

Εξιδῶ, de loco demoveo; mente alieno: to remove, turn aside; to alarm, con- found. Πρῶτὰ δ' ἐκστήσων φρένων Bacch. 838. SYN. (med. v.) Αφιστάμαι, μεθίσταμαι, εκπλήτ-τωμαι, διαφθείρομαι, ἀμαρῶμαι, μαινῶμαι.

Εξιδῶ, exquiro: to search out, trace. Orest. 283. SYN. Ανιστῶμαι, ἀναζητέω, ἐρωτάω, μαινῶμαι.

Εξιδῶ, a. ὄν, adaequandus: must be equally granted. Εξιδῶται τὸ γόν C. R. 408.

Εξιδῶ, Εξηκαστῆς, investigo: to trace out. ΑΛΛ' εξιδῶται σὲ Bacch. 805. Aj. 997. SYN. Ιχνουσκοπέω, ἱχνέω, εξερενᾶω, ἀναζητέω.

Ἐξιδῶ, ou, ὁ, ἡ, sex medimnos capiens: containing six medimni, about twelve bushels. Pax 631.

Εξιδῶ, tumidum reddo; tumulum extruo: to swell out, extol; to pile up a tumulus or grave, bury. Eur. Sup. 874. SYN. Ογκῶ, κατὰχώννυμι, καλύπτω, θάπτω, θύω.

Εξιδῶ, ἀπὸς, τὸ, tumor; tumulus: a swelling; tomb. Herc. F. 1332. SYN. Χωμά, τύμβος.

Εξιδῶ, viatico instruo; venundo: to supply provisions for a journey; to sell. Cycl. 267. SYN. Εξευπλόω, εκπορεύομαι.



Εξδοῦναι, exeo foras: to go out from, travel abroad. Soph. El. 20. SYN. Εξέρχουμαι.

Εξδός, ου, ἡ, egressio, finis, mors: a departure, outlet, end, death. Herc. F. 622. SYN. Εκβάσις, τέλος, θάνατος.

Εξδύναι, dolere irritor: to be tormented with pain. Cycl. 655. See Οδύνη.

Εξόω, oleo: to give out a strong smell. Καὶ κἄνιν ἐξόωσις Theoc. 20. 10. See Όζω.

Εξοιδέω, extumesco: to swell out. Cycl. 227. SYN. Οιδέω, ἐξογκόμαι.

Εξοικήσιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, habitabilis: habitable. C. C. 27. SYN. Ενοικήσιμος, οικητός.

Εξοικίζω, domo ejicio: to eject from home, clear of. Herc. 875. SYN. Εξορίζω, εκβάλλω, φύγαίνω, μετοικίζωμαι.

Εξοικδύμω, inceptum aedificium perficio: to finish a building. Av. 1124.

Εξοικνύω, ejulo: to utter doleful cries. Aj. 317. SYN. see Οικνύω.

Εξοινδύω, vino lymphor: to be intoxicated with wine. Bacch. 802. SYN. see Οινώω.

Εξοιχνέω, Εξοιχνύω, egredior: to go out. I. 384. Z. 379.

Εξοκέλλω, impingo: to drive out, precipitate into. Menand.

Εξολισθαίνω, 2. a. ὀλισθόν εν ὀλισθαίνων, elabor: to slip out, escape from. Phoen. 1398. SYN. Εκπίπτω, ἀπολισθαίνω, δολισθαίνω.

Εξόλλυμι, ὀλέω, Att. ὀλω, penitus perdo: to destroy utterly. "Ἡπὲρ ἐξόλλυσι με Hipp. 722. SYN. see Ἀπόλλυμι.

Εξόλλυζω, exululo: to utter a loud cry. Δευνόν δ' ἐξόλλυζε Batrach. 100. SYN. see Ὀλλύζω.

Εξομνέω, consuetudinem habeo: to associate with, crowd around. Εξομνέσθαι στρατοῦ Iph. A. 735. SYN. see Όμνέω.

Εξομνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, abhorrens a consuetudine: unusual. Ξένων γὰρ ἐξομνός Trach. 966. SYN. Δυσομνός, ἀποτρόπος, ξένος.

Εξομνύω, oculos effodio: oculatum reddo: to take out or open the eyes; to render quick-sighted. Plut. 635. SYN. Ομνύω, εκτύφλω.

Εξομνύω, εξομνύω, abjuro: to deny on oath. Antig. 541. See Όμνυμι. SYN. Ἀπαγορεύω, αρνέομαι.

Εξομνύω, ex eodem loco: from the same place. e. 477. SYN. see Όμνύω.

Εξομνύω, similem efficio: to make like, assimilate. Εξομνύσθαι φύσιν Androm. 354. SYN. Όμοιός.

Εξομνύω, abstergo: to wipe off. Bacch. 340. SYN. Όμνύω, ἀπομνύω, ἀπομνύω, εκμνύω.

Εξομνύω, ὁμνύω, Att. ὁμνύω, probis incesso: to reproach. Iph. A. 305. SYN. see Όμνύω.

Εξομνύω, Εξομνύω, nomine voco: to name, accost by name. "Εκ τ' ὀνόμαζεν H. 108. Z. 66. SYN. see Όμνύω.

Εξομνύω, nominatum: expressly, by name. Εξομνύω, ὀνόμαζεν X. 415. SYN. see Όμνύω.

Εξομνύω, Εξομνύω, a tergo, retrorsum: backward, behind. Τῷ δ' ἐξομνύω δρόμῳ μακρόν P. 611. Equit. 22. Z. 35. SYN. see Όμνύω.

Εξομνύω, partes posteriores impingo: to attack the posteriors. Τῇ σάνιδι τρήσας ἐξ-

σπασθὲν πρὸς τὸν Thesm. 1124. Sed Bekker. edidit, τῇ σάνιδι τρήσας ἐξομνύω πρὸς τὸν.

Εξομνύω, See Εξομνύω.

Εξομνύω, armis penitus instructo: to arm completely. Αυτὸς ἐξομνύω Herc. F. 464. SYN. Όπλιζω.

Εξομνύω, asso: to roast. Cycl. 402. SYN. see Οπτάω.

Εξομνύω, perspicio: to see distinctly. Helen. 1268.

Εξομνύω, ad iram incito: to exasperate. Batrach. 184. SYN. Οργίζω.

Εξομνύω, alta voce excito: to stir up by a loud voice. Καζομνύω πολλὰ Choeph. 265. SYN. Επομνύω, ορμνύω, εξομνύω, ἀνομνύω.

Εξομνύω, erigo, instauror: to raise up, set right, direct, regulate. Eur. Sup. 1093. SYN. Ἀνομνύω, ἐπ' ἀνομνύω, διομνύω, ορμνύω.

Εξομνύω, extermino: to exterminate, banish. Heracl. 16. SYN. Ἀφούριζω, ἐξομνύω, εκδιώκω, φύγαίνω, εξομνύω.

Εξομνύω, incito: to excite. Σὺ δ' ἐξομνύω πηϊούς Agam. 1621. SYN. Εξομνύω, ὀρμνύω.

Εξομνύω, ou, ὁ, jusjurandum: an oath. Olymp. 13. 139.

Εξομνύω, impello; erumpo: to excite, exhort; to rush out, hasten. Orest. 268. SYN. Ορμνύω, παρομνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπείγω.

Εξομνύω, enavigo: sede moveo: to set sail; withdraw. Helen. 1246.

Εξομνύω, ou, ὁ, ἡ, qui e statione solvit: one who sails from. Hipp. 156.

Εξομνύω, exsilio: to spring forth, jump out, escape. "Ἄνεμοι δ' ἐκ πάντες ὄρουσαν κ. 47. SYN. Εκπηδάω, εκθόρνω, ἀνομνύω, ἐπομνύω.

Εξομνύω, excito: to stir up. Apoll. 1. 306.

Εξομνύω, ὀμνύω, extimulo: to urge on. "Ὅς μ' ἐξομνύει παῖδ' ἐμὸν Eur. Sup. 24. SYN. Οτρίνω, εκπείθω.

Εξομνύω, as, ἡ, facultas, potentia: ability, power. Τῶν κἄνιν ἐξομνύω Eur. Temen. fr. 14. SYN. Δυνάμεις, ἀδύω, ἀζώμα.

Εξομνύω, adaugeo: to increase, advance. o. 19. SYN. Επ' ἀμνύω, ἀμνύω, αἰώω.

Εξομνύω, eminenter: eminently. Z. 257.

Εξομνύω, η, ὄν, eminentes: surpassing others, eminent. B. 480. SYN. Εξομνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ὑπερέχω, πρὸς ἑαυτὸν, ὑπερφύω, πρὸς ἑαυτὸν, ἐνδοξός, εκπρὸς, κρᾶτιστός.

Εξομνύω, excellenter, supra modum: eminently, in a particular manner. Bacch. 1224.

Εξομνύω, ὁμνύω, injuriam facio per insolentiam: to act with overbearing insolence. Τὰς ἐξομνύωι Soph. El. 295. SYN. Ὀμνύω, γαυριάω.

Εξομνύω, sine mora erigo: in 2. a., sine mora surgo: to raise up quickly; to rise immediately. B. 267. SYN. Εξομνύω, ὀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, moneo, jubeo: to advise, order. Bacch. 1255. SYN. Ὀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ὑπομνύω.

Εξομνύω, supra, superne: above. Τὸς ἐξομνύω Philoct. 29. SYN. Ὀμνύω, ὀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, ministro, servo: to serve, minister to, obey. Trach. 1158. SYN. see Ὀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, resupino: to lay on the back, turn up. Sept. Th. 574.

Εξομνύω, texendo absolvero: to finish weaving, compose. Nem. 4. 72. See Ὀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, ἄτος, τὸ, tela: a web. Eur. El. 539. See Ὀμνύω. SYN. Ὀμνύω, ὀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, praeo: to go first, lead the way. C. C. 1025. SYN. Ὀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, adv. et praepr., foras, foris, extra, praeter, absque: without, out of doors, beyond. κ. 95. Med. 1309.

Εξομνύω, ὠθῶ et ὠσω, extrudo: to thrust or drive out from. Hipp. 1090. SYN. Εξομνύω, ἀπομνύω, ἐξομνύω, ἀμνύω, ἀμνύω.

Εξομνύω. See Ὀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, ὄς, ὁ, ἡ, perditus: utterly ruined. Aesch. Sup. 749. SYN. Πάνωλως, πάνωλως, ὄλως, δύστηνος.

Εξομνύω, humero tenus nudo: to make bare up to the shoulder. Eccles. 267.

Εξομνύω, ἴδω, ἡ, tunica servilis non tegens brachia: a jacket used by menials, which, being short and without sleeves, left the arm and body free for labour. Διφθέρων καζομνύω Vesp. 442.

Εξομνύω, as, ἡ, abjuratio: a denial on oath. Εξομνύω, ὁμνύω Eccles. 1026. SYN. Ἀπομνύω, ἀρνήσις (μὲθ' ὀρκου).

Εξομνύω, ou, ὁ, ἡ, extra conspectum positus: out of sight. Δωμνύω ἐξομνύω Alcest. 562.

Εξομνύω, ou, ὁ, ἡ, intempestivus: out of season. Soph. El. 121. SYN. Ἀωρός, ἀκαιρός, πάλαιός, ἐξήγηλος.

Εξομνύω, ou, ὁ, expulsor: a driver out, expeller. Rhes. 322. SYN. Ελάττω, ὀρμνύω.

Εξομνύω, festum diem celebrare: to celebrate a feast. "Ὅταν ὀρμνύω λέως Iph. T. 1459. SYN. Ὀρμνύω.

Εξομνύω, ἡ, festus dies, feriae: a festival, feast, holiday. Phoen. 797. SYN. Τέλετή, πάν- ἡγίρις, εὐκαίτη. SYN. Σεμνὴ, ἀγνή, λυσίπνοος, ἱερὰ, ευκαίτη, μυστιπνοός, θεοφίλης, πεντέτη- ρις.

Εξομνύω, ἡ, ὄν, suus, meus, tuus. (Εὐός, vel Εὐός, etiam apud Hom. bonus significat, unde genitiv. plur. Εὐών vel Εὐών, δδῶν vel simili voce subaudita): his own, my, thy; good. Εν στήθεσσι τοῖσι A. 83. 393. "Ετέρος δὲ εὐών Ω. 528. SYN. Ὀς, ἐμός, σός, ἰδύς, φίλος, σφέος, σφέτερος.

Εξομνύω, Επ' ἀμνύω, exultor, superbio: to rejoice, be proud. Κάκη ἐπ' ἀμνύωι ἀττῇ Apoll. 3. 170. P. 91. SYN. Ἀγάλλομαι, ἀγαλ- ὄμαι, τέρομαι, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, Επ' ἀμνύω, annuntio, promitto: to tell, announce, profess, promise. Herc. F. 1176. SYN. Ἀπαγγέλλω, κέλευω, διαγορεύω, ὁμνύω, παρ' ἀμνύω, ἀνεγγνύω.

Εξομνύω, ἑρῶ, congreco: to gather together. Ταῦτ' ἐπ' ἀμνύω A. 126. SYN. Ἀγέρω, σύν- ἀγέρω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, συνάμνύω.

Εξομνύω, exultor, exultor: to be proud of, exult. Διφθέρων ἐπ' ἀμνύωι Z. 133. SYN. Γαυριάωμαι, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, ex, induco, infero: to induce, draw, lead. Επ' ἀμνύω ἀνθρωποφάγειν Herc. 260. SYN. Εισάγω, εισφέρω, ἐπεισφέρω, παρ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, Επ' ἀμνύω, accino, incanto: to sing to, charm by singing. Πείθω ἐπ' ἀμνύω Iph. A. 1212. Eur. El. 864. SYN. Πρόσφω, κατ' ἀμνύω.

Εξομνύω, See above.

Εξομνύω, ἀμνύω, contr. ἀμνύω, adveo; incito; extollo: to lift up, place upon; impel; extol.

See Ἀείρω. Olymp. 9. 31. SYN. Ἀνείρω, ἐξείρω, ἐπαίρω, ἐπάγω, ἀνέκουρίζω, ἐπαίνω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, adaugeo, promoveo: to increase, cause to prosper. Επ' ἔργον ἀμνύω Z. 65. SYN. Ἀμνύω, αἰώω, ἐπαίνω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ou, τὸ, praeium certaminis: a prize, reward. Κἀπαλὰ δεινὰ Phoen. 1277. SYN. Ἀμνύω, ἀμνύω, νικητήριον.

Επ' ἀμνύω, insuper lamentor: to bewail besides. Επ' ἀμνύωι ἔρωτες Bion 1. 6. SYN. Επ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ὁμνύω, impetuo spiro, aut irruo: to blow vehemently upon, rush forward with impetuosity. B. 148. SYN. Επ' ἀμνύω, μέγα et σφοδρῶς πνέω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, revercor: to feel awe, blush. Iph. A. 900. SYN. Αἰδέομαι, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐν- τρεπτόμαι, φθόβομαι.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ὁμνύω, ἡ, laus: praise. Troad. 420. 385. SYN. see Αἰνός.

Επ' ἀμνύω, Επ' ἀμνύω, laudo; adsentior: to applaud, praise; assent to, approve. P. V. 348. Lysist. 198. SYN. Σύνεπαίνω, κάταμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἀπομνύω, καυχόμαι.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ὁμνύω, laudabilis: horrendus: deserving of praise; terrible. I. 457. SYN. Διά- σμνός, ἐνδοξός, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, φθόβος.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ou. See Ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ἀμνύω, attollo, incito: to lift, raise up, urge to. Androm. 703. SYN. Επ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ὁμνύω, ἀνέκουρίζω, ἀπομνύω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, 2. a. ησθάνω, sentio, audio: to perceive, understand, hear. Τι χρὸς τί νῦν τί δ' ἐπ' ἀμνύω Agam. 84. SYN. Αἰσθάνομαι, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, irruo: to rush on. Πᾶ πῶδ' ἐπ' ἀμνύω σαρκῶν σστέων (spondee) Herc. 1054. SYN. Κἀμνύω, εισβάλλω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἀπο- πλήττω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ὁμνύω, pudet me; erubesco: to be ashamed, blush at. Agam. 1344. SYN. Αἰσθάνομαι, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, φθόβομαι.

Επ' ἀμνύω, mendico; insuper peto: to beg; ask over and above. Soph. El. 1134. SYN. Ἀπαι- τέω, πρὸς αἰτέω, αἰτέω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, criminator: to accuse, criminate. Heracl. 462. SYN. see Αἰτιάωμαι.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ou, ὁ, ἡ, qui est in culpa: blame- able, in fault. Hipp. 1380. SYN. Ὀμνύω, ὑπεύθυνος, αἰτός, ἐπιμεμπτός.

Επ' ἀμνύω, audio, intelligo: to hear, understand. Γλώσσῃν οὐκ ἐπ' ἀμνύω Aj. 1263. SYN. Αἰώω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἀκούω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, subseco: to follow closely. Vesp. 1328. See Ἀκούω. SYN. Ἀκούω, ἐξομνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, συνέχωμαι, μετέρχομαι.

Επ' ἀμνύω, κοῦσος, exaudio: to hear distinctly. Νῦν ἐπ' ἀμνύω νῦν ἐπ' ἀμνύω Choeph. 713. SYN. Επ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἀκούω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ou, ὁ, auditor: a hearer, a judge. Ἀγούρις ἐπ' ἀμνύωι Zonta Iles. Op. 29. SYN. Ἀκούω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ad summum perduco: to bring to an end. Αἰμῶν ἐπ' ἀμνύω Choeph. 919. See Blomf. Gloss. SYN. Εξομνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω, ἐπ' ἀμνύω.

Επ' ἀμνύω, ἡρδός, ὁ, venator: a huntsman. τ. 435. SYN. Κύνωγος, κύνωγος.

Επ' ἀμνύω, α, ὁ, et ou, ὁ, ἡ, littoralis: on the shore. "Ὁ πάτερ μ' ἐπ' ἀμνύω Androm. 845. SYN. Παράκτιος, παράκτιος, ἀμνύω.

Ἐπακτός, ου, δ, ἡ, adscititius, peregrinus, mercenarius: brought to, adventitious, foreign, hired. Hipp. 318. SYN. Ξένος, αλλοτριός, ξυμμάχος.

Ἐπαλάδω, αῖω, conclamo: to cry aloud. P. V. 493. See Ἀλάδω.

Ἐπαλάδωμαι, pervagor: to wander, rove about. Πάθῃ καὶ πόλλ' ἐπαλήθῃ ο. 400. SYN. Ἀλάδωμαι, ἀποπλανάζωμαι, περιφέρωμαι.

Ἐπάλαστέω, indignor: to be indignant at. Τὸν δ' ἐπάλαστροσά α. 252. SYN. see Ἀλαστέω.

Ἐπαλγέω, doleo: to grieve for. Eur. Sup. 63.

Ἐπαλείφω, ψω, inungo: to anoint. Ἐπὶ δ' οὐδ' ἀλείφαί μ. 47. SYN. Κάπ᾽ ἀλείφω, ἀλείφω, ἐπιχρίω.

Ἐπαλέξω, ἥσω, auxilior, propulso: to succour, ward off. Τῷ δ' ἐπαλέξῃσιν Α. 428. SYN. Ἐπικουρέω, βοηθῶ, ἀλέξω, ἐπαύνω.

Ἐπαλέτρεω, molo: to grind upon, grind. Πελάνους ἐπαλέτρεουσιν Apoll. 1. 1077. SYN. Ἀλέω, ἀλῆθω, ἀλέτρεω.

Ἐπαλινδέω, obvolvō: to wrap or roll in. Apoll. 4. 1463. See Ἀλινδῆρα. SYN. Εκκάλυπτο.

Ἐπαλλάσσω, ξω, alterno, vario: to alternate, exchange, alter. Heracl. 836. SYN. Πάραλλασσω, ἐναλλάττω.

Ἐπαλλάμαι. See Ἐφάλλωμαι.

Ἐπαλξίς, εὖος, ἡ, pinna muri: a battress, bulwark. Phoen. 1023. SYN. Πτέρωμα, εἰλάρ. Ε. Κἄλῃ, χρυσίη.

Ἐπαλπνός, ου, δ, ἡ, suavis: delightful, welcome. Pyth. 8. 120. SYN. see Ἡδῆς.

Ἐπαμαζέω, tero plaustris: to mark with carriage wheels. Antig. 257. See Ἄμαζα.

Ἐπαμάμαι, coacervo: to heap up. Ἐπαμῆσάδ' ἡρσὶ φίλῃσιν ε. 482. SYN. Ἐπισωρεύω, ἐπιβάλλω, ἀνακίνω.

Ἐπαμβάτηρ, ἥρως, δ, qui insidet vel conscendit: one who lights upon, an invader, devourer. Σαρκὼν ἐπαμβάτηρσας Choëph. 274. SYN. Ἐπιβάτης.

Ἐπαμείβω, permuto: to exchange. Ἀλλήλοισι ἐπαμείβωμεν Z. 230. SYN. Διαμείβω, ἀμείβωμαι, καταλλάσσω, ἀντιδίδωμι.

Ἐπαμοιβῆς, per vices: in turn, alternately. Ἀλλήλοισιν ἐφον ἐπαμοιβῆς οὐς ὑπ' Ὀδυσσεύς ε. 482. SYN. Ἐναλλάξ, ἀμοιβᾶδων, πᾶραλλάξ.

Ἐπαμοιβῆς, Ἐπαμοιβός, ου, δ, ἡ, alternans: alternate, mutual, corresponding. Hom. H. Merc. 513. See above. See also Apoll. 2. 1077. SYN. Αμοιβός, ἀμοιβαῖος.

Ἐπαμύχω, superinduo: to clothe, place upon. Troad. 1147.

Ἐπαμύντωρ, ὄρως, δ, auxilior, vindex: a protector, avenger. Εσθλὸς τοι τούτω γ' ἐπαμύντορ π. 263. SYN. Ἀμύντωρ, ἀλεξήτηρ.

Ἐπαμύνω, ὑνᾶ, defendo ab injuria, succorro: to defend, succour, avenge. Πῶσειδᾶν ἐπαμύναί μ. 357. SYN. Ἀμύνω, ἐφαρκεῖω, ἐπαρκέω, ἐπιδοθῆω, ἐπαρήγω.

Ἐπαμύρω, i. q. Ἐπαμύρω. Solon ap. Diog. L. p. 19., ed. Steph.

Ἐπᾶν. See Ἐπῆν. Jacobs. Anthol. 9. 120.

Ἐπᾶνᾶδᾶλᾶ, differo; med. induo: to put off; to throw over or on. Eccl. 276. SYN. Ἐπίδᾶλᾶ, περίδᾶλᾶ.

Ἐπᾶνᾶδᾶ, acclamo: to shout aloud. Plut. 292. SYN. Ἀνᾶδᾶω, ἐκῖδᾶω, ἐκίφᾶγγᾶμαι.

Ἐπᾶνᾶγκᾶω, ἄσω, cogo: to force upon, compel. P. V. 692. See Ἀνάγκη. SYN. Ἐξᾶνᾶγκᾶω, ἀναγκᾶω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶγρέδωμαι, praconis voce pronuntio: to proclaim over and above. Μάλιστα ἐπᾶνᾶγρέδωται Av. 1072. SYN. Ἀνᾶγρέδω, ἀνᾶγρῶντω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶδιπλάζω, ἄσω, duplico: to repeat. Ἐπᾶνᾶδιπλάζει καὶ σάφως P. V. 842. SYN. Ἀνᾶδιπλάζω, ἐπᾶνᾶφῶ, ἀνᾶλαμῶ.

Ἐπᾶνᾶρῶμαι, attollo; occido: to raise up, to kill. E. C. 421. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ἐπᾶλαμῶ, ἀναίρω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶρῶμαι, elevo meipsum: to rise up. Eq. 784. SYN. Ἐπεγείρωμαι, ἐγείρωμαι, ἐπᾶνᾶρῶμαι.

Ἐπᾶνᾶκρούω, repello, inhibeo: to beat back. Ἀτὰρ τὸ δεινὰ δεῖρ' ἐπᾶνᾶκρούσαι πάλιν Av. 648. SYN. Ἀνᾶκρούω, ὑποστρέφω, ἐπᾶνᾶβαίνω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶμένω, μένω, expecto: to wait for. Nub. 801. SYN. Ἀνᾶμένω, ἐμμένω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶπηδᾶω, insilio: to spring upon. Nub. 1378. SYN. see Ἐπιπᾶδᾶω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶστάσις, εὖος, ἡ, subversio: subversion. Antig. 533. See Ἀνάστασις. SYN. Ἀνᾶστάσις, ἐξᾶνᾶστάσις.

Ἐπᾶνᾶτίθημι, superimpono: to lay upon. Vesp. 148. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἐπιτίθημι.

Ἐπᾶνᾶφῶ, transfero, refero: to refer to, lay the blame upon. Nub. 1079.

Ἐπᾶνᾶφυσᾶω, tibiam info: to blow or play on the flute. Thesm. 1175. See Φυσᾶω. SYN. Ἀνᾶφυσᾶω, ἀνᾶπνέω, ἀεῖδω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶχωρέω, recedo: to go back, retreat. Eccles. 28.

Ἐπᾶνᾶδρῶ, maribus impleo: to populate with males. Apoll. 1. 874.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνέμι, ἐπᾶνᾶνῆκο, ἐπᾶνᾶνέρωμαι, redeo: to return. Trach. 643. Iph. A. 1627. Iph. T. 257. SYN. Ἀνέρωμαι, ἐπᾶνᾶνέρω, ἐπᾶνᾶνέμι, ἐπᾶνᾶνῆκο, ἐπᾶνᾶνέρω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνέρωμαι, rursus interrogo: to question again. Pers. 965. SYN. Ἀνέρωμαι, ἀνέρωτάω, ἀνᾶνᾶνέρω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνέρωμαι. See Ἐπᾶνᾶνέμι.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆκο. See Ἐπᾶνᾶνέμι.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆω, poet. Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆω, effloresco: to flourish upon, blossom, prosper. Nub. 1174. Apoll. 3. 519. SYN. Ἐξανθῆω, ἀπανθῆω.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆκιδῆς, ων, αἱ, pisculi super carbonibus assati: broiled fish. Καὶ γὰρ πρότερον ἐπᾶνᾶνῆκιδων ἐμπλήχμενος Vesp. 1127.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆκῖω, super carbonibus asso: to broil. Δῖα σ' ἐπᾶνᾶνῆκῖωμεν Av. 1546.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆσθῆμι, excito, erigo; in a. 2. et perf. med. assurgō: to raise up; to rise up. Av. 1583. SYN. Ἀνίστημι, ἐξᾶνᾶνῆσθῆμι.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆσθῶ, in integrum restituo: to set right again, re-establish. Lysist. 528. SYN. Ἀνορθῶ, κατ' ὀρθῶς, ἐξορθῶ.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆλλω, ἐλῶ, tollō; exorior: to raise up; to rise up. Phoen. 105. SYN. Ἀπᾶνῆλλω, ἐπᾶνᾶνῆλλω, ἐξᾶνᾶνῆλλω, ἀνίστημι.

Ἐπᾶνᾶνῆω, ἄσω, adversor: to oppose. Ὅς πῶτ' ἐπᾶνᾶνῆσαι δ' Hom. H. Apoll. 152. See hanc lectio est Martini correctio, et dubitata.

Ἐπᾶνῶ, ἐπᾶνῶδῃ, desuper, supra: over, above, upon. Ὅσ' ἂν ἐπᾶνῶ μὲν Προξένῃδης Av. 1126. Alcest. 476.

Ἐπᾶνῆος, ου, δ, ἡ, dignus: worthy, preferable. Τὸ σπράττωμ' ἐπᾶνῆος Troad. 385. SYN. Ἀξῖος.

Ἐπαξίως, pro dignitate: in a becoming manner, justly. E. R. 133. See above. SYN. Ἀξίως, ἐπὶ δικῶς, κατ' ἀξίαν.

Ἐπαξίω, censo, postulo: to deem fit, request. Ἐπαξίω σὲ δαίμων Soph. El. 660. SYN. Ἀξίω, ἐπιχρίτω, πᾶράκαλλω.

Ἐπαξύνιος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui circa axem volvitur: rolling round an axis, voluble. Ἐπαξύνιος κύκλῳ Theoc. 25. 249.

Ἐπαῖδῃ, ἡς, ἡ, incantatio: a charm, incantation. Ἐπαῖδῃσιν δέλεϊ στερῆς τ' P. V. 180. SYN. Ἐπαῖδῃ. Ε. Μελίγλωσσος, μᾶλ᾽ ἀχ.

Ἐπαῖλειω, insuper minor; minor: to superadd threats; to threaten. Βῆ δ' ἐπαῖλεισθας N. 582. SYN. Ἀπειλέω, κατὰπειλέω, ἐμβριμάδωμαι.

Ἐπαῖδῶμαι, accingor rei gerendae: to prepare for action. Ἀλλ' ἐπαῖδῶμαι ἄνδρες τοῦ τῶν πρᾶγματι Lysist. 615. SYN. Εγχειρίζω, εγχειρῶ, πᾶρασκεύαζωμαι.

Ἐπαῖτω, Dor., et Ἐπητῶ, acclamo: to shout at, clamour for. Ἐπητῶν ἀμφὶ ἀραγοί Σ. 502.

Ἐπαῖτω, ἐπίθῶ, βιάω.

Ἐπαῖρ, ἄς, ἡ, imprecatio: a curse. Θεοὶ δ' ἐτέλεσσον ἐπαῖρς I. 456. SYN. see Ἄρᾶ.

Ἐπαῖρᾶμαι, imprecor: to imprecate, curse. Κατὰράσασθαι τᾷδε Iph. A. 60. SYN. see Κατᾶράδωμαι.

Ἐπαῖρσιμὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, execrabilis: liable to a curse, execrable. Ἐπαῖρσιμὸς ὁστις ἀρείται Phocyl. 16. SYN. Ἀπᾶρατός, ἐπαῖρατός, ὁραῖος, ἀνευκτός.

Ἐπαῖργῆμος, ου, δ, ἡ, caligine obductus: dark, obscure. Agam. 1082. SYN. Σκοτεινός, ὁσῆμος, τυφλός.

Ἐπαῖργω, adjuvo: to assist, support. Πᾶρ-ιστάται ἢ ἐπαῖργῃ Ψ. 763. SYN. Ἐπαῖρξω, ἐπαμύνω, ἀρήγω.

Ἐπαῖργῶν, ὄνως, δ, auxilior: an assistant, supporter. Πᾶλῃ δ' ἐπαῖργῶνές ἄλλοι Apoll. 1. 1039. SYN. see Ἐπαῖραγός.

Ἐπαῖρκεῖς, εὖος, ἡ, auxilium: assistance, aid. Καὶ γένους ἐπαῖρκεσιν E. C. 447. SYN. Βοήθειᾶ, ἐπικουρία, ἀλκή, ἀρωγή.

Ἐπαῖρκεω, ἔσω, propulso, opem fero: to avert, ward off, succour. Orest. 794. SYN. Ἀπειργῶ, ἀπέλαυνω, ἐπαμύνω, διαρκέω.

Ἐπαρκοῦντως, sufficienter: in a sufficient manner, adequately. Οὐδ' ἐπαρκοῦντως δ' ἐμὸι Soph. El. 356. SYN. see Ἐφαρκοῦντως.

Ἐπαρούρος, ου, δ, agricola: a husbandman. Βουλοῖμην κ' ἐπαρούρος λ. 488. SYN. Ἀγρότης, δῆς.

Ἐπαρτῆς, εὖος, δ, ἡ, qui est in promptu: ready, prompt. τ. 289. SYN. Ἐτοῖμος, εὐτρέπης, πρόχειρός, ἐφηστιμῆνός.

Ἐπαρτίω, Ἐπαρτῶ, paro, adapto, perficio: to prepare for, make ready, fit to. Apoll. 1. 877. Ἀντι' ἐπῆρτῷ πᾶμᾳ δ. 447. SYN. Ἀπαρτίω, καταρτίω, ἐφαρτῶ, ἀρμύω.

Ἐπαρτῶμαι, auspicio: to begin with. σ. 417. SYN. Ἀπαρτῶμαι, κατάρτῶμαι, ἀρχομαι.

Ἐπαρχός, ου, δ, dux, ductor: a leader, commander. Agam. 1198. SYN. Ἀρχός.

Ἐπαρῶ, ἄρῳ, Ἄρῳ, adapto: to fit in, fasten. Ε. 338. See Ἄρω. SYN. Ἐπαρτίω, ἄρῳ, ἀρμύω, ἐφαρμύω, ἐναρμύω.

Ἐπαρῶν, ἡς, ἡ, auxilium: assistance, succour. Ἀριστῶν ἐπαρῶν Apoll. 1. 302. SYN. Ἀρωγή, ἐπικουρία.

Ἐπαρωγός, ου, δ, auxilior: an assistant, ally.

Οὐ γὰρ ἐγὼν ἐπαρωγός λ. 497. SYN. Ἀρωγός, ἐπαρωγῶν, ἀλεξήτηρ, βοηθός, ἐπικουρός, ἐπιτάρ-ροθός, ἐπὶρροθός.

Ἐπασκέω, exerceo, exorno: to exercise, work, embellish, extol. p. 266. SYN. Εξασκέω, διακοσμέω, κατὰκοσμέω.

Ἐπασσύνερος, α, ὄν, creber, alter post alterum: frequent, one upon another. \*Ὀς τὸν ἔπασσύνερος Δ. 427. SYN. Σύνεχης, πυκνός.

Ἐπασσύνερότριψ, εὖος, δ, ἡ, frequenter inflicto: frequently inflicted. Ἐπασσύνερότριψ τὰ χερὸς ὀρέγματα Choëph. 420.

Ἐπαυλῖς, εὖος, ἡ, villa, casa, domus, stabulum, ovile: a farm-house, cottage, house, fold or stall. Apoll. 1. 800. SYN. Κάλλις, στέγος, ἐπαυλός, μὲνῃ.

Ἐπαυλός, ου, δ, stabulum: a stall, fold. Ψ. 357. SYN. Αὐλή, ἐναυλός.

Ἐπαυρέω, Ἐπαυρῶμαι, Ἐπαυρίσκωμαι, fruor, gusto: to reap the advantage of, taste, enjoy. A. 410. A. 572. N. 733. SYN. Ἀπολαύω.

Ἐπαῦνέω, Ἐπαῦω, acclamo: to cry aloud, shriek, announce aloud. Ἐπηῦντῃ δὲ λαὸς Call. 2. 101. SYN. Ἀνᾶκράω, ἐπιέδῶ, ἐπηπῶ, ἐπιθῶσσω.

Ἐπαυξένιος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui cervici imponitur: placed on the neck. Pyth. 2. 171.

Ἐπαυχέω, glorior ob: to rejoice at, glory in. Antig. 483. SYN. Εξαυχέω, ἱπεραυχέω, αυχέω, μέγα φρονέω, ἐπύχζωμαι.

Ἐπαῦω. See Ἐπαῦντεω.

Ἐπαφαναῖω, ἀνᾶ, arcfacio: to dry up, parch, destroy. Ran. 1089. SYN. Ἐπιτρηπαῖω, ἀφᾶνίζω.

Ἐπαφᾶω, contrecto: to feel, handle, grope, touch. Ἐπαφῶν ἀπαρσεῖ χειρὶ P. V. 874. SYN. Ἀμφαφᾶω, ἐφαπτόμαι, ἐπιφᾶνω, ψηλάφῶ.

Ἐπαφῇ, ἡς, ἡ, contrectatio: a touch, patting. Βῶς ἐξ ἐπαφῆς καὶ ἐπίνοιας Jsch. Sup. 18.

Ἐπαφός, ου, δ, Epaphus: the son of Jove and Io. Phoen. 669. a est eodem metro atque ἐπαφῇ. Ε. Κελαῖνος.

Ἐπαφρίω, spumam ago, desumpo: to foam at. Κύρτων ἐπαφρίω Mosch. 6. SYN. Ἀφρίω, ἐξᾶφρίω.

Ἐπαφύσσω, ὕσω, super effundo: to pour upon. Ἐπᾶφύσεν αὐτὰρ Ὀδυσσεύς τ. 388. SYN. Ἐπιχέω.

Ἐπαχθής, εὖος, δ, ἡ, gravis, molestus: odious, vexatious, burdensome. Ran. 940. SYN. Βᾶρὺς, αλγεινός, ἀπῆς, ἐπιφθόνος, ἐπιπόνος.

Ἐπαχθῶμαι, indignor: to be indignant at. Hipp. 1255.

Ἐπαχλῶω, ὕσω, obnubilatum esse: to be darkened. Ἐπαχλῶουσιν ἰδέσθαι Apoll. 4. 1479.

Ἐπεγγεῖλᾶω, illudo, irrideo, insulto: to laugh at, deride, insult over. Aj. 454. SYN. Κάτ᾽ ἐγγεῖλᾶω, ἐγγεῖλᾶω.

Ἐπεγείρω, excito: to stir up, awaken. Herc. F. 1074. SYN. Ἀνέγείρω, ἐγείρω, ἐγερῶ, ἀνακίνω.

Ἐπεγκάπτω, devoro: to devour. Eq. 491. SYN. Κατ᾽ ἀφᾶγῶ, κατ᾽ εσθίω, ἐπιφάγω.

Ἐπεγκέλευω, jubeo: to order. Cycl. 648. SYN. Εγκέλευω.

Ἐπεγρύμαι, expergeo: to awake. Καὶ ἐπὶ γρητὸ πρᾶτα Theoc. 24. 34. SYN. see Ἐγρύμαι.

Ἐπερχέω, χέωσω, infundo, admisceo: to pour in or into, mix, mingle. Cycl. 422. SYN. Εγχεῶ, ἐπιχέω.

Επει, Επειθ, Επειδ, Επειδαν, postquam, quoniam: when, after, since. (E. R. 390. Δ. 307. A. 235. N. 285. SYN. Επών, ἐπει δὲ, ὅπνικα, ὅτε, ὅταν, ὁπότεν.)

Επειγώ, urgeo; med. festino: to urge, force; mid. to hasten. Z. 85. SYN. Κάτ'επιγώ, ἐπισπέρχω, διώθω, εἰλάνω, σπεύδω, ἐρεθίζω.

Επειδαν. See Επει.

Επειδή. See Επει.

Επειδω, inspicio: to look upon, behold. Hec. 148. SYN. Πρόσειδω, κάτειδω, ἐφώρα, δῶμαι.

Επειή. See Επει.

Επεικάω, conjicio: to conjecture. Trach. 1222. SYN. Εικάω.

Επειμί, succedo, advenio, obo: to come upon, arrive, attack. A. 29. SYN. Επέρχμαι, κατάλαβάνω.

Επειμί, sum super aut post: to be upon, over, or after. B. 259. SYN. Επ'ιγινώμαι, ἐπιμένω, ἐπικειμαι.

Επειοί, ὦν, οἱ, Επει: the inhabitants of Elis. Iph. A. 281. SYN. see Ηλείοι.

Επειός, οὗ, δ, Επειός: the builder of the Grecian horse, which caused the destruction of Troy. S. 493. Ep. Θείος, διός, μέγαθυμός, υἱός Πάνοπῆος, ἐυμειδής, ἀρηφίλος, ἀγαλμαγής.

Επειόν, insuper dicere: to say further. Aesch. Sup. 979. SYN. Κάτ'επὶ ὄν, ἐπ'αυδῶ.

Επειρῶ. See Επέρω.

Επεισάκτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, adscititius: brought in, introduced, foreign. Ion 592. SYN. Αλλοτρίος, ἐπὶ πλὴς, ἀλλοφύλος.

Επεισβάλλω, superinfundo: to pour in upon, pour down. Eur. El. 498. SYN. Επισβάλλω, εισβάλλω, κεράννυμι.

Επεισβάτης, οὐ, δ, vectus: a passenger in a ship, sailor. Τῶν ἐπεισβατῶν Helen. 1549.

Επεισέρχμαι, ingredior: to enter into. Ion 812. SYN. see Εισέρχμαι.

Επεισδδός, οὐ, ἡ, ingressio: an entrance. E. C. 30. SYN. see Εισδδός.

Επεισπαῖω, violenter irruo: to strike or rush against. Plut. 806. SYN. see Εισπαῖω.

Επεισπηδῶ, insilio: to spring upon. Eq. 362. SYN. see Εισπηδῶ and Επ'ιπηδῶ.

Επεισπίπτω, irruo: to rush or fall upon. E. C. 915. SYN. see Εισπίπτω.

Επεισφέρω, Επεισφρέω, intromitto: to bring in, introduce, set upon. Phoen. 207. Eur. El. 1033.

Επειτά, deinde, postea, in postcrum: then, after that, afterwards. A. 35. See Εἶτά. SYN. Εἶτά, μετὰ ταῦτα, τὸ ἐντεῖθεν, τότε, ἐπει τοι.

Επεικεῖν, adv., illic, ultra, ante: in those parts, beyond, opposite. Aesch. Sup. 265. SYN. Ἀντιῖ, ὑπέρων, ἀνωτέρω, ἀπ'αντι, πέραν.

Επεικνῶ, insuper bibo: to drink up besides. Cycl. 327. SYN. see Εκπνῶ.

Επ'ελαῖνω, εἰλῶω, impingo, admoveo: to drive upon, lead against. Επ' αὐτῷ χαλκὸν ἔλασαν Ω. 421. SYN. Επ'ιτῆμι, ἐπάγω, ἐπ'ιπέμω.

Επ'ελπίζω, ἴσω, cum accus., in spem adduco; cum dativ., spem pono in aliquo; bene de aliquo spero; spero: to raise hopes; to place one's hopes upon; to hope well of; to hope. Hipp. 1015.

Επ'ελπῶμαι, spero: to hope in, to hope. Agam. 1000. SYN. see Ελπίζω.

Επεμβαίνω, ingredior; insulto: to enter; leap

upon. Hipp. 664. SYN. Εμβαίνω, εὐβαίνω, ἀναβαίνω.

Επεβάλλω, ἀλῶ, injicio, intersero: to put upon, insert. Iph. T. 936. SYN. Εμβάλλω, ἐντίθημι, ἐπέλαυνω, ἐπάγω.

Επεμβάτης, οὐ, δ, vector equi aut currus aut navis: one who mounts a horse or carriage; a mariner. Ἀρμάτων τ' ἐπεμβάτην Eur. Sup. 595. SYN. Εμβάτης, ἐπεισβάτης, ἐπὶ δός.

Επεμπίπτω, superincido: to fall upon, assault. Aj. 42. SYN. Επεισπίπτω, ἐπεμβάλλω, ἐφορμάω, ἐπίπλω, ἐνδρῶν.

Επενδιδῶμι, δάσω, insuper addo: to add besides. Τρίτην ἐπενδιδῶμι τοῦ Agam. 1357.

Επενθρῶ, Επενθρῶσκω, insilio, irruo: to leap or spring upon. Trach. 919. E. C. 477. SYN. Ενθρῶ, ἐπὶ θρῶσκω, ἐπεμπίπτω, ἐπεισπίπτω, ἐμπίπτω, ἐπ'ιτῆμι, ἐμβάλλω.

Επεντάνω, Επεντείνω, insuper intendo: to stretch upon or out, to strain. Τῷ δ' ἐπεντάνωσας χ. 465. Antig. 1249. SYN. Επ'ιτείνω, ἐντείνω, πρῶτείνω.

Επεντέλλω, insuper jubeo: to order besides. Antig. 218. SYN. Εντέλλω, ἐπ'ιτέλλω, κείνω, προτάσσω.

Επεντύνω, Επεντύνω, apparo: to prepare for, arm for, put on harness. Επεντύνονταί ἄεθλα ο. 89. Επ'εντὺ μώνυχας ἵππους Θ. 374.

Επέειμι, egredior, aggredior: to go out against, attempt. Ran. 1117. SYN. Επ'ερχῶμαι, διέειμι.

Επ'εργάζομαι, effectum opus polio; insuper ago; occido: to polish a completed work; do in addition; kill. Antig. 1288. SYN. Εξ'εργάζομαι, ἐπισφάττω.

Επ'ερχῶμαι, obviam eo hostibus; insuper enarro: to march out against; to tell besides. P. V. 895. SYN. Επέειμι, ἐπ'ερχῶμαι.

Επ'εξωκάζω, laeta voce acclamo: to shout out joyfully. Ἀλκίμαν παῖν' ἐπ'εξωκάζας Sept. 1h. 632. SYN. Εκδδῶ, ἐπ'αλάδω.

Επ'εργάζομαι, conficio: to perform additionally. Bacch. 1188. SYN. Εργάζομαι.

Επ'ερίδω, impingo; fulcio: to press upon, thrust; to support by leaning. Hec. 111. SYN. Ἀπ'ερίδω, ἐν'ερίδω, σ'ν'ερίδω, σ'τηρίζω, βεβαῶω, ἐμ'ήγνυμι.

Επ'ερίγω, evomo, ut fluvius in mare defluens: to disembogue. Apoll. 4. 631.

Επ'ερέχω, superne contego: to cover over, crown. A. 89. SYN. Ερέφω, σ'τ'εφάνω, ἐπ'ι-κοσμέω.

Επ'ερόμαι, ἡσῶμαι, sciscitor: to question, consult. Plut. 32. SYN. Ερόμαι.

Επ'ερώ, poët. Επειρῶ, attraho: to draw to, close. Θῶρη δ' ἐπ'ερωσέ κάρων α. 441. Apoll. 3. 148. SYN. Επάγω, ἐφελκῶ, ἐπ'ιέρω, ἐπ'ισπῶ.

Επ'ερχῶμαι, accedo; in animum venio; impetum facio; edissero, explico: to come on or upon, approach; to come into the mind; to attack or surprise; to detail, explain. Bacch. 725. SYN. Πρόσ'ερχῶμαι, ἐπειμι, ἐπ'ισπῶ, ἐφ'ικνέομαι, εισβάλλω, ἐπισπῶμαι, ἐφορμάω, ἐπ'ιχερῶ, διέκ'ημι.

Επ'ερωτάω, insuper interrogo: to ask further, consult, question. Plut. 902. SYN. see Ερωτάω.

Επ'εσθλῖα, as, ἡ, convicium: babbling, reproach. S. 159. SYN. Λοιδόρια, φλύαρία.

Επ'εσθλός, οὐ, δ, conviciator: a slanderer. B. 275. SYN. Λοιδόρος, κ'κ'ωλοσός.

Επέσθω, insuper edo: to eat besides or with. Call. Ep. 50.

Επέτειός, α, ὅν; Επέτησός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, annuus: annual, perennial. Agam. 985. η. 118. SYN. Ἐτειός, ἐτήσος, ἐνιαυσίος, ἐπητάνος.

Ἐπ'ετης, οὐ, δ; Ἐπέτις, ἴδός, ἡ, famulus: an attendant. Pyth. 5. 1. Apoll. 3. 664. SYN. Ἀκόλουθος, ἀμ'ιπόλος, δ'εράπων.

Επέτησός. See Επέτειός.

Ἐπέτις. See Επέτης.

Επευκλῆζω, nobilito: to render illustrious, ennobles. Simon. fr. 71.

Επευφημέω, fausta acclamo: to applaud, shout at with joy. Iph. A. 1467. SYN. see Ευφημέω.

Επ'εύχμαι, precor, voveo; glorior: to pray to, vow; to boast. Sept. Th. 265. SYN. Εύχμαι, μέγαλαυχῶ, αὐχῶ, εὐεύχμαι.

Επ'ίχω, ἐφέω or ἐπισχίζω, inhabeo, adhibeo, obtineo, collineo, desisto, invado: to detain, prevent, apply, possess, aim at, forbear, attack. Lysist. 490. SYN. Κάτ'έχω, κωλύω, κρῆνω, ἀναβάλλομαι, πρόσ'έχω, πρόσ'άγω, ἐπ'ιθῶ, τυγχάνω, κατάλαβάνω, ἔχω.

Επ'ήσθλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui scopum ferit, compos: one who hits the mark, successful, possessed of. Antig. 492. SYN. Εγκράτης, μετόχος, ἐπιστάτης.

Επηγκένιδης, οὐ, αἰ, tabulae navium: the long planks on the sides of a ship, or forming the deck. Επηγκένιδεςσι τέλεινα ε. 253.

Επηγάνος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, toto anno durans; copiosus: lasting all the year; abundant. Επηγάνοι πολλοὶ δ' ὅδω ζ. 86. SYN. Επ'ητῆσός, ἐπ'ετειός, εἰσπός, σ'ν'εχῆς.

Επ'ήκός, Dor. Επάκός, οὐ, δ, auditor, arbiter: a hearer, umpire, witness. Agam. 1393. SYN. Επ'ακούος, ἀκροατής.

Επ'ήλως, ὕδρος, obscurus: shaded, dark. Τὴν πέτρων ἐπ'ήλως Cycl. 674. SYN. Λυγαῖος, ὀρφναῖος, σ'κιδεινός, σ'κιδεῖς.

Ἐπ'ήλως, ἴδός, advena, extraneus: a stranger, foreigner. Τοῖς ἐπ'ήλωσι Ion 422. SYN. Ξένος, ἀποικίος.

Επ'ηλύσῖα, as, ἡ, adventus; incantatio: arrival, occurrence; sorcery. Ἡ γὰρ ἐπ'ηλύσῖς H. in Merc. 37.

Επημῆτις, α, ὅν, qui interdiu facit aliquid: who does anything by day, diurnal. Επημῆτιαι ἀγέροντο Apoll. 3. 894.

Επημοιβός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, alternus, mutuus: alternate, exchanging, alternately worn. S. 513. SYN. Επ'αμοιβός.

Επ'η, Ion. pro Επῶν, postquam, ut primum: after, as soon as. S. 130.

Επ'ήρδός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, sublimis: hanging in the air, aloft. Apoll. 4. 142. SYN. see Μετέωρος.

Επ'ήρδός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, valde amabilis: very lovely, enviable. Isth. 6. 17. See Παλ'ήρδός. SYN. Ερᾶτος, ἐραντός, ἐρᾶτενός, κᾶλός, ἡδός.

Επ'ήρετρός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ad remigationem adincinctus: at the oar, furnished with oars. Επ'ήρετμοι καὶ ἑτάροι δ. 559. SYN. Επ'ικωπός, ἐτομοὶ ἐρέσσειν.

Επ'ηρῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, coopertus: roofed over, over-arched, projecting. ν. 349. SYN. Κάτ'ηρῆς, σ'ν'ηρῆς, ὠήλως, πρόσ'ηλως.

Επ'ήριτός, οὐ, δ, Εperitus. Επ'ήριτός ἀλλὰ μὲ δαίμων ω. 305.

Επ'ήρεια, as, Επηρῆς, ὕδς, ἡ, facundia, laus: eloquence, praise. Apoll. 3. 1006. φ. 306.

Επηρῆς, οὐ, δ, facundus: eloquent. σ. 127. SYN. Ἠδύλογος, ἀγρόρητος. Pinn. Τοῦ καὶ ἀπὸ γλώσσης μελῖτος γλῶκίαν βέναν ἀνθῆ.

Επ'ητρίμω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, densus: frequent, numerous, crowded. Επ'ητρίμοι ὀδὸς δ' αὐγῆ Σ. 211. SYN. Επ'άλληλός, πικνός.

Επητῆς. See Επ'ητεῖα.

Επηχέω, obstrepro: to sound, re-echo. Cycl. 425. SYN. Εξηχέω, κάτ'ηχέω, ἀντίφωνέω, ἀν-ηχέω, ἐπ'ιβρέμω, ἐπιφύβω.

Επ'ι, gen., in, super, apud; dat., super, in; acc., ad: gen., upon, above, at; dat., against, in, over; acc., to, on. A. 437. Επ'ι γούνασι ηἰκνέμοιο Z. 303. Επ'ι is frequently put for ἐπεστί.

Επ'ιβάλλω, ἀλῶ, immitto, injicio, efficio: to bring upon, lay upon, occasion. Οὗτος γὰρ ἐπ'ηλθεν τὰδε ἔργα χ. 49. The antepenult of ἐπ'ηλθεν is here, long on account of the augment. SYN. Επ'ιμί, ἐπ'ισβάλλω, ἐμβάλλω, ἐπ'ιτίθημι.

Επ'ιανδῶω, complaceo: to please, prove pleasing. Τοῖσιν δ' ἐπ'ιανδῶνέ μιν ο. 406. SYN. Ἀρέσκω, ἀνδῶω.

Επ'ίχω, acclamo: to shout, shriek at. Επ'ίχων ἡ δ'εκάχιοι E. 860. Thei is long here by Arsis. SYN. Επ'ισθῶ, ἐπ'αῶ, ἐπ'αῶ, ἀνακράζω, ἀναβῶω, κηρύσσω.

Επ'ισθῶρον, οὐ, τὸ, naulum: passage-money, fare. Καὶ δὲ κέν ἄλλ' ἐπ'ισθῶρον ἔγαν ο. 448. SYN. see Ναῦλον.

Επ'ισαῖνω, θ'σῶμαι, conscendo, adeo, evenio; a. 1. pono, sublevo: to ascend, embark, go to, turn out or prove; a. 1. to raise. Orest. 530. SYN. Ἀναβαίνω, εὐβαίνω, ἐπεμβαίνω, εισβάλλω, ἐπ'ερχῶμαι, ἐπ'ισπῶμαι.

Επ'ισβάλλω, ἀλῶ, injicio, infigo: to put or throw upon, inflict. Choeph. 398. SYN. Εισβάλλω, προσβάλλω, πρόσ'εμβάλλω, ἐπ'ιτίθημι, ἐπ'ιρίπτω, ἐπάγω.

Επ'ισάσκω, induco: to bring in or upon. B. 234. SYN. Επάγω, ἐνάγω, ἐπ'ισαῖνω.

Επ'ισαστάω, fero in: to bear or carry in. Cycl. 378. SYN. Δι'εσαστάω, βαστάω, ἀνακουφίζω, φέρω.

Επ'ισθῶ, Επ'ισθῶ, ης, ἡ, "proprie, dies festus additus; deinde in genere, dies seque; sequens tempus: uti in hoc Pindari loco. V. Schol. et Heyne in l. et Damm. in v. item Ruhnken. ad Timæum, v. Επ'ισθῶαι." Maltb.: a day immediately after the feast, when the common people were allowed to eat the remnant of the festival; generally, any succeeding day; the following time. Τραχεῖαν ἐρπόντων πρὸς ἐπ'ισθῶι μᾶλ' αὖ γὰρ τοι ἐγώ. Expr. Ἡ μέθορος ἡμέρα.

Επ'ιστήτωρ, ὄρος, δ, qui navem vel equum conscendit: one who mounts, a mariner, rider. σ. 262. SYN. see Επεμβάτης.

Επ'ισέπω, inspicio, considero, curo: to look upon or to, regard. Καὶ τυχῶς ἐπ'ισέπων E. R. 1526. SYN. Εμβλέπω, ἐπιδέκρομαι, ἐπισκοπέω, ἐφώρα, ἐπ'ιεύσω, ἐποπτεύω, ἀποβλέπω.

Επ'ισλῆς, ἡτρός, δ, obex, pessulus: a bolt, bar. Ἐχέ μοῖνός ἐπ'ισλῆς Ω. 453. SYN. Μύχλος, δχεύς, δδός, κλειθρόν.

Επ'ισθῶ, Επ'ισθῶ, inelamo, vocifero: to shout at or cry over, bark at, call aloud upon. Aves 898. Theoc. 12. 35. SYN. Ἀναβῶω, ἐμβῶω, ἀνακράζω, ἐπ'ικαλέω, ἐπ'ίχω, κελᾶω.



Επίβραλη, ἡς, ἡ, mulcta: a fine. Vesp. 766. SYN. Ζημία.

Επίβουκλος, ου, ὁ, bubulcus: a cowherd. v. 235. SYN. see Βουκόλδς.

Επίβουλεντής, οὔ, ὁ; Επίβουλδς, ου, ὁ, insidiator, insidiosus: one who has designs against another; one who plots against; insidious. Aj. 726. Aesch. Sup. 595.

Επίβουλεῖν, insidioso molior: to plot against, take by a snare. Thesm. 82. SYN. Ἐφῆδρεῖν, ἐνῆδρεῖν, λῶχίζω, λῶχάω.

Επίβουλία, ας, ἡ, insidia: a design against another, plot. Nem. 4. 58. SYN. Λόχδς, ἐπίβωλη, εὐχέριμα.

Επίβουλδς. See Επίβουλεντής.

Επίβρωμς, admurmuro: to roar, murmur. Δεινὸν ἐπιβρέμειται Ran. 680. SYN. Εμφρέμω, βρέμω, ψόφω, ἐπηχέω.

Επίβρωδς, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, prae-gravis, confirmans: pressing with great weight upon, giving weight or sanction to. Παντὶ χρόνῳ δ' ἐπιβρωθεὶς Eumen. 968. SYN. Εμφριθῆς, βάρδς, δεινδς, χάλειπς.

Επίβρωθω, ingravesco, magno pondere irruo: to press heavily upon. Pyth. 3. 190. See Βρίθω. SYN. Κατάβριθω, εμερίθω, βάρω, βάρυνω, κατάβρινον.

Επιβριμάμαι, infrendo, minitor: to roar at, threaten. Δεινὸν ἐπεβριμάτῳ Call. 4. 56. SYN. Επιβριμω, εμεβριμω.

Επιβρόντηδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, attonitus, amens: thus Jer-struck, mad. Οὐπιβρόντητος μολῶν Aj. 1386.

Επιβῶ, ὥω, obturo: to stop up, fill up. Τὸ στόμ' ἐπιβῶσας κέρμασιν τῶν ῥητόρων Plut. 379. SYN. Βῶω, εμπλήθω, γέμιζω, σκέπάζω.

Επιβώμιδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altari impositus, ad altare cantari solitus: placed on the altar, at the altar. Eur. El. 715.

Επιβωστρέω. See Επίβωδς.

Επιβώτωρ, ὄρδς, ὁ, pastor: a feeder of cattle, shepherd. v. 222. SYN. see Βώτηρ.

Επιγάμω, conjugem superinduco: to marry again, add one husband to another. Οὐ γὰρ ἐπὶ γάμῳ πῶσω πῶσει Orest. 588. SYN. see Γάμεω.

Επιγάμδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nubilus: marriageable. Θύγατηρ ἐπιγάμδς κἂν ὅλως μηδεὶν ἀλλῇ Menand.

Επιγείνομαι, ἐπιγίγνομαι, adnascor, succedo, contingo post: to spring up, succeed, happen thereupon or after. Z. 148. K. 70. SYN. Γίγνομαι, γεννάμαι, ἀνίσχω, αὐξάνω, ἐπιδιδωμί.

Επιγέλω, arrideo, irrideo: to smile upon, laugh at. Thesm. 979. See Γέλω. SYN. Εγ-γέλω, κατὰ γέλω, ἐπισκώπτω, διαπαίζω.

Επιγίγνομαι. See Επιγείνομαι.

Επιγίγνώσκω, agnosco: to discover, understand, recognise. ω. 216. SYN. Γινώσκω, ἀνιγινώσκω, αισθάνωμαι, εξεπιστάμαι, ιανθάνω.

Επιγλωσσάμαι, effutio in aliquem: to use the tongue against, threaten. Ταίη' ἐπιγλωσσά Διός P. V. 964. SYN. Κατάβωδω, κατηγόρεω, φλόαρεω.

Επιγνώμπτω, inflecto: to bend back, prevail on, bend. Κάθιστο ἐπιγνώμπτω φίλον κῆρ A. 569. SYN. Γνώμπτω, κατάκμπτω, πράνω.

Επιγνώμων, ὄνδς, ὁ, ἡ, iudex; venia facilis: a judge; considerate, indulgent. Επὶ γνώμων δέ τοι ἐμὶ Mosch. 4. 70. SYN. Συγγνώμων, κριτής, ἐκότης.

Επιγῶνοι, ὡν, οἱ, "posteri. Ita dicebantur κατ' ἐξοχὴν Septem ducum filii, qui decem post annis, Thersandro duce, Thebas expugnaverunt; de quibus vid. Heyne ad Apollodor. iii. 7. 2. Num hos innuere Aeschylus, vii satis liquet." Blomf. ad Sept. Th. 896. Hos innuit Euripides, Suppl. 1234: posterity, the Epigoni.

Επιγουνιδῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, genibus impositus: on the knee. Ταί δ' ἐπιγουνιδῶν Pyth. 9. 107.

Επιγουνίς, ἴδδς, ἡ, os latum et rotundum, quo genuum commissura tegitur, femur: the kneepan, thigh. Επὶ γουνιδῶ δειτό p. 225. SYN. Μηρός, μηρίον, ισχίον. Ep. Aesch.

Επιγρᾶδην, stringendo leviter: with a scratch, lightly. Επὶ γρᾶδην βάλλει χειρὸς Φ. 166. SYN. Αἰγρῶν, ἐλάφρως, κοῦφως.

Επιγρᾶμμά, ἀτδς, τὸ, inscriptio: an inscription, title. Τοντὶ γρᾶμμ' ἐν Ἑλλάδι Troad. 1187.

Επιγρᾶφω, inscribo; leviter perstringo: to make a mark upon, inscribe; to graze slightly. Οἷστίς ἐπὶ γρᾶφει χρὸς φανός Δ. 139. SYN. Εγγραφή, καθάπτωμαι, ἐπιξέω.

Επιδαλῶμαι, divido, distribuo: to divide, distribute. H. Merc. 383.

Επιδαλῶδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in hereditatis partitione attributus: allotted for a share. Ἐχεν ἐπιδαλῶν οἶκον Call. 1. 59.

Επιδάκρυω, ὥω, defleo; to weep over. Κάπτι δάκρυον ἀντιβόλοντον Vesp. 879. SYN. Κατά-δάκρυω, κατάλοιφύρωμαι, δάκρυω, ἐπιθρήνω, ἐπικωκῶ. See Κωκῶ.

Επιδαυρίδς, α, ὁ, ἡ, Epidaurius: of Epidaurus. Τοντὶ δαυρίον λαβὼν Eur. Sup. 724.

Επιδαυρδς, ου, εὐδέν, (Nem. 3. ult.) ὁ, ἡ, Epidaurus: a city in Argolis. Καὶ ἀμπελύνει' ἐπιδανρον B. 561.

Επιδείλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pomeridianus: in the afternoon. Επιδείλῃ λῶδιν ἡμαρ Hes. Op. 810.

Επιδελκνύμι, demonstro: to show, exhibit. Eur. El. 856. SYN. Ἀναδελκνύμι, ἐπιδείξιν vel σύμβολον ἐκφέρειν vel παρέχω, ἀποδείξιν vel πείραν δίδωμι.

Επιδείξω, ἔω, ἡ, demonstratio: a display, demonstration. Phoen. 885.

Επιδειπνέω, secundarium cœnam perago: to entertain with a second supper. Eq. 1137.

Επιδένιδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ve-tibus stratus: covered with bed-clothes. Hec. 921.

Επιδείξω, α, ὁ, ἡ, dexter, scitus, lepidus, faustus: on the right, knowing, clever, auspicious. Πάντᾳ τὰ πιδείξια Av. 1493. SYN. Εὐδείξω, δεξίω, αἰσῶδς, εὐφῆς, σφόδς, ἐμπερδς.

Επιδέρκομαι, inspicio: to look upon. λ. 16. SYN. Εισδέρκομαι, ἐπιθελέω.

Επιδερμδς, ου, ὁ, fascia: a bandage. Vesp. 1438. SYN. Δείσις, δερμδς, τελέμων, σπαργάνον.

Επιδεσπάζω, dominor: to be master of. Pers. 246. See Δεσπάζω.

Επιδενής, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, indigens: poor, in want. E. 481. SYN. Ενδής, ἐπιδής, ἀπὸρδς, ἐλλείψης, ἀπείλῃς.

Επιδενόμαι, indigeo: to want in addition, desire more, be deficient in. B. 229. SYN. Εν-δένω, δένω, δεινέω, προσδένω, ἐλαττύνω, λείπωμαι, ἀπὸρῶ.

Επιδένω, insuper ligo: to bind besides. Ran. 1038. SYN. see Δένω.

Επιδήλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: remarkable, manifest. Theogn. 442. SYN. see Δήλδς.

Επιδημείω, ἐπιδημῶ, in populo vel urbe versor: to remain at home. π. 28. Call. 2. 12. SYN. Ενδημῶ, οικουρέω, μέτεμι.

Επιδήμιδς, ἐπιδημδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, versans in populo, domesticus; advena: being among the people, at home, domestic; a foreigner. A. 233. Call. 3. 226. SYN. Δήμιδς, δημόσιδς, ἐμφύλιδς, κοινδς.

Επιδιαρρήγνυμι, disrumo: to break or burst asunder. Eq. 698. SYN. Διαρρήγνυμι, διαρᾶσσω.

Επιδιδωμί, dono præterea, augeo: to give additionally, increase. Med. 189. See Διδωμί.

Επιδίζωμαι, insuper quaro: to seek over and above. Φίλας δ' ἐπιδίζεθ' ἐταίρας Mosch. 2. 28. SYN. see Δίζημι.

Επιδύνω, in orbem ago, verso: to whirl, turn about. Ἐνθ' ἐπιδυνήθετ' B. 151. SYN. Συστρέφω, συσσεύω, δύνω.

Επιδιπλόω, reduplico: to repeat. We have in Eumen. 1017, Χαίρετ' ἐπιδίπλετ' δ' αὖθις ἐπιδιπλόω; but Porson includes this word in brackets as of doubtful authority. Pierson. Mac. Att. p. 167, justly thinks that it was derived from the scholium. As the line now stands, it does not metrically agree with the corresponding line in the strophe.

Επιδιφράς, ἀδς, ἡ, curvus circumferentia: the front semicircle of a chariot, a ring in the box of the chariot to which the reins were suspended. Εξ ἐπιδιφράδος πύματης K. 475.

Επιδιφρίδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui super curru est aut sedet: sitting upon the box, on the chariot. Φέρον ἐπιδιφρίδι δειρὸν o. 51.

Επιδοάω, ἄω, voluto; undequaque recenseo: to revolve, examine on all sides. Πολλὰς δ' ἐπιδοάσθαι βουλὰς Apoll. 3. 19. SYN. Ενδοάω, ἀμφιθετέω, μεμνηρίζω, σκέπτομαι.

Επιδοξδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, illustis: illustrious. Nem. 9. 110. SYN. see Κλῆτδς.

Επιδορπίδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad cenam utilis: proper for supper. Theoc. 13. 36. SYN. Πυθιδόρπιδς.

Επιδορῶ, curro ad; grassor: to run to for refuge; to assail. Aesch. Sup. 130. SYN. Ἐπιτρέχω, ἐπιδιδράσκω, ἐμπιπτο, ἐμβάλλω.

Επιδορμή, ἡς, ἡ, incursio, irruptio: an inroad, attack. Αἰζῆνος τ' ἐπιδορμῇ Helen. 403. Apoll. 3. 593. SYN. Εισδορμή, ἐμβολή, ἐπιβολή.

Επιδορμδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, accessu facilis, incur-sionibus obnoxius: accessible, assailable. Καὶ ἐπιδορμὸν ἐπλετό τείχος Z. 434. SYN. Εὐπρσ-δδς, εὐπρσοιστδς, ἀλωτδς.

Επιδύνω, occido super: to set upon. Μη πρὶν ἐπ' ἡλῶν δύναι B. 413. SYN. see Δύνω and Δύωμαι.

Επιέκδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, similis: like. Δ. 394. SYN. Εἰκδς, ὁμοῖδς, πρόσμοιδς, ἀλγικῶδς, ἐν-ἀλγικῶδς.

Επιέκῃς, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, æquus, decens, moderatus, medioeris: fair, equitable, proper, moderate, meek. Vesp. 1027. SYN. Ἰσδς, δίκαιδς, μέτριδς, πρέπων, πρόσῃκον, ἀγαθδς, ἐπιεκτδς.

Επιεκτδς, ἡ, ὁ, cedens; tolerabilis: yielding; to be endured. S. 307. SYN. Ἐπιεκῃς.

Επιεκῶς, decenter, moderate, medioeriter: fairly, adequately, fitly. Vesp. 1249. SYN. Μέτριως, καλῶς, ἱκανῶς, κομίδῃ.

Επιέλδωμαι, cupio insuper: to desire besides. Apoll. 4. 783. SYN. Ἐλδωμαι, ἐπιθυμῶ.

Pros. Lex.

Επιέλπωμαι, insuper spero: to hope for besides. φ. 126. SYN. see Ελπίζω.

Επιέω. See Ἐφέω.

Επιζᾶρω, vox Arcadica, pro Ἐπιζᾶρέω, præg-ravo: to oppress, ravage. Διδωσὶν ὥς δ' ἐπιζᾶρει Phœn. 45. SYN. Ἐπικεῖμαι, κἀκο-πάθεω.

Επιζᾶφέλω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vehemens, ardens: violent, raging. Επὶ ζᾶφέλωσ χλδς ἱκοί I. 521. SYN. Ζᾶφλέγῃς, δούριδς, δεινδς, σφόδρδς, ισχυρδς, χάλειπδς.

Επιζᾶφέλωσ, vehementer: violently. Επὶ ζᾶφέλωσ μέναιων ζ. 330. SYN. Σφόδρᾳ, δεινῶς, χάλειπῶς.

Επιζευγνύω, ἐπιζεύγνυμι, desuper innecto: to fasten besides. Χείρᾳς ἐπιζεύγαντᾳ Theoc. 22. 3. SYN. Συζευγνύω, ἐπιστήνω, ἐπιτέω.

Επιζεφύριοι, ὡν, οἱ, Epizephyrii: one of the four divisions of the Locrians. Olymp. 11. 14. See Ζεφύριδς.

Επιζέω, ἔω, fervesco: to boil over, rage against. Δαμνῶν ἐπιζέων Iph. T. 988. SYN. Ἀναζέω, ζέω, ἐπέρχωμαι.

Επιζήλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui beatus prædicatur: called happy, to be admired. Οὐκ ἐπιζήλος πέλει Agam. 912. SYN. Ἀρίζηλδς, ζήλωτδς, μάκαρ, ἐρίζηλδς.

Επιθράνδς, ἐπιθρῶδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, jucundus, gratus: desirable, agreeable. Πῶδων ἐπιθράνᾳ θυμῷ τ. 343. "Alii ἐπιθρᾶ ἀνὰ θυμῷ." Seber. The latter word occurs in A. 572. SYN. Ἐπιθράτδς, ἐραννδς, ἱμερῶδς, ἀγαπητδς, πρσνηγῃς, κέχαρισ-μένδς, ἐράσιμδς.

Επιθρασνύω, insuper fidentem reddo: to give additional confidence. Τὸν δ' ἐπιθρασνύν Δ. 183. SYN. see Θρασύνω.

Επιθανμάω, ἄω, donis honoro: to honour with presents. Nub. 1146. SYN. Ἀπῶθανμάω, ὑπερθανμάω, δανυμάω, δεξιόμαι.

Επιθήκη, ἡς, ἡ, accessio: addition. Hes. Op. 380. SYN. Προσθήκη.

Επιθυμά, ἄτδς, τὸ, operculum, tegmen: a cover, lid. Ω. 228. SYN. Ἐπικάλυμμά, κάλυμ-μά, πῶμά.

Επιθᾶζω, urgeo: perturbato animo sum: to press on; to be irritated. Choeph. 843. SYN. Θᾶζω, τάχυνω, ἐπισεύωμαι.

Επιθῶρέω, ἐπιθῶρσσω, ad silio, insilio: to leap upon, insult. O. 582. E. 772. SYN. Ενθῶρέω, ἐπισηδῶ, ἐπενθῶρσσω, ἐφάλλωμαι.

Επιθυμῶ, concupisco, desidero: to set the mind upon, desire. Κεῖν' ἐπιθυμᾷ δώματᾳ valein Alcest. 884. SYN. Ἐπεύχωμαι, πᾶθῶ, ἐπιπᾶθῶ, ἱμερῶμαι, ὀρέγῶμαι, ἐλδῶμαι, ἐπιτέλδωμαι, πρσθυ-μέδωμαι, μέναινω, ἐράμαι.

Επιθυμήτειρά, ας, ἡ, cupida: desirous or fond of. Πόλεμον ἐπιθυμήτειρα Call. 3. 237.

Επιθυμία, ας, ἡ, cupiditas, conatus: a desire, attempt. Δολῶδς ἡ πῶθυμία Cycl. 448. SYN. Πρῶθυμία, ἱμερδς, ὀρεξίς, ἔρως, ὀρηή. Ep. Ασ-χῆμων, ἀρχεκάκδς.

Επιθυμιᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, suffimentum: incense. Λαβούση καπθυμιᾶματα (E. R. 913. SYN. Θυ-μιᾶ.

Επιθύνω, ἔνω, dirigo: to direct. Forsan in Maneth. 2. 340. See Ἰθύνω.

Επιθύω, ὥω, irruo: to rush on. Ὅσᾳ ἐπιθύ-σαντῆς ἐλοίμεθᾳ π. 297. SYN. Ἰθύω, ἐπιφέρω-μαι, ἐπισεύδωμαι, ἐνθρόνω.

Επιθύω, ὥω, insuper sacrifico: to sacrifice in addition, to sacrifice in revenge. Επὶ δ' ἐθύσᾳ M.



μητέρα Orest. 555. See the simple verb. See also another sense above.

Επιθωρήσασθαι, armor adversus aliquem: to arm oneself against. Apoll. 1.42. SYN. Εφ' ὅπλιν.

Επιθώσω, ξω, acclamo; vociferando incito: to bawl at, to urge on. Πανὸς κόπας ἐπιθώσκει Iph. T. 1128. SYN. Θωύσω, κραυγάζω, ἐπεμ-  
βριμάμαι, ἐπαύτω.

Επίστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, peritus, sciens: skillful or experienced in. φ. 26. SYN. see Ἴδμων and Ἴστωρ.

Επικάθεζομαι, Επικάθηναι, Επικάθίζω, insideo, inequito: to sit upon, to ride upon. Εφ' οἷς ἀν ὄντος ἐπικάθεζται μόνος Plut. 185. 1046. 179. SYN. Εγκάθεζομαι, ἐφέζομαι, ἐφίζανω.

Επικάθηναι. See above.

Επικάθίζω. See above.

Επικανθώ, innovo: to new-model. Eumen. 696, ex certissimis Stephani emendatione.

Επικάρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, opportunus: seasonable, suitable. Pyth. 4.480. SYN. Καίριος, εὐκαρὸς, ωφέλιμος.

Επικάω, καύσω, inuro, uro: to burn upon, burn. Θέφ' δ' ἐπὶ μηρία καίων γ. 9. SYN. Ἀνά-  
καλω, καλω, φάγω, ἐπιφλέγω, αἰθάλω, κνίσσω.

Επικάλω, Επικέκλωμαι, voco, invoco: to call by an additional name, call for. Εἶν γ' ἀκούω ταύτ' ἐπικάλεις μανθάνω Pax. 663. Aesch. Sup. 41. SYN. Εγκάλω, ἀνέκαλω, ἐπίδωω.

Επικάλυπτο, oppro: to cover, close. Herc. F. 642. See Κάλυπτο.

Επικαμπύλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, incurvus: crooked.

Επικαμπύλος ὅμιος II, in Merc. 90. SYN. see Καμπύλος.

Επικάρσιος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, obliquus, praeceps: headlong. Επικάρσιαι ἰστῖα δέ σφιν ι. 70. SYN. Εγκάρσιος, Ἀχρῖος.

Επικάστη, ης, ἡ, Epica-sta: another name for Jocasta. See Ἰκάστη. Ἴδον καλὴν Επικάστην A. 270.

Επικάχλαςσκω, strepto: to roar, laugh about. Πέτραις ἐπικάχλαςσκεν Apoll. 4.944.

Επείκειμαι, impositus sum, jaceo super, insto: to be placed upon, be upon or near, urge. Eur. Sup. 726. SYN. Ἐγείκειμαι, ἐπιτίθεται, ἐπιφέρω-  
μαι, ἐπέχω, ἀνέχω.

Επείκειρω, κέρσω, attondeo, praecido: to cut off, destroy. Π. 394. SYN. Ἀποκείρω, ἀποτέμ-  
νω, ἀπάμω, διαφθείρω, κατὰκόπτω.

Επικέκλωμαι. See Επικάλω.

Επικέλδω, inclamo: to shout at, applaud. Επὶ δὲ Τρώες κέλδωσαν Θ. 542. SYN. Κέλ-  
δω, ἐπευφημέω, ἐπίδωω.

Επικέλευω, hortor: to instigate. Orest. 1235. SYN. Εγκέλευω, διακέλεύομαι, παραινέω, προ-  
τρέπω.

Επικέλλω, appello, pervenio: to approach to land, arrive. ι. 148. Κέλλω, ὀκέλλω, ἐποκέλλω, ὀρμώω.

Επικερτῶμεν, probis lacesco: to reproach. χ. 194. SYN. Κερτῶμεν, ἐπὶ χλευάζω, λοιδορέω, ἐπικώπτω, διάστυρω, σιστερνάμεν.

Επικεύω, σω, oculo: to hide. ο. 263. SYN. Επικρύπτω, ἀποκρύπτω, κεύθωμαι.

Επικηδεύω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, funebris, lugubris: funereal, mournful. Troad. 516. SYN. Γόερὸς, θρηνηδὸς, πένθιμος.

Επικρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, feto lethifero obnoxius; periens: subject to death; feeble, transient. Call. Ep. 61.

Ἐπικρινύεμᾶ, ἀνδρ, τὸ, legatio de aliqua re: a deputation, embassy. Γένου' ἀν κἀπικρινεύ-  
μασι Med. 736. SYN. Πρεσβεία, πρέσβευμᾶ.

Ἐπικρινυέομαι, pacem offero per praconem: to offer terms of peace. Thesm. 1163. See above.

Ἐπικρύσσω, ξω, annuncio: to announce by a herald. Sept. Th. 631. SYN. Κηρύσσω, ἀνέκη-  
ρύσσω, ἀνέγερνέω.

Ἐπικρύπτω, dispergo: to scatter upon or over. H. 458. SYN. Σκεδάννυμι, διασκεδάζω, ἐπι-  
κλύω.

Ἐπικινδύνω, periculose: hazarding. Κάπι-  
κινδύνος βρότοις Philoct. 503.

Ἐπικλαυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, flebilis: mourned. Ran. 695. See above. SYN. Πολυκλαυτός, αιακτός, γόερὸς, πένθιμος.

Ἐπικλάω, fleo insuper: to weep besides or over. Κλάειν ἑλενὸς σὺ δ' ἐπικλάειν ὑστέρον Thesm. 1063. SYN. Κλαίω, ἀνέκλαιω, θρηνέω, ἐπιδάλλω, ἐπιδάκνυω, ὑλοφύρηναι.

Ἐπικλέω, celebro, dico, invoco: ocludo: to celebrate, speak of, invoke: to fold up. Καὶ τοὺς πρῶκτοὺς ἐπικλείειν Pax 101. SYN. Κλαίω, περίδωω, εὐλογέω.

Ἐπικλημᾶ, ἀνδρ, τὸ, criminis obiectio: an ac-  
cusation, charge. Ἐπικλημ' ἐχοῦσαις ὁ τὶ πύχοι Orest. 563. SYN. Ἐγκλημᾶ, αἰτία, κἀτη-  
γόρια.

Ἐπικληρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, haeres: an heir or heiress. Ἐπικληρὸν εἶναι τὴν Ἀθηναίαν δίδει Av. 1653. SYN. Κληρονόμος.

Ἐπικληρῶ, sorte attribuo, sortior: to allot. Ἐπικληρῶσαν ἀρήγειν Call. 3.23. SYN. Δι-  
ακληρῶ, κληρῶ, ἐπικλώω.

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cusation, charge. Ἐπικλημ' ἐχοῦσαις ὁ τὶ πύχοι Orest. 563. SYN. Ἐγκλημᾶ, αἰτία, κἀτη-  
γόρια.

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cusation, charge. Ἐπικλημ' ἐχοῦσαις ὁ τὶ πύχοι Orest. 563. SYN. Ἐγκλημᾶ, αἰτία, κἀτη-  
γόρια.

Ἐπιλείψω, super aliqua re libo: to pour libations upon. γ. 341. SYN. see Ἀείψω.  
 Ἐπιλείπω, deficio: to fail, be deficient. η. 117. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, ελλείπω, κατὰλείπω.  
 Ἐπιλέπω, decortico: to strip off the bark. II. in Merc. 109. SYN. Ἀέπω, ἀπὸλέπω, ἀποδέρω.  
 Ἐπιεύσσω, prospicio: to descry, see. Γ. 12. SYN. Βλέπω, ἐπιβλέπω.  
 Ἐπιλήθω, 2. a. ἀδόν, oblivionem affero; med. obliviscor: to produce forgetfulness; to forget, neglect. δ. 222. SYN. see Ἀληθῶ.  
 Ἐπιληκῶ, strepitum excito ad; applaudo: to make a noise at; applaud. θ. 379. SYN. Ἀποληκῶ, ληκῶ, ἀνακρότῶ, ἐπικρότῶ.  
 Ἐπιλήνω, ου, δ, ἡ, torcularius: sung over the wine-press. Anacr. 52.9.  
 Ἐπιλήπτos, ου, δ, ἡ, deprehensus: detected. Antig. 412. SYN. Ἀυτάρως, ὑπαίτιος.  
 Ἐπιλήσις, ἔως, ἡ, obliuio: forgetfulness. Pyth. 1.89. SYN. Ἀλήθη, λησιμότης.  
 Ἐπιλήσμων, ὄντος (antiq. Ἐπλησμός, unde superl. Ἐπλησμοῦστος), obliuiosus: forgetful. Nub. 129. SYN. Ἀμνήμων.  
 Ἐπιλήθων, strictum: grazingly, slightly. Ἀκρόν ἐπὶ λυθὼν γράψεν P. 599.  
 Ἐπιλλίξω, oculis innuo: to turn the eye towards, beckon. σ. 11.  
 Ἐπιλῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, describens: descriptive of. Eur. El. 719.  
 Ἐπιλογχῶ, ου, δ, ἡ, præacutus: sharp-pointed. Hipp. 222.  
 Ἐπιλοιπός, ου, δ, ἡ, reliquus: left over and above, remaining. Troad. 1114. SYN. Λοιπός.  
 Ἐπιλύσις, ἔως, ἡ, liberatio: release, deliverance. Sept. Th. 125. See Λύσις. SYN. Ἐκλύσις, ἀπαλλάτῃ.  
 Ἐπιλασέω, irrideo: to scoff at, taunt. β. 323. SYN. Ἐπικωπῶ, ὑβρίζω, ἐπὶ γέλω, ἐπιτιμῶ.  
 Ἐπιμαίνωμαι, furo super aliqua re, in pr. amore: to be mad at, to be desperately in love with. Sept. Th. 143. SYN. Μαίνωμαι.  
 Ἐπιμαίνομαι, valde cupio; instigo: to aim at; urge on. Ἐπιμαίει νόστου ε. 344. SYN. see Ἐπιθυμῶ.  
 Ἐπιμανδάλων, ου, τὸ, quoddam genus oculi: a wanton kiss. Acharn. 1200. See Μανδάλων.  
 Ἐπιμαρτύρομαι, obtestor, testificor: to call to witness. Οἷόν γ' ἐπιμαρτύρομαι Nub. 495. SYN. Μαρτύρομαι, διάμαρτύρομαι.  
 Ἐπιμαρτύρος, ου, δ, testis rei factæ: one who witnesses to. Θέοι δ' ἐπιμαρτύροι ἔστων α. 273. SYN. see Μάρτυρ.  
 Ἐπιμάσσωμαι, tango, prehendo; abstergo: to touch, take hold of; to cleanse. Α. 190. SYN. Ἀπομάσσω, ἐφάπτομαι, ἀπτόμαι, ψηλάφω.  
 Ἐπιμαστιδός, ου, δ, ἡ, mammae admotus, lactens: at the breast, suckling. Τῶν ἐπιμαστιδῶν Sept. Th. 341.  
 Ἐπιμαστός, Ἐπιμαστός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui querit unde vivat; mammae admotus: beggar-like, a beggar; at the breast. υ. 377. Apoll. 4. 1734.  
 Ἐπιμεδῶ, ἥσω, subrideo: to smile upon. Θ. 38. SYN. Μειδῶ, γέλω.  
 Ἐπιμελέωμαι, curam gero: to take care of, be occupied with. Phoen. 565.  
 Ἐπιμελής, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, attentus, sedulus: attentive, diligent. Nub. 601.  
 Ἐπιμελητής, οὔ, δ, curator; procurator: a superintendant; prefect. Plut. 908. SYN. Ἐπόπτης, ἐφόρος, ἐπίτροπος, κηδεμών.

Ἐπιμέλω, accino: to add a song. Sept. Th. 867. SYN. Ἐπῶ, ἐπιληκῶ, μέλω.  
 Ἐπιμελῶς, diligenter: diligently. Menand. SYN. Λιπαρός, ἀκριβῶς, σπουδαίως.  
 Ἐπιμεμύδομαι, reprehendo, punio: to arraign, find fault, resent, punish. Trach. 121. SYN. Μέμφομαι, κατὰμέμφομαι, μωμάμαι, ἐγκάλλω, αἰτιάμαι.  
 Ἐπιμένω, Ἐπιμένω, permaneo; cunctor: to remain, await; stay, delay. Γ. C. 1717. SYN. Ἀνέμενω, ἐμμένω, περιμένω, ἐπέχω.  
 Ἐπιμεστός, ου, δ, ἡ, plenus: full. Call. 6. 134. SYN. Πέρισσος, πλήρης, ἀνάμεστος, μεστός.  
 Ἐπιμέτρεω, metior; supra mensuram partior: to measure out; give more than the measure. Οὐδ' ἐπιμέτρησεν Hes. Op. 395.  
 Ἐπιμέτρον, ου, τὸ, quod supra mensuram additur: over measure. Ἐχων δ' ἐπιμέτρον ἀπλήθον Theoc. 12. 26. SYN. Ἐπιθήκη.  
 Ἐπιμήδομαι, excogito: to devise, plot against. δ. 437. SYN. Μήδομαι, μηχανάομαι, τέχνάζομαι, ἐξεύρωμαι, ἐπινδῶ.  
 Ἐπιμηθεύς, ἔως, δ, Epimetheus: one of the sons of Iapetus. Pyth. 5. 35. Er. Ποικίλος, αἰδοληγής, ἀμαρτινός.  
 Ἐπιμήτης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, prudens: cunning, sagacious. Theoc. 25. 78. SYN. Περὶφράδης, σόφος, δεινός, δαίφρων.  
 Ἐπιμήτω, 2. a. ἐμνήνυν, irascor: to be enraged at. Πρίεμρ ἐπὶ ἐμνήνιε διῶ N. 460. SYN. see Μηνή.  
 Ἐπιμητῶ, cogito: to think, contrive, devise. Ἦοτ' ἐπιμητῶσά Apoll. 3. 668.  
 Ἐπιμίγνυμι, ἥσω, commisceo: to mix with, have intercourse with. Pyth. 2. 59. SYN. Ἐπιμίσσομαι, συμμίγνυμι, ὁμιλέω, κοινωνέω.  
 Ἐπιμικτός, ου, δ, ἡ, permixtus, promiscuus: mixed together, confused. Theoc. 269. SYN. Προσμικτός, σύμμικτός.  
 Ἐπιμίνομαι. See Ἐπιμένω.  
 Ἐπιμίξ, promiscue: in confusion. λ. 536. SYN. see Μίγδω.  
 Ἐπιμίξις, ἔως, ἡ, permistio, commercium: intercourse, commerce. Theoc. 297. SYN. Κοινωνία, ὁμιλία.  
 Ἐπιμίσσομαι, commercium habeo; accedo: to have intercourse with; to approach. K. 548. SYN. see Ἐπιμίγνυμι.  
 Ἐπιμνῶμαι, ἡσῶμαι, recorder; mentionem facio: to remember; to make mention of. Ἐπιμνησαίμεθα χάρις P. 103. SYN. Ἀπομνῶμαι, μνᾶομαι.  
 Ἐπιμνῶ, advenio: to come to, arrive. Trach. 857. SYN. see Ἐπέρχομαι.  
 Ἐπιμνός, ου, δ, ἡ, adveniens: invading, an invader. Sept. Th. 625. SYN. Ἐπελθών.  
 Ἐπιμομφή, ἡς, ἡ, oburgatio: blame, chiding. Olymp. 10. 12. SYN. Μομφή, μέμφις, ψόγος, ὀνειδός, λοιδορία.  
 Ἐπιμωφός, ου, δ, ἡ, vituperans; vituperandus: blaming; to be blamed. Rhes. 323. SYN. Φιλόφρογος, φίλδερτῶς, ἐπιμαρτῶς.  
 Ἐπιμυρόμαι, resono: to murmur, to resound. Ἐπιμύρεται ἰσθμός Apoll. 1. 938.  
 Ἐπιμύσσω, ἥσω, subsanno: to grumble or murmur at. Θ. 457.  
 Ἐπιμύσσω, conniveo: to wink at. Vesp. 932. See Μῶω. SYN. Μῶω, ἐπινεύω.  
 Ἐπιμωπητός, ἡ, ὄν, vituperandus: to be scorned. Hes. Op. 11. SYN. Ἐπιμεμπτός, μεμπτός, ἐπίψόγος, υπαίτιος.

Ἐπινάσσω, ἥω, oppleo: to overload. Eccles. 836. SYN. Νάσσω, εκπληρῶ, ἀναπλήθω.  
 Ἐπινάστis, ου, δ, exsul: a banished man. Ἐπινάστοι ἡπειρό Apoll. 1. 795. SYN. Φύγας, ἀπόλις, μετοικίς.  
 Ἐπινέω, νέμω et νέμῃσω, distribuo; depasco: to distribute or divide into shares, appropriate; to lay hold of for feeding. Olymp. 9. 11. SYN. Διανέω.  
 Ἐπινεύω, innuo, probō: to nod at, intimate, assent to, approve of. Orest. 278. SYN. Διανέω, νέω, συναίνεω.  
 Ἐπινεφρίδιος, ου, δ, ἡ, quod est super renibus: over the kidneys. Ἐπινεφρίδιον κείροντες Φ. 204.  
 Ἐπινέω, ἥσω, neo (de Parcis dicitur): to spin, wind up, destine. Ω. 210. SYN. Νέω, ἐπικλάθω.  
 Ἐπινηφῶ, accumulo: to heap or pile up. H. 428. SYN. Πάρωνῃ, ἐπισωρεύω, συναθροίζω.  
 Ἐπινήχθω, in superficie aquæ nato: to swim upon, float. Theoc. 23. 61. SYN. Ἰππηνήχθω, ἐπιπλέω, ἐπιφέρωμαι.  
 Ἐπινίκιος, ου, τὸ, præmium victoriae: the prize of victory. Πάντ' ἀπινίκια Soph. El. 694.  
 Ἐπινίκιος, Ἐπινίκος, ου, δ, ἡ, victorialis: triumphal. Γ. C. 1088. Olymp. 8. 99. See above. SYN. Νικητήριος, καλλινίκος.  
 Ἐπινύσσομαι, advenio, frequento: to go to, frequent. Apoll. 4. 817. SYN. Ἀφικνέομαι, ἐπέρχομαι, εἰσέρχομαι, προσέρχομαι.  
 Ἐπινύσσω, excogito, paro: to think upon, intend. Thesm. 338. SYN. Νδῶ, ἐπιμάδομαι, διαζητέω, μηχανάομαι, φράζομαι.  
 Ἐπινόα, ας, ἡ, mens, cogitatio: intention, thought. Ἄν ἐπινόαν σπεύδεις κατ' ἐχων Med. 759. SYN. Ἐννοιά, διανοιά, σκηψίς, ἐξευρήμα, μηχανήμα, σόφισμα, γνώμη. Er. Ἀτάσθαλός, δαυσαστή, καυή.  
 Ἐπινόος, ου, δ, ἡ, consors: a consort, associate. Pyth. 11. 13. SYN. Συνάροπος, σύγκλητος.  
 Ἐπινυμφίδιος, ου, δ, ἡ, nuptialis: nuptial. Οὐτ' ἐπινυμφίδιος Antig. 825. SYN. Ἐπιθάλμιος, ὄμιλος εν γάμοις.  
 Ἐπινυμῶ, insuper distribuo; lustrō, excogito: to dispense or distribute besides; to survey, reflect on. Eumen. 310. SYN. Ἐπινέω, ἐξεύρωμαι, ἐπιμάδομαι, ἐπισκοπέω.  
 Ἐπινυτίζω, dorsum contego, amicio: to cover the back, clothe. Herc. F. 362.  
 Ἐπινώτιος, ου, δ, ἡ, super dorso impositus: on the shoulders. Ἐπινώτιον ἦγ' ἐς οἶκον Barch. 79.  
 Ἐπιπείνω (poet.), et Ἐπιπείνω, hospitio accipio: to receive as a guest, entertain: Apoll. 2. 764. Agam. 1291. See above. SYN. Εἰνῶω.  
 Ἐπιπίνω, ου, τὸ, mensa coquinaria: a dresser, table to cut meat upon, chopping-block. Ἄντ' ἐπιπίνον μένει Agam. 1248.  
 Ἐπιπινός, ου, δ, ἡ, communis: common. Ἐχοντες ἐπιπινῶν ἐν ἀρούρῃ M. 422. SYN. see Ζυνός.  
 Ἐπιπινῶ, communico: to communicate. Ἐπινυνάσσω μύθους Apoll. 4. 435. SYN. Κοινῶ.  
 Ἐπιπινός, ου, δ, ἡ, et α, ὄν, in bibendo propositus: over wine. Ἐπινινῶν ὠδῶν ἐλέσθαι Theoc. 965.  
 Ἐπιπινυμί, ὀμῶω, ὀμῶ, juro; jurejurando confirmo: to swear; confirm by swearing. Καί

ἐπὶ μέγαν ὄρκον ὀμῶμαι A. 233. SYN. Ὀμνυμί, κατ' ὀμνυμί.  
 Ἐπιπτόμαι, Ἐπιπτόμαι, intueor, prospicio: to look upon, have before the eyes. I. 167. P. 381. SYN. Κατ' ὀπτόμαι, ἐπιβλέπω, ἐφθράω.  
 Ἐπιπρκέω, juro sæpius; pejero: to swear often; to swear falsely. Eq. 1239.  
 Ἐπιπρκος, ου, δ, ἡ, perjurus: perjured.  
 Ἐπιπρῶμαι. See Ἐπιπτόμαι.  
 Ἐπιπύρα, ὦν, τὰ, interstitium: the distance by which a pair of mules surpass a yoke of oxen in making a furrow of the same extent in the same time. Ὅσον τ' ἐπιπύρα πέλονται K. 351.  
 Ἐπιπύρος, ου, δ, custos, rex: a keeper, ruler, king. N. 450. SYN. see Φύλαξ.  
 Ἐπιπάγχω, prorsus: altogether. Δικῶν ἐπὶ πάγχω λάβεσθε Hes. Op. 262. SYN. see Πάνω, Πάντως.  
 Ἐπιπάλλω, vibro: to brandish, shake. Choëph. 166. SYN. Ἀναπάλλω, πάλλω, διαπάλλω.  
 Ἐπιπάλλω. See Ἐπινάσσω.  
 Ἐπιπαμφάλλω, attonitus inspicio: to look with astonishment. Πόλλ' ἐπιπαμφάλλωντες ὄμοσ Apoll. 2. 127.  
 Ἐπιπάσσω, Ἐπιπάλυνω, inspergo: to spread or sprinkle upon. E. 401. A. 639. SYN. Εμπάσσω, πάσσω, κατὰσπέρχω, ἐπιτίθημι, ἐπιδάλλω.  
 Ἐπιπαστός, ου, δ, ἡ, conspersus condimentis: sprinkled with seasonings. Eq. 1086.  
 Ἐπιπειθέη, ἡς, ἡ, fides: faith, confidence. Simon. fr. 231. 6. SYN. Θάρσος.  
 Ἐπιπείθω, (1) per-uadeo: to persuade; (2) in pass. voc., obedio: to obey. E. 878. SYN. (1) Πείθω, ἀνάπειθω, εκπείθω, πείραίνω, (2) ὑπάκουω, πιστεύω, ελπίζω.  
 Ἐπιπέλωμαι, accedo, supervenio: to come to or upon. ο. 407. SYN. Ἐπέρχομαι, παρὰ γίγνομαι, ἐπιφέρωμαι.  
 Ἐπιπέπω, insuper mitto: to send or bring upon. Phoen. 824. SYN. Ἀναπέπω, ἐφίμῃ, ἐπιδάλλω, ἀνίμῃ, ἀναχάλλω.  
 Ἐπιπέτομαι, Ἐπιπτόμαι, advolo: to fly upon. Helen. 1485. Eumen. 381. SYN. Προσπέτομαι, ἐφίπτομαι, ἐφαπτόμαι.  
 Ἐπιπῆδω, insilio, antevertō: to spring or leap upon, to surprise. Vesp. 704. SYN. Εισπῆδω, προσπῆδω, ἐνθρόω, ἐνδύομαι, ἐφάλλομαι, ἐπενθρόω, ἐπιπῆδω, ἐπιδάλλομαι.  
 Ἐπιπλανάμαι, appropinquo aliquo: to approach. Οὐτ' ἐπὶ πλανάται ζ. 44.  
 Ἐπιπίνω, πίνω, insuper bibo: to drink besides. Καί ἐπ' ἀρυττον γάλα πίνων ι. 297. SYN. Εκπίνω, κατὰπίνω.  
 Ἐπιπῖτω, πέσσομαι, intuo; aniplector: to fall upon, attack; embrace. Androm. 1021. SYN. Εισπῖτω, εμπῖτω, επεμβαίνω, ἐνθρόω, ἐπίτυγχάνω.  
 Ἐπιπλάζωμαι, vagor: to wander over. Πόντον ἐπιπλάζεις δ. 14. SYN. Εμπλάζωμαι, περιπλανάμαι, περίνοστω.  
 Ἐπιπλάττω, plaudo: to clap the hands at, applaud. Τοῖς μὲν ἐπεπλάττωσά Theoc. 9. 22. SYN. Ἐπικρότῶ, ἀνακρότῶ, πατάγω.  
 Ἐπιπλέω, εὐσῶμαι, ἐπιπλῶω, ἐπιπλωμί, innavigo: to sail upon or against. Ἐπιπλεῖν ἀμυρῶν ὄδω ι. 227. Γ. 47. γ. 15. SYN. Εισπλέω, πλέω.  
 Ἐπιπλήθω, impleo: to fill. Χεῖρ' ἐπιπλήσαι Av. 975. SYN. see Πλήθω.  
 Ἐπιπλήσσω, ἥω, incutio, castigo, increpo: to strike upon, beat, impute as a disgrace. P. V.

80. SYN. Ἀποπλήσσω, ὑβρίω, ἐπιτιμάω, ἐρίπτω, κἀκίζω, λοιδορέω, κολάζω.  
Επιπλάω, ἐπιπλάωμι. See *Επιπλέω*.

Επιπνέω, πνέω, et *Επιπνέω*, νέσσω, inspiro: to breathe upon, inspire. *Ζώγρει ἐπιπνέουσά* E. 698. Phoen. 801. SYN. *Εμπνέω*, εμψύω. *Επιπνέω*, ατ, ἡ, addatus, instinctusque divinus: breathing upon, inspiration. *Βόος ἐξ ἐπᾶφῆς καὶ ἐπιπνέας* Aesch. Sup. 18.

Επιπόδιος, α, ὄν, pedem irretiens; ad pedes: entangling the feet; at the feet. CE. R. 1350.

Επιπομῆν, ἐνός, ὁ, ἡ, propr., praefectus pastorum; pastor: a superintendent of shepherds; a shepherd. μ. 131. SYN. see *Ποιμήν*.

Επιπόλης, adv. in superficie, in summitate, supra; palm: on the surface, on the top, above; manifestly. Plut. 1207. SYN. Ἄνω, ἔνω, ἀλῶν.

Επιπόλος, ου, ὁ, qui nobiscum versatur: an attendant. CE. R. 1321. SYN. *Περίπολόν*, ἐπιμελητής, ἐπιτρόπος.

Επιπόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laboriosus, gravis: laborious, painful, wretched. Eur. Sup. 95. SYN. *Καμάτηρος*, καμάτωδης, αργαλέος, μόγερός, πόλεπόνος.

Επιπορίς, ἰδός, ἡ, fibula: a clasp or button. Call. 2. 31. SYN. see *Πορπη*.

Επιπτόδαιμα. See *Επιπτόμαι*.

Επιπρέπω, decorus sum: to be becoming or graceful. *Οἶόν τοι μέγα εἶδος ἐπιπρέπει* Theoc. 25. 40. SYN. *Εμπρέπω*, μέταπρέπω, διαπρέπω, πρέπω, ἐξέχω.

Επιπρό, longo tractu: all along, to a great distance. *Επιπρόμοι ὅς οὔ* ἐπιπρό Apoll. 1. 30. SYN. *Ευδελέχως*, διηνέκως, μακρῶς.

Επιπρόβω, longe procuro: to run forward to a distance. *Αἰὲν ἐπιπρόθεν* Apoll. 1. 582. SYN. *Πρόπρόβω*, ὁδοποιέωμαι, ἐπιπρόμυλω.

Επιπρόδω, δλῶ, protendo, adpono: to spread before, to place before. *Πρῶτον μὲν ἐπιπρόδω* τράπεζαν A. 627. SYN. *Πρότεινω*, παράτιθμι, πρόδω.

Επιπρόμι, insuper mitto, mitto in aut procul: to send or hurl at. *Επιπρόμην ἄριστος* I. 516. SYN. *Πρόμι*, ἐπιπέμω.

Επιπρόμυλω, ἐπιπρόνυμαι, progredior, anteverto: to come forward to, surprise. *Επιπρόμυλός* ἐνόησεν Apoll. 3. 655. 4. 1586. SYN. *Επιπρόβαινω*, ἐπιπρόβω.

Επιπρόνυμαι. See *Επιπρόμυλω*.

Επιπρόπτιτω, superincumbo: to lean upon. *Επιπρόπτισάν ἐκδρέσθ* Apoll. 4. 1449. SYN. *Πρόπτιτω*, ἐπιπίπτω.

Επιπροσβάλλω, proficiscor versus: to proceed towards. *Επιπροσβαλλάν* Ἀθῶν Apoll. 1. 931.

Επιπροσθε, ἐπιπροσθεν, ante: before. *Καὶ μὴ* ἵπποσθε τῶν ἑμῶν Eur. Sup. 524. Orest. 462. SYN. *Ἐμπροσθεν*, ἀπεναντί, πρόσθε.

Επιπροφαίνω, appareo: to appear. *Επιπροφάνεντάς* ἐνόησεν Apoll. 3. 917. SYN. *Επιφαίνω*, προφαίνω.

Επιπρόφω, insuper promoveo: to move forward besides, to advance. Apoll. 4. 1519. See below.

Επιπρόχω, effundo: to pour forth. *Θρήνόν* ἐπιπρόχουσι II. in Pan. 19. SYN. *Εκχέω*, πρὸχω.

Επιπταίρω, adsternuo: to sneeze at, to forebode. *Σιμύχιδά μὲν ἔρωτες ἐπέπταρόν* Theoc. 7. 96. SYN. *Πταίρω*.

Επιπώλῳμαι, obeundo lustro: to go about. A. 231.

Επιπρέξω, sacrifico: to sacrifice upon. *Επιπρέξσκον* ὀδῖται p. 211. SYN. *Επιθύω*, βέζω.

Επιπρέτω, inclino; contingere facio; supereminere: to incline; to cause to happen; to hang over. *Τῷδ' ἐπιπρέποις* πύλαι Eum. 891.

Επιπρέω, ἐπιπρέωμαι, καταπρέωμαι, πρὸκπύτω. SYN. *Ῥέω*, ῥέωμαι, supernato, influo, inundo;

largior: to flow upon the surface, flow to, pour in; to bestow. *Επιπρέει* ἡτ' ἔλαιον B. 754.

Επιπρήγγυμι, ῥήξω, Επιπρήσσω, Επιπρήσσω, cum impetu et fragore claudio fores: to fasten violently, close, bar. *Εισὺν* ἡτ' ἐπρήγγασ' ἔσω CE. R. 1244. SYN. *Κλέω*, ἐπιβάλλω, ἐπικρούω, ἀναπρήγγυμι.

Επιπρήδην, expresse, nominatim: in express terms, distinctly. *Επιπρήδην* μέτεπειν Apoll. 2. 640. SYN. *Διαπρήδην*, σάφως, ἀναφανδόν, ἀναφανδῶ.

Επιπρήσσω, Επιπρήσσω. See *Επιπρήγγυμι*.

Επιπρίπτω, superinjicio: to throw upon, hurl, inflict. *Τάσδ' ἐπέρψεν* πλῆγας P. V. 763. SYN. *Επιβάλλω*, ἐπιφέρω.

Επιπρό, ἡς, ἡ, affluxus; abundantia: an influx, torrent; abundance. *Επιπρόσιν* αἰμάτων Agam. 1487. SYN. *Ναυμός*.

Επιπρόβω, strepitum edo super, exclamo: to make an obstreperous noise, applaud loudly. *Πάντες δ' ἐπέρρησάν* Phoen. 1253. SYN. *Εκπρόμυλω*, ἐπῆχέω, ἐπιθῶ, ἐπανέω.

Επιπρόβω, ου, ὁ, auxiliar clamor: clamorous in defence of another. *Ἄνδρ' ἀνὴρ ἐπρόβω* Antig. 419. Schol. λοιδοροῖς, ὑβριστικοῖς. SYN. *Βήθω*, ἐπιπρόβω, σὺμμάχως, ἐπασσύ- τέρος.

Επιπρόβω, rapido cum impetu et stridore: with a whiz, with a sounding speed. Herc. F. 856. See below.

Επιπρόβω, exclamo; cum strepitu incito ad: to call to with a loud noise; to excite to. *Τῷδ' ἐπιπρόβω* φηγάς Eumen. 427.

Επιπρόβω, ἐντός, adfluen: flowing to or on. *Ὀλβου δ' ἐπρόβω* Med. 1226.

Επιπρόβω, ξω, acuto stridore urgeo, immitto: to instigate with a violent noise. *Επὶ τῶν* ἐχθρῶν τῶν ἐπρόβω Vesp. 705. SYN. *Επισίζω*, ἐφορ- μάω.

Επιπρόβω, protego: to protect, defend. Sept. Th. 151. See *Ῥόωμαι*. SYN. *Ῥόωμαι*, βήθω, ἐπᾶμαι.

Επιπρόβω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui influit; irriguus: flowing upon; well watered. *Καὶ βρότῳ* ἐπρόβω Eumen. 910. SYN. *Κατάρρῳτος*, εὐπρόβω, ἐπι- κτητός.

Επιπρόβω, ῥόωμαι, moveo me apud aliquem: to move, shake. *Επρόβωσαν* ὁ ἀνακτος A. 529. SYN. *Επισείωμαι*, κινέωμαι.

Επισαγῶ, ἀτός, τὸ, quod superinductum est, accessio: an additional load or burthen. Phil. 755. SYN. *Προσθήκη*, αἰθέρις.

Επισαγῶ, Επισαγῶ, vibro, incutio, impello: to brandish, move against, impel. Orest. 255. O. 230. SYN. *Εντείνω*, ἀνὰ τινος, ἀνὰ τινος, ἐπιφέρω.

Επισαγῶ, Επισαγῶ, Επισαγῶ, concito: to drive upon, urge, move. T. 325. e. 421. v. 19. SYN. *Εφορμάω*, ὀρμάω, διώκω, σπέρχω, ἐπείγω, ἐπ- ὀρούω.

Επισαγῶ, ἀτός, τὸ, signum: a device. Phoen. 1123. SYN. see *Σήμα*.

Επισαγῶμαι, signo vel acclamatione testor: to witness or prove by a sign or noise. Ion 1593. SYN. *Σημειώω*, ἐπισφραγίζω, βέβαιω.

Επισαγῶ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insignis. distinguished. Med. 544. SYN. *Διάσημος*, διάδηλος, ἐκδηλός, περί- φανής, ἐνδοξός.

Επισίζω, instigo, immitto: to instigate, send on. *Κᾶθ' οὗτ' οὗτος γ' ἐπισίζω* (parcemiace) Vesp. 704. SYN. *Επιπρόβω*.

Επισκάζω, ἄσω, claudio: to halt upon. *Επισκάζουσά* πύλας Apoll. 1. 669. SYN. see *Σκάω*.

Επισκέπτομαι, contemtor: to examine, in- spect, regard. *Τὰμ' ἐπισκέψω* κᾶκᾶ Heracl. 869. SYN. *Επισκοπέω*, ἐφώρα, κἀθάρω, ἐπι- βλεπω, δειδῶμαι, ἀναλόγισθαι, ενθυμέωμαι, σκέπ- τώμαι.

Επισκίπτω, superne teco: to cover over, hide. *Φάρε* πολλὰκὶ λυχνὸν ἐπισκίπτειν Musaeus, 258. SYN. *Επικάλυπτο*, ἐπέρχω, σκέπω, σκέπάζω.

Επισκευάζω, apparo: to arrange, prepare. *Εστ' ἐπισκευασμένον* Eccles. 1149. SYN. *Πά- ρασκευάζω*, ἀνασκευάζω, εντρέπω.

Επισκύνω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in tentorio degens: at the tents, in public. *Μηδ' ἐπισκύνου* γόους Aj. 579. See Suidas, who explains ἐπισκύνω by μέγας, quoting this passage.

Επισκύνω, Επισκύνω, innitor, irruo; mando; obtestor: to lean on, assail; to intrust; to conjure. *Ανταῖς γὰρ μ' ἐπισκύνω* κείροισι Alcest. 375. SYN. *Σκύνω*, εντέλλω- μαι, προστάτω, παραινέω.

Επισκύνω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, umbrosus: shady. *Ομ- μάτων* ἐπισκύνω CE. C. 1650.

Επισκύνω, invisio, inspicio, considero: to sur- vey, see, consider. *Ὡς ἀνὴρ ἐπισκύνει* Eumen. 296. SYN. *Επισκεπτόμαι*, κατὰνέω, ἀποβλεπω, τηρέω.

Επισκύνω, ου, ὁ, inspector, explorator: an in- spector, scout. Av. 1022. See below. SYN. *Επὶ σκύνω*, ἐπὶ σκύνω, ἐφ' ὅρος, φύλαξ, ἐπιμελητής.

Επισκύνω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad scopum tendens: aim- ing at. *Τῷδ' ἐπισκύνον* μέλος Aj. 976. SYN. *Εὐστόχος*.

Επισκύνω, irascor: to be indignant. *Επι- σκύνω* τὰ ἄχαιοι I. 370. SYN. *Οργαίνω*, οργί- ζωμαι, σκυδμάλω.

Επισκύνω, ου, τὸ, supercilium: the eye- brows. *Πᾶν δέ τ' ἐπισκύνον* P. 136. SYN. *Ὀφρύς*.

Επισκύνω, ου, ὁ, ductor: a leader. *Επισκύν- ρον* πόλεμοιο Call. fr. 231. SYN. *Ἀρχός*, ἄρχων, βήθω.

Επισμῶ, abstergo: to wipe off upon. *Οὐκ* ἐπισμῶ τῶν κᾶκῶν Thesm. 389. SYN. *Επι- ραίνω*, κατὰπλύνω, ἐπιπλέω.

Επισμύγγω, α, ὄν, ærumnosus, tristifcus: woful, dismal. *Επισμύγγω* τὴν καὶ αὐτὴ Hes. Scut. 264. SYN. *Σμύγγω*, ἐπιπρόβω, πόλεπόνος, οἰζύρος.

Επισμύγγω, graviter, miserabiliter: heavily, bitterly. *Ὡς ἀν ἐπισμύγγω* δ. 672. SYN. *Επιπρόβω*, ἐλκύνω, οὐκύνω, ἀθλῶς, δυστυχῶς.

Επισπαστός, ἡ, ὄν, quod quis sibi ipse attraxit: brought upon one's self, self-sought. *Επισπασ- τὸν* κᾶκῶν ἐξεῖ σ. 72. SYN. *Ἐκουσίως*, αὐθα- γέτως.

Επισπᾶω, attraho, consequor: to draw, allure, reach. *Τῷδ' ἐπισπᾶσας* κόμης Androm. 708. SYN. *Εφέλκω*, ἐπισύρω, ἐπάγω, εντυγχάνω, ἐνκατάωμαι.

Επισπένδω, σπείλω, libo, to pour upon, shed. *Επισπείας δὲ τὸ δάκρυ* Theoc. 23. 38. SYN. see *Σπένδω*.

Επισπέρχω, urgeo: to hasten, urge. *Επι- σπέρχουσι δ' ἄλλαι* e. 304. SYN. *Επισπείδω*, ἀναγκάζω, παρὰβήγω, ἐπείγω, ἐπιτάσσω.

Επισπείδω, accelero, incito, exhortor: to hasten, incite, exhort. *Ποὺς ἐπισπείδουσιν* μόλις Troad. 1266. SYN. *Σπείδω*, ἐπισπέρχω, παρ- ούζω, ἐρεθίζω, ἐπικελεύωμαι.

Επισπέρω, α, ἡ, satio iterata; insitio: a second or after sowing, or among different grain. *Καὶ ἐπισπέρω* ἀλέασθαι Hes. Op. 444.

Επισπύρω, α, οἱ, poster: those who are pro- pagated by the present race, posterity. *Τῶνδ' τοῖς* ἐπισπύρω Eumen. 676. SYN. *Ἀπογόνου*, ἐκγόνου.

Επισπᾶω, obsoletum in præs., attingo: to at- tain, meet with. *Καὶ πότῳ* ἐπισπᾶω H. 52. SYN. *Επιδιώκω*, ἐπικαλούμεναι, κατὰλαμβάνω, ἐφίπτομαι.

Επισπείω. See *Επισπείω*.

Επισπείω. See *Επισπείω*.

Επισπύρω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impetuose incumbens: rushing violently upon. Hipp. 573. σὺ short, as in *ἐδυσσύνω*, q. v. SYN. *Βιάω*.

Επισπύρω, ου, τὸ, ferrum curruum: the tire of the wheels. *Επισπύρω* δάτεον T. 394.

Επισπύρω, constanter; perite: firmly; skil- fully. *Επισπύρω* ὠπλίζοντο π. 453. SYN. *Επισπύρω*, ἐπισπύρω, ἐπισπύρω, βίβαλω.

Επισπύρω, ad amussim expendo: to weigh. *Πάντ' ἐπισπύρω* μένος Agam. 169. SYN. *Στάθμω*, ἐρευνᾶω, ἐξετάζω.

Επισπύρω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, stationarius; mansionum curator: placed in the vestibule; who provides quarters for troops. *Επισπύρω* Ἀμφιπόλῳτε (ew being one long) Call. Ep. 25.

Επισπᾶμαι, scio, peritus sum: to know, to be acquainted with, to understand. *Πάντ' ἠπιστάτω* Helen. 14. SYN. *Εξεπιστάμαι*, μαθάνω, γι- γνώσκω, ἐμπίρως έχω.

Επισπᾶμαι, scilicet, gnave: knowingly, skilfully. *Εὐ καὶ ἐπισπᾶμαι* K. 265. SYN. *Επισπᾶμαι*, ἐμπίρως, ἐμπίρως, ἐμπίρως, ἐμπίρως, ἐμπίρως, ἐμπίρως.

Επισπᾶμαι, εὐς, ἡ, retardatio: stoppage, hesi- tation. *Επισπᾶμαι* ἐπισπᾶται Antig. 231. SYN. *Επινόα*, λόγισμός.

Επισπᾶμαι, impero: to preside over, to super- intend. *Πομνίους* ἐπισπᾶται CE. R. 1028. SYN. *Προσπᾶμαι*, πρίσπᾶμαι, ἐξηγέωμαι, ἐπ- ἄρχω.

Επισπᾶται, ου, ὁ, qui praefectus est alicui rei: a president, umpire, praefect. *Θυμάτος δ' ἐπι- σπᾶται* Hes. 223. SYN. *Προσπᾶται*, ἐπαρχός, ὑπαρχός, ἡγέμων, διδάσκαλος.

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Επισπᾶται, ου,







φυσάω. SYN. Ανάφυσάω, εμφυσάω, φυσάω, εφογκάωμαι, χαινώδωμαι, εξοιδέω, επαίρωμαι. Επιδύττειν, insuper sero: to graft upon, plant in. Pax 161. See Φτερέω.

Επιχαίρω, gaudeo, gratulor: to rejoice at. Pax 1015. SYN. Περιχαίρω, υπερχαίρω, εφ-ήδωμαι.

Επιχάλαω, laxo, deprimō, cedo: to relax, loosen, submit. P. V. 186. See Χάλαω. SYN. Ενδιδομαι, ἀνὰ χάλαω, επικαμπτόμαι.

Επιχαλκένω, cudo super, expolio: to overlay with brass. Nub. 421.

Επιχάρης, εὖς; Επιχάρης, ἴδως, gratus, jucundus, laetus: agreeable, delightful. Επιχάρῃ, in P. V. 166., is answered by ἐπιχάλας. See also Sept. Th. 904. SYN. Εὐχάρης, εὐαρεστός, χάρις, ἀγαπητός, ἡδὺς, ἐπιτελής.

Επιχάρηττα, pro Επιχάρηζον, insuper gratificare: do thou moreover oblige. Τῷ δὲ κῆριχά-ριττα τῷ ξένῳ Acharn. 884. "In hac citatione Isotum loqui fingit Comicus." Maltb.

Επιχάρητος, gratiose, venuste: agreeably, in an ingratiating manner. Acharn. 367. See Χάρις. SYN. Χάριέντως, αἰτέλω, στωμίλω.

Επιχαράω, ἀτὸς, τὸ, res letabilis; ludibrium: a joyous thing; a laughing-stock. Herc. F. 459.

Επιχαρμὸς, οὐ, δ, Epicharmus: the Syracusan, the inventor of Comedy. Theoc. Ep. 17.

Επιχαρτὸς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, laetitia adferens: giving gratification to. P. V. 164.

Επιχέω, ineco: to be full. Ἰδοὺ γ' ἐπιχέσει ποῦ ὅτιν Lysist. 442. See Εγγέζω.

Επιχέλης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, non plenus: not full. Fq. 814. See Brunck's note on this line for the meaning of ἐπιχέλης. SYN. Ενδής, ἀμοιρὸς.

Επιχεῖρα, ἀν, τὰ, merces, praeium; pcena: pay, salary, reward; punishment. P. V. 327.

Επιχειρῶ, manum admoveo, aggredior: to lay hands upon, attempt, attack. Hipp. 704. SYN. Εχειρῶ, ἐτοιμάζω, ἐπιβάλλωμαι, ἐπέρχομαι, σπονδάω, ἐπιτῆρῶ, πολμάω.

Επιχειυιά, ἀτὸς, τὸ, affusio: a pouring out or upon. Herc. F. 890.

Επιχέω, Επιχύνω, infundo: to pour upon. Ω. 303. O. 654. SYN. Επεγγέω, εγγέω.

Επιχθονίος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, terrestis; indigena: on the earth; of the earth, native. Επιχθονίους αἰετοὶ δ. 479. SYN. Χθονίος, χθονοστής, πέδοστής.

Επιχυνάω, sum obitus lanugine, pubesco: to be covered with down, to grow into manhood. Επιχυνάουσαι θέλαιρα Apoll. 1. 671. SYN. see Χυνάω.

Επιχρᾶω, invado, urgeo; cupio; med. utor: to seize, press upon; covet, court; midd. to use. Επιχρᾶων οὐκ ἐθέλοισι β. 50. SYN. Εφορᾶω, ἐπισίτω.

Επιχρέμεθα, adhinnio: to neigh at, snort. Σκαρμῶς ἐπιχρεμέθων Apoll. 3. 1259. SYN. see Χρέμεθα.

Επιχρίπτω, admoveo: to bring near. Λέχρις ἐπιχρημθῆς Apoll. 1. 1234. SYN. see Χρίμπτω.

Επιχρίω, inungo: to put ointment upon. Επιχρίοντες ἀλοιφῇ φ. 179. SYN. Κατάχριω, εγ-χρίω, χρίω, ἐπαλείφω.

Επιχῶ, See Επιχέω.

Επιχωρῶ, concedo, cedo: to give place to, yield. Antig. 219. SYN. Συγχωρῶ, ἐπιτρέπω, ἐφίημι.

Επιχώριος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, indigena: peculiar to a place, indigenous. Pyth. 3. 38. SYN. Εγχώριος, αὐθιγῆς, ὁμόγλωσσος.

Επιχάω, attingo: to touch upon, reach, to be superficially informed. Isth. 4. 17. See below. SYN. Εφαπτόμαι, ψηλάφω.

Επιπέκω, irrogo, instillo: to drop upon, besprinkle. Επιπέκασθαι καὶ τὴν Pax 1141. SYN. Επιδρέχω, κατέβημαι.

Επιψόφω, insono: to rattle. Επψόφον δὲ φάρετρα Call. 3. 247. SYN. Επηχέω, ψόφω.

Επιωγαί, ἀν, αἱ, loca in quibus naves a ventorum injuria tutae esse possunt: a bay sheltered from the wind. Oud' ἐπιωγαί ε. 404.

Εποικίω, incolō: to dwell in. Ion 1583.

Ενοικέω, οικίζωμαι. Ενοικὸς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, colonus, advena: one who dwells in a country not his own, an inhabitant. Av. 1307. SYN. Ενοικὸς, μετοικὸς, ἐπιχώριος.

Εποικτεῖω, misereor: to pity. Hec. 341. SYN. see Οικτεῖω.

Εποικτεῖω, misereor; miserabiliter queror: to have pity on; to complain sadly. CE. R. 1295. SYN. see Οικτεῖω.

Επολχέω, invado, incurrō: to go to, frequent, ply, visit, invade. Olymp. 3. 72. SYN. Επειμι, ἐπέρχομαι, εισέρχομαι, ἐπιπρέσσομαι, ἐπιτέλλω.

Επὸ δολύζω, miserabiliter lamento; item, exulto: to shout at, shriek aloud; to cry out for joy. Ὡς δ' ἐπὸ δολύζω Agam. 1207. SYN. Ὀδολύζω, ἐπιθρηνέω, ἐπικωκίω, ἐπομώζω, ευφημέω.

Επόμε, ποῖτ. Εσόμε, comitor, sequor: to accompany, follow, attend. Herc. F. 1417. M. 398. SYN. Συνεπόμε, ἀκόλουθε, συνάκλουθε, ἐπακολουθεῖω, μέτασσω.

Επομβρία, ας, ἡ, imbris copia: a heavy rain. Μήτ' ἄγαν ἐπομβρίαν Nub. 1118. SYN. Ὀμβρός, ὕετος.

Επομνύμι, Επομνύω, δημοῖμαι, deiero, jurando confirmo: to swear in addition, to confirm by an oath. Ἴν' ἐπομνύμενον σὲ πάνω τῆς ἐκκλησίας Plut. 725. SYN. Ὀρκόω, κἀθόμνυμι, ὁμνύμι.

Επομφάλιον, οὐ, τὸ, quod supra umbilicum est; umbo clypei: that is on the middle; the boss of the shield. Μέσσην ἐπομφάλιον H. 267.

Επὸνειδιστός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, culpatus; reprehensione dignus; maledicus: rebuked; reprehensible; insulting. Iph. T. 690. SYN. Οὐνειδιστός, ἐπιμεμπτός, ἐπισθόγος.

Επὸνύμαζω, cognomino: to give an additional name, to call. Herc. F. 1320. SYN. Πρόσωνύμαζω, δυνάμω.

Επὸπίζωμαι, revereor, caveo: to respect, beware of. ε. 146. SYN. Εντρέπωμαι, ἐπιστρέφωμαι, φιλότιττομαι, δπίζωμαι.

Εποπτάω, asso insuper: to roast upon. μ. 363. SYN. see Οπτάω.

Εποπτεύω, Εποπτεύεσκω, Εποπτεύωμαι, inspicio, viso: to look upon, inspect, visit. Agam. 1241. π. 140. τ. 260. SYN. Επισλέπω.

Εποπτήρ, ἥρως, Επότης, οὐ, δ, inspector, curator: a spectator, eye-witness, spy, superintendant. Sept. Th. 640. P. V. 307. SYN. Διόπτης, διοπτήρ, κἀνόπτης, ἐπισκόπτης, ἐφόρως, διατής.

Επότημαι. See Εποπτεύω.

Εποργιάζω, mysteria celebros: to celebrate orgies. Ἐργὸς ἐποργιάζει Anacr. 32. 23. SYN. Οργιάζω, τέλλω.

Επορτέγωμαι, exporrecta manu preno; irruo:

to stretch out the hand and seize; to rush upon. E. 335. SYN. Πρότεινω, ἐπιλαμβάνω.

Επορθίζω, altum clamorem tollō: to raise a loud cry or shout. Agam. 28. SYN. see Εξορθίζω.

Επορθεύω, clara voce edo: to utter with a loud voice, proclaim. Eur. El. 142.

Επορνύμι, Επορούω, Επόρω, concito et paro adversus; hostiliter assilio, obruo: to instigate; to rush upon, overwhelm. Aesch. Sup. 195. Δ. 472. μ. 313. SYN. Ενδρούω, εφορᾶω, ἐπέρχομαι, ἐπιπίπτω, εξορᾶω, ἐπάσσω.

Επὸς, εὖς, τὸ, verbum; versus; oraculum: a word; verse; oracle. Troad. 55. SYN. Λόγος, μῦθος, ῥήμα, ῥήσις, αἰοδή, μέτρον, μέλος, χρησμός, χρησθηρῖον, φήμη, μαντεῖον, μάντευμα. Ερ. Νέων, κἀλόν, κἀνὸν, δυστυχῆς, πᾶρᾶφρον, λυπρόν, στυγρόν, φιλόν, μῶρον, ἀληθές, σφόν, δεινόν, κομψόν (Eur.), ἀκοσμον, ἀκράντων, ἱμερόεν, προκλιτέον, πτέρον, μελιχρῖον, ἀγάνων, ασχρόν, ἀντίθειν, δδλιόν, κερτομῖον, μάλαχρον, δνείδειον, σπέρθεν, χάλειν, ἀναρτηρόν, ἐκπαλόν, κἀκόν, λευγάλεον, στυγέρον, χολωτόν, ἱερὸν, δεσπείδιον, υπερφάλλον, πικρόν, πύκνιον, κοῦφον, ἀποδλητόν, νημερτές. Ρηη. Ἐπὶ νύφᾶδεσιν εὐκὸτὰ χει-μέριον.

Επὸττόζω, deploro: to moan over. Phoen. 1055. SYN. see Οττόζω.

Επὸτρώω, ἰνῶ, instigo: to quicken, incite. Εποτρώωντων ἀνδρας T. 83. SYN. Οτρώω, παρ-οτρώω, παροξύνω, πάρορμαι, ἐπόρω.

Επουρανίος, α, ὄν, celestis: heavenly. Επουρανίους μάχουσαν T. 129. SYN. see Ουρανίος.

Επουρίω, vento secundo impello; dirigo; efficio, perficio: to drive before the wind, blow prosperously upon; effect, complete. Theom. 1226.

Επουρός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, vento secundo impellens: breathing favourably upon, prosperous. Trach. 956. SYN. Ουρός.

Επορχέωμαι, vehor: to be carried, ride upon. P. 449. SYN. Επισάω.

Επόχδος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, curru vectus; proclivis ad: riding upon; tending to. Lysist. 682.

Εποψ, ὀπός, ο, upura: a hoopoe, pewet or lapwing. Av. 72.

Επόψιμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, visu facilis, adspectabilis: capable of being inspected, discernible. Ακον-στόν οὐδ' ἐπόψιμον CE. R. 1312. SYN. Ὀρατός, ἐπόψιος, περίελεπτος, φανερὸς.

Επόψιος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, (1) idem ac prac.; item (2) inspector: (1) the same as above; (2) superintending, protecting. Γῆ δ' ὅλ' ἐπ' ἐπόψιο Philoct. 1040. SYN. (2) see Εποπτήρ.

Επτά, indecl. septem: seven. Phoen. 161. See below.

Επτάθεϊος, ἐπτάθειος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, e septem bubulis pellibus factus: composed of or covered with seven skins, impenetrable. Καλ δμοῖος ἐπτάθειος Ran. 1017. Aj. 577.

Επτάγλωσσος, Ἐπτάκτύπος, Ἐπτάφθογγος, Ἐπτάτῶνος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, septem sonos edens, e septem chordis sonans: with seven notes or strings. Nem. 5. 43. Pyth. 2. 129. Ion 821. Alceest. 447. See above.

Επτάετης, Επτετής, εὖς, δ, ἡ, Ἐπτερίς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, septennis: for seven years. Ἐνθ' μὲν ἐπτάετες η. 259. Ran. 421. Theom. 487.

Επτάκι, Ἐπτάκις, septies: seven times. Ἐπ-άκις σὺ ψηφίσθαι Lysist. 698. As Ἐξάκις.

Επτάκτύπος. See Ἐπτάγλωσσος.

Ἐπτάλογχος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, septem cuspides s. duces habens: having seven armed chiefs. CE. C. 1305. See below.

Ἐπτάμυχος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, septem habens recessus: having seven recesses or caverns. Ἐπτάμυχον βορέαο Call. 4. 65.

Ἐπτάποδης, οὐ, δ, septempedalis: seven feet long. Ἀζὼν δ' ἐπτάποδον Hes. Op. 422.

Ἐπτάπορος, οὐ, δ, (1) Heptaporus: a river of the Troad, which rises in Mount Ida; (2) septem habens vias: having seven ways or directions. Ῥῆσός δ' Ἐπτάπορος τέ M. 20.

Ἐπτάπυλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, septem habens portas: having seven gates. Στάσει τὸ Κάδμου γ' ἐπτά-πύλιν ἔχει κράτος Herc. F. 542.

Ἐπτάπυργος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui septem habet turres: having seven towers. Τὴν ἐπτάπυργον τήνδ' Herc. F. 28.

Ἐπτάστομος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, septem ora vel ostia habens: having seven mouths. Ἐπτάστομον πύργωμα Eur. Sup. 1231.

Ἐπτάτειχης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, septem locis munitus: fortified in seven places. Eis ἐπτάτειχῆς ἐξόδους Sept. Th. 269. "Ἐπτατειχῆς ἐξόδους dicitur pro ἐπτά ἐξόδους τειχέων, ut ἐπτάπυργα κλειθρα pro ἐπτά κλειθρα πύργων Phoen. 1073." Blomf.

Ἐπτάτῶνος. See Ἐπτάγλωσσος.

Ἐπτάφθογγος. See Ἐπτάγλωσσος.

Ἐπτάχῃ, septifariam: in seven ways. Καλ τὰ μὲν ἐπτάχ' πάντα ξ. 434.

Ἐπτετής, et Ἐπτερίς. See Ἐπτετής.

Ἐπύλλιον, οὐ, τὸ, versiculus: a little verse. Συλλέγων ἐπύλλια Acharn. 398. SYN. Ῥημάτων.

Ἐπω, ago, curo, gubernō: to be busy about, mind, direct, attend. Z. 321. SYN. Ενεργέω, ευτρέπιζω, ἐπιμελέωμαι, ἐπώμαι.

Ἐπω, a. 2. εἶπον, dico: I say, tell. A. 46.

Ἐπωδή, ἡς, ἡ, incantamentum, carmen: an enchantment, charm, song. Hipp. 480. SYN. see Ἐπαῖδη.

Ἐπεδός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, (1) consonans: harmonising with; (2) incantator; cantus: an enchanter; a song. Hipp. 1041. SYN. Επώνυμος, ἐπαῖδος.

Ἐπώζω, ovis incubo; clamo in modum gallinae incubantis: to sit upon eggs as a bird; to cluck. Av. 265. SYN. Επικάθευδω, ἐπενάζωμαι, ἐπικεῖμαι, δάλλω.

Ἐπωλέϊος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui in vel sub ulnis fertur: in or under the arms. Ἐπωλέϊον κῆδ-ρίων Hom. Merc. 432.

Επωμάδιος, α, ὄν, humeris superimpositus: placed upon the shoulders. Theoc. 29. 29.

Επωμάδων, in humeris: on the shoulders. See below. Επωμάδων ἡέρασεν Apoll. 1. 738.

Επωμῖς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, summa pars humeri; nomen vestis muliebris: the top of the shoulder; a female garment worn over the shoulders, a mantle. Εκ χέρων ἐπωμίδας Iph. T. 1405. SYN. Ῥωμῖς, ἐνδυμῖα.

Επωμύτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui juravit; obstrictus jurejurando: swearing by a deity; bound by an oath. Trach. 427.

Επωνύμια, ας, ἡ, cognomen, nomen: a surname, appellation, name. Επωνύμην ἀπὸ νόμ-φης Call. 3. 205. SYN. Ὀμωνύμια, ἐπικλήσις, ὀνόμα.

Επώνυμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui ab aliquo traxit nomen: deriving a name from. Επώνυμὰ δεινὰ Θύεστον Orest. 1005.

Επωπάω, inspicio: to keep an eye upon, look at, watch. Choeph. 681. SYN. see Ἐπιβλέπω.

Ἐπωπίς, ἡς, ἡ, prospectus; campus: a view; a plain. Aesch. Sup. 548. SYN. see ἄψ.

Ἐπωτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, epotis: a piece of wood jutting out on each side of the prow, to guard the ship from the beaks of the enemies' ships, and to which the anchor was sometimes appended. Εἰχὼν οἱ δ' ἔπωτίδων Iph. T. 1351.

Ἐπωφέλω, insuper adjuvo; prosum: to give additional relief, to succour. Antig. 552. SYN. Πρόσωφέλω, ωφέλω, ὀνημί.

Ἐπωφέλημα, ἄτος, τό, adjecta utilitas, beneficium: additional assistance, benefit, service. Philoct. 275.

Ἐραζε, in vel ad terram: to the earth, on the ground. Πολλὰ δ' ἔραζε Mosch. 2. 66. SYN. Χάμα, πέδονδε, χαμάδις, χαμάζε, ἐπὶ γῆς.

Ἐράμαι. See Ἐράω.

Ἐρανός, ἡ, ὄν. See Ἐράτος.

Ἐράνος, οὐ, δ, cœna collatiua: contribution; an entertainment where each contributes his share. Κάλλιστον ἔρανόν δοὺς γὰρ ἀντιλάσεται. Eur. Sup. 373. SYN. Εἰσφορά, δαΐς, εἰλαπίνη, χάρις, μισθός. Ερ. Πόλυμνος Ran. 1196.

Ἐράσιονος, οὐ, δ, Erasinides. Εἰ κάστρατήγησέν γέ μ' ἔρασιονος Ran. 1196.

Ἐράσιος. See Ἐράτος.

Ἐράσιπλοκάμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, comarum studiosus: delighting in fine hair, proud and comely. Τυροῖς ἐράσιπλοκάμου Pyth. 4. 242., answered by Ζήταν Κάκωιν τὴν πατῆρ.

Ἐράσιος, οὐ, δ, Erasinus: a river of Argolis in the Peloponnesus. Οἱ χεῖμ' Ἐράσιον Aesch. Sup. 1027.

Ἐραστής, οὐ, δ, amator: a lover. Troad. 1044. SYN. Φιλήτωρ, φίλος. Ερ. Πόλυχρυσος, πόθω ἀψυχός.

Ἐρατεινός. See Ἐράτος.

Ἐρατίω, amo, cupio: to love, wish for. Ὁ δὲ κρείων ἐρατίων P. 660. SYN. Ἐράω, ἐράμαι, ἐπιθυμῶ, ἐφίεμαι.

Ἐράτος, Ἐραυνός, Ἐράσιμος, Ἐρατεινός, ἡ, ὄν, amabilis, amœnus: lovely, amiable, delightful, charming. Νύξοντ' ἐράται, in Eur. El. 722., corresponds to ἀγρών τάμειαν. See also I. 573. Agam. 588. T. 347. SYN. Ἀγάπητος, ἐπὶ ἑρατός, κάλως, ἡδὺς, πόθεινός, προσφίλης, ἡλιωτός, φίλως, ἐρδεις.

Ἐράτω, οὐς, ἡ, Erato: one of the nine Muses, who invented dancing. Εἰ δ' ἄγε νῦν Ἐράτω Apoll. 3. 1. (!)

Ἐρατώπης, πιδός, ἡ, pulchros oculos aut faciem habens: lovely-eyed, lovely-faced. Ἐρατώπιδος Ἥρης Hom. 33. 2. SYN. Ἀγλαώπης, εὐώφ.

Ἐράω, Ἐράμαι, amo, cupio: to love, to be in love with, to desire. Hec. 359. Γ. 446. SYN. Ἐρατίω, φίλω, ἐφίεμαι, ἐπιθυμῶ, ἀγαπάω, τινί φλέγω, τίς μὲ φλέγει. Pinn. Θερμός ἔρος μὲ καταβει, εκπέπληγμαι κέντρος ἔρωτος, δακνόμεναι κέντροις Κίπριδος. See Apoll. 3. 1015.

Ἐργάζομαι, operor: to work, cultivate, plough. Med. 1118. SYN. Κάτεργάζομαι, ἀπεργάζομαι, ἐνεργῶ, μέγλω, τεύχω, διαπραττόμαι, ἐπιτελέω.

Ἐργασία, as, ἡ, elaboratio, cultus; questus, lucrum: working, labor, employment; gain, profit. Ἐργασίην φεύγουσά Hom. Merc. 487. SYN. Ἐργόν, μόχθος, πόνος, σπουδή, ἐπιμέλειά, κέρδος. Ερ. Πόλυμοχθος.

(!) The individual names of the nine Muses very rarely occur in the earlier Greek poets: not once in Homer (except Hymn. 30. 2.), Sophocles, Aeschylus, or Euripides; though they are all given, Hes. Theog. 77.

Ἐργαστήριον, οὐ, τό, officina: a workshop, warehouse. Eq. 744.

Ἐργάτης, Ἐργάτις, οὐ, δ; Ἐργάτις, ἰδός, ἡ, opifex: a workman, workwoman, performer. Androm. 476. Apoll. 2. 374. Χεῖρά δ' εἰχὼν ἐργάτη Philoct. 97. SYN. Γηρῶνός, δημιουργός.

Ἐργμά, ἄτος, τό, claustrum, septum: an inclosure, hedge, place of confinement. Antig. 860.

Ἐργμά, ἄτος, Ἐργόν, οὐ, τό, opus, facinus, factum: a deed, work, achievement. Καὶ ἐν ἐργμασί λείψων Hipp. 1108. Hec. 780. SYN. Πράγμα, πράξις, ἐπιχείρημα, τόλμη, τόλμημα.

Ερ. Ἀγλῶν, αἰκίς, αἰσίμων, λογιῶν, σχετλίων, αἰκηλίων, ἀήσουλόν, ἀμηνῶν, ἀμφάδιον, ἀνδοχέτον, ἀντίον, ἀρίστην, βίαν, γέλαστον, ἐνδύειον, ἐπαμοιβίον, δαδάστον, δέκκλον, ἱμερῶν, κῆκον, κρᾶτερν, κῆκον, κλῆτον, λεπτόν, μέμμερον, πάλιντόν, πᾶντοῦν, περικαλλές, περικλῆτον, πῶν, πόλεμῶν, πόνηρον, φιλοδῶτον, χαλῶν, ἀκράντων, ἀργαλέων, ἀρετόν, μέγα, φίλον, πολέμω- κλῶν, ἀνήνυστον, ἀπέλευτητόν, ἀδμήστον, ἀπη- νές, ὀδόντων, τισχόν, δεινόν, θνητόν, δυσσέβες, γενναῖον, πάντολμόν, ἡσυχῶν, ἀδικόν, φάνερν, φόνιόν, μισῶν, εὐφάνες (Eur.), ἀμειλίχον, ἀφθιτόν, ἀνᾶπυστον, εὐσέβες, δεοτιγῆς, ἐνδοχόν, Βηρτεῖον, μουσῶπλον, μέγαλαυχές, δεινόν.

Ἐργόν. See above.

Ἐρδω. See Ἐρέω.

Ἐρέβενός, ἡ, ὄν, furvus, obscurus: dark, gloomy. N. 425. SYN. Σκιδνεῖος, ἔρεμνος.

Ἐρέβινθος, οὐ, δ, cicior: a kind of pulse, chick-pease. Eccl. 607.

Ἐρέσθιδω, orci tenebris abscondita scrutor: to explore Erebus. Nub. 192. See Διδάω.

Ἐρέσθς, εὐς et ὄθεν, τό, Erebus, orci tenebrae: Hell. Aj. 395. SYN. Σκιδνός, ὄφως, νύξ, Ἄδης.

Ερ. Κυανέον, μετὰ μάλιν, μελαμᾶδες. Pinn. Νεκρῶν κευθμῶν, μέλανειχθς δόμος Περσέφονος. See Ἄδης.

Ἐρέτινω, interrogor: to ask, interrogate. A. 233. SYN. Ἐράμαι, ἀνερῶν, ἐρωτῶ, ἐπερωτῶ, πυνθάνομαι, ἐλέγχεω.

Ἐρέθίζω, Ἐρέθω, laccio, irritor: to irritate, stir up, awake, alarm. P. V. 188. A. 519. SYN. Ἐριθμαίνω, λυπεῶ, πάροξινω, κινεῶ, παρὰ- θήγω, παροργίζω, προτρέπω, μηρόμαι.

Ἐρεθισμά, ἄτος, τό, irritamentum: provocation, irritation, excitement. Nub. 312.

Ἐρέθω. See Ἐρέθίζω.

Ἐρεῖω, Ἐρεῖωμαι, figo, firmo, fulcio, nitor: to fix, apply, direct, support, prop, embrace, press against, lean on. Eccles. 616. SYN. Ἐπερεῖω, διέρεῖω, ἐμπεῖω, ἀνταμειβόμεναι, ἐπικειμαι, σκληρίπτομαι, στήριζω, βαστάζω.

Ἐρείκη, ἡς, ἡ, erica: heath or broom. Theoc. 5. 64.

Ἐρέκω, frango, aro; frangor: to cause to break, split, rend, plough; to be broken. Hes. Scut. 287. SYN. Κάτερεκω, ἀγρυμῶ, δάω, κα- τάρω, ἡγνυμῶ, σχίζω.

Ἐρεῖς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, contentiosus: contentious. Theoc. 15. 50. SYN. Δοσιερίς, φιλονεικίος.

Ἐρείπιν, οὐ, τό, rudera, ruina: a fragment, heap, ruins. Aj. 308.

Ἐρείπω, everto, demolior: to overturn, demolish, destroy. O. 361. SYN. Ἐξείρω, κατ- ερείπω, κατὰβάλλω, κατὰσκάπτω, κατὰσπρέφω, διασπρέφω.

Ἐρεσμά, ἄτος, τό, firmamentum, fulcimen-

tum: a prop, support. Olymp. 2. 12. SYN. Βάθρον, κίων. Ερ. Αστυφεικτόν.

Ἐρεψίτοιχος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, muros dejiciens: demolishing walls, a subverter. Ἐρεψίτοιχοι, in Sept. Th. 880., answers to φίλων ἀπιστοί. SYN. Ανασπάρτης.

Ἐρεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, tenebrosus; terribilis: black, lowering; terrible. Heracl. 219. SYN. Ἐρέ- βενός, σκιδνεῖος, κελανός, ὀφθαλμός, φθέρως.

Ἐρέπτω, Ἐρέπτομαι, (1) tego, orno: to cover, crown; (2) edo: to eat, crop. Pyth. 4. 427. B. 776. SYN. Ἐρέφω, (2) ἐσθίω, ἐδομαι, βί- θρώσκω.

Ἐρέσω, remigo, impello: to row, urge with oars, ply. Pers. 1047. SYN. Κωπηλάττω, ἐλαύνω. Pinn. Κάπησιν ἄλδς ῥηγμῖνὰ δαλάσσης τύπτω, ἐμβάλλω κάπησιν, ῥοθίος εἰλατίνος δι- κρότοις κάπας πλέω ἐπὶ πόντιᾳ κύματι.

Ἐρέτης, οὐ, δ, remex: a rower. Vesp. 1097.

Ἐρέμης, οὐ, δ, et Ἐρέμᾶ, ὦν, τὰ, plur., re- mus: an oar. Κάρτεριν ἐπιστάτας Helen. 1266. SYN. Ἐλάτη, κάπη, πλάτη. Ερ. Ἀμειρῆτος, ἀντίπυος, δόδος, ἐξυστός, εἰλατίνος. Pinn. Νηὸς πτέρων.

Ἐρέμω, remigare cogo, remigio applico: to force to row, ply with oars. Μηδ' ἐρεμῶσαι χέρας Med. 4. See Ἰ. P.

Ἐρείγω, Ἐρείθωμαι, ἔρρηγγω, eructo; emitto: to belch; to send forth. Pyth. 1. 40. Cycl. 521. SYN. Ἀνέρείγω, ἐκβάλλω, βρύχωμαι.

Ἐρευθαλίω, ἀνός, δ, Ereuthalion: killed by Nestor. Δῶκε δ' Ἐρευθαλίωι H. 149. Ερ. Δῖος, πρόμος, ἰσοθέος φῶς.

Ἐρευθίεις. See Ἐριφρός.

Ἐρευθός, εὐς, rubor, pudor: redness, a blush. Mosch. 4. 2. SYN. Ἐρυσθῆμα, αἰδώς. Ερ. Γλυ- κέρων, ἑρμῶν.

Ἐρεῖω, rubefacio: to cause to become red, to colour, stain with blood. A. 594. SYN. Φοι- νίσσω, ἐκφοινίσσω, ἐρυθναίνω.

Ἐρευνά, as, ἡ, inquisitio, investigatio: a search, scrutiny, investigation. Οὐδ' ἦξας εἰς ἔρευναν ἐξευρεῖν γυνάς Ion 331. SYN. Ζήτησις, πείρα, ἐξετάσις, μάτη, βλαβάνος.

Ἐρευνάω, indagor, scrutor; conor: to trace out, search for, investigate; to attempt. Med. 1080. SYN. Ἀνέρευνάω, ἐξετάζω, ἐξερευνάω, διδάω, ἀναζητῶ, ἰχνεύω, μαστεύω, μετὰλλάω, κίνηγητῶ.

Ἐρέφω, ψω, tego: to cover, crown. Olymp. 13. 45. SYN. Ἐπείρεφω, κατέρεφω, στεγάζω, σκέπάζω, σκιάζω, πύκάζω, κάλυπτα, στεφώ, κοσμέω.

Ἐρεχθεῖαι, ὦν, οἱ, Erethei posteri, Athenienses: the posterity of Erechtheus, the Athe- nians. Eur. Sup. 397.

Ἐρεχθεύς, ἡς, εὐς, qui et dicitur Εριχθό- νιος, δ, Eretheus: a king of Athens and priest of Minerva. η. 81. Ερ. Ποικιλομητρίς, τὰχύ- σουλος, πληθιπτός, μεγάλητωρ, ακῶς.

Ἐρέχτω, scindo, macero, agito: to break, cleave, shatter, distress. ε. 157. SYN. Διὰ- κόπτω, Βάρυνω, σάλευω, τάρασσω, ἐλαύνω, ὀχλέω.

Ἐρείψω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui inservit contignationi: fit for roofs or covering. Πάν δ' ἐρείψω σπέργος Iph. T. 48. Blomfield wishes to retain the old reading ἐρείψω. Sept. Th. Gloss. 880. But see the notes on this passage in Priestley's new edition.

Ἐρέω, dico, nuntio, quæro: to speak, tell, an-

nounce, ask, consult. A. 76. SYN. Ἐξέρω, λέγω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἐπερωτῶ.

Ἐρημαζέσκω, in solitudine vagor: to wander in solitude. Theoc. 22. 35.

Ἐρημαῖος, α, ὄν, solitarius; privatus, orbatus: solitary, lone; deprived of, bereft. Mosch. 3. 21. SYN. Ἐρημός.

Ἐρημία, as, ἡ, desertum: a desert, desolation. Τὴν ἐμὴν ἐρημίαν Androm. 567. Ερ. Ορειᾶς, ἀυστάλεια, ποιησά, δολίχη, ἀγρῶνδος.

Ἐρημνός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, deserta incolens: dwell- ing in solitude. Apoll. 4. 1333.

Ἐρημνολίς, εὐς, ἡ, civitate orbata: bereft of citizenship. Troad. 605.

Ἐρημός, ἡ, ὄν, desertus, incultus, vacuus: de- serted, uncultivated, empty. K. 520. SYN. Ἐρημαῖος, χήρος, ὀρφανός.

Ἐρημός, vasto, destituo, derelinquo: to render desolate, leave exposed, withdraw from. Med. 89. SYN. Εκπορέω, ἀφάνιζω, μυνώω, χη- ρώω, κατὰλείπω.

Ἐρητῶ, inhibeo, reprimo: to withhold, re- strain. Ἄλλος ἐρητῶν ἐπέσσειν B. 75. In C. C. 164, the metre requires ἐρατῶν with u short. SYN. Κατέχω, ἐπίσχω, κωλύω, πρᾶναι.

Ἐρίαχην, ἐνός, δ, ἡ, cervicem elatam habens: high-necked, spirited. Ἐρίαχέως ἱππικος K. 305. SYN. Γαυρός.

Ἐρισοῖα, as, ἡ, Eriboea: the mother of Ajax, Μητρί τ' Ἐρισοῖα λέγω Aj. 570.

Ἐριρέμετς, et Ἐριρῶν, οὐ, δ, graviter fre- mens: loudly roaring, raging. Ζηνός ἐριρέ- μετς (ew, one long syll.) χαλῆπην N. 624. Hom. 6. 56. SYN. Τυφίρῶν, Βαρίρῶν, ἐρικτύος, ἐρίγδουπος, ἐρικλάγκτης, ἐριμαράγος, ἐρισφάραγος.

Ἐριρῶν, οὐ, valde mugiens: loudly bellow- ing. Ταῦρον ἐριρῶν (ew, one long syll.) μένως Theog. 832. SYN. see Ἐριμικός.

Ἐριβόλαξ, ἄκος, et Ἐριβώλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, glebo- sus, fertilis: having a rich or deep soil, fertile. Τάρνης ἐριβώλακος E. 44. Φ. 154. SYN. Εύ- καρπός, λιπαρός.

Ἐρίγδουπος, et Ἐριδούπος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, valde so- nans: loud-sounding. Ἐρίγδουποι ποδῆς ἱππων A. 152. G. 323. SYN. Ἐριρῶν, ἐριρέμετς, ηχίης, ἐρικτύος, ὑψιρέμετς.

Ἐριδαῖνα, Ἐριδμαῖνα, Ἐριδέωμαι, certo: to con- tend. Ἐριδαινέτον ὦδε A. 574. Π. 260. Ψ. 792. SYN. see Ἐρίζω.

Ἐριδυήτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, perquam noxius: very dangerous to. Agam. 1437. Alii autem li. I. habent ἐριδυήτος pro genitivo, ab ἐριδμῆς. Blomf.

Ἐριδούπος. See Ἐρίγδουπος.

Ἐρίζω, Ἐρίζωμαι, contendo; exaspero: to dis- pute, contend, rival; to exasperate. Ἐνὶ χώρῳ ἐρίζον περὶ ἰσθς M. 423. SYN. Ἀντρίζω, ἐριδαῖνω, ἐριδμαῖνω, ἐριδέωμαι, νεικέω, διαφέρωμαι, ἀμιλλᾶμαι, ἐναντιόμαι, λοιδόρεω, ἐπιμέμφομαι, ἀμισσητέω.

Ἐρίρη, πρὸς, Ἐρίρηος, α, ὄν, valde congruus; amabilis: well fitted and attached to; to be loved. Ἐρίρηας ἱταίρους ι. 100. Δ. 471. SYN. Ἐπιτήδεος, σπουδαῖος, θυμῆρης, προθυμῶς, ἐρά- τεινός, ἐπεραστός, ἀγαθός.

Ἐρίθηλς, εὐς, δ, ἡ, valde virens: very green, luxuriant, or blooming. Ἀνὴρ ἐρίθηλς ἐλαίης P. 53. SYN. Εὐθάλης, δαλέρος, τηλέθων, χλοέρος.

Ἐρίθω, οὐ, δ, opifex; agricola: a worker in wool; a labourer. Δειπνὸν ἐρίθωιν Ξ. 560. SYN. Εἰρικόμω, ἀησά, ἐργάτης, μισθωτός.

Ἐπικλάκτης, Ἐπικτύπος, ου, δ, ἡ, valde strepens: loud-sounding. Pyth. 12. 38. Hes. Θ. 441. SYN. see Ἐπιδρέμετος.

Ἐπικτύπος. See above.

Ἐπικυδής, εὖς, adobone gloriosus: very glorious. Ἐπικυδὲς ἱκέτο μέτρον A. 225. SYN. Κύδης, ἐνδοξός, ἀγαλός, ἀγαυός, ἀγέρωχος, ἀρίπρεπός, σεμνός, ἀγαλκτικός, ἐρίτιμος, φαίδιμος, ευδοκίμος.

Ἐπικύμας, ου, δ, ἡ, ad magnum numerum in utero conceptus: very prolific. Ἐπικύματά φέρματά Agam. 117.

Ἐπικύκος, ου, δ, ἡ, valde mugiens: loud-lowing. See Μυκάμαι. SYN. Ἐρίερχης, ἐρύμηλος, ἐρίγδουπος.

Ἐρινεός, οὐ, δ, caprificus: a wild fig tree. Τῷ δ' ἐν ἐρινεὺς ἐστὶ μ. 103. Ep. Hnέμεις, ευκαίτος, μάκρος.

Ἐρινός, υἱός, ἡ, Erinys, furia: Erinny; pl. the three Furies. Οὐκ ἂν με μισῶν ἀνέχοιεν' Ἐρινύων Orest. 575. The names of the three furies are contained in one hexameter line: Orph. Argon. 966: Τισίφονη τέ καὶ Ἀλεκτῶ καὶ διὰ Μεγαίρα. Blomfield, P. V. Gloss. 53., has satisfactorily shown that Ἐρινός, and not Ἐριννός, is the correct mode of writing this word. SYN. pl. Ευμηνίδες, Ἀλδαστόρες, δαίμονες, ποιναί. Ep. Στιγέρα, ἡρόφοιτος, φοινία, τάλανα, πόλυστονός, ἀπασθάλος, βλοσυράπις, πανδάματτω, διούρις, πολίμυς, στυνός, σπῆλις, οἰεῖα, καμψίπους, κρατέρω, ὀδρὺς, θυμὸς, σμερδαλέα, μύμων, ἀργάλα, ὀλεῖται, κύωντις, πόλυπους, πόλυχειρ, χαλκίπους, σεμνή, τάνυπους, αἶε παρθένος, δεινή, ἀπηνής, μεγάρωνος, δαρσινένης. Pn. Ἀδινός κρυπτόμενα λόχοι; σεμναὶ δὲων παῖδες; αἶε ὕρασαι πάντα τὰν βρύτοισι πάθω; αἰμάτων καὶ δράκοντάδεις κόραι; Γοργώπες, ἐνέρων ἱέραια, δειναὶ δέαι.

Ἐρίων. See Ἐρίων.

Ἐρίωνικός, more lanam vendentium: like a wool-seller. Ὅτι εἰσθῆκε πύαμον ἐρίωνικός Ran. 1386.

Ἐρίωνης, Ἐρίωνίος, ου, δ, valde utilis, epith. Mercurii: very useful. Hnθ' ἐρίωνης Δ. 322. T. 72. SYN. Πάγχρηστος, ὀνήσιμος, ἀγαθός.

Ἐρίπλευρός, ου, δ, ἡ, robustus: having strong sides, robust. Pyth. 4. 419.

Ἐρίπνη, ης, ἡ, cacumen: a summit, cliff. Πάρ-εξημειβὼν ἐρίπνας Apoll. 1. 581. SYN. Ἀπορῶξ, κόρυφῃ, κρημνός, ὄρος. Ep. Hnθ' αὐτός, πρόδελος.

Ἐρίς, ἐρίδος, ἡ; Ἐριμιά, ἄτος, τὸ, lis: strife; and (2) personified, the goddess of contention. Πολλὰς ἐρίδος ζυνέπαισε κλύδων Hec. 115. Δ. 38. SYN. Ἀγών, δῆρις, διάφορος, δίκη. Ep. Ἀργάλη, βέβρυθα, λαοσπύς, φίλη, θυμωδός, κακόμηχάνος, ἀπρηκτός, κρατέρω, ἀμφικεκτός, δυσδαίμων, στυγέρα, γυναικεία, δυσφρων, αἰνή, ἀλεγεινή, βαρεῖα, οὐλομένη, λευγάλα, ὀλοή, πικρά, χαλεπή, λυσσώσα, πόλυστονός, σχετλιά, φοιτάλα. Pn. (2) Νυκτός διγῆατην ἐρέβεννης; δεινή Ἐρίς, κρύσσουσα κλύδων ἀνδρῶν; ἀγινύ-εσσα δ' Ἐρίς μετὰ μαίμωνά; Ἀρεὺς ἀνδροφύνοιο κάσγιντῃ, ἐτάρῃ δέ; Ἡ τ' ὀλίγῃ μὲν πρῶτῃ κύρυσσεται, αὐτὰρ ἔπειτα οὐρανὸν ἐσθ' ἡρῆξε κάρη, καὶ ἐπὶ χθονὶ βαίνει; πόλεμοιο τέρας ἐπὶ χερσὶν ἔχουσα; Δεινὰ τίς Ἐρίς δέος.

Ἐρισθένης, εὖς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, valde potens: very powerful. Ἐρισθένης πύκινον δῶ T. 355. SYN. Κράτερὸς, μεγασθένης, ὑπερμένης, κρείων.

Ἐριμιά, ἄτος, τὸ. See Ἐρίς.

Ἐρισμάργος, ου, δ, valde tonans: loud thun-

dering. Αὐτὰρ Ἐρισμάργοιο Hes. Theog. 815. SYN. see Ἐρίερέμετος.

Ἐριστάφυλος, ου, δ, ἡ, magnas ferens uvās: bearing large grapes, rich, luscious. Οἶνόν ἐριστάφυλον ι. 358.

Ἐριστός, οὐ, de quo contenditur: to be contended for. Soph. El. 220.

Ἐρισφάργος, ου, δ, valde sonans: having a deep throat, loud-sounding. Ἀγνὸν ἐρισφάργον Hom. Merc. 187. SYN. see Ἐρίερέμετος.

Ἐρίτιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, pretiosus: very valuable, precious. Τρίποδων ἐρίτιμον Eq. 1016. SYN. Ἐντιμός, τιμὸς, βάρτιμος, ἐνδοξός.

Ἐρίφος, ου, δ, haedus: a kid. Θόῃν ἐρίφους τέ καὶ ἀρνας ι. 226. SYN. Ἀγρίδιον.

Ἐρίφυλη, ης, ἡ, Eriphyle: the wife of Amphiaras. Στιγέρῃ τ' Ἐρίφυλιν λ. 325.

Ἐριχθνίος, ου, δ, (1) aliter dictus Ἐρεχθεύς: another name for Erechtheus; (2) rex Dardania: a king of Dardania. Ion 21.

Ἐριώλη, ης, ἡ, (1) vehemens procella s. turbo: a hurricane; (2) apud Aristoph. jocose ἐριώλη dicitur vestis lanosa, quasi ἔριων ἀπὸ λέαινα, lanae perniciēs: the loss of the nap of cloth. Οὐκὼν ἐριώλην δῆτ' ἐχρῆν ταύτην κἀλεῖν Vesp. 1148. SYN. Κάταγυς, ἀελλὰ, τυφῶν, πνύχ.

Ἐριώπις, ἰδός, ἡ, Eriopis: the wife of Ajax Oileus. Γνωτὸν μητρὸς Ἐριώπιδος N. 697.

Ἐρκεῖος, Ἐρκίος, α, ὄν, septium vel aulam vel aram vel larem defensum; Jovis epitheton, quasi tutelaris, qui tutatur septa: defending the halls or enclosures, halls, altars, or families. χ. 334. Antig. 487.

Ἐρκίον, ου, Ἐρκός, εὖς, τὸ, septium, vallum, tectum: a hedge, enclosure, fortification, rampart, covering. Ἐρκίον αὐλῆς ι. 472. H. 211. SYN. Φράγιος, τεῖχος, δριγκός, ὀρκῶση. Ep. Αἰκινύων, Ἀρήϊον, κάτρηφές, καρτέρων, στίξαρων, ὀδρῶν, πύθνηκός, δόλιον. Pn. Ἐχρῶς ἐρκεῖον εἰργειν ἀμῶχον κύμα δαλδασσης.

Ἐρκίος. See Ἐρκεῖος.

Ἐρκός, εὖς. See Ἐρκίον.

Ἐριμιά, ἄτος, τὸ, fulcrum: confidentia; monile: a prop, support; confidence; a necklace. Δ. 118. SYN. Ἐργμιά, ἔρεισμα.

Ἐρμαῖος, α, ὄν, Mercurialis: of Mercury. π. 471.

Ἐρμῆας. See Ἐρμῆς.

Ἐρμείας. See Ἐρμῆς.

Ἐρμηνευμιά, ἄτος, τὸ, interpretation, monumentum: an interpretation, sign, token. Τάνδ' ἔρμηνευμῶν Phoen. 480. SYN. Τεκμήριον, μῆμα.

Ἐρμηνεύς, εὖς, ὁ, interpres: an interpreter, mediator. Iph. T. 1303. SYN. Ἱφρηγῆτης, ὑπὸφῆτης.

Ἐρμηνεύω, interpretor, demonstro: to interpret, explain. Ec. C. 398. SYN. Διάσπῃρος, ἐξηγέμαι, ὑπολαμβάνω, φωτίζω.

Ἐρμῆς, Ἐρμῆας, Ἐρμείας, ου, δ, Mercurius: Mercury, the fabled son of Jupiter and Maia, and the messenger of the gods. Ion 1599. Π. 333. Ep. Διάκτορος, Ἀργεφόντης, ἐριονίους, εὐσκόπος, ἐριονίης, χθονίος, ἀγλάος, Διὸς υἱός, παυκλόμητης, δολιμήτης, ἀνδραῖος, δόξος, κούμης, λαοσπύς, ἐμπόλας, δολίος, πομπάιος, εὐνίδος, Κολλήριος. Pn. Τόνδε τὸν Διὸς τρώχιν, τὸν τοῦ τυράννου τοῦ νέου διὰκτόρον P. V. 977., τὸν ὑπὸ τὸν Μαῖαδος γόνον Helen. 243.

Ἐρμιδίων, ου, τὸ, dimin. ab Ἐρμῆς, q. d. Mercuriolus. (Ab Ἐρμῆς effingi putes Ἐρμιῶν, inde

Ἐρμιδίων, contr. Ἐρμιδῖον): dear little Mercury. Ἀλσόμαλ σ' ὦ ρμιδῖον Pax 382.

Ἐρμιν, Ἐρμῖς, ἰνός, ὁ, fulcrum tori: a bed-post. Ἐρμῖν ἀσκήσας ψ. 198.

Ἐρμιόνη, ης, ἡ, Hermione: the daughter of Menelaus and Helen. Μενέλαος ἀγάγων Ἐρμιόνην Σπάρτης ἀπο Orest. 65. Ep. Ἀλκαῶν, ἐράτεινῃ. Pn. Εἰδὸς ἔχε χρυσῆς Ἀφροδίτης δ. 16.

Ἐρμῖς. See Ἐρμῖν.

Ἐρμιῶν, ἰνός, ἡ, Hermion: a city in the Peloponnesus. Ἐρμιῶν τ' ἔχει πόλιν Herc. F. 614.

Ἐρμῶκόπις, ου, δ, qui statuas Mercurii mutilat: a mutilator of the statues of Mercury. Τῶν Ἐρμῶκόπιδων μήτις ὑμᾶς ὀφείται Lysist. 1096.

Ἐρμῶς, ου, δ, Hermus: a river of Mysia. T. 392.

Ἐρῶς, εὖς, τὸ, planta, ramus: a young plant, branch, offspring. P. 53. SYN. Φύτον, δαλός, βλάστημα, κλάδος. Ep. Ἀσπετόν, χλοηφόρον, ἐπήρατον, ἐρίθλις, γνήσιον, περικαλλές, πορφύρεον, ἱερὸν, ὀλοφόρον, τέρην, χλοῖον, καλλίπετλον, τηλέαδον.

Ἐρῶεις, εὖς, ἔν, amabilis, venustus: lovely, beautiful. Hom. Merc. 31. SYN. see Ἐράτος.

Ἐρῶμαι, interrogo, inquirō: to ask, inquire. Herc. F. 182. SYN. see Ἐρωτάω.

Ἐρῶς, ου, δ; Ἐρῶς, εὖς, τὸ, Ἄολ. pro Ἐρως, amor, desiderium: love, desire. Eur. Elec. 297. Sapph. ap. Athen. p. 687. SYN. see Ἐρως.

Ἐρῶτις, vox Aelica pro Ἐορτή. Νύμφαις ἔρῶτιν ἔρῶτιν ὡς εὐδοξέ μοι Eur. El. 625.

Ἐρῶτιον, οὐ, τὸ, reptile: a creeping thing, reptile. Androm. 268.

Ἐρῶτω. See Ἐρῶτω.

Ἐρῶτυλλον, ου, τὸ, serpyllum: wild thyme. Pax 161. Ep. Νόμιον.

Ἐρῶτω, Ἐρῶτω, serpo; ποῦτ. vado; lente propagor: to creep; to walk, proceed, attack; to creep upon. Med. 1240. ψ. 225. SYN. Ἐφῆρτω, τένω, βαδίζω.

Ἐρῶω, Ἐρῶμαι, infelici auspicio eo; imper. abi in malam rem: to fail, disappear, go to a bad end, perish. Phoen. 633. SYN. Ἀπόλλιμαι, διαφθεῖρμαι, ἐξόλλιμαι, ἀπέρχμαι.

Ἐρῶω, Ἐρῶω, ης, ἡ, (1) ros: dew; (2) metaph. agnus tener, quasi humidus adhuc a matre: a young lamb. ν. 245. A. 53. SYN. (1) Δρόσος, νύκτις, ὀμίχλη, (2) αμνός. Ep. Ἀμ-ερόστιν, νύκτις, χλωρὰ, ἀνθόμεσσα, ἄφνειος, εἰ-ρίνη, ἀμπελδέσσα, ζειδωρός.

Ἐρῶσις, εντός, roscidus; tener: dewy; tender. Ω. 757.

Ἐρῶγγαω. See Ἐρεῖγγω. Cycl. 521.

Ἐρύμηλος, ου, δ, gravior boans: loudly roaring. Σ. 580. SYN. Ἐριμύκος, q. v. Ἐρύβαινω, i. q. Ἐρεῖθω, q. v. Ἐρύβαινέτω δ' αἰμᾶτί δῶρω φ. 21.

Ἐρύθεια, ας, ἡ, Erythia: the name of an island. Περὶ ῥιτῶν εν Ἐρύθειῃ Hes. Theog. 290.

Ἐρύθις, ἰδός, ἡ, Erytheis: one of the Hesperides. Πτελέη δ' Ἐρύθις ἔγεντο Apoll. 4. 1427.

Ἐρύθημα, ἄτος, τὸ, i. q. Ἐρενός. Φοῖνικ' ἐρύ-θημα πρόσωπον Phoen. 1502.

Ἐρύθια, erubescere: to blush. Αἰδοῖ ἐρυθ-ισσάν Musae. 161. SYN. see Ἐρεῖθω.

Ἐρύθρπος, πῶδος, ὁ, avis quaedam: a red-

shank, or pool-snipe. Νέρτος ἱέραξ φάττῃ κόκκυξ ἐρύθρπος κέεληπύρις Av. 304.

Ἐρύθρος, ἂ, ὄν; Ereuthreus, εὖς, ἔν, ruber: red. Πάρ᾽ τὴν Ἐρύθραν δαλαττῶν οἰμοι μηδαμῶς Av. 145. Apoll. 1. 724. SYN. Πυρρός, ξανθός, φοινικτός, δαφνοῦς.

Ἐρύκω, Ἐρυκάεω, Ἐρυκῶν, εὖς, coërcere: to keep off, restrain. Μὴ τοί μ' ἐρυκέ δρῶν Heracl. 691. E. 263. κ. 429. SYN. Εἰργω, ἀπείργω, κωλύω, κατέχω.

Ἐρύμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, tutamen, propugnaculum: a protection, barrier, bulwark. Διδωσὶν ἡμῖν ἐρύμᾶ πόλεμίας χεῖρος Med. 1319. SYN. Φύ-λάκη, ἀσφάλεια, τεῖχος, φρούριον, ἐχυρῶμα.

Ἐρύμανθις, ου, δ, ἡ, Erymanthus: of Erymanthus. Ἐρύμανθῖν τέ δῆρ' Ἀ Trach. 1099.

Ἐρύμανθος, ου, δ, Erymanthus: the name of a mountain and river in Arcadia. Περὶ μὴ κέτον ἡ Ἐρύμανθον ζ. 103.

Ἐρύμας, αντός, ὁ, Erymas: the name of two noble Trojans. Αὐτὰρ ἔπειτ' Ἐρύμαντᾶ Π. 415.

Ἐρυμνός, ἡ, ὄν, munitus; acclivis: fortified; steep, inaccessible. Helen. 68. SYN. Ἰσχυρός, ὑψηλός, ἀβάτος.

Ἐρυξ, υἱός, ὁ, Eryx: the name of a city and mountain of Sicily, on which there was a temple dedicated to Venus Erycina. Αἰκινέων τ' Ἐρύκα χρυσῷ Theoc. 15. 101.

Ἐρυσάρματός, ου, δ, ἡ, currum trahens: carriage-drawing. Ἐρυσάρματός ἱππικος O. 354.

Ἐρυσίπολις, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, custos urbis: guardian of the city. Ἐρυσίπολιν διὰ δέδωκεν Z. 305. SYN. Πόλισσός, πόλιούχος, βυσίπολις, πυργόφιλας, σωσίπολις, φιλόπολις. Pn. Ἀντήριος ἀμφίδας πόλιν.

Ἐρυσίχθων, υἱός, ὁ, Erysichthon. Ἐρυσίχθονι τεύχε πύργῳ Call. 6. 82.

Ἐρυστός, ἡ, ὄν, tractus: drawn. Aj. 730.

Ἐρύτος, ου, δ, Erytus. Δόλους Ἐρύτος καὶ Ἐχίων Apoll. 1. 53.

Ἐρύω, Εἰρύω, traho, distraho; custodio; med. obedio, servo, frusto, vito: to draw, pull, tear, distract; to guard, cover; to draw back; mid. to obey, observe, defend, rescue, frustrate, repress, avoid. Νεκρὸν ἔν' Ἀλάντος ἐρύειν Γ. 235. A. 216. SYN. Ἐλκω, ἀνελκῶ, σῶω, φύλασσω, σῶω, ἀμύνα, τηρεῖω, κωλύω, ἐλευθερεύω, κρατέω.

Ἐρχάτω, obsepio, occludo: to enclose, contain. Χάμαιενάδες ἐρχάτωνοντο ζ. 15. SYN. Εμφράττω, κάθειργω, κατὰκλειω.

Ἐρχόμεαι, 2. α. ἡλύθον et ἡλθον, venio, eo: to come, go. Iph. A. 1474. SYN. Βῆμι, πορεύομαι, πότινισσάμαι, παράγινόμεαι, βαίνα, βαδίζω, στείχω.

Ἐρωδῖος, οὐ, δ, ardea: a heron. Δεξιὸν ἦκεν ἐρωδῖον K. 274.

Ἐρῶω, fluo; cesso; inhibeo: to flow, flock; to cease; to stop from. P. 432. SYN. Ἱπέρωω, ὑποχωρέω, παύω, ἀμείλω, μένω, ἡσύχαζω, ἀπείργω.

Ἐρῶη, ης, ἡ, impetus; cessatio: attack, force; cessation. Δ. 542. SYN. Ὀρμη, ἀπατασίς, ἀνάκωχῃ. Ep. Ἀδάμαστος, ἀνυκτός, ἀγρίος, δρμεῖα, κρύβεσσα, ἡμερόεσσα, πύρεσσα.

Ἐρως, ωτός, ὁ, (1) amor: love, affection; (2) personified, Cupid, the god of love. Med. 8. SYN. (1) Ἐπιθυμία, πῶθος, ἡμέρος, εὐνοία, φί-λότης, φιλία. Fr. Ἀφροκτός, αἰδομένης, ἀκμά-τός, ἀγνός, ἀλγινός, ἀμύχανός, ἀργαλῆς, ἀνίπρος, ανός, ἀτηρῆς, ἀερέκωμος, ἀερός, ἀερό-



χίτων, βάθρυς, βορδολογός, βάρυμνις, γλῆκις, δεινός, δριμύς, δερμύς, δοῦρος, δράσους, ἀκόρητος, ἀφιδλακτός, ἀκίχρητος, μάλακός, μαργός, κοῦφος, κουφονύς, κριφύς, ιμερύς, ἀπαρηγόρητος, οὐλός, παρθένικος, ἀκοιμητός, ὀφύς, τέλεσφόρος, σῆχτιλός, ἀλγεῖνός, δειός, λάθρος, νυμφόκμοδος, κλέπτης, μειδίων, διελθίφων, πίκρος, πτηνός, τάνιπτερός, τοξόφορος, τοξότης, ἡρόφοιτης, ἀδμαστός. ΡΗΝ. Πυθαῖ Ἀφροδίτης γλῆκεια Iph. A. 69. — Μουσίκην δ' ἀρὰ ἔρωσ διδάσκει, κὰν ἄμουσός ἦν τὸ πρῖν Eur. fr. Sthen. 8. 1. — Ζῆγελί' ἔρωσ, μέγα πῆμα, μέγα στίγος ἀνθρώποισιν, ἐκ σέθεν οὐλομέναί τ' ἐρίδες στάνθαχαι τῇ, γδοι τῇ, ἀλγέα τ' ἀλλ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν ἀπερόνῃ τετρήσασθ' Apoll. 4. 446. Τοῖς γὰρ φιλόδητος ἔρωσ ὑπὸ καρδίῃ ἔλυσθαι, πολλὴν κὰτ' ἀχλὺν ομμάτων ἔχει, κλέψας ἐκ σέθεν ἀπᾶλὰς φρίδας Archil. 24. — (See also Eur. fr. incert. 165. Hipp. 520. 1269. Antig. 781. Av. 1737. Mosch. Idyll. 1.)

Ἐρωτάω, interrogo: to ask, interrogate. Orest. 1593. SYN. Ἀνέρωτάω, ἐτέρωτάω, ἐρώμαι, δέωμαι, ἐλέγω.

Ἐρωτῖδης, ἔως, δ, tenellus amor: a young Cupid or Love. Ἐρωτῖδεις δὲ μικροὺς Anacr. 33.

Ἐρωτικός, ἐτ Ἐρωτύλος, η, δν, amatorius: of Cupid, amatory. Theoc. 30. 36. Bion. 3. 10. Ἐρωτίς, ἴδως, η, amicus, scortillum: a mistress, harlot. Κῦανοφρον Ἐρωτίδης Theoc. 4. 59.

Ἐρωτύλος. See Ἐρωτίδης.

Ἐς, prap. See Eis.

Ἐσάγειρα, colligo, recupero: to gather in, collect, recover. Νέον δ' ἐσάγειράτ' ὅμιλον O. 240. SYN. Ἀθροίζμαι, ἀγείρω, συλλέγω, συνάγω, ἀνακτάμαι.

Ἐσάγω. See Eisάγω.

Ἐσαεί, Ἐσαιέρ. See Eisάεί.

Ἐσάκοντιζω, jaculor in: to shoot into. Eis ὀδῷ ἐσάκοντιζον Helen. 1587. SYN. Ἐσάκοντιζω, εισάλλομαι.

Ἐσάκουω. See Eisάω.

Ἐσάλλομαι. See Eisάλλομαι.

Ἐσάναγκάζω, ἀνω, impello: to compel, force in. Ἐσάναγκάει χωρὶς τε γένους P. V. 298.

SYN. Ἀναγκάζω, εισκίκελω.

Ἐσαυδός. See Eisάυδός.

Ἐσβαίνω. See Eisάβαίνω.

Ἐσβλέπω. See Eisάβλέπω.

Ἐσβόλῃ. See Eisάβόλῃ.

Ἐσδέρκομαι. See Eisάδέρκομαι.

Ἐσειδω. See Eisάσειδω.

Ἐσέπειτᾷ. See Eisάεπειτᾷ.

Ἐσέρχμαι. See Eisάέρχμαι.

Ἐσθῶ, irruo: to run or burst in. Av. 1169. SYN. see Eisτρέχω.

Ἐσθημά, ἄπος, ἔσθος, ἔς, τό; Ἐσθης, ἦτος, ἡ, vestis, vestimentum: a garment, clothing, robe.

Soph. El. 268. Q. 94. Alcest. 1069. SYN. Πέπλος, χλαῖνᾷ, φάρος, χίτων, ἱμάτιον, ἀμπεχόνη.

Ερ. Ἰφάντων, φεινών, μάλακων, κἀλδων, λεπτοῦργες, μέλιν, διστόφωνα, φοινικώσπατον, δύμορτον, ναυόφρον, ἀργυφές, πόλυχρυσον, πομφίρον, δεσπετιδών, πόλιντιμνόν, πένθιμον. ΡΗΝ. Στολμός χρυσός Androm. 148. Ψυχρὸν εὐδιών φάρμακον αὐρὰν Olymp. 9. 146. See also Pyth. 4. 140.

Ἐσθῆς. See Ἐσθημά.

Ἐσθιω, ποῖτ. Ἐσθω, comedo; consumo: to eat; consume. Οὐκ ἔσθιος ἦσθιον Cycl. 233. ε. 197.

SYN. Κάτεσθω, ἐδομαι, ἐπιστίζομαι, δαίνυμαι,

βιβρώσκω. ΡΗΝ. Σίτον πάσῃν Q. 641. Δημήτηρος ἀκτὴν πάσῃν Φ. 76. Δάματρος ἀκτὴς δέμας ἄγρον ἰσχειν Hipp. 137.

Ἐσθλός, η, δν, bonus; utilis; fortis; peritus; dives; celeber: good, desirable; useful; brave; clever; wealthy; distinguished. Helen. 1212.

SYN. Ἀγαπήτος, ἀγαθός, ἀφελίμους, ἀνδρείος, κρᾶτερός, παύσιος.

Ἐσθρέω, insilio: to leap upon, assault. Sept. Th. 450. SYN. Eisπηδάω.

Ἐσθός. See Ἐσθημά.

Ἐσθω. See Ἐσθῆς.

Ἐσίζω, insidere facio: to invest, place in (as an ambuscade). Πρῶτον ἐσίζηται λῶχον ἀνδρῶν N. 284. SYN. Κάθιζω, κάθιστημι.

Ἐσκάλεω, intro voco: to call in or within. Εσκάλεσάσθ' τῶν Theoc. 2. 132.

Ἐσκόμζω, importo: to bring in. Χόρτον δ' ἐσκόμζαι Hes. Op. 605. SYN. Eisάγω, ἐπάγω, εισφέρω.

Ἐσλεύσσω, adspicio: to look upon. Aj. 265.

SYN. Ἀποβλέπω, ἐπίβλεπω, εισδέκμαι, δειδύμαι.

Ἐσμός, οῦ, δ, apum examen; copia quævis, multitudo: a swarm of bees; a swarm, crowd, abundance. Bacch. 699. SYN. Σμήνός, πληθός, εὐπρόια. Ερ. Δύσμάχος, ἐχέφρων, δῆιός, δρᾶσις.

Ἐσοικέω, incolo: to dwell within or in. Call. Ep. 3. SYN. Ενοικέω, κάτοικέω, ἐνοίω.

Ἐσοικίζω. See Eisοικίζω.

Ἐσοπτόμαι. See Eisόπτομαι.

Ἐσόρᾳ. See Eisόρᾳ.

Ἐσοπτῶν, ον, τὸ, speculum: a mirror. Anacr. 11. 3. SYN. Ἐσπτῶν, κάτοπτρον. Ερ. Χρύσῶν, διαγνῆς.

Ἐσπῆρη, ης, ἡ, Hespera: one of the Hesperides. Apoll. 4. 1427.

Ἐσπῆρδες, ον, αἱ, Hesperides: the daughters of Hesperus, the brother of Atlas. Ἐσπῆριδων ἐπὶ Hipp. 739, answering to ἀλῆσταις ὑπὸ. Ερ. Λιγύφωνοι. See Hes. Theog. 215.

Ἐσπῆρις, Ἐσπῆρις, α, δν, vespertinus: of the evening, evening, western. Ἡ Ἐσπῆριον ἀνθρώπων δ. 29. p. 191. Ἐσπῆρις is always an adjective; and wherever it seems to be a substantive, a substantive is always understood.

Ἐσπῆριτης, ον, δ, incolæ Hesperidis, oppidi Libya, postea Berenices dicti: an inhabitant of Hesperis. Callim. Ep. 38. 3. i long, as in ὀδῖτης.

Ἐσπῆρος, ον, δ, Hesperus, stella Veneris: the evening star. Ion 1149. Ερ. Μελᾶς, χρυσῆς, ἑωσφόρος, φωσφόρος. ΡΗΝ. see Apoll. 4. 1629.

Ἐσπόμεαι. See Ἐσπόμεαι.

Ἐσπῶν, (1) ἦνός, δ, rex: a king, sovereign. Call. I. 66. SYN. Βασίλειος, sc. τῶν μέλισσων; ἡγεμῶν.

Ἐσπόμενος, cum impetu; confestim; studiosus: with impetuosity, rapidly, eagerly. Εσπόμενος Ἐκτωρ δὲ Γ. 85. SYN. Σπουδαίως, τάχως, πρὸς ὅμιλος, ἐπισπρόσθην.

Ἐσπῆκος, ξω, sto: to stand. Lysist. 634.

SYN. Ἰσταίμαι, δῖα μένος, ἐμμένω.

Ἐστία, Ἐστία, ἡ, focus; domus: a hearth; home. Ἐστία κατεσκάφη Hec. 23.

(1) "Ἐστία ex his vocabulis est, quæ Eustathius, II. Γ. monitus λέγει vocat: quæ semel tantum ab aliquo auctore usurpata sunt. Ita Æschylus βαλὺν, τὸν βασιλῆα. Unde et apud Plutarchum ἐστὶ πρὶν ποταμῶν, ὅρος βαλῆαν, τῶν ποταμῶν, βαλῆαν. Ita Indica lingua dicitur regem significat." Vulcan. in l.

ξ. 159. SYN. Εσχαρά, οικία. Ερ. Πάνοιζος, μάκαρ, πόθεν, Πυθόματις.

Ἐστίαμα, ἄπος, τὸ, epulum: a feast, entertainment. Θεοῖσιν ἑστιάματα Iph. T. 388. SYN. Δαίτη, δειπνόν, ἐλαπίτη.

Ἐστῖω, agito convivium; domo excipio; celebrato: to give an entertainment; entertain; celebrate. Ἐστῖα γάμος δὲ Herc. F. 481. SYN. Εὐαχέω, δαίνυμι, τρέφω, ευφραίνω.

Ἐστῖοιχός, ον, δ, ἡ, tutularis: tutelary, domestic. Androm. 282. See above.

Ἐστῖα, ἴδως, ἡ, adj., domestica: domestic. Trach. 955. See above.

Ἐστωρ, ὄρος, δ, clavus temonis: an iron bar or peg fixed through the extremity of the pole of a chariot, which by means of a ring inserted on each side fastened it to the yoke; a ring-bolt. Q. 272.

Ἐσφέρω. See Eisφέρω.

Ἐσφῆρα, infero, intromitto: to bring in, introduce. ζ. 91. SYN. see Eisφέρω.

Ἐσχάρος, ας, ἡ, Ἐσχάρεω, ἄνός, δ, focus, ara: a hearth, altar. Δεξιμῶν ἐσχαράν Androm. 1127. Theoc. 24. 48. SYN. Ἐστία, Ερ. Πυθική, βορέα, πλατεῖα, βώμιος, ἀγνή, σεμνή, παντὶδης, λιπαρόθρονος.

Ἐσχάτια, ἄς, ἡ, finis, extremitas; solitudo: an end, extremity; solitude. Νῦν μὲν ἴσως γὰρ τὸν ἐσχατῆα Philoct. 144. SYN. Ἄκρον, πέρας, τὸ ἐσχάτων, ἐρημία.

Ἐσχάτων, in extrema parte sum: to be at the extremity or to be last. Ἐλοῖ ἐσχατῶντα K. 206. SYN. Τηλοεἰπόμεν, πλανῶμαι.

Ἐσχάτος, ἡ, δν, ultimus: the last, extreme. Γυναῖκες αὐ τῶν ἐσχάτων Hipp. 375. SYN. Ἰστιάτος, πάντοστος, πῦματός, νεῖατος, τέλευτατός.

Ἐσω, Ἐσωθῆ, Ἐσωθῆν, adv. et prap., intra: within. Phoen. 270. Heracl. 42. Cycl. 514.

SYN. Eisω, ἐνδόν, ἐνδοθῆ.

Ἐταίρα, ας, Ion. Ἐταῖρη, ης, comes, amica: a companion, mistress, courtizan. δ. 99.

Ἐταίρεα, Ἐταίρια, ας, ἡ, societas, amicitia: company, fellowship, confederacy. Σῆς ἑταίρειας ἄτερ Orest. 1071. Aj. 692. Porson seems inclined to reject the reading Ἐταίρια. See his note on Orest. 1071. SYN. Κοινωνία, φιλία, δῖμοιαι.

Ἐταρείος, α, δν, sodalitus; meretricius: pertaining to companions; to mistresses or harlots. Hom. Merc. 58.

Ἐταρεῖω, prostituo me: to prostitute oneself. Pax. 11.

Ἐταρεία. See Ἐταρεία.

Ἐταρίζω, Ερ. Ἐταρίζομαι, sodalem reddo; sodalis fio: to adopt as a companion; to associate. Call. 335. N. 456. SYN. Βήθεω, συνέργω.

Ἐταίρος, Ερ. Ἐταίρος, ον, δ, ἡ, comes, amicus: a companion, friend. Helen. 598. E. 165. SYN. Σύνδρος, σύμμαχος, κοινωνός, φίλος, ἑτης, σύνθακος, συγκιναγός, ἐπιτήδεος, ἑραστής, ἐπῆτης, f. πόρη. Ερ. φίλος, ἐρίπρος, ἐσθλός, εὐκνήμις, πάριος, πιστός, τέτιμνος, ἀμύροχίτων, ἀπῆμων, ἐπαρτής, κάρηκίμων, ἀμύμων, ἀπιστός, ἑτης, ἀγγεῖμος, ἀντιθεός, λυγρός, ὑπέρθυμος, πόλιντιμνος, f. λιγύφρονος, θυμῆρης, ἐπᾶντιμνος, μισθόφρος.

Ἐταρίζομαι. See Ἐταρίζω.

Ἐταρός. See Ἐταρός.

Ἐταρός, α, δν, ἐτῆριος, ον, δ, ἡ, annuus, anniversary: yearly, from year to year, for a

Pros. Lex.

year. Agam. 2. Apoll. 2. 525. SYN. Ἐπῆτιος, ἐνιαυτός.

Ἐτεοκλής, α, δν, ad Eteoclem pertinens: of Eteocles. Βῆς Ἐτεοκλήης Δ. 386.

Ἐτεοκλῆς, ἔδς, δ, Eteocles: one of the two sons (1) of Œdipus. Ἐτεοκλῆ μὲν τὸν δ' ἐπ' εὐνοία χθονός Sept. Th. 1009.

Ἐτεοκλός, ον, δ, Eteocles: one of the seven commanders against Thebes. (2) Ἐτεοκλόν δαλον χρηστότητ' ἡσκηότα Eur. Sup. 874.

Ἐτεοκρητῆς, ων, οἱ, vere Cretenses: genuine Cretans. Εν δ' Ἐτεοκρητῆς μεγάλῃ τ. 176.

Ἐτέον, vere: truly. E. 104. SYN. see Ἐτέον.

Ἐτέραλκῆς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, qui alteri parti adest: dubius, anceps: preponderating on the other side; doubtful, dangerous. Θ. 171. SYN. Ἐτερορρήπης.

Ἐτερήμερος, ον, δ, ἡ, alternis diebus: on alternate days. λ. 302.

Ἐτεροζήλος, alieno animo: with an estranged mind. Ἐτεροζήλος διεβάσασθ' μοῖραν Hes. Theog. 544.

Ἐτερόπνους, ον, δ, ἡ, alternatim flans: alternately blowing. Ἐτεροπνούς ἐν αὐαῖς Anacr. 49. 6.

Ἐτεροπορπός, ον, δ, ἡ, ex altero humero fibulatus: having a robe fastened by a clasp from one of his shoulders. Call. fr. 225.

Ἐτερορρήπης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, in alteram partem inclinans: inclined to either side, equally inclined, impartial. Æsch. Sup. 408.

Ἐτέρως, α, δν, alter, alteruter, diversus: another, one another, opposite. Hec. 684. SYN. Ἄλλος, ἀλλοῖος, δ μὲν, δ δέ.

Ἐτερότροπος, ον, δ, ἡ, alius modi, diversus: of a different kind. Thesm. 724.

Ἐτερόφωνος, ον, δ, ἡ, aliam vel diversam edens vocem: using a different language, foreign. Sept. Th. 156. SYN. Ἀλλόθροδος, ἀλλόφωλος.

Ἐτέρωθεν, Ἐτέρωθεν, Ἐτέρωθεν, diversa ex parte: on the other or opposite side. A. 247. E. 351. δ. 306. SYN. Ἀλλόθεν, ἄλλω, ἐξ ἐναντίας.

Ἐτέρως, aliter, secus: otherwise, differently. a. 234.

Ἐτέρωσέ. See Ἐτέρωσέ.

Ἐτῆς, ον, δ, socius; civis: a companion, friend; citizen. I. 460. SYN. Ἐταίρος, πόλιτης.

Ἐτήσιος. See Ἐτήσιος.

Ἐτήμιος, ον, δ, ἡ, verus, verax: true, very true. Ἡσθ' ἄρ' ἀλλ' ἔτήμιος Orest. 1684.

SYN. see Ἀληθής.

Ἐτηνίμως, vere: truly, infallibly. Τῆν δ' ἐμὴν ἐτηνίμως Alcest. 1143.

Ἐτί, adhuc, amplius, quietiam, jam nunc: still, moreover, besides, even now. Κἔτι μάλ' ἢ λέγω Hec. 661.

(1) Sophocles (C. C. 1936) makes Eteocles the younger. But it is more probable that he was the elder, as Euripides represents him, Phoen. 63; else there seems no sufficient reason why he should have held the kingdom before his brother Polyneices.

(2) The seven commanders posted against the seven gates of Thebes in the war between Eteocles and Polyneices were, Tydeus, Hippomedon, Parthenopæus, Eteocles, Polyneices, Amphiaræus, and Capaneus. Adrastus is one of the seven pointed out by the Παιδαγωγός to Antigone on the walls of Thebes, as engaged in the war, and the name of Eteocles is omitted. But Euripides in the Supplices gives the names of the commanders as stated above, and agreeing with Sept. Theb. We may therefore conclude that Adrastus intrusted his share in the command to his subject Eteocles.



ἔτηρσις, ἔως, ἡ, trulla qua puls hauritur: a ladle. Δεῦρδ τὴν ἔτηρσιν Acharn. 245.  
ἔτνος, ἔς, τὸ, puls e leguminibus elixis: pease porridge, broth. Χύτρας ἔτνος ἐφουσίν Eccles. 845.  
ἔτομάζω, ἄω, paro: to prepare. Alcest. 374. SYN. Εὐτρέπίζω, κάτασκευάζω.  
ἔτομός, ἡ, ὄν, promptus, paratus: ready, prepared. 2. 96. SYN. Πρόχειρος, πρόθυμος, μέμψω, τάχως, ευχέρης.  
ἔτος, temere, sine causa, frustra: at random, without cause, in vain, to no purpose. Eccl. 244. SYN. Μάτην, ἄλλως, ἐτάσι, μαψιδίως, ἀβώς.  
ἔτιμός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, et ἡ, ὄν, verus: true, certain. Ω πατέρ ἄρ' ἐτιμός γε Pax 114. SYN. see Ἀληθής.  
ἔτῳς, vere: truly, certainly. Orest. 1352. See above. SYN. ἔτηρμος, ἔτεόν, ἀληθώς, ἀτρέκως, νημερές, ὄντως.  
ἔτωσιεργός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, laboris fugitans: lazy, indolent. Οὐ γὰρ ἔτωσιεργός ἄνθρωπος Hes. Op. 409. SYN. Ἀεργός, ἀδράνης.  
ἔτῳσιος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, inanis, inutilis: ineffectual, fruitless. 2. 256. See above. SYN. Μάταιος, ἀχρηστός, ἀνήνους, ἀπρακτός.  
Εὐ, bene: well, happily, prosperously. Iph. T. 560. SYN. Κἄλως, ὀρθώς, ισχυρώς, χρησίμως.  
Εὐαγγελίζομαι, ἰσθῆναι, laeta nuncio: to bring or tell good tidings. Equit. 640.  
Εὐαγγέλιον, οὐ, τὸ, laetus nuncius; primum quod ob laetum nuncium datur: good tidings; reward given for good tidings. Εὐαγγέλιον τοῦδε τίσω 2. 166. Εξ. Ἀγῶνις ἀγγέλιος δῶρον, κτήρημα. ΠΡΗ. Μῖθος κάλλιστος.  
Εὐαγγέλιος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui fausta annunciat: bearing good news, of good news. Med. 1006.  
Εὐάγω, sanctus sum: to be holy or pure. Αὐτὸς δ' εὐάγεμαι Theoc. 26. 30. SYN. Εὐσεβέω.  
Εὐάγιος, sancte, pure: sacredly, purely. Εὐάγιος ἱερὰ ἀνὰ Apoll. 2. 701. SYN. Ἀγιός, ὁσίως, καθάρως, ἄνους.  
Εὐάγης, ἔς, δ, ἡ, sanctus: holy, pure, pious. Καὶ εὐάγεσσιν ἄδοιμ Theoc. 26. 30. SYN. Ἀγνός, καθάρως, ὁσίως, εὐσεβής, ἄγιος.  
Εὐαγγιτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, clarus, fulgidus; alii, facile circumcirca ductus: clear, bright; others say, easily carried about. "Fluit ab ant. ἡγεῖν, unde ἡγεῖσθαι, ἡγγιός s. ἡγγιός, &c." Toup. Δροσέραν φύσιν εὐαγγιτοὶ Nub. 276. SYN. Εὐφωρίτος, φωρητός.  
Εὐαγκάλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ulnis facile gestandus: easy to be handled. Ἀχθός οὐκ εὐαγκάλον P. V. 358.  
Εὐαγκεία, as, ἡ, convallis: a vale, valley. Πίνδου ἂν εὐαγκείαν δ' Call. 6. 82. SYN. see Ἀγκός.  
Εὐαγκής, ἔς, δ, ἡ, leniter declivis: forming a fine valley, gently sloping. Nem. 5. 84.  
Εὐαγγόρη, ἡ, ἡ, Evagore: one of the Nereids. Λεῖαγγόρη τὴν καὶ Εὐαγγόρη Hes. Theog. 257.  
Εὐαγγόρια, as, ἡ, fausta precatio: friendly address, congratulation. Σὺν τ' εὐαγγόριᾳ σὺν τ' εὐγῶσι Call. 6. 139. SYN. Ἐπίχαρμα, φίλοφροσύνη.  
Εὐαγγόσια, as, ἡ, felicitas in captura: success in capturing or hunting. Εὐαγγόσια τὴν καὶ ὁδον Theoc. fr. Beren.  
Εὐάγρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, felix in captura: fortunate in capturing. (E. C. 1089. See Ἄγρα. SYN. Ἀλώσιμος.

Εὐάγων, ὠνός, in certamine bene versans; bene certatus: one who combats well; well contested. Nem. 10. 71. See Ἄγων.  
Εὐάδνη, ἡ, ἡ, Evadne: the wife of Capaneus. Eur. Sup. 995.  
Εὐάδω, Εὐάδω, Εὐάδω clamo: to cry Εὐάδω, celebrate the rites of Bacchus, revel. Ἀερδῶν ἐπέων εὐαδῶντων Antig. 1134. Cycl. 493. I in εὐάδω brevis, ut in εὐάδω.  
Εὐαῖς, ἔς, δ, ἡ, salubriter spirans; qui bene a ventis perflatur: blowing favourably; exposed to a favourable wind. Philoct. 828. The α, as in ἀκραῖς. SYN. Ηνέμεις, εὐημέως.  
Εὐαθλός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, bene certans: illustrious in combat, brave. Isthm. 6. 2. See Ἄθλος.  
Εὐαλ, Εὐολ, Εὐαν, Εὐοῖ, vox bacchantium: the bacchanalian cry. Εὐολ εὐολ εὐαλ Lysist. 1294.  
Εὐαμῶνιδης, οὐ, δ, filius Evæmonis: the son of Evæmon. Ευριπίδης δ' Εὐαμῶνιδης E. 76.  
Εὐαίμων, ὠνός, δ, Evæmon: the father of Eurypylus. B. 736.  
Εὐαίρητος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, laude dignissimus: most deserving of praise, highly celebrated. Pyth. 4. 314.  
Εὐαίον, ὠνός, δ, (1) Evæon: Evæon; (2) item adj. felix: leading a happy life, happy. Μετὰ τοῦτον Εὐαίον δ' δεξιότατος Eccles. 408. Iph. A. 550. SYN. (2) Εὐδαίμων, μάκρ.  
Εὐαίως, felicitate: happily. Brunk dat Εὐαίως ἐπὶ νικί' εὐαλ in Eccles. 1173: at Bekker legit Εὐαλ ὡς ἐπὶ νικί' εὐαλ εὐαλ. Et unde derivari potest εὐαίως?  
Εὐακῶς, Dor. pro Εὐηκῶς, cum benevolentia audio: to listen favourably. Aesch. Sup. 125. SYN. Εὐνῶς, αἰσθάνομαι.  
Εὐαλδός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, Dor. pro Εὐηλδός, a sole calefactus: warmed by the sun, sunny. Hipp. 128.  
Εὐαμερία, as, ἡ, Dor. pro Εὐημερία, diei felicitas, successus: happy days, prosperity. Isthm. 1. 55. SYN. Εὐδία, αἰθρῇ, εὐδαίμονια, ευπραγία.  
Εὐαμέρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, Dor. pro Εὐημέρος, prosper, felix, mansuetus: fortunate, happy, serene, gentle. Av. 1322. SYN. Εὐτυχής, γάληνος, ευμένης, ἡμέρος.  
Εὐάν. See Εὐαλ.  
Εὐανδρία, as, ἡ, copia fortium virorum; virilitas, virtus: abundance of brave men; manly conduct, valour. Οὐδὲν εἰς εὐανδρίαν Eur. El. 367. SYN. Ηνέρεα, ἡγανδρία, ανδρία, εὐανδρία.  
Εὐανδρός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, fortes viros habens: full of brave men, brave. Nub. 300. SYN. Πόλυανδρός, εὐήνωρ, ἡγανήνωρ, ανδρείος.  
Εὐανέμος, Dor. pro Εὐηνέμος, q. v.  
Εὐανθής, οὐ, δ, ἡ; Εὐανθής, ἔς, δ, ἡ, (1) bene floridus: very florid, blooming; (2) Evanthes: Evanthes. Olymp. 1. 109. Nub. 998. and (2) 1. 197. SYN. Εὐαλῆς, ανθέμεις, πάλυανθής.  
Εὐανδρία, as, ἡ, fortitudo: superior manliness or courage. Herc. F. 407. The α, as in στύγανω. SYN. see Εὐανδρία.  
Εὐαντάω, ἡσω, facilem me praesto: to meet favourably, to second. Call. 3. 268. SYN. Ἰλμῶ, ἱλῶς vel ευμένης ἔχω.  
Εὐαντής, ἔς, δ, ἡ, facilis accessu: easy to meet, affable, propitious. Apoll. 4. 148.  
Εὐανήω, i. q. Εὐήνωρ, q. v. Nem. 10. 66. The α, as in στύγανω.  
Εὐαρκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui facile regitur: manage-

able, tractable. Pers. 198. SYN. Ἰππικῶς, ευπειθής.  
Εὐαρίστος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, curru agendo praestans: skilful in driving chariots, renowned for chariots. Pyth. 2. 9. See Ἀριά, ἄρως.  
Εὐάρμοστος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, aptus, commodus; concinnus: well fitted, suitable to; neat. Eur. Elec. 702. SYN. Εὐθέτος, ἀρμόδιος, ἐπιτήδεος.  
Εὐάρωτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, aratu facilis; bene aratus: easily ploughed; well ploughed. Εὐάρωτοδ γῆας Apoll. 2. 810.  
Εὐασμά, ἄτος, τὸ, vociferatio bacchantium: a bacchanalian shout. Bacch. 128. SYN. Θρίαμβός, ἀλάλαγμός, δόλολυγή.  
Εὐάχρητος, Dor. pro Εὐήχρητος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, valde sonans, canorus: loudly echoing, tuneful. Hipp. 1268.  
Εὐδᾶτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, pervius: easy to pass, passable. P. V. 743. Ba, as in Ἀδᾶτος. SYN. Εὐδῶρος.  
Εὐδοία, as, ἡ, Euboea: an island, now called Negropont. Τὴν Εὐδοίαν διδῶσιν Vesp. 715. SYN. Ἀεαυτίς. Ερ. Ναυσικλέτη, ἱερὰ, χαλκῶδης, κοιλὸς Εὐδοίας μυχός.  
Εὐδοίς, Εὐδοίς, ἱδός, ἡ, Euboica: of Euboea. Eur. El. 442. Trach. 242.  
Εὐδύλως, prospero jactu: with a lucky throw. Choeph. 684.  
Εὐδύς, Εὐδύς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, abundans bobus: abounding in oxen. Hom. Apoll. 54.  
Εὐδύτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, bene pastus; pascuis plenus: well fed; abounding in pastures. o. 405. SYN. Εὐνύμις.  
Εὐδύτρως, ὄς; Εὐδύτρως, οὐ, δ, ἡ, pulchros habens racemos: having fine clusters, rich in grapes. Philoct. 548. Anacr. 18. 18. SYN. Βοτρυόεις, βοτρυώδης.  
Εὐδουλία, as, ἡ, bonum consilium; prudentia: a wise measure; prudence. Ζηλῶ σὲ τῆς εὐδουλίας Acharn. 1008. SYN. Ἐπιφροσύνη, φρόνησις, συνέσις.  
Εὐδουλός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, consultus, prudens: well advised, prudent, cautious. E. C. 947. SYN. Πόλυδουλός, δαίφρων, συνέτος, φρονίμος, πινύτος, πεπνυμένους.  
Εὐγαθής, ἔς, Εὐγάθητος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, Dor. pro Εὐγηθής, Εὐγηθής, laetus, jucundus: joyful, pleasant, delightful. Herc. F. 792. Iph. T. 212. SYN. Τερπνός, ἡδὺς, ἀγαστός.  
Εὐγενεία, as, ἡ, nobilitas: noble birth, nobility. Ὅς δὲ λιπεῖν σὲ φέγγος ἡγέμεναι δέ Orest. 943. SYN. Γενναῖος, εὐδοξία, τὸ γενναῖον, τὸ ευγενές.  
Εὐγένης, et Ion. Ηἰγένης, ἔς, δ, ἡ; et Εὐγένης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, nobilis, praestans: nobly born, noble, illustrious. Helen. 1677. Hom. Ven. 94. Androm. 747. SYN. Γενναῖός, εὐδοκίμος, εὐεθέρος, ἀριστογόνος, ἀριστοδιδόκος, ανδρείος, ευπατρίδης.  
Εὐγένως, generose, liberaliter: generously, liberally, nobly, bravely. Cycl. 201. SYN. Γενναῖος, ανδρείως, εὐεθέρος.  
Εὐγηθής, Εὐγηθής. See Εὐγαθής, Εὐγάθητος.  
Εὐγηρός, ὄς, δ, ἡ, vocalis: melodious. Εὐγηρὶν ἰφοπλίζητ' ἐς ἄγωνα Opp. A. 5. 617. SYN. see Εὐγλωσσός.  
Εὐγήρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cui beata senectus obtingit: of a happy old age. Call. Ep. 41.  
Εὐγλωσσία, as, ἡ, recte loquendi facundia, suavis loquendi: sweetness or eloquence, or

sweetness in speaking. Εὐγλωσσῶν δὲ πολλὰς Eur. fr. Alex. 3. 2.  
Εὐγλωσσός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, facundus: sweet-tongued, harmonious, eloquent. Aesch. Sup. 782. SYN. Εὐφρογγός, εὐφωνός, εὐγηρός, εὐστόμιος, μελίγηρος, μελίφθογγός, καλλιφθογγός, ἡδύεπης, στωμύλος.  
Εὐγῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, votum, precatio: gloriatio: a vow, prayer; a boasting. Call. 6. 139. SYN. Ευχή, εὐχός, καύχημα.  
Εὐγναμπτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, flexibilis: flexible. Κληῖδιν εὐγναμπτοῖς ἀράρνια σ. 298. SYN. see Ευκαμπής.  
Εὐγναμῶνως, candida: justly, fairly. Eur. fr. Phryx. 5. SYN. Ἀρεσκόντως, ευούλως.  
Εὐγνώμων, ὠνός, δ, ἡ, æquus, candidus: just, fair. Theoc. 14. 61. SYN. Εὐφρων, εὐνός, εὐβουλός, ἐπεικής, ἄπλδός.  
Εὐγνώστος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui facilis est cognitu: easy to be known, remarkable. Orest. 1392. SYN. φανέρως, δηλός.  
Εὐγνομός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, bene congmentatus clavis: well nailed. Iph. T. 1286.  
Εὐδαμῶνως, beatus sum, beate vivo: to be happy, to live happily. Eur. Sup. 281. SYN. Εὐτυχέως, ευθέτως, ευμείρως, κάλως, εὐ, ευτυχῶς πράττω.  
Εὐδαμῶνία, as, ἡ, felicitas: happiness, prosperity. Μεγᾶλαι μεγᾶλων ευδαμῶνία Iph. A. 590. SYN. Ὀλβός, ευτυχία, ευπραγία, ευπραξία, ευεστῶ, ἀγαθὴ τύχη.  
Εὐδαμῶνίως, beatum existimo: to account as happy, to congratulate. Troad. 270. SYN. see Μακάριζω.  
Εὐδαμῶνως, Εὐδαμῶνικῶς, fortunate, felicitate: fortunately, happily. Orest. 594. Pax 856. SYN. Εὐτυχῶς, δεξιῶς, μακάριως.  
Εὐδαίμων, ὠνός, δ, ἡ, beatus: happy, fortunate. Med. 1225. SYN. Ὀλβίος, ευτυχής, ευπτόμιος, ευπραγής, ολβιόδαίμων, ευλόβιος, μακάριος, πολυσιός.  
Εὐδακρυτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, defensus: to be wept for. Οὐχ ἥσσον ευδακρυτὰ μοι λέγεις τὰδε Choeph. 175. SYN. Ἀριδάκρυτος, πολυδάκρυτος, ἀξιόθρηνος.  
Εὐδείελος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, bene ad meridiem vel occasum solis situs: exposed to the south or west, sunny, conspicuous. Ἡ πού τις νήσος ευδείελος ν. 234. Εξ. Εὐ πρὸς δέλτην κεκίμενος, ευδελός. SYN. Αἰθριός, εὐδός, ευδελός, ἐπιφανής.  
Εὐδειπνός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, bonis epulis instructus: well furnished with viands, sumptuous. Med. 203. SYN. Εὐθουός.  
Εὐδενδρός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, arboribus bene consitus: abounding with large trees, well shaded. Iph. T. 134.  
Εὐδελός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, manifestus: very evident. Pers. 1007. SYN. Ἀριδελός, δηλός, κατάφανος, ἐπιφανής, αἰθριός.  
Εὐδία, as, ἡ, serenitas: serenity. Androm. 1134. See Εὐδιᾶω. SYN. Αἰθρη, γάληνη, νηέμια.  
Εὐδιανός, ἡ, ὄν, serenus, tepidus: calm, genial, warm. Olymp. 9. 146. Et in Pyth. 5. 12. pro ευδιανός, recentiores legunt ευδιανός, cui respondet ευχός ἡδη. SYN. Εὐδός, ἀλεξανέμειος.  
Εὐδιᾶω, tranquillum sum, tranquillitate fruor: to be quiet, to enjoy tranquillity. Ελευσόμεθ' ευδιῶντες Apoll. 1. 424.  
Εὐδικία, as, ἡ, observantia juris et æqui et moris: the fair administration of justice, strict

justice. *Ευδικίας ἀνέχρησι* τ. 111. *SYN. Δίκη, δέμης, Ερ. Εράτειν.*

*Εὐδῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, serenus, tranquillus: calm, tranquil. Πρὸς πλὴν εὐδία πάντα* Theoc. 22. 23. *SYN. Αἰθρῖος, εὐδείλως, γάληνος, ἀκύμαντος. Εὐδμήτος, ου, δ, ἡ, bene ædificatus: well built. Χερμάδιοισιν εὐδμήτων ἀπὸ πύργων* M. 154. *SYN. Ευποήτος, εὐτρυκτός.*

*Ευδοκίμω, bene audio, clarus sum: to be renowned or illustrious. ΑΛΛ' ὁ μὲν ευδοκίμειν* Theoc. 587. *SYN. Κλεῖμα, ἐλλαμπρύνθαι, ευδοξέω.*

*Ευδοκίμω, ου, δ, ἡ, probatus, laudatus: approved, distinguished. Heracl. 621. See above. SYN. Επαίνετος, ὑποδεκτός, γνώριμος, εὐδοξός, γυναιξός.*

*Ευδοξέω, celebror sermone hominum: to be signalised or celebrated. Rhcs. 496. SYN. see Ευδοκίμω.*

*Ευδοξία, as, ἡ, celebratas: celebrity, glory. Τῆς τ' ευδοξίας* Troad. 645. *SYN. Εὐκλεία, ευφημία. ΡΗΛ. see Nem. 4. 6. and Nem. 7. 16.*

*Εὐδοξός, ου, δ, ἡ, celebrer, honorificus: celebrated, signal, honourable. Med. 593. SYN. 'Ενδοξός, ευκλέης, ευπρέπης, ἐξαίρετος, ἐρικυδής, ευδοκίμω.*

*Ευδράχης, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, in videndo promptus: quick in seeing, wakeful. Philoct. 847. The α, as in δράκων.*

*Εὐδρόσος, ου, δ, ἡ, pulchre roscidus: abounding with dew. Iph. A. 1516.*

*Εἴδω, εὐδῶ, dormio: to sleep. B. 24. SYN. Κἀθεῖδω, κοιμῶμαι, δαρῶμαι, ηρέμω.*

*Εὐεῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, decenter vestitus: well robed. Καὶ ευεῶνος Δημήτηρ* Mosch. 4. 75. *SYN. Ευεῖωμος, εὐπτεπλός, καλλιπτεπλός, ἄερόχιτων, εὐζωνός.*

*Εὐεδρός, ου, δ, ἡ, firmas præbens aut tenens sedes: giving or keeping a firm seat. 'Τλας εὐεδρὸν ἐς Ἀργώ* Theoc. 13. 21. *SYN. 'Εδραίος, βεβαῖος, ἐχέρος.*

*Εὐθεῖρα, as, ἡ, pulchras comas habens: beautiful-haired. Κλῆθ' μεν γέροντος ευθεῖρά χρυσοπέπλε κούρη (ditroch. tetram. acatalect.)* Anacr. 115. *SYN. Ευπλόκαμος, ηἰκόμος.*

*Εὐειδής, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, speciosus: fair to behold, beautiful. Helen. 1539. SYN. Εὐμορφός, ευσχήμων, ευπρέπης, κάλως, περίκαλλής, ἀρπρέπης, τεθάλουα, εἶδος ἀρίστη, ἱκέλη χρυσοῦ Ἀφροδίτη.*

*Εὐεῖλος, ου, δ, ἡ, aprieus: sunny. Phoen. 685. SYN. Προσήλιος, ευδιανός.*

*Εὐεῖωμος, οὐδ, δ, ἡ, bene vestitus: well clothed. Pers. 186. SYN. see Ευεῶνος.*

*Εὐεῖρος, Εὐέρως, ου, δ, ἡ, bonam habens lanam: of fine wool. Οἶος ευεῖρω πόκω* Trach. 688. *Av. 121.*

*Εὐελπίς, ἰδός, δ, ἡ, bene sperans: hoping well, sanguine. Εὐελπίς ἐμὲ τάνδε* P. V. 518.

*Ευεξία, as, ἡ, bona corporis habitudo: a good or healthy state of body. Ζαρκός eis ευεξίαν* Eur. fr. Antio. 7. *SYN. 'Υγιεία.*

*Εὐεξόδος, ου, δ, ἡ, facilem exitum habens: having an easy egress. Pers. 696.*

*Εὐεπεία, as, ἡ, fausta compellatio: facundia: kind salutation; eloquence. (E. R. 932. A short, as in ευεπεία. SYN. Ευγλωσσία. Ερ. Εράτη, φρένδεληγής.*

*Ευεργέσια, as, ἡ, beneficentia: obligation, kindness, an act of benevolence. Ευεργέσιας ἀποτίβω* χ. 235. *SYN. Χάρις.*

*Ευεργετώ, benefacio: to do good, to be kind, assist. Helen. 1407. SYN. Εὐ ποίω, εὐ δρῶ, χαρίζομαι.*

*Ευεργέτης, ου, δ, fem. Ευεργέτις, ἰδός, ἡ, beneficus, benefica: a benefactor, benefactress. Herc. F. 1300. Iph. A. 1446. SYN. Εὐεργός, εὐ ποίω, φίλανθρωπος.*

*Ευεργής, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, bene fabricatus; active, qui bene facit: well-wrought; active, beneficent. Ω. 396. SYN. Εὐτρυκτός, ευδμήτος, ευεργέτης.*

*Ευεργός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ap. Hom. active notat, et de feminis tantum usurpatur, idque in bono sensu: (1) officio suo bene fungens: one who does his duty well; (2) benefactus: well done. o. 421. SYN. (1) Ευεργέτης, ἐπιδέξιός, σάφρων, (2) ευεργής.*

*Ευερκής, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, bene septus aut munitus: well enclosed or fenced. φ. 389.*

*Ευερής, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, virens; dumosus: flourishing; bushy. Iph. T. 1101. SYN. Ευθάλης, ευμήκης.*

*Εύερös. See Εὐερίος.*

*Εὐεστός, ου, δ, ἡ, bonam domum habens: having a fine seat or mansion. Εὐεστίε χαίρε μὲν αὐτῇ* Call. 4. 325.

*Ευεστά, ὁδ, ἡ, felicitas, animi tranquillitas: a happy state, tranquillity of mind. Agam. 938. SYN. Ευδαμνία, ευτυχία.*

*Εὐέτης, ὁδ, ἡ, annuorum proventuum fertilitas: a fruitful season, abundance. 'Οφρά τις ενεῖται χαίρει* Arat. Diosem. 5. 358.

*Εὐζυγός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene junctus; bona transtra habens: well bound; having good benches for rowers. Καὶ νῆες εὐζυγοὶ* ρ. 288. *SYN. Εὐσελμός.*

*Εὐζωά, as, ἡ, bona et beata vita: a happy life, prosperity. Pyth. 4. 233.*

*Εὐζωνός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene cinctus: well girt. I. 586. SYN. Εὐαίτρός.*

*Εὐζωρός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene merus: very pure. Alcest. 767. SYN. Ἄκρατος.*

*Ευηγέτης. See Ευγής.*

*Ευηγέσια, as, ἡ, bonus ductus, bona administratio: a happy reign or government. Εξ ευηγέσιος ἀρετῶσι* τ. 114. *SYN. Ευδαμνία.*

*Εὐήθης, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, simplex, stultus: simple, foolish. Androm. 623. SYN. Ἄπλως, μωρός, ἀνοήτος.*

*Ευηθία, as, ἡ, simplicitas, imperitia: simplicity, folly, stupidity. Ευηθία κατ' οἶκόν* Hipp. 635. *SYN. Αἰσουλία, μωρία, σκαίδης, ἄπλότης.*

*Ευηθικός, simpliciter, fatue: simply, foolishly. 'Ὡς ευηθικός* Eccl. 520. *SYN. Αἰσούλως, ηλίθιος, ἀνοήτως, ἀφράδεις.*

*Εὐήκης, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, valde acutus: well pointed, sharp. X. 319. SYN. Οξυτάτος, εὐήκητος, θηκτός, πέριμήκης.*

*Ευηλάκτος, ου, δ, ἡ, colus tractandæ peritus: skilled in the management of the distaff. Theoc. 28. 22. See Ηλάκτι.*

*Ευηλῖως, claro sole: with a bright sun. Eumen. 909.*

*Ευημέρεω, vitam felicem dego, vigeo: to live happily, to flourish. (E. C. 616. SYN. Ευθέρω, ευτυχέω, εὐ ζῶ, ευθέρω, αυζῶ.*

*Ευημέρια. See Ευαμέρια.*

*Ευημέρος. See Ευαμέρος.*

*Εὐηνέμος, ου, δ, ἡ, ventos habens prosperos, tranquillous: having favourable winds, quiet. Androm. 747. SYN. Ευδιανός, οὐρίος, ευαής, κάλως.*

*Ευηνία, ης, ἡ, Evenina. Καλλισφύρου Ευηνίης* 1. 553.

*Ευηνόρια, potius Ευανόρια, q. v.*

*Ευηνόριδης, ου, δ, Evenorides: the son of Evenor. Τηλέμαχος δ' Ευηνόριδην* χ. 294.

*Εὐήνρος, ου, δ, Evenus: a river in Ætolia; also the name of a man. Trach. 568. B. 693.*

*Εὐήνωρ, ὁδ, δ, ἡ, virilis; viriles seu strenuos faciens: manly; strong. v. 19. SYN. see Εὐανδρός.*

*Εὐήρατος, ου, δ, ἡ, valde amabilis: very lovely, well-beloved, sweet. Pyth. 9. 15. See Παλῦ-ήρατος. SYN. Παλῦήρατος, ἐπὶήρατος, ἐπέραστος, ἐράτεινός.*

*Εὐήρετός, ου, δ, ἡ, bonis remis instructus: furnished with good oars. (E. C. 716. See Εῤετός.*

*Εὐήρης, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, ad remigandum aptus: adapted to rowing. λ. 124. SYN. Ευχέρης, εὐτρυκτός.*

*Εὐήρης, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, bene sonans, sonorus: sounding well, sonorous. Call. 4. 296. Hipp. 1272. SYN. Ευκλεῖδης, ηχέης, ἐριδου-πός, εὐφωδός, ευρημνός.*

*Εὐθαλασσός, ου, δ, ἡ, navibus gaudens vel præstans: rejoicing or excellent in ships. (E. C. 710. See Θαλασσά.*

*Εὐθάλης, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, floridus: flowery, blooming. Anacr. 64. 19. See Θαλός. SYN. Ευερής, τεθνηλός, τηλεθλός, χλωρός, ἄερός.*

*Εὐθάνατος. See Ευθνήσιμος and Θῶνάτος.*

*Εὐθαρσέω, bono sum animo: to be of good courage. S. Theb. 34.*

*Εὐθαρσής, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, fiducia præditus: of good courage, courageous. Hom. 7. 9. SYN. Εὐ-τομός, ευήνωρ, ευκαρδός, ἀδής, δρᾶσός, πρόθυ-μος.*

*Εὐθαρσῶς, cum fiducia; audacter: with good confidence, confidently. Æsch. Sup. 257. SYN. Θαρσάλλεως, δρᾶσεως.*

*Εὐθέρνω, prospero successu utor: to be successful. Eum. 906. SYN. Ευδαμνέω, πλουτέω.*

*Εὐθέρτις, concinne dispono: to dispose well, set right. Hes. Theog. 539. SYN. Κοσμέω, διατάττω, συναρμώζω, συσκευάζω, συντίθημι, συμπλέκω.*

*Εὐθέτος, ου, δ, ἡ, appositus, aptus: well arranged, fit, orderly. Agam. 431. SYN. 'Αρ-μυδῖος, ευποήτος, ευστάλης.*

*Εὐθηλῆς, εὐδ, δ, ἡ, elegans: elegant, beautiful. Pyth. 9. 128. SYN. Εῤιθήλης.*

*Εὐθῆλος, ου, δ, ἡ, mammosus, uber: full of milk, exuberant. Iph. A. 579.*

*Εὐθυμῶσιν, ης, ἡ, concinna rerum dispositio: just order or arrangement. Ευθυμῶσιν γὰρ ἀρίστη* Hes. Op. 467. *SYN. Τάξις, ευταξία, κόσμος, εμμελεία.*

*Εὐθυμων, ἴνδ, δ, ἡ, (1) qui recte disponit, vel (2) disponitor: arranging or arranged well. Choeph. 78. SYN. (1) Ὑπνέτης, (2) ευποήτος, εὐθέτος, ευσχήμων.*

*Εὐθρατός, ου, δ, ἡ, facilis venatu; felix in venando: easily hunted or gained; successful in hunting. Οὐκ ευθρατός εὐτυχία* Æsch. Sup. 90. *SYN. Ευλάδης, ευκόλως.*

*Εὐθνήσιμος, Ευθνήσιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, facilem mor-tem adferens: causing an easy death. Αἰμῶτων ευθνήσιμον* Agam. 1264. *Menand. fr.*

*Εὐθύνος, ου, δ, ἡ, splendidis epulis instructus: of a splendid banquet. Choeph. 251. Exp. Κάλην ευυχίαν* ἔχων. *SYN. see Εὐδαιμόνως.*

*Εὐθρίγκος, ου, δ, ἡ, pinis conspicuus: strongly embattled. Helen. 70.*

*Εὐθρία, τρίχως, bene comatus: long-maned. Νεκρὸν ευθρίχας ἡλᾶσάν ἴππους* Ψ. 13. *SYN. Εὐθρίχως, ευκόλως, ευπλόκαμος, καλλιθρία, καλλι-τρίχως, κατὰσδοτρίχως, χαίτηεις.*

*Εὐθρόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, pulchrum thronum habens: well enthroned. ζ. 48. SYN. Χρυσόθρονος.*

*Εὐθός. See Ευθός.*

*Εὐθῶγλωσσός, ου, δ, ἡ, veridicus, probus: one who speaks in a straightforward manner, ingenuous, true, honest. Pyth. 2. 157. See below. SYN. Ἀληθινός, ἀψευδής, ἄπλως, ἐπεικής.*

*Εὐθδικός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui secundum rectos justitiae canones res administrat: impartial in judging. Οἶκον δ' ἀρ' ευθδικον, in Agam. 736., corresponds to πομπὴ Διὸς ξένιου. SYN. Δίκαιος, ἐπεικής.*

*Εὐθυμάχης, ου, δ, ἡ, qui recta in aciem pro- dit, fortis: brave, valiant. Olymp. 7. 27. See below and Μάχη. SYN. Ἀρτίος, ἀγῆνωρ, μένε-πτόλεις.*

*Εὐθυμένης, εὐδ, δ, Euthymenes. Ἐπ' Ευθῶ- μένους Ἀρχόντες οἰοί τῶν δρᾶμῶν* Acham. 65.

*Εὐθυμῶ, bono vel propitio animo sum: to be kindly disposed, cheerful or merry. Cycl. 527. See below. SYN. Φιλόφρονιεύμαι, φίλικός ἔχω, ευφραίνομαι.*

*Εὐθυμία, as, ἡ, lætitia, alacritas: joy, alacrity. Olymp. 2. 63. See below. SYN. Πρόθυμία, ευεστός, χαρά.*

*Εὐθυμός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui est bono et hilari animo: kind-hearted, cheerful, ready, pleasant. Εὐθυμὼν* εστὶν ευτυχίης Æsch. Sup. 966. *SYN. Πρό- θυμός, πρόφρων, φαιδρός, φιλόφρων, εὐνός, ευγνώμων, εὐφρων, ευκαρδός, ευμένης, ευθυ-φρων.*

*Εὐθύμως, alacriter: cheerfully, readily. Agam. 1582. See above. SYN. Πρόθυμός, ἐτοιμός, φαιδρός.*

*Εὐθύνη, ης, ἡ, disquisitio, accusatio, poena: an examination into the accuracy of accounts, scrutiny, action brought against a magistrate for misconduct in his office, punishment. Τρέμων* τῆς ευθύνης ἀποδῶσαι Vesp. 571. *SYN. Εξετάσις, ἐγκλημῶ, δική, τιμωρία.*

*Εὐθύνης, Ευθυνητής, οὐ, Ευθυντήρ, ἥρδ, δ, director, corrector: a ruler, director, corrector. Εστὶν ευθυνος βροτῶν* Eumen. 273. *Eur. Sup. 452. Theoc. 40. I have not been able to meet with an instance decisive of the quantity of Εὐθύνος in the penult. The word occurs only twice in Æschylus, viz. in the passage quoted above, and in the Persæ 833. The quantity is here assumed to be long on the authority of various scholars. SYN. Δικαστής, κίθερ-νήτης.*

*Ευθυντήρια, as, ἡ, locus in puppi, ubi foramina sive cava erant, in quibus δ ευθυντήρ ver- sabatur, aut ipsis his cavis nomen illud fuit: the orifice through which the rudder passed. Iph. T. 1356.*

*Ευθυντής. See Εὐθύνος.*

*Εὐθύνα, ἰνώ, dirigo, gubernao, expedio: to direct, govern, pilot, expedite. Pyth. 1. 88. SYN. Ἀπευθύνα, ἰθύνα, κατ'ἐλέγχω, ορθῶς, ἐξ- ἐτάζω, ῥυθμίζω.*

*Εὐθύπνοος, ου, δ, ἡ, recta flans in eam re- gionem: blowing in a right direction, favourable. Nem. 7. 43. The υ, as in ὑπνός.*

Ευθύπομπός, ου, δ, ή, recta ducens via: conducting in a straight line. Nem. 2. 9. See Ευθύδικός.  
 Ευθύπρόω, recta procedo: to proceed in a direct course. Olymp. 7. 166. See Ευθύδικός.  
 Εύθυρος, ου, δ, ή, thyrsi frondibus ornatus: adorned with the thyrsus. Bacch. 1156.  
 Ευθύς, εἴα, ὅ, rectus: right, straight. Ευθείαν ἢ πεφύκαμεν Med. 385. SYN. Ορθός, φάνερός, δικαίος, ἀφυστός.  
 Ευθύς, Ευθύ, statim: immediately. Ευθύς ου πρὸς ἡδονάς Eur. Sup. 892. Batrach. 156. SYN. Πάραντικὰ, πᾶραχρημὰ.  
 Ευθύτομος, ου, δ, ή, in rectum sectus: cut straight, levelled. Pyth. 5. 120. See Ευθύδικός.  
 Ευθύτομός, ου, δ, ή, in rectitudinem extensus: straight or tight. Olymp. 10. 76. See Ευθύδικός.  
 Ευθύφρων, ὄνός, δ, ή, benevolus: kindly intentioned. Eumen. 1032. T, as A in ἄφρων. SYN. see Ευθύμους.  
 Ευιάω. See Ευάω.  
 Εύιος, α, ὄν, Evius: Bacchanalian. Καλὸν γυναιξὶν Ευίασι Phoen. 666.  
 Εύιππός, ου, δ, ή, praestans habens equos; equitandi peritus: having excellent horses; skilled in riding. CE. C. 710. SYN. Ἰππιδότης.  
 Ευκαίριος, ου, δ, ή, peropportunos: very opportune, convenient. CE. C. 31. SYN. see Καίριος.  
 Ευκάματος, ου, δ, ή, facilem laborem habens: easily laboured or performed. Bacch. 66. See Κάματος.  
 Ευκαμπής, εὖς, δ, ή, bene flexus: well bent. φ. 6. SYN. Εὐγναμπτός, γναμπτός, πουλδέλικός, εὐστρεπτός.  
 Ευκαρδίας, ου, δ, ή, magnanimus: noble-hearted, courageous. Τῇ περίσῃ ευκαρδίᾳ Hec. 577. SYN. Ευδαρής, δρᾶσός, κράτερός, ἀγῆνωρ, εὐφύχος, πρὸθυμός.  
 Ευκαρδίας, bono animo, fortiter: cheerfully, firmly. Hec. 547. See above. SYN. Πρὸθυμός, ευφύχος.  
 Ευκαρπεῖα, as, ή, frugum ubertas: a plentiful harvest. Troad. 219. A, as in Ευμάρειά. SYN. see Θέρπς.  
 Ευκαρπός, ου, δ, ή, perquam fertilis: very fruitful. Aj. 680. SYN. Καρποφόρος, ἀγαδοκαρπός, πυρρόφορος, ἐρίσωλός, ζείδωρος.  
 Ευκαῖτός, ου, δ, ή, bene fissus: well cleft. Κέδρου τ' ευκαῖτοιο ε. 60. SYN. Σχιστός.  
 Ευκελάδης, ου, δ, ή, bene sonans; sonorus: sweetly sounding. Ευκελάδων τέ χόρων Nub. 312. SYN. Εὐμουσός, ἡδύφωνός, ἡδύς.  
 Ευκέρᾶς, ου; Ευκέρως, ω et ὠτός, bene cornutus: having fine or long horns. Βοτῆρᾶς ευκέρων τ' ἄγρων Aj. 297. SYN. Ευκραιρός.  
 Ευκλήγειρά, as, ή, placatrix: an appeaser. Hes. Op. 462.  
 Ευκλῆδης, ου, δ, ή, quietus, mitis: placid, quiet, silent. Iph. A. 644. SYN. Ἠσυχός, πρῶτος.  
 Ευκλῆως, quiete: quietly. Apoll. 2. 859.  
 Ευκλῶν, ὄνός, δ, ή, pulchras habens columnas: having fine columns. Ion. 184. See Κλῶν.  
 Ευκλῆς, ποιῆ, Ευκλῆς, εὖς, δ, ή, gloriosus: glorious, illustrious. Alc. 959. K. 281. SYN. Ἀγακλῆς, ὠδοξός, εὐδοξός.  
 Ευκλειά, as, ή, splendor nominis, gloria:

glory, renown. Ευκλειά δ' οἷς μὲν εστ' ἀλήθειας ἀπὸ Androm. 321. SYN. Δόξα, κλέος, ευδοξία. Ep. Εὔαρενός, κυδιανειρά.  
 Ευκλείω, εἶσω et εἴσω, celebro: to celebrate, render illustrious. Pyth. 9. 162. SYN. Κλέω, κλείω, καλλύνω.  
 Ευκλείης. See Ευκλής.  
 Ευκλείας, Ευκλέως, gloriose: gloriously. Εὐκλείας πρὸ πύλῃος X. 110. Alcest. 303. SYN. Ευδόξος.  
 Ευκλήϊς, ἡδός, bene clausus: well bolted. Ἀνέρος αφνειοῦ εὐκλήϊς ἀράρια Ω. 319. SYN. Κλειστός, ασφάλῃς.  
 Ευκλωστός, ου, δ, ή, bene nendo ductus: well woven. Hom. Apoll. 203.  
 Ευκνημῖς, ἰδός, bene ocreatus: well greaved, well booted. Ἀλλοὶ εὐκνημῖδες Ἀχαιοί A. 17. SYN. Εὐσπλῆς.  
 Ευκοινοῦμίς, ἰδός, cum populo consilia communicans: provident, patriotic. Aesch. Sup. 708. See Μῆτις.  
 Ευκόλδης, ου, δ, ή, qui non est stomacho fastidiosus: facili: easily satisfied, not fastidious; easy. Ran. 82. SYN. Ευπότης, ευμάρης, ευχέρης, πρῶτος, ῥάδιος.  
 Ευκομπός, ου, δ, ή, valde sonans: high sounding. Troad. 153.  
 Ευκόσμητος. See Ευκοσμός.  
 Ευκοσμία, as, ή, decentia: decorum. Θαῦμ' ἰδὲν ευκοσμίας Bacch. 692. Ευπρετεῖα, κόσμος, κάλλος, τὸ πρῆπον.  
 Ευκοσμός, Ευκόσμητος, ου, δ, ή, bene ordinatus, concinnus: well arranged, orderly. Pers. 487. Hom. Merc. 384. SYN. Ευθέτος, ευσχίμων, εὐστόλδης, κομῆς.  
 Ευκόσμως, concinne, recte: neatly, orderly, regularly. φ. 123. SYN. Κοσμίως, κατὰ κόσμον, κάλως.  
 Ευκραής, εὖς, δ, ή; Ευκρας, ἄτος, temperatus: well-tempered, moderate, gentle. Νῆα δ' ευκραῖς ἀνέμος Apoll. 4. 891. Eur. fr. Antiop. 41. Ἀκραφνής.  
 Ευκραίρος, α, ὄν, bene cornutus: large-horned. Βουσίην ευκραίρῳν δπηδεῖ Hom. Merc. 209. SYN. Ευκέρως.  
 Ευκρας. See Ευκραής.  
 Ευκράτης, ου, δ, Ευκρατες. Equit. 254. See Κράτος.  
 Ευκρεκτός, ου, δ, ή, bene seu pulchre strepens: sweet-sounding. Apoll. 4. 1193. SYN. see Ευήχης.  
 Ευκριβός, ου, δ, ή, bonum habens hordeum: having fine barley, full of corn. Ἀ δαίμων ευκριβόν Theoc. 7. 34.  
 Ευκρίτος, ου, δ, Eueritus. Καὶ Ευκρίτος εἰς τὸν Ἄλυστα Theoc. 7. 1.  
 Ευκρίτος, ου, δ, ή, facili judicatu: easy of decision. Οὐκ ευκρίτον τὸ κρίμα Aesch. Sup. 402.  
 Ευκροτήτος, ου, δ, ή, malleo bene induratus: well hammered, finely wrought. Antig. 430.  
 Ευκρυπτός, ου, δ, ή, celatu facilis: easy to be concealed. Agam. 606.  
 Ευκραῖος, α, ὄν; Ευκτός, ή, ὄν, qui prece vocatur, votivus, optatus, optabilis: invoked by prayers, votive, wished for, desirable. Πάτροθεν ευκραία φάτις Sept. Th. 841. Heracl. 459. SYN. Ευχῆς ἀξίος, ἐνεκτός, πδλῶτιμος.  
 Ευκτέανός, ου; Ευκτήμων, ὄνός, δ, ή, bene instructus possessionibus, dives: having fair possessions, opulent. Τὰς ευκτέανους κατὰ κλήρον

Pers. 895. Nem. 7. 135. SYN. Πλούσιός, ευδαίμων.  
 Ευκτήμων. See above.  
 Ευκτιμένος, η, ὄν; Ευκτιτός, ου, δ, ή, bene aedificatus: well built. Ευκτιμένας τέ Κλέωνός B. 570. 592.  
 Ευκτιτός. See above.  
 Ευκτός. See Ευκταῖος.  
 Ευκύκλος, ου, δ, ή, rotundus: well rounded, round. Ἀντιππηδός ευκύκλον Ion 1390. SYN. Εὐτρύχος.  
 Ευλαδῆα, Ion. Ευλαδίη, ης, ή, cautio, circumspexio: caution, circumspection, fear, anxiety. Ἠὺλαδῆα τῶν ποιουμένων (Ed. C. 116. ALL' ευλαδῆαν οἶδα Herc. F. 165. Theogn. 118. SYN. Ἐννοῖα, φύλαχ, ευσεβεία, φρόνους.  
 Ευλαδέωμαι, vereor, caveo: to be cautious, careful, afraid. Eur. Sup. 335. See Λαδῆ. SYN. Φυλάσσομαι, ἐξάλυσσω, φύγω, φρόνῃμαι.  
 Ευλαδέστωρ, cautius: more cautiously. Iph. T. 1376. See above. SYN. Φρόνιμος, ασφάλως, ευτόχως.  
 Ευλαδίη. See Ευλαδῆα.  
 Ευλείμων, ὠνός; Εὐλείμος, ου, δ, ή, bona prata habens: abounding in fine pastures. δ. 607. Bacch. 1082.  
 Εὐλεκτρος, ου, δ, ή, nuptii idoneus: fit for the marriage-bed. Trach. 515.  
 Ευλή, ης, ή, vermis: a worm, maggot. X. 509. SYN. Σκώληξ. Ep. Ποικίλη, ευκινήτος.  
 Εὐλῆρα, ὠν, τὰ, habena, lora: reins. Ψ. 481. SYN. Ἠνία.  
 Ευλιμένος, ου, δ, ή, bono instructus portu: having a good harbour, well fitted for landing. Helen. 1480. See Λιμήν. SYN. Εὐορμός.  
 Ευλόγη, ἥσω, laudo, bene precor, benedico, gratias ago: to praise, implore blessings on, bless, thank. Eur. Sup. 937. SYN. Ευφημέω, ἐπαινέω, κλέω, ὠνέω.  
 Ευλόγια, as, ή, benedictio, laus: benediction, blessing, praise. Herc. F. 356. SYN. Ευφημία, αἰνός, ἐπαινός. Ep. Ἀγῆραντός, μελιχία.  
 Ευλόγος, ου, δ, ή, rationalis, probabilis: reasonable, probable, specious. Pers. 832. SYN. Ξυνέτος, φρόνιμος.  
 Ευλόγως, cum ratione, merito, non temere: rationally, justly, speciously. Aesch. Sup. 260. SYN. Ξυνέτως, κάλως, εικότως, πιδῶνως.  
 Ευλόρος, ου, δ, ή, bene cristatus: well crested. Aj. 1286.  
 Ευλόχος, ου, δ, ή, parturientibus vel gravidis favens, epith. Dianæ: giving an easy birth. Hipp. 165. See Ἀρτέμις.  
 Ευλόρης, Ευλόρος, ου, δ, ή, bonam lyram habens; bene lyra canens: having a good lyre; playing well on the lyre. Alcest. 574. Ran. 229. See Ἀδρα. SYN. Ευφόρμυξ, λιγύρος, μουσικός.  
 Ευλύτος, ου, δ, ή, qui facile solvi potest; paratus discedere: easy to be loosed, soon dissolved; ready to go. Εὐλύτᾳ δ' εἶναι στέργῃ-θρὰ φρένῳν Hipp. 256. SYN. Ἐκλύτος.  
 Ευμάδης, εὖς, δ, ή, docilis, ingeniosus; facili intellectus: docile, ingenious; easy to be learnt. Σῆμ' ὁ κείνός ευμάδης Trach. 614. SYN. Ευθήρατος, εὐληπτός, διδακτός, πιδῶνός.  
 Ευμάθια, as, ή, docilitas, celentis descendi: docility, quickness in learning. Ευμάθην πρεῖτο Call. Ep. 51.  
 Ευμάρας, gen. Dor. Ευμάρα, δ, Eumaras. Οὐδέ γάρ Ευμάρα τῷ δεσπότη. Theoc. 5. 10.

Ευμάρειά, as, ή, facilitas; tranquillitas animi; latrina: ease; tranquillity of mind; a necessary. ALL' ὁ δὲ εὖς ευμάρειαν ἐπεδίδου χέροῦν Bacch. 1117. See ευμάρειος. SYN. Ευχερεία, ευπρετεῖα, ἡσυχία.  
 Ευμάρως, facile: easily. Ευμάρως τοι χρημὰ δέοι Theoc. 463. SYN. see Ευκόλως.  
 Ευμάρης, εὖς, δ, ή, facilis, commodus: easy, convenient. Soph. El. 180. See above. SYN. Ευχέρης, ῥάδιος, εύκόλδης, εὐαφρός.  
 Ευμαρῖς, ἰδός, ή, calceament genus: a kind of slipper. Βαρβαροῖς ευμαρῖσιν Orest. 1364.  
 Ευμεγέτης, εὖς, δ, ή, ingens, procerus: pretty large, tall. Plut. 542. SYN. Παμμεγέτης, πέλωρῖος, ευμήκης, περίμηκης.  
 Ευμεῖδης, εὖς, δ, ή, hilaris, benevolus: cheerful, kind, benevolent. Apoll. 4. 715. SYN. Ευπρωσώπος, λαμπρός ὀμματί, ἡδός, φαῖδρος, εὐθυμός.  
 Εὐμέλιος, ου, δ, ή, hastæ tractandæ peritus, bellator bonus: skilled in the use of the ashen spear, valiant. Τῆς εὐμελίας φρονέουσιν P. 23. SYN. Ἀνδρείος.  
 Ευμενεία, Ευμενία, as, ή, benevolentia, animus bene affectus: kindness, a kind disposition. Helen. 312. The a short in ευμενεία, as in ευμάρειά. Ευμενία is used in Pyth. 12. 8. SYN. Εὐνοία, πρεμυνεία, φιλία.  
 Ευμενέτης. See Ευμενής.  
 Ευμένεω, benevolus vel propitius sum: to be kindly or propitiously disposed. Apoll. 2. 260. SYN. Ευνέω.  
 Ευμένως, Ευμένως, benevole, benigne: benevolently, kindly. Theoc. Ep. 4. Agam. 925. SYN. Φιλόφρωνας, ἡπίως, ἐπικίως, χρηστός.  
 Ευμένης, εὖς, δ, ή; Ευμενέτης, ου, δ, benevolus, amicus: kind, friendly, propitious. Androm. 55. ζ. 186. SYN. Εὐνός, ευεργέτης, εὐεθέρῖος, πρᾶς, μελιχίος, ἀγαθός, χρηστός.  
 Ευμενία. See Ευμενεία.  
 Ευμενίδης (!), ὠν, αἰ, Eumenides, furia: the Furies. Ευμενίδας αἰ τὸνδ' ἐξέμυλλῶνται φέβω Orest. 38. SYN. Ἐρινός, q. v. Ep. Πόντιαν, δειωπέτες, σενναί, μέλαμπέπλοι, μετῳλῶννομοι. P. 39. Ἐμφόβοι γῆς τέ καὶ σκότου κόραι CE. C. 39. Νυκτός αἰσῇ τέκνα.  
 Ευμένως. See Ευμένιος.  
 Ευμέτρος, ου, δ, ή, modum servans, moderatus: well proportioned. Ευμέτρον τὸ μὲν αὐτὸς Theoc. 25. 209. SYN. Μετρίδης, σύμμετρος.  
 Ευμήκης, εὖς, δ, ή, bene longus, decore procerus: pretty long, stately. Iph. A. 595. SYN. Ευμεγέτης, ἐπίμηκης, υπερμήκης.  
 Ευμήλος, ου, δ, ή, ovibus abundans, pecorum ferax: abounding in or productive of sheep or cattle. Hom. H. in Apoll. 54. SYN. Πόλυμηλος, πόλυθρέμμων.  
 Ευμηχάνια, as, ή, solertia, industria: good contrivance, ability, industry. Isthm. 4. 3. See below. SYN. Ευπρία, αγχινόια, ἐπινόια, ἐπιμελεία.  
 Ευμηχάνος, ου, δ, ή, ad machinandum promptus, ingeniosus, industrius: good in contrivance, ingenious, industrious. Κακ τῶν ἀμηχάνων πόρους ευμηχάνους Eq. 759. SYN. Αγχινός, ευσυνέτος, δραστήριος.  
 (!) It is somewhat singular that the word Ευμενίδας does not occur in the works of Aeschylus nor remaining, though he has left a tragedy bearing that title. Except in four instances, in the Orestes, v. 38, 315, 827, and 1667, I have not been able to find the word at all. The more usual term for the Furies is Ἐρινός.



Ευμίτος, ου, δ, ή, e bono stamine factus: consisting of fair or fine threads, finely woven. Iph. T. 817. See Μίτος. SYN. Λεπτότατος, εύπνός.

Ευμίτρος, ου, δ, ή, bene mitra cinctus: well girt. Καί ευμίτροιό χίτωνος Mosch. 4. 98. SYN. see Εύωνος.

Ευμμελίος. See Εύμελιός.

Ευμνηστός, ου, δ, ή, cuius facile recordamur: well remembered. Trach. 109.

Ευμνός, ου, δ, ή, bona sorte utens, felix: having a happy lot, rich, noble. Call. 4. 295.

Ευμολπίδαι, ών, Eumolpi nepotes: the descendants of Eumolpus. Προσπύλων Ευμολπίδων C. C. 1053.

Ευμορφία, as, ή, pulchritudo: beauty. Troad. 929. SYN. Ευσχημόννη, ευπρέπεια, κάλλος, κομψότης.

Ευμορφός, ου, δ, ή, speciosus, pulcher: fair-formed, beautiful. Agam. 406. SYN. see Κάλλος.

Ευμυρόντος, ου, δ, ή, venustus, eruditus: polished, learned. Thesm. 112. SYN. Εκπρέπης, επιχάρης.

Ευνάχω, Ευνάω, άνω, colloco in cubili: to place in a bed or on a couch, cause to rest. Rhcs. 758. SYN. Κάτευνάω, κατάκοιμω, κοιμίζω.

Ευναία. See Ευνή.

Ευναός, α, όν, qui procumbere amat; consors aut prases maritalis lecti: inclined to bed; a partner or presider of the marriage-bed. Androm. 179.

Ευναστήριον, ου, τό, cubile: a bed, couch. Κοινόν ευναστήριον Pers. 165. SYN. see Ευνή, cubile.

Ευνάω. See Ευνάω.

Ευνέτης, Ευνήτης, ου, Ευνήτης, ήρος, Ευνή-  
τωρ, ήρος, δ; Ευνήτειρά, Ευνήτρια, as, ή, con-  
sors lecti, maritus, uxor: a bed-fellow, consort,  
husband, wife. Eur. El. 803. Med. 160. Ion 911.  
Pers. 142. 162. Trach. 923. SYN. Σύκοιτος,  
άκοιτης, όμνευνης, άλδχος, άνήρ, πάροκοιτης,  
διδλεκτρος, έννάδρος, πόσις, σβζύγος, (f.) εννίς,  
άκοιτίς, γυνή, δάμνα, σύλλεκτρος, έννευή.

Ευνή, ής, Ευναία, as, ή, anchora: an anchor.  
A. 436. Apoll. 2. 1284. SYN. Άγκυρά.

Ευνή, ής, ή, cubile; tentorium; lustrum fera-  
rum; sepulcrum: a bed or couch; tent; den;  
grave. Hec. 817. SYN. Κοίτη, κοίτος, κλίση,  
λέκτρον, λέχος, ευναστήριον, κλισία, δαλάμος,  
σπέος, τάφος. Ep. Άσπρωτός, άβρόχίτων, μά-  
λακη, ευρείά, πόλιήρατος, βρότεια, περίκαλλης,  
γάμήλιος, έγκληρός, χάμαιπέτης, δδλως, άδικτός,  
ένισμός, κρήφαια, άκονώνητος, απτόλεμος, νυμ-  
φιδίος, κείνη, νυμφεύς, σκότια, έφέστιος, κρυπτή,  
νυμφική, γλυκερά, ήδεα, εύγάμος, ευπαρθένος,  
φιλότητιος, μινυνθάδιος. PHA. Λέκτρων δύο  
συγγενείς ευναί Hec. F. 795. Χλιδάνης ήρης  
τέρψις Pers. 550. Νδστέρας δέμνιά κοίτας Hipp.  
180.

Ευνήμα, άτος, τό, concubitus: cohabitation.  
Ion 304.

Ευνήτειρά. See Ευνέτης.

Ευνήτηρ, Ευνήτης. See Ευνέτης.

Ευνήτος, ου, δ, ή, bene textus: well spun or  
wrought. Σ. 596. SYN. Ευφής, λεπτός.

Ευνήτρια. See Ευνέτης.

Ευνήτωρ. See Ευνέτης.

Ευνίς, ιδός, ή, uxor: a wife. Ευνίος τιμωρία  
Iph. A. 397. SYN. see Ευνέτης (f.).

Ευνίς, ιδός, δ, ή, orbus, viduus: deprived,

widowed, destitute. Καί εσθλών ευνών έθηκε  
X. 44. SYN. Χήρος, ενδής, έρημος.

Ευνόω, bene affectus sum animo: to be well  
disposed towards. Aj. 698. SYN. "Ιλαός,  
έυνος, ευμένης εμί.

Ευνόια, as, ή, benevolentia: good will. Εύνοι  
άπείστη των έμών Troad. 6. SYN. Ευμένηα,  
άγάπη, σπουδή, ίλασμός, πρόθυμία, φίλια.

Ευνόμια, as, ή, bonæ leges; auctoritas et vis  
legum: a wise system of laws; the influence of  
good laws. Ευνόμιση πόλιν Hom. 29. 11. Ep.  
Εράτεινι, απτόλεμος, έπίθλης, κουρότροφος.

Ευνόμος, ή Dor. Ενόμος, ου, δ, ή, bonis le-  
gibus instructus; pascuus: furnished with good  
laws, well regulated; adequate to feed. Isthm.  
5. 28. Aj. 604.

Ευνόος, contr. οvs, gen. δου, ου, benevolus:  
well disposed towards, friendly, benevolent.  
Ion 732. SYN. Ευμένης, ευγνώμων, πρόφρων,  
φίλοφρων, ίλαός, φίλος, γνήσιος.

Ευνούχος, ου, δ, eunuchus: one who has the  
care of the bedchamber, chamberlain, eunuch.  
Acharn. 117.

Εύζενος, Εύζενός, ου, δ, ή, (1) hospitalis:  
hospitable; (2) epith. Ponti: the Euxine or  
Black Sea. Hipp. 156. Choeph. 700. PHA.  
(2) Εύζενον πέλαγος, Εύζενόν ούδμα λίμνας  
Herc. F. 410. Πόντος Εύζενός.

Εύζηνος, hospitaliter: hospitably. Apoll. 1.  
963. SYN. Ξένιος, φιλοξένος, φίλιος.

Εύζηνός. See Εύζενός.

Εύζετος, Εύζος, α, όν, et ου, δ, ή, bene rasis,  
politus: well polished, finely made. Σ. 276.  
Κυάνοπεζον Εύζον B. 390. SYN. Ξεστός, ξυστός,  
γλαφυρός.

Εύζος. See Εύζετος.

Ευζυνέτος, ου, δ, ή, bene intelligibilis: easy to  
be understood. Ευζυνέτω ζυνέτοιό βδών Iph.  
T. 1093.

Ευζύκος, ου, δ, ή, molis amplæ et compactæ,  
portatu facilis: of proper size, easily carried.  
Eur. fr. Syl. 3. 3.

Ευδία, as, ή, expeditum iter; prosperitas: a  
good journey; prosperity. Πρώτᾳ μὲν ευδία  
αγάθην Ran. 1575. SYN. (2) Ευτυχία.

Ευδομός, ου, δ, ή, suaviter olens: sweetly  
breathing. Ξανθᾷ σὺν ευδομοις Call. fr. 106.  
SYN. Ευωδής, δούεις, κρώεις, ήδυνός, εύπνός,  
εύσμος.

Ευδωω, prospere progredior: to have a prosper-  
ous journey. C. C. 1435. SYN. Ευδαιμό-  
νισω.

Ευοή, Ενοή, vox bacchantium: the baccha-  
nalian cry. See Ευαί.

Ευολβός, ου, δ, ή, felix, dives: happy, wealthy.  
Iph. T. 189. SYN. see Ευδαιμων.

Ευόπλος, ου, δ, ή, bene armatus; felix in  
armis: well armed; successful in arms. Phoen.  
809. See Όπλον. SYN. Ένσπλός.

Ευοργασία, as, ή, (1) promptitudo ad iracun-  
diam: irascibility; (2) lenitas morum: modera-  
tion in anger, gentleness. Πέποιθεν ευοργασία  
Hipp. 1042.

Ευορέω, religiose juro: to observe an oath  
faithfully. Orest. 1532.

Ευορκία, as, ή; Ευορκωμά, άτος, τό, jusjurandum  
fideliter observatum, fides: an oath sa-  
credly observed, faithfulness. Olymp. 2. 118.  
Choeph. 888.

Ευόρκος, ου, δ, ή, jurejurando stans: one who  
scrupulously abides by his oath, faithful. Hes.

Op. 190. SYN. Άληθής, ευσέβης, ευγνώμων,  
επίεικός.

Ευορκωμά. See Ευορκία.

Ευόρκας, fideliter: in a faithful manner.  
Choeph. 966.

Ευορύς, ου, δ, ή, bene fidus carinis: having a  
good harbour, safe for ships. Troad. 126. SYN.  
Ευλιμένος, επιτήδειος.

Ευόσμος, ου, δ, ή, fragrans: fragrant. Bacch.  
231. SYN. see Εβόσμος.

Ευπάγης, έος, δ, ή, bene compactus: well  
fastened. Ευπάγες απτόφλοιον Theoc. 25. 208.  
SYN. Εόπηκτος.

Ευπαίδευτος, ου, δ, ή, bene eruditus: well in-  
structed. Orest. 404.

Ευπαΐδια, as, ή, felicitas in gignendis liberis;  
item soboles: happiness in children; offspring.  
Τέρπειτᾳ τᾷ ευαΐδιᾳ Eur. Sup. 500. SYN.  
Ευτεκνία, τέκος.

Εύπαις, αΐδος, bonos habens liberos: happy  
in children. Hec. 798.

Ευπάλαμος, ου, δ, ή, artibus probe instructus:  
well put together or composed. Agam. 1509.  
See Πάλαμ. SYN. Επιδέξιος, σθένάρος.

Ευπάλας, facile: easily. Ευπάλας κούρης  
Apoll. 4. 193.

Ευπάλης, έος, δ, ή, luctum facilem habens;  
facile eluctabilis: easy to combat in; of easy  
conquest. Ευπάλας τέλεσθαί Apoll. 2. 617.

Ευπαράγωγος, ου, δ, ή, cui verba dare facile est:  
easily imposed upon. Eq. 1112. See Άγωγός.

Ευπαρός, ου, δ, ή, pulchras habens genas:  
having fair cheeks, blooming. Pyth. 12. 28.  
See Πάρεα.

Ευπαρθένος, ου, δ, ή, felix virgo: happy as a  
virgin; pure. Bacch. 520.

Ευπατέριος, Ευπατρίδης, ου, δ; Εύπατρίς, ιδός,  
δ, ή, bono patre natus: a man nobly born,  
noble on the father's side. Z. 292. Eis ευπα-  
τρίδας πάλιν έλθη Theoc. 18. 53. Τίς αν ευπα-  
τρίς άδεί βαλδοτο in Soph. El. 1087, answers to  
άχούρεντᾳ φέρουσ' άνειδη. SYN. Οθρίμωπάτηρ.

Ευπατρίδης. See above.

Ευπάτρις. See above.

Ευπάτωρ, ήρος, claro patre genitus: nobly  
born. Ηΐλαϊος ευπάτωρ Pers. 961. SYN. see  
Ευγής.

Ευπειθής. See below.

Ευπειστός, ου, Ευπειθής, Ευπίθης, έος, δ, ή,  
cui facile persuaderi potest: easily persuaded or  
believed, tractable. Aj. 152. Androm. 811.  
P. V. 34.

Ευεμπέδης, ου, δ, ή, felix, lætus: happily  
sent, happy, fortunate, joyful. Eumen. 479.  
SYN. Ευχέρης.

Ευενθέρως, ου, δ, ή, nobilem socerum habens:  
happy in a father-in-law. Theoc. 18. 49.

Ευέπλος, ου, δ, ή, pulchrum habens peplum:  
finely dressed. Αχαιάδων ευέπλων E. 424.

Ευετέλλος, ου, δ, ή, bene foliatus: having  
large leaves, well clustered. Thesm. 1000.  
See Πέτᾳλον. SYN. Καλλιφύλλος, εύφυλλος,  
εύθρόνς.

Ευετέια, as, ή, facilitas, copia: ease, facility.  
Δι' ευτελείας τειχέων Phoen. 272. The a short,  
as in Ευμάρεια.

Ευετής, έος, δ, ή, facilis: easy. Phoen. 701.  
SYN. see Ευκόλος.

Ευετώος, facile, expedite: easily, readily.  
Choeph. 1034. SYN. Ευκόλως, άπώως, ραδίως,  
ρεά.

Εύπηκτος, ου, δ, ή, bene compactus: well  
compact, well built. Θάλαμων εύπηκτος  
ψ. 41. SYN. see Εβόμητος.

Εύπνός, ου, δ, ή, pulchre textus: beautifully  
woven. Iph. T. 313. SYN. Εύμίτος, εύνητος,  
εύπηκτος.

Εύπηχός, έως, ή, pulchra brachia habens, pul-  
chra: having beautiful arms, beautiful. Hipp.  
200. See Πήχυν. SYN. Καλλίπηχης.

Ευπίθης. See Εόπιστος.

Ευπίστω, perquam fideliter: very faithfully.  
Thesm. 105. SYN. see Πιστός.

Εύπλειος, α, όν, bene plenus: very full.  
Θήκεν εύπλειον p. 467. SYN. Έμπλειός, έκ-  
πλέος, παμπληθής, πλήρης.

Ευπλέκης, έος, Εύπλεκτός, ου, δ, ή, bene  
junctus; nexilis: well twisted or turned. Αν-  
στρέφειαν εύπλέκας V. 436. Bacch. 858.  
SYN. Εύνητος, εύστρεπτός.

Εύπλοια, as, ή, felix navigatio: a prosperous  
voyage. Τί πόν' εύπλοϊαν έπραξαν (choriamb.  
trim. catalect.) Aesch. Sup. 1053. SYN. Πλοΐος  
ούριος, πρεμμένης νδστος, ευδία. Ep. Ακώ-  
μαντός.

Εύπλοκάμης, ιδός, ή, Εύπλοκάμος, ου, δ, ή, pul-  
chros cincinnos habens: fair-tressed. Εύπλο-  
κάμεις Αχαιαί τ. 542. Iph. A. 791. SYN.  
Καλλιπλοκάμος, ιωπλοκάμος, ήνκόμος, κατάδω-  
τρίχος, ευχαίτης, εύθρε, κάρημόμων.

Εύπλός, ου, navigatu facilis: easy to sail in,  
safe. Theoc. 7. 62.

Εύπλυνός, έος, δ, ή, bene lotus, mundus: well  
washed, clean. Πράτον εύπλυνές ηδεί χίτωνά  
π. 173.

Εύπνός, ου, δ, ή, bene spirans: sweetly  
breathing, sweet-smelling. Mosch. 2. 32. SYN.  
see Εύδωμος.

Ευποήτος, ου, δ, ή, bene factus: well made  
or wrought. Ευποήτοιού τάπητας v. 150.  
SYN. Ευτυκτός, ευπάγης, εύπηκτός, εύεστός,  
εύζωός.

Ευπόκος, ου, δ, ή, bonum vellus habens:  
fleecy. Agam. 1389. SYN. Εύβωτός.

Ευπόλεμια, as, ή, Eupolemia. Apoll. 1. 55.  
Ευπόλεμος, ου, δ, ή, bellicosus: warlike. Hom.  
7. 4. SYN. Μένεπτολέμους, ευπάλαμους.

Εύπολις, ιδός, δ, Eupolis: a comic poet who  
lived in the time of Aristophanes. Nub. 553.

Εύπομπός, ου, δ, ή, bonus dux: fair-conduct-  
ing. Eumen. 93. Εξρ. Άγᾶθος οδηγός.

Εύπορός, ου, δ, ή, facilis meatu; parabilis,  
abundans: easy to pass; easy to be provided,  
expeditious, ready, abundant. Eccles. 236.

Εύπος, ευχέρης, επιδέξιος, άρθρόνς, ζάπλου-  
τός, περίσος.

Εύποτός, ου, δ, ή, felix, fortunatus: happy,  
fortunate. Agam. 237. See Πότος. SYN.  
Ευδαιμων.

Εύποτός, ου, δ, ή, potatu facilis et suavis: fit  
for drink, fresh, clear. Pers. 617. SYN. 'Ιδύ-  
πότος.

Εύπους, ποδός, bonis pedibus præditus; velox:  
having good feet; swift-footed. Call. fr. 48.  
SYN. Κράταπους.

Ευπραγία, Ευπραξία, as, Ευπραξίς, έως, ή, res  
secundæ; bona actio: success, prosperity; a  
generous action. Σύν δέοις ευπραγίας Olymp.  
8. 18. Helen. 735. Agam. 246. SYN. Ευδαι-  
μόνια, ευτυχία, ευεργέτημα.

Ευπρέπης, έος, Εύπρεπτός, ου, δ, ή, decorus;  
bene ornatus: graceful, proper, becoming; well



adorned, elegant. Hec. 269. Aesch. Sup. 730. SYN. see *Εκπρέπης*.

*Ευπρέπας*, decor: becomingly, decently. Alcest. 156.

*Ευπρηστός*, ου, δ, ή, facilis accensu ustaque; bene flans: easy to burn; full-blowing. Σ. 471.

*Ευπρησγύρως*, ου, δ, ή, blande compellans, comis: easy of address, affable. Hipp. 94. SYN. *Φιλόφρων*, *φιλόφρωνος*, *ευμείνης*.

*Ευπρησιστός*, ου, δ, ή, allatu facilis, commodus: easy to be reached, attainable, convenient. Med. 279. SYN. *Ευπρόσος*, *εὐπρόσος*, *ευαντής*.

*Ευπρόσωπος*, ου, δ, ή, pulcher aspectu, formosa facie: fair-faced, comely, beautiful. Phoen. 1356. SYN. *Ευπρόσγυρος*, *εὐμειδής*, *εὐστόμωτος*, *εὐμορφός*, *ευειδής*, *ευπρέπης*, *ὀραῖος*.

*Ευπριμής*, εὖς, δ, ή, decorus: well-regulated or decorated. Aesch. Sup. 996. Sed vox est suspecta.

*Ευπριμνός*, ου, δ, ή, pulchram puppim habens: having an ornamented stern. Iph. A. 723.

*Ευπρωρός*, ου, δ, ή, bonam seu pulchram proam habens: with a fair prow. Iph. A. 765.

*Ευπτέρως*, ου, δ, ή, bene alatus: well pinioned. CE. R. 176.

*Ευπυργός*, ου, δ, ή, pulchras turres habens: well fortified. Dan. I. SYN. *Καλλίπυργος*, *ευτειχής*.

*Ευπυλός*, ου, δ, ή, produens bonos equos: famed for horses. CE. C. 710. SYN. *Εὐίππος*.

*Ευράξ*, ex obliquo: by the side, obliquely. Av. 1258.

*Ευράφης*, εὖς, δ, ή, bene consutus: well sewed. Χεῖρὸν εὐράφεισσι δόρσιον β. 354.

*Ευρείτης*, ου, δ, ή, Dor. *Ευρείτας*, α, δ, pulchre s. bene fluens: fair-flowing. Troad. 815.

*Ευρέτις*, ἰδὸς, ή, inventrix: a discoverer. Παντός ἐστιν εὐρέτις Soph. Fr.

*Ευρέτις*, ή, ὄν, inveniendus: to be found. Soph. Fr. 60.

*Ευρήμια*, ἄτῳς, τὸ, inventum: lucrum, inpr. insperatum: an invention; chance gain. Ion 1348. SYN. *Εξεύρημια*, *μηχανή*, *ἐπιτήδευμια*, *βούλευμια*.

*Εύρηνη*, ηνός, *Εύρηνης*, ου, δ, ή, alens pulchras agnas: famed for beautiful lambs. Αἰμητὸς εὐρήνησιν ἀνάσσειν Apoll. I. 49, and 3. 1085. SYN. *Πόλυμηλος*, *εὐμηλός*.

*Εύρησις*, εὖς, δ, ή, verborum inventor: an inventor of words. Εὐρησιέτης περίτριμμά δικῶν Nub. 446. SYN. *Κανὸλόγος*, *εὐγλωσσός*.

*Εύρις*, vel *Εύριν*, ἰνός, vel *Εύρινος*, ὄν, δ, ή, cui bonus est nasus: quick-scented. Aj. 8. See 'Piv. PIs.

*Ευριπίδης*, ου, δ, Euripides: the famous tragic writer. Οὔστις οὐκ Ευριπίδην Nub. 1377. Ερ. Κάτ'αχρυσός, σφάτ'ατὸς, γυναικὸς, πάντοργος, πωχτοῖς, χαλδοῖς, βακίονορπατῶν, στωμυλίσταλλεκτάδης.

*Ευριπίδων*, ου, τὸ, dimin. a praeced. *Ευριπίδων* ὦ γλῆκντῶν καὶ φίλτατον Acharu. 475.

*Ευρίπτος*, ου, δ, (2) δ, ή, (1) Euripus: the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; (2) inconstans: inconstant. Τόνδ'ε κατ' Εὐρίπον ἔχουσιν (parcmiac) Iph. A. 11. Ερ. Στενός, καναχρῆς ἔαν.

*Ευρίσκω*, 2 α. εὐρίσκω, f. εὐρίσκειν, invenio: to find. Hipp. 447. SYN. *Ἀνευρίσκω*, *εξευρίσκω*, *κατάλαμναι*.

*Ευρόδος*. See *Εὐρόδης*.

*Εὐρός*, ου, δ, (2) εὖς, τὸ, (1) Eurus: the East wind; (2) latitudo: latitude, breadth. B. 146. Cycl. 389. SYN. *Απηνάτης*, (2) *πλάτος*, *μεγέθυς*, *ὕπερ' ἄλλης*. Ερ. (1) *Αἰγύς*, *κάκος*, *κραντός*, *δυσάης*.

*Εὐρόβης*, εὖς, ποῖτ. εὖς; *Εὐρόδος*, ου, δ, ή, pulchre fluens: fair-flowing. Εὐρόβιος πόταμοιο Z. 508. Πτόαμος πέρ εὐρόδος φ. 130. SYN. *Ευρόβελός*.

*Ευρόβυα*, ας, ή, latas vias habens: having wide streets. *Ευρόβυα* Μύκηνη Δ. 52.

*Ευρόβλη*, ης, ή, Euryale: one of the Hesperides. Σθεῖν' ἄν' Εὐρόβλη τέ Hes. Theog. 276.

*Ευρύαλος*, ου, δ, Euryalus: the son of Me-cisteus. Δρῆσον δ' Εὐρύαλος Z. 20. Ερ. Μένεχάρμης, βρὸτ' ὀλοῖτο ἰσὺς Ἄρμη, ἰσθῆος φῶς.

*Ευρύανασα*, ης, ή, late regnans: widely ruling. Θέος ευρύανασσα Call. 6. 121. SYN. see *Ευρύκλειον*.

*Ευρύατης*, ου, δ, Euryates: the herald of Ulysses. Εὐρύατην πρόειπε A. 320. Πην. Κήρυξ Ἰθάκῆσις, γυρός ἐν ὤμοισιν, μέλαν' ἄχρὸς, οὐλοκάρηνος τ. 246.

*Ευρύβας*, ου, δ, late potens, vires suas late ex-cerens: having widely-extended power. Olymp. 6. 99. See below. SYN. *Ευρύκλειον*, *ευρυσθενής*.

*Ευρύβη*, ης, ή, Eurybia: the daughter of Pontus and Terra. Εὐρύβην ἀδάμαντος Hes. Theog. 239.

*Ευρύδαμας*, αντός, δ, Eurydamas: (1) the name of a prophet in Homer; (2) one of the Argonauts. Τίεās Εὐρύδαμαντός E. 149.

*Ευρύδικη*, ης, ή, Eurydice: (1) the wife of Nestor; (2) the wife of Creon. Νέστορος Εὐρύδικη γ. 453. Πην. Νέστορος αἰδοῖτο παρκοῖτις.

*Ευρύθυμς*, ου, δ, ή, concinnus: neat, well proportioned. Εὐρύθυμοι πρόβημῶν Plut. 759. SYN. *Εὐθέτος*, *ευμήλης*, *ἀρμόδιος*, *ὀμαλός*.

*Ευρύθυμος*, concinne: neatly. Εὐρύθυμος κῆρ' ἐκτίε Cycl. 560.

*Ευρύκερως*, α, et αντός, δ, ή, late cornua habens: large-horned. Εὐρύκερως βοῦς Mosch. 2. 149. SYN. *Κεράς*, *κεράκης*.

*Ευρύκλεια*, ας, ή, Euryclea. Πρὸς δ' Εὐρύκλειαν ἔειπεν υ. 128. Ερ. Ὀπὸς δὴ γῆτηρ, περίφρων, φίλην, τρῶδός.

*Ευρύκολπος*, ου, δ, ή, spatiosum sinum habens: having a wide bosom. Nem. 7. 49. See *Ευρύκερως*.

*Ευρύκλειον*, αντός, δ, late regnans: widely ruling. Εὐρυκλείων Ἀγαμέμνων A. 102. SYN. *Ευρυσθενής*, *ευρύβης*.

*Ευρύκλειον*, αντός, δ, ή, lata prata habens: having extensive meadows. Pyth. 9. 95. See below.

*Ευρύλοχος*, ου, δ, Eurylochus: one of Ulysses' companions. Μεγάλητόρος Εὐρύλοχοιο κ. 207.

*Ευρύμαχος*, ου, δ, Eurmachos: one of the suitors of Penelope. Τὴν δ' αὖτ' Εὐρύμαχος φ. 320.

*Ευρύμεδουσα*, ης, ή, Eurymedusa. Θάλαμη-πύλος Εὐρύμεδουσα η. 8.

*Ευρύμεδων*, αντός, δ, Eurymedon; adj. late imperans et curans: widely ruling. Εὐρύμεδων υἱός Δ. 228. Pyth. 3. 6. Ερ. Ἀγῶπηναι.

*Ευρύμετωπος*, ου, δ, ή, latam frontem habens:

having a broad forehead. Βῶν γένος ευρύμετώ-πων υ. 212.

*Ευρύμιδης*, ου, δ, filius Euryimi: the son of Euryimus. Τηλέμιδος Εὐρύμιδης ι. 509.

*Ευρύνομη*, ης, ή, Eurnome: a daughter of Oceanus, and mother of the Graces (Hes. Theog. 358. and 906.); also, an attendant of Penelope. σ. 168. See below.

*Ευρύνομος*, ου, δ, Eurnomus: one of the suitors of Penelope. Εὐρύνομος τέ καὶ Ἀμφίμέ-δων χ. 242.

*Ευρύνω*, ἰνῶ, dilato: to widen, dilate. Αὐ-λάκας ευρύνωσι Theoc. 13. 31. SYN. *Πλάτνω*, *μηκύνω*, *αὐξάνω*.

*Ευρύνωτος*, ου, δ, ή, latos habens humeros: broad-shouldered, athletic. Οὐδ' ευρύνωται φῶπτες Aj. 1250.

*Ευρύοδεις*, α, ὄν, latas vias habens: having wide streets or ways, broad. Χθύνος ευρύοδεις λ. 52. SYN. *Πλάτνω*, *μεγῶς*.

*Ευρύοπης*, ου; *Ευρύοψ*, ὀπός, late sonans, vel prospiciens: widely sounding or seeing. Θρόνον ευρύοπα Ζεύς Θ. 206. 442. SYN. *Ερίδουπός*, *βαρύδουπός*.

*Ευρύορος*, ου, δ, ή, amplos habens meatus: wide-across. Θάλασσης ευρύοροιο δ. 432. SYN. *Ευρύοδεις*.

*Ευρύορκτης*, ας, ή, amplitudo podicis: broadness of bottom. Σχημὰ κευρύορκτην Vesp. 1070.

*Ευρύορκτης*, ου, δ, ή, qui amplo podice est: having a broad bottom. Nub. 1084. See above.

*Ευρύπλη*, ης, ή, Euryple: a woman beloved by Anacreon. Anacr. 62. 1. See below.

*Ευρύπλη*, εὖς, δ, ή, amplas portas habens: wide-gated. Εὐρύπλης Ἄϊδος δῶ Ψ. 74.

*Ευρύπυλος*, ου, δ, Eurypylus: a Grecian warrior. See above. Ερ. Εὐαμῶνδης, Εὐαί-μῶνος υἱός, πέπνυμένος, ἥρως Διότρεφής, ἀγῶπηναι, ἀγῶς, μάχης ἀκρότης, δέουδης, μέγαθυμς, ἐρικυδής.

*Ευρύπτερος*, ου, δ, ή, late fluens: widely flowing. Αἰῶς ευρύπτερος φ. 141. SYN. see *Εὐρρέης*.

*Ευρύς*, εἶα, ὅ, latas: wide, extensive. Ἐπ' ευρέα νῶτα δαλῶσσης B. 159. SYN. *Πλάτνω*, *μεγῶς*.

*Ευρύσακς*, ου, δ, Euryaces: the son of Ajax and Tecmessa. Εὐρύσακς ἰσχεῖ διὰ πολυρῶρου στρέφω Aj. 576.

*Ευρυσθενής*, εὖς, δ, ή, potens: having extensive power. Εὐρυσθενὲς οἶον εἶπας υ. 140. SYN. *Μεγάλοσθενής*, *ευρύκλειον*, *ευρύβης*.

*Ευρυσθεῖς*, εὖς, δ, Eurystheus: the king of Mycenae. Alcest. 66. Ερ. Εσθλός, ἀναξ, Τυρὸνβίος. Πην. Σθένελοῦ παῖς Περσῆδαδ' T. 123.

*Ευρύστερνος*, ου, δ, ή, latum pectus habens: broad-chested. Καὶ ευρύστερνον Ἀθῶνα Theoc. 18. 36.

*Ευρύτειος*, α, ὄν, Euryteus: pertaining to Eurytus. Τὴν Εὐρύτειαν οἰσθῆ Τrach. 1221.

*Ευρύτερος*, latius, laxius: more widely, more loosely. Ελθὼν χαλᾶσθ' ὅπως ἂν ευρύτερος ἔχη Lysist. 418.

*Ευρύτιος*. See *Ἰφίτιος*.

*Ευρύτιμος*, ου, δ, ή, late honoratus: widely honoured. Olymp. 1. 67. See *Ευρύβης* and *Τμή*. SYN. see *Ευρύτιμος*.

*Ευρύτιον*, αντός, δ, Eurytion. Κένταυρον ἀγκλύτων Εὐρύτιονα φ. 295.

*Εὐρύτιος*, ου, δ, Eurytus: a prince of Cēhalia in Arcadia. Iph. A. 282. Οὐτ' Εὐρύτῳ Οἰχάληϊ δ. 224.

*Ευρύτιος*, i. q. *Εὐρρέης*. q. v. Iph. A. 420. Pυ, as in χρυσόρυτος.

*Ευρύφαισσα*, ας, ή, Euryphaessa: the mother of Sol, Aurora, and Luna. Γῆμ' γὰρ Εὐρύφαισσαν Hom. 30. 4.

*Ευρύφαισσης*, ου, δ, latam s. amplam habens pharetram: having a broad quiver. Pyth. 9. 45. See above, and *Φαρέτρα*.

*Ευρύφης*, εὖς, δ, ή, late crescent: growing wide. Εὐρύφης κρι λευκόν δ. 604.

*Ευρύχαιτης*, ου, δ, comam alte gestans: wearing the hair high. Isthm. 7. 4. See above.

*Ευρύχορος*, ου, δ, ή, ubi ampli chori duci possunt, amplus: ample, spacious. Bacch. 87. See *Ευρύφης*. SYN. *Καλλιχόρος*.

*Ευρώδης*, εὖς, et *Ευρώεις*, εὖς, ἔν, (1) putris, situ obsitus: filthy, squalid, putrid, gloomy; (2) latus: broad. Aj. 1190. Hes. Theog. 731. SYN. *Σῆπρος*, *σῆπρος*, *σκότεινός*.

*Ευρώπη*, *Ευρωπαϊή*, ης, ή, Europa: (1) Europa, (2) Europe. Eur. fr. Cretens. 2. 2. Mosch. 2. 41. Ερ. (1) Περικαλλής, ἄμυνος, κέρυσεσά, Τύρια.

*Ευρώπιος*, α, ὄν, Europaëus: of Europe. *Ευρωπαϊας* τὸ τοῦδε Ion 1587.

*Ευρωπός*, οὐ, δ, ή, tenebricosus: gloomy. Others understand, latus, spatiosus: broad, spacious. Iph. T. 627.

*Ευρώς*, ὠτός, δ, situs, mucor, caries: filth, mouldiness, rot. Theoc. 4. 28. SYN. *Ἀζή*.

*Ευρώτας*, ου, δ, Eurotas: a river in Laconia. Hec. 647. Ερ. Δυνάκτορ' ὀφός, θυφείς, καλλιρ-ρόδς, Μεσσηνίος.

*Ευρωτῶς*, situ obsitus sum: to be covered with filth. Nub. 45. SYN. *Ἰσθόμαι*, *σθήμαι*.

*Εὔς*, q. εἶς et *εἶος*, (unde *εὔ*, quod factum *εὔ*, bene.) et *Ion*. *Ἡς*, *ἡδός*, bonus, fortis: good, brave. M. 198. B. 653. SYN. *Ἀγῶδης*, *κάλως*, *ισχυρός*, *γενναῖος*, *ευκαῖος*.

*Ευσέβια*, *Ευσέβια*, ας, ή, pietas: piety, affection. *Ευσέβια* καὶ πρόμηθια. Iph. T. 1203. Hipp. 1094.

*Ευσέβω*, Deum colo, pius sum: to be pious. Eur. fr. Erechth. 11. 8. SYN. *Εὐαγέω*, *εὐσέβω* eis.

*Ευσέβως*, *Ευσέβως*, pie: piously. Olymp. 6. 133. CE. R. 1431.

*Ευσέβης*, εὖς, δ, ή, pius: pious. Eur. El. 1193. SYN. *Ὀσίος*, *δικαῖος*.

*Ευσέβια*. See *Ευσέβια*.

*Ευσελμός*, ου, δ, ή, bonis instructus transtris: well benched, fast-sailing. Iph. T. 1384. ξ. 345. SYN. *Εὐγύγος*, *εὐκαπτός*.

*Εὐσεπτός*, ου, δ, ή, venerabilis: venerable, hallowed. CE. R. 863. SYN. *Σεμνός*, *ἀπό-βλεπτός*.

*Εὐσημής*, ου, δ, ή, prospera signa dans, faustus: auspicious. Iph. A. 252. SYN. *Ἐπισημής*, *ἐκδηλός*, *φάνερως*.

*Ευσθενέω*, viribus polleo: to have good strength. Cycl. 2. SYN. *Ισχύω*, q. v.

*Εὐσκαρμής*, ου, δ, ή, bene saltans et currens, agilis: leaping well, fleet. N. 31. SYN. *Τάχως*, *δίδως*.

*Ευσκενέω*, bene instructus sum: to be well prepared. Aj. 823. SYN. *Εὐστέλλομαι*, *εὐστέ-λίζομαι*, *παρασκευάζομαι*.

*Ευσκιάστως*, *Εὐσκιάς*, ου, δ, ή, quod bene adum-







Æsch. Sup. 336. SYN. Ἀπέχθην, μῶδός, μισητά, ἀπέχθην, δυσμενεία, πόνος. EP. Ἀπαισ-  
τον, ἀθέμιστον, ὕλιν, ἀέκεις, βέβαιον, μέγα,  
κουνόν.

Ἐχθρα. See above.

Ἐχθραίνω, vel potius Ἐχθαίρω, q. v. Hoc  
semper, illud nunquam usurpaverunt Tragici.  
R. P. Orest. 555.

Ἐχθρατῆς, α, ὄν, vel potius Ἐκθατῆς. See  
R. P. ubi supra ad Ἐχθραίνω: odio prosequendus:  
to be hated. AJ. 679.

Ἐχθροδαίμων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, invisus diis: hated  
by the gods. CE. R. 816. SYN. Θέομιστος,  
δέοστος.

Ἐχθροξένος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, hospitibus inimicus:  
hostile to strangers. Ἐχθροξένος ναύταις P. 752.  
SYN. Ἀξένος, κακοξένος.

Ἐχθρός, compar. Ἐχθίων, superl. Ἐχθιστός, η,  
ὄν, odiosus, hostilis; subst. inimicus: hateful,  
hostile; an enemy. Hec. 837. SYN. (1) See  
ἀπεχθής. (2) Δῆτις, δυσμένης, αντιπάλος,  
πολέμιος, ἀντίτις. EP. (2) Ἀτάσθαλός, βαρ-  
βαρόφρωνος, βάσκατος, κρύερος, πευκεδάνος, σολο-  
μένος, πάλικτος.

Ἐχθω, Ἐχθωμα, odiosus: to hate. Call.  
4. 9. SYN. Ἐχθαίρω, ἐχθροδοκέω.

Ἐχθυναίος, α, ὄν, viperinus: of a viper. Ξεῖνος  
ἐχθυναίων Call. fr. 161.

Ἐχθύνη, ης, ἡ, vipera: a viper or serpent;  
Echidna: a female. Δειναίς ἐχθύναις εἰς ἐμ'  
Iph. T. 288. SYN. Ὀφίς, δάκος, δράκαινα. EP.  
Νέγρορος, ὅδη, ἀνδροφρόντος, ἐκατογχεφάλος,  
φθύνια, πικρά.

Ἐχύναι, ὄν, αἰ, postea Ἐχυνάδες, ὄν, insulae in  
Ionio mari: the Echinades. Δουλιχίου Ἐχι-  
νάων δ' ἱερῶν B. 625. Iph. A. 286.

Ἐχύνος, οὐ, ὁ, echinus: a hedgehog. Σκαλο-  
πᾶς ἐχύνος αἰελοῦρος πυκτίδας Acharn. 879.  
SYN. Ἰστροίς. EP. Δελὺς, οὐκὸκύος, τρηχὺς.

Ἐχῦος, οὐ, ὁ, Echius. Μηκυτεύς Ἐχῖος πᾶς  
Θ. 333.

Ἐχίων, ὄνός, ὁ, Echion: one of the Sparti,  
and the father of Pentheus, king of Thebes.  
Ἐχῖονος πᾶς φ' κρᾶτος διδοῖμι γῆς Bacch. 209.

Ἐχμά, ἄνός, τὸ, retinaculum, junctura, saxum;  
lapis navi suppositus: that which holds, fastens,  
or keeps off; a firm rock; a stone put under a  
ship when on shore to steady it. Ἐχμα βολῶν  
Apoll. 4. 201. SYN. Ἐρεσμά, κάλυμα, στή-  
ρυγμά, δεσμός.

Ἐχω, ἔχω, imp. εἶχον, 2. a. ἔσχον, habeo,  
possum, porto, &c.: to have, possess, be able,  
occupy, keep, carry, remember, &c. Ἐχω also  
with an adverb denotes to be, and in translating  
into English, the adverb must be construed as an  
adjective; thus ὁρθὸς ἔχω signifies, I am right.  
See Viger. p. 203. Ἰμεῖς ἔχθη ὁμοῖα Hec. 331.  
SYN. Κάτῃχω, κράτῃχω, κωλύω, ἐπέχω, πρόσέχω,  
ἀνέχω, ἀντέχω, ναίω, φέρω, δύναμαι, μέμνημαι,  
ἐπιστάμαι.

Ἐψητός, ἡ, ὄν, elixus: boiled. Vesp. 679.

Ἐψιάδαι, ludo, lator: to play at a certain  
game. Θύρησι καθήμενοὶ ἐψιάσθων p. 530.  
SYN. Συμπαιζέω, παίζω, ευφραίνομαι, γέλω,  
χαίρω.

Ἐψω, ἐψήσω, coquo: to boil, bake. Olymp.  
1. 133. SYN. Ἀφῆψω, πέτω, ωπτῶ.

Ἐωθεν. See Hús.

Ἐωθινός, ἡ, ὄν; Ἐφός, α, ὄν, matutinus, eous:  
of the morning, eastern. Προσδοκῶν ἠωθινὴν  
Rhes. 771. Phoen. 171. SYN. Ὀρθρίος, ηφός.

Ἐφός. See Ἐωθινός.

Ἐώρα, as, ἡ, suspendium: a suspended cord.  
Πλεκτάς ἑώρας CE. R. 1264. SYN. Βρόχος,  
αρχὴν.

Ἐως. See Hús.

Ἐως, i. q. ὥς, ut, dum, usque, interim: until,  
till, while, so long as. Orest. 232. SYN. Ἐως  
ἂν, ἐν ᾧ, ἐν ὅσῳ, ἀχρίς οὐ.

Ἐωσφόρος, οὐ, ὁ, Lucifer: the morning star.  
Ἥμος δ' Ἐωσφόρος (trisyll.) εἰσι Ψ. 226. SYN.  
Φωσφόρος.

## Z.

Ζᾶγρεῖς, ἔως, ὁ, Bacchus. Ζαγρεῖα γενιάμενη  
Call. fr. 171.

Ζαῆς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, vehementer flans: violently  
blowing. "As t' ἀνέμος (ahs) M. 157. SYN.  
Μεγάλων πνέων, βλαδός, ισχυρός.

Ζάδως, α, ὄν, valde divinus: hallowed. Κί-  
λαν τε ζάδην A. 39. SYN. Θεῖος, ηγάθεος,  
ευάτης.

Ζάκντος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, valde iracundus: very  
angry. Φαίης κεν ζάκτον Γ. 220.

Ζάκυνθος, οὐ, ὁ, Zacynthus: an island in the  
Ionian sea, now called Zante. Καὶ δὲ ἐν τῇ Ζά-  
κυνθῳ α. 246. Here the final syllable of ὕλη-  
ντι remains short before the double letter Z:  
on this subject Heron remarks: "Nusquam  
correcta vocalis invenitur ante ζ et ψ, raro ante  
ζ, nec nisi in fine praecedentis vocabuli, si ζ  
initialis est nominis proprii, sine correptione ista  
metro repugnatur."

Ζάλη, ης, ἡ, procella: a storm. Φοινίας ὑπὸ  
ζάλης, AJ. 352., answered by ποιμένας ἐπαρ-  
κέσωντ. SYN. Τάρᾶχῃ, ἀελλᾷ, ἀνέμος, λάβρος,  
χέλιων. EP. Οὐρόκτυπος, ἀπληστός, πυρηνός.  
Ζάμενῃ, magna vi ago; valde irascor: to act  
with great violence; to be very angry. Γελνᾶθ  
καὶ ζάμενθῃ Hes. Theog. 928.

Ζάμενθς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, vehementer, validus: violent,  
strong. Δεινὸς τῇ ζάμενθς τῇ Apoll. 1. 1029.  
SYN. Βιάς, σφόδρος, οργίλος, θυμώδης.

Ζάπληθης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, admodum plenus: eo-  
pius: very full. Πύρσην ζάπληθῃ δάσκον  
Pers. 321. SYN. Πόλυπληθης, παμπληθής,  
μυριοπληθής.

Ζάπλουτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, praedives: exceedingly  
rich. Μηδ' εἰ ζάπλουτος οἰσται Androm.  
1282. SYN. Βάθροπλουτος, εὐπρόρος.

Ζάπυρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, valde igneus: very fiery.  
Στέροπης ζάπυρι στρόμφοι δὲ κύνιν P. V. 1120.  
SYN. Διάπυρος, ἀπύρος, κάπυρος, ζαφλέγης.

Ζατρεφής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, saginatus, pinguis: very  
fat. Ζατρεφῆας πάσας δ' ἄρ' δ. 451.

Ζαφλέγης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, valde urens; florens:  
strongly burning; flourishing. Ζαφλέγες τέ-  
λειστον Φ. 466. SYN. Ζάπυρος.

Ζαχρηής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, vehementer: violent. Ζα-  
χρηῶν ἀνέμων E. 525. SYN. Βιάς, μέγας,  
βάρυς, ισχυρός.

Ζᾶω, poet. ζῶω, vivo, vigeo: to live, flourish.  
Ζώσας ὀρῶ μάλιστ' CE. R. 45. Π. 15. SYN.  
Βίωω, βιώτῃω.

Ζαῖα, as, ἡ, zea, far: spelt, rye. δ. 604.

Ζείδωρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fertilis: fertile. Θ. 486.  
SYN. Βιδωρός, φέρεσσις, φουζός, κουρτορός,  
τροφίμος.

Ζελεῖα, as, ἡ, Zela: a city in Lycia Minor.  
Οἱ δὲ Ζελεῖαν ἐναῖον B. 824. On the short  
syllable remaining short before Ζελεῖα, see on  
the word Ζάκυνθος.

Ζευγάριον, οὐ, τὸ, parvum jugum: a little  
yoke. Οἱ δ' αὖ κρόakes τὸν ζευγάριον Av. 582.

Ζευγῆτις, ἴδός, ἡ, jugalis: yoked. Ζευγῆτιδᾶς  
ἐτρέφεν ἴππους Call. 2. 48.

Ζεύγη, ης, ἡ, pars illa jugi, cui bos vel mulus  
inserit caput: the collar of the yoke. P. 440.  
Ζεύγηθεν, Apoll. 3. 1317., and Ζεύγῃ, Call.  
3. 161., are the obsolete genitive and dative from  
Ζεύγη.

Ζεύγμα, ἄνός, τὸ, junctura, conjunctio: a  
bond, fetter. Iph. A. 443.

Ζεύγνυμι, Ζευγύνω, f. ζεύω, jungo: to join,  
yoke. Helen. 1653. SYN. Κάταζεύγνυμι, ὑπο-  
ζεύγνυμι, συνάπτω, ὑπὸτάσσω.

Ζεύγος, εὖς, τὸ, jugum, par, vehiculum: a  
yoke, pair, carriage. Androm. 495. SYN.  
Ζεύγη, ζύγος, σέμα. EP. Σύγκρυστον, κάλιν,  
φίλιν, τρίπάρθενον.

Ζευκτήριον, οὐ, τὸ, jugum: yoke. Περὶ-  
βάδων ζευκτήριον Agam. 512.

Ζεῦν, gen. Δῖος et Ζηνός, Jupiter: the fabled  
king of the gods. Θάρσει πέφεντας τὸν ἐμὸν  
ἱκίστον Dia Hec. 345. SYN. Κρόνιος, Κρόνιον,  
gen. ἰώνος, et Κρόνιον, gen. ἰώνος. EP. Ἀγλαῖος,  
ἀγαυός, ἀλεξίμαχός, ἀλεξικάκος, ἀγρός, αἰθρῖος,  
αγλῶχος, αἰνός, ἀθανάτος, ἀργίκερανός, ἀρίστως,  
ἀκμάτος, ἀμειλίχης, ἀντίρροπος, ἀργῆς, βαρ-  
ύτης, βαρυνέμετος, βαρυνόμενος, βαρύνουτος,  
βαρύνουτος, ἐρισθῆν, ἐριθρέμετος, ἐρίγδουπος,  
ἐριμαράχης, ἐρυσίω, βαρυνόμενος, ἐρυσίω,  
ἐκρηβίλος, κρεῖων, ἀναξ, βάσιλος, ἐπὶψῖος, ἱκέτῆ-  
σος, μαρῖος, ἐρκέως, μέγασθενος, μελίσχης,  
ἐλευθέριος, μέγαλοδρεμέτης, μέγας, νεφέλη-  
γέρετης, καταχθονίος, μητίετης, παντόπτης,  
οὐρίος, πρόφρων, πάνταρχος, πέλωριος, πρεμνῆς,  
παγκράτης, σχετλῖος, τέλεσφόρος, περὶ κερῶνός,  
στερόπτηγέρετης, ὑψίγυρος, ὑψιθρέμετης, τάνυσ-  
πέρους, ὑψιστός, ἀριστός, Ὀλύμπιος, Δωδωναῖος,  
Πέλαιος, Ἰδαῖος, Σωτήρ, ἐταίριος, δικασπῶλος,  
ξενίος, ξενίος, ἑρμῖος, Αἰτναῖος, ἐφέστιος, μήστωρ,  
κνύστιος, κελαινέτης, ὑπᾶτος, πάντοπτης.

Ρην. Ἰδῆθεν μέδων Γ. 276. αὐτῇ ναῖον  
B. 412. πᾶθρ ἀνδρῶν τὸ δῶν τῇ A. 544.

ἀγᾶθον τὸ κακόν τὸ διδοῖ δ. 237. ἀνδρεσσὶ  
νύμια πάντα οὐ τέλει τῇ 3. 328. ἀντὶ τῆν  
ἀνδρεσσὶν ὀφέλλει τὸ μινύθει τῇ T. 242. νέμει  
ὄλθον ἀνθρώπους 3. 188. ἐπιτιμῆται ἱκῆτῶν  
τῇ ξείνων τῇ 1. 270. ἐρίγδουπος πόσις Ἡρῆς  
H. 411. οὐκ ἐπὶ ψεύδεσσιν ἀρωγὸς Δ. 235.

τάμης πᾶσι τοῖς ἀνθρώποις Δ. 84. Δῶτωρ ἑῶν,  
δῶτωρ ἀπηνήνης Call. 1. 91. βαρύνουτος στερό-  
πᾶν κερῶνός τῇ πρὸ τῆς Pyth. 6. 24. κύλας-  
της τὸν ἄγαν ἐπερὶ ἱερῶν Eur. fr. incert. B. 7.

See Callimachus's Hymn to Jupiter, and Hes.  
Op. 5. 9.

Ζεφύριος, α, ὄν, zephyrius: of the Zephyr.  
Ζεφύριον πνέουσα η. 119. Here ζεφύριος is  
rather a substantive.—Zephyrus, the Zephyr.

Ze is long here by the Ansis.

Ζεφύρος, οὐ, ὁ, Zephyrus: Zephyr, the west  
wind. Ὅς ὅποτε Ζεφύρος Δ. 305. EP. Διόσας,  
κλαδένος, κλαδῶν, αἰὲν ἐφύρος, αἰθρῖος, ἐπαι-  
νῶς, λάβρος, μέγας, πόλινος, κρατῆς, ἡδύς,  
μαλάκος, χαρίεις, λίγυ πνέων, ευθύπνοος. Ρην.  
Ζεφύρον μένος ὕδρον ἀντὶός, Ζεφύρον πνῶσις  
ἱππεύσαντος ἐν οὐρανῷ κάλαστον κλαδῶμα.

Ζεῶ, ζέω, ferveo, bulio: to boil, seethe,  
Pros. Lex.

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Ζεῶ, ζέω, ferveo, bulio: to boil, seethe,  
Pros. Lex.

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ἱππεύσαντος ἐν οὐρανῷ κάλαστον κλαδῶμα.

Ζεῶ, ζέω, ferveo, bulio: to boil, seethe,  
Pros. Lex.

simmer. Θυμῷ ζῶντι Ὀρμη Hec. 1038. SYN.  
Ἀναξέω, ἐπίζεω, βράζω, φλύω, ἐκμαίνωμαι, ἀκμάζω.  
Ζῆθος, οὐ, ὁ, Zethus: the son of Jupiter and  
Antiope and brother of Amphion. Phoen. 145.

Ζηλήμων, ὄνός, ὁ, Ζηλότης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, zelo-  
typus, invidus: jealous, envious. Ζηλῆμονες  
ἐξῆχον ἄλλων ε. 118. Some read δηλῆμονες.  
Ζηλότης occurs in Plut. 1016.: ὅττω σφόδρα  
ζηλότης ὁ νέανίσκος ἦν. SYN. Φθονέρος, φί-  
λυνεός, ἐφάμιλλος.

Ζῆλος, οὐ, ὁ; Ζηλοσύνη, ης, ἡ; Ζήλωμα, ἄνός,  
τὸ, æmulo, invidia: rivalry, emulation, jea-  
lousy, envy. Orest. 963. Hom. Apoll. 100.  
Iph. T. 380. SYN. Φιλονείκεια, φθόνος, ευδαι-  
μόνεια. EP. Βάρυς, δυσκέλεος, λυγρός, πικρός,  
δικασπῶλος, λευγαλέος, δύσκαρπος.

Ζηλοτύπος. See Ζηλῆμων.

Ζηλῶ, æmulor, ambio, probo, invidio: to  
emulate, court, approve, admire, envy. Alcest.  
903. SYN. Φιλονείκεια, φθόνος, ευδαι-  
μόνεια. EP. Βάρυς, δυσκέλεος, λυγρός, πικρός,  
δικασπῶλος, λευγαλέος, δύσκαρπος.

Ζηλῶμα. See Ζῆλος.

Ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, æmulandus: envious, de-  
sirable. Androm. 5. SYN. Μάκᾶριος.

Ζημία, as, ἡ, damnum, poena, multa: a loss,  
punishment, penalty, fine. Ζημίαν ημεῖψατο  
Cycl. 312. SYN. Βλάση, ἀτή, ἐπίβλη, ἐπιτί-  
μιον, τιμωρία, ποινή, δική.

Ζημῖος, damno afficio: to fine, punish. Ζη-  
μῖον οἱ δὲ οἱ Ion 444. SYN. Τιμωρέμαι,  
βλάπτω, αἰκίζωμαι, ἀναίρω.

Ζητέω, Ζητέω, quæro: to seek. Hom.  
Merc. 392. Orest. 672. SYN. Ἀναζητέω, ἐπι-  
ζητέω, διζήμεαι, μαίωμαι, ματεύω, μετέπω, μεταλ-  
λάω, ἐρωτάω.

Ζήτημα, ἄνός, τὸ; Ζήτησις, ἔως, ἡ, quæstio,  
investigatio: a question, search, investigation.  
Bacch. 1128. Cycl. 14. SYN. Ερωτήμα, ἐρώ-  
τησις, βάσανός, μάτη, ἐξετάσις.

Ζήτητός, α, ὄν, quærendus: must be sought.  
Thesm. 604.

Ζῆη, Ion. pro Ζῆη, q. v.

Ζῆος, Ion. et poet. pro Ζῶος, q. v.

Ζόφερος, α, ὄν, tenebrius: darksome,  
gloomy. Hes. Theog. 814. SYN. Δυσφύρος,  
σκούτειος, ορφναῖος.

Ζόφος, οὐ, ὁ, caligo, tenebræ: gloom, dark-  
ness. Hipp. 1414. SYN. Ἀχλὺς, ὄφρη, σκούτος,  
δύσις, ομίχλη. EP. Ἀργαλέος, αἰνός, ἀμύχανός,  
εὐρύς, κρύερος, ὀκρίεις.

Ζῶα, poet. pro Ζῶω, q. v. See Jacobs. An-  
thol. 8. 318.

Ζύγαστρον, οὐ, τὸ, arca, capsa: a chest.  
Κοίλῳ ζύγαστρον δῶρον Trach. 715. SYN. Σόρος,  
κιβωτός.

Ζυγφόρος, Ζυγφόρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, jugum fe-  
rens: bearing the yoke. Ἀρμῶσι ζυγφόρους  
Hipp. 1183. Herc. F. 120.

Ζυγῖος, α, ὄν, (1) jugalis: yoked; (2) epith.  
Junonis, connubii prædis: presiding over mar-  
riage. Ἡρῇ τε Ζυγῖη Apoll. 4. 96. SYN. Ζευκ-  
τός, ζυγώτος, σὺζυγῖος.

Ζυγῶδεσθαι, οὐ, τὸ, lorum quo equi ad temo-  
nem ejusque anteriorem partem sunt juncti: the  
traces of a carriage. Ek δ' ἐφῆρον ζυγῶδεσθαι  
Ω. 270.

Ζυγῶς, οὐ, ὁ; Ζυγῶν, οὐ, τὸ, colligatio; ju-  
gum; trutina; currus; transtrum; calcementi  
corrigia; caput citharæ: a fastening; yoke; the  
transverse beam of the balance; a chariot; the  
bench or transom of a ship; the latchet of a shoe;  
O

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τός, ζυγώτος, σὺζυγῖος.

Ζυγῶδεσθαι, οὐ, τὸ, lorum quo equi ad temo-  
nem ejusque anteriorem partem sunt juncti: the  
traces of a carriage. Ek δ' ἐφῆρον ζυγῶδεσθαι  
Ω. 270.

Ζυγῶς, οὐ, ὁ; Ζυγῶν, οὐ, τὸ, colligatio; ju-  
gum; trutina; currus; transtrum; calcementi  
corrigia; caput citharæ: a fastening; yoke; the  
transverse beam of the balance; a chariot; the  
bench or transom of a ship; the latchet of a shoe;  
O



the transverse piece uniting the two crooked extremities of a lyre. *Αυχὴν ἐντίθεις ζυγῷ* Hec. 376. SYN. Ζεύγη, ζεύγος, στάθμους, κἀθεδρα, σέμα. EP. Ασπεμῆς, διστάθμους, δούλιος, ἱππεύς, εὐδύος, ἀργυρεὺς, χρυσεὺς, κλεινός, πωλίκος, ἱππικός, ποικιλός, ἐπαυχεύς. PNH. Πύξινον, ομφάλινον, εὐοικεσὶν ἀσπρὸς Δ. 268.

Ζυγὸφύρος. See Ζυγὸφύρος.  
Ζυγὸφύρος, perpendo; pessulo occludo: to weigh, balance; to bar. *Αὐτὸ καὶ ζυγώθισον* Nub. 745. SYN. Ἀνακρίνω, σταθμάωμαι, ἴσω, σὺναρμόττω.

Ζυγῶτος, ἡ, ὄν, junctus: joined, yoked. *Λίθες ζυγῶτων ἀρμάτων* Soph. El. 704. SYN. see Ζυγῶτος.

Ζωῆγρία, ὡν, τὰ, præmia quæ pendantur pro vitæ redemptione: the reward given for preserving the life of another. *Ζωῆγρι' ὀφέλλεις* S. 462. EXP. Τὰ τῆς ζωῆς χάριστηρία.

Ζωγράφω, ad vivum pingo: to draw to the life, to paint. *Ζωγράφει τὰς ληκίδους* Eccles. 996. SYN. see Γράφω.

Ζωγράφος, οὐ, ὁ, pictor: a painter. *Ἄγε ζωγράφον ἄριστ' Ἀνακρ.* 28. 1. SYN. see Γράφω.

Ζωγρέω, vivum capio; vivifico: to take alive, preserve the life of a captive; to restore to life. Z. 46. SYN. Ζωπύρω, εὐδελῶ ποιῶ, ἀνέγερω, ἀνορθῶ, ἐγείρω.

Ζωή, ἡς, ἡ, et poet. Ζῶν, vita; victus: life; the means of living. Eurip. El. 121. Med. 972. SYN. Βίος, βιωτός, εὐπορία, οὐσία, κτήσις. EP. Ἄλεκτρος, στήγερὰ, ἀμβροσία, ἀλγινδεσσά, ἐλάφρα, λυγρὰ, λυγρὰ, ἐπιμοχθός, πάλινροσός, μένεικτος, καθάρὰ, ἐμφύτος.

Ζωδάμιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vividus, almus: lively, fostering. Olymp. 7. 19.

Ζωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, lorica; indusium; cingulum: a coat of mail; a sort of under garment; a girdle. Δ. 216. SYN. Ζώνη, ταυρία, ἐνδυμὰ, δάραξ. EP. Φαεινόν.

Ζωμευμὰ, ἄτος, τὸ, condimentum, jus, pulmentum: seasoning, broth, pottage. *Ταῖσι Πέλοποννησίων τρήρεσι ζωμευμὰτα* Eq. 279. Sed h. l. "per jocum posuit ζωμευμὰτὰ pro υποζώματὰ, quæ ad struendas naves usui sunt, ut ligna, cera, pix," Steph. materials for building ships.

Ζωμιδιόν, οὐ, τὸ, (2) ζωμός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) jusculum: broth, pottage; (2) jus: soup. *Χῶσπερ βροντῇ τὸ ζωμιδιόν* Nub. 389. 356.

Ζωμός. See Ζωμιδιόν.

Ζώνη, ἡς, ἡ, zona, cingulum; cinetura: a zone, girdle; the waist. Hec. 750. SYN. Ζωστήρ, ζώμα, περίζωμα, τέλαμον. EP. Δερμάτινη, παρθένια, φονικὸκρόκος, κἀλῃ, χρυσείη.

Ζώνιον, οὐ, τὸ, cingulum: a girdle. *Εν σκότῳ τὸ ζώνιον* Lysistr. 72.

Ζώννυμι, ζωννῶ, ζῶσω, cingo; to gird, brace, put on. *Ἰσὲ ζώννυσθαι ἀναγεν* A. 15. SYN. Περὶζωννῶ, ἐνδύομαι, καθόπλιζω, κύκλω, δριγκῶ, σφένδαμω.

Ζωός, et Ζωός, ἡ, ὄν, et Ζῶς, vivus: living. B. 699. Theoc. 2. 5. E. 887. SYN. Ζῶν, ἐμπνός, ἐμψυχός.

Ζωοτόκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vivipara: producing a living creature, viviparous. Theoc. 25. 125.

Ζωπύρω, ignem sopitum foveo, accendo: to renew a flame, kindle. *Ζωπύροισι τάρβος* Sept. Th. 276., is answered by τὰν βάθρυχθον αἶαν. SYN. Εκκαλω, ἀνάπτω, ἀνέγερω, ἐφύπνιζω.

Ζωπύριον, ἄνθος, ὁ, Zopyrion. Θάρσει Ζωπύριον Theoc. 15. 13.

Ζωρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, merus: mere, pure. Apoll. 1. 477. SYN. Ἀκρατός.

Ζῶς. See Ζωός.

Ζωστήρ, ἡρός, ὁ, cingulum, balteus: a girdle, belt. E. 615. SYN. Ζώνη, τέλαμον, δάραξ.

EP. Ἀσπρῶς, ἀναιδής, δαυδαῖος, πᾶναῖδος, φοινικὶ φαεινός.

Ζῶστρον, οὐ, τὸ, vestimentum quo cingimur: a girdle, wrapper. ζ. 38. SYN. see Ζῶμα.

Ζωφύτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fertilis plantarum: productive of plants, fertile. *Ζωφύτον αἶμα βροτοῖσι* Aesch. Sup. 864.

Ζῶω, poet. et Ep. pro Ζῶω, q. v., et Ζῶσκον Hesiod. E. 1. 90.

## H.

Ἡᾶ. See Ἡᾶ.

Ἡβαῖος, ἂ, ὄν, parvus: little, small, short. *Φρένες οὐδ' ἡβαῖαι* E. 140. SYN. Βαῖος, ὀλγός, παῖρος, ὀλγὸχρόνιος.

Ἡῆω, poet. Ἡῆω, pubescens, juvenescens: to grow up to manhood, to be vigorous. Eur. Sup. 1224. e. 69. SYN. Εφηῆω, ἀτάλλα, νέω, δάλλω, ἀκμάζω.

Ἡῆη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) pubes, juvenus: puberty, youth; (2) Hebe, the goddess of youth. Helen. 12. SYN. Νέοτης, ἡλικία, ἀκμή. EP. (1) Ἀγλαός, ἀγλαύριος, ἀχάλιος, ἀλεξικακός, ἐράτῃ, εὐδαίμων, δαλέρῃ, νῆδρῃ, νῆνις, ἡλὶς, πάλιρῆατος, σάφρων, ἄφρων, ἐράπειν, (2) καλίσφειρος, λευκόσφειρος, τιμῆσός, καλὸπιδάλος, χρυσόπιδάλος, ἀμείροτος. PNH. (1) Ἀκμή ἡῆας Alcest. 325.; ἡῆας δᾶρα Alcest. 300.; δαλέρῃ ἡῆας χρόνος Eur. El. 20.; ἡῆας ἐρικυδέος μέτρον A. 225.; τέρην ἄνθος ἐρικυδέος ἡῆας Hes. Theog. 988.; τερπνὰς χρυσόσφειρον καρπὸς ἡῆας Pyth. 4. 281.

Ἡῆτης, οὐ, ὁ, puber: in the vigour of youth, youthful, vigorous. Heracl. 859. SYN. Εφηῆος, αἰζὴς, ἡλὶς.

Ἡελλιάω, prae juvenute petulans sum: to be wanton through youth. Ἡελλιάωσα κούρῃ Ran. 519.

Ἡῆω. See Ἡῆω.

Ἡγᾶθῶς, α, ὄν, valde divinus: very divine. *Ἀἱμὼν ἐς ἡγᾶθῆν* Φ. 58. SYN. see Ζᾶθῶς.

Ἡγᾶν, Ion. pro Τήγαν, οὐ, τὸ, sartago: a frying-pan. Anacr. 130. See Τήγαν.

Ἡγῆμενυμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, ductio; dux: a guidance; a conductor. Phoen. 1506.

Ἡγῆμενῶν, (2) Ἡγῆμαι, (1) dux sum: to be a leader or general; (2) dux, existimo: to conduct, lead, consider, think. B. 527. Hec. 329. SYN. (1) Ἀρχω, ὀδηγεῶ, ἡγηλάω, (2) νόμιζω, λογιζομαι, δοκιμάζω, ἐπιλογαζομαι, τίθημι.

Ἡγῆμνη. See Ἡγῆμαι.

Ἡγῆμιος, οὐ, ὁ, conduens; ep. Mercurii: conducting. Plut. 1159.

Ἡγῆμων, ὄντος, ἡγητήρ, ἡρός, ἡγητής, οὐ, ἡγητωρ, ὄρος, ὁ; Ἡγῆμων, ἡς, ἡ, dux, præsides: a leader, guide, commander, governor, mover. Hec. 281. G. C. 1520. Aesch. Sup. 247.

B. 79. Call. 3. 228. SYN. Τῆγητης, ἄτος, ἀγωγός, ἀρχός, βασιλεὺς, στρατηγός. EP. Ἀγάκλιτος, εὐθλός, ἰφθίμος, φίλδος, δειπμαστός.

Ἡγῆμαι. See Ἡγῆμενῶν.

Ἡγῆμαι, Ἡγῆσθαι, poet. pro Ἀγῆρμαι, q. v. Ἐπεφράζων ἡγῆρεσθαι K. 127. Γ. 231.

Ἡγηλάω, ducō, praeo: to lead, go before. *Κάκων ἡγηλάεις* p. 217. SYN. Ἡγῆμαι, ἄγω, φέρω, ἐλαύνω, ὀδηγεῶ, ἀρχω, δειράπειν, ἐπιμελέμαι.

Ἡγητήρ, Ἡγητωρ, Ἡγητής. See Ἡγῆμαι.

Ἡῆως, libenter: agreeably, readily, gladly. Antig. 436. SYN. Τερπνῶς, ἀλύπως, ευφρόνως, ευθύμως.

Ἡῆη, jam, mox, protinus: now, already, presently, immediately. Hec. 140. SYN. Νῦν, πάλαι.

Ἡδῶμαι, delector: to be delighted. Hipp. 1071. SYN. Εφῆδῶμαι, ἐπῆρδῶμαι, ευφραίνωμαι, τέρπομαι, χαίρω.

Ἡδὴ, ἡς, ἡ, voluptas, jucunditas: pleasure, delight. Ion 1309. SYN. Γᾶος, τέρψις, τρυφή, ἡδὴ, ἐπιθυμία.

Ἡδὸς, εὖς, τὸ, suavitas: sweetness, charm, pleasure. A. 318. SYN. Ἄδδς, ἡδὴ, ωφέλειά.

Ἡδύδης, οὐ, ὁ, dulcisonus: sweet-sounding. Bacch. 127. See below. SYN. Ἡδύδρος, ἡδύμελῆς, εὐχνης, ἡδύγλωσσος.

Ἡδύελως, ὠδός, dulce ridens: sweetly smiling. Πάλλικρον ἡδύγλωττα Hom. Pan. 37. SYN. Φίλομυεδής.

Ἡδύγλωσσος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, suavem linguam habens: sweet-tongued. Olymp. 13. 141. See above.

Ἡδύπτης, εὖς, Ἡδύπτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, suaviloquus: sweetly speaking. Ἡδύπτης ἀνῶρος A. 248. Hec. 131. SYN. Μελίγρης, μελίφθογος, γλυκίφωνος, ἡδύφωνος, ἐπητής, αὐθής, δυνάτος et δεινός εἰπεῖν, λέγειν.

Ἡδύδρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ; Ἡδύμελῆς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, dulcisonus: sweet-sounding. Eur. El. 703. Av. 659. See Ἡδύπτης and Ἡδύδης.

Ἡδύδης, ἡδύπτης. See Ἡδύπτης.

Ἡδύμελῆς. See Ἡδύπτης.

Ἡδύμω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, suavis, jucundus: sweet, pleasant. Ἡδύμω ἔπνον Hom. Merc. 241. SYN. Ἡδύμω, ἡδύς.

Ἡδύπτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, suavit spirans: sweetly breathing. Ἡδύπτης αὐρας Med. 335., answers to κλευνόταν σόφαι.

Ἡδύπτης, εὖς, gratus jucundusque civitati: dear to the city. E. R. 510. See below and Ἀπόλις.

Ἡδύπτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cujus potus suavis est: sweetly flavoured. *Οἶνον ἡδύπτης γ. 391.*

Ἡδύς, εἰᾶ, ὅ, compar. Ἡδύων Attice, Ἡδύων Ion. et Dor. superl. Ἡδύστος, suavis: sweet, pleasant, delightful. *Ὡς ἡδύς ἐν πόρτακι* Iroad. 1186. SYN. Γλυκὺς, ἀγᾶνός, μελίχρος, εὐήθης, ἐπιχάρης.

Ἡδύσμαι, ἄτος, τὸ, unguentum, condimentum: perfume, spice, sweetmeat, sauce. Vesp. 499. SYN. Ἀρτυμᾶ.

Ἡδωνός, ἡ, ὄν, Edonus: Edonian, Thracian. Hec. 1135.

Ἡῆλῶς. See Ἡῆλῶς.

Ἡῆρῶμαι, sublimis volito, suspensor, inconstat sum: to be elevated, suspended, undecided. Ακρίδης ἡῆρῶνται Φ. 12. SYN. Αιωρῶμαι, ἀειρόμαι, κρέμαμαι, ἐπαρῶμαι, ἐρεθίζομαι.

Ἡῆρῶς, ας, ἡ, Eriboea. Περικαλλῆς Ἡῆρῶς E. 389.

Ἡῆριος, α, ὄν, (1) aërius; obscurus: in the air; dark; (2) matutinus: in the morning. Ἡῆριος τᾶτ' ἡ δὴ ῥά ι. 52. SYN. (1) Αἰερίος, (2) ἑωθινός.

Ἡῆρῶς, εὖς; Ἡῆρῶς, εὐτός, obscure: gloomy, dark. γ. 105. SYN. Ἡῆρῶς, σκότεινός, ὀνέφρῶς, κελανέφης, σκότειος, ὀφρναῖος.

Ἡῆρῶς, εὖς, ἡ, per aërem means: air-traversing. Ἡῆρῶς Ἡῆρῶς Erius T. 87. SYN. Αἰρῶστος, ἀερισπότης, ἀερισπότης, ἀερισπότης.

Ἡῆρῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, elatam seu altam vocem habens: having a loud voice. E. 505. SYN. Μεγᾶλῶς.

Ἡῆτων, ἄνθος, ὁ, Eëtion. Ἡῆτων ὅς ἐναῖεν E. 396. EP. Αντιῆτος, μεγᾶλῆτωρ, ἀμύμων, ὀβριμῶς.

Ἡῆρ, ἑρῶς, ἡ, Ion. pro Ἡῆρ, q. v. (1) αἰρ, (2) caligo. "In posteriori significatu semper ponitur femininum; in priori semper masculinum." Damm.

Ἡῆς, ἄδδς, consuetus, familiaris: accustomed, usual, familiar, intimate. Ἡῆδων ὡς δέσποτα Cycl. 250. SYN. Εῆς, εἰς, σὺνῆθης, οικείος, ἐφέστιος, κοινῶς, ἡμέρος.

Ἡῆος, α, ὄν, (1) venerandus: dear, respected, a term addressed by a younger to an elder brother; (2) subst., patruus: an uncle. Ἡῆλη κέφαλή Φ. 94. EXP. Ἡῆλη προσφώνησις νεωτέρου πρὸς πρεσβυτέρου. SYN. Σεμνός, ἀγλαδότης, δειός, ἡγᾶθός, φίλδος.

Ἡῆος. See Ἡῆος.

Ἡῆος, οὐ, ὁ, cribrum: a sieve. Eur. fr. Eurysth. 1. 2. SYN. Κόσκινον.

Ἡῆος, εὖς, τὸ, mos; consuetus habitandi locus: manner, habit, custom; haunt. Med. 102. SYN. Ἔθος, τρόπος, φή, φθοῖς. EP. Αστρογόν, βάρβαρον, εὐσέες, ἀφῶδες, φιλότιμον, δυσγένες, ἀκύλαστον, καὶνόν, λογιόν, ἡμέρον, κερδάλειν, κερδόν, κισθλόν, κυδάλειν, πιστόν, ποικίλιν, πατρώϊον, πολυτρόπον, ξυγγένες.

Ἡῆ, Ἡῆ, item Ἡᾶ (dissyll.) ὡν, τὰ, (1) viatica: provisions for a journey; (2) commectus: provisions; (3) palea: chaff. Ἡᾶ καὶ ἀγγεῖν ἄρσιν β. 289. SYN. Εφῶδιᾶ, (2) βράματᾶ, (3) ἀχῆρα.

Ἡῆος, Ἡῆος, οὐ, ὁ, juvenis; coelebs: a young man; an unmarried man, bachelor. Ἡῆδων τ' Ἀκάμαντ' A. 60. SYN. Κοῖρος, αἰζὴς, ἀγάμος. EP. Θάλεθων, δαλέρῶς, ἀτάλα φρονέων. PNH. Φαῖρος ἐν ὁμίᾳ Apoll. 2. 44. Πύρσαις γένυσιν ἐξανδρούμενός Phoen. 32.

Ἡῆος, εὐτός, magnas habens ripas: having high and craggy shores, deeply embanked. *Κάθ' εἰσὲν ἐπ' ἡῆςτι* E. 36.

Ἡῆς, ὄν, jaculandi peritus: skilled in shooting. *Ἐνθά σὲ ἡῆς φοῖβε* Hom. Apoll. 120. SYN. Εὐσκόπος, ἐκπρόλος, ἐκπρόβητος.

Ἡῆς, Ἡῆς, ὄντος, ἡ, littus: a shore. Αἰτῆς δ' ἡῆς μεγᾶλην M. 31. Orest. 989. SYN. Ακτὴ, ἀγῆλῶς, οχθὴ, εἰς, ψάμμος. EP. Πάραλλῆς, προχουστός, ἀκρά, βάθειά, βερύδοντος, εὐαῖα, πολυφλοιστός, πορφύρεα, ψάφαρά.

Ἡῆς, leniter, quiete: gently, mildly, quietly. Ἡῆς κύντας p. 255. SYN. Ἡῆς, ἡσυχῶς, πρῶς.

Ἡῆς, ὄν, scuticam nunquam expertus; jugum nullum passus: not having experienced the goad; unsubjected to the plough. Z. 275. SYN. Ακέντητος, ἀδάμαστος.

Ἡῆς, minime: least, by no means. Ἡῆς τοῦτον Med. 349.

Ἡῆς, ὄν, minimus: least. Φ. 531.

Ἡῆς, ὄν, veni: to be come, or arrived. Hec. 1. SYN. Κᾶθηκα, ἐλᾶνθᾶ, παρᾶγινῶμαι.

Ἡῆς, ὄν, Hlaoskás, Hlaoskwa, erro, vagor: to O 2

roam, wander about, to be mad. Theoc. 7. 23. Σ. 281. N. 104. SYN. Αλάμαι, πλάμαι, ελάμαι.

Ηλάκω, ης, ἡ, (2) Ηλάκω, ὡν, τὰ, (1) colus: a distaff; (2) lanæ circumvolutæ colui: the thread wound round a distaff. 'Ιστών τ' ηλάκω τὴν Ζ. 491. η. 105. SYN. Ἀτρακτός, δοναξ, βέλως. Ερ. Αἰνέκωστος, χρυσία, δολίχη. Ηλασκώ, Ηλάσκω. See Ηλαίνω.

Ηλείω, ὡν, οἱ, Elidis incolæ, qui et Επειοί dicti: Eleans. A. 670.

Ηλέκτρα, ας, ἡ, Electra: one of the daughters of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra. Χρυσόθემίς Ἰφίγεία τ' Ηλέκτρα τ' ἐγὼ Orest. 23. Homer gives different names to the three daughters of Agamemnon: Χρυσόθემίς καὶ Λαοδίκη καὶ Ἰφιδάσση I. 286. Ερ. Αρχέγυς, δύστηνος, δειλάα, βῆθιπέπλος, ῥοδόπηγος, Ἀτλαντίς.

Ἡλεκτρα πύλαι, ὡν, αἱ, Electrae Portæ: one of the seven gates of Thebes. Επ' Ηλέκτρας πύλαις Phœn. 1145.

Ηλεκτρίως, ὡν, ex electro factus: of amber, bright, pellucid. Αλέκτριον ὕδωρ Callim. Cer. 19.

Ἡλεκτρός, ὡν, ὁ; Ἡλεκτρὸν, οὗ, τὸ, mixtura ex auro et argento conflata, electrum: a mixture of gold and silver, burnished gold. δ. 73. Ερ. Διειδής, χρυσάγης.

Ἡλεκτρόφαις, εἰς, electri splendorem habens: shining like electrum, glittering. Ilipp. 738. See Φάδς.

Ἡλεκτρίων, ὡνός, ὁ, Electryon: Electryon. Ἐγείνωτ' Ηλεκτρίωνος Αλκμήνη δι' Alcest. 855. See below.

Ἡλεκτρίων, ης, ἡ, Electryone: Electryone. Σὺν εὐφύρῳ Ηλεκτρίων Hes. Clyp. 86. Malby remarks, that the third and fourth syllables of Ηλεκτρίων should be contracted, or considered as one long syllable, since a short vowel before any three consonants cannot remain short. See an excellent note on this subject by Monk, Alcest. 855. Τω, though not a diphthong, is scanned as one in several passages. Alcest. 855. Phœn. 1327. Iph. T. 977. Hes. Scut. 82.

Ηλέκτωρ, ὀρός, ὁ, Sol: the sun. T. 398. SYN. see Ἡλῖος.

Ηλέματος, temere: rashly, at random, cursorily. Τῇ καὶ δ' ηλέματος Apoll. 4. 1206. SYN. Μάτην, μάταιως, ἄλλως, ἄττως.

Ἡλῆος, Ηλός, ἡ, ὡν, stolidus: foolish, silly. β. 243. O. 128. SYN. Ἀνόητος, μωρός, μάταιος, ηλιθίος.

Ἡλιάδες, ὡν, αἱ, Heliades: the Heliades, the daughters of the Sun. Ἡλιάδες τῶν ἡλίου Apoll. 4. 61. SYN. Φαέθοντιάδες, Φαέθοντες ἀδελφαί.

Ἡλιάζω, ἔω et σω, (1) ad solem expando: to expand to the sun; (2) in Helia judico: to be a judge in the court of Helia. Σχίσω σ' ἐγὼ τῆς νῦν βοῆς ἀλλ' οὐκ εἴ' ἡλιάζεις Lysist. 380. (hipponactic, ut in seq.) SYN. (2) Δικάζω.

Ἡλία, ας, ἡ, Helia: a place where certain judges held their meetings in the open air at Athens. 'Ιν' εὐθιῶν ἀνοούμενοι κάπειν' ἐν Ἡλία Eq. 897.

Ἡλιάς. See Ἡλιάδες.

Ἡλιαστής, οὗ, ὁ, iudex in Helia: a judge in the court of Helia. Μὲν Ἡλιαστὰ μὰ Διὰ θάτερον τρόπον Av. 109.

Ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὡν, Heliasticus, judicialis: of the court of Helia. Γέροντος Ἡλιαστικοῦ Vesp. 195.

Ἡλιθάτος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, tam altus ut soli uni sit pervius: accessible only to the sun, very high. Ἡλιθάτος πέτρη O. 273. SYN. Ὑψηλός, ἀθάτος, ὑψιρέφης, ὑψιρόφος.

Ἡλιθα, effuse, valde, copiose: abundantly, very, exceedingly. Διὶ ἐχέι ἡλιθα πολλή ξ. 215. SYN. Ἀθρόος, σφιδρὰ, μάλ᾽, πᾶν, μάτην. Ἡλιθιάζω, stulte ago: to play the fool. Eq. 1121. See Ἡλιθίω.

Ἡλιθίω. SYN. Μωραίνω, ηλαίνω, ἀνασθητέω.

Ἡλιθῖος, ὡν, stultus, vecors: silly, mad. Nub. 872. See below. SYN. Ἀνασθητός, μωρός, ἄφρων, σκληρός, μάταιος.

Ἡλιθίω, attonitum reddo: to astonish, astound. Μη φρένας ὕμῶν ηλιθίωσθ' P. V. 1097. SYN. Ἀτύζω, εκπλήττω, παρὰ πλῆσσω.

Ἡλικία, ας, ἡ, statura, ætas, adolescentia, vigor: stature, age, manhood, vigour. Χρὴ γνωσιμαῖχεν σὴν ἡλικίαν Heracl. 706. SYN. Γενεά, νῆστης, ἀκμή. Ερ. Ἰμερόσσα, ἰμερτή, σθενάρᾳ, φαῖδρᾳ, χαλδρᾳ.

Ἡλικίωστος, οὗ, ὁ; Ἡλιξ, ἱκός, ὁ, ἡ, par ætate: a youth of the same age, an equal in years. Εἰμὸς ἀλικίωστος Theoc. 14. 54. Herc. F. 511. SYN. Ὁμήλιξ, σὺν ἡλίξ.

Ἡλικίος, ἡ, ὡν, quantus, quali ætate: how great, of what age. Ἡλικίον πρόθημα C. R. 15. SYN. Ὅσος, πόσος, ἐπὶ σός.

Ἡλιξ. See Ἡλικίωστος.

Ἡλιοελητός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, apricus: smitten by the sun, sunny. Ἡλιοελητός πλάκας Bacch. 14.

Ἡλίκανστος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, sole perustus: burnt up by the sun, sun-burnt. Ἰσχαν ἀλίκανστον Theoc. 10. 26.

Ἡλιόμανής, εἰς, sole gaudens: delighting in the sun. Θάλπει μέσημερίων ἡλιόμανής βοῦξ Av. 1095.

Ἡλῖος, Ηἒλιος, οὗ, ὁ, sol: the sun. Ἡλῖξ δ' αὖτ' ἱπποῖν Phœn. 2. Σ. 480. SYN. Ηλέκτωρ, ὑπέρλιον, Φοῖβος, Φαέθων, Φωσφόρος, Παίαν. Ερ. Ἐπιτελλόμενος, κατὰ δουμένος, αἰὲς, περιφύερός, φαῖσι μέρους, ἀκίμας, παμφάνων, ἀνίων, χρυσόφειγος, ἀγλῆεις, αὐθιμένος, ευρύπτης, ζεῖδωρος, λίπαρόωνος, μαρμαίρων, μάλῆρος, ζαμῆνης, τηλεφάνης, σερίδεις, χρυσόφαις, φλόγερους, φάνῆρος, φαεινός, φανσίερός. P. H. Φέγγος ἡλίου Hec. 250. αὐτὸς κύκλος τ' ἡλίου Hec. 412. ἡλίου βολαί Orest. 57. ἡλίου ἀγῶν σέβας Med. 750. φάσκει λαμπρῆς ἡλίου Rhes. 59. καλλιφειγῆς ἡλίου σέλας Trond. 853. ὅς πᾶν' ἐφόρᾳ καὶ πᾶν' ἐπακούει μ. 323. πάντων δ' ἔων δὲ δὸς πρόμος ἡλῖος C. R. 660. οἷαν δ' ἡνέθλιος ἀκλίνων πᾶτηρ, πῦρ πνέοντων ἀρχὸς ἱππων Olymp. 7. 128. ἀστέρος οὐρανίου τηλαυγέστερον φῶς Pyth. 3. 134. πάνοπτης κύκλος ἡλίου P. V. 91. τὸν αὐτὸν οὐρανὸν διφρηλάτων Aj. 845.

Ἡλιοστήρης, εἰς, sole privatus vel privans: shaded or shading from the sun. Κρατὶ δ' ἡλιοστήρης C. C. 313.

Ἡλιοστίδης, εἰς, per quem sol incedit: traversed by the sun. Φλόγωπας ἡλιοστιδῆς P. V. 816.

Ἡλιώω, rutilo: to be red and flaming. Τὰ δ' ἐς ἀκρόν ἡλιώσας Anacr. 29. 6.

Ἡλῖς, ἱδός, ἡ, Elis: one of the divisions of the Peloponnesus. Ηλῖδος δῖνσάσθης Iph. A. 280. Ερ. Ἰππῆλᾶτος, δᾶ, ευρύχρους, ἱππῆδότης, εὐδιφρός, πολυτάμων. P. H. Εὐάνωρ Λύδων Πέλοδος ἀποικία Olymp. 1. 37.

Ἡλιόμηνος, ὡν, natus aut completos menses: prematurely born. Καὶ ἡλιόμηνον ἔδνα T. 118.

Ἡλιώτης, ἱδός, solaris: sunny. Ακτῶν' ἐς ἡλιώτων ὡς δ' ἐθαλπέτο Trach. 699.

Ἡλός, ἡ, ὡν. See Ἡλῖος. Illud autem Blomf. ἡλός scribit in Gloss. ad Agam. 357., forsan per merum errorem.

Ἡλός, οὗ, ὁ, clavus: a stud, nail. A. 59. SYN. Γομφός. Ερ. Χρυσείος.

Ἡλύγη, ης, ἡ, tenebræ, umbra: shade, gloom, darkness. Τῆς δίκης τὴν ἡλύγην Acharn. 684. SYN. Σκία, ὄφρος, σκότος.

Ἡλύσιος, ἡ, ὡν, Elysian: Elysian. Ἡλύσιον πέδιον δ. 563. P. H. see the whole passage from which the quotation is taken, and Olymp. 2. 109. and 128.

Ἡλῖσις, εἰς, ἡ, adventus, ingressus: an arrival, entrance. Πίκραν δῖκων ἡλῖσιν Herc. F. 1035. SYN. Πόρεα, βᾶσις, ἑλευσίς, ἀφίξις, ἐφόδος, ὁδός, σύνδός.

Ἡμάθια, ας, ἡ, Emathia seu Macedonia: Emathia or Macedonia. Καὶ Ἡμάθην ἐράτεινν Hec. 226. SYN. Πάδοις.

Ἡμάθων, ὡνός, ὁ, Emathion: the son of Tithonus and Aurora. Καὶ Ἡμάθων ἀνακτα Hes. Theog. 984.

Ἡμάθεις, εἰσᾶ, ἔν, arenosus: sandy. Πύλον Ἡμάθεντα A. 93. SYN. Ψάμβώδης, τραχύς.

Ἡμαί, sedeo, infigor: to sit, to be placed in. Alcest. 620. SYN. Κάθημαι, ἐπικάθημαι, ἐξέμαι, ἰζάνω.

Ἡμῆρ, ἁτός, τό; Ἡμέρα, ας, ἡ, dies: a day. Καί μ' ἡμῆρ ἦσθ' C. R. 73. Hec. 317. SYN. Φῆς, φῆς, πᾶς. Ερ. Δούλειον, κύριον, εχθρὸν, ελευθέρων, λυτῶν, βράχῳ, πέπωμένον, ἀελπτόν, καλλιφειγῆς, λευκοπῶλον, γλυκέρων, αἰσίμων, ἐράσμιον, νόστιμον, εὐδίων, ὀλεθρίων, μόρσιμον, νηλεές, πῶλύστων, φάσι μέρους, φωσφόρον, ἀναγκαῖον, δειλόν, ορφάνικον, αἰματόεν. P. H. Ἡλιον ακτῖς, χρυσέας ἡμέρας βλεφάρων, ἡμέρας ἀγῶν φῶς, τρὸς ἡμιλλητῆρες ἡλίου, ἁλίου παῖς.

Ἡματῖς, ας, ὡν, diurnus: daily. Ἐνθά κεν ἡματῖ μιν τ. 149. SYN. Ἡμερήσιος, ἐπ' ἡματῖ, ἐπ' ἡμῆρ.

Ἡμεδᾶσος, ἡ, ὡν, nostras: of our country. Ἡμεδᾶπ' στράτη Call. fr. 152.

Ἡμέρα. See Ἡμῆρ.

Ἡμερεύω, diem transigo, per diem aliquid facio: to pass the day, to do anything by day. Soph. El. 786. SYN. Διημερεύω, δι' ἡμέρας κάμνω.

Ἡμερήσιος, ὡν, unius diei; diurnus (See Blomf. in l. c.): of one day, daily. Νυκτὸς ἡμερήσιον Agam. 21. SYN. Κάθημεριός, ἡματῖος, πάνημεριός.

Ἡμερίς, ἱδός, ἡ, "vitis hortensis et ab hominibus culta, ad differentiam sylvestris, τῆς ἀγριάδος." Damm: a cultivated vine. Ἡμερίς ἡβώσα ε. 69. SYN. Ἀμπελός, οἰνῆ.

Ἡμερόκοιτος, οὗ, ὁ, qui die dormit: one who sleeps in the day. Hes. Op. 603.

Ἡμερόλεγδον, per singulos dies numeratim: counting day by day. Pers. 63.

Ἡμερός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, mansuetus, cicur: tame, gentle, kind. o. 162. SYN. Ηθᾶς, ὑπόχειρῶς, χειροπῆγος, τίσασσος, πῶρος.

Ἡμερόκοπος, οὗ, ὁ, speculator diurnus: a spy by day. Antig. 253. SYN. Φροῦρος.

Ἡμερόφαντος, ὡν, interdiu conspicuus: seen by day. Agam. 81.

Ἡμερόω, mitem reddo: to render mild or fertile. Eumen. 14.

Ἡμετέρως, ας, ὡν, noster: our. Z. 58. SYN. Ναιτέρως, ἡμῶς.

Ἡμί, loquor: to speak, say. Ἡ ῥά γυνὴ Z. 390

Ἡμῖνευς, ὡν, semibarbatus: with half a beard. Ἡμῖνευς ἐπὶ κράνῳ Theoc. 6. 3.

Ἡμιδᾶς, εἰς, semistus: half-burnt. Ἡμιδᾶς δ' ἀπ' Π. 294. SYN. Ἡμιφλεκτός, ἡμῖτομος.

Ἡμιδοπλοῖον, οὗ, τὸ, dimidiata diplois: a bed-gown. Τούτῳ τὸ τῆς γυναικὸς ἡμιδοπλοῖον Eccles. 318. SYN. Κρόκωτον.

Ἡμιδουλός, ὡν, semiservus: half a slave, meanly born. Ἡ δ' ἡμιδουλὸς τοῖς ἐμοῖς Androm. 942.

Ἡμῖκτεῦν, οὗ, τὸ, dimidiatus sextarius: half a sextarius. Ἐγὼ μὲν οὐδὲν πρότερον ἡμῖκτεῦν Nub. 643.

Ἡμιθεός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, semideus: a demi-god. Iph. A. 173. See below. SYN. Ἡρας, δαίμων.

Ἡμιθῆλῆς, εἰς, semifemina: half-woman, effeminate. Τὸν ἡμιθῆλῆν Ἀττιν Anacr. 13. 2.

Ἡμιθνής, ἡτός, semianimis: half dead. Οἱ μὲν ἄρ' ἡμιθνήτες Call. 6. 60.

Ἡμῖκακας, non omnino bene: half well, very indifferently. Τέως μὲν οὖν ἀλλ' ἡμῖκακας ἐδοσκόμεν Thesm. 449. SYN. Μέρτιος.

Ἡμικραυρά, ας, ἡ, dimidia capitis pars: half the head or skull. Τὴν ἡμικραυραν τὴν ἐτέραν ψιλὴν ἔχων Thesm. 227.

Ἡμιλεπτός, ὡν, semidecorticatus: half stripped off or shelled. Ὅ δ' ἡμιλεπτός ἦσθ' Anacr. 33. 10.

Ἡμῖνευς, ἡ, ὡν, mularis: of mules, mulish. Ζῆγαν ἦρεν ἡμῖνευον O. 268.

Ἡμῖνός, οὗ, ὁ, mulus: a mule. Ἡμῖνον αὖ γὰρ K. 352. P. H. see Ψ. 652.

Ἡμῖπλεκκόν, οὗ, τὸ, securis: a hatchet. Οἱ σέται ἡμῖπλεκκα Ψ. 858.

Ἡμῖπληξ, ἡτός, semipercussus: half-smitten, half-cut. Ὅ δ' ἡμῖπληξ ἀπὸντος Apoll. 4. 1683.

Ἡμῖπνός, ὡν, -pnous, οὖν, semivivus: half dead. Ἐθ' ἡμῖπνον πρότεροντα Batrach. 249. SYN. Ἡμῖνθης.

Ἡμῖσις, εἰς, ὅ, dimidiatus: half. Πλὴν ἡμῖσις παντός Hes. Op. 40.

Ἡμῖταλαντόν, οὗ, τὸ, semitalentum: half a talent. Ἀλλὰ τοῖς ἡμῖταλαντόν Ψ. 796.

Ἡμῖτελής, εἰς, semiperfectus: half finished. Καὶ δόμος ἡμῖτελής B. 701.

Ἡμῖτομός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, dimidiatus: cut in two, bisected, half. Ἀντίγῳ ἡμῖτομου Moschi. 2. 89. SYN. Ἡμιδᾶς.

Ἡμῖτόβιον, οὗ, τὸ, peplum, sudarium: a half-worn cloth, napkin. Ἡμῖτόβιον λάβων Plut. 729.

Ἡμῖφλεκτός, ὡν, semistus: half burnt. Ἀθῶς ἡμῖφλεκτὸν Theoc. 2. 134.

Ἡμῖωβηλιάδος, ας, ὡν, semibolaris, semibolum pretio æquans: worth half an obolus. Ἀν' ἡμῖωβηλιάδ' ὀδῶσι τις δίκην Ran. 554.

Ἡμῖς, quando: when. Θ. 68. SYN. Ἡνικά, ὅτε, ὅταν, ὅπῳτᾶν.

Ἡμῶω, inclino, dimitto, necto: to bow down, let sink, wink. Ὡς ἐτέρω' ἡμῶω κάρη Θ. 308. Ἐπὶ δ' ἡμῶω ἀσάχουσιν B. 148. "Pe-nult. ancip. frequentius longa." Malb. SYN. Ἐπικλίνω, κατάκλινω, πίπτω.

Ἡμῶν, ὡνός, ὁ, jaculator: a shooter, slinger. Ψ. 886. SYN. see Ἄκοντιστῆρ.

Ἡν, idem quod ἔάν, partic. cum conjunctivo conjungitur, si: if. A. 90. Ἡν is also used in the sense of En, ecce, behold! Herc. F. 863. SYN. Εἰ, εἴπερ.

Ἡνέμεις, εἰσᾶ, ἔν, ventosus: exposed to the









Θείω. See Θεώ.  
Θεληγερών, Θελεκτηρών, Θελεκτρών, ου, τὸ, de-  
linimentum: a charm, allurement, soothing.  
Orest. 211. Eumen. 889. Trach. 586. SYN.  
Κήλημα, δέλεαρ, φιλτρών, χάρα.  
Θέλω, ἔω, mulceo, demulceo: to soothe,  
charm, bewitch, enfeeble. Hipp. 1269. SYN.  
Μελλίσσω, κηλέω, τέρω, δάλλω, ἀπάτω, ὑπάγω-  
μαι, ἀμαυρόω.  
Θελέω. See below.  
Θελέω, Θελέω, ὄν; Θελέω, ὄν, volens,  
spontaneous: willing, voluntary, quick, ready.  
Æsch. Sup. 869. 1034. Apoll. 2. 558. SYN.  
Θέλων, ἔκων, πρόθυμος, αυθαίρετος, οὐκτρός.  
Θελέω. See Θελέω.  
Θελεκτήρ, ἥρος, δ, delinitor: a soother. Hom.  
15. 4.  
Θελεκτηρῶν. See Θεληγερών.  
Θελεκτηρῶς, α, ὄν, demulcendi vim habens:  
soothing. Eumen. 61.  
Θελεκτρών. See Θεληγερών.  
Θελεκτρών, ὄν, animum delinens: heart-  
soothing. Bacch. 398. See Πρόφρων.  
Θέλω, θέλω, volo, opto, possum: to be  
willing, to wish, to be able. Iph. A. 657. SYN.  
ἔθελω, βούλωμαι, ἐράμαι, ἠρώ, πρόθυμος, δυνά-  
μαι. Pind. Θυμὸς ἐν στήθεσιν ἀνέγει.  
Θεμεθῶν, Θεμελίω, ου, τὸ, fundamentum: a  
foundation. Στόμαχος δέμεθα P. 47. V. 255.  
SYN. Βάσις, βάθρον, ἔδρα. Er. Αἰθάλειν, ευρῶ.  
Θεμελίω. See above.  
Θεμελίος, ὄν, qui in fundamento ponitur: of a  
foundation. Γεράνιοι Θεμελίου κατὰπέπικον αὐ-  
τίους Av. 1137.  
Θεμερῶν, ἰδός, verecunda: modest. Τὰν δέ-  
μερῶν αὐτῶ P. V. 137. answered by Ζεὺς  
ἀθέτως κρατύνει. Er. Εραμία.  
Θεμίζω, in jus et fas compono: to bring under  
the influence of justice, to adjust. Pyth. 4. 250.  
Er. Μαστιγῶν, νυμῶν, δέμοσιν.  
Θεμικτετός, ου, δ, ἡ, a Themide contextus:  
woven by Themis, lawful. Nem. 9. 125. See  
Ἀμφίπλεκτος.  
Θεμῖς, ἴδός, ἰσθός, ἰδός, ἡ, (1) lex: law, jus-  
tice; (2) Themis, justitiæ dea: the goddess of  
justice; (3) Θεμιστῆς, tributa: tribute, taxes.  
Med. 674. SYN. (1) Δίκη, νόμος, τὸ δίκαιον,  
δέμιον, δσιών, δικαιοσύνη, (3) φόροι, τέλει.  
Er. (2) Αἰδοία, ἀλεξικάκος, καλλιπάρης, λιπαρὰ,  
κλήτη, ἱέρα, ευκατα, ὀρκία, σάτειρα. Pind. Διὸς  
ξένιον παρέρως.  
Θεμισκόπος, ου, δ, ἡ, inspector juris: an in-  
spector of justice, superintendent. Nem. 7.  
68.  
Θεμισκρῶν, ὄν, juste imperans et regens:  
one who rules with justice. Pyth. 5. 35.  
Θεμισκρεῖς, α, ὄν, a Themiscyra, urbe mari-  
tima Carpathiæ, apud Thermodontem fluvium,  
ubi olim Amazones: of Themiscyra. Ένθα  
Θεμισκρεῖαι Ἀμάζονες Apoll. 2. 997.  
Θεμιστεός, ὄν, legitimus: legitimate, lawful.  
Olymp. 1. 18. SYN. Θεμίτος, δίκαιος, νυμῶν,  
έννομος.  
Θεμιστεῖω, (1) do jura: to administer justice;  
(2) vaticinor: to dispense oracles, prophesy;  
(3) impero: to rule over. Ion 374. SYN.  
(1) Δικάω, (2) μαντεύομαι, χρησμφέω, χράω,  
(3) ἀρχω.  
Θεμιστοκλής, ἔδός, δ, Themistocles: an illus-  
trious Athenian. Ό Θεμιστοκλῆς γὰρ θανάτος  
αἰρετώτερος Eq. 84.

Θεμιστοκλῆς, ὄν, jus dicens: administering  
justice. Apoll. 4. 347.  
Θεμίτος, ὄν, licitus: allowed, lawful. Σολ δ'  
ουχί δέμιον πρὸς φίλον Orest. 97.  
Θεμῶ, admoveo, accedere cogō: to bring  
near, compel to approach. ι. 486. SYN. Θά-  
μίζω, ἐγγίζω.  
Θένω, ἄρῶ, τὸ, vola manus et pedis; super-  
ficies: the hollow of the hand or foot; a surface.  
Πρυμνὸν ὑπὲρ δένωρος E. 339. SYN. Γάλλον,  
ἀγοστός.  
Θένω, et Θείνω, pulso, tundo: to strike, beat,  
lash. Κλέωνε κέντρον ἦθ' ὡς δένων χέρι  
Herc. F. 944. SYN. Πείρω, ἀπείρω, τύπτω,  
κόπτω.  
Θεοδιδῶ, Deos injuriis lacesco: to insult  
the gods. Ἀἰετὰ θεοδιδῶν ὑπερκόμψω δ' ἄρ' αἰ  
Pers. 836.  
Θεογενής, ἔδός, Θεογόνος, ὄν, a deo genitus:  
born of a god, heaven-born, divine. Antig. 845.  
Orest. 340. SYN. Διός, δέιος, δέιος, δεσπότης.  
Θεογόνος, ἰδός, δ, Theognis: (1) a poet of Me-  
gara who flourished 540 A.C.; (2) one of the  
thirty tyrants, a frigid candidate for the tragic  
prize. (2) Ό δ' αὖ Θεογόνος ψυχρὸς Thesm. 170.  
Θεογόνος. See Θεογενής.  
Θεοδμητός, ου, δ, ἡ, divinitus edificatus:  
built by the gods, strongly built. Πρὸς θεο-  
δμητῶ πίτνει Hec. 23. SYN. Θεοπύργος, δέο-  
κραντός.  
Θεοδότης, ου, δ, ἡ, divinitus datus, nobilis:  
given by a god, divinely endowed, noble. Isth.  
5. 29. SYN. Θεορτός, δέοστος, δέος, δέο-  
στός.  
Θεοδότης, ἔδός, Θεοδότης, Θεοδότης, ὄν, deo  
similis: godlike. α. 113. γ. 416. Lysist. 1261.  
SYN. Θεοδότης, δέος, ἰσθός, ἡγάθως, ἀντιθέος,  
καλός.  
Θεοδότης. See Θεοδότης.  
Θεοδότης, ἀντιθέος, ἡ, Θεοδότης, q. v. Hec. 591.  
Θεοκλυμένος, ου, δ, Theoclymenus: the son of  
Proteus and king of Egypt. Helen. 9. The  
quantity of the second and third, as in δέο-  
κλήτω.  
Θεοκλήτω, deos invoco: to invoke the gods.  
Ἐπεὶ δὲ πολλὰ θεοκλήτων ἐπαύσατο Pers. 506.  
SYN. Ἐπικαλέομαι.  
Θεοκλήτω, ου, δ, ἡ, Diis audiendus: to be  
heard by the gods, solemn. Sept. Th. 131. See  
above.  
Θεοκρατός, ὄν, a deo perfectus: accomplished  
by a god. Agam. 1465. See below.  
Θεοκρίτος, ου, δ, Theocritus: the famous Sy-  
racusan poet. Θεοκρίτος δὲ τὰδ ἔγραφε Theoc.  
Ep. ult.  
Θεομάνης, ἔδός, deorum instinctu furens, fu-  
riosus: enfiend by a god, outrageous. Θεο-  
μάνει λίσσῃ δάμει Orest. 835. SYN. Ένθός,  
θεορτός.  
Θεομάχῳ, cum deo pugno: to fight against  
God. Τὸ δὲμάχῳ γὰρ Iph. A. 1409. SYN.  
Δυσσεύω.  
Θεομήτωρ, ὄρῶς, δ, par Diis consiliarius:  
equal to the gods in counsel, supremely wise.  
Pers. 661. SYN. Θεόφρων.  
Θεομῖς, ἔδός, deorum osor: a hater of the  
gods. Av. 1547. See Μισέω. SYN. Θεοστυ-  
γής, δυσσεύς.  
Θεομοῖρος. See below.  
Θεομοῖρος, Θεομοῖρος, Θεομοῖρος, Θεομοῖρος,  
ὄν, δ, ἡ, divinitus acceptus aut immissus aut do-

tatus: received or sent or endowed from heaven.  
Pyth. 5. 6. ex emend. Schmid. Isthm. 8. 84.  
Olymp. 13. 18. (ubi vulg. θεομῖρ). Apoll. 3.  
676.  
Θεομῖς, ἔδός, diis invisus, sceleratus, abomi-  
nandus: detested by the gods, wicked, abomi-  
nable. Όρῶ δ' ἐπ' ομφάλῳ μὲν ἀνδρὰ δέομῖσιν  
Eumen. 40. SYN. Μισός, δέομῖς.  
Θεομῖς, ἡ, Theonoe. Helen. 144.  
Θεομοῖρος, ου, δ, ἡ, divinitus missus: sent  
from heaven, divine. Pyth. 4. 121.  
Θεοπύργος, ὄν, divinitus elaboratus: formed  
by a god. Helen. 583.  
Θεοπρόψω, vaticinor: to prophesy. Θεοπρό-  
ψω ἀγροῦν A. 109. SYN. See Μαντεύομαι.  
Θεοπρόψω, α, ἡ; Θεοπρόψω, ου, τὸ, vatici-  
natio: prophecy, prediction, divination. Θεο-  
πρόψω ἀναφαίνεις A. 87. 85. SYN. Θεοπρόψω,  
μάντις, μαντεῖα, δέοφάτω.  
Θεοπρόψω, ὄν, fatidicus, adj.; vates, subst.:  
prophetic; a soothsayer or prophet. Τόπος τὸ  
δέοπρόψω ἦν Trach. 824. SYN. Θεῖος, μάν-  
τις, χρησμφός.  
Θεοπρόψω, ὄν, diis invisus, quem dii abomi-  
nantur: detested by the gods. Έν θεοπρόψω  
γῆνι Sept. Th. 600. SYN. See Θεοστυγής.  
Θεοπρόψω, ου, δ, ἡ, coelitus accensus: kindled  
from heaven. Eur. El. 732. See Ἀπύρος.  
Θεορτός, ὄν, a deo missus: divine. Olymp.  
2. 67. SYN. Θεοδότης, δέοστος, δέοστος,  
δέος.  
Θεός, οὐ, δ, (1) Deus: God; (2) deus: a  
god; (3) dea (see Θεά), a goddess. Med. 1415.  
Er. Αἰγληῖς, ἀλεξικάκος, ἀλεξήτης, ἀμύντωρ,  
ἀγροκράντος, ἀγροκράντης, αἰώνιος, ἀφειδής,  
ζειδωρὸς, ἐλέημων, κρατῆρς, μέγασθενς, μέγας,  
παγκράτης, παντοδράτωρ, πάνοπτος, οὐκίρμων,  
σύμμαχος, σκηπτοκλῆς, ἐπικουρὸς, ὑπερμῆνης,  
ὑπὲρμῆνης, ὑπὲρμῆνης, ὑπὲρμῆνης, μέγας κρατῆρς,  
κύδιος, κελαινέφης, εὐμνός, ἀθανάτος, οὐρά-  
νιος, (2) Ολύμπιος, ἐνάλιος, χθονίος, οὐρανίος,  
μελαχλαῖτης, ταυροκέρως, πολυμνός, νέρτερος,  
δεσπότης, δαλδασίος, ἀργυρῶν, ἀεικής, ευδαί-  
μων, μάκρ, ἑσπερίων, ἰφθίμους, λευκόπαλός,  
πυλίσσος, βεῖα ζῶν, αἰὲν ἐόν, Ολύμπια δόματ'  
ἔχων, δωτήρ ἑδῶν, πάριος, πατρίος, γένεθλος,  
εγγής, ἔρκειος, ἰσθός. Pind. See Pyth. 2. 89.  
Θεοδότης, ὄν, divinitus datus: given by God.  
Hes. Op. 318. SYN. See Θεοδότης.  
Θεοδότης, ἔδός, Θεοδότης, ὄρῶς, Θεοδότης,  
ου, δ, ἡ, religious: religious, pious. Iph. T. 269.  
Hipp. 1364. Nub. 291. SYN. Ευσεβής, δίκαιος,  
έννομος, ἀγῶν.  
Θεοδότης, -τωρ. See above.  
Θεοδότης, α, ἡ, dei odium: hatred of the  
gods. Vesp. 416. SYN. See Δυσσεύς.  
Θεοδότης, ου, δ, ἡ, divinus: divine. Θεο-  
δοῖον χεῖμα καὶ διαφθοράν P. V. 643. SYN.  
See Θεοδοῖος.  
Θεοδοῖος, ἔδός, Θεοδοῖος, ὄν, Deo odiosus:  
hateful to God. Νῦν δὲ σ' ἡ Θεοδοῖος Troad.  
1203. Choeph. 625. SYN. Θεομῖς, δέο-  
πύργος.  
Θεοταύρος, ου, δ, deus taurus, epith. Jovis: a  
bull-god. Mosch. 2. 131.  
Θεοτῆρας, ὄν, diis honoratus: honoured by  
the gods. Θεοτῆρας δ' οἰκᾷ ἰκάνει Agam.  
1308. SYN. Θεοφίλος, δέοστος, δέοστος.  
Θεοτῆρας, ὄν, a diis conversus: turned or  
reversed by the gods. Νῦν δ' οὐκ ἀμφιβόλος  
δέοτῆρας τὰδ Pers. 902.

Θεοδότης, ἡ, pietas, religio: piety, religion.  
Apoll. 3. 586.  
Θεοδότης, ἔδός, religiosus: pious, religious.  
τ. 364. SYN. See Θεοδότης.  
Θεοφίλος, ἔδός, deo gratus: beloved by the  
gods, divinely favoured. Ran. 440. See Φίλεω.  
SYN. See Θεοδότης et Θεοδοῖος.  
Θεοφῖν, divinitus: of or to the gods. H. 366.  
SYN. See Θεοδοῖος.  
Θεοφῖν, ου, δ, ἡ, numine instinctus: car-  
ried on by a divine impulse. Agam. 1109.  
SYN. Θεορτός, δέομῖς, ἐνθός, δέοστος,  
δέοφρων.  
Θεοφῖν, ὄν, divina mente præditus: di-  
vinely gifted. Τικτὶ δέοφῖν καὶ κοῦρον Olymp.  
6. 70. SYN. Θεομῖς, δέοστος.  
Θεοφῖν, α, ἡ; Θεοφῖν, ἄπός, τὸ, famu-  
latus, ministerium: attendance, care, attention.  
Φίλον δὲ θεοφῖν αἰσίν ἀνδρ' ευεργέτων Iph. T.  
315. Herc. F. 633.  
Θεοφῖν, See above.  
Θεοφῖν, famulus, servus: to be an attendant,  
to attend, minister. Orest. 216. See above.  
SYN. Τηρητέω, ὑπουργέω, δουλέω, ἀκῆμαι,  
ἐπαλῶ.  
Θεοφῖν, α, ἡ, ancilla, famula: a handmaid.  
Τὰν ἐχθίσταν θεοφῖν ἔλεος Troad. 213.  
Θεοφῖν, ἰδός, ἡ, famulus decens: befitting  
a female or handmaid. Δανάος θεοφῖν ἰδὲ φε-  
ρὴν Æsch. Sup. 976.  
Θεοφῖν, ὄν, Θεοφῖν, ἄπός, δ, minister, ser-  
vus: a servant, attendant. Θεοφῖν εὖς ἰδὲ μέ-  
νης V. 528. Ion 94. SYN. Έπῆτης, οὐκῆτης,  
ὑπηρέτης, ἀκῆλος, δουλός. Er. Ἀγῶν,  
ἀντιθέος, ἰφθίμους, ἀγῶν, ἀντιθέος,  
ὑπηρέτης, ἰδός, πιστός, φίλος, γηθοσύνης, ἡθιχός,  
ἡθιχός.  
Θεοφῖν. See Θεοφῖν.  
Θεοφῖν. See Θεοφῖν.  
Θεοφῖν, demeto: to reap. Eur. Sup. 727.  
SYN. Ἀποθῖν, ἀμῖα.  
Θεοφῖν, ου, δ, messis: reaping, harvest.  
Call. 6. 137. SYN. Θερός.  
Θεοφῖν, ου, τὸ, vestis æstiva: a summer  
robe. Theoc. 15. 69.  
Θεοφῖν, Θεοφῖν, calefacio: to warm, heat.  
Aj. 478. δ. 426. SYN. Διαθεοφῖν, αἰθῶσω,  
δάλπω.  
Θεοφῖν, α, ἡ, caminus: a chimney. Call.  
Del. 144. SYN. Κάμινος.  
Θεοφῖν, ὄν, precipitibus consiliis utens:  
hot-headed. Acharn. 119.  
Θεοφῖν, ου, δ, ἡ, mentem inflammatus:  
inflamed in mind. Agam. 1143.  
Θεοφῖν, ἡ, ὄν, calidus; auid, impudens:  
warm, hot, ardent, bold, impudent. Ran. 119.  
SYN. Διαπύρος, πυρῶν, ζαπύρος, μέγερς.  
Θεοφῖν, ου, δ, fervidus ingenio, teme-  
rarius, auid: warm in action, ardent, rash.  
Eumen. 557.  
Θεοφῖν. See Θεοφῖν.  
Θερός, ἔδός, τὸ, calor, æstas, messis: heat;  
summer, harvest. Eq. 392. SYN. Θεοφῖν.  
Er. Ἀγῶν, ἀντιθέος, ἀντιθέος, ἐρῶν,  
κλόν, πῶν, ξηρὸν, εὐστάχ, φλογερὸν, πυρί-  
λαμπές, ἀζάλεον.  
Θεοφῖν, ου, δ, Thersilochus. Μῆδοντὰ τε  
Θεοφῖν τε P. 216.  
Θεοφῖν, ου, δ, Thersites. Θεοφῖν δ' ἐπ'  
μῶνός B. 212. Pind. See B. 213. Philoct. 442.  
Θερω, f. ἐρῶ et ἔρω. Θερέω, calefacio: to

heat, burn. τ. 64. ρ. 23. SYN. Θερμαίνω, καίω, πρήθω.

Θέσις, έως, ή, positio: deposit-money. Nub. 1189.

Θεοκλής, η, ον, deo similis: godlike, divine. λ. 373. SYN. Θεοεικέλης, θεός, διός, Θεοπέσιος, αμυρότος, δαυμαστός.

Θεομύς, ον, legitimus: legal, binding. Θέομι' ανθρώποι τάνιν Med. 494. SYN. Νόμιμος, εν νόμος, δικαίος.

Θεομύθεης, ον, δ, legislator; nomen magistratus Athenis: a lawgiver; a reviser of the laws. Vesp. 775. SYN. Νόμοθέτης, Θεομυθόρος, νόμοφύλαξ, άρχων.

Θεομοποιέω, leges facio: to make laws, innovate. Τι Θεομοποιέω επί τάλαι πάρα νέκρω Phoen. 1659. SYN. Νόμοθέτω, νόμον τίθημι, γράφω.

Θεομός, ού, δ, plur. Θεομοί et Θεομά (see R. P. Med. 494.), lex, institutum: a law, custom, institution. Helen. 865. SYN. Νόμος, τὸ Θεομύον, τὸ νόμιμον. Ep. Άπήμεν, άγιός, γάμηλός, ηίδεός.

Θεομυθόριον, ον, τὰ, Cerealia, sacra in Ceresis legifera: honorem: a festival in honour of Ceres. Thesm. 80. See below.

Θεομυθόριον, ον, τὸ, templum, ubi Θεομυθόρια celebrantur: a temple where the festival called Thesmophoria was celebrated. Σημείον εν τῷ Θεομυθόριον φαίνεται Thesm. 277.

Θεομυθόριον, ον, αί, Ceres et Proserpina: Ceres and Proserpina. Thesm. 89.

Θεοπίσιος, ον, δ, ή, divinus, vastus: divine, sacred, extraordinary, vast, monstrous. Pyth. 12. 23. See below. SYN. Θεός, δαυμαστός, Θεοκλής, Θεοπίσιος.

Θεοπίσιος, divine: divinely, strangely. Θεοπίσιος έφ' έρηβην O. 637. SYN. Θεώς, δειδέν, δειφίν.

Θεοπέια, as, ή, oppidum Boeotiae, dictum alibi et αί Θεοπεία. Thespiae. B. 498.

Θεοπιδαής, ές, divinitus ardens: greatly blazing, raging. Καλ Θεοπιδαές πυρ δ. 418. SYN. Θεός.

Θεοπίπειαι, as, ή, divino ore loquens: prophetic. E. R. 471. See above. SYN. Χρησμοφύς.

Θεοπίσιος, ές, vaticinor: to prophesy, give an oracle, foretell. Ion 7. SYN. Θεοπίσιος, χρησμοφύς, μαντεύομαι, χρώ.

Θεοπίσιος, α, ον, divinus: divine. Θεοπίσιος κοῦρε ποίης ταῖθ' ως επίτελλω Av. 977. SYN. see Θεοπέσιος.

Θεσπίς, ίδος, δ, ή, (1) divinus: divinely inspired; (2) Thespis, primus poeta tragicus: Thespis. Ωπασέ Θεσπιν αοιδάν Med. 425. SYN. (1) Θεσπιδός, Θεσπιφύς, Θεός, ήδύς, άγαθός, δαυμαστός.

Θεσπισμά, άτος, τὸ, responsum vatis, oraculum: the response of a prophet, an oracle. Eur. Sup. 152. SYN. Θεσπιδός, χρησμός, μαντείων, μαντευία, λήγιον.

Θεσπισδέω, vaticinor: to prophesy, predict. Phoen. 976. See below. SYN. Θεοπίσιος, χρησμοφύς, μαντεύομαι.

Θεσπιφύς, ού, δ, ή, fatidicus: prophetic. Τῆς Θεσπιφύδος δεῖρῳ Hec. 671. SYN. Θεσπίς, μαντικός, λήγιος, χρησμοφύς, χρησμοφύς, μαντίς.

Θεσπρωτός, ον, e Thesprotia, in extrema Thessalia: of Thesprotia. Phoen. 996.

Θεσσαλία, as, ή, Thessalia: Thessaly. Έμπαρός ηκων εκ Θεσσαλίας Plut. 521. Ep. Εύπαλός, εἰσιπός, μάκαιρά.

Θεσσαλικάς, Θεσσαλός, η, ον; Θεσσαλός, ίδος, ή, Thessalus, Thessala: Thessalian. Θεσσαλικά Κλέονικέ τάλαν Call. Ep. 32. Alcest. 693. 341. Θεοτιάς, άδός, ή, patronym. a patre Thestio: the daughter of Thestius, an epithet of Leda. Θεοτιάς δ' έστιν κόρη Helen. 133.

Θεστιάς, ον, δ, Thestius: prince of the Curetes, and father of Leda. Θεστίον δέ παρθένον Eur. fr. Meleag. 1. 5.

Θεστώρεϊς, Θεστώρης, patronym. a patre Thestore: the son of Thestor. Aj. 800. A. 69. Θεστωρ, όρος, δ, Thestor. Π. 401.

Θεσφάτηλός, ον, δ, ή, vaticinia edens: one who utters oracles, prophetic. Τοῦδε Θεσφάτηλός Agam. 1416. SYN. see Θεοπίφύς.

Θεσφάτος, ον, δ, ή, (1) a deo dictus: dictated by a god, divinely appointed; (2) Θεσφάτᾱ, τὰ, oracula: oracles. Τῶδ' έπ' ανδρὶ Θεσφάτος E. C. 1472. SYN. (1) Θεός, Θεοκλής, δειδός, αίσίσιος; (2) Θεσπιδόματᾱ, χρησμοί.

Θετίδειον, ον, τὸ, Thetideum: a city in Thesaly. Androm. 20. See below.

Θετίς, ίδος, ή, Thetis: the goddess of the sea, and mother of Achilles. "Ος παῖδᾱ Θετίδης ώλέσεν Hec. 368. Ep. Θάλασσα, αὐδὴ, τάνυ-πέπλος, φίλη, καλλιπλοκάμους, ηἰκόμους, αργύρεπᾱ, άλία, βαθύκολπός, πόντιᾱ, σεμνή, φέρεσσις, άλδουδνη, άγλῶκαρπός, δῖᾱ δέαιον, Νηρηίς, ενάλλια, ενπαρίς, Νηρηίς διγατῆρ.

Θετός, ή, ον, positus; adoptivus: placed; adopted. Eur. fr. Erechth. 7. 1.

Θευγένης, pro Θευγένης, ίδος, ή, Theogenis. "Ως ευαδᾱκᾱτος Θευγένης εν δαυδίσιν πέλῃ (choriambic. pentam.) Theoc. 28. 22.

Θευμρία, as, ή, fatum: fate. Call. Ep. 32. 4. SYN. Μύρος, μοῖρα, εἰμαρμένη.

Θευμρίος, Θευμύρος. See Θεωμύρος.

Θευχάριλα, as, ή, Theuchlarila. Καί μ' α' Θευχάριλα Θρᾱσσα τρώδης Theoc. 2. 70.

Θεω, ποῖθ, Θεώ et Θεέτω, f. Θεύσω, curro: to run. Ion 1217. K. 437. T. 229.

Θεωρέω, sacra spectatum eo; inspicio: to go to behold the sacred ceremonies; to observe, inspect. P. V. 210. SYN. Διασκέπτωμα, κάτασκοπέω, ανάθεωρώ.

Θεωρία, as, ή, legatio ad ludos; spectaculum: an embassy sent to the public games; a solemn procession, spectacle, show. Πομπός ην Θεωρίας Bacch. 1047. SYN. Θεω, όφίς.

Θεωρίκος, ή, ον, ad spectationem ludorum pertinet: connected with a sight of the public games. Πένταλματ' ον Θεωρίκα Eur. Sup. 108.

Θεωρίς, ίδος, ή, "navis: proprie navis quae ex Athenis τοὺς Θεωροὺς Delum quotannis vehabat," Blomf.: a ship; properly, the sacred vessel sent every year from Athens to Delos. Μελαγκρόκον νέκυσσάβλον Θεωρίδα Sept. Th. 856.

Θεωρός, ού, δ, legatus ad sacra solennia; qui ipse oracula consulit; spectator: a delegate sent to offer sacrifice or consult an oracle; an inquirer; a spectator. E. R. 114. SYN. Θεατής, δειδωρπός, έποπτής.

Θεθαγένης, ές, δ, Thebis genitus: sprung from Thebes. Τῷ Θεθαγένῃ Eur. Sup. 147.

Θηβαίος, α, ον, (1) Thebanus: a Theban; (2) nobilis Trojanus: the name of a noble Trojan. Bacch. 842. SYN. Σπαρτός, Κάδμειος, Καδμείων, Καδμυγένης, Θεθαγένης. Pnn. Σπέρμα τού Σπαρτών γένους.

Θηβή, ης, ή; Θηβαι, ών, αί, Thebe and Thebes: Thebes; (1) in the Troad; (2) in Egypt; (3)

in Boeotia. Θήβῃ ὑπὸ Πλάκῃ Z. 396. Ep. (2) Άρνην, ζᾱθη, λίπαρά, έυστέφανός, εντειχής, εύπυργός, εύπυός, εύρυχρόος, έρικύδης, κουρότροφός, ιέρᾱ, πόλερπάτος, πόλερμάτος, φιλάρματός, υφίπυλος, έπτάπυλος, Καδμεία, ωγύγία, ίπποτρόφός. Pnn. Θήβης έδος έπτάπυλοῖδ, έπτάπυργός γᾱ, έπτάπυλᾱ τέιχη, Κάδμου χθών, Ισμηνού πόλις, έπτάστομόν πυργωμά Θηβαίος χθόνος, Βακχᾱν μητρούλις, λευκιπποι Καδμείων άγνυαί.

Θηγάνη, ης, ή, cos: a whelstone. Σιδηρό-ερᾱτὶ δηγᾱν Aj. 820. SYN. Άκόνη.

Θηγῶ, έω, et Θηγᾱνω, αέω: to whet, sharpen. Phoen. 1395. Agam. 1513. SYN. Άκόνᾱω, οζίνω, παρόθῃω.

Θηῆμαι. See Θεῶμαι.

Θηητής. See Θεατής.

Θηητός. See Θεατός.

Θηῖον. See Θεῖον.

Θηκη, ης, ή, (1) theca: a chest, repository; (2) sepulchrum: a grave, tomb. Hec. 1129.

SYN. (2) Σῶρος, χᾱμά, τύμβος, τάφος.

Θηκτός, ή, ον, acutus: whetted, sharp. Med. 40. SYN. Οξέθηκτός, ηκόνημῆνός, οξύς.

Θηλέω, έω, papillam sugendam praebere: to suckle, give suck to. Theoc. 3. 16. SYN. Τιθνηέω, μαστοῖς σφίημι.

Θηλέω, germino, vireo: to blossom, flourish, bloom. E. 73. SYN. see Θεάλλω.

Θηλή, ης, ή, mamilla: a teat, udder, breast. Cycl. 56. SYN. see Μαζός.

Θηλυγένης, ές, foemina ortus, foemineus: woman-born, female. Bacch. 1145. See Θηλύνους.

Θηλυκός, ή, ον, acutus: whetted, sharp. Med. 40. SYN. Οξέθηκτός, ηκόνημῆνός, οξύς.

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admiration, to be astonished at. Τέθρηπᾱς ηἰστέ νεβροῖς Φ. 29.

Θῆρ, et Άολ. Φῆρ, ηρός, δ, fera: a wild beast. Hec. 1155. A. 268. SYN. Θηρίον, ζᾱών, κτήνός, δακός.

Ερ. Τέτραπους, όρεστέρος, αμβάτης, πρῶός, πάουργός, Δεοστίγης, ξενόδαίτης, δεινός, όρειός, άμειμάκείος, βάλλιος, δάφονός, δῖδός, λάσιαχνη, κράτέρος, κράταιός, όρεσφύς, ουλόμῆνός, πέλωριός, σμερδάλῆς, υπερβιάλῆς, ωμδερός, ουρεσίφοιτός, ταρβᾱλῆς.

Θῆρα, as, ή, venatio: a hunting, the chase. Hipp. 52. SYN. Κύνηγεία, Θῆραμᾱ, άγρῆσια.

Ερ. Ασπᾱσία, αργᾱλῆα, έρικύδης, κράτῆρα, επί-κλόπῆς, μῶγῆρα, μένδεικῆς, ηέρη, χθονίη, ενάλλη, έρᾱτεινῇ.

Θηράτῆτης, Θηρατής, Θηρευτής, ού, δ, venator: a huntsman. Bacch. 1018. See Άγρευτήρ.

Nub. 357. The A long, as in Θῆραμᾱ.

Hes. Op. 304. SYN. Θηρητήρ, Θηρητῶρ, κύναγός, κύνηγέτης, άγρᾱσῶς.

Θῆραμᾱ, άτος, τὸ, venatio: a hunt; prey, booty. Αγρίον Θῆραμᾱτα Ion 1162.

SYN. Άγρευμᾱ, άγρᾱ, Θηράγρᾱ, ενέρμα.

Θηραμῆνης, ές, δ, Theramenes. Κλειτόφᾱν τέ καί Θηραμῆνης Ran. 965.

Θηρασίμῶς, ον, qui venatione capi potest: caught by hunting. Θηρεῖοντῆς ον Θηρασίμῶς P. V. 883.

Θηρατέος, ον, venandus: to be hunted after or sought. Θηρατέ' ον γίγναιτ' άν Philoct. 117.

Θηρατής. See Θηραγῆτης.

Θηρᾱω, venor, indago: to hunt, hunt after, pursue. Antig. 92. SYN. Θηρεύω, κύνηγέτω, ζῆτω.

Θῆρειός, ον, δ, ή, ferinus, belluinus: belonging to wild beasts. Ούτῃ δῆρειος βία Trach. 1060. SYN. Θηριώδης, Θηριός.

Θηρευτής. See Θηραγῆτης.

Θηρευτικός, Θηρευτός, ή, ον, venaticus: of or for hunting. 'Ο δῆ κύνας Θηρευτικᾱς Plut. 157.

Θηρεύω, venor feras, insequor: to hunt wild beasts, hunt. Helen. 314. SYN. Θηρᾱω, κύνηγέτω, άγρῆνω, άγρᾱσῶ.

Θηρητήρ, ηρός, Θηρητῶρ, όρος, δ; Θηρητῆρᾱ, as, ή, venator, venatrix: a hunter, huntress. E. 50. I. 540. Call. 4. 228. SYN. Θηρατής, Θηρευτής, Θηραγῆτης, κύναγός, κύνηγέτης, άγρᾱσῶτης, f. κύνηγέτης. Pnn. Θηροφόνων δειδᾱ-μῆνός, έργων.

Θηρίον, ον, τὸ, bestia, bellua: a wild beast, monster. Antig. 345. See below. SYN. Θῆρ, άγρίον τῷ, δακός.

Θηριώδης, ές, ferus, belluosus: wild, savage. Τῷ Θηριώδῃ τούτῳ Orest. 525. SYN. Θῆρειός, άγρίος, παρᾱφῶρος.

Θηροδύλεω, feras ferio: to shoot wild beasts. Philoct. 165.

Θηροκτόνός, ον, δ, ή, ferarum confector: a destroyer of wild beasts. Θηροκτόν' Άρτέμις Διός Iph. A. 1570.

Θηροσκοπός, ον, δ, ή, feris insidians: lying in wait for wild beasts. Hom. 26. 12.

Θηροτρόφος, ον, a feris nutritus: fed by wild beasts. Τάν άπᾱ Θηροτρόφον Phoen. 834.

Θῆς, ητός, δ, mercenarius: a hired servant. δ. 644. SYN. Δμῶς, δοῖλός, μισθωτός, παρᾱ-σιτός.

Θησαυρίσᾱ, άτος, τὸ, quod in thesauro repositum est: thesaurus: that which is kept in a treasury; a treasure. Philoct. 37.

Θησαυρός, οὗ, ὁ, thesaurus: a treasure. Aj. 1175.

Θησεΐα, ὤν, τὰ, Thesei festum: a festival in honour of Theseus. Plut. 627.

Θησεΐδαι, ὡν, οἱ, Athenienses ita a Theseo nuncupati: the descendants of Theseus, the Athenians. Cf. C. 1066. SYN. Ερεχθεΐδαι, Αθηναῖοι, Κεκρόπιδαι.

Θησεῖον, οὗ, τὸ, Thesei templum: the temple of Theseus. Eq. 1312.

Θησεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Theseus: the son of Aegeus king of Athens. Cf. C. 1055. Ep. Άγαυός, αἰμίμων, αμειλίχης, ἀγρίος, ἐπικλῶπος, καλλινυκός, ἡμέρεϊς.

Θησά, ἡς, ἡ, ancilla mercenaria; adj. servilis: a hired handmaid, servant; servile. Alcest. 2. A short, as in νῆσά. SYN. Δούλη.

Θητεία, ας, ἡ, servitus; servitutis merces: service; the wages of service, hire. Κάπῃ θητεία πλάνης Cf. R. 1029. SYN. Δουλεία, μισθός.

Θητεῖω, mercede operam presto: to serve for hire. Cycl. 77. SYN. Δουλεῖω, ἐργάζομαι.

Θιάζω, (2) Θιάσεύομαι, initio; (2) choros Bacchi duco: to initiate; to celebrate Bacchanalian revels. Ἐθιάσεν σ' ἡ πῶς τὰδ' αὐδᾶς μαῖνάσιν τῇ Βάκχῳ Ion 552. Bacch. 75. SYN. Μῦθε, ἐκθειάζω, ἀφροῖσιν, χύθρην, εἰσάχνομαι.

Θιάσεύομαι. See above.

Θιάσος, οὗ, ὁ, chorus tripudiantium, Bacchicos choros agitant: a troop or train of Bacchanals. Orest. 313. See below. SYN. Χόρος, εὐωχία.

Θιάσωντος, οὗ, ὁ, sodalis bacchans: a bacchanalian companion. Δωμάτος ἦδη θιάσωντων (parcmiac). Bacch. 547. SYN. Χόρευτος.

Θιγγάνω, Θίγω, tango: to touch. Θιγγάνω δύνειν ἡμοῦ Cf. C. 330. Orest. 212. SYN. Ἀντίμαι, ἐφάπτομαι, ψάω, ἐγγίξω.

Θίγω. See above.

Θιν, Θις, γ, θινός, ὁ, acervus, ora: a heap, a shore. Βῆ δ' ἄκρον παρά θινά. A. 34. SYN. Ὀγκος, δῆμων, σωρός.

Θισση, ἡς, ἡ, Thisbe: a city of Boeotia, famous for doves. B. 502.

Θλάω, contundo, frango: to bruise, break.

Θλάσσει δὲ οἱ κούρην E. 307. SYN. Συνθραύω, θραύω, κλάω, ἀγνυμῖ, ἀράσσω, συντρίβω.

Θλίβω, premo: to press. Αλλ' ἀστυκὰ χελεῖα θλίβειν Theoc. 20. 4. SYN. Ἀποθλίβω, ἐκθλίβω, πιέζω, ἐπιτρίβω, ἀνῶω, κᾶκω, σφίγγω, ὑπώω, συστέλλω.

Θνήσκω, f. θάνομαι, 2. a. θάνων, morior: to die. Ὅς τῇ εὐκλείας δῶν Hippol. 1294. SYN. Ἀποθνήσκω, κατὰθνήσκω, ἐκπνέω, οἰχόμεναι, τελευτάω, οὐκίτ' ἐμὶ. PRR. Τὸν βίον ἀποφύχω, κάταστρέφω, τέλλω, μετὰλλάττω, τοῦ βίου ἀνὰπαύομαι, ἀποθνήσκω, μεθίσταμαι, ἐκ βίου ἀνὰχωρέω, ἐνθένδ' ἀπείμι, ἐξείμι, μοῖραν δέχομαι, ἀνὰπληρῶ, ἐκπληρῶ, ἀνὰπληθῶ. Τὸν δὲ σκότος ὅσα κἀλύπτει, θυμὸς δυνάμενον τέλος θανάτου κἀλύπτει, ἀνάκτορ ἐν χθονὶ κολᾷ εὐδω μάλ' μακρὸν ἀτερμῶν ἡγήρετον ὕπνον, θανάτου κέλλω πῶτ' ἐρμὰ δύσαντων, θανάτου βέσση.

Θνητόγενής, ἔως, a mortalius genitus: born of mortals. Ἡμεῖς δὲ βροτοὶ καὶ θνητόγενεῖς Antig. 835.

Θνητός, ἡ, ὁν, mortalis: mortal. ω. 64. SYN. see Βροτός and Ἀνθρωπος. PRR. see Nem. 6. 7. and 11. 16.

Θνάω, celeriter urgeo aut moveo; celeriter

sedeo: to urge or move rapidly or violently; to sit down in haste. Orest. 329. SYN. Ἐπιθιάω, θάσσω, καθέζομαι, τάχυνω, σπείδω, τάρσσω, κινέω, σκιρτάω.

Θδας, αντός, ὁ, Thoas: a prince of Aetolia, O. 281; (2) a king of Lemnos, E. 230; (3) a noble Trojan, Π. 311; (4) a king of the Tauric Chersonese, Iph. T. 31. Θδας δὲ κῶν πῶδ' αἰδῶν ἴσον πτέρωϊς Iph. T. 31. SYN. Θείος, ἐρίθυμος, Αἰτωλός, Ἀνδρόμειδης, ἐπιστάμενος ἀκοντῖ, ἐσθλὸς ἐν στάθῃ.

Θουατήριον, οὗ. See Θοῖνη.

Θουάτωρ. See Θουήτωρ.

Θουάω, epulor, vescor: to banquet, eat. Alcest. 558. SYN. Εὐωχέω, δαίνυμαι, ἐσθίω, κάτασθίω.

Θοῖνη, ἡς, ἡ; Θοῖνημ, ἄτος, Θουητήριον, οὗ, τὸ, convivium: a feast, banquet. Batrach. 40. Orest. 812. Rhes. 515. SYN. Τρόφῃ, εὐωχία, τρήφῃ, δᾶϊς.

Θουητήριον. See Θοῖνη.

Θουήτωρ, ὁρὸς; Θουάτωρ, ὁρὸς, ὁ, conviva, epulo: a guest. See Jacobs. Anth. 8. 96. Σουλᾶδων θουάτωρας Ion 1217. SYN. Δαυτάλεως, δαυτῶν, ἐδεσθῆς.

Θυλέρως, ἂ, ὁν, turbidus, obscurus: turbid, muddy, obscure. Theoc. 16. 62. SYN. Ἀκάθαρτος, τέταραγμένως, ἀθλός.

Θυλία, ας, ἡ, pileus fastigiatus, umbella: a round shade, a parasol. Theoc. 15. 39. SYN. Πῖλός, κέφαλῖς, πέπλός.

Θυλός, οὗ, ὁ, ἂ, edificium rotundum: a round building. γ. 442.

Θυλόω, ὥσω, turbidum reddo, turbo, nigro: to render turbid, trouble, darken. Alcest. 1086.

Θυός, ἂ, ὁν, velox; acutus: swift; sharp. Phoen. 3. SYN. Ἀκός, τάχως, οἶδς, κραυπτός, δεινός, ισχυρός.

Θυόω, acuō: to sharpen. ι. 327. SYN. Ἀποξύνω, θήγω, ἀκύνω.

Θυρέω, 2. a. θυρόν, salio: to leap. ψ. 32. SYN. Ἀποθυρέω, ἐπιπηδάω, κατὰπηδάω, ὀρᾶω, ἀφορᾶω, προθυρέω.

Θυρίκιος, ὁν, Thoricus: so called from a district in Attica. Ἀφ' οὗ μέσος στάς τοῦ τῇ Θυρίκιον πέτρου Cf. C. 1596.

Θυρόξω, tumultuor; perturbo: to clamour against, disturb. Ἰπὸ τοιούτων ἀνδρῶν θυρόξω Aj. 164. SYN. Ἀναθυρόξω, ἐκκρούω, ἀποκρούω, κέλαδω, ὀρθέω, ἀντηχέω, ἐνυχέω, τάρσσω. PRR. Κελάδεις ἐν δόμοις πίττει.

Θυροθητικός, ἡ, ὁν, pavores faciens: alarm-ing. Equit. 1380. See below.

Θυρόβης, οὗ, ὁ, tumultus: a tumult, commotion. Ἦν δ' ἐξ Ἀχαιῶν θυρόβης ἡ πικουρία Hec. 860. SYN. Τάραχῃ, κέλαδός, ὀρθός, παύρος, μῆθος.

Θουριόμαντις, ἔως, ὁ, vates ineptus: a foolish prophet. Nub. 332. See below.

Θυρίος, Θυρίος, α, ὁν; Θυρίος, ἡ, impetuosus: impetuous, violent. Θυρίος μὲλιν Ἄρης Phoen. 247. E. 506. Θυρίος αἰκὴς Δ. 234. H. 164. SYN. Βιάς, ἀνδρείος, θάκος, ισχυρός, σθερμὸς, φοιτάλεις, μεμῶς, κοῦφός, βροτός, μέγας.

Θυρίος, Θυρίος. See Θυρίος.

Θουφραστός, pro Θεοφραστός, οὗ, ὁ, Theophrastus. Vesp. 1302.

Θυκόος, ποῖτ, pro Θώκος, q. v.

Θύω, ὠνός, ὁ, Theon. E. 152.

Θώω, celeriter; hastily, quickly. γ. 325. SYN. Τάχως, ὠκείως, κοῦφως, ἀσφᾶλως.

Θώωσά, ἡς, ἡ, Thoosa: the mother of Polyphemus. Θώωσά δὲ μιν τέκε α. 71.

Θώωτης, οὗ, ὁ, Thootes. M. 342.

Θρακιστί, more Thracum: after the Thracian fashion. Οὐδὲ Θρακιστὶ κέκαρμαι Theoc. 14. 44.

Θρανίον. See Θρανός.

Θρανίτης, οὗ, ὁ, remex summi ordinis: a rower on the highest bench. Ἰπποκλέων μὲν τ' ἂν γ' ὁ θρανίτης λέως Acharn. 161.

Θρανός, ἔως, Θρανόν, οὗ, τὸ, sella: a seat. Ἀντὶ δὲ θράνων στάμον κεφαλὴν Plut. 545. Ran. 121. SYN. Ἰπποκλέων, θρανός, πάσσυλλος.

Θρασυμάχης, οὗ, ὁ, audax in pugna: daring in fight. Nem. 4. 101. See Θράσος and Μάχη. Θράσος. See Θάρος. Καὶ θράσους γένησεται Hipp. 941.

Θράσσω, ξω, turbo: to disturb, alarm. P. V. 649. SYN. Θυρόξω.

Θράσυβουλος, οὗ, ὁ, Thrasylbulus. Ἰμεῖς γ' οἶπερ καὶ Θράσυβουλος Plut. 550.

Θράσυγυς, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, audax robore corporis: strong in limb. Pyth. 8. 51. See above and Γυῖον.

Θράσυκάρδιος, ὁν; Θράσυμῆδης, ἔως; Θράσυμῆχός, ὁν, audaci animo aut consilio pradtus: bold-hearted, courageous in counsel. Μᾶλ' αἰς θράσυκάρδιος ἔσται K. 39. Nem. 9. 30. Olymp. 6. 114.

Θράσυμῆμνος, ὁνός, qui irruentem hostem viriliter sustinet: brave in resisting a foe. Θράσυμῆμνός, ὁνός, E. 638. SYN. Θράσυνος, ἄχρη, θράσος.

Θράσυμῆδης, adj. See Θράσυκάρδιος.

Θράσυμῆδης, ἔως, ὁ, Thrasymedes: a son of Nestor. Ἀντιθέος Θράσυμῆδης γ. 414. Ep. Ἀγαλλεῖς, ἀγαλλεῖος, ἱπποδᾶμος, δίδς, κράτερς, εὐμειλὴς, μένεποδλῆμος, Νεστόριος, Νεστόριος υἱός, ὑπερβυός, ποιῶν λαόν.

Θράσυμῆχός, ὁν. See Θράσυκάρδιος and Μηχανή.

Θράσυμῆτος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, verbis audax: daring in language, insolent. Olymp. 13. 12. See above, and Μῆθος. SYN. See Θράσυμῆτος.

Θράσινω, See Θάρασινω. Μῆδεν θράσινω μῆδεν Hec. 1165.

Θράσινος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, in labore sustinendo fortis: hardy in labour. Olymp. 1. 156. See Θράσυμῆτος.

Θράσινος, εἰδ, ὁ, audax: bold, daring. Ἦ θράσινος στρατηλάτης Phoen. 608. SYN. Θάρασινος, ἀγῆμων, εὐτολμός, γενναῖος, πολυμήδης, θράσυκάρδιος, θράσυμῆμνος, θράσυμῆχός, θράσινος, καρτερόθυμος, ἀδής, αὐθαδής, ὑβριστής, σκληρός. PRR. Ἰσχυον περὶ θάρασινω ἡτῶν, πέτυργαμένους θράσει, σπλάγγχον εὐτόνον φέρων, ἀλκὶ πέποιθός.

Θράσινω, ὁν, qui forti animo est: spirited, brave-hearted. Κᾶν θράσινωπλάγχθος τῆς γ' Hipp. 424. SYN. Θράσυκάρδιος, θράσυμῆδης.

Θράσινωπλάγχθος, fortiter: valiantly, spiritedly. Ὅν θράσινωπλάγχθος σέ χρη P. V. 755.

Θράσινωμῆτος, insolenter loquor: to speak audaciously or insolently. Philoct. 384. See above. SYN. Ἐλευθεροσπῆμῆτος, θράσινωμῆτος, παρησιάζομαι, πᾶν ἐλευθερῶ σπῆμῆ.

Θράσινωμῆτος, ὁν, ore audax: audacious in

language. Sept. Th. 608. See above. SYN. Θράσινωμῆτος, λοιδορός, ἑλευθεροσπῆμῆτος, αὐθιγόσπῆμῆτος, λαλός, ἀμετροπῆτης, ἀκριτόμυθος.

Θρασαντύς, ὡς, ὁ, currum frangens: chariot-breaking. Ὡ τῶν θρασαντύγες Nub. 1264.

Θραυσμά, ἄτος, τὸ, fragmentum: a fragment. Pers. 431. SYN. Κάταγαυά, πληγή, συντρίβη, κλάσις.

Θραύω, θραύω, frango, debilito: to break, weaken. Pers. 201. SYN. Ἀποθραύω, συνθραύω, θλάω, λεπτύνω, συντρίβω.

Θρέμω, ἄτος, τὸ, omne quod alitur; pecus: a nursing; cattle. Sept. Th. 166. SYN. Βότῶν, βόσκημα, προβάτων, τέκνον.

Θρέμω, Θροῖμαι, sonum edo; lugeo: to cry out; lament. Med. 51. Sept. Th. 78. SYN. Θρηγνέω, φθοῖμαι, θρῶν, δλοφύρομαι.

Θρηγνέω. See below.

Θρεπτήριον, Θρεπτήριον, οὗ, τὸ, educationis praeium: a return for the care bestowed in education. P. 302. Choeph. 538. SYN. Τροφείον.

Θρεττᾶνέλο, threttanelo: a musical note or interjection. Ἡμεῖς δ' γ' αὖ θρηττᾶνέλο τὸν Plut. 296.

Θρεττέ, vox barbara pro θραπνέ; vid. Brunck. in l. c.: confidence, assurance. Eq. 17.

Θρηκίος, (2) Θρησός, τῆ, ὁν, (3) Θρηξ, (4) Θρηξ, κός, Thrax, Thracius: Thracian. Θρηκίος ἔθεν γὰρ N. 13. Antig. 596. Ω. 234. Θρηκίος οἶδ' ἀπνευθεῖ K. 434. Ep. (3) Ἀρηκίφίλος, ἀτάσθαλός, ἀτάκτηρος, ἀπληγῆς, δεινός, φίλιππος, ὑβριστής, λογχόφθορος, εὐσπλῆς, εὐπῆς, ἄρει κατόχον γένος, ἐσχάτος άλλων.

Θρηξ. See above.

Θρηκη, ἡς, ἡ, Thracia: Thrace. Alcest. 67. Ep. Χιωνάδης.

Θρηνέω, lugeo: to mourn, lament. Phoen. 1775. SYN. Κωκυῶ, ἐπιδάκρυα, κατάκλαια, κλαῖω, δλοφύρομαι, ἐπᾶω, γόω, θρηγνέω, ἀνευφημέω, ἄλω. PRR. Δάκρυσι διαφέρει πότμον ἀπτόμον, θρήνον πόλυφαμον χέω, κάταρχομαι στέναγμα.

Θρηνημῆ, ἄτος, τό; Θρηνός, οὗ, ὁ, carmen lugubre: a dirge, lamentation. Orest. 132. Ω. 720. SYN. Κλαυθμός, ὀδυρμός, οἰμωγή, δλοφύρμος, αλαγμῶ, στέναγμα. Ep. Οὐλίον, στυγερὸν, πᾶνδουρτόν, μελῆδον.

Θρηνητήρ, ἦρος, Θρηνητής, οὗ, ὁ, qui luget: a mourner. Pers. 933. Agam. 1042.

Θρηνός. See Θρηνημῆ.

Θρηνός, ὡς, ὁ, scabellum pedum: a foot-stool. Σ. 390. SYN. Θράνός.

Θρηγνέω, lugubre carmen cano: to sing a dirge or mournful song. Iph. A. 1173. SYN. see Θρηνέω.

Θρηξ, Θρηξ. See Θρηκίος.

Θρησός. See Θρηκίος.

Θρια, ὡν, αἰ, lapilli seu calculi vaticinatorii: fortune-telling stones. Κεῖνον δὲ θρια καὶ μάντις Call. 2. 44.

Θρηγνέω, οὗ, τὸ, fastigium aedium: the top or roof of a house. Μεγά θρηγνέω ἀνλῆς π. 165.

Θρηγνός, οὗ, ὁ, pinna seu corona murorum; cacumen: the battlement, pinnacle, cope-stone; a height. Orest. 1586. SYN. Τεχνός, περίελλος, κῆρανῖς, κόρυμφ, στέφανῃ.

Θρηγνέω, sepio: to fence round. ξ. 10. SYN. φράττω.

Θρηγνέω, e Thria, Attico pago: of Thria.



Ευελπίδης Ὀριήθεν ἀλλὰ χαίρετον Av. 643. Ex quo tamen loco quantitas huj. vocis non est determinanda: melius fortasse ex *δρια*, q. v.

Θρινάκις, euphonic pro Τρινάκρια, as, ή, Sicilia: Sicily. Θρινάκις νήσος λ. 106.

Θρινάξ, ἀκός, ή, trident furca; vannus: a three-pronged fork; a winnowing machine, fan. ΑΙ τὲ δρινάκας διαστράβουσι πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον Pax 567. SYN. Δικελλὰ, πτόν, τριανὰ.

Θρινίς, τριχός, ή, capillus; villus: hair; bristles, fur. Κρατὸς ἀγνίσση τριχὰ Alcest. 76. SYN. Παδικάμος, χαίτη, κόμη, λάχνη, τριχωμά.

Θριοί, ον, οί, extremi rudentes: the extreme ropes of a sail, which are the first slackened after a storm. 'Ανήρ ἂν ἤδεως λάβοι τοὺς δὴ θριούς Eq. 440.

Θρίον, ον, τὸ, folium ficulneum; et simpl. folium; genus edulis apud Athenienses ex lacte et adipē et semidaleide quod in fici foliis coquebatur: a fig-leaf; a leaf; a kind of food which was cooked in fig-leaves. Δημού βδέου θρίον εξωπτημένον Eq. 954. Theoc. 13. 40.

Θριπτήδεος, ον, a tinea corrosus: moth-eaten. Ἐδιδάξε θριπτήδεος' ἔχειν σφραγίδα Thesm. 424.

Θρῶξ, fremo; turbo: to make a noise; disturb. Aj. 67. SYN. Θρεῖμαι, θύρεξ, ψόφω, ηχέω, εκκλησάμαι.

Θρόμβος, ον, δ, grumus v. c. sanguinis concreti: a clot of blood, lump. Choeph. 526. SYN. Ογκός.

Θρομβώδης, εὖς, grumosis: clotted. Trach. 704.

Θρόνιον, ον, τὸ, Thronium: a town of the Locrians. Τάρφην τε Θρόνιον τὲ B. 553.

Θρόνον, ον, τὸ, flos; pharmacum; pigmentum: a flower; a drug; paint. X. 441. SYN. 'Ανθός, ποικιλιά, φάρμακον.

Θρόνος, ον, δ, thronus, solium, sedile: a throne, seat, pedestal. CE. R. 161. SYN. Θώκος, ἔδρα, ἔδρος, ἔδρανον. Ep. Ἀγαθός, ἀφθίτος, αἰγλήεις, ἀργυρόηλος, κάλως, θαυδάλως, βασιλῆϊος, ξεστός, ηλιότατος, λιπάρως, περίκαλλης, ὑψηλός, χρυσόφας, χρυσεὺς, φαινός, σιγαλλεῖς.

Θρόος, ον, δ, fremitus: a clamour, din, noise. Δ. 437. SYN. 'Ηχος, ηχί, φωνή, φήμη, θύρεθός, ψόφος, θρύλλος, ψιδυρισμά.

Θρύαλλις, ἰδός, ή, ellyehnum: a wick. Nub. 59. Τὴν θρύαλλιδ' εἰς ἑμαυτὸν ευθέως ξυνελκυσας Nub. 576. SYN. Εαλύχρινον, λυχνός, σπινθήρ.

Θρυγνᾶω, frico; leviter pulso: to rub; beat gently. Τὴνδ' εκκάλωσμαι θρυγνᾶσά τὴν θύραν Eccles. 32. Brunck legit θρυγνᾶσά. SYN. Κνίω, κνῶ, ἀνὰ τριβῶ.

Θρύλλω. See Θρυλλέω.

Θρυλλέω, Θρυλλίζω, ἴω, Θρύλλω, (1) surro, murmuro: to whisper, murmur; (2) frango: to break. Eq. 348. ψ. 396. Φίλα θρυλλέουμι Σέδνα Theoc. 2. 142. SYN. Ψιδυρίζω, βρενθόμαι, κνῶω, τάρασσω, ὕχλω, (2) θράω, συντριβῶ.

Θρυλλίζω. See above.

Θρύλλος, ον, δ, susurrus; tumultus: a whisper; a noise, tumult. Batrach. 134. SYN. Ψιδυρισμά, θρόος, θύρεθός, βόή.

Θρύβεσθαι, ή, Thyroessa, vel Thyrum: a city of Elis. 'Εστί δὲ τις Θρύβεσθαι πόλις A. 710.

Θρύβω, i. quod θρύβεσθαι, q. v. Καὶ Θρύβω Αλφειῶδ B. 592.

Θρύπτω, ψω, frango; deliciis frango: to break,

weaken; render effeminate. Eq. 1163. SYN. Κόπτω, λεπτόνω, θραύω, (2) μάλασσω, μάλα κίω, βλακύνω, χανύω.

Θρώσκω, salio: to leap, spring. Orest. 257. SYN. Ἀνὰ θρώσκω, ἀποθρώσκω, σκιρτάω, θορέω, πηδάω, ἀποπηδάω, ἀφάλλωμαι.

Θρωσμός, ον, δ, tumulus: an eminence. K. 160. SYN. Καλλικύδων, γήλοφος, βουνός, λόφος, χῶμα.

Θυγάτηρ, ἀτέρος et ἀτρὸς, ή, filia: a daughter. Θυγάτηρ ἀλίοιο γέροντος A. 538. The first syllable of θυγάτηρ is always short except in heroic verse, where the nature of the metre requires the quadrisyllables θυγάτερως, &c. to have the first long, as κ. 106. Θυγάτερ' ἰθίμη. SYN. Παῖς, τέκος, τέκνον. Ep. Ἀμύμων, καλλιπάρης, καλλιζωνός, τηλότηγός, δαλδεσά, κῆλη, κυδίστη, ἰθίμη.

Θυεῖα, as, ή, mortarium: a mortar. ΑΛΛ' ἐν θύεῖα στρογγύλη γ' Nub. 676. SYN. see 'Ολμός.

Θυεῖδιον, ον, τὸ, mortariolum: a small mortar. Plut. 710. See above.

Θυεῖα, ης, ή, vehemens procella: a violent storm. Ἀνέμοιο θύεα λ. 407. SYN. Ἀελλὰ, ἄητης, αἰάλας, στροφήδος. Ep. Ἀνέμοτροπος, δεινή, ζαμένης, κῆκη, κραπιή, στύνδεσά, δνδφερά, σμερδαλέα, χῆλετή, προθυεῖα, ἀργαῖα. P.H. see μ. 407.

Θυεστεύς, ον, Thyesteus: of Thyestes. Τῶν Θυεστείων βῆκων Acharn. 432.

Θυεστής, ον, δ, Thyestes. Τὰ τ' ἐπ' ἀνύμῃ δειπνᾷ Θυεστου Orest. 1004. Ep. Πόλδαρος.

Θυεστιάδης, ον, δ, Thyestean: sprung from Thyestes, an epithet of Ægisthus. 'Εναῖε Θυεστιάδης Αἰγύσθος δ. 518.

Θύεις, εσσα, εν, odorifer: fragrant, odoriferous. Βωμός τε θύεις Δ. 363. SYN. Θύδης, θύδεις, ευκαῖός, εὐδός, ευώδης.

Θύλη, ης, ή, libamentum: a libation, offering. Πύρι βάλλε θύλῃς Δ. 220. SYN. Ἀπαρχή, θύσια, θυμίαμα. Ep. Ευάγης.

Θύηδῶ, sacrificio: to sacrifice. Agam. 253. See below. SYN. see Θύω and 'Ιερεύω.

Θύηδῶ, as, ή, sacrificandi actio: the act of sacrificing, sacrificia. Πάρᾳ θύῃ θύηδῶ τ' ἐμέλτο Apoll. 1. 967. SYN. Θύσια, τελετή. Ep. Εράτεινῃ, σεμνῇ, ἱερᾷ.

Θύηδῶ, ον, δ, qui circa sacra versatur: a person engaged in sacrifice, a priest. Iph. A. 746. See above. SYN. see 'Ιερεύς.

Θύηδῶ, ον, δ, victimam consumens: victim-consuming. Θύηδῶν κοιμῶντες ευώδη φλόγα Agam. 580. See Θύηδῶ.

Θυῖας, ἀδός, ή, Thyias, Baccha: a bacchantian. Θυῖας δὲ φόβον βλάπων Sept. Th. 494. SYN. Βάκχη, μανῖας. Ep. Ὀμβρόδρος, περίπυλός, λυσσῶσα.

Θυλάκιον, ον, τὸ, sacculus, capsula: a small sack or bag. Ran. 1201. See below.

Θυλάκος, ον, δ, saccus, uter, folia, crumena; vestimenta cruralia: a sack, skin, bag, bellows, purse; breeches. Θυνάγοντες εἰς τοὺς θυλάκους Vesp. 1087. SYN. Βάκωντιον.

Θυλάκω, ων, τὰ, molae, liba; farra ad sacrificium pertinentia; suffimenta quae in aris adolebantur: sacrificial cakes; flour used in sacrifices; incense. Εγὼ δ' ἐπὶ σπλάγχν' εἰμί καὶ θυλάκω Pax 1040. Neque hic tamen locus, nec alius quem scio, quantitatem primae syllabae determinat.

Θυμά, ἀτὸς, τὸ, victima: a victim, sacrifice. Κάτην θράκωθι θυμ' ἐν 'Ηφαίστου φλόγῃ Iph. A. 1601. SYN. Θύσια, θύλη, ἀπαρχή, χθαί, ἱέρων. Ep. Ἀναμῶν, μνέδων, θύετροπον.

Θυμᾶν, ἄω, irascor, exandescor: to be angry, enraged. Μηδᾶμός θυμᾶνέ μοι Nub. 1478. SYN. Θυμῆμαι, ὀργίζωμαι, μνέζω.

Θυμαλγής, εὖς, dolorem adferens animo: heart-rending. Χάλον θυμαλγῆ πείσει Δ. 513. SYN. Θυμώδρος, θυμώδης, θυμώδιστος, θυμωφθρόος, λυπηρός.

Θυμᾶν, ὡπός, titio niger: a firebrand. Κάτω σ' ἀποδείξω θυμᾶνῶ τῆμερον Thesm. 729. SYN. Σπινθήρ, ξύλον κᾶν.

Θυμαρέω, placeo; mihi indulgeo: to please, gratify; to indulge. 'Ὡς αὐτὸς ἐθυμᾶρει Διδυκός Theoc. 26. 9.

Θυμαρής, Θυμῆρης, εὖς; Θυμαρμένος, ον, gratus, placeus: agreeable, pleasing, delightful. Ἀλδων θυμαρῆ I. 336. Call. 4. 29, 3. 167. SYN. Κάτθουβίος, εὐχάρις, χαίρις, ἡδύς, γλυκύς, ευᾶρεστός.

Θυμαρμένος. See Θυμαρής.

Θυμβραῖος, ον, epith. Apollinis, a Thymbrā, urbe Troadis. A. 320. Thymbræan, Thymbræus. Rhcs. 224.

Θυμβρεπιδέπνως, et Θυμβροφάγος, ον, qui thymbra vescitur, tenuis facilisque victu: living on herbs or vegetables, abstemious. Nub. 421. Acharn. 254. See Φάγω. SYN. Ευτέλης, φειδωλός.

Θυμβρη, ης, ή, Thymbra: a city in the Troad. K. 430.

Θυμβρίς, ἰδός, δ, Thymbris. Vid. Valckenāer. in l. c. Κάτᾳ Θυμβρίδος ὕδωρ Theoc. 1. 118.

Θυμβροφάγος. See Θυμβρεπιδέπνως.

Θυμῆλη, ης, ή, altare: an altar. Ἐπὶ Κυκλώδων ἱεὺς θυμῆλας Iph. A. 152. SYN. Βωμός, εσχάρα, βήμα, ἑστία. Ep. Χρυσήλατος, ευρύχρδός.

Θυμῆμαι, (potius θυμῶμαι,) irascor: to be irritated, angry. Ευκτόως θυμουμένους Hec. 403. SYN. Οργίζωμαι, θυμᾶν, ἀγρίδωμαι, ἀπομνῆν.

Θυμῶ, frico: to rub, to beat. Θυμῶ, ον, τὸ, dimini. a θυμός, ira. Sed in l. c. lusus est verborum. Vid. Brunck. Μελῖτος σμικρὸν τῷ θυμῶντι παρὰ μίλῃς Vesp. 878.

Θυμῶν, ον, τὸ, thymo conditus: seasoned with thyme. Ἄλας θυμῶντος σίος Acharn. 1064.

Θυμώδης, ον, τὸ, thymus: thyme. Δεσπότηρ ταυτὸν θυμῶν Plut. 253.

Θυμός, ον, δ, mens; indoles; ira: the mind, understanding; temper; anger. 'Ἐπ' αὖ θυμῶν εκπλάγεις Med. 8. SYN. Φρήν, νοῦς, ψυχῇ, ἦτορ, γνώμη, διάνοια, μένος, ἐπιθυμία, ὀργή, λόγισμός. Ep. Ἀγῆνωρ, ἀγρίος, ἀπηνής, αἰμῶν, ἀπαρής, ἀρήϊος, μάχητης, ἀλκίης, ἀναδής, ἀμείλιχος, ἀναλκίς, ἀλληκτός, ἀπιστός, ἀρήκτος, ἀμαμάκετος, βάρυς, βάρυνος, γλυκύς, εὐφρων, ἐλαφρὸς, δελγίφρων, θαρσάλεος, κράτερός, κράτερος, ἰλῶς, μέγαλῃσιν, νηλῆς, διόφρων, πδύλῃσιν, πέρους, πέρυλῃσιν, περίθαρος, πρόφρων, κῆκεργος, πέλαρῶς, στυνδεις, σιδηρεὺς, τλητός, τλήμων, τολμῆς, περφέαλος, ὑπερβίος, ὑπερῆνωρ, φρένητης, φρικώδης, ωμώδης, ζαμένης, βάρυνος, δριμύς, σιδηρόφρων, κούφος, κάκος, φίλος, κέπενος, φοινύς, ἐλεῖμων, ὀλίγος, τέτληας.

Θυμώδης, ον, τὸ, thymus: thyme. Δεσπότηρ ταυτὸν θυμῶν Plut. 253.

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Θυμώδης, ον, τὸ, thymus: thyme. Δεσπότηρ ταυτὸν θυμῶν Plut. 253.

Θυμώτης, ον, δ, Thymates: a noble Trojan. Πάνδορος ἦδὲ Θυμώτης Γ. 146.

Θυμωτής, ἰδός, ή, orta a quodam pago Attico: of Thymus, a δήμος in Attica. Εγὼ δὲ σίσυρον φόβην Θυμωτῖδα Vesp. 1138. Qui tamen locus primae quantitatem syllabae non determinat.

Θυμώλειον, οντὸς, (1) leonino animo praeditus: lion-hearted; (2) Thymoleon. Θρασύμένονδ' αὖ θυμώλεια E. 638. SYN. (1) Γενναῖός, κράτερός, ὑπερβύς.

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receiving. Εξέβαλλον εκτός θυόδικον ἀνακτόρων Androm. 1158.

Θύοεις, εσσα, ἔν, odoratus: fragrant. Ἀμφὶ δὲ μιν θυόντων ο. 261. ε. 60. SYN. Ἄρωμα, θυμίαμα, θυμία, ἱερὸν. EP. Ἐπείτειον.

Θυσία, sacra facio: to offer sacrifice. Πειθοὶ περίπεμπτα θυόσκεϊς Agam. 86. SYN. see Θύω.

Θυσία, θυόσκητος, οὐ, δ, aruspex: a soothsayer. Εἰσι θυόσκητοι Ω. 221. Rhes. 68. SYN. Ἱεροσκόπος, μαντις, θυτήρ, σφαγέυς.

Θύω, rebus odoratis suffio: to perfume, sprinkle with odours. Τὸ ῥά οἱ τῶν θυωμένων ἦεν Ξ. 172. SYN. Ἐπιθυμία, θείω, κνισσώ.

Θύρα, as, ἡ, janua, ostium: a gate, entrance. Ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν ἐξεδίκεν αὐτὴν ἑμὴν Plut. 1007. SYN. Θύρεος, πύλη, εἰσόδος, εἰσβολή, θυρήρετος. EP. Ἀρμόδια, αἰλεις, ευερκής, ὑψηλή, φεινή, χρυσία, πικρία, πικνὴ ἀράνυα.

Θύρα, ἡ, foras: abroad, out. Τὰ τ' ἐνδὸν εἰσι τὰ τ' ἐξ ὅρατος θυρήρετος Orest. 597. EP. δ' ἀρὰ οἱ μηροὶ δὲ θυρήρετος ἀπὸ θυράος E. 694. SYN. Ἐξω, εκτός, θυρήρετος, θύρασιον.

Θύραθεν, foris: extrinsecus: out of doors; externally. Αἰθυράθεν εἰσδοὶ Androm. 953.

Θύρατος, α, ὄν, qui foris est, absens, externus: one who is abroad, absent, foreign. Δόλον θύρατον ἐστὶ Eur. El. 832. SYN. Ἐξῶς, ἀλλοτρίος.

Θύρεος, οὐ, δ, janua; scutum, a forma et magnitudine januae: a gate; a shield. Ἀντὶρ ἐπειτ' ἐπὶ θυρήρετος (here scanned as an Iambus) μέγαν ι. 240. SYN. Θύρα.

Θυρήρετος, οὐ, δ, janua, ostium: a gate, entrance. Αὐλὴς καλὰ θυρήρετος χ. 137.

Θυρήρετος, foris, extra: abroad, without. Λεῖπ' ἀπὸ θυρήρετος ι. 238. SYN. Θύρα, θυράθεν, ἐξῶθεν.

Θυρίον, οὐ, δ, ostium, fenestra: a small door, window. Thesm. 26. See Θύρα.

Θυρόκλῆτος, janua pulso: to knock at a door. Καὶ θυρόκλῆται καὶ πατάται καὶ βάλεϊν Vesp. 1254.

Θυρόκλῆτος, οὐ, δ, ὅς, ostia pulsans: knocking at the gate. Agam. 1166. See above.

Θύρω, janua claudo: to shut with a door. Οὐδὲ θυρώσαι Aves 613.

Θυράω, thyrsus agito: to move the thyrsus. Θυραδωῶν κελεύδων Lysist. 1312. Lacon. for Θυραδωῶν καὶ εὐαδωῶν.

Θύρατος, ἰδός, δ, Thyrsis. Θύρατος ὅς ὥς Αἴτνας Theoc. 1. 65.

Θυροσφάγος, ἔδος, thyro furens: raging with the thyrsus. Οὐ παῖς θυροσφάγος Phoen. 803.

Θύρσος, οὐ, δ, thyrsus: the thyrsus, a wand entwined with ivy or vine leaves, and borne by the Bacchanals. Bacch. 172. EP. Ἀμύντωρ, ἀκούστη, ἀνδρόφρονος, ἀπὸ θυροσφάγος, ἐλάφης, εὐδός, κισσώδης, μίαιφρονος, οἰνός, οἶνος, τὰ μὲν οἶνος, φθισήτωρ.

Θυροσφάγος, thyrsus gero: to bear the thyrsus. Bacch. 556.

Θυροσφάγος, οὐ, δ, ὅς, thyrsiger: thyrsus-bearing. Cycl. 64. SYN. Θυροσφάγος.

Θύρων, ἰδός, δ, vestibulum: a vestibule, porch. Πρὸς θύρων ἐξῶς Soph. El. 328. SYN. Αὐλαίων, πύλων.

Θύρατος, οὐ, δ, janitor: a door-keeper. Καὶ δὴ θύρατος οἷος Choëph. 557. SYN. Πύλωρος, πύλωρος.

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Θυσάνοις, εσσα, ἔν, fimbriatus: fringed. Αἰγίδα θυσανόεσσας E. 738.

Θυσάνος, οὐ, δ, fimbria, limbus: a fringe, edge. Τῆς ἐκῆτον θυσανοὶ παγχρόστοι B. 448. SYN. Κόρυμβος, κρόσπεδον. EP. Γνάμπος, φάινος, παγχρόστος.

Θυσθῶ, ὄν, τὰ, (1) vitis folia seu rami cum fructu appenso: vine leaves or branches with their fruit; (2) virgæ Bacchicæ, thyrsi: bacchanalian wands. Z. 134. SYN. Κλάδος, θύρσος.

Θυσία, as, ἡ, hostia; feriæ: a sacrifice, victim; holiday. Θύσαι μὲ θυσιαν πρῶτα Iph. A. 673. SYN. Θύμα, θυός, ἱερεῖον, σπονδή, ἐκάτομνη, ἑορτή. EP. Ἀπύρος, χυρόποιος, αἰμύραντος, βρόχοντος, αἰμύραντος, εὐστέφανος, ὁστίς, σωτήριος, παγκρόστις, ἀθῆτος, ἀνέορτος, ἀπρόρητος, φρικώδης.

Θυσίος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui sacrificari potest vel solet: fit to be sacrificed. Acham. 784. Θυ brevis, ut in θυσία.

Θυστάς, ἄδός, ἡ, sacrificalis; Bacchica: sacrificial; bacchanalian, frenzied. Sept. Th. 255.

Θυτήρ, ἥρος, δ, sacrificus: a sacrificer, priest. Οἷ' ὡς θυτήρ γὰρ πόλλα Trach. 1194. SYN. Θυσκόος, θυόσκητος, ἱερεὺς, σφαγέυς, μαντις.

Θυτήριον, οὐ, τὸ, ara: an altar, sacrifice. Iph. T. 244. See above. SYN. Βωμὸς, θυμῶ.

Θύω, furo, feror cum impetu: to rage, to move violently. Πορφύρεον μέγα θυέ ν. 85. SYN. Θυνέω, θύνω, μαινόμεναι, ὀρῶμαι, σείομαι.

Θύω, et Θύω (frequentius penult. productur), sacrifico: to sacrifice. "Ἡ τῶν ἐμῶν ἐκατὶ θυέσθαι γάμων Iph. A. 493. "Ἡ φίλ' ἐπὶ σέ θύοντά ο. 260. SYN. Ἀπάρχουμαι, ἱερεῖω, καθιέρουμαι, σφάττω, σφαγιάζω, βοῦθιτέω, ἐπιθῶμιαι ῥέζω. Pryn. "Ἐρως ἱερὸς ἐκατόμβας, βοῦταν φόνον ἀέζω.

Θυώδης, ἔδος, odoratus: smelling of frankincense, fragrant. Androm. 1016. See Θύω.

Θύωρος, οὐ, ἡ, mensa sacris libationibus data: a table or desk appropriated to sacred libations. Tal δὲ θυωρον Call. 3. 134. SYN. Τράπεζα.

Θωή, ἡς, ἡ, multa: a fine, penalty. β. 192. SYN. see Ζημία.

Θωκός, et ποῖτ. Θωκός, οὐ, δ, sedile: a seat. β. 14. μ. 318. SYN. Θάκος, ἔδρα, θρόνος. EP. Ἐδμήτης, βριάρης, λαίνεος, δεσπεσίος, οὐπάλος, πολυδαίδαλος, πολυχρόστος, μαντιεύς, ἀληθής.

Θωμυγέ, ἡ, funis, nervus: a rope, string. Pers. 467. SYN. Σχοινίον, δεσμός, χορδή. EP. Δολιχὴ, κράτερ, λίνωστρόφος, χρυσήλατος.

Θωμύζω, vincio; percutio: to bind; to strike, lash. Anacr. 62. 16. SYN. Δεσμεύω, δέω, τήτω, πλῆσσω, μαστίζω.

Θωμός, οὐ, δ, cumulus; sella: a pile; a seat. Agam. 286. SYN. Σωρός.

Θωπεία, as, ἡ, adulatio: cringing, flattery. Orest. 663. SYN. Κόλακεια, δέσπεα.

Θωπεύμα, ἄνδος, τὸ, blandimentum: a piece of flattery. Eur. Sup. 1113. SYN. Κόλακευμά, δολιχόρην, πρὸς ἡμέαν.

Θωπευμάτιον, οὐ, τὸ, adsentatiuncula: petty servility. Θωπευμάτων γένηται Equit. 788.

Θωπεύω, et Θωπώω, adulator, adsector: to flatter. Med. 369. P. V. 973. SYN. Ἰπποθωπεύω, κολάκευω, σάλνω, χάριντιζομαι, μελιλωσ, ἀπάτω.

Θωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, adsectorius: given to flattery. Lysist. 1037. SYN. Θωφ.

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## I.

Ἰά, ἄς, ἡ, et Ion. Ἰῆ, vox, clamor: a voice, cry. Σοφιστὸς ἰὰν κατὰκοῦν Rhes. 549. SYN. Φωνή, ἡχή, ἡχός, βῆθ, ἰαχὴ, ἰαχί.

Ἰαῖω, ἰαῶ, tepefacio: to warm, cheer. Χυλοποιεῖν ἰαῖωμεναι μελέσσω Theoc. 27. 66. SYN. Ευφραίνω, ἄρρω, γάδω, δερμαίνω.

Ἰαχέω, ululo at Bacchantes: to utter shouts like votaries of Bacchus. Orest. 955. See Ἰαχός.

Ἰαχὴ, ἡς, ἡ, ululatus: a bacchanalian shout. Phoen. 1321. See below. SYN. see Ἰαχί.

Ἰαχός, οὐ, δ, Bacchus. Ran. 405. Prima syllaba est ejusdem quantitatis atque in Latinis, ut apud Ovid. Met. 4. 15.: Nycteliusque Eleusius parens et Iacchus et Euan. SYN. see Βάκχος.

Ἰαλίζω, fleo, lugeo: to weep, lament. Ταῦρον ἰαλίζομαι Call. fr. 176. SYN. Ὀρηνέω, γάδω, δολοφύρομαι.

Ἰαλέω, οὐ, δ, cantilena lugubris: a mournful song. Phoen. 1047. See above. SYN. Ὀρηνός, δρήνημα, θύρωρος.

Ἰάλλω, mitto, emitto: to send forth. Πρόκει- μένα χεῖρας ἰάλλον I. 91. SYN. Ἐπίδω, ἐκ- βάλλω, πέμπω, ἱμῶ, ἐκτείνω, ἰάπτω, ἐφίμαι.

Ἰαμένος, οὐ, δ, Ialmenus: the son of Mars. Ασκάλαρον καὶ Ἰαμένον I. 82.

Ἰαλτός, οὐ, δ, ὅς, missus: sent. Choëph. 20. See Ἰάλλω.

Ἰαμὰ, ἄνδος, τὸ, medela: a remedy. Ψυχὴς γὰρ οὔτος μὲνός ἐχει τ' ἰαμὰτα Menand. 278. "Hæc vox rarissima apud poetam usus; ancipitem forsan habens primam vocalem." Malib. Vide tamen Ἰασις. SYN. Ἰασις, ἄκασμα.

Ἰαμβός, οὐ, δ, iambus: a carmen iambicum: an iambus, consisting of a short

and long; iambic verse. Εὐ τοὺς ἰαμβείοισι Ran. 1204. 673.

Ἰαμβός, οὐ, δ, Iambus. Ἰαμβόν καὶ Ὀρέστην M. 139.

Ἰανασσά, ἡς, ἡ, Janassa: Ianassa. Κλυμένη Ἰανειρά τε καὶ Ἰανασσα Ξ. 47.

Ἰανειρά, as, ἡ, Ianira: one of the three thousand daughters of Oceanus. See in Ἰανασσά.

Ἰάνθη, ἡς, ἡ, Ianthē: one of the same family as the preceding. Πειθώ τ' Ἀδμήτη τε Ἰάνθη τ' Ηλέκτρη τε Hes. Theog. 349.

Ἰάδω, medeor, sano: to heal. Τήνδ' ἰωμένη νόσον Hipp. 593. "Ὅστις ἰάσθαι θέλει. Eur. fr. Dictys. 7. 7. SYN. Ἐθράπευω, ἀνέδωμαι.

Ἰάδω, οὐ, δ, Ionius: Ionian. Τὼς καὶ ἐγὼ φίλδωρτος Ἰαδωνοῖσι νόμοισι Æsch. Sup. 66.

Ἰάπετιον, οὐ, δ, Iapetion: a wicked Athenian, a traitor. Κἂν Θωροκίον μὴ βούληται Ran. 363.

Ἰάς, ὡδός, δ, animal lupo simile: an animal sprung from the wolf and fox, a lynx. A. 474. EP. Ἀναιθός, σμερδαλέος, ὑπερφιάλος, ωμὸφάγος.

Ἰάσσω, clamo, vociferor: to bawl out, shout, speak aloud. Τάδε θωόσσω (monom. anapæst.) Hec. 115. SYN. Ἀναβόω, ἵλακτω, κηρύσσω.





of suppliants. 'Ικετήσιος δὲ τὴ καὶ ἄλλους ν. 213. SYN. see 'Ικέσιος.

'Ικέτις. See 'Ικέτης.  
'Ικαίνο, humecto: to wet, moisten. \*Ως τῆς 'Ικαίνοισι Apoll. 4. 1066. SYN. 'Υγραίνω.

'Ικαμάλιος, ου, δ, Icamalius: the name of an architect. Πολιτ' 'Ικαμάλιος τ. 57.

'Ικαῖς, ἄδω, ἡ, humior, vapor: moisture, vapour. Κυκλῶσ' ἄφαρ δὲ τοῖ 'ικαῖς ἐξη P. 392. SYN. Νότις, ἄμυις. EP. Κἀτάρρῳτος, νεκτάρεια, λειριδεσσά.

'Ικένος, ὄν, qui venit: one who has come. Πολλὰ γὰρ τοῖς 'ικένοις Philoct. 494.

'Ικμένος, η, ὄν, commodus, secundus: suitable, favourable. Τοῖσιν δ' 'ικμένον οὐρὸν A. 479.

'Ικνέομαι, venio; suplico: to arrive at; to supplicate. Σὲ καὶ σ' 'ικνούμαι σὲ δὲ φίλης παρήϊδος Iph. T. 1070. SYN. see (1) 'Ικω; (2) 'Ικέτω, Ἀντόμαι, Δέδομαι.

'Ικρίον, ου, τὸ, tabula, asser: a plank, the deck of a ship. Διτὲ δ' 'ικρίᾳ νηὸς ἐστις O. 729. SYN. Ἐπικρίον, σῶις, καρχησίον.

'Ικτάρ, (1) juxta: near: (2) nuper: lately; (3) statim: immediately. 'Ικτάρ ἅμα βροντῇ τῇ Hes. Theog. 686. SYN. (1) Πλησίον, ἐγγύς; (2) ἀπὸ; (3) ταχιστά.

'Ικτάρ, ἥρος, 'Ικτάρ, ὄρος; et 'Ικτάριος, ὄν, supplex: suppliant, supplicatory. 'Ικτάρης ἐπιστομῶχοισι (E. R. 196. Heracl. 365. G. R. 3. SYN. 'Ικέτης, 'ικτάριος, 'ικέσιος, λιπάρης.

'Ικτινός, ου, δ, milvus: a kite or glead. Πρόκυλινδίσθαι τοῖς 'ικτινοῖς Av. 501. EP. Ἀρταῖ, παντόφθαλμος.

'Ικτις, ἴδω, ἡ, mustela silvestris, lutra: an otter. 'Ικτιδᾶς ἐνὶ ὄρωσι ἐγγέλεις Κωπαῖδος Acharn. 880.

'Ικτωρ. See 'Ικτάρ.  
'Ικω, et 'Ικόμαι, venio: to come. Ἐχρῆν πρόβαλον ἰκόμην δὲ σάτεος Orest. 624. SYN. Ἀφρονέομαι, ἐρχομαι, ἐξέρχομαι, παρᾳγίγνομαι, ὀφείμι.

'Ιλα, Dor. pro 'Ιλη, ης, ἡ, ala, turma: a troop, assembly. Ἐνθά μὲν εὐφρόνεις ἱλαί Nem. 5. 70. SYN. Εἰλη, ἀγέλη, τάξις, στίφος, οὐλάμος.

'Ιλαδών, turmatim, affatim, statim: in troops, in swarms, immediately. 'Ιλαδὼν εἰς ἀγρόν B. 93. SYN. Ἀγέληδων, πασσούδι, ἄθροως.

'Ιλαδός, ου; 'Ιλέος, ω, propitiu: propitious, placable. Σὺ δ' 'Ιλαδὸν ἐνέθω θυμὸν I. 635. Avtik' ἐπειθ' 'Ιλαὸς Ὀλύμπιος A. 583. Trach. 776. SYN. Εὐμενής, πρῶτος, εὐνός.

'Ιλάρος, ὄν, hilaris: cheerful. 'Ιλάρῳ πῶμεν οἶνον Anacr. 41. 26. SYN. Φαιδρός, τερπνός, εὐχάρις, περίχαρής, ἥδους, ἀγάνος.

'Ιλᾶω, 'Ιλάσκω. See 'Ιλᾶσκω.  
'Ιλᾶς, οὗ, δ, latibulum serpentum: a serpent's den. 'Ιλᾶν οὐκ οἰκιστὶν Theoc. 15. 9. SYN. Εὐλῶς, φωλεός.

'Ιλᾶω. See 'Ιλᾶς.  
'Ιλη, See 'Ιλα.  
'Ιληός, ὄν, Iliacus: Trojan. Φεύγω πρὸς πῆδον 'Ιληῖον Φ. 556. SYN. 'Ιλῖος.

'Ιλήκω, 'Ιλημί, 'Ιλᾶω, 'Ιλάσκω, (1) propitio: to appease; (2) propitiu sum: to be propitious. Ἡμῖν 'Ιληρσί καὶ ἀθανάτοι θεοὶ ἄλλοι Φ. 365. γ. 380. Theoc. 15. 143. A. 386. On the quantity of the first syllable of these words, see Heyne A. 585. SYN. (1) Ἀρέσκω; (2) 'Ιλέος, ἐμμένης ἐμῇ.

'Ιλᾶδης, ου; 'Ιλιάς, ἄδω, ἡ, Trojanus, Tro-

jana: a Trojan, of Troy. Androm. 1014. Τῆς 'Ιλιάδος λόγος ἀιχμῇ Hec. 101.

Ιλγυῖα, vertigine laboro: to labour under a dizziness. Τὰ τοῦ δέους γὰρ τῶν ὄλων ἱλγυῖα Acharn. 556. Prima syllaba est longa, ad quantitatem vocis ἐλγυῖος, q.v.

'Ιλιόθεν, 'Ιλῖοθεν, 'Ιλῖοθεν, pnc. form. ab  
'Ιλῖον, ου, τό; 'Ιλῖος, ου, ἡ, Ilium, Troja: Ilium, Troy. Πρεμενοῦς τ' ἀπ' 'Ιλίου Hec. 538. EP. Αἰπεινὸν, αἰπύ, ἐρατεινὸν, ἐνυαυμένον, πολυεὐθρόν, εὐπωλὸν, εὐτελεῖον, ἡμέριον, ἱρὸν, αἰθάλων, πᾶσις 'Ιλιάς, ὀφρῶν, Δαρδανίον, καλῖσθων, Φρύγιον. PNH. Ἐεστὰ Πέριγὰμ Ἀπολῶνι.

'Ιλιόνειος, ἔως et ἥος, δ, Ilieneus: a noble Trojan. Ἀγαυὸν 'Ιλιόνειον E. 501.

'Ιλῖος. See 'Ιλῖον.  
'Ιλλάς, ἄδω, ἡ, vinculum, funiculus: a band, rope. 'Ιλλάσιν οὐκ ἐθέλοντ' N. 573. SYN. Δεσμός, σχοινίον.

'Ιλλάς, ὄν, strabus: goggle-eyed. Thesm. 846. SYN. Στρίβλος, τυφλός.  
'Ιλλυρίος, ὄν, Illyricus: Illyrian. Πενώντες ὡσπερ 'Ιλλυρίοι κέρκρυγες Aves 1520.

'Ιλλω, i. q. Εἰλω et Εἰλῶ, volvo, vincio, nuto: to roll, turo, bind, nod. Apoll. 1. 129. SYN. Σύνειλω, συστρέφω, συγκλείω, δέω, δεσμεύω.

'Ιλλος, ου, δ, illus: the founder of Ilium. \*Θη Φρύγος πρὶν 'Ιλου Theoc. 16. 75.

'Ιλλοῖς, εσσα, ἐν, limosus: muddy. Αὐτὰρ δ' γ' ἰλλοέντος Apoll. 2. 825.

'Ιλουός, ου, δ, antra ferarum: a den, cave. 'Ιλουός ἐδάλοντο κίονες Call. 1. 24.

'Ιλὺς, ὄς, ἡ, limus, lutum, faex: mud, clay, dregs. Κελσὲ' ὅπ' ἰλὺς κέκαλυμμέν' Φ. 318. SYN. Βόρβορος, πηλός, πρῆξ.

'Ιμαῖος, ὄν, (1) hauriens: drawing; unde (2) 'Ιμαῖον, carmen quod concinebat aquarum haustores: the song sung by those who drew water. Ἀνθ' ὕδατος ἱμαῖον Call. fr. 42.

'Ιμας, ἄντος, δ, lorium: a thong, string. Τητῶν ἱμᾶντων ου κατ'οἶδ' Hipp. 1240. SYN. Ἀμμά, ἡμῶς, δεσμός. EP. Αὐχένιος, βεῖος, ἐπὶ τμητός, ἰδός, σκληρός, φαῖνος, χρύσεος, ὤμος, ἀσάλευός, πλεκτός. PNH. Πλεκταί στροφιδὲς ἱμᾶντων.

'Ιμάσθλη, ης, ἡ, scutica, flagellum: a whip. Περὶ χρὸς γέντ' ὅπ' ἱμάσθλην Θ. 43. SYN. Σκῆπτρον, μάστιξ, ἱμάς. EP. Ἀφειδής, δαδάλεια, ἐχιδνήεσσα, ταρτάρια, πλῆξιππος, πυριφλέγον, βριγέων, βῆδιν.

'Ιμάσσω, loris caedo: to whip. Καὶ σε πληγῇσιν ἱμάσσω O. 17. SYN. Μαστίγω, παῖω, πληττω, πατάσσω.

'Ιματίον, et (2) dimin. 'Ιματίδιον, ου, τὸ, (1) vestimentum: a garment; (2) palliola: a little cloak. Τῷ δὲ μὲν ἱματίον κάβαρον Av. 973. EP. τοῖσιν ἱματίοις καὶ τὰτ' ἄνευ Lysist. 470. SYN. Εσθής, ἐσθημά, ἀμπεχόν.

'Ιμβρίος, ου, δ, Imbrius: the son-in-law of Priam. 'Ιμβρίον αἰχμητὴν N. 171.

'Ιμβρός, ου, ἡ, Imbrus: an island in the Aegean Sea. 'Ιμβρός εὐκτιμένη Hom. Apoll. 36.

'Ιμεῖρω, 'Ιμεῖρομαι, desidero: to desire earnestly, prefer, welcome. Ἦς γὰρ ἡς δᾶνευ ἱμεῖρεται α. 59. SYN. Ἐπιθυμῶ, ἐμῇ, ἐφίμα, ἐλδομαι, δέλω, πόθω, ἐπιμαίνομαι. PNH. Φρένας ἱμεῖρον δαίμεις.

'Ιμέρας, ου, δ, Himera: a river in Sicily, on which the city Himera was situated. 'Ιμερά ανθ'

ἰδάτος βέτω γὰλᾳ Theoc. 5. 124. EP. Τψί- κρημνός. PNH. Εὐνύρος ἀκτὴ 'Ιμεῖρον.

'Ιμεῖροις, εσσα, ἐν, amabilis: lovely. Στῆθεά δ' ἱμεῖροντ' G. 397. SYN. 'Ιμερτός, ἐραστός, πόθωνος, χάρις, ἥδους, κάλως, φρονέουλης, ἐρσιμῶς, ἐρατεινός, ζηλωτής, τίμιος.

'Ιμερός, ου, δ, (1) desiderium: desire; (2) Cupido: Cupid. Κανὼς δὲ νύμφης ἱμεῖρον νικώ- μένος Med. 556. SYN. (1) Ἐρὸς, ἐπιθυμία, πόθος, (2) Ἐρως. EP. Ἀπάτῆλος, κάλως, οἷς, δρᾶσός, ἥδους. PNH. Νικᾷ δ' ἐναργῆς βλεφάρων ἱμεῖρον εὐλέκτρον νύμφας.

'Ιμερόφωνος, ὄν, suaviloquus: having a charming voice, tuneful. Theoc. 28. 7. See above.

'Ιμερόφωνος, ὄν, desiderabilis: desirable, lovely. Οἶτ' ἀμφ' ἱμερόν Τίτάρησιν B. 751.

'Ιμῖνια, ας, ἡ, funis per quem aqua hauritur: a bucket rope or chain. Eccles. 351. See below. SYN. Σχοινίον.

'Ιμνίστοτροφός, ου, δ, qui funem ductarium torquet ad hauriendam aquam: a maker of bucket-ropes. Πόθεν συνέλεξας ἱμνίστοτροφον μέλη Ran. 1297.

'Ινά, ut; ubi, cum gen.; ubicunque: that, in order that; where; wherever. Αἰπὼν ἴν' Ἀδης χωρὶς ψύχεται δέων Hec. 2. SYN. Ὀφρά, ὅπως, ὅπου.

Ἰνάχειος, Ἰνάχιος, α, ὄν; Ἰνάχίονη, ης, ἡ, Inacho satus: descended from Inachus. Σὺ τ' Ἰνάχων σπέρμα P. V. 730. Mosch. 2. 51. Call. Del. 254.

Ἰνάχιος, ου, δ, Inachides: a descendant of Inachus. Iph. A. 1087. See Ἰνάχος.

Ἰνάχιος. See Ἰνάχιος.  
Ἰνάχίονη. See Ἰνάχειος.

'Ινάχος, ου, δ, Inachus: (1) a king of Argolis, the father of Io; (2) a river in Argolis; (3) a name of Argolis. Ἐλεξέ δ' ὡ γῆν Ἰνάχων κεκτη- μένοι Orest. 923. EP. (2) Ἀκτινέθρος, Ἀργεῖος πόταμος, (3) ἐνπαρθένος. PNH. Οἰητοῦς Ἦρης.

Ἰνδάλλωμαι, similis videor; videor: to seem like; to seem. T. 224. SYN. Φαλνύμαι, εικάζο- μαι, ὁμοιοῦμαι, φαντάζομαι.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, Indicus: Indian. Βούλεσθ' ἐκ τῶν Ἰνδικῶν Antig. 1039.

'Ινδός, ου, δ, (1) Indus, fl.: the river Indus; (2) Indus: an Indian. Aesch. Sup. 292.

Ἰνών, ου, τὸ, occipitium: the nape of the neck. Καὶ διὰ νῶτόν ἦλθεν E. 495.

'Ινῖς, ἴδω, δ, ἡ, puer, filia, nepos: a son or daughter, grandchild. Φίλος Αστυνόας Ἐκτύρος ἴνις Troad. 572. SYN. Τίος, βρέφος, ἀπογόνος, νέος, νήπιος, παῖς.

Ἰνώ, ὄς, ἡ, Ino: a sea-goddess. Εὐδυσσά δ' Ἰνοῖς συμφορὰ Eur. fr. Ino. 1. 1. EP. Ἀμ- θρότος, ἀγῶνιστας, βούκαιρος, κέρασφόρος, λυ- σᾶς, οἰστροπῆσις, ποταῖος, ποδηνέμος, τλησιπῶνος, Ἀγνῶρις. PNH. Ποσιτῶν ὁμοβλάμους Νηρηίδων Pyth. 11. 3.

Ἰνωπός, οὗ, δ, Inopus: a river in Delos, near which Apollo and Diana were born. Ἰνωπὸς παρὰ ῥόδον Call. 4. 207.

'Ιπᾶλός, ου, δ, ἡ, saliens cruribus, impetuosus, salax: leaping, capering. Ἰπᾶλὸς ἀργός Δ. 105. SYN. Θοῖρος, φοιτάλως.

Ἰφεντῆς, οὗ, δ, qui visco aves captat: a bird-catcher. Bion 2. 1. SYN. Ορνιθευτής, ορνιθο- θηρῆς.

Ἰξιώνιος, α, ὄν, Ixionius: of Ixion. Ἰξιώνιος ἀλόχοιο E. 317.

'Ιξίς, ἔως, ἡ, adventus: arrival. 'Ιξίς ἐξερ- γάζεται Troad. 398. SYN. Ἀφίξις, ἡλῶσις.

Ἰξίων, ὄντος, δ, Ixion: a noble Thessalian. Ἰξίων ἐν δεσμοῖσιν Herc. F. 1289. EP. Ἀρόμας, δέσιμος, ἀρματηλάτης, πέλαιος λέκτρον τῶν Δῖος. PNH. see Pyth. 2. 67.

Ἰξός, οὗ, δ, viscum: bird-lime. Cycl. 432. SYN. Γλοιός, πάγλις.

Ἰξὺς, ὄς, ἡ, lumbus, coxa: the spine, the loins. Καὶ ἰξὺς ἡντὶ κοῦρας Apoll. 4. 1347.

Ἰξόδω, sagittas mitto; veneno inficio: to hurl arrows; to infect with poison. Τὸ δ' ἀπ- ἐφθίσιν ἰξόδωσας Apoll. 4. 1440. SYN. Ἀκου- τίω.

Ἰξόδοτροχος, Ἰσποκάμος, ου, δ, ἡ, violaceam vel nigram comam habens: having black locks or hair. Isth. 7. 33. Pyth. 1. 2. See Ἰόν, Βόστρυχος, and Πλοκάμους.

Ἰξονέφης, ἔως, violaceus, purpureus: violet- coloured, purple. Τέτανυσσὶ ἰξονέφες εἶρος δ. 135. SYN. Μέλαις, πορφύρεος, ἰοειδής.

Ἰξόκη, ης, ἡ, pharetra: a receptacle for ar- rows, a quiver. Ἰξόκη τέτανυσσὶ κάτωμαδων Apoll. 2. 681. SYN. Φαρέτρα.

Ἰξόκος, ου, δ, ἡ, sagittas recipiens: receiving or containing arrows. Ἰξόκος πολλοὶ δ' ἐνέσαν φ. 12.

Ἰξοδής, ἔως, niger, purpureus: dark, purple- hued. Ἦ τε κάβαλλομένη ἰξοδὲς A. 298. SYN. Ἰξονέφης, μέλαις, ἀνθρός, πορφύρεος.

Ἰξίς, εσσα, ἐν, niger: violet-hued, dark- hued. Τίθει ἰξέντ' αἰσθηρον φ. 850. SYN. see ἰοειδής.

Ἰόκαστη, ης, ἡ, Jocasta: the mother and wife of Oedipus, called Epicasta by Homer. Κά- λουσι δ' Ἰόκαστην με τοῦτ' ἄρ' πατὴρ Phoen. 12. PNH. see A. 270.

Ἰόλαος, et Ἰόλας, ου, δ, Iolaus: the son of Iphiclus; the grandson of Amphitryon. Ἦρως ὦ Ἰόλαε βρότῳ Hes. Scut. 78. Nem. 3. 61.

EP. Ἀρηφίλος, ἀσπιστής, διοτρεφής, κράτερος, κυδάλιμος, θαρσάλεος, ἱπικλεΐδης. PNH. Ὁ μὲν γέροντ' οὐκ ἐστὶν Ἰόλεως δδὲ; νέος μέθεσθ' ἐκ γέροντος αὐτὸς αὖ Heracl. 793.

Ἰόλειά. See Ἰόλη.

Ἰόλη, et Ἰόλειά, ης, ἡ, Iole: the daughter of Eurytus, and wife of Hercules. Ἰόλην ἐφασκεῖς Εὐρυτοῦ σπῆραν ἄγειν Trach. 420. Call. Ep. 6. 3.

Ἰόμαρος, ὄν, durationem vitæ violæ habens, brevis ævi: short-lived. Sed interpretatio hujus vocis est admodum vexata et incerta. Ἀργεῖοι Ἰόμαροί ἐλεγχέες Δ. 242.

Ἰόν, ου, τὸ, viola; vaccinium: a violet; corn- flag. Μᾶλακοι ἰὸν ἡδὲ σέλινον ε. 72. SYN. Κυάναγης, μέλαν, φανόν, σποδίστιον.

Ἰονθᾶς, ἄδω, δ, ἡ, densus et teneros pilos ha- bens: dark or thick haired. Επὶ δέρμα ἰονθᾶδος E. 50. SYN. Δάσους, δασυθρις.

Ἰόνιος, α, ὄν, Ionius: Ionian. Ἰόνω ναῖεσθαι πόντω (anapäst. dim.) Troad. 227.

Ἰσποκάμος. See Ἰξόδοτροχος.

Ἰός, οὗ, δ, sagitta; venenum; rubigo: an arrow; poison; rust. Καὶ ταρφέες ἰοί A. 387. SYN. (1) Βέλός, ὀιστός, γλύφίς, (2) φάρμακον. EP. (1) Ἀγινύεις, πτέρεις, ταρφέες, ακιμύρος, ἀέλις, τὰχῖς, ἀμειλίχως, βάρις, δολιχόσκιος, δαυατηφόρος, λευγάλεος, λυγρός, καρτέρος, κρι- ρός, μεταφόνος, οἷος, ὀλός, χαλκήρης, ὠκός, (2) ἐχιδνάος, θυμοφόρος, δολιχόσκιος, χυλῆος, φθισή- νωρ, φθισιμέροτος, ἐποκάρδιος.



*Ἰρεός*. See *Ἰρέως*.  
*Ἰρέως*. See *Ἰρέως*.  
*Ἰρίξ*. See *Ἰρέαξ*.  
*Ἰρίς*, ἰδός, ὁ, (1) Iris, fluv.: a river in Asia Minor; (2) ἡ, arcus celestis, the rainbow; (3) Iris, dea: the goddess Iris. *Μετὰ τὸνδ' ἀρχιρ-βόος* Iph. Apoll. 2. 367. A. 27. B. 785. Er. (2) *Διόσγυρτος*, ἀλλυπός, πορφύρεος, πύθηνέ-μος, χρυσόπτερος, τάχειά. PHE. (2) *Τέρας μέρπων ἀνθρώπων* A. 28. *Θαύματος διγατήρ πόδας οὐκ ἔα Hes. πλεῖται ἐπ' ευρεά νῶτ' ἀ-λάσσης*.  
*Ἰρόν*. See *Ἰέριον*.  
*Ἰρός*. See *Ἰέρος*.  
*Ἰρός*, ου, ὁ, Irus: the name of a beggar in Homer. *Ἦ τάχ' Ἰρός αἶρος σ. 72*. SYN. *Ἀλη-τῆς*, *πρωχός*.  
*Ἰς*, ἰδός, ἡ, nervus, fibra, vis: a nerve, fibre, strength. *Ἀρβρων ἰνας πτέρων ῥύμη* (anap. dim.) Pax 86. SYN. *Ἰνῶν*, *νεύρων*, *δυνάμεις*, *δυνάσις*, *ισχύς*, *βία*, *ἀλκή*. Er. *Λευκή, πᾶχεϊά, ἀκύνος*, ἀπὲλθός, κράτερ, ἱέρα.  
*Ἰσάδελφος*, ὁν, fratris animo praeclatus: like or equal to a brother. *Ἰσάδελφος ἀνὴρ ὁρθὸν νόστρον* Orest. 1014.  
*Ἰσάω*, Ἰσάσκωμαι, adaequo: to make equal. *Ἰσάωσιν* ἰνὰ πασιὼν ἀεκέα M. 436. *Οὐκ ἔα Ἀπτοῖ ἰσάσκω* A. 607. See below. SYN. *Εἰσάω*, ἰσάω, ἀνίσω, ἰσάφω.  
*Ἰσάωμαι*, adaequo: to be equal to. *Νυξὶν ἰσάται ἀμφοτέρω* Arat. Phoen. 513.  
*Ἰσανδρός*, ου, ὁ, Isander: the son of Belle-rophon. *Ἰσανδρὸν τὸ καὶ Ἰπποδόχον* Z. 197.  
*Ἰσανέμος*, ὁν, par vento, velocissimus: fleet as the wind. Iph. A. 206. I long, as in *ἰσπάλῃς*. See *Ἀνέμος*. SYN. *Πόδηνέμος*, *ἑλλοπος*. PHE. *Πνοήσιν εἰσδόμενος ἀνέμω, σύνδρομος αἶρας*.  
*Ἰσάριμος*, ὁν, par numero: equal in number. *Ἦ ἰσάριμος* Call. 4. 175.  
*Ἰσάσκωμαι*. See *Ἰσάω*.  
*Ἰσῆμι*, scio: to know. *Ἡπίοι οὐδὲ ἰσᾶσιν* (this is the reading proposed by Professor Gaisford for οὐδ' ἰσᾶσιν), ὅσα πλεὺν ἡμῶν παντός Hes. Op. 40. SYN. *Εἶδω*, *ἐπιστάμαι*, *γινώσκω*.  
*Ἰσῆρεμῶς*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, totidem sen aequales remos habens: having as many or equal oars. *Ἀργεῖων δὲ ταῖσδ' ἰσῆρεμῶν* Iph. A. 242. See *Ἰσῆρης*.  
*Ἰσῆρης*, εὐς, par, aequalis: equal. *Νικᾶν ἰσῆρης δότις ἀν' ἡφύσιν λάβη* Iph. T. 1473.  
*Ἰσθμῖος*. See *Ἰσθμῖος*.  
*Ἰσθμῖον*, ου, τὸ, monile: a necklace. *Ἰσθμῖον ἦνεκεν δερμάτων σ. 299*. SYN. *Ὀρμῖος*.  
*Ἰσθμῖος*, α, ὁν; *Ἰσθμῖος*, ἰδός, ἡ, Isthmiaeus: Isthmian, Corinthian. *Οὐ μαρτυρήσει μ' Ἰσθμῖος Σῖνις πύρε* Hipp. 981. Call. fr. 103. 3. SYN. *Κόρινθιος*.  
*Ἰσθμῖος*, οὐ, et dat. οἱ, ὁ, ἡ, terra inter duo maria: a neck of land, land between two seas; the isthmus of Corinth. Herc. F. 953. Er. *Ἀλκίονος, κλεινῆ, κλειτῆ, ποντία, πλάτεια, στέ-νυς, Δωρῖα, Κόρινθιος, ἀλκίης*. PHE. *Ποντίας γέφυρά*.  
*Ἰσις*, ἰδός, ἡ, Isis: an Egyptian goddess. *Ἰσιδος εἰδομένην* Call. Ep. 52. 4.  
*Ἰσχω*, (1) adsimulo, fingo: to make like, feign; (2) scio: to know, (3) dico: to say. Theoc. 22. 167. SYN. (1) *Εἰσχω*, *δοιοῦν*, *εὐκάω*, (3) *λέγω*.  
*Ἰσμαρός*, ου, ἡ, Ismarus: a city in Thrace. *Ἰσμαρὸν ἐνθάδ' ἔγω* u. 40.

*Ἰσμήνη*, ἡς, ἡ, Ismene: the daughter of Oedi-  
 pus and Jocasta. Phoen. 57.  
*Ἰσμηρία*, ας, ἡ, Ismenia. *Εὐγένης Ἰσμηρία*  
 Lysist. 697.  
*Ἰσμήνιος*, α, ὁν, Ismenius: of Ismenus. *Ἰσ-  
 μήνιον πρὸς ὀχθὸν* Eur. Sup. 665.  
*Ἰσμηνός*, οὐ, ὁ, Ismenus: a river near Thebes  
 in Boeotia. Phoen. 99.  
*Ἰσθαίμων*, ὁν, qui aequali sorte fruitur:  
 equally fortunate. Nem. 4. 136. See *Ἰσμήτωρ*.  
 SYN. *Ἰσμοίρος*, *ισμύρος*, *ισυθῆος*.  
*Ἰσθῆος*, ὁν, Deo par: godlike, noble. *Λήψει  
 τὸ τοῦ Νηρηίδος ἰσθῆος γένος* Iph. A. 626.  
*Ἰσμήτωρ*, ὁρς, par matri: equal to its mo-  
 ther. *Τὸ δὲ δέξ' ἰσμήτωρ ἀμύν* Theoc. 8.  
 14.  
*Ἰσμοίρος*, *ισμύρος*, ὁν, cui portio par datur:  
 having an equal share, equally spread. *Ὀμπά-  
 ταν ἰσμοίρον* O. 209. I in *ἰσμοίρος*, as in *ισ-  
 μήτωρ*. SYN. *Ἰσθαίμων*, *ισπάλῃς*.  
*Ἰσωνεῖρος*, ὁν, somno similis: like sleep. *Ἰσ-  
 νεῖρον ἄ τὸ φωτῶν* P. V. 564, answered by  
*καὶ λέχος σὺν ὑμέναιον*. SYN. *Εὐκλινεῖρος*.  
 See *Aves* 685.  
*Ἰσθῆνός*, εὐς, fato defunctis par: equal to the  
 dead. Orest. 195, where *ἰσθῆνός* answers to  
 ὅν ἐπὶ δῶμον.  
*Ἰσθῆνός*, αἰδός, juvenilis: boy-like. *Ἰσθ-  
 παῖδ' ἰσθῆνός ἐπὶ σκήπτροισι* (anap. dim.)  
 Agam. 74.  
*Ἰσθῆνός*, εὐς, in lucta par, par viribus: equal  
 in wrestling. *Ἠρίδος ἰσθῆνός* Theoc. 5. 28.  
 SYN. *Ἰσός*.  
*Ἰσθῆνός*, ου, τὸ, planities terrae: even sur-  
 face, a plain. *Ἰσθῆνόν τῷτ' οὐτ' N. 142*.  
*Ἰσθῆνός*, ὁν, vergens ad aequilibrium: of  
 equal weight or force, equal. *Ἦν δ' ἄγαν ἰσθῆ-  
 νός* Eur. Sup. 716. See below. SYN. *Ἀν-  
 τισθῆνός*, *ισθμοίρος*, *αντισθῆνός*.  
*Ἰσός*, et *Ἰσός*, η, ὁν, comp. *Ἰσάτερος* et *Ἰσώ-  
 τος*, par, aequus: equal, impartial. *Δοῦν ἀδελ-  
 φὸν πῶς ἀν' οὐ γένουτ' ἰσός* Eur. El. 536. The  
 penult. of *Ἰσός* is always long in Homer; but  
 generally, if not always, short in the Attic writers.  
 In other poets it is doubtful. See Damm. in v.,  
 and Bruck. Soph. Antig. 837. SYN. *Ἰσός*,  
*ἀλγικῖος*, *ἐπάλγικῖος*, *ἐπικῆς*, *ἀρτίος*.  
*Ἰστέλεστος*, ὁν, qui simul absolvitur: having  
 an equal end with. *Ἰστέλεστος Ἀἰδός* E. C.  
 1221, answered by *ἐπιτέλεστος* πῶματον.  
*Ἰσότης*, ἡς, ἡ, aequalitas, aequitas: evenness,  
 equity. *Ἰσότητ' ἀνὰ τιμῶν ἡ φίλους ἀεὶ φίλους*  
 Phoen. 546. SYN. *Ἰσότης*, *φιλότης*.  
*Ἰσότης*. See ad v. *Ἰσότης*.  
*Ἰσθῆνός*, α, ὁν; *Ἰσθῆνός*, ἰδός, ἡ, Isthmiaeus:  
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*Ἀργεῖων δὲ ταῖσδ' ἰσῆρεμῶν* Iph. A. 242. See  
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*Ἰσῆρεμῶς*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, totidem sen aequales  
 remos habens: having as many or equal oars.  
*Ἀργεῖων δὲ ταῖσδ' ἰσῆρεμῶν* Iph. A. 242. See  
*Ἰσῆρης*.  
*Ἰσῆρης*, εὐς, par, aequalis: equal. *Νικᾶν ἰσῆ-  
 ρεις δότις ἀν' ἡφύσιν λάβη* Iph. T. 1473.  
*Ἰσθμῖος*. See *Ἰσθμῖος*.  
*Ἰσθμῖον*, ου, τὸ, monile: a necklace. *Ἰσθμῖον ἦ-  
 νεκεν δερμάτων σ. 299*. SYN. *Ὀρμῖος*.  
*Ἰσθμῖος*, α, ὁν; *Ἰσθμῖος*, ἰδός, ἡ, Isthmiaeus:  
 Isthmian, Corinthian. *Οὐ μαρτυρήσει μ' Ἰσθμῖος*  
 Σῖνις πύρε Hipp. 981. Call. fr. 103. 3. SYN.  
*Κόρινθιος*.  
*Ἰσθῆνός*, οὐ, et dat. οἱ, ὁ, ἡ, terra inter duo  
 maria: a neck of land, land between two seas;  
 the isthmus of Corinth. Herc. F. 953. Er.  
*Ἀλκίονος, κλεινῆ, κλειτῆ, ποντία, πλάτεια, στέ-  
 νυς, Δωρῖα, Κόρινθιος, ἀλκίης*. PHE. *Ποντίας*  
*γέφυρά*.  
*Ἰσῆμι*, scio: to know. *Ἠπίοι οὐδὲ ἰσᾶσιν*  
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 νυς, Δωρῖα, Κόρινθιος, ἀλκίης*. PHE. *Ποντίας*  
*γέφυρά*.  
*Ἰσ*



the rim of a shield. Τῶν ἡτοί χροσέη (dissyll.) ἵπτις ἀφ' ἑσθ' ὅς. SYN. Ἀφίς. EP. Εὐκυκλός, κικλιδεσσά, καμπιδεσσά, τρύχδεσσά.

Ἰτίς, proper name. See Ἰτῖλδς.  
Ἰταν, ὠνός, Ἰτῶν, ὠνός, ἡ, dicta quoque Ἰτῶν et Σιτών, ἡ, ἡ (nam sic varie scribitur), Itone: a city in Messenia. Διμήτρος τέμνους Ἰτανά τέ μητέρα μήλων B. 696.

Ἰτῆ, ἡς, ἡ; Ἰτῆς, οὐ, δ, clamor acutus: a loud shout. Τόσῃδ' ἰτῆν καὶ στόνον Philoct. 752. Τί δῆρ' ἰτῆων Heracl. 127. Μολπῇ τ' ἰτῆ τῆ Σ. 572. SYN. Βόῃ. EP. Βαρβάρωνος.

Ἰτῆ, ἡς, ἡ, motacilla, avicula; illecebra quævis: a water-wagtail; a charm. See Schol. Pyth. 4.381. It is long in the Epic, short in the Attic writers. Ἰτῆ ἐλκεῖ τὸ τῆν ἐμὸν Theoc. 2.17. Τῇ σὺ ληφθέντες ἰτῆν Lysist. 1110. SYN. Δελέα, ἐπιθμία, φάρμακον. PHR. see Pyth. 4.380.

Ἰτῶ, strideo, fistula cano: to utter a shrill cry, sing on a pipe. Πολλὰ μάλ' ἰτῶουσιν ἀπὸ πρὸθεν P. 66. Trach. 800. SYN. Βόῃ, κράς, κραυγῆς, προφωνεῖω.

Ἰτῆς, οὐ, δ, qui acute clamat: one who has a shrill voice, a piper. Δάχων ἰτῆς Μένδακας Theoc. 8.30. SYN. Συμετῆς, αὐλητής.

Ἰτῆς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, robustus: strong. Πολλὰς δ' ἰτῆς ψυχὰς A.3. SYN. Κράτερὸς, γενναῖος, εὖς, ισχυρὸς, ἀγῶνός, μέγας.

Ἰτῆ, valde, fortiter: bravely. Τένεδοι τῆ ἰτῆ ἀνάσεις A.38. SYN. Ανδρείως, ισχυρῶς, γενναίως, ασφάλως, νωλεμέως, μέγας, κράταως.

Ἰτιάνασσά, ἡς, ἡ, una ex tribus filiabus Agamemnonis, sec. Homerum, quæ apud recentiores vocatur Ἰφιγένεια et Ἰφίγύνη: Iphianassa. Vid. loc. et obs. in Ηλέκτρα.

Ἰτιάς, ἀδός, ἡ, Iphias. Ἰτιάς Ἀργεῖδος Apoll. 1.312.

Ἰφιγένεια, as, ἡ, Iphigenia. Vid. loc. et obs. in Ηλέκτρα.

Ἰφιδάμας, αντός, δ, Iphidamas. Ἰφιδάμας Αντηρόδης A. 221.

Ἰφικλείδης, οὐ, δ, Iphicle natus: the son of Iphicles. Pyth. 11.91. See below.

Ἰφικλῆς, εὖς, ἡ, ἡ, Iphicles. Ακραχλὸν Ἰφικλῆα Theoc. 24.60.

Ἰφικλός, οὐ, δ, Iphiclus: a Thessalian prince. Ἰφικλον δὲ πῶδός τ' Ψ. 636.

Ἰφιμέδεια, as, ἡ, Iphimedia. Ἰφιμέδεια Ἀλφειῶς A. 304.

Ἰφινός, οὐ, δ, Iphinous: a noble Greek. Ἰφινὸν βάλε δουρί H. 14.

Ἰφίος, ὄν, pinguis: fat. Βόας καὶ ἰφία μήλα E. 556. SYN. Λιπαρός, εντράφης.

Ἰφίς, ἰός, δ, et (2) Ἰφίς, ἰός, ἡ, Iphis: (1) the father of Evadne; (2) the concubine of Patroclus. (2) Ἰφίς εὐχνοῦς I. 663.

Ἰφίτεος, ὄν, Iphiteus: of Iphitus. Καὶ τῶνδ' Ἰφίτεων Anacr. 31.12.

Ἰφίτιδης, οὐ, δ, Iphitos satus: the son of Iphitus. Ἰφίτιδην Ἀρχεπτόλεμον Θ. 128.

Ἰφίτιων, ανός, δ, Iphition: a noble Trojan. Ἐλὲν Ἰφίτιωνα T. 382.

Ἰφίτος, οὐ, δ, Iphitos: the name of several illustrious persons. Ἰφίτος ὄν P. 306.

Ἰχάρ, desiderium: desire, wish. Vox scribitur quidem in Æsch. Supp. 857: sed Wellauer ibi notat: "Vocem corruptam Ἰχαρ in ισχυρῇ mutavit Schutz: sed frustra."

Ἰχθῦς, ἰον, ἡ, ἰχθυόσκω, piscor: to fish. Αυτοῦ δ' ἰχθύα σκόπελον μ. 95. δ. 368. SYN. see Ἀλιεύς.

Ἰχθυόδελος, ἡς, ἡ, ἰχθυόδελος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui pisces figit: fish-piercing. Ἰχθυόδελος Ἀλκίλοιο Call. 4.15. Sept. Th. 123. SYN. see Ἀλιεύς.

Ἰχθυόρως, ὄν, ἡ, ἰχθυόρως, εὖς, ἡ, pisculentus: fishy. Τὸς ἰχθυόρους ἀργύρους παρὰ τὸν ὄρν Plut. 816. Π. 746.

Ἰχθυόδιον, οὐ, τὸ, pisciculus: a little fish. Εν προσφάτοις ἰχθυόδιοις τέτραμμένα Menand. See Dawes, Misc. Crit. p. 214.

Ἰχθυόεις. See Ἰχθυόρως.

Ἰχθυόλιμνος, οὐ, δ, qui multos pisces absumit: a pest to fishes, a glutton. Τράγος μὲν χάλιοι ἰχθυόλοιμνοι Pax 814.

Ἰχθὺς, ἰός, δ, piscis: a fish. Τὸς ἰχθὺς τὸν ἡμεῶν Anacr. 2.5. EP. Ἀπῶλδος, ἀλλός, ἀνασθός, βούθός, δαδῶλδος, ἐνῶλδος, ναυτίλδος, ἡπίος, οὐφῶλδος, πόντιος, ἀμυστός, ὑπερρίλδος.

Ἰχναῖος, α, ὄν, Ichneus: in the fem. an epithet of Themis, derived from the city Ichne. Ἰχναῖη τῆ Θέμης Hom. Apoll. 94.

Ἰχνεύω, vestigo: to trace, to search. Θῆρας ἰχνεύων κύων Cycl. 130. SYN. Ἀνιχνεύω, εἰχνεύω, εἰχνοσκόπεω, ἰχνοσκόπεω, ἐξενεῖω, ζήτῶ, διζημῶ, μαίωμαι, μαίνομαι, μεταλλῶ.

Ἰχνην, οὐ, ἰχνη, ἡ, τὸ, vestigium: mark or print of a foot, a trace. Μὲν ἰχνη βαίνει Δεῖο β. 406. Phoen. 103. SYN. Στίβος, πᾶτος, ὁδός, πόρεα, βῆμα. EP. Λεπτόν, ὁρόνιον, χρυσόδαν, δάλιν, γέραν, κάλλιστον, τῆχον, ἀμαρῶν, δεινόν, λαῖον, ἀφρόν, ἀλγινόν, δυστέκμαρτον, Εὐτόν, δερμὸν, δέσσοισιν, νόστιμον, νῆχαρακτον, πύλλελεκτον.

Ἰχνός. See Ἰχνην.

Ἰχνοσκόπεω, vestigia lustrō: to spy out the footsteps, to track. Ἰχνοσκόπος τ' εν στεινοῖς τοῖς ἐμοῖς Choeph. 222. See above. SYN. see Ἰχνεύω.

Ἰχρῶ, ὠρός, δ, cruor; ichor: gore; the blood of the gods. Ἰχρῶ οἶος περ τῆ βῆι μακάρεσσιν Δεῖοισιν E. 340. SYN. Λύθρον, βρότος.

Ἰψ, ἰπός, δ, animalculum, quod cornibus innascitur, eaque infestat: an insect engendered in and injurious to horns. Μὴ κέρα ἰπὲς εἰδοῖν φ. 395. SYN. Σκώληξ.

Ἰώ, οὐς, ἡ, ἡ, Io: the daughter of Inachus. Σὺν ἐργῶν ἰοῖ ταῖσδ' Prom. V. 656. EP. Ἰνᾶχίς, πρόματωρ, κέρδεσσά, φοιτῆα, χέλια, πύλλε-παγκτός, οιστροδίνης, Ἰνᾶχία, βουκέρως, βῶπις.

Ἰώ, exclam. See Ἰού.

Ἰωγῆ, ἡς, ἡ, (1) tegmen: a protection; (2) clamor: a roar; (3) litus: a shore. Πέτρῃ ὑπὸ γλάφυρῃ εὐδον βόρεω ὑπ' ἰωγῆ ξ. 533. Sed dubitandum, πῶδεκ, de una vel altera harum interpp. SYN. (1) Σκέπη, (2) ἰωγῆ, (3) ἀγῶλδος, ἀκτῆ.

Ἰωγῆ, ἡς, ἡ, vox, clamor; flatus: a shout; a blast. Πέρος δῖοι ἰωγῆν Π. 127. SYN. Φωνή, βόη, πνέθ. EP. Αἰπεῖα, ἀλέγειν, ἀλέγειν, ἀχάλινος, ἀμοιῖας, γδέρ, βάρυμνις, δύσφημος, ἐράτη, τραυπός.

Ἰωκῆ, ἡς, et form. antig. Ἰᾶς, ὠκός, ἡ, impetus, fuga, clamor persequens: attack, flight, shout of pursuers. Τπέδιδον οὐτὲ ἰωκῆς E. 521. A. 600. SYN. Διῶξις, ὁρμή, κραυγῆ, ἰωκῆς.

Ἰωλκός, α, ὄν, Iolcius: of Iolcus. Med. 7. See below.

Ἰωλκός, ἰᾶλκός, οὐ, ἡ, Iolcus: a city in

Thessaly. Eis Ἰωλκὸν ἰκόνην Med. 484. A. 255. EP. Ἰέρᾶ, κλειτῆ, εὐκτιμῆ, Πέλασγίς.

Ἰων, ανός, δ, ἰον: (1) a tragic poet. Pax 835. (2) the son of Creusa. Ion 830. Hi loci quantitate non determinant. Sed prima forte brevis, ut in sequentibus.

Ἰωνές, et poet. Ἰδόνες (q. v.), ὦν, οἱ, Iones: Ionians. Ion 1588. Prima brevis, ut in Ἰωνικός.

Ἰωνία, as, ἡ, Ionia: Ionia. Eccles. 913. Prima brevis, ut in Ἰωνικός.

Ἰωνιά, ἄς, ἡ, violarium: a bed of violets. Pax 569. Prima brevis, ut in ἰων, viola.

Ἰωνικός, ὄν, Ionius: Ionian. See below. SYN. Ἰᾶων.

Ἰωνικός, Ionice: after the Ionian fashion. Ἰπὸ τοῦ δέους λέγῳ Ἰωνικός δι Pax 899.

Ἰᾶς. See Ἰωκῆ.

Ἰωκῆς, οὐ, δ, persecutio: a rout, routed ranks. Αἰθῖς ἂν ἰωκῆν Θ. 158. SYN. Ἰᾶς, ἰωκῆ, διῶξις, ἀφρόν, τῶρῶς, κῶπός, μάχη. EP. Ἀσπετός, δύσχευς, κράτερὸς, οὐλομένος.

## K.

Καθέλλω, pro Κατάβαλλω, q. v. Θ. 249. Κάβηρος, οὐ, et antig. form. ὄν, ἡ, Cadesus: a city in Thrace. Θερύνητᾶ Κάβηρος N. 363.

Κάγῳ, τῆ. 458. pro κατὰ γόνυ.

Κάγκανος, ὄν, aridus: dry, split. Εἰδὲ κάγκαν ὄν καὶ σ. 307. SYN. see Ἀνάλειος.

Καρχαῶς, cachinnor, convitor: to laugh, re- vile. Πάντων καρχαῶντων γλώσσας Aj. 199.

Καρχαῶς, cachinnor, exultio gaudio: to laugh loudly, to scoff. Ἀνέστησάν τε καρχαῶσα ψ. 1. SYN. Καρχαῶς, γέλας, χαῖρος, λαιδέρω.

Καδδράδων. See Κατάδραδων. ο. 493.

Καδδίσκος, οὐ, δ, dolium: a little cask. Τὸς καδδίσκους ἐκφέρειν Vesp. 853.

Καδμεῖος, α, ὄν, Cadmeus: Cadmean, of Cadmus. Eur. Sup. 1231. SYN. Θηβαῖος, Καδμύ-γενής, Θησαγένης, Σπαρτός.

Καδμῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, Cadmeis: of Cadmus. Καδμῆς γαῖρ Hes. Op. 162.

Καδμύγενής, εὖς, Cadmo satus: sprung from Cadmus, Theban. Phoen. 821.

Καδμῶς, οὐ, δ, Cadmus: the son of Agenor king of Phœnicia, and brother of Europa. CE. R. 1. EP. Τεῖρος, ἀντιθῆς, ὑπέρθυμος, Ἀγνηρόδης, ἀλεξικάκος, ἀταρῆς, ἀτάσθαλός, δαλδεις, εὐδαίμων, ἱμερῆς, κωκῆμῶς.

Καδός, οὐ, δ, cadus; stitella suffragiorum: a cask; a balloting urn. Ἀσκων τρῶστωτῶν καδὸς ἀνομιμῶν Acharn. 549. SYN. Πῖθος, ἐκικῶν, πῶδεκ, κερᾶμῶς.

Κάδω, ὄν, ὁ, praelo: to furnish, adorn; to surpass. Ἐπ' ἀνθρώπων ἐκείκαστο Ω. 535. SYN. Εὐπρέπῳ, κοσμεῖω, νικάω.

Καθῶ. See Κατά.

Καθαγίζω, purifico, expio; polluo: to purify, expiate; to pollute. Ἡ κύνη καθήγισαν Antig. 1081. SYN. Ἰέρω, ἀφίέρω, κηέω, μάλων, καίω.

Καθαγνίζω, purifico, consecro: to purify, consecrate. Θανόντα μῆτην πύρῃ καθήγισαν δέμας Orest. 40. SYN. Ἀφαγνίζω, καθαίρω.

Καθαίμακτός, ἡ, ὄν, cruentatus: covered with blood. Crest. 1353.

Καθαίμασσω, Καθαίματτω, cruento: to cover or stain with blood. Androm. 586. Phoen. 1178. SYN. Αἱμάσσω.

Καθαίματτω. See above.

Καθαίμας, ὄν, cruentus: bloody. Iph. T. 1375.

Καθαίρω, detraho, comprimo, destruo: to pull down, close, contract, destroy. Herc. F. 1388. SYN. Αφαιρέω, εξαίρω, ἀνατρέπω, κατὰλαμ-βάνω, κατὰκάλυπτα.

Καθαίρω, purgo, lustro: to wash away, purify, expiate, chastise. χ. 439. SYN. Λούω, ἀπόκα-θαίρω, ἀπολυμαίνω, ἀφαγνίζω.

Καθάλλω, desilio: to leap down. A. 298. SYN. Ἀφάλλωμαι, ἀποθρόσκω, κατὰπηδάω.

Καθαμῆριος, Dor. pro Καθημεῖος, q. v.

Καθαμῆς, ἄτος, τὸ, nodus: a knot, difficulty. Hipp. 668. See Καθόπτω. SYN. Ἀμμά, αλ-νιγμά.

Καθάντω, venio ad: to come to. Προξένου καθήντω Soph. El. 1451. See Monk, ad Hipp. 365.

Καθάπαξ, omnino: altogether, once for all. Καλ καθάπαξ ξέινω φ. 349. SYN. Παντέλως, συλλυθρόν.

Καθιπτός, ὄν, ligatus, adstrictus; fastened, tightly clad. Eur. fr. Hypsip. 1.2. See below.

Καθάπτω, (1) adnecto: to fasten upon; (2) med. attingo, compello (avi), mulceo: to reach, accost, soothe. Εν τῷ καθάπτωσιν Ion 1006. SYN. (1) Πρόσάπτω, πρόσαρτῶ, πρόσείρω, ἀμύζω, κατὰπλέκω, (2) κατὰπρῶν, ἀπτόμαι.

Καθαρεύω, purgo; purus sum: to purify; to be pure. Ἡ γυνὴ μὴ καθαρεύει Ran. 358. SYN. Ἀγρεύω, καθαίρωμαι.

Καθαρμά, ἄτος, τὸ, Καθαρός, οὐ, δ, (1) pialculum: an expiation, lustration; (2) scelus ipsum, pro quo pialculum debetur: an impurity or crime; (3) locus lustratus: a place purified; (4) homo sacer et scelestus, quales erant, qui peste expianda aliove morbo immolabantur diis: a wretch immolated to the gods. Φέρονσαν ελθεῖν ποτῶν καθαρμάτων Herc. F. 225. See Iph. T. 1192. See Καθαίρω. SYN. Ἀγρισμῶ, λυμῶ, ῥυμῶ, λυτήριον, (4) ῥυμῶς, ἀπὸελητός.

Καθαρμῶς, adaptō: to fit, compose, wrap up. Hipp. 769. See Ἀρμῶς. SYN. Ἀρμῶς, ἐφαρμῶς.

Καθαρός. See Καθαρμά.

Καθάρως, α, ὄν, purus: pure, clear. Καθάρωσιν ἀντροῖς μῆλᾶ τ' Cycl. 35. SYN. Ὅσιος, δίκαιος, ἐπίεικτος.

Καθαράς, corripio, vovo: to seize, snatch, devour. Androm. 1111. SYN. Συναρπάξω, κατὰ-λαμβάνω.

Καθαρσῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, expiatorius: purifying. Πρόχῃτας καθαρσῶσι Iph. A. 1471.

Καθαρτῆς, οὐ, δ, purgator: a purifier. Δικῆ καθαρτῆς πρὸς Δεῶν Soph. El. 69.

Καθάρως, pure: clearly, purely. Heracl. 1055. See Καθάρως. SYN. Ἀγνῶς, ἀκέραιος, ἀδολῶς.

Καθέδρα, as, ἡ, suggestum, cathedra, sessio: a seat, chair, sitting. Εἰρήνην δὲ καθέδρας B. 99. SYN. Ἔδρα, ἔδς, δώκος.

Καθεδρίαζωμαι, consideo: to sit down. Κατὰ δ' ἐδρίασθαι ἄνωγε A. 646. See Καθέζωμαι.

Καθέζωμαι, sedeo: to sit. Καθέζετ' αρχῆς Phoen. 73. SYN. Ἐζομαι, κάθημαι, καθεδρίαζωμαι, καθίζω, καθίζω.

Καθείρω, concludo, coëreco: to shut up, in-

close, restrain. Bacch. 501. SYN. Ἀνέργω, ἀπείργω, σὺνείργω, κράττω, κατέχω, κατὰκλείω. Κἀθέλκω, et Κἀθέλκω, traho deorsum: to draw down, launch. Helen. 1530. Eq. 1314. Κἀθέννυμι, contego: to cover, clothe. Ὅρος κατὰειμένον βλῆ ν. 351. SYN. Αμφιέννυμι, καλῖπται. Κἀθερμά, ἄτῳ, τὸ, monile ad pectus demissum: a necklace, pendant. Anacr. 62. 19. Κἀθερπύω, et Κἀθερπύω, irrepo, serpo: to creep, steal to. Call. 4. 92. SYN. Ἀφέρπω, ἀνέρπω, ἀνερπύω, ἀφερπύω. Κἀθεύδω, dormio: to sleep. Phoen. 643. SYN. Εὐδῶ, κοιμάμαι, κατὰκοιμάμαι, δαρθάνω, εὐνάζω, κατὰλθῆναι, κνάσσω, ὑπνάζω. Κἀθευρίσκω, 2. a. εὐρύω, deprehendo: to discover. Antig. 395. SYN. Κατὰλαμβάνω, κατὰφωρίζω, ἐπιτυγχάνω. Κἀθεψιλάμαι, scommatis incesso et illudo: to rail at, taunt. Κἀθεψιλῶνται ἅπασαι τ. 372. SYN. Ἐψιλάμαι, ἐμπαίζω, κερτίζω. Κἀθεψέω, et Κἀθεψέω, decoquo: to boil down, digest. Vesp. 795. SYN. Ἀφέω, κατὰπέπτω. Κἀθήκων, οὐτός, pertinens; status: befitting; stated. E. R. 75. Maltby remarks that this is the only instance of the word καθήκων found by him. Κἀθμαι, sedeo: to sit down or on, to abide. Theoc. 1. 18. SYN. Ἡμαι, καθεζομαι, ἐμμένω, κατοικέω, ἐγκαθεζομαι. Κἀθημέριος, α, ὄν, quotidianus: daily. Soph. El. 1413. SYN. Ἡμερησίος, ἐφημέριος. Κἀθῶρτος, colloco: to place, cause to be seated, erect. Μάκταρον ἐς αἶαν σὺν καθῶρτος ἐβίον Bacch. 1329. See Ἰδρῶ. SYN. Κἀθίζω, καθίσταμαι, συντάττω, κατοικίζω, βέβαιω, δέμελλω, διατίθημι. Κἀθίζω, sedeo, insideo: to sit upon. Oí δὲ θεοὶ δῶκόνδὲ καθίζαντες ε. 3. Κἀθίζω, colloco; sedeo: to place; to sit down. Elper καθίσει τρίποδά Ion 369. SYN. Ἰζω, ἰζάνω, ἰδρῶ, καθεζομαι, ἐγκαθίσταμαι. Κἀθίημι, demitto: to set or let down. Πῶς οὐν ἐς οὐδὴ τινὶ τρῶπῃ καθίετε Helen. 1265. SYN. Κατὰβάλλω, ἀβίημι. Κἀθικτείνω, supplico: to supplicate. Ἄ μου καθικτείνεσθ' οὐδὲ μωρίᾳ Helen. 1017. SYN. Ἰκτείνω, παράκλέω. Κἀθικνέωμαι, advenio, pertingo, pingo: to arrive at, reach, hit, sting. Καθικέδ' ὀνυμὸν ἐνιπῇ E. 104. SYN. Ἀφικνέωμαι, καθάπτωμαι, ἐπιψάω. Κἀθιμῶ, fune loreo demitto: to let down with a rope. Τὸ κἀλῶδιν εἰτὰ καθίμα Vesp. 379. SYN. Κἀθίημι, ὑπὸχάλλω. Κἀθιπτάζωμαι, et Κἀθιπτεύω, inequito, insulto: to ride against, to, or over, to trample on. Eumen. 734. Phoen. 744. SYN. Ἰπτεύω, διέλαυνω, ἐρίζω, ἐφορμάω. Κἀθιπτάμαι, devolo: to fly down. Vesp. 16. Κἀθίστημι, κατάρτισση, active sumpt. 2 aor. κατέστην, neutral, constituo; 2 aor. constitutus sum: to place, set down, appoint; to be placed or appointed. Orest. 883. SYN. Διατίθημι, καθιδρῶ, τάσσω, ἐπιτρέπω, ἐπιμελέομαι, εὐνέριπ(ω), ἐτομάζω. Κἀθῶδός, οὐ, ἡ, descensus, reditus: a descent, return, restoration. Herc. F. 19. SYN. Ἐπάνωδός, κατὰγωγῇ, κατήλθις. Κἀδοπλίζω, armo: to furnish with arms, to arm. Τὸ μὴ κἀλὸν καδοπλίσασθ' Soph. El. 1087. SYN. Αγωνίζωμαι, ὅπλίζω, ἐφοπλίζω.

Κἀδῶν, video: to look down, to see. N. 4. SYN. Ἀποσκόπεω, αισθάνομαι. Κἀδῶμι, in portum impello; induco in: to bring into harbour; to bring into. P. V. 1001. SYN. Οκέλλω, κέλλω, εισάγω. Κἀδῶσιδω, sanctum scelerisque purum reddo: to render pure or holy. Iph. T. 1321. See Ὀσίος. SYN. Ἀφῶσιδω, ἀγίζω. Κἀδῶν(ε)ρίζω, insolentius officio injuriis: to insult. Πολέμιον καθῶν(ε)ρίζω Med. 1377. SYN. Ἀτιμάζω, ἀδικέω, καθεψιλάμαι. Κἀδῶν(ε)ρός, ὄν, aquosus: dripping wet. E. C. 158. See Ἐνδῶν(ε)ρός. SYN. Ἐνδῶν(ε)ρός, ὑγρός. Κἀδῶν(ε)ράκοντιζω, supra jacular, supero: to shoot over, surpass. Av. 826. See Ἀκοντίζω. SYN. Ἰπερβάλλω, νικάω. Κἀδῶν(ε)ρθεῖ, et Κἀδῶν(ε)ρθέην, ex summo loco, supra: from above, on high, above. Ἀλλὰ τέ μιν καθῶν(ε)ρθέην B. 754. SYN. Ἰπερθέην, ἀνωθεν, ὑπεράνω, ἐξάνω. Κἀδῶν(ε)ρτῆρός, α, ὄν, superior, præstantior: above, superior to. Τὰς τήν φιλίαν καθῶν(ε)ρτῆρόν Theoc. 2. 60. Καί, et: and, also. Δωσέ μῦθος καὶ δῶροδ E. 2. Τῶν καὶ Ἀχαιοὺν Δ. 543. Καίκοός, οὐ, ὁ, Caicus: a river in Mysia. Εὐρβέτην τέ Καίκοον Hes. Theog. 343. Καίνεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Caneus: Caneus: See Ovid. Metam. 12. 172. Καίνεῖ γὰρ ζῶν πέρ Apoll. 1. 59. Καίνιζω, novo, comminiscor: to renew, invent. Eur. fr. Pirith. 6. 2. SYN. Ἀνανέωζω, ἀνανεόδομαι. Καίνῳ(ε)ρθεῖς, ἔδς, recens perlatu: newly endured. Πολλὰ δὲ πῆμᾶτά καὶ καὶνῳ(ε)ρθεῖ Trach. 1279. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτης, ἔδς, novo quodam modo compactus: newly wrought, splendid. Sept. Th. 639. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτων, ὄντος, miseri inassuetus: uninjured to sorrows. Sept. Th. 358. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτω, novas res facio: to make new. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτων λέγει Trach. 875. Καίνος, ἡ, ὄν, novus: new. Bacch. 704. Also, Καίνον, sc. δίκαστήριον, is one of the many courts of justice at Athens. Vesp. 120. SYN. Νέος, παρὰδοξός, καίνῳ(ε)ρτῆρός. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτω, res novas molior: to work a change. Eccles. 584. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτῆρός, ὄν, novus: new-fashioned, new. Τίς ὁ καίνῳ(ε)ρτῆρός οὗτος μῦθος Dana. 49. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτω, rebus novis studeo: to engage in a new project. Iph. A. 838. Καίνῳ(ε)ρτω, vinco: to surpass. Ὅς ἐκαίνῳ(ε)ρτῆρος ἀνθρώπων γ. 282. SYN. Ἰπερβάλλω, νικάω, ἀποκαίνῳ(ε)ρτω. Καίνω, ἀνῶ, occido: to kill. Phoen. 44. SYN. Κατὰκτείνω, κτείνω, φθείρω, ἀποκτείνω, σφάττω, ἀποσφάττω. Καίπερ, etsi, quamvis: although. Καίπερ οὐ λέγων φίλα Hec. 515. SYN. Καίτοι, εἰ, καί, κἀν, καὶ ἔξω. Καίριος, α, ὄν, tempestivus; lethalis: seasonable; critical, deadly. Καίριον δ' ὕμιν ὄρω E. R. 631. SYN. Ἐπικαίριος, ἀραῖος, συμφῆρων, ἐπιτήδεος, εἰσπῆρτος, χρησίμος, μύριμος. Καίριος, opportuno: seasonably, to the purpose. Rhes. 339. See above. Καίρῳ(ε)ρτων, gen., bene contextarum et compactarum licio: closely woven. Καίρῳ(ε)ρτων δ' ὀδυνέων (anapest.) ἀποδίδεται η. 107. Quidam

putant esse pro καίριοςσαν a novo adj. καίριος. "Fit καίριοςσαν, καίριοςσαν, καίριοςσαν. Sed pronuntiandum καίριοςσαν. Alii tamen, ut Eustath. tradit, nominativum faciebant καίριοςσαν." Ernesti. SYN. Ευφῆς. Καίρος, οὐ, ὁ, occasio, opportunitas, tempus aptum: season, opportunity, fit time, occasion, crisis. Helen. 301. SYN. Ἀφορμή, χρόνον καίρος. Er. Ἀτρεκῆς, οὐπέτης, οἰκιστὸς, ἄωρος, ὄριμος, πανδύτωρ. Καίρω(α), ἄτῳ, τὸ, connexio staminis: a web. Call. fr. 295. Καίω, καίω, uro, accendo: to burn, set in a blaze. Πῶρ ἐφῆρδον οὐδ' ἐκαλεῖ Bacch. 748. SYN. Ἀνάκω(α), τέφρω, πύρριμι, αἰθάλω, φεφάλλω. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, malitians: announcing evil. Ὡ κακῶ(ε)ρτης μοι Antig. 1286. Agam. 619. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, ignavia, timiditas: unmanliness, cowardice. Τῇ φηρῶν κακῶ(ε)ρτης Rhes. 814. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, malitia, ignavia, timiditas: wickedness, baseness, cowardice. Ἀλλὰ τῆς ἐμῆς κακῆς Med. 1047. Theog. 322. SYN. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, πονηρία, δειλία. Er. Αὐτῇ, βάρειά, θυμῶ(ε)ρτος, πικρῇ, ζοφῆρ, στυγερῇ, δολῇ, διδῶ(ε)ρτης, πλὴν ὁρῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, maledicentia: evil-speaking, slander. Pyth. 2. 97. See Kākos for this and others of its compounds and derivatives. SYN. Λοιδόρῳ(α), λοιδόρῳ(α), ὀνειδῶ(ε)ρτης, ὕβρις, ὑβρις, ἐπεσβόλῳ(α), κατὰρῳ(α). Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, maledicus: one who defames. Olymp. 1. 85. SYN. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, κακῶ(ε)ρτης, κακῶ(ε)ρτης, κακῶ(ε)ρτης, ἐπεσβόλῳ(α), λωπητῆρ. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης. See Kākos. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, vituperor ut malus: to be vilified as wicked. Eur. El. 982. SYN. Λοιδόρῳ(α), κακῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, vituperandus, contemnendus: must be disparaged or disgraced. Χρησμένον οὐ κακῶ(ε)ρτης Iph. T. 105. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, vel Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, vocem periculis edo: to cry like a partridge. Κακῶ(ε)ρτης οὐκ αὐτῶ(ε)ρτης Lysist. 761. Κακῶ(ε)ρτης, pro Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, dormitum ire cupio: to desire to sleep. A. 606. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, mala molior: to plan evil. Ion 876. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, mala medians: ill-designing, foolish. Bacch. 398. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, pertinens ad infelicem finem: appertaining to an unfortunate relative. Rhes. 256. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄντος, vicinus mali: associated with evil. Philoct. 692. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui est procacis vel ominosae linguae: having an abusive tongue. Τῆς κακῶ(ε)ρτης οὐ βῶθς Hec. 655. SYN. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ἐλαίσῳ(α). Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, a malo genio agor, insanio: to be wretched, mad. Plut. 372. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, furor; infelicitas: madness; misfortune. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης δ' ἐπὶ μᾶλλον Plut. 502. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄντος, malo genio agitur, miser: urged by an evil genius, wretched. Hipp. 1359. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, ignobilis: infamous. Androm. 773.

Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄντος, male vestitus: ill clad. σ. 41. SYN. Ἀνέμων, δυσέμων, βρεκιδῶ(ε)ρτης. Πηρ. Δυσχλαινίαις ἀμφοῖς. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, maleficus sum: to make mischief. Nub. 994. Vesp. 955. SYN. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ἀδικέω, κακῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, maleficio, improbitas: mischief-making. Ὡς κακῶ(ε)ρτης ευεργεσίᾳ μεγ' ἀμείνων χ. 374. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, qui male facit: doing ill. Theoc. 15. 47. E. R. 705. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, misera vita: a wretched life. Μνάμ' ἀκῶ(ε)ρτης Sapph. 65. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ἔδς, malignus: ill-disposed, depraved, malignant. Pax 822. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, ἡ, quum res male disponuntur: bad arrangement. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης οὐκ ἐκείῳ Hes. Op. 472. SYN. Ἀταξία, ἀκοσμία. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, contr. οὐς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, maledicus, infaustus: uttered from malignity, inauspicious. Ἀδῶς ἐκ δ' ἀνῶ(α)ν κακῶ(ε)ρτης ἐπὶ εἴ Aj. 138. SYN. see Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ἡ, Illi infausta et execranda civitas: unhappy Troy. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης οὐκ ἐνδομῶ(ε)ρτης τ. 260. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, iniqui lucri studium: base gain. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης οὐκ ἐπὶ εἴ Theog. 225. SYN. Αισχροκέρεια. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, macilentas habens tibias: having bad legs. Πάνεσσι κακῶ(ε)ρτης ἐπὶ εἴ Theoc. 4. 63. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, obtrectans: calumniating. Pyth. 11. 44. SYN. see Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, mala vaticinans: evil boding. Sept. Th. 719. SYN. Ψευδῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tristia canens: doleful. Pers. 932. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ἔδς, cui malum est consilium: ill-designing. H. Merc. 389. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, malo consilio utens, mala iniens consilia: malignant. Ὁ δὲ παῖς Στρώφιου κακῶ(ε)ρτης ἀνῆρ Orest. 1401. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, mala machinans: evil-planning, mischief-making. Ἀντὶν' ὕβρι' ἔχων κακῶ(ε)ρτης π. 418. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης. See Kākos. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, malevolus: evil-minded, hostile. Pax 670. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, in matrimonio infidus vel infelix: faithless or unfortunate in marriage. Med. 209. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, inhospitalis: inhospitable. v. 376. SYN. Ἀξένος, ἀπόξένος, ἐχθρῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ὄν, ἡ, malo patre natus: born of a base father. Εἰδὼς κακῶ(ε)ρτης εἶδεν Theog. 192. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, ἔδς, impurus, illuvie foedus: sordid, squalid. Aj. 381. See Πῶ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, male facio, vafer sum: to do wrong, to be wily. Κυπτάζω καὶ κακῶ(ε)ρτης Pax 731. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, maleficus: malignant. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης οὐκ ἐνδομῶ(ε)ρτης Nem. 8. 57. Apoll. 3. 595. SYN. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, κακῶ(ε)ρτης, πονηρός. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cujus sors est mala et misera: ill-fated, wretched. Agam. 1105. See Πῶ(ε)ρτης. SYN. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, δυστυχῆς, βάρυ(ε)ρτης. Κἀκῶ(ε)ρτης, α, ἡ, malorum machinatio: a





δαυδάλα, ἐκρήνη, οὐράνι, θεοπέσια, περίελεπτος, ζάθεα, γλῆκερά, ἀριπρέπης.

Κάλλας, καλλόσων. See above.

Καλλύνω, ὑνῶ, pulchrum reddo: to beautify, to embellish. Antig. 503.

Καλλωπίω, decoro: to decorate. Lysistr. 44.

Κάλων, ου, τὸ, lignum: wood, a log. Πόλλὰ

δὲ κόγκανᾶ κἄλᾶ Η. Merc. 112. SYN. see ἑὺλδν.

Καλόπιδιλος. See Καλλιπέδιλος.

Κάλως, ου; Κάλως, ω, ὁ; Κάλωδιον, ου, τὸ, rudens, funis nauticus: a cable, rope. En δ' ὑπέρως τὴ κάλους τὴ ε. 260. Med. 280. Vesp. 379. SYN. Πείμα, πούς, σχοινίον. Er. Εὐ-στροπτός.

Κάλως, ἡ, ὁν, pulcher, honestus: beautiful, honourable. Τὰ μὴ κἄλᾶ πέφανται Theoc. 6. 19. The result of κάλως is always long in Homer, always short in the Attic poets, and common in Hesiod and Theocritus. See Clark. Il. B. 43. SYN. Ἀγῶνός, εὐειδής, εκπρέπης, ἀρεῖς, περικαλλής, σεμνός, εὐδοκίμος, ἀγαθός, ἀνδρεὺς, ἥβης, εὐταρεῖος. P.H. Ἀλᾶρφι πέ-ποιδός.

Κάλως, ἡ, ὁν, urna: a pitcher. Ἐτρίκασί κἄκ τῶν καλπίδων Lysist. 400. SYN. Ἰδρία, κέραμος, ἐλκυδριόν, σταμνός. Er. Χαλκία, ἀρ-γύρεα, μέγαλη.

Κάλωψ, ης, ἡ, turgurium: a hut. Ἰπὸ πλε-καῖς κάλῳσι Theoc. 21. 7. SYN. Ἐπαυλίον, σκηνή, οἰκίδιον, μύχος.

Κάλωναι, ὧν, αἱ, Calydonæ: islands, called also Sporades. Νήσους τὴ Κάλωνας B. 677.

Κάλυδων, ὧνός, ἡ, Calydon: a famous city in Ætolia. Κάλυδονά τὴ πέτρησσαν B. 640. Er. Αἰπεινὴ, ἐρανὴ. P.H. Πεδόπας χθονὺς ἐν ἀντίπορτοις πεδίοις ἔχοντο εὐδαίμονα Eur. Me-leaf.

Κάλυδονίος, α, ὁν, Calydonius: of Calydon. Call. 3. 218. See above.

Κάλυμνα, ὧνός, τὸ, velamen: a covering, veil. Iph. T. 373. See Κάλυμνα. SYN. Σκέπας, πέ-ριτῆτασμα, χλαῖνᾶ, περίβλαιον, ἐλντρον, κάλυπ-τρα. Er. Κυᾶνδν.

Κάλως, ὧνός, ἡ, (1) calyx, flos, inpr. rosæ, nondum expansus: a rose-bud; (2) mundus muliebris: a female ornament. Εμπλέξας κά-λυκοςσι Theoc. 3. 23. Er. Ῥόδεα, εἰαρίη, πορ-φύρεα, ιωστέφανος.

Κάλυπτος, ἡ, ὁν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tectus; tegens: covered; covering. Antig. 1011. See Κάλυπ-τω. SYN. Στεγάνος, κατπρέφης, ἐππρέφης.

Κάλυπτρα, ας, ἡ, tegmen capitis muliebre: a female's head-dress, veil. Επὶθηκὲ κάλυπτρην ε. 232. SYN. Κάλυμνα, σκέπασμα. Er. Δαι-δάλα, ἀργύρεα, ἀργύρεη, δεινὴρσασά, λίπαρη, εὐδοκίμος, ἐπᾶλη, Σιδονία.

Κάλυπτω, tego, operio: to hide, veil. Χέρσω κάλυπτεν τοὺς δᾶνόντας ἐνάλιος Helen. 1065. SYN. Κεῖθω, κατᾶκάλυπτα, σκέπᾶω, σκέπᾶω, ἀποκρύπτω, ἐρέφω.

Κάλυψ, ὧνός, ἡ, Calypso: a nymph. Τὰ μοὶ ἀμειβρότᾳ δᾶκὲ Κάλυψ η. 259. Er. Νυκτομός, ἀμειβρότης, νύμφη, δεινὴ δέος, εὐπλόκαμος, δῖα, δῖα δέων, πόντιᾶ, δολέσσᾶ, ἄλταντις.

Καλχαῖνος, (1) purpura perfundo: to dye with purple; (2) profunde cogito: to consider deeply, be anxious for. Heracl. 40. SYN. (2) Μέρμυνας. See Schol. Antig. 20., and Class. Journ. No. LXIII. p. 86.

Κάλχας, αντός, ὁ, Calchas: an illustrious Grecian prophet. Κάλχας Ὀδυσσεὺς Μένελάος δ' ἂ δ' οὐ καλῶς Iph. A. 107. Er. Θεοτόριπης, οἰωνοπλόων δ' ἄρ' ἀριστός, Σέωπρπός, οἰωνιστής, μαντῖς.

Κάλωδιον. See Κάλως, ου.

Κάλως, ω, ὁ. See Κάλως, funis nauticus.

Κάλως, pulchre, bene, recte: beautifully, properly, rightly. Τοὺς κάλως τέθηκotas Hec. 329. SYN. Κἄλᾶ, εὐ, εὐπρέπῶς, εὐσχημῶνως, εὐδοκίμως, εὐσέβῶς, ὀρθῶς, ἀκριβῶς.

Κάμᾶξ, ἄκός, ἡ, (1) lignum erectum vitem sustinens: a pole supporting a vine; (2) lignum hastæ, hasta: a shaft, spear. Ἦν κάμᾶκος ἀμ-φοῖν χεῖρ' ἀπεστέρημενον Phoen. 1418. SYN. (1) Σκόλοψ, χάραξ, (2) ἀκόντιον, δόρυ.

Κάμᾶρινα, ης, ἡ, Camarina: a lake in Sicily, also a city on the lake; a nymph. Σπείδει Κάμᾶρινα δέος ἑύφρων Olymp. 4. 21., answering to ὑψηλὸτάτων μάττιρ' ἄβθων.

Κάμᾶτρός, ὧν, laboriosus, defessus: laborious, worn out. Lysist. 542. See below.

Κάμᾶτος, ου, ὁ, labor: labour. Κάμᾶτος βροτοῖσιν ἀπὸρία τὴ γίγνεται Orest. 309. SYN. Κόπος, μόχθος, ὅτλος, πόνος, νόσος, ἀπὸρία. Er. Δυσπονής, δυσφορὸς, πόλιδιξ, ανός, ἀργάλεος, θυμολγής, ἀσπετός, δύσολγής, μὲγέρος, κυδάλι-μός, ὀδός, σπένδεις, ἀθλός, μόχθος.

Κάμᾶτρός, εὐς, gravis, laboriosus: laborious, severe. Nem. 3. 28. See above. SYN. Ἐπί-μοχθος, ἐπιπόνος, μὲγέρος, μόχθος, πόλιδιξ, ἀργάλεος, λυπηρὸς, τραπιδόνος, φιλόπιδος.

Κάμειρος, ου, ἡ, Camirus: a city in Rhodes. Καὶ ἀργινδεντᾶ Κάμειρον B. 656.

Κάμηλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, camelus: a camel. Εἶνα κάμηλοι αὐστράειοις χθονα Æsch. Sup. 293. Er. Κυρτή, πᾶχύνιμος.

Κάμινος, ου, ὁ, caminus, fornax, ardor: a forge, furnace, heat. Χεῖρᾳ κάμινου Hom. 47. 2. SYN. Ἰπνός.

Κάμινω, ὧνός, ἡ, camini fuligine oppleta: covered with soot. Γρηὶ κάμινω ἴσος ὧν ε. 27.

Καμύνεια, ας, ἡ, perseverantia, victoria: per- severance in a conflict, victory. Δῆν καμύνειν Ψ. 661.

Κάμυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix: unfortunate, ill- fated. B. 351. SYN. Ἀθλός, παρᾶλός, δύσ- μόρος, δυστυχής.

Κάμω, 2. a. ἐκάμω, fatigor, laboro, labore fungor: to labour, suffer, to end one's labour. Heracl. 990. SYN. Κόπιω, κόποιμαι, νόσῶ, ἀρρωστῶ, ἀσθενῶ, μάλακίζομαι, πόνῶ, ἐργάζο-μαι.

Καμψή, ης, ἡ, flexura; articulus: a turning, inflexion; a joint. Nub. 969.

Κάμψιμος, ης, ὧν, flexilis: winding. Εξέπλησᾶ καμψίμος Iph. T. 81.

Κάμπτω, ψω, flecto: to bend. Eur. Sup. 758. SYN. Γνάμπτω, στρέφω, τρέπω, καθάπτωμαι.

Καμπύλος, ὧν, curvus, inflexus: bent, curved. Ἐπίταινετὸ καμπύλᾳ τόξα E. 97. SYN. Κάμπι-μός, ευκαμπής, στρεπτός, ἀγκυλός.

Καμψίπους, πύδός, pedes flectens: swift. Καμ-ψίπους Ἑρῆνός Sept. Th. 792., answering to ομ- μῶντων ἐπὶ λᾶγρῳ.

Κάνωψ, ης, ἡ, Canace: the mother of Triops. Αὐλῖδος Κάνωψ γένος Call. 6. 99.

Κάνωφρός, Dor. of Κάνωφρός, q. v.

Κάνᾶχῶ, et Κάνᾶχῶ, resono: to resound. Κνήμη Κάνᾶχῶς δὲ χαλκός τ. 469. M. 36. SYN. Ηχέω, δουπέω, ἀνίσχω.

Κάνᾶχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, crepitatio, sonitus: a rattling, sound. Τοῦ καὶ ὀδόντων μὲν Κάνᾶχῃ πέλε T. 365. SYN. Ψόφος, ἀργαμός, πᾶτᾶγος, κτύπος, δοῦπος, ἡχῇ.

Κάνᾶχῃδᾶ, cum strepitu: with a loud blast. Λυδῖαν μίτραν Κάνᾶχῃδᾶ πέποικίλμεναν Nem. 8. 25., answered by ἀμείρας ἐχθρὰ δ' ἄρ' ἀρπάσῃς ἦν καὶ πᾶλαι.

Κάνᾶχῃ, ἡς, ὁ, ἡ, strepens: sounding. Choëph. 146. See Κάνᾶχῃ.

Κάνᾶχῶ. See Κάνᾶχῃ.

Κάνειν. See Κάνειν.

Κάνειν, Κάνουν, Κάνειν, ου, τὸ, canistrum: a basket, dish. En Κάνειν μέγας ἄρτος Theoc. 24. 135. Iph. A. 1564. κ. 355. SYN. Κίθωτος, Κάλᾶθος. Er. Χρῶσειν, χάλκειν, ἐκκύκλιν, περικαλλῆς, χρυσήλατον.

Κάνηθος, ου, ὁ, Canethus. Τὸν βᾶ Κάνηθος Apoll. 1. 77.

Κάνηφόρος, canistrum gero: to bear a basket. Lysist. 1194. See Κάνειν.

Κάνηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, canistrum gerens: bear- ing a basket. Av. 1551. See Κάνειν.

Κάνᾶρος, ου, ὁ, (1) scarabæus: a beetle; (2) portus Piræensis: one of the three har- bours of the Piræus. Ὁ Κάνᾶρος δὲ πρὸς τῇ Pax 45.

Κανθήλια, ὧν, τὰ, onera asinorum, elitella: panniers or packs carried on asses. Αντοῖσι τοῖς Κανθήλοις Vesp. 169.

Κάνθιος, ου, ὁ, Canthus: one of the Argonauts. Apoll. 1. 77.

Κανθώδης, εὐς, aduncus: crooked. Ῥαμφεῖ Κανθώδῃ τοργὸς ἐκοψέ νέκυν Call. fr. 204. Ruhnken. Ep. Crit. ii. p. 47. proposes Ῥαμφεῖ ἀκανθώδῃ.

Κάνθων, ὧνός, ὁ, asinus: an ass. Vesp. 179. SYN. Ὀνός.

Κάνῶ, ας, ἡ, canna, storea: a reed, mat. Κάνῶς οὐρήσω μὴ ἀπὸτάρῳ Vesp. 393. SYN. Ψιάθος, δόναξ.

Κάνων. See Κάνων.

Κάνωβις, ἰδός, ἡ, Canobica: Canobian. Πρό- χηθσι Κάνωβιδος ἐγγυθεν ακτῆς Solon. ap. Plut. in Vit. 92.

Κάνωβος, ου, ἡ, Canobus: a city of Egypt. P. V. 871. See above.

Κάνων, ὧνός, ὁ, regula; canon: a rule; the handle of a buckler. Γνώμης πόνηρς Κάνωνιν ἀνᾶμετρούμενος Eur. El. 52. SYN. Στάθμη, γνώμων, δασμός.

Κάπᾶνεις, εἶος et ἡς, ὁ, Capaneus: one of the seven chieftains against Thebes. Οὐτ' ἂν γ' ἐτ' ὀρθῶς Κάπᾶνεις κέρανιον Eur. Supp. 496. Er. Ἀγάκλειτος, χαλκότευχῆς, ἀρηϊφίλος, κυ- δαλίμος.

Κάπᾶνιᾶδης, Κάπᾶνιῆς, ου, ὁ, Capaneo satus: of or descended from Capaneus. Ὀρρὸ πέπον Κάπᾶνιᾶδῃ E. 108, 109.

Κάπᾶτος, ου, ἡ, fossa: a ditch. Ἀμφὶ δὲ Κανᾶνῃ καπέτον Ξ. 564. SYN. Τάφρος, ὄρυγᾶ, διώρυξ, βόθρος. Er. Κολη, βάθειᾶ.

Κάπη, ης, ἡ, præsepe; pabulum equis in præ- sepi appositum: a stall; fodder. Ἐφ' ἱππέλσι κάπησι δ. 40. SYN. Φάτμη.

Κάπηλιον, ου, τὸ, caupona: a place where provisions are sold, a tavern. Οὐδὲν ποῖον ἄλλ' ἢ κάπηλιον σκόπων Lysist. 427.

Κάπηλιος, cauponor: to sell by retail, keep a tavern. See Monk, Hippol. 956., and Blom- field's Gloss. Sept. Th. 541. Ελθὼν δ' εὐκὲν

ου κάπηλεύσειν μάχην. SYN. Ἀπεμυδῶς, χλευδῶ.

Κάπηλῖκος, institorie, dolose: like an inn- keeper, deceitfully. Οὐ δὴτ' ἐπεὶ νῦν μὲν κάπη- λῖκός ἐχει Plut. 1063.

Κάπηλός, ου, ὁ; Κάπηλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, caupo: an innkeeper. Κεῖ τις κάπηλός ἢ κάπηλῖς τοῦ χθός Thesm. 347. SYN. Πάνδοκος.

Κάπηνη, ης, ἡ, caminus: a chimney. Vesp. 143. See Κάννός. SYN. Κάμινος.

Κάπνῖα, fumigo: to fumigate. Πέτρη ἐνὶ καπνίωσιν Apoll. 2. 132.

Κάπνῖζω, fumum excito: to raise a smoke. Κάπνισσάν τὴ κατὰ κλῖσας B. 399. SYN. Κάπ- νῖα, πῦρ ἀνάπτω.

Κάπνῶμαι, in fumum redigo; fumo: to re- duce to smoke; to smoke. Δέμας κάπνυται κημᾶκων ὀρθοστῶδων Eur. Sup. 507.

Κάπνός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) fumus: smoke; (2) poët. ignis: fire. Ἰέμενος καὶ κάπνῳ α. 58. SYN. Ἀχνη πύρος. Er. Θυδῶς, αἰδοψ, κάκος, αἰμά- τῖς, ἀδουκῆς, εὐδῶς, εὐδοκίμος, σκιδίς, μέλας, κνισσῆς, λευκανθῆς.

Καπνύριζω, torrefio: to crackle. Λακεί μετὰ καπνύρισσας Theoc. 2. 24. SYN. Φλεγμαινῶ- μαι, φλόγιζομαι.

Κάπῳ, proprie de porca aprum appetente; salax sum: to play the wanton. Γραὺς κάπῳσῃς τάφῳτᾳ κάτῃσθιεν Plut. 1025.

Κάπῳς. See Κάπῳς.

Κάπῳς, Κάπῳς, ου, ὁ, aper: a boar. Phoen. 422. A. 414. See above. SYN. Ἰσός, χοῖρος.

Er. Ορέστερος, ὀλδόφρων, ἀγρίος, ἀγρότερος, βλοσυρός, Αἰτωλός, Ἐριμάντιος, χῆμαιενης, ἀρ- γύδων. P.H. see Hes. Scut. 386—391.

Κάπῳ, “aperio os ad captandum aëra; edo avide et cum spiratione.” Damm.: to gasp, eat greedily. Eccles. 687. SYN. Ἀνακάπῳ, εκ- πνέω, κάφῳ.

Κάπῳς, ὧνός, ὁ, ὧν, torridus, fervidus: parched, burning. Ἀλλὰ μὲ τις κάπῳρᾳ νόσος Theoc. 2. 83. SYN. Δεινός, αὐλῆς.

Κάπῳς, ὧνός, ὁ, Capys. Ἀσπάρκος δὲ Κάπῳν δ' ἄρ' T. 239.

Κάπῳ, inus, spiro; antiquitus, capio. See Κάπῳ, and Damm in Κάπῳ.

Κάρ, ἀρὸς, ὁ, Car: a Carian. Ὀσπερ οἱ Κάρες μὲν οὖν Av. 292.

Κάρ, Κάρος, ὁ vel τὸ, capillus rarus, rescissus, ideoque res vilissima: a slip of hair, anything mean. Τῶ δὲ μιν ἐν Κάρῳ ἀσπῇ I. 378.

Κάρ, Κάρᾳ, Κάρῃ, τὸ, (gen. κρατός, dat. κρατὶ and Κάρᾳ, acc. τὸν and τὸ κρατᾶ, also τὸ Κάρᾳ. See Schol. Hec. 432.) Κάρῃ, gen. ἡτῶς and ἡτῶς; Κάρῃ, ου, τὸ, caput: the head, the summit. Εξ ὀρέων ἐπὶ Κάρ μινυθεὶ δὲ Π. 392.

Αργούς Κάρᾳ σὺν λειψάνῳ πέπληγμενος Med. 1384. Δ. 443. T. 405. Οὐλόμποιος Κάρῃαν H. 19. Κάρᾳ is frequently used with an adjective, per synecdochen, to denote a person; as, φίλον Κάρᾳ, a dear person. SYN. Κεφάλῃ, κόρῃ.

Er. Δύστην, πάλῳ, βακχεῖον, δόλῳ, κάσιν, γένῳ, ἀνδρῶν, ξυρῆς, ξανθῶν, κῆκῳ, φίλῳ, ἀλκίῳ, γέροντι, κατὰπτυστον, καλλίκοτον, ἐγκέκαρμένον, πόλῳ, ἀπεινῶν, ἀκρῶν, ἀμεινῶν, δῖον, ἐφθιμῶν, ἀνθῳμῶν, ἀδανῶν, δεινῶν, λᾶσιον, ἐπὶκάμῳ, λᾶχρῃ, λαμῳτῃ- τῶν, χάρῃ, ὑπὲρπλῶν, σμερῳλῶν, ἀκῳμῶν, ὀρθῶν.

Καράδῳκῳ, expecto: to expect, look out for. Καράδῳκῳ σὴν ἐκεῖ πᾶρυσίαν Iph. A. 1432.

**Ka** est brevis, ut quod a *kāra* derivatur. **SYN.** Προσδοκῶ, δοκέω, ελπίζω.

**Κάραμβις**, ἰός, ἡ, Carambis: a promontory of Parthlagonia. **Κάλευσι** Κάραμβιν Apoll. 2.361.

**Κάρανισθηρ**, ἥρος, Κάρανιστης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, mortis capitalis auctor: one who cuts off the head. **ΑΛΛ'** οὐ κάρανισθῆρες Eumen. 186. **Rhes.** 817. **SYN.** Θανάττορος, πολίμυς.

**Κάρανως**, ad fastigium perduco, perficio: to bring to a head, terminate. **Μη** κάρανῶσαι φίλοις Choeph. 693. **SYN.** Κεφάλαιος, τέλειος.

**Κάρατμέω**, caput abscindo: to behead. **Χρῆν** κάρατμέην ξίφει **Rhes.** 582.

**Κάρατμός**, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cui caput est abscissum, aut qui a capite est abscissus: having the head cut off, or cut from the head. **Καὶ** κάρατμός χλιδᾶς Soph. El. 52.

**Κάρβανος**, οὐ, δ, ἡ, barbarus: a barbarian, foreigner. **Κάρβανος** ὦν δ' Ἑλλᾶσιν Aesch. Sup. 921. **SYN.** Βάρβαρος, ἀλλόφυλος, ξένος.

**Καρδάμυς**, de nasturtio garrio: to babble about the nasturtium. **Τι** καρδάμυς οὐ βαδίει δούρ' ὡς ἐμὲ Thesm. 617.

**Καρδάμυν**, οὐ, τὸ, nasturtium: a kind of water-cress of an acrid taste. **Καὶ** βλεπόντων καρδάμυς Vesp. 455.

**Καρδάμυλιν**, ἡς, ἡ, Cardamyle. **Καρδάμυλιν** ἔνδον τῇ I. 150.

**Καρδία**, Κράδια, ας, ἡ, cor, animus: heart, affection, courage. **Καρδία** ἔξιν δοκεῖ Iph. A. 1173. **Κινεῖ** καρδίαν κινεῖ δὲ χόλον Med. 98. **SYN.** Κῆρ, κῆρ, ἥτορ, φῆρ, θυμός. **Ερ.** Κάθαρὰ, φίλη, ταλαιὰ, πολλὰ τλαῖα, δέσποθῆς, πρόφρων, σιδηρῆ, ἀχνυμένη, ἀτειρής, μὲνέθριος, ἀρωγός, ἀμειλίχης, ἀλγυνή, ἀπειροκάκος, ἀδόλος, ἀτολμός, δρᾶσειά, βάθυπλοντος, γόρρα, θαρσύνει, μέλαινα, πίνυτι, σφάλλει.

**Καρδιόδηκτος**, ὄν, cor mordens: annoying the heart, galling. **Αγὰμ.** 1447. **See** above. **SYN.** Θυμώδης, δηξίθυμος, θυμὸν κατέδων, καρδίας δηκτῆριος.

**Καρδιόπιον**, αὐδός, δ, Cardopion. **Ἐπειτὰ δ'** ὡς δ' Καρδιόπιον τὴν μητέρα Vesp. 1178.

**Καρδοπῆς**, οὐ, ἡ; **Καρδοπη**, ἡς, ἡ, mactra: a kneading-trough. **Ὅστις** καλέσειε καρδοπὸν τὴν καρδοπὴν Nub. 1253. **SYN.** Μάκτρα.

**Κάρη**. **See** Κάρ.

**Καρηκόμω**, comam alo: to have long hair. **Κελευε** καρηκόμωντας Ἀχαιοὺς B. 11. **SYN.** Κόμω, κατὰδόστρυχός ἐμὶ.

**Κάρην**. **See** Κάρ.

**Καρία**, ας, ἡ, Caria: a territory in Asia Minor. **Ἔτι νῦν** τὸν οφθαλμὸν παρὰβαλλ' εἰς Καρίαν Eq. 17.

**Καρικεργῆς**, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, a Carica gente factus: wrought or made by the Carians. **Ανακ.** fr. 137. **See** below.

**Καρίκος**, ὅν, ὄν, Carius; **hinc**, villis, exiguus: Carian; paltry, small. **Σκόλιον** Μελήγτου Καρικῶν αὐλημάτων **Ran.** 1302.

**Καρίς**, ἰδός ἐτ' ἰδός, ἡ, squilla: a shrimp. **Ευπολις** habet ἔχων τὸ πρόσωπον καρίδος μασθλητῆς. **Sed** Eubulus: **Ορχοῦντα δ'** ὡς καρίδες ἀνθράκων **Επ.**

**Καρίων**, ὠνός, δ, Carion: the name of a slave. **Παῖ** Καρίων τὰ σπράγματ' ἐκφέρειν σ' ἐχρῆν **Plut.** 624. **For** the quantity of the first syllable of Καρίων **see** Brunck, **Plut.** 1100.

**Καρκαίρω**, resono, sonum edo qualem res sicca vi pulsata: to resound, to crack. **T.** 157. **SYN.** Ηχέω, ἀράξω, κυνέωμαι.

**Καρκίνιτης**, οὐ, δ, Carcinites. **Ἐτέρος** τράγῃ-δος **Καρκίνιτης** ἐρχεται Vesp. 1505.

**Κρκίνος**, οὐ, δ, cancer; signum caeleste; for- cept: a crab; the constellation called the Crab; a pair of pincers. **Τὸν** καρκίνον ορθὰ Βαδίζειν **Pax** 1083. **Ερ.** Λεχρίος.

**Κάρνῃ**, item **Καρνεῖα**, ὠν, τὰ, Carnea: a festival in honour of Apollo, instituted on account of his punishment of one Carnus, a prophet. **See** Heyne, **Pind.** Pyth. 5. 103. **Τὰ** δὲ **Καρνεῖα** καὶ δὴ ἐφέρει **Theoc.** 5. 83.

**Καρνεῖαδης**, οὐ, δ, Carneades: the father of Telesicrates, an illustrious Cyrenean. **Pyth.** 9. 127. **See** **Καρνεῖας**.

**Καρνεῖας**, ἄδός, ἡ, Carneae: of or belonging to the festival Carnea. **Καρνεῖαδὲς** ἡλύθον ὦραι **Call.** 2. 87.

**Κάρως**, οὐ, δ, sopor cum gravedine: a deep sleep. **Apoll.** 2. 203. **See** **Κάρω**.

**Κάρω**, veterum induco: to render torpid. **Θανάτω** κέκαρμυμένα **Theoc.** 24. 55. **SYN.** Βάρυνω.

**Κάρπαθος**, et per metath. **Κράπαθος**, οὐ, ἡ, Carpathus: an island, from which the Carpathian sea derived its name. **Κάρπαθος** ηἰμερο-εσσα **Hom.** Apoll. 43. **Εἶχον** Κράπαθον τὴν Κῆσον **τε** B. 676. **Ερ.** Παπαδόδεσσα.

**Καρπάλιμος**, οὐ, δ, ἡ, celer: quick. **Καρπά- λιμοῖσι** πόδεςσι X. 166. **SYN.** Οἰκός, αἰφύρως, τάχως, οὐξ.

**Καρπάλιμος**, raptim, cito: rapaciously, quickly, rapidly. **Τόφρᾳ** δὲ καρπάλιμος μ. 166. **SYN.** Οἶξ, οἶξως, τάχῃ, τάχως, ῥίμφᾳ.

**Καρπίω**, fructum deincepo: to yield fruit. **Helen.** 1327.

**Καρπίμος**, οὐ, δ, ἡ, frugifer: fruitful. **Τῶν** ξένων τοὺς καρπίμους **Eq.** 326.

**Καρποῖδος**, **Καρποτρόφος**, **Καρποφόρος**, οὐ, δ, ἡ, fructificus: fruit-yielding, bounteous. **Rhes.** 961. **Ion** 478. **Helen.** 1500.

**Καρποῦμαι**, fructum percipio, fruor, conseqnor: to reap the fruits, possess. **Hipp.** 1425. **SYN.** Ἀπόλαυ, καρπίζομαι.

**Καρπός**, οὐ, δ, (1) fructus: fruit, produce, off- spring; (2) junctura manuum: the wrist. **Hec.** 593. **χ.** 277. **Ερ.** Ἀφθονός, ἀθανάτος, ἀφειδής, γλυκύς, ζεῖδωρός, φέρέζωος, νέθηλῆς, ἐρίθηλῆς, θάλλων, πόλινθηθῆς, χάρειος, πίων, οἶνοφ, μέλι-θῆς, μέλιφρων, δέρεϊος.

**Καρποτρόφος**. **See** **Καρποῖδος**. **But** it is found acuted on the second, in a passive sense, in **Orph.** H. in **Nub.** 17.

**Καρποφόρος**. **See** **Καρποῖδος**.

**Καρπωμά**, ἄδος, τὸ, (1) fructus, quæstus: fruit, gain; (2) victima: a victim. **Aesch.** Sup. 1008. **SYN.** Ὀνησις, δόσια, προσφόρᾳ.

**Κάρρωτος**, οὐ, δ, Carrotus: the brother of the wife of Arcesilaus. **Pyth.** 5. 34.

**Κάρτᾳ**, valde: very, very much, powerfully. **Κάρτᾳ** προσχωρεῖν πόλει **Med.** 224. **SYN.** Πάνυ, ἄγαν, μάλα, μέγαλως, δεινῶς.

**Καρταίπους**, **Κραταίπους**, πῶδος, validos pedes habens: strong-footed. **Olymp.** 13. 113. **Hom.** 48. 8.

**Καρτεράλχημος**, οὐ, δ, bellator validus: a valiant warrior. **Isth.** 6. 55.

**Καρτέρω**, forti animo sum, patienter fero: to be brave, persevere, endure. **Alcest.** 1097. **SYN.** Διακαρτέρω, διαρκέω, μένω, ὑπόμεινω, ἀντέχω, διατέλλω.

**Καρτέρωμι**, οὐ, δ, ἡ, tolerans: strong in

mind, resolute. **Ἡγήτορᾳ** καρτέρωμι **Ψ.** 512. **SYN.** **See** **Κρατέρωμι**.

**Καρτέρως**. **See** **Κρατέρως**.

**Καρτέρωχειρ**, χειρὸς, validus manu: strong- handed, powerful. **Hom.** 7. 3.

**Κρατῖστος**, **Κρατῖστος**, ἡ, ὄν, praeantissimus: most excellent. **T.** 185. **Τὸν** κρατῖστον Ἑλλά-δος **Helen.** 41. **SYN.** Ἀριστός, ἀνδρείοτάτος, ἀνδρωδέστατος.

**Κράτος**. **See** **Κρατὸς**.

**Κρατύνω**. **See** **Κρατύνω**.

**Καρκοποιέω**, suaviter condio; sermonem variis modis condio: to season agreeably; to varnish. **Ὅτι** ἡ λέγειν οἷός τ' ἐκ γῶ καὶ καρυκοποιέιν **Eq.** 343.

**Καρύον**, οὐ, τὸ, nux juglans: an almond, nut. **Σύκοι** καὶ καρύοι καὶ ἐδέσμαι **Ran.** 31.

**Καρίστος**, α, ὄν, Carystus: of Carystus. **Ly- sist.** 1068. **Prima** brevis, ut in **Καρυστός**. **Ὁ** τ' ἐκ **Καρυστόν** ἔχον **B.** 539.

**Καρφάλις**, **Καρχάλης**, ὄν, δ, ἡ, siccus, aridus: dry, parched. **Καρφάλιον** τὰ μὲν ἄρ τ' ἐ. 369. **Δίψῃ** καρχάλει **Φ.** 541. **SYN.** Ξηρός, ἀζαλός, κατὰξηρός.

**Καρφήρ**, ἡς, ἡ, festuca: a straw. **Ion** 171. **See** **Wesseling.** **Diod. Sic.** vol. ii. p. 103.

**Κάρφος**, ἔος, τὸ, palea: chaff, bran. **Apoll.** 3. 291. **SYN.** Σκινδαλμός, κἀλμη, φρύγανον.

**Κάρφω**, sicco, arefacio: to parch up. **ν.** 430. **SYN.** Αναίω, ξηραίνω.

**Καρχάλης**. **See** **Καρφάλις**.

**Καρχάρδους**, οντός, acutus habens dentes: sharp-toothed, ravenous. **Κύνων** ὑπὸ καρχάρ-δόντων **N.** 198.

**Καρχήτιον**, οὐ, τὸ, (1) poculum: a goblet; (2) summa pars mali nautici: the shrouds of a ship. **Πεσοῦν** ἐκ καρχήσιον **Hec.** 1251. **SYN.** (2) Ἴκριον.

**Κασαλέβας**, convitior: to act the strumpet, revile wantonly. **Eq.** 354. **See** below. **SYN.** Λουδορέω, δεινάζω, ἐπισκώπτω, ἐπηρέζω, κερ-τόμειο.

**Κασαλέας**, ἄδός, ἡ, meretrix: a harlot. **Eccl.** 1098. **Ka** brevis, ut in cognata voce **κασαυρίων**. **Κασάνδρα**, ας, ἡ, Cassandra: one of the daughters of Priam. **Ἡ** Κασάνδραν εἰσὶν **Τρω-άδες** **Hec.** 86.

**Κασαυρίων**, **Κασαυρίων**, οὐ, τὸ, lupanar: a brothel. **Εν** κασαυρίοισι λείχων τὴν ἀπόπ-υτον ὁρῶν **Eq.** 1285. **SYN.** Πορνείον.

**Κασίγνητος**, οὐ, δ, (2) Κασίγνητῆς, ἡς, ἡ, (3) Κασίγνητος, ὄν, (1) frater: a brother; (2) soror: a sister; (3) de fratre vel sorore: of a brother or sister. **Δεινὸν** κασίγνητοισι **Iph.** A. 376.

**Κασίς**, ἰδός, δ, ἡ, frater, soror: a brother, sister. **Χατέρων** πολλῶν κἄν **Hec.** 361. **SYN.** Ἀδελ-φός, ἀδελφῆ, ἀνταδελφός, ἀνταδελφίγνητος.

**Κασσιόπειᾳ**, ας, ἡ, Cassiopea: the wife of Cepheus and mother of Andromeda. **Παμμήνιδι** Κασσιόπειᾳ **Arat.** **Phoen.** 190.

**Κασσιτέρως**, οὐ, δ, plumbum album: white lead, tin. **Ἀτειρὰ** κασιτέρων **τε** Z. 474. **Ερ.** Ἐάνος, νέουτεκτός, φαινός, πανεφθός.

**Καστάλιᾳ**, ας, ἡ, Castalia: a sacred fountain at Delphi. **Phoen.** 229. **See** below. **PHN.** Ἀργυροειδὲς **Καστάλιᾳ** **διναί.**

**Καστάλιδης**, ὠν, αἰ, epith. Musarum: of Castalia. **Νύμφῃ** **Καστάλιδῃ** **Theoc.** 7. 148.

**Καστιανείρᾳ**, ας, ἡ, Castianira: the daughter of a prince in Thrace. **Καστιανείρᾳ** **δέμας** **Θ.** 305.

**Καστῶρευν**, τὸ, sc. μέλος, et **Καστῶρεῖος** ὕμνος, Castoreum carmen: the military song of the Spartans. **Pyth.** 2. 127.

**Κάστωρ**, ὕρος, δ, Castor: (1) the son of Jupiter and Leda, and brother of Pollux; (2) a Cretan, the son of Hylacus. **ξ.** 204. **Orest.** 1653. **Ερ.** Ἰπποδάμους, κράτερως, ἱππάλιδης, αὐλοπῶλδος, φᾶεσφόρος, χρυσάρματός, Τυνδαρί-δης, τὰχὺπῶλδος, δούροσδός, χαλκιδόωρης, ἡμί-θεός, ἀκύπῳδων δέδωκενός ἱππῶν.

**Κατὰ**, Κατ', Κάθ', præp. (1) cum genitiv. de, contra, adversus: down from, against; (2) cum accus. per, secundum: along or down, according to. **Λωτότροφον** κατὰ λειμῶνα **Phoen.** 1587. **Ψήφος** καθ' ἡμῶν οἰσεται τῇδ' ἡμέρᾳ **Orest.** 434.

**Κατὰβάδην**, deorsum: in or while descending. **Εἶδον** κατὰβάδην οὐκ ἐπὶς χωλοῖς ποιεῖς **Acham.** 411.

**Κατὰβαίνω**, descendo: to descend, dismount, disembark. **Androm.** 542. **SYN.** Ἀποβαίνω.

**Κατὰβακχιδόμαι**, bacchor: to perform the orgies of Bacchus, to be frantic. **Bacch.** 109. **Xi** brevis, ut in **Βακχίως**. **SYN.** Ἀναβακχεῖω.

**Κατὰβάλλω**, ἄλω, dejicio, evertō: to throw down, upset. **Bacch.** 1235. **SYN.** Κατάρσσω, κατασκάπτω, κατέρπειω, ἀντρέπω, πορθεῖ, ἀπορ-ρίπτω.

**Κατὰβασιμός**, οὐ, δ, descensus: a descent. **P.** V. 836.

**Κατὰβέβλακευμένος**, tarde: sluggishly. **Κοῦ** κατὰβέβλακευμένος **Plut.** 325. **See** **Βλακικός**.

**Κατὰβλάπτω**, detrimentis afficio: to injure. **Μή** τί κατὰβλάπτῃ τὸ σὸν αὐτοῦ **Hom.** **Merc.** 93. **SYN.** Βλάπτω, κῆκω, λυμάλυνω, ζημῶ.

**Κατὰβλώσκω**, percurro: to run down or through. **Ἀσὺ** κατὰβλώσκοντα **π.** 466. **SYN.** Κατέρχομαι, διερχομαι.

**Κατὰβῶω**, obstruo, strependo vinco: to in-veigh against, outbawl. **Acham.** 711. **SYN.** Ἐπισῶω, ἀνὰκράω, ἐπιβίσωτω.

**Κατὰβῶω**, ἡς, ἡ, fundamentum: the founda- tion, structure. **Nem.** 2. 5. **SYN.** Ἐδῶλιν, δῶσια, τέλει.

**Κατὰβόσκω**, depasco; colo: to keep down by feeding on; to cultivate. **Theoc.** 15. 126. **SYN.** Κατὰτρώω, κατὰβρωμι.

**Κατὰβόστρυχος**, οὐ, δ, ἡ, comatus: having pendent locks, hairy. **Κατὰβόστρυχος** ὁμῶσι **γοργός** **Phoen.** 146. **SYN.** Λαχνήεις, χαυτήεις.

**Κατὰβρέχω**, perfundo: to moisten thoroughly. **Πτόξωμαι** μὴ κατὰβρέχθω **Nub.** 267. **SYN.** Διαβρέχω, καταβαρύνω, διαχέω, ἄρω.

**Κατὰβρίθω**, ingravesco, onustus sum, emineo: to weigh down, to be loaded, to surpass. **Ὁλβω** μὲν πάντας κατὰβρίθει βῆσιλῃς **Theoc.** 17. 95. **Sed** hæc esse potest nova vox præ. temp. κατὰβρίθω. **SYN.** Βάριω, βαρύνωμαι, νικῶ.

**Κατὰβροχθίζω**, deglutio, devoro: to swallow down, devour. **Κατὰβροχθίσας** κατ' ἐπιών **Eq.** 357.

**Κατὰβρόχω**, sorbeo: to suck down or up. **\*Ὅς** τὸ κατὰβρόχειν **δ.** 222.

**Κατὰβρωμι**, devoro: to devour. **Φοῖβε** κατ-έβρω **Hom.** **Apoll.** 127.

**Κατὰγέλλω**, derideo: to laugh at. **Iph.** A. 372. **SYN.** Επίγέλλω, διαπαίζω, χλευάζω, θέρζω, κερνέω, κατὰφρόννω.

**Κατὰγέλω**, ω, δ, ludibrium: an insult. **Eq.** 320.

**Κατὰγήρασκα**, **Κατὰγήρω**, senesco: to grow

old. Med. 124. i. 510. SYN. Γηράσκω, γηράω, παρήσσω, επί γηράς ἰκέσθαι.

Κατάγινεω, deorsum fero, devehio: to bear or carry down. Κατάγινεός ἐστιν κ. 104. SYN. Κατάφω, κατάγω.

Κατάγινωσκω, 2. a. ἐγνώω, decerno adversus aliqueum, condemnno: to decide against any one, condemn. Εὐ κατάγνωσθὶ δικῇ Eumen. 576. SYN. Κατάκρινω, ἐλέγχω, κατάμειψόμεναι.

Κατάγλωττιζω, (1) impudice suavior: to kiss obscenely; (2) deblatere, convicior: to use the tongue against, abuse. Eq. 352. See below. SYN. Λοιδόρεω, κατηγγόρεω.

Καταγλώττισμα, ἄνδρ, τὸ, (1) osculum impudicum: an unchaste kiss; (2) obtundens loquacitas: a deafening loquacity. 'H δ' αὖ μύρου κρόνον καταγλώττισμα Nub. 51.

Καταγμα, ἄνδρ, τὸ, fractura: a thing torn or broken off, a lock of wool. Πάντων τὸ κατάγμα λαδόντας Lysist. 584.

Κατάγνυμι, ἄνδρ, 2. a. p. ἔαγνν, frango: to break. Eur. Sup. 518. SYN. Ἀγνυμί, κατάκλω.

Κατάγρεω, defero, indicio: to convey information of. Pax 107. See Ἀγρέω. SYN. Εισαγγέλλω.

Κατάγραψω, describo, delineo: to write down, delineate. Alcest. 989. See Γράψω. SYN. Γράφω.

Κατάγω, deduco; deducor: to bring down or back, restore from exile; to sail, to land. Med. 1012. See Ἄγω. SYN. Πρόσγω, κατάρω, παράσσω.

Κατάγυγιν, ου, τὸ, diversorium: a place of reception. Κατάγυγιον τοιοῦτον Anacr. 22. 8. SYN. Πανδοχεῖον.

Κατάδαζομαι, divido, distraho: to divide, tear. X. 354. SYN. Ἀποδάζομαι, ληίζομαι, διαρπάζω.

Κατάδαομαι, devoro, como: to devour. Theoc. 4. 34. SYN. Κατάτρωγω, κατάδαζομαι.

Κατάδανω, mordeo: to bite, gnaw. Κατάδανω δάκτυλὸν ἀκρον Batrach. 45.

Κατάδακρνω, largissime fleo: to shed tears abundantly. Helen. 672. See Δάκρνω. SYN. Κατὰ δάκρυ χέω, δάκρνω, κατάρρηνω.

Κατάδακτυλίδος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cinædus. Eq. 1378. See Δάκτυλός.

Κατάδάμναι, edomo, perdomo: to bring under subjection, tame. Hom. Merc. 137. SYN. Δάμναι, δάμνω, κρατῶ; to devour, lacerate. π. 92. SYN. Δάπτω, κάτεω, κατὰκόπτω, δρίπτω, διασπάω.

Κατάδαρθανω, 2. a. κατέδαρθον, per metath. κατέδραθον, Ἄολ. καδράθον, alte dormio: to be in a deep sleep. Plut. 527. See Δαρθάνω. SYN. Κάθευω, κατάκοιμάμαι, καθύπνω, εὐδω.

Κατάδειω, pertimesco: to fear greatly. Pax 758. SYN. Περὶδειω, περὶφθεύμαι, εκπήσσω, καταπλήσσω, δειλάω.

Κατάδεικνυμί, Κατάδεικνυω, δείκω, ostendo, comminiscor, probo: to show, invent, prove. Ran. 1032. SYN. See Δεικνυμί.

Κατάδέρκομαι, aspicio: to behold. Trach. 1002. SYN. Δέρκομαι, καθάρω, βλέπω, θέωρεω.

Κατάδω, madefacio: to moisten. Hes. Op. 543. SYN. Δένω, βρέχω, νύττω.

Κατάδω, devincio: to bind down or tight. Helen. 686. SYN. Ἀναδω, συνδω, δέω, δεσμεύω, συνάπτω.

Κατάδω, 2. a. valde manifestus: very manifest. Plut. 1065. SYN. Ἀριδής, ἐκδήλός, δῆλός.

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courage, command. Ran. 209. SYN. Εγκέλευω, παράκλω.

Κατάκλω, demulceo: to soothe. Trach. 1005. SYN. Κατάβλω.

Κατάκλω, 2. a. hederaceus, hederaceus: bound with ivy. Anacr. 6.

Κατάκλω, lugeo: to mourn for. Iph. T. 143. SYN. See Κατάβλω.

Κατάκλω, frango: to break down or off, subdue. Hipp. 764. See Κλω. SYN. Κατάβλω.

Κατάκλω, εἶδος, et Ion. Κατάκλω, εἶδος, ἡ, quod claudendis foribus adhibetur; a lock, chest. Καὶ τῆς κατάκλω εἶδος ἐπιμελοῦ καὶ τοῦ μοχλοῦ Vesp. 154. Call. Del. 82.

Κατάκλω, 2. a. ἡ, inclusus: shut up. 'H παῖς ἡ κατάκλωτος Call. fr. 118. 1.

Κατάκλω, εἶσω et Dor. δέω, include: to shut up. Μέντωρ σθελες κατάκλωσθ' Nub. 404. SYN. Εγκλείω, κατέργω, περίλαμψω.

Κατάκλω, εἶδος. See Κατάκλω.

Κατάκλω, ἴνα, facio discumbere; discumbo: to cause to lie down; to recline at table. Πῶς οὖν κατάκλω φράξ' ἄνδρας ευχετημένους Vesp. 1210. SYN. Κατάκειμαι, εγκλίω, ἀνάκλω.

Κατάκλω, inundo, submergo, obruo: to overflow, drown, overwhelm. Κατάκλωσθαι τὰ μάλιστα (parcemiac) Sept. Th. 1081. SYN. Πλημμύρω, πέρισσινω.

Κατάκλω, 2. a. Fata: the Fates. Αἰσά Κατακλωθές τῆ βάρειαι η. 196.

Κατάκλω, ἴσω, corrodo: to scratch, rub down. Επί ταυτησι κατάνησθαι Eq. 771.

Κατάκλω, fricando vexo; carpo: to irritate by rubbing; to rail at. Σκοπτεῖς ἐγὼ δὲ κατὰ κένισμαι δειλάκρη Plut. 974. SYN. Κατάκλω, διακρίνω, καθύπνω.

Κατάκλω, fut. δώω, dormio: to sleep. Τοῖα κατάνωσεν Ἀπολλ. 3. 690.

Κατάκλω, edormio, edormio: to sleep soundly. Theom. 46. SYN. Κοιμῶ, κατενώω.

Κατάκλω, in somnum declino oculos: to sink down into sleep. E. R. 1222. SYN. Καθύπνω.

Κατάκλω, impero: to command, marshal. Πόλεμον κατὰκοιρανέουσιν E. 332. SYN. Κοιράνω, δεσπύζω, ἀπεινθίω, ἐπιστάτω.

Κατάκλω, 2. a. ἡ, villosus: having hair hanging down. Bacch. 1176. SYN. Εὐκόμος, πολυκόμος, εὐθρίξ.

Κατάκλω, exacuo: to grind down, destroy. Hipp. 823. See Ἀκνώ.

Κατάκλω, concido: to cut down, destroy. Lysist. 730. SYN. Ἀποκόπτω, κατὰτέμνω, συντέμνω, διασπάω, κατὰκρύνω.

Κατάκλω, compono, orno: to adorn, set in order, arrange. Vesp. 1473. SYN. Ἐπικοσμέω, κατὰτίθημι, τάττω, ἐλασκώ.

Κατάκλω, audio plane: to hear distinctly. Σύριγγος ἰαν κατάκλω Rhes. 553. SYN. Ἀκούω, αἶω, ἀκρόδομαι, ἐσάκω.

Κατάκλω, reclamo: to crow, to rail at. Κατάκλω, 2. a. ἡ, κρῶω Eq. 287., corresponding to Κατάκλω, 2. a. ἡ, κρῶω.

Κατάκλω, 2. a. ἡ, κρῶω Eq. 287., corresponding to Κατάκλω, 2. a. ἡ, κρῶω.

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Κατάκρημα, Κατάκρημνυμί, suspendo de: to hang from. 8. 67. SYN. Ανάκρημα, κρέμα. Κατακρήνεν pro Κατάκρηθεν, supra caput, in præcepis: over the head, headlong. Τρώας δὲ κατακρήνεν λάβει πένθος Π. 548. Κατάκρημνύμαι, præcipitor: to hang downwards. Κατεκρημνώντο δὲ πολλοί Hom. 6. 39. SYN. Κατακρημνύμαι. Κατάκρημνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, præcepis: steep. "Ὅπου κατάκρημνος ὁ χώρος Iatrach. 153. SYN. Ἀποκρημνός, ὑψηλόκρημνος, πρηνής, καταρβός. Κατάκρημνος, ἰνῶ, judico, condemnno: to judge, condemn. Κατέκρινας ὅρη λόγος Theoc. 23. 23. SYN. Κρίνω, κατάκρινωσκω. Κατάκρηπτω, occulto: to conceal. Πένθει διδόμεν κατέκρινεν Pers. 542. SYN. Ἀποκρηπτω, κατάκρηπτω, κεύθω. Κατάκρηψι, ἥ, ἡ, occultatio: concealment. C. C. 218. See Κρύψας. SYN. Κρύψι, ἀποφύγι. Κατάκρημαι. See below. Κατάκρητιζέω, Κατακρητάμαι, obtineo: to gain possession of. Κατακρητίσσει ἀρειον Apoll. 3. 136. Trach. 795. SYN. Κτάομαι, κτεάτιζω. Κατακτείνω, Κατάκτεμι, interficio: to kill. Μη κατάκτείνω ἐμέ Ion 1282. Hec. 1198. SYN. Ἀποκτείνω, κτείνω, ἀναιρέω. Κατάκτος, ὄν, deducendus; penilis: what can be brought down; hanging down. Pax 1244. SYN. Κρέμαστος, μετώρος. Κατάκνιπτω, incurvo me, decumbo: to bend, or lie, or stoop down. Π. 611. SYN. Συγκνίπτω, εγκλίνω. Κατάκνω, sancio, constituo: to sanction, adjudge. Ψήφω δᾶναιτο κατάκνωθεὶς Orest. 1012. Κατάκωλύω, prohibeo, veto: to prevent, forbid. Acharn. 1087. See Κωλύω. SYN. Κωλύω, ἀπειρώ, ἀπενέπω, κατέχω. Κατάκωμίζω, temulentia proterva insulto: to carouse. Phoen. 363. SYN. Κωμίζω, ἐπιζέω. Κατάκωλύω, obloquor: to speak against, to blab. Ran. 752. See Λάλλω. SYN. Αντίλάλλω, διαβάλλω. Κατάλαμβάνω, λήψομαι, ἐλάβον, εἰληφά, deprehendo, corripio: to seize, overtake, detect. Eccles. 21. See Λαμβάνω. SYN. Ἐπιλαμβάνω, φθάνω, ἁλίσκω, εὐρεῖσκω, κατάμαρπτω, κίχάνω. Κατάλαμπω, illumino; luceo: to cause to shine on; to shine. Troad. 1062. Κατάλαγέω, molesto fero, doleo: to be annoyed at, to grieve. Philoct. 372. SYN. Δυσχεραίνω, αλγέω. Κατάλέγω, recenseo, enarro: to recount, describe. Lysist. 394. SYN. Λέγω, κατάγράφω, εγγράφω, διαριθμέω, κατάλογίζομαι. Κατάλειψω, destituo: to cause to drop, distil. Theoc. 1. 8. SYN. Ἀποστίζω, καταστάζω, κατὰζω. Κατάλειπτός, ὄν, perunctus: anointed. Pax 862. SYN. Ἐγχριστός. Κατάλειπω, relinquo: to leave, to quit. Iph. A. 1179. SYN. Λέπω, ἀπλείπω, ἀφήμι. Κατάλεπτόδω, subtiliter et argute rimor: to criticise with subtlety. Ran. 827. SYN. Λεπτόλογος, βάσανός. Κατάλειψω, lapidibus obruo: to bury under stones, to stone to death. Acharn. 285. SYN. Λέω, πέτρω. Κατάλεω, molo: to grind. Ἐπεὶ κατὰ πυρὸν ἀλεσαν u. 109. SYN. Ἀλέω.

Κατάληγω, desino: to cease. Agam. 1455. SYN. see Λήγω. Κατάληθμαι, penitus obliviscor: to forget entirely. X. 389. SYN. Ἐπιλήθμαι. Κατάληπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, comprehendi facultate præditus: capable of comprehending, of seizing. Κατάληπτικός τ' ἀριστὰ Eq. 1377. Κατάληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, comprehensibilis: which can be caught or obtained. Hipp. 1347. SYN. Περὶληπτός, ἁλωτός. Κατάληψις, ἔως, ἡ, deprehensio: a seizure. Nub. 318. SYN. Γνώσις, ἀσθησις, σύνεσις. Κατάλλαγή, ἡ, ἡ, reconciliatio: reconciliation. Περὶ πόλεμον κατάλλαγής An. 1588. SYN. Εὐναλλάγῃ, διαλλάγῃ. Κατάλλασσω, permuto, reconcilio: to exchange one thing for another. Iph. A. 1157. SYN. Διαλλάσσω, οικείω. Κατάλογός, ου, ὁ, catalogus, enumeratio: a catalogue, enumeration. Eq. 1369. SYN. Λόγος, πινάξ. Κατάλοκίς, sulco: to make a deep furrow. Eur. Sup. 836. by Tmesis. SYN. Ἀλόκίς, ἀροτρία, χάρσσω. Κατάλωω, abluo; in balneo consumo: to wash away; to waste on baths. Nub. 836. SYN. Κατάναλίσκω, ἀναίωσκω. Κατάλοφάειά, supra cervicem: on the neck or shoulders. Βῆν δὲ κατάλοφάειά φέρον κ. 169. SYN. Κατωμάδων. Κατάλοσιμός, ὄν, qui dissolvi vel aboleri potest: what can be dissolved. Οὐπὲρ κατάλοσιμόν Soph. El. 1260, answered by τοῦ παρὸς ἐπὶ χάριτος. Κατάλοσις, ἔως, ἡ, eversio; exitus; diversorium: a dissolution; an end; an inn or place of entertainment. Δεξιμέθ' οἶκον κατάλοσις χωρὶν χρεῖαν Eur. El. 393. Κατάλω, (1) dissolvo, destruo: to loosen, destroy; (2) commoror: to stop; (3) conficio: to finish. "Ὅτι κατάλωεν περίφανός εἰς ὃν μόνον Plut. 948. SYN. Λύω, ἐκλύω, ἀνατρέπω, ἀφάνίζω, (2) διατρέπω, (3) τέλειω. Κατάλωφείω, quiescere facio: to cause to rest. Apoll. 3. 616. SYN. Κατάπαυω. Κατάμαρπτω, comprehendo, voro: to seize, reach, devour. Z. 364. SYN. Κατάλαμβάνω, καθαρπάζω. Κατάμαω, meto, accumulo: to reap, gather. Κατάμαρπτό χερσὶν ἔρσι Ω. 166. SYN. Ἐπαμάω, ἀροίω. Καταμελύνω, ὠνῶ, hebetio, obtundo: to blunt. C. R. 688. SYN. Ἀμελύνω, ἀπαμελύνω. Κατάμελέω, negligo: to neglect. Aj. 45. SYN. Ἀμελέω, παράμελέω, ἐξάμελέω, ἀθίριζω. Κατάμελιτῶω, melle condio: to mix with honey, sweeten. Aves. 224. See Μελί, ἱτὸς. SYN. Μελιτῶω. Κατάμεμπτός, ὄν, vituperandus: to be blamed. C. C. 1696. SYN. Ἐπιμεμπτός, ἐπιληπτός, ἐπιφθόνος, κατάμομφος. Κατάμεμφόμεναι, increpo, accuso: to censure, accuse. Anaer. 64. 8. SYN. Ἐπιμεμφόμεναι, αὐτιάωμαι, εγκάλεω. Κατάμηλω, spatula exploro: to probe a wound. Eq. 1147. SYN. Πειράω, δοκίμαζω. Κατάμηννα, indico, prodo, enuntio: to inform, bring proof against, denounce. Κατάμηννω πρὶν ἂν ἐξ ἀγρίαν P. V. 182. See Μηννω. SYN. Μηννω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἀποφαινώ.

Κατάμινω, ὠνῶ, polluo: to pollute. Pyth. 4. 178. See Μινω. Κατάμινυμί, μίξω, commisceo: to mix with. Lysist. 580. SYN. Ἐπιμίσημαι, ἀναμίγνυμι, ἀνακίρημι. Κατάμισθοφόρῶ, in stipendia militum exhauro: to expend in hiring soldiers, or giving them pay, to bribe. Eq. 1349. Κατάμομφος, ὄν, vituperandus: deserving of blame. Agam. 143. SYN. see Κατάμεμπτός. Καταμπίσχω, cooperio: to cover over, invest. Helen. 852. SYN. Κατάκάλυπτα, πέριστέλλω. Κατάμύσσω, lacerio: to tear. Κατάμύζω χεῖρά ἀραιήν E. 425. SYN. Ἀμύσσω, κατάζαίνομαι. Κατάμυντωέω, instar moreti contundo: to pound like pap. Pax 247. Κατάμυνω, connivo: to close the eyes, wink. "Ἦν δ' οὖν κατάμυνση κἂν ἄχνην ὁμως ἐκεῖ Vesp. 92. SYN. Μύω, σκαρδαμύσσω. Κατάναγκάζω, cogo: to force or bind down, compel. "Ἦν κἀνηγκασμένος Bacch. 633. SYN. Ἀναγκάζω, καθέλω. Κατάνω, ὄσω, habito, habitandum do: to dwell, cause to dwell. Phoen. 215. SYN. Κατανοίω, καθίστημι. Κατάνωμαι, descendo, redeo: to descend, come back, return. χ. 484. SYN. Ἀπονέωμαι, ἀπέρχομαι, ἐπαπέρχομαι. Κατάνωω, annuo: to confirm with a nod or faithfully. Thesm. 1020. SYN. Διδάνω, ἐπινέω. Κατανάρκω, in carbones verto: to reduce to ashes. Soph. El. 58. See Ἀνάρκω. SYN. Ἀνάρκω, κατάρκω. Κατάνωω, exsupero: to surpass. Soph. Alod. 7. See Νικάω. SYN. Νικάω, κρᾶτέω. Κατάνωφω, ningo deorsum: to shower down snow. Κεῖ κρινυμένη κατάνωφω Nub. 965. SYN. Νίρω. Κατάνωω, absumo: to be consumed. Μαγιδῶς τὰ δὲ πολλὰ κατάνωετ' β. 58. SYN. Ἀναλίσκωμαι, κατάνωόμαι. Κατάνωτίζω, humecto: to wet, moisten. Iph. T. 833. by Tmesis. Κατάνω, deorsum: downward. Πολλὰ δ' ἀναντὰ κατάνω Ψ. 116. Κατάντης, ἐς, declivis: sloping, steep, direct. Theoc. 1. 13. Κατάντην, adv. e regione: over against, opposite. u. 387. SYN. Κατέναντι, κατέναντιον. Καταντικρὺ, adv. et præp., e regione, ex adverso: over against, straight down. Ἀλλὰ καταντικρὺ τῆγος λ. 64. Καταντλέω, hausta aqua perfundo; convicior: to pump upon; to asperse. Vesp. 482. SYN. Διάσπρω. Κατάνω, ὄσω, conficio: to despatch, perpetrate, kill. Εἰς οὐτὲρ αἰμὰ γενέθλιον κατάνωσεν Orest. 89. See Ἀνέτω. SYN. Κατερράζομαι, ἀναιρέω, φθνέω, εκπράττω. Κατάζαίνω, ἄνω, lacerio, attero: to tear asunder, consume. Πέτρος καταζανθέντες Eur. Sup. 513. SYN. Ἀμύσσω, κατὰπρίβω. Κατάζενω, hospitio excipio: to receive as a guest. Καὶ κατέζενάμενον Choeph. 694. SYN. Ζένω. Κατάζιός, α, ὄν, dignus: deserving. Οὐ κατὰζιός γένος Eur. El. 46. SYN. Ἀζιός, ἐπὶζιός, δικάιος. Κατάζω, dignum judico: to deem worthy. Sept. Th. 664. See above. SYN. Αξίω.

Καταζῶς, digne, pro dignitate: worthily. Οὐτ' ἐμοὶ καταζῶς C. C. 911. SYN. Αζῶς, ἐπαζῶς, κατ' αζῶν. Κατάπαλαίω, eluctor, lucta vinco: to overcome in the struggle or contest. Ἀλλ' οἱ λόγοι γὰρ κατὰπαλαίουσιν λόγους Iph. A. 1013. SYN. Διάπαλαίω. Κατάπασσω, conspergo, inspergo: to sprinkle, cast upon. Nub. 177. SYN. Προσπασσω, ἐπίπασσω, ἐπιβάλλω. Κατάπαστός, ὄν, qui aspergitur: besprinkled, covered. Eq. 501. SYN. Προσπαστός, ἐπίπαστός, ἐπιβάλλω. Κατάπατέω, conculco: to tread down or upon. Κατὰ δ' ὀρκία πιστὰ πάτησαν. SYN. Ἐνθάδε, ἀποθλίβω. Κατάπαυμά, ἄτος, τὸ, requies: repose. P. 38. SYN. "Ἠσυχία, ἀνάπαυλά. Κατάπαυω, compesco; requiesco: to stop; to cease. Av. 1397. SYN. Κατέχω, ἐξάνω, κατὰλήγω, ἀναπαύομαι. Κατάπεδάω, constringo pedibus; implico gravi malo: to bind down with fetters; to involve in calamity. T. 94, by Tmesis. SYN. Πεδάω, περιβάλλω. Κατάπειλώ, interminor: to threaten violently. C. C. 1147. See Ἀπειλώ. SYN. Ἀπειλώ, ἐπαπειλώ, διαπειλώ. Κατάπελτάζωμαι, incurso: to make incursions into a country and plunder, prop. like a πελταστής. Acharn. 160. SYN. Κατάκοντιζέω. Κατάπέπτω, decoquo: to boil down, digest, suppress. Olymp. 1. 86. Κατάπερώω, oppedo: to show contempt for. Plut. 618. Κατάπέτάζω, et Κατάπέταννυμι, expando, explico: to spread over, expand. Κατάπέταννυτες εν κύκλω φυλάττονεν Vesp. 132. SYN. Ἀπλώω, εκτείνω, κατάκάλυπτα. Κατάπερνω, occido: to kill. Aj. 901. See Πέφνω. SYN. Κατακτείνω, σφάττω, ἀποκτείνω, ἀπολλύμι, κατακτείνω. Κατάπηνυμι, ἥζω, gelu compingo; depango: to bind with frost; to fasten, fix. A. 378. Κατάπινω, deglutio: to drink down, swallow. Vesp. 1502. See Πίνω. SYN. Κατάσπρωχθίζω, εκπίνω. Κατάπιπτόω, pice illino; metam. convicia ingero: to daub over with pitch; to abuse. Eccles. 1109. SYN. Πισσώω, λοιδορέω, κακόλογέω. Κατάπιπτο, 2. a. κατέπεσον, et in Hom. κατέπεσον, decido: to fall down. Cycl. 665. SYN. Πίπτο, εκπίπτο, θλισθαίνω, κατὰδύω. Κατάπλάσσω, f. ὄσω, illino: to plaster up. Κατέπλασεν αὐτοῦ τὰ βλεφάρ' εκστρέψας ἰνα Plut. 721. SYN. Χρίω, εγγράω, κατὰλέλω. Κατάπλαστος, ἡ, ὄν, illinendus; illinendo aptus; simulatus: to be plastered over; fit for plastering; feigned. Κατάπλαστον ἐνέχειρσεν τρίβειν ἐμβάλων Plut. 716. Κατάπλεω, εἰσομαι, navigo: to sail into port, to return. Ἐνθα κατεπλεῖομεν u. 142. SYN. Κατάρω, κατὰφέρωμαι. Καταπλήσσω, obstupefacio: to strike with astonishment. Κατεπλήγη φίλον ἦτορ Γ. 31. SYN. Εκπλήσσω, δειμάτω. Κατάπνέω, εἰσω, perfo; effundo: to blow down; to pour out. Καὶ τῶν μηρῶν κατὰπνεύσεν Lysist. 552. SYN. Εκπίνω. Κατάπνυ, ἡ, ἡ, flatus: a breath, blast. Pyth. 5. 162. See above. SYN. Ἀπνέω.

Κάταπρινω, demulceo, lenio: to appease. Κάταπρινέν ανίας Apoll. 1.265. SYN. Πραίνω, λιάσκωμαι, κατάβελγω, παρὰβέλγω.

Κάταπρινος, εὖς, δ, ἡ, declivis: bending down, headlong, prone. Χείρῃσι κάταπρινέσι λάθουσα τ. 467. SYN. Πρηνής, κάτεστραμμένος.

Κάταπρίω, serra deseco: to saw off. Κάταπρίων τὸ κύμιον Theoc. 10.55. SYN. Διάπρίω, διακόπτω, διασχίζω.

Κάταπρόδιδωμι, δάσω, prodo: to betray. Vesp. 1044. See Διδωμί. SYN. Πρόδιδωμι, κατάπρόλειπα.

Κάταπρόξιν, used only in the future, impune evado: to escape with impunity, or (according to Constantine) to insult with impunity. Εἰς κάταπρόξιν (quadrissyll.) θαυμάσιος ἦσθην Διοίς Nub. 1230.

Κάταπρόλειπα, ante desero: to abandon before. Κάταπρόλειπὸν ἐλάσθη Apoll. 3.1164. SYN. Κατάλειπα, ἀπολείπω, φεύγω.

Κάταπρόχην, profundo: to pour down. Κάταπρόχην οὐσὰ παρείων Apoll. 3.1117. SYN. Πρόχην, ἐκχύνω, κατάχηνω.

Κάταπτειν. See Κάβηπτιν.

Κάταπτέρως, ου, δ, ἡ, plene plumatus: having long wings. Orest. 176. See below. SYN. Πτερόφωρος, πτηνός, τανύσιπτερός.

Κάταπτήσσω, et Κάταπτήσσω, consternor: to crouch down through fear, to dread. Κάταπτήσας ὑπὸ θαύμῳ X. 191. E. 476. SYN. Πτήσσω, υποπτήσσω, δειλιάω, ορῶδεω, ταρβέω, κατάπτήσσομαι.

Κάταπτυστός, ὄν, despuendus, abominandus: to be spit on, execrable. Αἱ κάταπτυστοι κύρια Eumen. 68. SYN. Κάταρπτός, μισητός, ἐχθιστός, μισός.

Κάταπτύχης, εὖς, sinuosus: full of folds. Κάταπτύχης ἐμπερόναμα Theoc. 15.34. SYN. Πόλυπτύχης.

Κάταπτός. See Κάταπτήσσω.

Κάταπνυδώνη, ης, ἡ, foeda molities: effeminacy. Κάταπνυδώνης ἀνὰπλήσει Nub. 1020.

Κάταπνύων, ὄνδς et ὠνδς, δ, ἡ, cinædus; salax: a catamite; effeminate, profligate. Acharn. 79. Lysist. 777. See above.

Κάταπνύω, ὡσω, putredine consumo: to cause to rot. Τὴν δ' αὖτοῦ κατέπνυ' ἱερὸν μὲνδς ἡέλιος Hom. Apoll. 371. SYN. Φθείρω, κατὰσπῃω, διαπνύω.

Κάταπνυδός, ου, δ, ἡ, densissimus: very thick. Καὶ ἂ κάταπνυδός ἐκείνα Theoc. Ep. 1.1. SYN. Πνυδός, κατὰσκιδός.

Κάταπνυδῶ, incendiis consumo: to consume in the fire. Thesm. 250. SYN. Πυρπόλῶ, κατὰκαίω, κατὰίω.

Κάταρα, as, ἡ, execratio, diræ: an imprecation. Τέλειαι τὰς περίθνημος κατάρας Sept. Th. 721., answered by χθονὰ valein διαπλάσας ὄνδσαν. Κάταρα is found in the tragic writers only in the choral odes.

Κάταράκης, ου, δ, nomen avis cujusdam: a ganet, a kind of eagle or ravenous bird. Καὶ κατάρακτῃ Av. 887.

Κάταράμαι, exsecror, male precor: to pour curses upon. Οὐκ εἰς κύρακας κατάρᾳ σὺ τῷ διασκάψ. The second syllable of Κάταράμαι is sometimes found long, but only where the metrical ictus falls on it. Nub. 871. SYN. Βδελύττωμαι, ἀπένχουμαι.

Κάταράτος, ὄν, execrandus, maledicendus, see-

lestus: execrable, accursed, wretched. Εὐδησάμενα τὸν κατάρατον Med. 163. SYN. Ἐπαράτος, κατάρατος, ἀνευκτός, μισητός.

Κάταργέω, inanem et inutilem reddo: to render useless. Phoen. 765. SYN. Αργέω, ἀκυρώω, σφαλίζω.

Κάταργμά, ἄνδς, τὸ, initiatio, primitiae: an initiatory rite. Iph. T. 245. SYN. Τέλειη, ἀπαργματὰ, ἀπαρχή.

Κάταργρόμαι, argento corrumpor: to be bribed. Antig. 1077. See Ἀργύρος. SYN. Κατάρωρόδω.

Κάταρῶ, irrigo: to bedew, refresh. Acharn. 658. SYN. Κατάρω.

Κάταρέω, Κατάρβέω, blande mulceo manu: to stroke with the hand, caress. Χειρὶ τῇ μιν κατέρειξε A. 361. Φῇ δὲ κατάρβηνω II. in Dian. 29. SYN. Κατάρω, κατάρηχω.

Κάταρίγῃλος, ὄν, horribilis: to be shuddered at, horrible. Λυγρὰ τὰ τ' ἀλλοίον γὰ κατάρηγλᾶ (the second long by the metrical ictus falling on it.) πέλονται ξ. 226. SYN. Ῥιγῃλος, φρόδερός.

Κάταρίθω, annuero: to number. Κάταρίθῃται Τρωάδων ἄλλων μετὰ Troad. 865. SYN. Ἐπαρίθω, κατὰλογίζομαι, κατὰτίθημι.

Κάταρκέω, sufficio: to be sufficient. Rhes. 448. SYN. Επαρκέω, ἀρκέω, εφάρκω.

Κάταρνέω, inficio: to deny. Antig. 442. SYN. Ἀπαρνέωμαι, εζαρνέωμαι, ἀρνέωμαι.

Κάταρῶ, ago: to plough. Av. 583. See Ἀρῶ. SYN. Ἀρῶ, ἀποτρίω, βῶνέω, πόλλω, πόλλεω.

Κάταρῶδω, lacero: to tear into rags, to rend in pieces. Trach. 1119. See Ῥάκος. SYN. Σπαράττω, κατὰμύσω.

Κάταράκης, ου, δ, cataracta: a cataract. Et adj., præcepis: dashing. Τὸν κατάρακτῃν ὄδον E. C. 1590.

Κάταράπτω, consuo: to sew together, contrive. Eumen. 26. See above. SYN. Συράπτω, ἐντίθημι.

Κάταρβέω. See Κατάρβέω.

Κάταρβέω, deorsum vergo: to bend downwards. Καὶ τύχη κατάρβει Antig. 1158. SYN. Κατὰβδῶ, πίπτω.

Κάταρβέω, 2. a. κατέρβηνω, defluo: to flow down, to be drenched, to stream. Φύον κατάρβει πρὸς δὲ Troad. 16. SYN. Ἀπορβέω, κατὰπίπτω.

Κατάρβηνω, ἥσω, dejicio, effringo: to break down, to burst. Τρὴν κατάρβηνωσι Antig. 675. SYN. Ἀναρβήνωμι, ἀποθραύω, κατὰβδῶ.

Κατάρβινω, lima polio: to file down, polish. Æsch. Sup. 755. See Ῥινῶ. SYN. Ξέω, ἐξ-ἀκρίδω.

Κατάρβινός, ου, δ, ἡ, irriguus: well-watered. Εἰ δ' ἀμφὶ Θρήκην χυζὶν τὴν κατάρβινον Androm. 215. SYN. Διαβρῶχος.

Κατάρβωξ, ὦγδς, ἡ, præruptus: craggy. Philoct. 938. SYN. Ἀπορβῶξ, κρημνῶδης, κατὰκρημνός.

Καταρτίω, ὡσω, compono, instruo: to arrange, train, instruct. Καταρτίεται νόδς ἀνδρός Plat. Menon. 24. e Solon.

Κατάρχω, primus facio: to begin; med. Κατάρχωμαι, auspicio: to begin a sacrifice. Hec. 685. SYN. Ἀρχω, ἀπαρχόμαι.

Κατασβέννυμι, σέσω, extinguo, sedo: to extinguish, appease. Πῦρ κατασβέσας λαβρόν

Orest. 689. SYN. Σβέννυμι, ἀποσβέννυμι, κατὰπαύω.

Κατὰσείω, concutio: to shake down. Theoc. 21.42. SYN. Σείω, ἀποσείω, κατὰσείρω.

Κατὰσείω, or -σῖω, ruo, decido: to ruin, fall down. Κατὰσείω κατὰ βέθερα Φ. 382.

Κατὰσείω, marcescere facio: to cause or suffer to rot, to putrify. Κατὰ δὲ χρὸς πάντα σάπηνη T. 27. SYN. Σήπω, κατὰπνύω.

Κατασθαινώ, anhele: to snort at, to champ. Ὅς κατασθαινῶν μὲνι Sept. Th. 389. SYN. Ασθαινώ.

Κατὰσικέλιζω, Siculorum modo comedo: to devour like a Sicilian. Κατέσικέλιζε κανέπλητ' ἐν τῷ σκῳ Acharn. 911. See Σικέλια.

Κατὰσινάω. See Κατεκονάω.

Κατασκάπτω, diruo: to destroy. Ἐστία κατεσκάφη Hec. 22. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, ἀνίστημι, κατὰβάλλω, κατάρπτω.

Κατασκάφη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) specus: a cave dug out; (2) eversio: destruction. Ιαίου κατὰσκάφην Helen. 197. SYN. (1) Κεσμήν, ὄρυγμά, (2) ἀνίστασθαι, ἀρῶνις.

Κατασκάφης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, defossus; dirutus: dug out; undermined. Ὡς κατὰσκάφης Antig. 891. SYN. Ἀνάστατος, ὑπόγειος, κατὰγειός.

Κατασκέδάννυμι, σκεδῶω et σκεδῶ, dispergo: to scatter, spread. Av. 536. See above. SYN. Διασκέδῶ, ἀποσκέδάννυμι, διαλύω, κατάχηνω.

Κατασκελλω, exscisco: to wear away. Χρέα κατεσκελλοιτὸ P. V. 490. SYN. Κατὰσκήσκω, κατὰτάκωμαι.

Κατασκευή, ἡς, ἡ, apparatus: preparation, supply. Eur. Sup. 225. See below. SYN. Διασκευή, πάρασκευή, κατασκευασμὰ.

Κατασκηνώ, ἄνδς, τὸ, integumentum: a covering. Δροίτης κατὰσκηνώ Choe. 986. SYN. Σκέπας, παρὰπέτασμα, κάλυμμά, σκηνή.

Κατασκήτω, immitto; incumbo; urgeo, sc. precibus: to send down or on; to fall on; to urge strongly. Τίς κατέσκηπεν τύχη Æsch. Sup. 331. SYN. Σκήπτω, ἐπιρέδωμαι, διακέλειω.

Κατασκιῶ, Κατασκιῶ, umbro, obtego: to overshadow, cover. Ὡς καὶ κατασκιῶσι E. C. 406. See Σκιά. SYN. Σκιάω, σκιάω, κατὰκρύπτω.

Κατὰσκιός, ὄν, umbrosus, opacus: shady, gloomy. Sept. Th. 380. See above. SYN. Ασκιός, σκιδέω, κατὰπνύω.

Κατασκόπεω, observo, considero: to observe, remark. Helen. 1606. See below. SYN. Νέω, σκεπτόμαι, φιλάττω, δερκόμαι.

Κατασκόπη, ἡς, ἡ, speculatio: spying, exploring, examination. Πέμψον εἰς κατασκόπην Philoct. 45. SYN. Σκέψις, ἐρευνά, ἐξέτασις.

Κατὰσκόπος, ου, δ, explorator: a spy, scout. Bacch. 904. See above. SYN. Σκόπος, ἐφόρος, κατόπτης, κατόπτηρ, ἐποπτήρ.

Κατασχύω, lento igne comburo: to reduce to ashes, choke. Ὅς δὲ κατεσχύθη Theoc. 8.90. SYN. Σχύω, εκκαίω, κατὰκαίω.

Κατασπαράττω, dilacero: to tear to pieces. Eq. 728. See below, and Σπαράσσω. SYN. Σπαράττω, κατασχίζω, κατὰκόπτω.

Κατασπῶ, ἄσω, detraho, devoro, detorqueo: to draw down, swallow, wrench from. Δρέπῶν λαβού' ὅ τὸν κολίκας κατέσπῶσαν Ran. 576. SYN. Διασπῶ, ἀνασπῶ, ἀπαράσσω, κατάνω.

Κατασπείρω, spargo, genero: to sow the seeds

of, to produce. Μοὶ κατασπείρας φθίνεις Aj. 1005. SYN. Σπείρω, φύτεύω, φτεύω.

Κατασπένδω, σπείσω, libo, libamento perfundo: to pour libations down, to consecrate. Orest. 1186. See above. SYN. Σπένδω, ἀπαρχόμαι, κατάρχουμαι.

Κατασπέρχω, impello: to urge on. Καὶ κατὰσπέρχων δὲ Acharn. 1188. SYN. Σπέρχω, ἐπείγω, κατέπειρω, σπουδάζω, κατασπεύδω.

Κατασπῶδῶ, in pulverem dejicio; metaph. occido: to throw in the dust; to kill. Sept. Th. 809. See above. SYN. Πλήσσω, κύνω, κατὰχώννυμι.

Καταστάω, destillo: to drop down. Ὁ καταστάω δακρυ Hec. 759. SYN. Ἀποστάω, κατέβωμαι.

Κατάστασις, εὖς, ἡ, constitutio: situation, arrangement. Δηλὸς ἡν κατάστασις Med. 1194. SYN. Εὐταξία, κατὰβδῶ, διάταξις, σύστασις.

Καταστάτης, ου, δ, instaurator, ultor: an establisher, avenger. Soph. El. 73. Στα brevis, ut in κατάστασις.

Καταστῆλω, calcando tero: to tread down. Καὶ κατέστειψας πέδον E. C. 468. SYN. Στῆλω, ἐπιστείλω.

Καταστῆλλω, ἐλῶ, demitto, reprimō, compono, orno: to send down, repress, compose, adjust, settle. Περίβαλον καταστῆλ' Iph. A. 934.

Καταστῆνω, ingemo: to lament. Ευμφορὰς καταστῆναι Iph. A. 470. SYN. Στῆνω, ἀναστῆνω, στένῶ, οὐδύρομαι.

Καταστῆφης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, corona redimitus: covered with a garland, shaded. Trach. 178. See below. SYN. Στῆφανφωρός, κλαδὸς εξεστειμένος, πόλυστῆφης.

Καταστῆφω, coronō, cingo: to crown, cover. Καὶ καταστῆφω χερῶν Heracl. 227. SYN. Στῆφω, ἀνᾶδῶ.

Καταστηρίζω, firmiter infigo: to fasten down. Τρεῖς κατεστηρικμέναι Eur. fr. Thes. 5.9. SYN. Στηρίζω, ἐγγράφω.

Κατὰστικτός, ου, δ, ἡ, maculosus: spotted. Καὶ κατὰστικτὸς δόρᾳς Bacch. 696. SYN. Αἰδλός, βάλις.

Καταστίλω, relucere facio: to cause to glitter. Πρὶν κατὰστίλωσιν Hom. Hymn. 7.10. SYN. Ἀποστίλω, ἀποδλάμω.

Καταστῶρῶ, Καταστῶρῶνυμι, ἔσω, sterno, circumjicio: to strew, cover, throw over. Λέσσει κατεστῶρῶσαν μέγαλοισι Ω. 798. p. 32. SYN. Κατὰβδῶ, κατὰπαύω.

Καταστράπτω, fulgore illustro: to thunder and lighten. Διὸς κατὰστράπτοντὸς Trach. 437. SYN. Αστράπτω.

Καταστρέφω, subverto: to overturn, ruin. Τὴν νόσον καταστρέφον Hipp. 479. SYN. Κατὰβδῶ, καταστῶρῶ, ἀνάρπῳ, ἀπαλλάττωμαι, χειρῶ.

Καταστρέφῃ, ἡς, ἡ, catastrophe, subversio: an overthrow, ruin, end. Eur. Sup. 270. See above. SYN. Πέρᾳ, τέλευτῇ, τέλῳ, ἀνάρπῃ.

Καταστῶρῶνυμι, prosterno: to strike down, lay low. Δάμαρτ' ἀπὸ καὶ παύ' ἐνὶ κατέστρωσεν βέλει Hec. F. 999. SYN. See Καταστῶρῶ.

Καταστῶγῶ, abhorreo: to be horrified at, to detest. Κατὰ δ' ἐστῶγῶν αὐτὴν κ. 113. See Στῶγῶ. SYN. Ἀποστῶγῶ, ἐχθαίρω, ἀποέμῳ, ἀποτρεπῶμαι.

Καταστυφέλδς, ὄν, valde durus: very hard,

rugged. *Kātaσtūφέλων διά χάρων* Hes. Theog. 806. SYN. Στφφέλως, τηρηός.

*Kātaσtūμύλλωμαι*, delibero: to mouth at, to chat. *Ἡ κάτεστωμύμμεν* Ran. 1160. SYN. Στωμύλλω, φλδρῶν, φληνφῶν.

*Kātaσtūμαι*. See *Kātaσtū*.

*Kātaσφάττω*, *Kātaσφάξω*, interficio: to slay. *Εν πύρῳ κάτεσφάγη* Helen. 935. SYN. Σφάξω, σφάττω, κάτακτείνω, ἀναιρέω.

*Kātaσφραγίζω*, obsigno: to seal up. *Καὶ κάτεσφραγίσμενα* Eur. fr. Hypsip. 12. SYN. Σφραγίζω, ἀποσφραγίζω.

*Kātaσχέω*, pro *Kāteχw*, q. v.

*Kātaσχίζω*, diffindo: to break down, split asunder. Vesp. 239. See below. SYN. Ἀποσχίζω, κάταρρήννυμι.

*Kātaσχιδάξω*, otior, immoror: to loiter. *Kātaσχιδάξεν αὖθις* Philoct. 127.

*Kātaσtάνω*, *Kātaσtένω*, extendo; explico; impedio; nāvo: to stretch out, expand; to hinder; exert energy. *Κατὰ ἰσά μάχην ἐτα-νυσσέ* A. 336. Hec. 129. SYN. Εκπέτάννυμι, εκτείνω, συντείνω, κατένω, διατένω.

*Kātaσtένω*. See above.

*Kātaσtένω*, concido: to cut or tear down, mangle. Eur. El. 146. By Tmesis.

*Kātaσtήκω*, *Kātaσtήκωμαι*, colliquefacio; liqueo: to cause to melt; to melt. Theoc. 14. 26. SYN. Συντήκω, εκτήκω, συντήκωμαι.

*Kātaσtίθμι*, θήσω, depono: to lay down, deposit, place upon. Olymp. 6. 67. See *Tίθμι*. SYN. Ἀποτίθμι, παρτίθμι, καθίστημι, ἀποβάλλω.

*Kātaσtίλω*, stercore contamino: to bedaub, defile. *Κνηστίας σου κατὰτερίληκεν* πύθεν Ec. 330.

*Kātaσtόξω*, sagitta trajicio: to shoot or kill with an arrow. Nub. 944. SYN. *Kātaσtορνίζω*, *Kātaσtάλλω*.

*Kātaσtρέχω*, 2. a. *ἐδράμω*, decurro, invehor: to run down, invehor against. *Kātaσtράμοισά* τηρ δῶρον κ. τ. λ. Eccl. 961.

*Kātaσtρίβω*, ἱβῶ, attero: to wear down, to consume. *Δόρως ἀγῶν κατέρειβον* Theoc. 55. SYN. Ἀνὰτρίβω, διατρίβω.

*Kātaσtρίζω*, strido magnopere: to make a shrill noise. *Καὶ ἀπολλυμένους κατέρειζε* Ba-trach. 87. SYN. Τρίζω, βρυχῶ.

*Kātaσtρύχω*, exhaudio, affligo: to wear down, to oppress. *Τίς τὴν κατὰστρύχει* Theoc. 1. 78. SYN. Τρύχω, ἀπαντλέω.

*Kātaσtρώω*, rodendo consumo: to eat up, devour. *Σπῆκ κατὰστρώοντες* Theoc. 5. 115. γ. 315. SYN. *Kātaσtρώμι*, δαρδάρω, κατέδω, κάτεσθω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, eloquor: to speak out. Antig. 86. SYN. Εξαδῶω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, tibia modulor; inspiro: to play on the pipe; to inspire. Herc. F. 867. SYN. Επαυλῶ.

*Kātaσtῶωμαι*, castra metor, stationem habeo: to pitch one's tent, to lodge. Rhes. 518. SYN. Αὐλίζωμαι, ἀναπαύωμαι.

*Kātaσtῶω*, glorior: to be proud of. Pers. 358. SYN. Αὐχέω, ἐπαυχέω, εὐχέωμαι.

*Kātaσtῶω*, exhibeo: to display, declare, cause to appear. Nem. 10. 20. SYN. Φαίω, διαφαίω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, *ἐδς*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, manifestus: conspicuous. Antiph. 5. See below. SYN. Δηλός, ἐκδηλός, διαφανής.

*Kātaσtῶω*, manifeste: conspicuously, plainly. *Κάμοι δοκεῖ καὶ τὰλλὰ γ' εἶναι κατὰσtῶω* Eq. 943. SYN. Δηλός, διαφανής.

*Kātaσtῶω*, oisw, deorsum fero: to bring down, convey. Acharn. 955.

*Kātaσtῶω*, perugio: to flee to for refuge. Iph. A. 911. SYN. Κάτεκφεύγω, φεύγω, ἀποφεύγω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, aio, assentio: to say, assent to. E. R. 517. SYN. Φημί, ὁμολογέωμαι.

*Kātaσtῶω*, divulgo: to spread a report of. Olymp. 6. 93. SYN. Φημί, κατὰγγέλλω, ἀναγγέλλω, διαδῶω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, celeriter pervenio: to extend to, to pass quickly over. *Ἢν κατὰσtῶω* Eumen. 401. Φθα brevis, ut φα in φάτις, &c. Vide Butlerum de ipso verbo. SYN. Φθῶω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, corumpo: to corrupt, waste. *Ἦς ἐν μίᾳ πληγῇ κατέφθαρται πόλις* Pers. 256.

*Kātaσtῶω*, corumpo: to corrupt, waste. *Ἦς ἐν μίᾳ πληγῇ κατέφθαρται πόλις* Pers. 256.

*Kātaσtῶω*, consumo tabe; tabesco, intereo: to waste; to pine away. *Πενθῶν κατὰσtῶω* Alcest. 638. "The penult. of this word is long in Ionic, and short in Attic verse." Maltby.

*Kātaσtῶω*, concido: to cut or tear down, mangle. Eur. El. 146. By Tmesis.

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*Kātaσtῶω*, manifeste: conspicuously, plainly. *Κάμοι δοκεῖ καὶ τὰλλὰ γ' εἶναι κατὰσtῶω* Eq. 943. SYN. Δηλός, διαφανής.

*Kātaσtῶω*, oisw, deorsum fero: to bring down, convey. Acharn. 955.

*Kātaσtῶω*, perugio: to flee to for refuge. Iph. A. 911. SYN. Κάτεκφεύγω, φεύγω, ἀποφεύγω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, aio, assentio: to say, assent to. E. R. 517. SYN. Φημί, ὁμολογέωμαι.

*Kātaσtῶω*, divulgo: to spread a report of. Olymp. 6. 93. SYN. Φημί, κατὰγγέλλω, ἀναγγέλλω, διαδῶω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, celeriter pervenio: to extend to, to pass quickly over. *Ἢν κατὰσtῶω* Eumen. 401. Φθα brevis, ut φα in φάτις, &c. Vide Butlerum de ipso verbo. SYN. Φθῶω.

*Kātaσtῶω*, corumpo: to corrupt, waste. *Ἦς ἐν μίᾳ πληγῇ κατέφθαρται πόλις* Pers. 256.

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*Kātaσtῶω*, consumo tabe; tabesco, intereo: to waste; to pine away. *Πενθῶν κατὰσtῶω* Alcest. 638. "The penult. of this word is long in Ionic, and short in Attic verse." Maltby.

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push down, smite. *Ἡ δέσποθ' Ἐρμῆ τῆς Ὀφίας* κατέλασας Pax 711. SYN. Ἀπέλαυνω.

*Kāteλέγω*, redarguo: to find fault with, detect, disgrace. 1st. 3. 22. SYN. Ελέγω, εξελέγω.

*Kāteμπρήθω*, incendo: to consume with fire. Herc. F. 1142. SYN. Εμπρήθω, ἀνέκαω, κατέκαω, κατέφλεγω.

*Kāteναίρω*, interficio, corumpo: to slay, spoil. Antig. 871. SYN. Κάτακτείνω, διαφθείρω.

*Kāteνάρίζω*, occido, perdo: to kill, destroy. Choeph. 314. See *Ενάρίζω*. SYN. Κάτακτείνω, κατέναίρω, κάτασφάττω.

*Kāteνήνθω*, fluito super: to float on. Hom. H. in Cer. 279. Videsis Matthiae, Gr. Gr. § 232.

*Kāteνωπῶ*, in conspectu: in sight. Aeth. ἐπεὶ κατένωπῶ ἰδὼν O. 320.

*Kāteπάγω*, induco, invito: to introduce, supple, invite. Eq. 25. See *Ἄγω*. SYN. see *Ἐπάγω*.

*Kāteπέγω*, urgeo, laccio: to urge, harass. Ψ. 623. SYN. Ἐπέγω, κάτασπέρχω, ἐπιβλίβω.

*Kāteπω* (inus. in prae.), loquor: to speak. *Ἰσθὶ δὲ καὶ κατέπει'* Ion 1215.

*Kāteργάζομαι*, efficio, conficio, interficio: to effect, perform, kill. Herc. F. 150. SYN. Εργάζομαι, διαπραττόμαι, διαπνέομαι, ἀναιρέω, φνέω, κατὰφνέω.

*Kāteργάω*, et *Kāteργω*, veto, coërcio: to restrain, control. *Καὶ σπράττον κατεργάθω* Eumen. 569. Med. 1254. SYN. Ἀνείργω, ἀπείργω, κατέχω, χειρῶ.

*Kāteρέλκω*, scindo: to rend. Pers. 544. SYN. Ερέλκω, κατὰρρήννυμι, κάτασχιζέωμαι.

*Kāteρέπω*, dejicio: to throw down; to fall. Hec. 475. SYN. Ερέπω, κατὰπίπτω, κατὰβάλλωμαι.

*Kāteρένω*, eructo; efflo in: to belch upon; blow upon. Vesp. 1151. SYN. Ερένω.

*Kāteρέω*, teco: to cover, protect. Vesp. 1294. SYN. Ερέω, στέφανω.

*Kāteρέω*, Ion. fut., loquor, obloquor: to declare, denounce. Med. 1103. SYN. Κάτεπω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

*Kāteρητύω*, detineo, supprimo, impedio: to detain, suppress, prevent. *Κατέρητύον εν μέ-γαστοι* I. 461. SYN. Ερητύω, κατέχω, αντίχω, κατὰπίεω, συνθλίβω, κατὰθλίβω.

*Kāteρυκῶ*, aut. -κῶω, i. q. *Kāteρητύω*. *Μή μ' ἐβέλωντ' ἵεναι κατέρυκῶ* (alii κατέρυκῶν) Ω. 218.

*Kāteρύκω*, i. q. *Kāteρυκῶ*. *Ὅς εοσύνων κατέρυκῶ* O. 73.

*Kāteρύω*, deduco: to draw down. S. 151. See *Ερύω*. SYN. Ἀπέρω, ἀνάγω, καθελκύω.

*Kāteρύωμαι*, descendo, reddo: to come down; to be restored. Alcest. 370. SYN. Ἀνέρχωμαι, ἀπέρχωμαι, κατὰβαίνω, κατὰνταῖω, καθήκω.

*Kāteσθω*, deoro: to devour. Cycl. 341. See *Εσθω*. SYN. *Kāteσtῶω*, κατέδω.

*Kāteτυγῶ*, *ἀτὸς*, *τό*; *Kāteτυχῶ*, *ἡ*, *ἡ*, preces, imprecatio: a prayer, imprecation. Sept. Th. 706. Choeph. 470. SYN. Ευχῶ, κατὰρα, ἀρά.

*Kāteτυγῶ*, tranquillum reddo: to make calm. Apoll. 4. 1059. SYN. *Kāteτυγῶ*.

*Kāteυνάω*, et *Kāteυνῶω*, sopio: to lull to sleep. *Κατὰ δ' εὐνάσθ' πόντον* Ap. Rh. 1. 1155. *Kāteυνηθέντ᾽ ἰδῶν* δ. 414. SYN. *Kāteυνώωμαι*, ἀναπαύωμαι, κατὰκομίζω.



Κάτεντρέϊν, comparo, instruo: to arrange, provide. SYN. Εντρέπειν, κατάκοσμεν.

Κάτευχε. See Κάτευμα.

Κάτεχμαι, imprecor, opto, insulto: to pray against, wish, boast against. CE. R. 246. SYN. Εύχμαι, κατάραμαι, ἐπέχμαι, αυχέω.

Κατέφάλλομαι, contra irruo, desilio: to rush against, jump or spring from. Εξ ἵππων κατέπαλμηνος A. 94.

Κατέχω, Κἀτάσχω, Κἀτίσχω, et Κἀτασχεῶ, retineo, obtineo, circumdo: to retain, restrain, obtain, encompass. Eur. El. 1034. i. 122. Ψ. 321. B. 233. SYN. Ἀπέχω, κατέρκομαι, κατέρητω, καθέλω, κράτew, ὄχμαζω.

Κατηγόρεω, accuso, probo, queror de, reprehendo: to accuse, prove, complain of, reprove. Agam. 262. SYN. Ἀντιδίδμαι, ἐπατιδίδμαι, ἐγκάλλω, ἐλέγχω, μέμφομαι.

Κατήγυρος, ου, ὁ, accusator: an accuser. Trach. 816.

Κατήκωδς, ὄν, morigerus, attentus: obed'ent. Antig. 642. SYN. Εὐηκόδς, ὑπήκωδς, ευπειθής.

Κατήλας, ἴψος, ἡ, scala, tabulatum: a ladder, plank. Ἐπὶ τὴν κατήλας' εὐδὸς Ran. 573. SYN. Κλίμαξ.

Κατήλυσία, as, et Κατήλυσίς, ἔως, ἡ, descensus, profectio declivis: descent, return down. Κατήλυσίη Ζεφύρου Apoll. 4. 886. Simon. fr. 112. SYN. Κάθωδς, κατὰβασίς.

Κατήλω, declino: to bend down. Νέοθρεπτα κατήλωσιν ἐραζε Apoll. 3. 1400. On the quantity of the penult. of Κατήλω, see Ημύω. SYN. Ημύω, κατὰλύνωμαι, κατὰπτεω.

Κατήρως, ὄν, dependens, incubans: hanging down, hovering. Troad. 1080.

Κατηπίω, mitigo: to soften. Κατηπίωνον βάρειαι E. 417. SYN. Ηπίω, κατὰπράνω, κατὰκλινέω.

Κατηρέφης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, tectus; immanis: covered with a roof, shaded; huge. ε. 367. SYN. Ἐπηρεφής, κάλυπτος.

Κατήρης, ἔδς, bene aptatus; convolutus; gratus: well fitted; wrapped up; grateful. Iph. T. 1347. SYN. Εὐ ἀραρως, θυμήρης, ἀγάπη-τος.

Κατήρεια, as, ἡ, vultus demissus; pudor cum maiore: dejection; grief and shame. Κατη-φείν δὲ σοὶ αὐτῇ Γ. 51. SYN. Αἰσχρὸς, αἰσχύνη, δνειδὸς.

Κατηρέω, et Κατηφίω, vultu sum demisso: to be downcast, to be cast down with shame. Med. 1008. Apoll. 3. 123. SYN. Ασχάλλω.

Κατηρής, ἔδς, tristis: having downcast looks, sad. Orest. 872. SYN. Σκυθρωπὸς, ἀθυμὸς, στυγνὸς.

Κατήρων, ὄνδς, qui dedecori est, infamis: who brings shame, infamous. Κάκᾱ τέκνᾱ κατήφονες Ω. 253. SYN. Στυγροί, δειλοί.

Κατηρής, ἔδς, sonorus: sounding, murmuring. Theoc. 1. 7. SYN. Ευκελᾶδς.

Κατιάπτω, dejicio, lædo: to beat down, tear, disfigure. Κατὰ χρῶᾱ κἀνδὶν ἰάπτω B. 376. SYN. Ἰάπτω, βλάπτω, ἀνιάω, διαφείρω.

Κατίσμι, scio: to know. CE. R. 926. See Ἰσμι. SYN. Εἶδω, ἐπιστάμαι, γιγνώσκω.

Κατισχυαίνω, attenuo: to cause to pine away. Call. Ep. 48. SYN. Ισχυαίνω, κατὰναλίσκω.

Κατισχύω, invalesco, prævaleo: to grow strong. CE. C. 360. See Ισχύω. SYN. Ισχύω, κράτύνωμαι, κράτew, δυνάμει.

Κατίσχω. See Κάτέχω.

Κατοικέω, habito: to inhabit. Helen. 1651. SYN. Οικέω, ἐνοικέω, ναίω, ναίεσθαι, ἐνοίω.

Κατοικίω, habitare facio: to establish a colony, place, plant. P. V. 258. SYN. Οικέω, εγκατοικίω, κατὰναίω, καθίστημι.

Κατοικὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, incola: an inhabitant. Agam. 1257. Ἑνοικὸς, ἐννός.

Κατοικτεῖω, et Κατοικτίω, misereor: to pity. Iph. A. 1246. Eumen. 121. SYN. Οικτεῖω, ἐποικτεῖω, ἐλεᾶρω.

Κατοίμωζω, defleo: to deplore. Androm. 1148. SYN. see Θρηνέω et Ομώζω.

Κατοινὸς, ὄν, ebrius: in wine, intoxicated. Ion 555. SYN. Ουνθᾶρής, ουνθᾶρῶν, παρ-οινὸς, παρ-οινίος, παρ-οινικός, μεθύσος. Pinn. Ὑπερπλησθής, μέθης.

Κατόκνέω, pigritia aut metu negligo; piget me; timeo: to hesitate; to be reluctant; to fear. Σὺ δ' αὖ κατόκνεις τὸν Διὸς τ' ἐχθρῶν ὑπερ P. V. 67. SYN. Οκνέω, δυσχεραίνω, ἀμυχανέω.

Κατόλδύζω, lamentor: to implore aloud, to lament. Agam. 1087. SYN. Ολδύζω, ἀν-δλδύζω, θρηνέω, κωκίζω, ἀλδλᾶζω.

Κατόλδφύρομαι, deplo-ro: to mourn over. Orest. 333. See Ολδφύρομαι. SYN. Ολδφύρομαι, οικτίζομαι, οικτεῖω, ἀποκλαίω, ἀνᾶκωκίω, κατόδφύρομαι, κατὰθρηνέω.

Κατόμνημι, ὀμσω, dejero; juramento me obli-go: to swear; bind one's self by an oath. Iph. T. 791. SYN. Ὀμνημι, δίδμνημι.

Κατόνημι, gratificor: to benefit, gratify. Σαυτὴς κατόνηαὶ ἀντιδιδῶ σε Eccl. 917. SYN. Ὀνημι, ωφέλῶ, χραίσμεω.

Κατοζῶς, εἶδ, ὅ, peracutus: very sharp, shrill, piercing. Vesp. 471. See Οζῶς. SYN. Οζιτά-τος, οζὺς, σφόδρως.

Κατόπαζω, persequor, depello: to pursue, drive away. Hes. Op. 322. SYN. Μετέρχομαι.

Κατόπιω, aspicio, exploro, animadverto: to behold, explore, consider. Aj. 829.

Κατόπτης, ου; Κατοπτήρ, ἦρδς, ὁ, oculatus testis, explorator: an eye-witness, spy. Helen. 1174. Sept. Th. 36. SYN. Σκόπος, ἐπόπτης, ἐποπτήρ, κατὰσκοπὸς, δῆατης.

Κατόπτομαι, conspicio: to see. Hec. 45. SYN. Ὀρᾶω, βλέπω, κατὰβλέπω, καθάρω, εἶδω.

Κατοπτρὸς, et Κατόπρις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus: conspicuous. Agam. 298. Hipp. 30. SYN. Απεινὸς, ἐποπτός, ἀποπτός.

Κατοπτρὸν, ου, τὸ, speculum: a mirror. Eur. El. 1071. SYN. Ἑνοπτήρ, εἰσποτήρ, εἰσπο-τήρ. Εριπ. Λαμπρὸν, ἀντιπέπν, ἀρρυφέν. Pinn. Χρυσὸν ἐνοπτήρ ἀτέρμηνος αργαί Hec. 911.

Κατορθώω, erigo; dirigo; bene aut fauste aliquid gero: to erect; set aright; perform well or successfully. CE. C. 1487. SYN. Ἀνορθώω, ἀπευθύνω, εντρέπειν.

Κατόρσσω, perfodio, obruo: to dig down, hide in the ground. Eur. 475. SYN. Κάτα-σκάπτω, κατὰχώννυμι, κατὰθάπτω.

Κατούλας, ἄδς, ἡ, spissa nox: a dark night. Cf. Brunck. Lex. Soph. Κάτουλαδᾶ κυκλή-σκουσι Apoll. 4. 1695.

Κατορεύω, permingo: to make water upon. Eccles. 827. SYN. Ουρέω, ἐπορεύω.

Κατορίζω, vento secundo vela expando, felicitate appello: to sail with the wind, arrive prosperously. Trach. 840.

Κατόρχεις, ἔως, ὁ, repagulum: a fastener, bar. Call. 2. 6. SYN. Βάλεις.

Κατόρχεις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, correptus, occupatus: detained by, engaged in, seized. Pers. 228. SYN. Ληπτὸς.

Κατόψιος. See Κατοπτρὸς.

Καττομά, ἄτδς, τὸ, coria duriora, solea: a shoe, strong leather, shoe. Δυσμένη καττομάτα Vesp. 1160.

Καττίω, consuo: to sew, mend. Τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῦθ' ὅθεν πάλαι καττίεται Eq. 314. SYN. Καταράπτω, ἐπιβάλλω, συντίθημι.

Κάτω, compar. κατωτέρω, infra, deorsum: down, below. Χάρει κάτω σκέλη δὲ κίρκωσον βίη P. V. 74. Ran. 70. SYN. Ὑποκάτω, ἐνερθε.

Κατώθεν, Κάτωθι, ex infra, from below. Herc. F. 1231. See above.

Κατωκάρα, in caput: down on the head. Κατωκάρα βίβας με Pax 152. SYN. Πρητή, ὑπὶ τῶς.

Κατωμάδιος, ὄν, ad humerum, ab humero: raised to the shoulder, highly raised. Κάτωμά-διος πέλομαι Ψ. 431.

Κατωμάδων, humeris: across the shoulders. Ἐλαυνέ κατωμάδων οἱ δὲ οἱ ἵπποι Ψ. 500.

Κατωνάκη, ἡ, vestis servilis vellere subsuta infra: a garment worn by a slave and bordered with sheepskin. Κάτωνάκη τὸν χοῖρον ἀπὸ τέ-τιμῆνας Eccles. 724.

Κάτωρ, vox perquam suspecta, occurrit in Hom. Hymn. G. 55. Θάρσει δὲ κάτωρ τῷ ἐμῷ κέχαρσμεν δρυμῷ. Explicatur princeps, a ruler; sed vide omnino Valpianum ed. Stephani Thes. col. 1040. et 4669, ubi variae obferuntur conjecturae.

Κατωρύχης, ἔδς; Κατάρυξ, ὕχδς, defossus; immanis: deep dug, or deep sunk, under ground; massy. Ῥυτῶσιν λασσὸς κατωρύχης P. V. 461. Κατάρυξ, ἡ, is used as a subst. Hec. 988.

Κατωφάγας, ὁ, qui demisso capite edit: a glutton. Κατωφάγας τις ἄλλος Av. 290. SYN. Ἀδφάγος.

Καυάγγυμι, frango: to split. Ἀξιδᾶ καυάξαι Hes. Op. 693.

Καυή, ἡκὸς, ὁ, larus: a sea-gull. Ἑνδοὶ καυήκς Call. fr. 167.

Καυκάσος, ου, ὁ, Caucasus: a ridge of mountains. Πρὶν ἂν πρὸς αὐτὸν Καυκάσον μολὴς ὄρῶν Pr. V. 744. Ep. Αιπής, ἡλίεπτος, εσχάτεις, ηνέμεις, νίφεις, ὕψιστος. Pinn. Χθόνος τή-λουρον πέδον, ἀβᾶτος ἐρημία, ἀπάνθρωπος πάγος, δυσχείμερος φάραγξ, ἀτερπὴς πέτρα.

Καυκόνες, αν, οἱ, Caucones: inhabitants of Peloponnesus; inhabitants of Paphlagonia. K. 439. T. 366.

Καυλὸς, οὐ, ὁ, (1) caulis; id in planta, quod supra terram simpliciter assurgit: the stalk of a plant; (2) pars telli, manubrium: the handle of a spear; (3) planta: colewort. Ὅπταν χασμαὶ καὶ τοὺς καυλοὺς Eq. 824. SYN. Ρίζα; (2) κόμη.

Καυμά, ἄτδς, τὸ, astus, incendium: scorching heat. E. 869. SYN. Αἶψος, δάλπος, θερμότης. Ep. Αζάλεον, αἰθάλειν, θεσπέσιον, δύσαε, λάθρον, διφάλεον.

Καννάκη, ἡ, ἡ, lana, lodix: a kind of gar-

ment. Δίκαιότερον γ' ἡ καννάκη ἐχ' ὦ ἡδὲ Vesp. 1149.

Κανστειρὸς, ἡ, ὄν, ardens, fervens: burning, raging. M. 316. SYN. Αἶθων, θερμὸς.

Κανστὸς, ὄν, adustus: burnt, seared. Cycl. 626.

Καύστριος, et Καύστριος, ου, ὁ, Cayster: a river in Asia Minor. Ασιῶν ἐν λειμῶνι Καύστριος ἀμφὶ βέεθρα B. 461. Anacr. 172. 8.

Καντήρ, ἦρδς, ὁ, ustor: one who burns. Pyth. 1. 185.

Κανυᾶμαι, glorior: to boast, glory. Theoc. 5. 7. SYN. Αυχέω, μεγἀλληγόρεω, μεγἀλαυχέω.

Καύχη, ἡς, ἡ; Καύχημα, ἄτδς, τὸ; jactatio: boasting, glory. Nem. 9. 17. Isthm. 5. 65. SYN. Αυχὴ, αὐχνημᾶ, ἀλαζονεμᾶ.

Κάφεω, inus, spiro: to gasp, pant. Δάμωσθ κέκαφθῶτα θυμὸν ε. 468. SYN. Εκπνέω.

Κάχάζω, ἔω, Dor. ἔω, cachinnor: to laugh heartily. Μεγὰ τοῦτ' ἐκχαζέω Theoc. 5. 142. SYN. Κατάγῃλω.

Καχέταιρεια, as, ἡ, malum consortium: evil communication. Εκ καχέταιρεις κἀκὰ γίγνεται Theog. 1171.

Καχλάζω, strepito, resono: to rattle, resound. Πᾶν καχλάζον ποτιφ φυσημάτι Hipp. 1211. Vile de hac voce Blomf. Gloss. ad S. Theb. 110. SYN. Ηχέω, ψέφω, δουπέω, ἀναξέω.

Καχρύς, ὄδς, ἡ, hordeum in furno tostum: roasted barley. Ὀσπερ καχρύων διττόνιν ευωχη-μένον Vesp. 1306.

Κεᾶδης, ου, ὁ, Ceades: the son of Ceas. Διο-τρεφὸς Κεᾶδιο B. 847.

Κεᾶζω, findo: to cleave, cut. Τυτθᾶ βάλων κεᾶσαι μ. 388. SYN. Σχίζω, βήγγυμι, διά-τέμνω.

Κεᾶρ, τὸ, cor: the heart. Med. 399. SYN. see Κῆρ.

Κεᾶλή, ἡς, ἡ, caput: the head. Ἀμφὶ δὲ κεᾶλήν Call. fr. 140.

Κεᾶλήπυρις, ἔως, ἡ, avis quādam: a red-headed bird. Νέρτδς ἱερά φάττα κόκκω ἐρ-θρῶπος κεᾶλήπυρις Av. 304.

Κεβρίδης, ου, ὁ, Cebriones: a natural son of Priam. Κεβρίδης δ' ἐκείλευσεν Θ. 318. Ep. Δαίφρων, ἦρως, μεγἀθυμὸς, Πριάμειδης.

Κεγχρεᾶ. See Κερχενεᾶ.

Κεγχρίς. See Κερχηνίς.

Κεγχρύς, ου, ὁ, milium: millet. Hes. Scut. 398.

Κεγχρώματα, αν, τὰ, foramina clypeorum: small holes in the shield, through which a warrior viewed his opponent. Phoen. 1408.

Κεᾶζω, Κεᾶίω, dissipo: to scatter, rout. O. 328. Apoll. 2. 627. SYN. Σκεᾶζω, διά-μερίζω, διάλλω.

Κεᾶίω. See above.

Κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, venerandus, carus, sollicitus: venerable, estimable, dear, anxious. Νὰς κεδ-νὸν οἰακοστρόφον Med. 523. SYN. Ἀγνός, σεμ-νός, φρονίμὸς, συνέτδς, σάφρων, ἰφθίμὸς, ἀγᾶδς, ἀγανός.

Κεδρίνδς, Κεδρωτδς, ἡ, ὄν, cedrinus: of cedar. Κεδρίνδς ὑψόροφον Ω. 192. Orest. 1377.

Κεδρίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, fructus cedri: a cedar-berry. Κᾶθ' ὁ μὲν ἐτρίβεν κεδρίδας ἀηθρον σφᾶκον Thesm. 486.

Κεδρός, ου, ἡ, cedrus: a cedar tree. Καὶ μνημᾶ δέειθ' ἐν κεδρον τέχναμάτα Orest. 1052. Ep. Ἡδεῖα, ἀζάλεα, ἐνώδης, περίμης, χλδέρα.

Κεῖρατος. See Κεῖρινος.  
Κεῖθεν, illinc: from thence. Orest. 842. SYN. Εκείθεν, ἐκεῖθεν, ἐκεί, ἐκεῖ, αὐτοῖ.  
Κεῖθι, illic: there. Vesp. 751.  
Κεῖμαι, et Κέδμαι, jaceo, positus sum, existo, constitutor: to lie down, to be deposited, to exist, to be enacted. Hec. 293. X. 510. SYN. Ἀνάκειμαι, κατάκειμαι, κέσκμαι.  
Κεμῆλιν, οὐ, τὸ, supellex deposita: a store, treasure, memorial. Εἰσὶ μοι κειμήλια Heracl. 591.

Κεῖνός, pro ἐκεῖνός, q. v. Hec. 625.  
Κεῖνός, pro κένός, q. v.  
Κεῖος, α, ὅν, Ceus: of Ceos. Call. fr. 77.  
Κεῖρια, ας, ἡ, fascia lecti, instita: a bed-girth made of rushes. Av. 815. P. brevis, ut in ταῖα. SYN. Σπαργάνων.

Κεῖρῶλος, οὐ, ὅ, See Κήρυκός.  
Κεῖρω, tondeo, abscondo, depascor: to shear, cut off, eat away. Orest. 452. SYN. Ἀποκείρω, κατάκειρω, ἀποκοροῶ, ἐξέρω, κουρίζω, σχίζω. P. Πη. Σιδῶρον ἐπὶ κάρῃ τιθεῖσά κοῦριον Orest. 955.  
Κεῖσέ, illuc; illic: thither; there. Bacch. 190.

Κεῖω, Κέω, decumbere cupio: to desire to lie down. ξ. 425. η. 342. SYN. Κοιμάμαι.  
Κεκλήγω, clangor: to shout, howl. Οἱ μὲν κεκλήγοντες ξ. 30. SYN. see Κλάω.

Κεκλῆμν, α. 2. a κέλμαι, hortor, convoco, pomino: to recommend, summon, to give name to. Κεκλήτῳ καὶ ὃ ἄρ' ἀλλήλοισαν Z. 287. SYN. Κέλμαι, κέλευω, παρὰκάλω, ἐπὶκαλέμαι.

Κέκραγμαι, ἄνός, τό; Κέκραγμός, οὐ, ὁ, clamor, vociferatio: a bawling. Pax 637. ΑΛΛ' ἐν-κώμην κέκραγμου τὸ πᾶν γὰρ δεῖνόν κἀκόν Iph. A. 1357. SYN. Αὐνή, βοή, ἀλάλαγμός, κραυγή.

Κέκρακτες, οὐ, ὁ, clamator, clamorosus: a bawler. Eq. 304. See above.

Κέκραζιδάμας, αντός, ὁ, ante alios clamorosus: one who outbawls others. Αυτός δ' ὁ Κλέων ὁ κέκραζιδάμας Vesp. 596.

Κέκροπις, οὐ, ὁ; Κέκροπις, ἰδός, ἡ; Κέκροπιός, α, ὅν, Cecropius, Atheniensis: Athenian. Κέκροπιθὶ κἀκούουε Eq. 1055. Av. 1407. Hipp. 34.

Κέκροφ, ὀπός, ὁ, Cecrops: a king of Athens, and originally an Egyptian emigrant. Χώραν τέ πᾶσαν Κέκροπος ἡ μ' ἐδέξατο Plut. 773.

Κέκρυφάλος, οὐ, ὁ, reticulum: a hood, cowl. Κέκρυφάλου δει καὶ μίτρας ἦδὲ μὲν οὖν Thesm. 257. The antepulch of this word is short in Homer, where it occurs only once, X. 469.: but long in Aristophanes, here and v. 145. SYN. Κρήδεμνον, ταῖα.

Κελαδενός, Κελαδενός, ἡ, ὅν, obstreperus, tumultuosus: clamorously, noisy, resounding. Χρυσολάκτος Κελαδενή T. 70. Isthm. 4. 14. SYN. Ηχηεῖς.

Κελαδῶ, Κελαῶ, strepo, celebros: to ring, resound, celebrate. Phoen. 1118. Σ. 376. See below. SYN. Βρυχάμαι, δονεῖω, θύρεθω, ηχέω.

Κελαδῆμα, ἄνός, τό; Κελαδός, οὐ, ὁ, tumultuatio: a ringing murmur, sound. Κάλιστον κελαδῆμα Phoen. 223. Pers. 394. SYN. Ἀραγμός, θορύβος, ηχώ, ἀνὰκλάδω.

Κελαδῆτις, ἰδός, ἡ, celebratrix: warbling. Nem. 4. 140.

Κελαδός. See Κελαδῆμα.

Κελαῶ. See Κελαδῶ.

Κελαυεγῆς, ἑός, qui nigram et funestam habet hastam: having a black spear, blood-shedding. Nem. 10. 158.

Κελανέφης, ἑός, nubium obfuscator, niger: spreading black clouds, black. Pyth. 4. 93.

Κελαυόρωτος, ὅν, devoratus, ideoque niger factus: having turned black from being eaten off. Κελαυόρωτον ἦπαρ P. V. 1060.

Κελαυόμαι, nigresco: to turn black. Choeph. 407. SYN. Τάρασσμαι.

Κελαυός, ἡ, ὅν, niger: black, dark. A. 746. SYN. Μέλας, μέλαμβάφης, ορφναῖος, σκότεῖνος, Κελαυόφης, ἑός, niger, obscurus: black, gloomy. Ran. 1331. Φα brevis, ut in φᾶς. SYN. Ορφναῖος, αἰθωφ.

Κελαυόφρων, ὀνός, qui nigra agit consilia: dark-minded, cruel. Eumen. 462. O communis, ut a in ἄφρων. SYN. Δολιόφρων.

Κελαυνόπτης, οὐ, Κελαυνή, ὀπός, ὁ, ἡ; Κελαυνόπτης, ἰδός, ἡ, nigro vultu praeclatus, saevus, insidiosus: black-faced, cruel, insidious. Aj. 954. Pyth. 4. 376. 1. 13. SYN. Δολιός.

Κελαρύω, cum strepitu fluo: to murmur, trickle. Κάτειθόμενον κελαρύσεν Theoc. 7. 137. SYN. see Κελαδῶ.

Κελεθῆ, ης, ἡ, patella: a wooden bowl. Theoc. 2. 2.

Κελεόντες, οἱ, pedes textorii mali, e quibus stamina deducuntur: the lower beams of the loom, to which the warp is attached. Theoc. 18. 34.  
Κελευθόποιος, οὐ, ὁ, viam excindens: way-making. Eumen. 13.

Κελευθός, οὐ, ἡ, plur. Κελευθοί, αἱ, et Κελευθᾶ, αὐ, τὰ, via: a way, course, voyage, clime. Helen. 867. SYN. Ὀδός, ὁδισμῶ, ἀτράπος, οἰμός. Er. Ἄλῖα, δοχμία, τέτραπος, ευθεῖα, ἀφός, ασφάλῃς, μακρά, ἀθέος, ευρώεσσά, πέρδεσσά, ιχθύεσσά, λαυήρα, ὑγρὰ, ευρεῖα, αὐνῇ, αστῆρεσσά, ἀβάτος, βάθειά, δολιχῇ, ευρυχόρος, κρύεσσά, ὀλδή, ποντοπόρος, στεῖνῃ, τηλεπόρος, ὀρθῇ, σχιστῇ, πότνιας, λαοφόρος.

Κελευσμά, ἄνός, τό; Κελευσμός, οὐ, ὁ, hortamentum, mandatum: an exhortation, a command. Hec. 917. Bacch. 1078. SYN. Πρόσταγμα, εντόλη, ένταλμα, ἐφέμῃ, νουθέμῃ, παράγγελμα, παρὰκλειςμα.

Κελευστής, οὐ, ὁ, hortator: one who gives a signal to the rowers. Helen. 1575.

Κελευτῶω, jubeo, hortor: to order, call to, exhort, encourage. Κελευτῶντων ἐπὶ πύργων M. 265. SYN. Εγκλέωω, κέλμαι, διατάττω, ὀτρύνω, ἀνάγω, ἐπὶτρίνω.

Κέλῃς, ητος, ὁ, equus desultorius; celox: a riding-horse; a yacht. Lysist. 60.

Κέλῃσις, equito: to ride on horseback. Vesp. 501.

Κέλω, appello: to bring a ship to land, to moor. Iph. A. 167. SYN. Κάταρῶ, ὀκέλω.

Κέλωμαι, jubeo, hortor: to order, encourage, recommend. I. 513. SYN. Κελεύω, παρὰκλάμαι, πρότρεπω.

Κελτός, ἡ, ὅν, Celticus: of the Celts, Celtic. Call. 4. 173.

Κελύφῃς, ἡ; Κελύφός, τὸ, putamen; navigium: a shell, husk; a small boat. Αντωμοῖσιν κελύφῃ Vesp. 545., agreeing with the preceding εν ταῖσιν ὁδοῖς ἀπώσαι. "Jacobs. Anth. 8. 407. 9. 67. Κελύφουσι Opp. K. 3. 503. αἱ κελύφουσι." Steph. ed. Valp. col. 4740. SYN. Φλοιός.

Κελαρ, ὀρός, ὁ, legatus: one commanded by an oracle, a delegate. Androm. 1032.

Κεμάς, ἄδός, ἡ, hinnulus cervi: a young fawn. "H κεμάδ' ἡ λαῶν K. 361. SYN. Δορκάς, νεβρός. Er. Ἰκτύπος.

Κεναγῆς, ἑός, vasa exhauriens: vessel-exhausting. Agam. 181.

Κεναυρία, ας, ἡ, viorum penuria: want of men. Pers. 736. See Ευανδρία.

Κεναυρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vacuus: deprived of its inhabitants. Pers. 123. SYN. Ἐρημός ανδρῶν.

Κένεαυχῃς, ἑός, vana jactans: vainly boasting. Θ. 230. SYN. Ἀλάζων.

Κένεβριά, οὐ, τὰ; κρέας κένεβριδων s. κένεβριδων, carnes morticinae: carrion. Αυτῶν ὥσπερ κένεβριον (parcemia) Av. 538. Αἱ κένεβριων. Κένεός, Κένος, ἰον. Κενός, ἡ, ὅν, inanis: hollow, empty, vain. α. 214. Hec. 230. Apoll. 1. 103. SYN. Διακένος, ἀμοιρός, μάταιος, ἐλάφρος, κοῦφος, ἀλῖος.

Κένεφρων, Κένωφρων, ὀνός, stultus: hollow-minded, foolish. Δήμω κένεφρονί Theog. 845. P. V. 787.

Κένων, ὀνός, ὁ, venter: the belly. Π. 821. SYN. Λάπαρ, γυάλων, ἰξός. Er. Μέσος.

Κένως. See Κένος.

Κένωτάφειω, honorario tumulo decoro: to raise a tomb in honour of a person buried elsewhere. Σωθησάμεσθαι κένωτάφουντ' ἐμὸν δέμας Helen. 1059.

Κένωφρων. See Κένεφρων.

Κένωω, exinatio: to empty, desert. Androm. 1127. SYN. Ἀπαντῶω, εκκένωω, ἐξέρω.

Κενταυρεῖος, ὅν, Centaureus: of the Centaurs. Iph. A. 706.

Κενταυρικῶς, more Centaurorum: Centaur-like. Ὡς Κενταυρικῶς Ran. 38. SYN. Ἀκρόμας, ἀγροῖκος.

Κενταυροπληθῆς, ἑός, Centaurorum plenus: full of Centaurs. Κενταυροπληθῆ πολλέμων ουκ ἐξήνσα Herc. F. 1264.

Κένταυρος, οὐ, ὁ, Centaurus: a Centaur. Herc. F. 180. Er. Ἄγριος, ὀρενός, ὠμόφάγος, ἀγᾶκλῆτος, διφύης, ἀμκτός, ὕβριστής, ἀνός, ἱπέρχους βίαν, οὐδὲβάρης.

Κέντω, pungo, stimulo: to goad, pierce, stab, spur on. Hec. 387. SYN. Νύσσω, κἀθῆλω, κνίζω, παρόξυνω. P. Πη. Κέντρω πλήσσω.

Κεντρηνέικης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, stimulis agitatus: urged on by the goad. Θ. 396.

Κεντροδολιότης, οὐ, ὁ, qui pungendo noxam adfert: injuring with the goad, piercing. Aesch. Sup. 572.

Κέντρον, οὐ, τὸ, stimulus; calcar; centrum: a prick, sting; a spur; a point. Herc. F. 1279. SYN. Πληκτῶν, μόνωφ. Er. Σιθρέων, κἀκόν, αλγινόν, αργᾶλῶν, γλυκίπικρον, ἡδὲ, δερμὸν, ἰδεῖς, κέλαυν, κρύφιν, οἶζ, πευκεδάνων, σκληρὸν, φρένθελγες, φοιτάλειω.

Κέντρον, αντός, ὁ, qui verberare dignus est: a thief or rogue, who was pricked with a goad in order to compel him to tell the truth. Plut. 449.

Κέντωρ, ὀρός, ὁ, stimulator: one who uses the whip, a driver. E. 102. SYN. Πληξίππος, ἡνιόχης, ἡνιόχος.

Κέωμαι. See Κεῖμαι.

Κεφός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) procellaria: a sea-mew, pewet; (2) fatuus, stolidus: a silly fellow. Plut. 912. SYN. (1) Λάρος, (2) ευτέλης, ἄλός.

Pros. Lex.

Κεράελης, ἑός, qui cornibus trahit: dragging with horns. Κεράελης αἱ μὲν ἄρσται Call. 3. 181.

Κεράζω, cornibus dissipo, vasto: to butt, destroy. Εὐνὰς δανάτους κεράζομενας Alcest. 907. SYN. Ἀλῖα, παρθῶ, διαπάζω, πέρθω.

Κεράρω, Κεράω, misceo: to mix. I. 203. Πολλὰ κερῶντας ω. 363. Θυμῆρες κέρσασσά κατὰ κ. 362. SYN. Ἀνὰκέρωννμῃ, κίρνημῃ, κῆκω, μίγνμῃ, ἀναφύρω.

Κεράσις, οὐ, ὁ, vastator: a devastator. Διαπύρσιον κεράσιστην Hom. Merc. 336. SYN. Πορθῆτης, λυμάντηρ, κέρσος.

Κεράμεικος, οὐ, ὁ, Ceramicus: a place in Athens, where those who died in battle were buried. Ἐλκόμην es Κεράμεικόν Eq. 772.

Κεράμεις, ἑός, ὁ, figulus: a potter. Χαλκῆς κεράμης σκύλλοδῆσαι Av. 491.

Κεράμειω, fingo: to work as a potter, to mould. Eccles. 253. See above. SYN. Πλάσσω, κατεργάζομαι.

Κεράμικος, Κεράμικος, α, ὅν, fictilis: earthen, made of clay. Τρὸχῳ γὰρ ἐλάθεις κεράμικῆς ῥύμης ἀπο Eccles. 4. Hom. Hymn. 17. 4.

Κεράμῖς, ἰδός, ἡ; Κεράμῖς, οὐ, ὁ, tegula; vas fictile; carcer: a tile; an earthen vessel; a prison. Ἐπὶ τῶν κεράμῖδων Ἡλιάσσης ὀρθίας Vesp. 216. Acharn. 906. SYN. Πίθος, ἀγ-γείον, γείσων.

Κεράξος, ὅν, poliens cornua: a polisher of horns, maker of bows. Κεράξος ἥραρ τέκτων Δ. 110.

Κεράς, Κεράσφορος, Κερόφορος, et Κεράσσης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ; Κεράσσης, ἑός; Κεράσσης, ὅν; Κε-ρέις, εὐσά, ἐν, Κερούχῃς, et Κεράσσης, ἰδός, ἡ, cornutus, corniger: horned, horn-bearing. Κε-ράλ τελέθουσι δ. 85. Phoen. 255. Bacch. 690. Soph. El. 570. Call. 2. 90. Eur. El. 723. Theoc. 5. 145. P. V. 695. SYN. Ευκέ-ρας, πδλῆκερας.

Κεράς, ατός, τὸ, cornu: a horn. Αυτὰρ ἐγὼν κεράς ὕγρον ἐλῶν Theoc. 25. 206. The quantity of the penult. of κεράς in the genitive and dative singular, and nominative, genitive, and accusative, dual and plural, is long only as being formed from κεράστος, κεράστί, &c. So the nom. and acc. plur. of γέρας have the last syllable long by contraction, γεράτα=γέρα=γέρα. See Brunck's note, Bacchae, v. 909. SYN. Τόξον. Er. Αὐνὸν, δολιχὸν, κράτερον, ζεστόν.

Κεράσσης, οὐ, ὁ; Κεράσσης, ἰδός, ἡ. See Κε-ράς.

Κεράσφορος. See Κεράς.

Κεράτῶδης. See Κεράς.

Κεραυνός, α, ὅν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fulmineus, fulmine ictus: of a thunderbolt, struck by a thunderbolt. Μνημᾶ τῆς κεραυνίου Bacch. 6. SYN. Εμβρόντητος.

Κεραυνόβλητος, Κεραυνός, fulmino, fulmine percuto: to hurl a thunderbolt, to strike with lightning. Call. Ep. 20. Hes. Theog. 858. SYN. Σκῆπτω.

Κεραυνόβλος, οὐ, ὁ, qui fulminat: thundering. Bacch. 588.

Κεραυνόβροντης, οὐ, ὁ, fulmen et tonitru edens: sending thunder and lightning. Pax 375. SYN. Κεραυνός.

Κεραυνός, οὐ, ὁ, fulmen: a thunderbolt. Ξ. 417. SYN. Σκηπτῶς, ἀστράψῃ. Er. Αἰθάλεις, ἀκᾶματος, κράτερος, κρανῶς, μέλερος, ὀλός, πυμφόρος, στῆνους, σμερδάλεις, ψόλεις. P. Πη.

Κεραυνίδον βέλδς, πτερόφρον Δῖος βέλδς, κεραυνίδον πτερόφρον.

Κεραυνόφάης, εὖς, in modum fulminis coruscans: like lightning. Troad. 1105. Φα brevis, ut in φάδς.

Κεραυνόω. See Κεραυνόβλητος.

Κεράω. See Κεραίρω.

Κεράωδης. See Κεράωδς.

Κερέρος, ου, δ, Cerberus: Pluto's three-headed dog. Ran. 111. Ερ. Ἀμχάωνδς, ου φάτειδς, τρικρανός, ωμιοστής, πεντηκοντάκρηνος, ἀναυδής, κράτερος. P.H. Τρίσωμάτος κύων. See E. C. 1568. et Trach. 1100.

Κεράωω, ἀνῶ, lucrari: to gain, acquire. Iph. T. 1035. S.V. Κεράωω ποῶ, φέρω, καρπούμαι, καρπίζομαι.

Κεράλεις, α, ὄν; Κεράλεις φέρων, ὄνδς, astutus: artful. Τὰς τ' ἐμπρίας τὰς κεράλεις Av. 594. Κερασμένε κεράλεις φέρων Δ. 339.

Κεράλεις φέρων. See above.

Κεράων, ὄν, compar. et Κεράωδς, superl., utilior, utilissimus: more and most useful, advantageous, cunning. Εμ. δέ κέ κέρδιον εἴη β. 74. Z. 153. The penult. of Κεράων and of all comparatives in ὦν is long in the Attic, and short in the other dialects.

Κεράωδς, εὖς, τὸ, lucrum: gain, lucre. Helen. 762. S.V. Καρπός, κάρπωμά. Ερ. Εὐκαλῆς, ἰδίων, πύληρον, αἰσχροῦν, δολίον, ὁσίων.

Κεράωδς, ἡ, ἡ, subst., astutia: subtlety. Εξέτα κεράωδς ξ. 33. S.V. Ἀπάτη, πύληρία, πῶνουργία, κέρδος.

Κεράω, ὄνδς, ἡ, vulpes: a fox. Eq. 1068.

S.V. see Ἀλώπηξ.

Κερκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Cerceis: one of the Naiads.

Hes. Theog. 355.

Κερκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, radius textorius: a shuttle.

Κερκίδ' Ἠδωνῆς χερὸς Hec. 1135.

Κεράωδς, ου, ἡ, cauda: a tail. Eq. 906. S.V. Οὐρά.

Κεράωδς, ας, ἡ, Corecyra: an island in the Ionian sea. Οὐδ' ἦ τις Κεράωδς φιλοξενωτάτη ἄλλων Call. 4. 156.

Κεραυράδς, ὄν, Corecyraeus: of Corecyra. Av. 1463. See above.

Κεράω, ἀνδς, τὸ, segmentum aris, nummulus: a small coin. Plut. 379. S.V. Νόμισμα.

Κεράωδς, ου, cornu pedes habens: horn-footed. Ran. 230. See Κάταιβας.

Κεράωδς, ligatus et compactis cornibus constans: tipped with horn. Rhos. 33.

Κεράωδς. See Κεράωδς.

Κεράωδς, cornibus aut rostris illido: to dash against with a horn or beak. Ἐρεικὸν αἶ δέ κερύττιον μέναι βία Agam. 638.

Κεραυτάω, cornua tollo, superbio: to raise the horn, to be proud. Eq. 1343.

Κεραυτός. See Κεράωδς.

Κεραυτός. See Κεράωδς.

Κεράωδς, conviciator, ludificator: to cut the heart with words, reproach, revile. Iph. A. 849. S.V. Σκώπτω, δεινάζω, ἐνὸχλῳ, ἐρεθίζω, κάκορροδς, λουδόμεν.

Κεράωδς, εὖς; Κεράωδς, ας, ἡ, irrisio, ludium: reproach, raillery. Philoct. 1265. Ἡμὲν κεράωδς T. 202. S.V. Κατάγελως, κατάχρησ, κάκορροδς, σκώμια.

Κεράωδς, ὄν, Κεράωδς, ου, δ, ἡ, cor ali-

cui scindens: vexatious, reproachful. Αντίκα κεράωδς A. 539. Alcest. 1144. S.V. Εἶρων.

Κεράωδς, ου, δ, Ceryneus: the name of a hill

in Arcadia. "Τοτ' ἐρὼν ὄφρα γένειτο πάγος Κεράωδς εὖςτο Call. 3. 109.

Κεράωδς, Κεράωδς, ας, ἡ, P. N., Cenchria: a fountain in Argolis. Κεράωδς ῥεος P. V. 697. "Recentior et emollita fuit pronuntiatio κέρχρος et κέρχρωμα: vetus atque asperior, κέρχρος et κέρχρωμα." Valckenaer, Phoen. 1401.

Κεράωδς, ἰδὸς, Κεράωδς, ἡ, Κεράωδς, ἡ, tinnunculus: a screech-owl. Οὐ τοι μὰ τὰς κεράωδς Av. 1335. Schaefer refers in Valpy's Steph. to "Brunck. Aristoph. 2. 150. Callim. 1. 469. Casaub. ad Athen. 136."

Κεράωδς, jaceo: to lie, to be placed. φ. 41.

S.V. see Κεράωδς.

Κεράωδς, ἡ, ὄν, acu pictus: embroidered. Ξ. 214.

Κεράωδς, ας, ἡ, malleus; piscis species; genus teli militaris, sudes: a mallet; a kind of fish; a pike. Nub. 339.

Κεράωδς, εὖς, δ, mugil, piscis: a mullet. Vesp. 790. S.V. Μύραινα.

Κεράωδς, Κεράωδς, occulto, teco: to hide, cover. Κεράωδς is also used in a passive sense. Οὐ μὲν γὰρ φιλόδηγι γ' ἐκεῖθεν Ἰ. 453. Q. R. 968. S.V. Κρύπτω, κάλλπτω, ἀποκρύπτω, ἐρέφω.

Κεράωδς, ἀνδς, τὸ, Κεράωδς, ου, δ; Κεράωδς, ὄνδς, δ; Κεράωδς, εὖς, τὸ, latebra: a hiding-place, cavern. Theog. 243. N. 28. Hec. 1. Eumen. 1039. S.V. Κόλωνα, φωλῆς, κἀνῶν, μύθος, σπῆλυγξ. Ερ. Ἀλῆατον, ἀκρόν, ὀνόφρον, χυθιόν, μελάμειψς, πτεράωδς, στυγέρον, σκιδόν.

Κεράωδς. See above.

Κεράωδς. See Κεράωδς.

Κεράωδς, ας, ὄν, summarius: capital, summary. "Ἰνὰ μὴ κεράωδς τὸν κρῶδον σου ῥημάτι Ran. 854. S.V. Ἀδρόν.

Κεράωδς, ἡ, ἡ, caput: a head, top, sum. Κεράωδς Ἀπάρροπλῶκαμος T. 126. S.V. Κάρα, κάρ, κάρων, κρῶς, κόρη. Ερ. Εανθῆ, φίλη, οὐνόδωδς, σμεράλεια, ἰφθίμους, πύλια, ἱέρα, εχθρά, κάλη, λιπαρόπλῶκαμος, σεμνή, δεσποσία, φρένα, λαμυρόμους.

Κεράωδς, ας, οἱ, Cephalenii: the inhabitants of Cephalenia, an island in the Ionian sea, subject to Ulysses. Cycl. 103. Ερ. Μεγάθυμοι.

Κεράωδς, ου, δ, (1) Cephalus: one of the sons of Endymion, and husband of Procris; (2) capito: a fish. Ἡ καλλιφεγγής Κεράωδς εὖς Δεῖος Eos Hipp. 457.

Κεράωδς, decumbere cupio. See Κεράωδς.

Κεράωδς, scindo: to split. Ἡτοι κεράωδς ἡ τέμνντες Agam. 822. S.V. see Κεράωδς.

Κεράωδς, ας, ἡ, affinitas, funeration, sepultura: connection by marriage, care of the dead, burial. Eur. Sup. 145. S.V. Κεράωδς, εκφύρα, τάφῃ, τάφῃ.

Κεράωδς, Κεράωδς, superl. Κεράωδς, ου, δ, ἡ, cujus curam gerimus, carus; aut a quo cura geritur; carus, domesticus, fidelis: cared for, or caring for; faithful, domestic, dear. Ion 490. Ψ. 161. κ. 225. S.V. Οικεῖος, φίλος, προσφίλης.

Κεράωδς, εὖς, Κεράωδς, ὄνδς, Κεράωδς, ας, δ, curator, affinis: a guardian, relation by marriage, son-in-law. Ap. Rh. 1. 269. Med. 987. Alcest. 747. S.V. Περὶ, πενήρδς, συγγένῃς, ὁμολγαμῆρδς, ἰδωνῆς.

Κεράωδς. See Κεράωδς.

Κεράωδς, ας, ὄν, cultura; res culta: cul-

Κηδεστής. See Κηδεμένης.

Κηδεμένης, ἀνδς, τὸ, affinitas; affinis: relationship; a relation. Orest. 471. S.V. Αγχιστεῖα (plur.), συγγενεῖα, συγγενεῖα.

Κηδεμένης, Κηδεμένης, Κηδεμένης, affinis fio, curo; funero: to form a connection by marriage, protect as a relation; to bury, mourn over. P. V. 917. Sept. Th. 123. χ. 359. S.V. Φροντίζω, κηραίνω, δέραπνῳ, βόθη, δάπτω, κηδεά δέραπνῳ.

Κηδεμένης. See Κηδεμένης.

Κηδεμένης, εὖς, τὸ, affinitas, cura, sollicitudo; funus: relationship, care, mourning; distress, burial. Orest. 743. S.V. Κηδεμένης, συγγενεῖα, ἐπιμελεῖα, φροντίς, λύπη, ἐνδύσμητῶ. Ερ. Ξένον, πικρόν, εχθρόν, ἀλγέρον, ἐσθλόν, κἀκόν, ἀργαλέον, ἀλγέρον, ἀτλητόν, λυγρόν, γέρον, πύλυστον, σπύλον, λευγαλέον.

Κηδεμένης, ἡ, ἡ, mœror, mœstitia: sorrow. Ἐπος φάτο κηδεμένης Apoll. 1. 277. S.V. Λύπη, ἀνία, ἀχθῶδς, κηδεμένης.

Κηδεμένης, ὄν, officiosus: affectionately attending. Πῶς κηδεμένης παρὰ σείρος Orest. 1022. S.V. Επὶ μελῶς, σπουδαῖος.

Κηδεμένης, mœroris afficio, angō: to grieve, afflict. I. 611. S.V. Ἀνία, λυπῶ, κἀκόν, βλάπτω, σίνδωμα.

Κηδεμένης, ου, τὸ, vasculum in quod suffragia conjiciebantur: a ballot box. Εκ κηδεμένης λαγυρῶμεν Vesp. 674.

Κηδεμένης, ἀνδς, δ, ἡ, maledicus: slanderous. Κηδεμένης σὺν γλώσσῃ Call. fr. 253. S.V. Κερτῶμους, κερτῶμους, λουδόμενους.

Κηδεμένης, ἰδὸς, ἡ, id quod tingit; quod manat: a stain; anything that oozes out. Κηδεμένης παγκανιστῶν Agam. 933. S.V. Λαγνύς.

Κηδεμένης, exilio: to gush out. Θάλασσα δὲ κηδεμένη πολλῇ E. 455. Κηδεμένη αἰμά καὶ τί προσδοκῶν Philoct. 784. S.V. Ἀνὰ πῶδα, ἀνὰ φέρωμα.

Κηδεμένης, et Κηδεμένης, ὄν, urens: burning. Σὺν πυρὶ κηδεμένη O. 744. Ερ. πυρὶ κηλεφ (spondeo) Ξ. 346. S.V. Αἶθω, θερμός, λαμπρός.

Κηδεμένης, mulceo: to soften, charm. Alcest. 369. S.V. Θέλω, κατὰ θέλω, τέρω.

Κηδεμένης, ου, δ; Κηδεμένης, ἀνδς, τὸ, aurium delinimentum: the soothing effect of music, allevation. ν. 2. Troad. 886. S.V. Θελετήριον, μελέγμῶ, γάνος.

Κηδεμένης. See above.

Κηδεμένης, α, ὄν, et os, δ, ἡ, mulcendi vim habens: soothing, propitiatory. Hec. 533.

Κηδεμένης, maculo, ignominiose afficio: to stain, pollute. Hec. F. 1309. Ερ. Κηδεμένης, ἰδὸς. S.V. Αἰκίω, αἰκίω, λυμάνωμαι.

Κηδεμένης, ἰδὸς, ἡ, nota, macula: a spot, stain. Κηδεμένης ἀφραστὸς ἐξ ἀστροῦ τινος Hipp. 822. Ελθεῖν φθονο κηδεμένης Iph. A. 971. S.V. Ἐλκός, οὐλή, ὀνειδός.

Κηδεμένης, ου, τὸ, telum, lignum præcustum: a weapon, shaft, brand. M. 280. S.V. Βέλδς, ἰών, ὀστρος.

Κηδεμένης, ἀνδς, δ, tolleno: an engine for drawing water. Archil. fr. 96.

Κηδεμένης, ου, δ, camus: an osier cover for a ballot box. Vesp. 99.

Κηδεμένης, ec. ἀκρον, ου, τὸ, Cenæum: a mountain and promontory in Eubœa. Κηδεμένης ἐστὶν ἐνθά Trach. 755.

Κηδεμένης, ἡ, larus: a coot, sea-mew. o. 478. Κηδεμένης, ἀνδς, τὸ, cultura; res culta: cul-

tivation; a cultivated or favourite spot. Av. 1101.

Κηδεμένης, colo, proprie hortum: to cultivate a garden, to preserve carefully. Hipp. 77.

Κηδεμένης, ου, δ, hortus: a garden. Av. 238. S.V. Ὀρχατός, ἀλός. Ερ. Γλυκὺς, παλῶδς, δρεῖς, εὐάδς, ἐρσῆς, ἀνέμειος.

Κηδεμένης, ἡ, sors, fatum: fate, lot, death. Troad. 773. S.V. Μοῖρα, δανάδς, εἰμαρμένη, ἀτή, νόσος, φθόρα, πέπωμένη, μόρος, τὸ μόριον. Ερ. Μέλαινα, δεινή, ὀλῆ, στυγερή, κἀκή, βίαιος, ἀργαλέα, πικρά, οὐλομένη, δέηλῶδς, σμεράλεια. See Μοῖραι.

Κηδεμένης, τὸ, cor; anima: the heart; the soul. A. 491. S.V. Ἡτῶρ, ψυχῇ, καρδία. Ερ. Ἀδίων, ἀτρεμνόν, κυδάλιμον, λατόν, ὀλῶν, ἀργαλέον, κράτερον, ἐσθλόν, κερδάλειον, ἀκρόν.

Κηδεμένης, (1) corruptio, inficio, ludo: to mix, soil, infect, injure; (2) sollicito cogito: to think anxiously. Aesch. Sup. 1006. S.V. Κηδεμένης, (2) φροντίζω, καλχαίνω, ἐκκλησιάζομαι.

Κηδεμένης, φροντίζω, καλχαίνω, ἐκκλησιάζομαι.

Κηδεμένης, urged on by the fates to annoy; malignant. Κηδεμένης κηδεσιφύρτος Θ. 527.

Κηδεμένης, ου, ἡ, Cerinthus: a city in Eubœa, anciently called Hellopia. B. 538.

Κηδεμένης, ου, τὸ, favus: honey-comb. Ὁ τὴν σκάφην λάβων πρῶτον τὰ κηδεμένης Eccles. 742. Ερ. Ἀγρίον, γλυκὺ, λείριον, λευκόν. P.H. Μέλισσων τρητὸς πύλος.

Κηδεμένης, εὖς, mortis obnoxius: mortal. Κηδεμένης ἀνθρώπων Hes. Op. 416.

Κηδεμένης, Κηδεμένης, et Κηδεμένης, ου, δ, ἡ, cera ligatus: bound or fastened with wax. Iph. T. 1125. Theoc. Ep. 5. P. V. 591.

Κηδεμένης. See Κηδεμένης.

Κηδεμένης, ου, δ, cera: wax. Vesp. 108. Ερ. Μελιπῆδς, ἡδὺς, μάλαδς, λευκός.

Κηδεμένης, ου, δ, qui in cera imagines fingit: a worker in wax. Οὐκ ἐμὶ κηδεμένης Anacr. 10.

Κηδεμένης, ceram liquefacio et e cera fingo: to melt, form of wax. Καὶ κηδεμένης καὶ γογγύλλει Thesm. 56. S.V. Εὐ πλάττω, μετὰ χειρίζομαι.

Κηδεμένης, ἀνδς, τὸ, præconium: a proclamation, edict. Iph. T. 340. S.V. Αγγεῖα.

Κηδεμένης, ἡ, ἡ, præco: a female herald. Λάσσοις κηδεμένης εὐφώνον τίνα Eccles. 69.

Κηδεμένης, i. q. Κηδεμένης. Sept. Th. 648. See Κηδεμένης.

Κηδεμένης, Κηδεμένης, per præconem prædico, promulgo: to proclaim as or by a herald, to promulgate. Κηδεμένης ὅστις ἀνοικτος Troad. 240. Hec. 145. S.V. Ἀνὰ κηδεμένης, ἀνὰ κηδεμένης, ἐπὶ κηδεμένης.

Κηδεμένης, Κηδεμένης, ου, δ, halcyon: the male king-fisher. Ἐνὶ κύμασι Κηδεμένης ἄδεν Mosch. 3. 42. Av. 299.

Κηδεμένης, κός, δ, præco: a herald. Πηδῶς αἶ κηδεμένης ὅδ' εὖ αυτοῖς φίλος Oiest. 888. S.V. Κηδεμένης, κἀλήτωρ, σαλπικητής. Ερ. Ασπιβότης, θεῖος, ἀγανός, ἐσθλός, λιγυφθογός, ἡπύτης, τὰ χυδρόμους. P.H. Δῖος ἀγγεῖος ἡδὲ καὶ ἀνδρῶν.

Κηδεμένης. See Κηδεμένης.

Κηδεμένης, ἡ, ὄν, cera illitus: covered with wax (κηδεμένης, ἡ, a wax pomade). Ὀθονία κηδεμένης παρὰ σκευῇ Acharn. 1176.

Κηδεμένης, α, ὄν; Κηδεμένης, ενδς, cetaceus; magnus: abounding with whales, of a whale; large. λ. 521. δ. 1.



Κῆτος, ἔως, τὸ, cetus, balena: a whale, sea-monster. Thesm. 1033. Ep. Ἀλεγειῶν, ἀργαλέον, εὐαλόν, κύνειον.

Κηφέας. See Κηφέας.

Κηφείας, ἔως, ὁ, Cephæus: the father of Andromeda. Eccles. 1113.

Κηφήν, ἦνος, ὁ, fucus: a drone, wasp. Vesp. 1114. Syn. Σφή, ἀνθήρη. Ep. Ἀργός, ὁδός, κόθουρος. Pnn. Κηφῆες κἀκὶν ξυνήδονες ἐργων.

Κηφισίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Cephisis: of Cephisus. Ἀίμων κεκλιμένος Κηφισίδι E. 709.

Κηφισός, οὐ, ὁ, Cephisus: a river in Boeotia. Ion 1260. Οἱ τ' ἀρὰ πᾶρ πτόταμον Κηφισὸν διὸν ἔλαιον B. 523. Ep. Καλλιναός, ὁδός πτόταμος, καλλιπρόθερος.

Κηδός, ἔως; Κηδός, εσσά, ἔν, fragrans: fragrant, sweet-smelling. Z. 483. 288. Syn. Εὐκδός, εὐσμός.

Κίανός, ὁν, Cianus: of or belonging to Cius, a city in the Propontis, afterwards called Prusa. Πρὸ πόντου ὁδὸς ἐνθά Κίανόν Theoc. 13. 30.

Κιθληνός, adultero, simulo, corrumpo, depravo: to adulterate, counterfeit, corrupt, deprave. Bacch. 467. Syn. Διαφθείρω, διαβάλλω.

Κιθληλία, as, ἡ, scoræ admistio; quævis adulteratio vel corruptela: dross; adulteration, corruption. Τὸ βίον κιθληλίαν Av. 158. Syn. see Μοχθηρία.

Κιθληλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, adulterinus: mixed with dross, adulterated, counterfeit, false. Hipp. 612. Syn. Πάραστμος, ἀπάτηλός, μοχθηρός.

Κισίσις, ἰδός, ἡ, pera, sacculus: a sack, wallet. Αμφὶ δὲ μιν κισίσις δέξῃ Hes. Scut. 224.

Κισσός, οὐ, ἡ, et (2) dimin. Κισσότης, οὐ, τὸ, cista, arca: a chest, casket. Εσθ' ἀλλ' ἐπὶ εἰς τὰς κισσοτάς (Anapæst. dim.) Vesp. 1056. Plut. 711. Syn. Λάρναξ, σόρος, κιστή, κισίσις.

Κιγκλίω, agito: to move about like a wag-tail. Οὐ χρή κιγκλίειν ἀγάθον Theoc. 303. Syn. Σάλευν, μόχλευν.

Κιγκλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, cancelli, vel foramen: rail-work, a lattice; the bar in the senate-house. Ὅδ' ἀνέφρατ' κνέφαϊς ἐπὶ τῇ κιγκλίδι Vesp. 124. Syn. Θύρα, δίκλιδες, ὀπή.

Κιγκχάνω, invenio: to find, reach. Ἀδμητόν ἐν δόμοισιν ἀρὰ κιγκχάνω Alcest. 493. Syn. see Κίχων.

Κιδνάμαι, dissipor, diffundor: to be scattered or spread. Hec. 904. Syn. Σκεδάννυμαι.

Κίθαιρων, ὠνός, ὁ, Cithæron: a mountain in Boeotia. Ποῖος Κίθαιρων οὐχὶ σύμφωνος τάχα E. R. 421. Ep. Ζαθέος, ὑψικάρηνος. Pnn. Ζαθέων πέταλον πόλ' ἀνθροπότητον νῆπος, Ἀρτέμιδος χιδνόντροφον ὁμῶ Phœn. 815. Κίθαιρωνος λῆπας Phœn. 24. Νᾶπαϊα Κίθαιρωνος πύχαι E. R. 1026.

Κίθαιρωνείος, et Κίθαιρωνίδος, ὁν, Cithæronius: of Cithæron. Λέπας Κίθαιρωνείον εἰσεβάλλομεν Bacch. 1034. See Thesm. 996.

Κίθαρα, as, Κιθάρις, ἔως, ἡ, lyra: a lyre, lute. Alcest. 599. a. 159. See Κιθαρίω. Syn. Φόρμιγξ, χελίς, λύρα. Ep. Πέρικαλλής, φίλη, φίλ' ἀχρόος, ἐπτάφθογγος, καλλιφθογγός, αἰδολόφωτος, γλυκέρη, ευκλείδης, ἐπτάτῶνος, λίγυρ, ποδὸνδιδάδος, Ὀρφέη, χρυσόδετος. Καλλιχόρου κιθάρις μελινθεῖα μολπήν, ἀντὶς χορδῶν Hipp. 1131.

Κιθάραιοιδός, et Κιθάρωδός, οὐ, ὁ, fidicen: one who sings to the harp. Τὸν κιθάραιοιδοτάτον φ

χάρῖς ἐφέσπετο Vesp. 1278. See also Eccles. 734. Syn. Κιθάριστος, αἰδός.

Κιθάρῖς, cithara sono: to play on the harp. Ἰμέρην κιθάρῖς Z. 570. Syn. Φορμίω, λύριω. Pnn. Ἰμέρην κιθάρῖς λῖνον δ' ὑπὸ καλὸν αἶδε Hom.

Κιθάρῖς. See Κιθάρᾶ.

Κιθάρισμος, οὐ, ὁ, citharæ sonus: the sound of the harp. Ἐγειρόμενον κιθάρισμῳ Call. 4. 312.

Κιθάριστος, οὐ, ὁ, citharista: a player on the harp. Eq. 992. See above. Syn. Κιθάραιοιδός, κιθάρωδός, αἰδός.

Κιθάριστος, ἰδός, ἡ, ars pulsantia citharam: the art of playing on the harp. Καὶ ἐκλεῖλον κιθάριστον B. 600.

Κιθάρωδικός, ὁν, citharædicius: attuned to the harp. Ek τῶν κιθάρωδικῶν νόμων εἰργασμένην Ran. 1281.

Κιθάρωδός. See Κιθάραιοιδός.

Κικινός, οὐ, ὁ, cincinnus, cirrus: a curl, lock. Αὐστὰλλοι δὲ κικίνοι Theoc. 14. 4. Syn. Βόστροχός, πλοκάμς.

Κικκίβις. See Κακκίβις.

Κικλήσκω, i. q. Κάλω, q. v. Πόσειδωνά κικλήσκων Theoc. 22. 133.

Κικνός, ὠν, οἱ, Cicones: a nation in Thrace. Ὡς πρῶτον Κικνὸς δαίμων ψ. 310. Syn. Αἰχμηταί.

Κικνός, ἰδός, ἡ, vires, robor: strength, bodily force. Ἰς ἐμπέδους οὐδὲ τί κίκυς A. 392. Syn. Ἰε, ισχύς, αλκή, δυνάμεις.

Κιλίκιός, ὁν, Cilicensis: Cilician. Τὸν γηγενὴ τέ Κιλίκιον οὐκ ἔχον P. V. 359.

Κιλίξ, ἰδός, ὁ, Cilix: a native of Cilicia, a Cilician. Καὶ αἰχμηταὶς Κιλίκεσι Theoc. 17. 88.

Κίλλα, ἡς, ἡ, Cilla: a city in the Troad. A. 38.

Κιλλιστάντες, ὠν, οἱ, ligna tribus suffulta cruribus, quibus clypei imponebantur ab iis qui quiescere volebant a belli laboribus: a wooden frame on three legs, on which soldiers rested their shields, when they were weary. Τὸς κιλλισταντὰς οἷε παῖ τῆς ἀσπίδος Acharn. 1121.

Κιλλικίων, ὠνός, ὁ, Cillicion: the name of an infamous fellow, who betrayed Samos. Οὐδὲν πύνηρον ἀλλ' ὅπερ καὶ Κιλλικίων Pax 363.

Κιμῆρικόν, οὐ, τὸ, vestimenti pretiosi genus: fine linen, a fine robe, cambic, a mourning dress. Μῆτ' ἀσπίδ' ἀλξείν κιμῆρικόν ἐνδύσομαι Lys. 52.

Κιμῆρικός, ὁν, Cimmericus: Cimmerian. Κιμῆρικόν ἦξει δὲ δρᾶσιν ἀτάκτως σὲ χρή Prom. 755.

Κιμῆριοι, ὠν, οἱ, Cimmerici: a nation which dwelt beyond the Euxine Sea. Κιμῆριον ἀνδρῶν A. 14.

Κίμωνιός, a, ὁν, Cimolius: of Cimolus, an island, one of the Cyclades, where was found a white clay, used for soap at Athens. Ran. 713. Ki brevis, ut in Lat. Cimolus: 'Cretosaque rura Cimoli' Ov. Met. 7. 403.

Κίμων, ὠνός, ὁ, Cimon: the son of Miltiades, and a name of many others. Κίμων ὅλην ἐσσεῖ τὴν Ἀκεδαίμονα Lysist. 1144. Qui tamen locus quantitatem primæ non determinat.

Κινάβρω, oleo, fæto: to smell, stink. Ἀγῶν τὴν κινάβρωτων μέλη (Iamb. dim.) Plut. 294. Syn. Δυσωδέω, ὀέω.

Κινάβρος, ἔως, τὸ, vulpes: a fox, a cunning

fellow. Κύρβος κροτάλον κινάδος τρύμη Nub. 448. Syn. Ἀλάπηξ, κροτάλος, πάνουρος.

Κινάδισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, levis strepitus: a fluttering or rustling. Φεῦ φεῦ τί πὸτ' αὐ κινάδισμα κλώ P. V. 124. Syn. Κισθημός, κίνημα, κελᾶδός, κελᾶδῆμα.

Κινάχюра, as, ἡ, ventilabrum: a kind of sieve or winnowing machine. Χάρει σὺ δεῦρ' κινάχюра κᾶλ' κᾶλως Eccles. 730. See Κινέω and Ἀχγύρην.

Κινδυνεύω, ἄτος, τό; Κίνδυνός, οὐ, ὁ, periculum: hazard, danger, enterprise. Iph. T. 1002. Μέμνημ' εἰς κίνδυνον ἐλθόντες μέγαν Hec. 244. Syn. Ἐπιχείρημα, ἄγων, διαπειρά, ἔργον. Ep. Βάδ' αλγεινόν, κρῆρον, κράτερον, δεινόν.

Κινδυνεύεις, ὁν, periclitandus: must face the danger, or risk a battle with. Eur. Sup. 582. See above.

Κινδυνεύω, periclitor: to be in danger, run the risk. Herac. 455. See above. Syn. Διᾶκινδυνεύω, κινδύνον ὑποδύομαι.

Κινδυνός. See Κινδυνεύω.

Κινέω, moveo: to make to go, move, disturb. Κινεὶ κράτῳ κινεὶ δὲ χόλον Med. 98. Syn: Κλνέω, δύνω, νωμάω, ἀνάστω, σάλευν, ὀρίνω, ὀρούω.

Κισθημός, οὐ, ὁ; Κίνημα, ἄτος, τὸ, motus: agitation, motion. Pyth. 4. 370. Τ' πὸ τοῦ κινήματος ἀγκυλὸν εἶχον Theoc. 21. 47.

Κιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, quassator: a mover, disturber. Γαῖς κιστήρ Hom. Hym. 21. 2.

Κιστήριος, ὁν, movendi vi præditus: causing agitation. Κάρα κιστήρία Æsch. Sup. 457.

Κιστῆς, οὐ, ὁ, motor: a mover, introducer. Nub. 1397. See above.

Κινυγμά, ἄτος, τὸ, mobile aliquid; ventis ludibrium in l. c.: anything moveable; the sport of the winds. Νῦν δ' αἰθέριον κινυγμ' ὁ τάλας P. V. 163. Syn. Ἀιάρμα.

Κινύμαι, moveor: to be moved, to be in motion. Κινύμενος νῦν αὐτὲ K. 280. Syn. Κινέομαι.

Κινύρης, οὐ, ὁ, Cinyres. Τὸν πότε οἱ Κινύρης A. 20.

Κινύρομαι, voce querula lamentor: to cry with shrill or plaintive voice. Οὐδὲ Θέτις Ἀχιλλῆα κινύρεται Callim. Apoll. 20. Syn. Ὀδύρομαι, μινύριω, μινύρομαι, θρηνέω, κλαίω.

Κινύρος, ἂ, ὁν, querulus, lamentabilis: lamentable. Πρωτότοκος κινύρης P. 5. Syn. Αἰδοθρηνός, οἰκτρός.

Κινύσσομαι, agitor, hue illuc impellor: to be moved about, to waver. Choeph. 190. See Κινύγμαι. Syn. see Κινέω.

Κινάπτετ' α, ferae bestiae: wild beasts. Ιλουός ἐβάλοντο κινάπτετ' Call. 1. 25.

Κίρκη, ἡς, ἡ, Circe. μ. 155. Ep. Ἀθανάτη, αἰατή, αὐθιγέσση, δεινή, δολοεσση, εὐπλόκαμος, πόλ' ἀφροσύνης, πόντια. Pnn. Λιγυστίς δ' ἡ σὺν μορφῇ τρία Troad. 439. Αυτοκάκην γητὴν ὁδοφρόνους Αἰήτα μ. 137. See κ. 211.

Κιρκήλατος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, a circis fugatus: chased by the hawks. Κιρκήλατος τ' ἀπδόνος (Iamb. dim.) Æsch. Sup. 64.

Κίρκος, οὐ, ὁ, (1) circus: a circle; (2) accipitrinus species: a hawk, or kite. P. 757. Ep. (2) Ἰκτιπῆτης, ὠκὺς, γαμψώνυξ, ὠμὸς ὄρνις. Pnn. Ἐλάφροτάτος πέτερινῶν, ὄρνις δέξιος, τᾶχὺς ἀγέλος Απὸλλωνος.

Κιρκώω, annulo adstringo: to bind with rings. P. V. 74. Syn. Δεσμένω.

Κίρνημι, Κιρνώω, misceo: to mingle. Κίρνη μελινθεῖα οἶνον ξ. 78. η. 182. Syn. see in Κεράννυμι.

Κισθήνη, ἡς, ἡ, Cisthene: a mountain in Thrace. P. V. 818.

Κισσά. See Κισττά.

Κισσεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, (1) Cisseus: Cisseus, the father of Hecuba (see the word Ἐκάβη,) and Theano; (2) epith. Bacchi: an epithet of Bacchus. Hec. 3.

Κισσις, ἰδός, ἡ, Cisseis: the daughter of Cisseus. Κισσις ἀλδχος Z. 299.

Κισσῆρης, ἔως; Κισσῆρος, Κισσῆνος, ἡ, ὁν; Κισσῆρης, Κισσῆρος, ἔως, hederaceus; hedera densus: of ivy; abounding or covered with ivy. Antig. 1131. Thesm. 997. Bacch. 699. Hom. Hym. 25. 1. Anacr. 26. 5.

Κισσῆνος. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσῆρης. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσός, οὐ, ὁ, hedera: ivy. Med. 1210. Syn. Μέλας, περιστέφης, βότρυς, ἐλικάδης, μελάμφυλλος, κρόκεις, ἰμέρεις, τηλέθων, τάνυφυλλος, πλεκτός.

Κισσοστέφης. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσοφύρος. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσώ, hedera orno seu corono: to adorn or crown with ivy. Bacch. 201.

Κισσοθῆλον, οὐ, τὸ, poculum e ligno hederaceo: a bowl made of ivy wood, a bowl. En δ' ἀρὰ κισσοθῆλον ξ. 78.

Κιστή, ἡς, Κιστῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, cista, capsula: a chest, basket. Lysist. 1184. Acharn. 1085. Syn. Αντίπηξ, κισσός, λάρναξ, θυλάκιον, κιστίσις.

Κισττά, seu Κισσά, ἡς, ἡ, pica: a magpie. Κισττά Μειδίας δ' ἐκεί Av. 1297.

Κιστῶω, valde cupio: to long for. Vesp. 349. Syn. Ἐπιθυμέω.

Κίχων, a. 2. ἐκίχων; et Κίχημι, invenio: to find. Ατρεΐδᾶς κίχωντ' Ψ. 407. Μὴ μίσσῃ μ' ἐν δόμοις κίχηρ Alcest. 22. Μπρῶτης δ' Ἀκάμαντ' κίχης Π. 342. Syn. Κάταλαμβάνω, εὐρίσκω, ἐπιτυγχάνω, ἐπικύρω.

Κίχηλα, ὠν, αἱ, pisces quidam marini: certain sea-fish. Κρεῖατ' ὀρνίθεα κίχηλῶν Nub. 338.

Κίχλη, ἡς, ἡ, turdus: a thrush. Πυτέρων ἀκρίδες ἦδ' ὦν ἐστὶν ἡ κίχλη Acharn. 1116.

Κίχλις, indecenter et effusius rideo; edo turdos: to laugh immoderately, giggle; to feed on thrushes, to be luxurious. Οὐδ' οὐφθαλμῶν οὐδὲ κίχλιν Nub. 983. Syn. Καρχαλάω.

Κίχλισμός, οὐ, ὁ, risus petulans: merriment. Nub. 1069. See above. Syn. Κάταχρηνη.

Κίω, vado, eo: to go. Ἡ δ' ἔκευσε' ἀμὰ τοῖσι γυνὴν κίεν A. 348. Syn. Πυρέομαι, ἐπειμῖ, ἦκω, παράγινυμαι.

Κίων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, columna: a pillar, a column. Μητρὸς τάλαινης ὁ δ' ὑπὸ κίονος σκιδὼν Herc. F. 968. Syn. Στυλός, στήλη. Ep. Ὑψηλός, μακρός, μέγας, στίβος, ὀρθός, ἀμάχος, ἀσπράδης.

Κλαγγαῖω, Κλαγγέω, Κλαγγώω, Κλάζω, clango: to clash, clatter, shout, rattle. Eumen. 131. Theoc. Ep. 6. K. 276. Π. 429. Syn. Ηχέω, βόω, φωνέω.

Κλαγγή, ἡς, ἡ, clangor: a clang, twang, shout. Troad. 147. Syn. Κραυγή, βόη, ἡχός. Ep. Ἀσπῆτος, δεινὴ, στόνδ' ὀσά.

Κλαγγῆδον, cum clangore: with loud cackling. B. 463.

Κλάγγω. See Κλαγγαῖω.

Κλαδίσκος. See Κλαδός.



(1) Clytios satus: Piræus, the son of Clytius, a noble Ithacan; (2) Clytius: a noble Trojan, the brother of Priam. Πείραιε Κλυτίῳ ο. 539. Δάμον τε Κλυτίαν δ' Γ. 147.

Κλυτὸκαρπός, ου, δ, ἡ, præclaris fructibus ce-leber, inclytus: having beautiful fruit. Nem. 4. 124. See below.

Κλυτὸμήδης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, Clytomedes. Κλυτὸμήδεά 'Ηνὸπὸς υἱόν Ψ. 634.

Κλυτὸμηγής, ἰδς, δ, ἡ, inclytus prudentia: fa-mous in contrivance. "Ἡφαιστον κλυτὸμηγῆν αἰεῖδεν Hom. 19. 1.

Κλυτὸνήος, ου, δ, ἡ, Clytioneus. Σ. 119. See above.

Κλυτὸπαλός, ου, δ, ἡ, celebris equis: having excellent or beautiful horses. E. 654. See below.

Κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, vel οὐ, δ, ἡ, inclytus: cele-brated, known. Τέκετο κλυτός 'Ιπποδάμεια B. 742. SYN. see in Κλειός.

Κλυτὸτέχνης, ου, δ, ἡ, celebris artifex: an ex-cellent artificer. "Ἡφαιστος κλυτὸτέχνης A. 571. SYN. Κλυτὸεργός, κλυτὸκτίς.

Κλυτὸτοξός, ου, δ, ἡ, arcu et jaculis inclytus: renowned for the bow. O. 55. See above.

Κλύω. See Κλυμί.

Κλωθὸ, ὀδς, ἡ, Clotho: one of the Fates. Isthm. 6. 24. SYN. see Κήρ.

Κλωμάκεις, εσσά, ἔν, asper, salebrosus: abounding with rugged hills, craggy. Ἰθάμην κλωμάκεσσιν B. 729. SYN. Δούσεως, τραχὺς, ὄρεινῃ.

Κλῶν, ὠνδς, δ, ramus, surculus: a branch, shoot, sucker. Δένδρον ὑπέκειε κλῶνας ὡς εκ-sάσεται Antig. 713. SYN. Βλαστός, κλάδος, δάλλος, ἔρως, βλάστημά, φύτον. P. 11. Ὁρεῖω, δάφνηφρόνδς, μέλαμπέταλός.

Κλῶς. See Κλοιός.

Κλωπικός, Κλωπήδς. See Κλωπαῖος.

Κλωστήρ, ἥρδς, Κλωστής, οὐ, δ, filum nendo deductum; fusus; qui net: spun thread; a spindle; a spinner. Lysist. 567.

Κλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, contorsus inter nendam: twisted, spun. Troad. 540.

Κλώψ. See Κλωπεύς.

Κνωκός, ὄν; Κνωκῶν, ὠνδς, Dor. pro Κνηκός et Κνηκῶν, flavus: yellow, tawny. Κνωκὸν δέρι' ὠμοῖσι Theoc. 7. 16: 3. 5. SYN. Ξανθός, λευκός, πυρρός.

Κνωφεύς, Attice γνάφεύς, q. v.

Κνωφείω, Attice γνάφειν, q. v.

Κνώω, et Κνημί, rado, sculpo, scindo: to scrape, scratch, tear. Δακνόμενος κνώσας Theoc. 7. 106. A. 638. SYN. Λυπῶ, κνίζω, ξύω.

Κνέφάζω, obscuro, tenebras obduco: to spread a gloom over. Agam. 129. SYN. Σκότηζω, νέφω, ἐπινέφω.

Κνέφατος, ὄν, caliginosus: darksome. P. V. 1065.

Κνέφας, ἄτς, τδ, tenebrae, dilueulum: gloom, twilight. Καὶ ἐπὶ κνέφας ἦλθε A. 475. SYN. Δείλη, νύξ, σκότος.

Κνήμαρδος, ου, δ, ἡ, cruribus albis præditus: white-legged. Theoc. 25. 127.

Κνήμη, ης, ἡ, tibia; radius: the leg; the spoke of a wheel. Phoen. 1409. SYN. Σκέλος, κώληψ.

Κνημῖς, ἰδς, ἡ, ocrea: a boot, a greave. Κνημῖδας ἐπισφύριος ἀράριος Σ. 459. SYN. Ἵπποδημά.

Κνημός, οὐ, δ, saltus; pars montis, quæ quasi sura ipsius a pede ascendit: the woody part of a hill; the part of a hill above the foot. Φ. 449.

Κνησιόω, et Κνησεύω, prurio: to feel an itch-ing. Τρόπον τάλαινα κνησιόης Eccles. 915.

Κνήστις, ἰδς, ἡ, culter; pruritus: a scraper, knife; an itching. Κνήστι χαλκείη A. 639. SYN. Μάχαρά.

Κνήθη, ης, ἡ, urtica: a nettle. Καὶ ἐν κνήθαισι κάθειδεν Theoc. 7. 106. SYN. Ἀκάλῃφη.

Κνίδιος, α, ὄν, Cnidus: of Cnidus. Οὐπω τὰν Κνιδίαν Call. 6. 25.

Κνίδος, ου, ἡ, Cnidus: a city and promontory in Caria. Καὶ Κνίδος αἰπεινὴ Hom. Apoll. 43.

Κνίζω, pungo, vellico, rado, animum mordeo: to prick, pick, nettle, irritate, sting. Med. 599. Οὐχ ἡ σὺ κνίζεις σὸν μὲν Med. 555. SYN. Κνώω, ξέω, δάκνω, κινέω, κάθπτω, λυπέω.

Κνίσά, ας, ἡ, nidor pinguedinis incensa; pin-guedo: a strong scent, savour; fat. Οὐκ ἀλλὰ κατὰ τὴν κνίσαν εἰσέληλθε Pax 1050. SYN. Θυμιάμα, ἄτμος, λίπος, θυμός, στέαρ.

Κνισάω, nidore impleo: to fill with scent, fumigate. Βαμὸν δὲ κνισὸν βουθύτοιαι προ-τρῶπαίς Alcest. 1175. See Blomfield's Gloss.

Κνισμός, οὐ, δ, pruritus, prurigo; pruriency, titillation. Plut. 974. SYN. Κνύμα.

Κνισθιδιώκτης, ου, δ, qui nidorem persequitur: the name of a mouse. Εἰλαυθὲ Κνισθιδιώκτην Batrach. 229.

Κνισωτός, εσσά, ἔν, nidore suffitus: smoking with fat. Choeph. 478. See Κνιά.

Κνίψ, κνίπς, δ, vermiculus: a gnat, worm. Οἱ κνίπες καὶ ψήνες αἶλ Av. 590. SYN. Κώνωψ.

Κνυζά, ης, ἡ, scabies, prurigo; genus plantæ: a scratch, itching; a plant. Κνυζὰ καὶ εὐώδης μέλιτεια Theoc. 4. 25.

Κνυζάω, et Κνυζέω, queribundum ululatum elo, gannio, vagio: to whine like a dog, yelp. E. C. 1571. Vesp. 971. See below. SYN. Ὑλακτέω, αὐρύμα.

Κνυζήμιος, οὐ, δ, gannitus canis queribundus: the whining of a dog. Κνυζήμιος δ' ἐτέρωσέ π. 163.

Κνυζώ, scabie infesto: to hurt by scratching, inflame. Κνυζώσεν δὲ οἱ ὀσσεῖ v. 433. SYN. Κάκωω, λυπέω.

Κνύμα, ἄτς, τδ, vellicatio, pruritus: a scratch-ing, itching. Τὸ κνύμα σου τῶν δακτύλων Eccles. 36.

Κνώω, rado, scalpo: to scrape, scratch. Οἷτος πόθω μου 'κνύνει ελθὼν τὴν δῦραν Theoc. 481. SYN. Ξίω, κνίζω.

Κνώδαλον, ου, τδ, bestia: a beast, ox, cattle. Εν ζυγοῖσι κνώδαλα P. V. 471. SYN. Ζῶον, θῆρ, θηρίον. Ep. Ἀνδρῶν, μάταιον, βροτόφθο-ρον.

Κνώδων, οντὸς, δ, mucro gladii: the point of a sword. Antig. 1233. Ep. Πικρός, αἰδός.

Κνώσσος, α, ὄν, Gnossius: of Gnossus, a city in Crete. Κνώσσιον κάτακτανόν Herc. F. 1318.

Κνωστός, οὐ, ἡ, Gnossus. B. 646. Ep. Μεγάλη, ευρεῖα, πόλινδένδρεος, Μινωῖτις.

Κνώσσω, profunde vel dulcere dormio, sterto: to sleep soundly, snore. δ. 809. SYN. Ἵπ-νόσσω, εὔω, κοιμάμαι.

Κόαλῆμος, ου, δ, stolidus, amens: stupid.

Σπένδεν τῷ Κόαλῆμ Eq. 221. SYN. Ἀνὸπτος, μαρὸς, μῆταιος.

Κόαξ, the noise made by frogs. Ranæ 210.

Κόβαλκευμά, ἄτς, τδ, adulation, scurrilities, versutia: flattery, buffoonery, craft. Καὶ κό-βαλκευμάσιν Eq. 332. SYN. Πάνουργία, κό-βαλεια.

Κόβαλδς, ὄν, vafer; maledicus; loquax: ras-cally; abusive; talkative. Βέρεσχεῖται τὲ καὶ κόβαλοι καὶ μῶδων Eq. 635. SYN. Κάκότηχ-νός, κάκδοσουλός, πάνουργός, εἰρων, σκάπτῃς.

Κόγχη, ης; Κόγχος, ου, δ, concha: a shell. Καὶ τῇ κόγχῃ τῇ πᾶν σερμῶς Vesp. 583. Call. Ep. 5. SYN. Κόχλις, κόχλδς.

Κόω, i. q. Νύω, q. v. 'H δ' ἐκδῃσε Call. fr. 53.

Κόθουρος, ου, δ, cothurnus; versipellis: a buskin; a turncoat. Ran. 557. SYN. Εμβάς, ἱπποδημία, ἀρβύλη.

Κόθουρος, ὄν, iners: dronish, sluggish. Hes. Op. 303.

Κόξ, vox grunnientis porcelli: the noise made by a pig. Τράγους ἂν ἐφέστιους κὸξ κὸξ κὸξ Acharn. 766.

Κόζω, grunnio: to grunt. Καὶ κόζετε Acharn. 746. SYN. Γρύζω.

Κοῆς, ἰδς, Κοιγένηα, ας, ἡ, Cœi filia: the daughter of Cœus, i. e. Latona. Εἰσδὲ οἱ Κοῆς ἐκέκλετο Call. 4. 151. Apoll. 2. 710.

Κοιλάω, circumspecto: to look or stare about. Theoc. 852. SYN. Πέριελέω.

Κοιλαῖον, cavo, exentero, detraho: to make hollow, disembowel, extract. Theoc. 23. 43. SYN. Βάθων, ἐξορύττω.

Κοιλία, ας, ἡ, cavitās, alvus, venter: a hollow, the belly. Κοιλίαν καθέλερπονεν Ran. 485.

Κοιλιόω, ου, δ, qui vendit ventres et omasa: a seller of tripes or paunches. Eq. 200. See above.

Κοιλόστωρ, ὄρς, qui cavo ventre est; fa-melicus: hollow-bellied, spacious; hungry. Sept. Th. 1037. SYN. Κόλλας.

Κοιλιόστος, ὄν, valles habens: abounding in valleys. Pyth. 5. 50.

Κοῖλδς, η, ὄν, cavus, depressus; sculptus: hollow; embossed. Iph. A. 1599. SYN. Γυά-λδς, Βάθς, γλάφυρος, γλυπτός.

Κοιλωτός, ὄν, cavus aspectu, cavatus: hollow, scooped. Iph. T. 262.

Κοιμάω, ἥσω, Κοιμίζω, dormire facio, lenio: to cause to sleep, mitigate. δ. 336. Hec. 472. SYN. Ἀναπαύω, ὑπνώω, κατὰπαύω.

Κοιμημά, ἄτς, τδ, dormitio, cohabitatio: a sleeping, cohabitation. Antig. 863. SYN. Σύν-ουσία.

Κοιμίζω. See Κοιμάω.

Κοινάω, ἄσω, Κοινώω, communico; polluo, inquino: to communicate; to pollute. Νυκτὶ κοινάσαντες ὁδὸν Pyth. 4. 204., answering to ὁπρά τις τῶν ἐν δυνάτῃ. Med. 807. SYN. Κοι-νωέω, μετὰδιδωμί, μίαινω.

Κοινὸθεῖα, ας, ἡ, commune altare: a com-mon altar. Τῶνδὲ κοινὸθεῖων Aesch. Sup. 230.

Κοινὸλέχης, ἔδς, Κοινὸλεκτρὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, com-munem lectum habens: sharing the bed. Soph. El. 97. Agam. 1416. SYN. Ὀμόκοιτς, ὁμό-λεκτρὸς.

Κοινὸπλους, ου, δ, ἡ, navigationis particeps: sailing together. Κοινὸπλουσι ὁμιλίαν Aj. 881.

Κοινὸπους, πῶδς, socio pede iter faciens: going together. Soph. El. 1110.

Κοινός, ἡ, ὄν, communis, vilis: common, low. Ion 654. SYN. Ἐπικοινός, ξυνός, ξυνήδς, ξυνήων, πάνδημος, ἐγκλητὸς.

Κοινὸτόκος, ου, δ, ἡ, communi partu editus: having a common parent. Soph. El. 858.

Κοινὸφρων, ὄνς, communem cum aliquo men-tem habens: entertaining the same sentiments. Ion 579.

Κοινῶ. See Κοινάω.

Κοινῶν, ὠνδς, δ, particeps, socius: a partaker, companion. Pyth. 3. 50. SYN. Ἐπαίρος, κοινω-νός, σύζυγος, σύζυξ.

Κοινωνέω, particeps sum; communico; in eo foedus cum: to partake of; to communicate; to make an alliance with. Eur. El. 1048. SYN. Μετέχω, μετὰδιδωμί, μετὰλαγχάνω, συνηλθῶ, ὁμιλέω.

Κοινωνία, ας, ἡ, communio; beneficentia: participation; communication, liberality. Βου-κόλοις κοινωνία Iph. T. 255.

Κοινωνός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, socius, particeps: a partner, partaker. Ion 773. SYN. Κοινῶν, μετόχος.

Κοινῶς, communiter, simul: in common, to-gether. Ion 1462.

Κοινωφελής, ἔδς, communem affertens uti-litatem reipublicæ: beneficent, patriotic. Eumen. 990. SYN. Κοινωνός, εὐχρηστος.

Κοιγένηα. See Κοῆς.

Κοῖς, ου, δ, Cœus: one of the Titans. Κοῖον τε Κρείον δ' Hes. Theog. 134.

Κοῖος, Ion, pro Πόιδς, q. v.

Κοιράνῃ, impero: to command, marshal. "Ὡς δ' ὅγε κοιράνῃων Δ. 251. SYN. Ἀνάκοιράνῃω, ἀρχω, κοσμέω.

Κοιρανίδης, Κοιρανός, ου, δ, princeps, dominus: a governor, prince. Λεῖσαστέ Θῆβης οἱ κοιράνι-δαι Antig. 940. Med. 871. SYN. Ἀγὼς, στρα-τηγός, ἀρχός, ἡγέμων, βασιλεὺς, ἀρχων. Κοι-ρανίδης is also a patronym. Olymp. 13. 105., and Κοιρανός is a proper name, P. 614.

Κοισύρα, ας, ἡ, Cœsura: an Eubœan female noble and wealthy. Εὐπέρων τῶν Κοισύρας Nub. 800.

Κοιτάζω, in lecto pono, et Κοιτάζομαι, in lecto decumbo: to lay on a bed; to nestle. Olymp. 13. 107. SYN. Κάτακειμαι, κατὰκοι-μάμαι.

Κοίτη, ης, ἡ, cubile; lectus conjugal; con-cubitus: a bed; a marriage-bed; concubinage. Hipp. 153. SYN. Θαλάμδς, ἐννῇ, κοῖτδς.

Κοῖτδς, ου, δ, cubiculum; cubile; recubitus; somnus: a bed-room; bed; a lying down; sleep. γ. 334. SYN. Κοίτη, κοιμημα, ὑπνός, Ep. Ἡδὸς, στῆγερδς.

Κόκκος, ου, δ, coccus, granum, bacca: a grain, berry. Call. 5. 27.

Κοκκύω, canto ut cuculus, cuculo: to cry cuckoo. Κόκκυξ κοκκύει Hes. Op. 484.

Κόκκυξ, υγδς, δ, cuculus: a cuckoo. See above.

Κόλαζω, mutilo, punio, castigo: to mutilate, punish. Helen. 1171. SYN. Ἀποτίννυμι, τι-μωρέω, μαστιγῶω, ακίζω, ἐπιπλήσσω, νουθετέω, διενθύνω. P. 11. see Orest. 1562.

Κόλαυις, ἰδς, ἡ, Colenis: a name of Diana. Av. 873.

Κόλαξ, ἄκδς, δ, adulator, parasita: a flatterer, parasite. Ὅλως Θέωλος τὴν κέφαλν κόλαξος ἐχει Vesp. 45. SYN. Θάψ, δωτῶων. Ep.



Σταμύλλος, βομυλλόχος. Pnn. see Agam. vv. 763—771.

Κόλαπτα, tundo, tundendo excavo: to bruise, pound, excavate. Call. fr. 101. SYN. Κόπτα, κοίδα, κνίζω, γλάφω.

Κόλασις. See below.  
Κόλασμα, ἄπος, τό; Κόλασμος, ὁ; Κόλασις, ἡ, poena: punishment. Οὐτ' αὖ κόλασμα τοῖς κακοῖς Eur. fr. Sisyph. 1. 4. Schaefer in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Jacobs. Anth. 10. 78: 12. 139. SYN. see Πονή.

Κόλαστος, ου, δ, castigator: a punisher. Eur. Sup. 266. SYN. Επιτιμητήρ, ἀμύντωρ, ὑπηρέτης.

Κόλαω, i. q. Κόλλω. Vesp. 244.  
Κόλλος, Ion. Κουλλός, ου, ὁ, vagina, culcus: a sheath, case, bag. Hec. 542. F. 272. SYN. Θήκη.

Κόλλετρα, proculco: to trample on. Τούτου δέλαον κολέτρον Nub. 552. SYN. Κἀτάπατεω.

Κόλλε, ἱκός, ὁ, panis rotundus: a round cake or roll, tripe. Δρέπανον λάβοιτο' φ' τοὺς κόλλικας κατέσπασας Ran. 576.

Κόλλαθος, ου, δ, panis genus: a sort of cake baked under the ashes. Πολλὰ καὶ τοὺς κολλᾶθους Pax 1196.

Κολλάω, glutino: to glue, join. Agam. 1543. SYN. Πρόσαρμιζω, πρόσσπτα, πήγνυμι, πᾶχνω. Κολλητός, ἡ, ὄν, glutinatus: glued. Hipp. 1220. SYN. Κέκολλημένος, σύνθετος, εὐπηκτός.

Κολλικόφαγος, ου, δ, qui κολλικὰς, s. κολλικὰς, vorat: an eater of small leaves, a nickname of the Boeotians. Ὡ χαῖρε κολλικόφαγε βοιωτίδιον Acharn. 837. See Κόλλε, ἱκός.

Κολλόμελεω, versus concinne connecto: to glue or adapt songs together. Thesm. 54.

Κόλλωφ, ὀπιός, ὁ, callosum corium durius in cervicibus et dorsis boum aut etiam ovium; verticillus citharae quo chordae intenduntur; cinædus. Vid. Damm. in v.: the hard skin about the neck of an ox; a screw or key by which the strings of the lyre were tightened; a pathic. Vesp. 574.

Κόλλωθος, ου, δ, species numismatis; bos in numismate sculptus; collybus: a small piece of money stamped with the figure of an ox; the figure of the ox; agio, in money changes. Δρέπανον οὐδὲ κολλῶθου Pax 1200.

Κολλύρα, as, ἡ, panis qui pueris dabatur: a cake, bun. Κολλύραν μεγάλην Pax 122.

Κόλοιάρχης, ου, δ, graculorum dux: a leader of jackdaws. Πρὸς τοὺς κολοιάρχας πρόσῃληθες ου λέγεις Av. 1212.

Κόλοιός, ου, δ, graculus, monedula: a jay, jackdaw. Τί γὰρ ἐστ' Ερεχθεὶ καὶ κολοιοῖς καὶ κύνι Eq. 1022. Er. Hχθεις, εὐπτερός.

Κόλοκωμᾶ, ἄθος, τό, surdus fluctus: a silent wave. Πᾶν κόλοκωμᾶ καὶ τάρατταν καὶ κύκων Eq. 689. See Κύμα.

Κόλοκύνη, ης, ἡ, cucurbita: a gourd. Nub. 326.

Κόλον, ου, τό, intestinum: a crust; pl. the intestines. Εγτέροις καὶ τοῖς κόλοις Eq. 454.

Κόλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mutilus, obtusus: maimed, blunted. Theoc. 8. 51. SYN. Ελλειπής, ἐλλειπής, κνρτός, κυλλός, ἀτέλής.

Κόλοσος, ου, δ, colossus, statua ingens: a colossal or large statue. Theoc. 22. 44.

Κόλοστροτός, ου, δ, strepitus promiscua multi-

tudo: a noise, tumultuous concourse. Plut. 536. SYN. Θορύβος, πλήθος. Er. Αργαλέος, ἀνδροφόνος, πόλις.

Κοιουραίος, α, ὄν, praeceps: steep. Call. fr. 66. SYN. Ἀπτόμωτος.

Κόλουω, decuto, amputo, praecido: to cut short, maim, cut to pieces. T. 370. SYN. Ἀποκόπτω, κατὰκόπτω, πηρώω, μείω, λωθῶ.

Κόλπιος, ὄν, sinum tegens: covering the bosom. Πέπλον δ' ἐρεκεὶ κόλπιον χερῶν ἀμφὶ Pers. 1061. See Blomf. Gloss., whose emendation is here adopted. SYN. Πόλιπτόχως, κατὰπτόχως.

Κόλπος, ου, ὁ, gremium; sinus: a bosom, breast; a creek, gulf. Dan. 34. SYN. Πῖξ, πτόχη, ἀγκών. Er. Αργυλάδος, ἐνάλιος, βῆδης, βῆθιδνης, ευρύς, εὐώδης, βρύδεις, δεινός, ἱμέρδεις, κηῶδης, οικτίρμων, ἀπείρων.

Κολπῶω, sinuo, in sinus contraho: to swell, form into a bay or sinuous curves. Mosch. 2. 125. SYN. Πτόσσαω.

Κολπώδης, εὖς, sinuosus: winding. Iph. A. 120. SYN. Κόλπιος.

Κόλυμβῶω, aquas subeo: to dive. Anacr. 37. 5. SYN. Δύπτω.

Κόλυμνητήρ, ἥρος, Κόλυμνητης, ου, δ, urinator, natator: a diver, swimmer. Δίκην κόλυμνητήρος Aesch. Sup. 413. Schaefer in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anth. 11. 252.

Κόλυμβεις, ἱδός, ἡ, urinatrix; avis quaedam: a diver; some bird, as the dab-click. Av. 305.

Κόλυμβος, ου, i. q. Κόλυμβος. Item, avis quaedam: a didapper. Acharn. 841.

Κόλχος, ου, δ; Κόλχης, ἱδός, ἡ, Colchus: a native of Colchi. Med. 2. 132. Er. Ἀρηφάτος, κελαινὸν, ἀρήϊος, ἀμαμακέτος, ἀζένος.

Κόλφωω, tumultuor, effutio: to raise a disturbance, gabble. B. 212. SYN. Θορύβεω, κελᾶδω, κραυγάζω.

Κόλων, ης, ἡ; Κόλωνος, ου, δ, tumulus, collis: a mound, a hill. Κόλων is also the name of a city. A. 756. Κόλωνος, pagus Atticensis: a pagus in Attica on a hill near Athens. B. 811. Apoll. 1. 1120. SYN. Γεωλόφος, πῶν, κνημός, ὄχθος, ὄφρος, δεῖρας. Er. Βαθύκρημος, δροσέρως, ηνέμους, πρόβλης, λασίους, παπᾶλδεις, εὐνδρός, κρᾶνός, διλόφος.

Κόλως, ου, δ, perturbatio: a disturbance. A. 575. SYN. Θορύβος, τάραχῃ.

Κόμαρος, ου, δ, ἡ, arbutus: the strawberry tree, arbutus. Ταῖσιν κόμαροις καὶ τοῖς κόνιουσιν Av. 620.

Κομαρόφαγος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui arbuteis fructibus vescitur: one who feeds on strawberry-trees. Av. 240. See above and Φάγω.

Κόμας, (1) como, comam alo, comatus sum: to cherish the hair, let it grow; (2) superbio: to be proud, exult. Eq. 580. SYN. (1) Ἐθειράω, (2) πλουτέω, τριφῶω, χλιδηφόρεω, γαιρῶω.

Κόμωω, Κόμειστω, curam gero; nutrio: to take care; to maintain. O. 113. w. 212. SYN. Ἀτιτάλλω, δέπω, ἐπιμελέομαι, κηδεύω, τρέφω.

Κόμη, ης, ἡ, coma: hair; foliage. Herc. F. 561. SYN. Βόστρυχος, ἔθειρα, φῖξ, χαίτη, φῶδης. Er. Εανθη, ἄερα, εὐπλοκάμωτος, εὐώδης, αὐχμώδης, χρυσέα, τᾶνός, λευκίχρος, πινᾶρα, ὠμή, λίπαρά, ἰοειδής, ἱμερτή, μέλαινα, λευκή, πόλια, χλιδώσα.

Κόμητης, ου, δ, crinitus; subst. cometa: hairy, feathery; a comet. Nub. 348. SYN. Κατὰβόστρυχος, εὐπλοκάμωτος, χαίτης.

Κομῖδῃ, ἡς, ἡ, (1) vectura: conveyance; (2) cura: care, maintenance, provision; (3) dative. Κομῖδῃ vel Κομῖδῃ pro adverbio usurpatur, valde, magnopere, diligenter: diligently, altogether, wholly. Κομῖδῃν ἐπιθεντο νόμῃς Theoc. 25. 109. Plut. 833. SYN. (2) Ἐπιμελεία, Δεράπεια, κηδός.

Κομίζω, curo, fero, refero, accipio, celebroy: to take care of, bear, convey back, receive, celebrate. Bacch. 949. SYN. Ἀνακομίζω, κηδεύω, κύμωω, ἐμπαζομαι, τημέλω, ἀμφέπω, βαστάζω, ἀπάγω.

Κομιστῆς, ὄν, ferendus, deducendus: to be born, conveyed or derived from. Sept. Th. 597.

Κομιστήρ, ἥρος; Κομιστής, ου, ὁ, portator, deductor: a carrier, bearer, conductor. Hec. 222. Androm. 1257. SYN. Ἀγωγός.

Κομιστῆρον, ου, τό, munus ob redditum datum; vectura, deductio: money paid for a safe return; a conveying. Herc. F. 1379. SYN. Σωστῆρον.

Κομμά, ἄθος, τό, segmentum; nota, vel signum nummo impressum: a segment, a mark, stamp. Τῷ κακίστῳ κομμάτι Ran. 726. Er. Κάκον, πόνηρον, κανόν.

Κομῶς, ου, ὁ, planctus, plangor: wailing. Choeph. 417.

Κομωτήρ, as, ἡ, ornatrix: a female adorning. Eccles. 737.

Κομπάζω, et Κομπέω, strepitum edo, erepro, jacto: to make a noise, resound, boast. Alcest. 334. Eur. El. 815. SYN. Ταυρίωω, ἀλαζονεύωμαι, ψόφω, δοντῶω, κόνιζω, πατάγωω, αὐχέω.

Κομπασμᾶ, ἄθος, τό, jactatio: an object of boasting. P. V. 369. SYN. Ἀλαζονεύω, καύχημα.

Κομπέω. See Κομπάζω.

Κομπόλακω, inanes ampullas projicio: to make a high-sounding boast. Ran. 961. A longa, ut in sequenti.

Κομπόλακωτος, ου, δ, qui est timidus et sui jactans: an empty boaster. Ὅριθός ἐστιν ἀρὰ κομπόλακωτος Acharn. 589.

Κόμπος, ου, δ, (1) crepitus apri acutis dentibus: a noise made by a boar whetting his tusks; (2) strepitus: any noise made by striking or beating; (3) jactatio, plausus: boasting, applause. Isthm. 5. 30. SYN. (2) Ψόφος, δούπος, ἀραγμός, (3) κομπασμᾶ, ἀλαζονεύω, ἐπαρκέσις. Er. Ἀγῆνωρ, ὑπέρηνωρ, βαρύνουπος, βαρύνυμις.

Κομπός, ου, vel Κομπαστής, ου, δ, jactator: a boaster. Phoen. 609.

Κομπόφακτορῆμων, ὄνός, ὁ, gravi verborum compositione utens: using bombastic words. Ἀπερίλακτον κομπόφακτορῆμωνα Ran. 839. SYN. Ἀλάζων.

Κομψευρῖτικώς, scite et Euripideo more: in the elegant manner of Euripides. Εἰπομ' ἂν αὐτὸ δῆτ' κομψευρῖτικῶς Eq. 18.

Κομψέω, scite dico et facio: to speak knowingly, display ostentatiously. Antig. 330. SYN. Ξεμολόγηω, αἰκάλλω, ἀλαζονεύομαι.

Κομψοπέπῃς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, festivus, lepidus, elegans: witty, elegant. Nub. 1030. O communis ut in μεγάλῳπρέπῃς.

Κοψός, ἡ, ὄν, festivus, elegans, comptus: elegant, pompous. Troad. 853. SYN. Αστέως, ευφύης, ἐπιχάρης, αἰμυλῖος, ἀερότης, πάνουργος, πῖθᾶνος, γλαφύρος.

Κοψώως, scite, festive: elegantly, pompously. Acharn. 1016. SYN. Αστέως, γλαφύρως, χάρειντος.

Κονάξω, et Κονάξωω, resono, strepo: to ring, utter a hollow confused noise. Ξεμετάλειον κονάξωσαν B. 334. Φ. 255. SYN. Ηχέω, ἀνιάχω, κομπέω.

Κονάξος, ου, ὁ, sonitus, strepitus: a sound, clush. Sept. Th. 148. See above. SYN. Ψόφος, δούπος, κτύπος, ἡχος.

Κονόβολος, ου, ὁ, articulus quo digitus flectitur; alapa; tuber: a knuckle; a slap; a tubercle. Μῶν τῶν σκρόδων ἐνέβαλεις εἰς τὸν κόνυλον Pax 258. SYN. Κόλαφος.

Κόνια, as; Κόνις, ἱδός, ἡ, pulvis, calx, lixivium: dust, chalk, ley to wash with. Καὶ πᾶσιν ἐν κόνιας Androm. 112. Hec. 325. The penult. of Κόνια, in Homer, is long in the singular, when it ends the hexameter, but always short in the plural. Euripides makes the penult short in the passage quoted, and in Suppl. 831. Aristophanes "in lyricis media brevi adhibet, in diverbis autem longa." Herman. De Met. p. 153. It is long sometimes in the arsis. Blomfield has proved that the last syllable of κόνις and κόνων is long, though probably on account of the metrical ictus. See P. V. 1120. SYN. Κόνισσᾶλος, ψυμάθος, κόνιρτος, σπόδος, αἰθαλή. Er. Λεπτή, αἰματέσσω, αἰθαλέσσω, ἀλγένη, αἰθαλή, αἰθέρως, δνοφέρα, ξανθή, κόφη, μελαινα, ὄνεια, χθονιάλη.

Κόνιζω, et Κόνιω, pulvere impleo: to cover with dust. Ευρὺ κόνισσοναι πεδῖον E. 145. Κόνιζοντες πεδῖον D. 122.

Κόνιρτος, et Κόνισσᾶλος, ου, ὁ, pulvis: dust raised. Ὁ κόνιρτος δηλὸς αὐτῶν ὡς ὄμοι προσκειμένων Eq. 245. Κόνισσᾶλος ἄρνυτ' ἀελλῆς Γ. 13. SYN. Κόνις, κόνια.

Κόνιους, πόδος, ὁ, qui est pede pulverulentus; solea: dust-footed, dusty-foot, a name given at Epidaurus to country people; a sandal. Γέρων δὲ χωρεῖ χλῆνδα καὶ κόνιπῶδας Eccl. 848.

Κόνις. See Κόνια.

Κόνισσᾶλος. See Κόνιρτος.

Κόνιω. See Κόνιζω.

Κοννάς, ου; (2) Κόννος, ου, ὁ, Connas; Connus: the names of two men in Aristophanes. Eq. 534. Vesp. 673.

Κοννέω, scio, cognosco: to know, understand. Aesch. Sup. 171. Exp. Κοννέιν συνίναμι, ἐπιστάσθαι Hesych. SYN. Γινώσκειω.

Κόννος. See Κοννάς.

Κοντός, ου, ὁ, contus, nautica hasta, longa et robusta: a sharp-pointed weapon, a pole used in thrusting the vessel from the shore. Iph. T. 1351.

Κόπανον, ου, τό, securis, gladius: a battle-axe, sword. Πειράει κούπανων ἀνδροδάκτων Choeph. 847. SYN. Κόπης, μάχαρά, ξιφός.

Κόπιαω, laboro: to labour, toil, to be tired. "Ὅστις πάρεσται κόπιᾷ ὅμιν Av. 734. SYN. Ἀποκόμω.

Κόπις, εὖς, ὁ, orator vanus: a wily orator. Κύπρις ἡδιδόγος δημῳχάριστος Hec. 131. SYN. Λᾶλως, ῥήτωρ.

Κόπῃς, ἱδός, ἡ, culter ad cadendum aptus: a carving-knife, faulchion. Οἷοις τίς ἡμῶν κόπῃδ' ἀπορήξω χέλυον Eur. El. 837. SYN. Μάχαρά, κούπανον, ξιφός.

Κόπος, ου, ὁ, labor: labour. Philoct. 880. SYN. Κεμάτος, ἀνία.

Κόπσω, lasso: to weary or tire. Batrach. 188. SYN. Ἀποτρώω, τείρω.

Κοπᾶτίας, ου, ὁ, equus notatus τῷ κόπῃ: a

horse marked with a ♀. "Ὅτ' ἐπρίαμην τὸν κοπ-  
πάτιον οἰμοὶ τάλας Nub. 23.

Κόπρᾶγωγέω, ἐκ Κόπρῶς, stercoro: to convey  
dung, to manure. Ἐγὼ δὲ κόπρᾶγωγὴν γὰ πρῶτᾶ  
ναὶ σιά Lysist. 1176. p. 229. SYN. Κόπρῶν  
ἀγω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Κόπρῆς, α, ὄν, stercorarius: of dung. Eq.  
899. See Κόπρῶς.

Κόπρῶ. See Κόπρᾶγωγέω.  
Κόπρῶλδῶς, ὄν, qui stercora colligit: a sca-  
venger. Τῷ κόπρῶλδῳ καὶ ταῦτ' αὐτὸν τοῖς κόπρῶν  
Vesp. 1184.

Κόπρῶς, οὐ, ἡ, stercus; pulvis; stabulum:  
dung; dust; a stall. Κυλινδόμενος κατὰ κόπρῶν  
X. 414. SYN. Σπῶδός, κόνις, πηλός, σκάφ.

Κόπρῶφῶρε, stercora fero; stercora obli-  
no: to carry dung; to besmear with dung. Eq. 295.  
See above.

Κόπρῶν, ὄνός, δ, sterquilinum, stabulum: a  
dunghill, stall. Τὸν κόπρῶν οὐν ἐρχόμεναι Thesm.  
485. SYN. Ἀφῆδρῶν.

Κόπτω, caedo, ferio, cudo, scindo; med. plangor:  
to cut, strike, forge, smite, cut off; mid. to beat  
oneself for sorrow. 4528. SYN. Ἀνῆκόπτω,  
κατὰκόπτω, πλῆσσω, τέμνω, πρίω, ῥήγνυμι, χῆ-  
ρασσω, ὑπόσειω, κρούω, παίω, αἰκίζω, ἀράσσω.

Κόρᾶκινός, οὐ, ὁ, genus piscium, saperda: a  
kind of shell-fish emitting a disagreeable smell.  
Κῆτ' ὥνηται κόρᾶκινόν Lysist. 560.

Κόραξ, ἄκός, δ, corvus: a crow. Es κόρακας  
βαδίζει μετὰ μινόνες Pax. 117.

Κόρδαξ, ἄκός, δ, saltatio quaedam ridicula et  
lasciva: a kind of wanton dance. Τοῦ κόρδακός  
ὄντος ἦν Nub. 555. De longa penultima  
quantitate vide Valpy, Gr. Gr. p. 153.

Κόρμευα, ἄρως, τὸ, virginitas: the state of a  
virgin. Alest. 176. SYN. Παρθένια, παρθε-  
νεία, πάρθενευμα.

Κόρμευ, devirgino; med. virginis vitam ago:  
to deflower a virgin; mid. to live a virgin.  
Alest. 314.

Κόρῶ, verro, purgo; curo; satio: to sweep,  
scour; to take care of, trim; to satiate. Βορᾶς  
κόρῶσθαι Hipp. 111. SYN. Ἄδω, πλῆρῶ, ἐπι-  
μέλωμαι.

Κόρη, Ion. Κούρη, ἐκ Dor. Κώρα, ἡ, (1)  
puella: a damsel; (2) pupilla: the pupil of the  
eye. Orest. 250. B. 872. Call. 5. 27. Κόρη  
also was a name of Proserpine. Eur. Sup. 334.

Κόρη, Παις, πῶλός, παιδάριον, μόσχός, παρθένός,  
σκίμνος. Ep. Αἰδοία, διὰ, ἀνέ, ἀμύης, ἄφρων,  
ἄβροχός, ἀγλαόμορφός, βάθροζανός, βάθροκολλός,  
δειλὴ, δυσέρως, δούρυσσός, τύραννός, ἐνθεός, ἐρη-  
μὸς, βάρβαρος, παρθενική, διδόντης, δεσπότης,  
χρυσοστήφηνος, πάλινκαυτός, ἀγνή, ἐλικώπης,  
εὐπλοκάμης, εὐειδής, εὐκτεάνος, εὐσφύρος, νεό-  
θηλός, μίτρη, ἱμερόεσσά, περικαλλής, κῆκφρων,  
τολμησσοῦ, χαρίεσσά, χρυσοηλεκτός, (2) ὀρθή,  
τάλαπυρρός, ἐρητή, σκυθρωπός, βασίλεια, πόλυ-  
πλάνος, διδοτρόφος, φασφύρος.

Κόρημα, ἄτὸς, τὸ, scopa: a besom, broom.  
Pax 59.

Κόρῶν, Κορῶν, coacervo, colligo, tollo: to  
heap up, collect, raise. Zeus δ' ἐπεὶ οὐν κόρῶν-  
νεν ἐόν Hes. Theog. 853. Κορῶνεται πολλόν  
I. 8. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ὕψω, κόρῶνω, αὐξάνω,  
συνῥοαίω, συλλέγω.

Κόρως, ὤς, ἡ, acervus: a heap. Τὰς κόρ-  
ωὺς ἀ τὸμα ὅμην Theoc. 10. 46.

Κόρια, ας, ἡ, epitheton Dianae: Diana. Ἄλ-  
λον μὲν Κόριος Call. 3. 234.

Κόριανόν, Κόριανόν, οὐ, τὸ, coriandrum: an  
herb resembling parsley, the coriander. Μύρτος  
στεφάνουσαι καὶ κόριανός Anacr. 138. Equt.  
679.

Κόριζμαι, blandior: to caress. Nub. 68.  
SYN. Τηκορίζμαι, κολάκευω.

Κόρινθιός, α, ὄν, Corinthius: Corinthian, of  
Corinth. Κόρινθια γυναικὲς Med. 216.

Κόρινθος, οὐ, ἡ, Corinthus: an illustrious city  
in Achaia. B. 570. Ep. Ἀλίκλυστος, Δωρίς,  
ὀλβία, Ἰοθμία, ὀφρυόεσσά, ἀγλαόκορος, ἀμφιθα-  
λασσός, ἄφνειός.

Κόριον, οὐ, τὸ, puellula; pupa: a little girl;  
a doll. Ἀλλ' ὦ πόνηρὰ κόρια γ' ἀβλίον πάρος  
Acharn. 731.

Κόρις, ὤς, δ vel ἡ, (1) cimex: a bug; (2)  
hypericum: Saint John's wort, or the ground  
pine. Nub. 634.

Κόρκός, οὐ, ὁ, olus agreste et vile: the pim-  
pernel. Vesp. 239.

Κορκόρυγῃ, ἡς, ἡ; Κορκόρυγός, οὐ, ὁ, intes-  
tinorum tumultus; strepitus quivis: a rumbling  
noise, as that of the bowels; a roar. Δύσον δὲ  
μῆχος καὶ κορκόρυγός Pax 991. SYN. Τεράχῃ,  
βῆθ, θορύβος, βόητις.

Κορμός, οὐ, ὁ, truncus: a trunk, stock, log.  
Hec. 573. SYN. Κλῶν, στελέχος, πρέμνον,  
κλάδος.

Κόρος, οὐ, ὁ, satietas: satiety, wantonness.  
Alest. 186. SYN. Ἄδός, πλησμονή. Ep.  
Αἰψήρος, ἀνός, λευγαλέος, ὑβριστής. PNH. see  
N. 636. Eur. fr. Antiop. 27. 1. Nem. 7. 76.

Κόρος, Ion. Κούρος, ἐκ Dor. Κώρος, οὐ, ὁ,  
puer: a boy, youth, son. Androm. 466. a. 149.  
Call. 5. 85. SYN. Παις, παιδών, αἰσός, νῆος,  
νῆος, κορινθίος. Ep. Ἀγλαός, ἀερόχαίτης, ευ-  
φύης, νεόθηλός, αὐθαλδής, νεόθημῶν, ευπρέπης.

Κόρρη. See Κόρρη.

Κόρση, Κόρρη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) crinis, tempora, ca-  
put: the hair, the temples, the head; (2) maxilla:  
the jaw-bone. Κόρσην ἡ δ' ἐτέροισι διὰ κροτά-  
φοι πέρσεν. A. 502. Theoc. 13. 34. SYN.  
Κεφάλῃ, κροτάφος, γνάθος, πᾶρσις. Ep. Κά-  
τῃσκιός.

Κορίθαντιῶν, insanio more Corybantum: to  
rave like the Corybantes. Ἀλλ' ἡ παρὰ φρόνεις  
ἐτέον ἡ κορίθαντιῶν Vesp. 8. SYN. Μαίνωμαι,  
φοιτάζομαι, βακχεύομαι, δαίμονῶν, βῶω.

Κορίθαντιζώ, Corybantum sacris initio: to  
initiate into the mysteries of the Corybantes.  
Μετὰ ταῦτ' ἐκορίθαντιζέ δ' αὐτῷ τιματάφ  
Vesp. 119.

Κορίθας, ἀντός, ὁ; Κόρῶντες, ὡν, οἱ, Cory-  
bantes: the Corybantes, who nursed Jupiter in  
Crete,—called also Curetes and Idaei Dactyli.  
Ἡ σεμνὴν Κορίθῶντων Hipp. 142. Call. 1. 46.  
Ep. Ἀκοιμητοί, γηγενεῖς.

Κορίθός, Κορίθαλλός, οὐ, ὁ; Κορίθαλλίς, ἰδὸς,  
ἡ, alauda cristata: a lark. Ἀεῖδον κορίθοι καὶ  
ἀκασθίδες Theoc. 7. 141: 10. 50: 7. 23.

Κορίθαιξ, ἰκός, ὁ, ἡ, galeam movens: helm-  
moving. Ἰσὸς Ἐνυαλίφ κορίθαίξιν πτόλῃμίστῃ  
X. 132.

Κορίθαλλός, οὐ, ὁ, qui galeam habet variega-  
tam; qui galeam agit; epith. Hectoris, &c.:  
having a variegated helmet; helmet-shaking.  
Μετὰ κορίθαλλός "Ἐκτωρ B. 816. SYN. Χαλ-  
κόκορστῆς, κέκορυσμένος αἰσθὶ χαλκῷ.

Κόρυμβός, ὁ, plur. Κόρυμβά; Κόρυμβος, ἡ,  
vertex, cacumen, cincinnus, ramus: a top, lock  
of hair, branch. Iph. A. 256. Hexam. in

Athen. 525. SYN. Ἄκρον, κορίφη, κλῶν, κλά-  
δος. Ep. Ἀγλαός, ἀκροκόμης, ἀμπελῶν, ἀνθε-  
μῶν, εὐπετάλως, ῥόδους, σκίερὸς, ὑψικόμης,  
χλιδέρος.

Κόρυνη, ἡς, ἡ, clava: a club. Ἀλλὰ σιδη-  
ρεὴν κόρυνην H. 141. See Κόρυνις. "Κορύνην  
metaph. pro asini veretro. Nicand. A. 409.  
Ἐναλδήσασα κορύνην." Steph. SYN. Ῥοπαλὸν,  
ῥάβδος, ξίφος. SYN. Αυτοφύτης, ἀσπλην, ἀσπλην,  
στίβαρά.

Κόρυνητης, οὐ, ὁ, claviger: a club-bearer.  
Τὸν ἐπικλήσιν Κόρυνητην H. 138.

Κόρυνις, ἐσσά, ἐν, in clavae formam fasti-  
giatus: club-formed. Κόρυνιεντὰ πέτρηλα Hes.  
A. 289.

Κόρυπιλός, οὐ, ὁ, cornupeta: butting with  
the horns. Οὐτὸς δ' λευκίτας δ' κορυπιλός Theoc.  
5. 147. SYN. Κεράσιος, ὑψίκερῶν.

Κόρυπτα, caput jacto; cornu ferio: to toss  
the head; to butt with the horns. Theoc. 3. 5.

Κόρυς, ὕδης, ἡ, galea, cassis: a helm, casque.  
Κόρυς κορίν ἀνέρα δ' ἀνὴρ N. 131. SYN. Τρι-  
φάλας, κίνη, γάλα, κρᾶνός, πηλῆς. Ep. Ἀρ-  
βηκτός, εὐλάδος, ἀρβήτης, ἀμφιφάλος, δαυδάλης,  
ηλικίμης, ἱπποδάσεια, ἱπποῦρις, ἱπποκόμης, κἄλη,  
κράτερ, λαμπρά, φάνη, παμφάνδωσά, τέτρα-  
φάλος, χαλκήρης, χρυσή, τέτραφάληρος. PNH.  
see Apoll. 3. 1228.

Κόρυσσα, part. perf. pass. κέκορυσμένος et  
κέκορυσμένος, galea caput armo; instruo armis;  
extollo, concito: to put on a helmet; to arm;  
to excite. Φ. 306. SYN. (1) Κρᾶνός ἐνδύω,  
(2) ὅπλιζω, κάδοπλιζω, πάρασκευάζω, (3) ὕδω,  
κορίφω.

Κόρυστος, οὐ, ὁ, armiger: one who wears a  
helmet, or who bears arms, a warrior. A. 457.  
SYN. Πόλεμιστής, ἱπποκόρυστος.

Κορύφη, ἡς, ἡ, vertex: a top, summit. Ακρό-  
τατην κορύφην A. 499. SYN. Ἀκροφεία, αἰπός,  
κορυμβός, κεφάλῃ, ὀρόφῃ, κόρωνος. Ep. Ἀκροκό-  
μης, δεινροκόμης, ἡλιεῖς, μέλαμφυλλός, οἰεῖα,  
πριμικήτης, ὑψηλὴ, χυδῶδής.

Κορύφω, in verticem attollo; finio: to raise  
to the top; to finish, conclude. Κορύφω ἐν  
κορύφῳ A. 426. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ὕψω, ἐκ-  
τέλειω, ἀποξύνω.

Κόρωνος, ὦ, ἡ, ficus, ejus fructus sint cor-  
nicis colore nigro: a kind of black-coloured fig.  
Pax 611.

Κόρωνη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) cornix, fulica: a crow; in  
Homer, a sea-gull; (2) omne curvum vel ro-  
tundum, ut in januis curvum illud manubrium,  
quo janua attrahitur: any thing curved or  
round, as the handle of a door; (3) pars exterior  
cubiti humani: the elbow; (4) pars posterior  
curva puppis: the outside of a ship's poop;  
(5) cornua arcus extrema: the extremities of a  
bow. M. 418. SYN. (1) Κόραξ, and in Hom.  
ἀρῶν, αἰνῶν, (2) κρῖνός, (4) γλαυκίς. Ep. (1)  
Μελαγχρόνός, ομφα, πλοκάμνος, τανύγλαυκός.

Κόρωνος, cervicem vel cornua effero, su-  
perbio: to put forth horns, to be proud. Κόρων-  
νῶντὰ πέτρηλα (al. legunt κορυνῶντὰ) Hes.  
Scut. 289. SYN. Γαυρία.

Κόρωνος, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Coronis: the mother of  
Æsculapius. Ἀμὰ Κορωνίδος Pyth. 3. 42. Ep.  
Ἀμὰ, σιγᾶντῃ Φλέγον βασιλῆος.

Κόρωνος, ἰδὸς, ἡ, epith. navis vel nigrae vel  
ejus puppis inflexa est: black-prowed, with a  
curved prow. En ἡσίοι κωρωνίσιο B. 771.

Κόρωνος, οὐ, ὁ, Coronus. B. 746.

Κοσκινύμαντις, ἰδὸς, ὁ, ἡ, vates qui cribro  
utilit ad vaticinandum: a conjuror who uses a  
sieve in his art. Τάληθ' αὖ κοσκινύμαντις Theoc.  
3. 31.

Κόσκινον, οὐ, τὸ, cribrum: a sieve. Ὁμῆν  
διὰ κοσκινῶν οὐρεῖν Nub. 372. SYN. Λίκινον,  
τήλια.

Κοσσυμᾶτιᾶ, ὡν, τὰ, quisquilæ: leather-  
parings. Κοσσυμᾶτιῶν ἀκροῖς τοιαυτὴ λέγων  
Eq. 49.

Κοσμεῶ, ordino, orno: to arrange, embellish.  
Androm. 942. SYN. Διάκοσμεῶ, κατὰκοσμεῶ,  
διάτάσσω, ὑπηρετῶ, ἐκστῆφω, διάτάσσω, πάρα-  
σκευάζω, κάδοπλιζω, ἐπιμέλωμαι, καλλύνω, καλ-  
λωπίω.

Κοσμήτωρ, ὀδός, Κοσμήτης, οὐ, ὁ, qui instruit  
aciem: a marshal, commander. σ. 151. η. 127.  
SYN. Ἡγέμων, ἄγος.

Κόσμιός, ἰα, ὄν, bene compositus: orderly,  
elegant. Ὡς τοῖς δίκαιους καὶ σόφους καὶ κοσ-  
μίους Plut. 89. SYN. Εὐκοσμός, ἐντάκτος,  
εὐνέπης, σάφρων, μέτριος.

Κοσμιότης, ἡτὺς, ἡ, decor, moderatio: modesty,  
decorum. Ὅτι κοσμιότης οἰκεί μετ' ἐμοῦ Plut.  
564. SYN. Εὐταξία, σωφροσύνη, μέτριότης.

Κοσμίως, composite, modeste: orderly, mo-  
destly. Thesm. 573. See Κόσμιος. SYN. Σω-  
φρόνως, συνέτως, μέτριως, κάλως.

Κόσμος, οὐ, ὁ, ordo, decus, decorum, orna-  
mentum; Pythag. mundus: order, regularity,  
decoration; the world. O. 12. SYN. Ἀγαλαῖα,  
τάξις, εὐταξία, κάλλος, καλλώπισμα. Ep. Κἄλός,  
ἐτοιμός, μυριόπληθής, ἐριθής, νεότευχός, νυμ-  
φιδός, λιπάρός, περικαλλής, ἱμέρδης, φάεινός,  
χαρίεις, χρυσήλατός.

Κόσσεός, οὐ, ὁ, i. q. Κοττάσος, q. v.

Κόσσιφός, Κόψιφός, οὐ, ὁ, merula: a black-  
bird. Κόσσιφοί ἀχείον Theoc. Epigr. 4.  
Av. 1081. Ep. Πόλυτελέαδός, ἡδύδωας.

Κόταλιν, Κότῶν, irascor, invideo: to be angry,  
to envy. Sept. Th. 481. A. 181. SYN. Εγ-  
κότης, μνητῶν, χυδῶν, βαρύνωμαι, φθονῶ.

Κότῆις, ἐσσά, ἐν, iratus: angry. E. 191.  
SYN. Πάλλικτός, στυγρός, οργιζόμενός, κότεσσά-  
μενός.

Κότινηφόρος, ὄν, oleastrum ferens: bearing  
wild olives. Ἄγων κότινηφόρον ὄδω Mosch.  
7. 1.

Κότινός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, oleaster: wild olive. Av.  
620. See above. SYN. Ἀγρίελα. Ep. Νήϊος,  
ἐπηρεφής.

Κότινός, οὐ, ὁ, oleaster vascens: one  
who feeds upon wild olives. Av. 240. See  
Κότινός and Τράχημα.

Κότῶς, οὐ, ὁ, vetus ira: settled anger, re-  
venge. N. 517. SYN. Μῆνις, μνητῶν, χυδός,  
οργή, θυμός, φθονός. Ep. Αἰνός, ἀργαλέος,  
ἀμείλιχός, βαρύνωμαι, δεινός, κρύερος.

Κοττάβιζω, cottabo ludo, vel certo: to play at  
the cottabus. Pax 342. See below.

Κοττάβος, Κόσσας, οὐ, ὁ, genus lusus con-  
vivialis: a kind of game, for a description of  
which see Robinson's Gr. Antiq. p. 524. Τῶν  
κάτακτων κοττάβων Pax 1242. Eur. fr. Plith.  
4.

Κότῶλη, ἡς, ἡ, cavitas; vasculum cavum;  
cavitas coxae: a cavity; a wine-measure con-  
taining three-fourths of a pint; the cavity in the  
hip-bone. Kal πρὶν δὲ κότῶλας ἐκτεῖν οἶνον  
δέκα Plut. 737. See below.

Κότῶληδῶν, ὄνός, ἡ, (1) idem quod Κότῶλη:







Κροτάλιζω, pulso, crepitare facio: to cause a loud rattling. Κεῖν ὄχλα κροτάλιζόν Α. 160. SYN. Κροτέω, ψύφω, ηχέω.

Κροτάδων, οὐ, τὸ, crepitaculum: a rattle. Λέγειν γένεσιν τριμύα κροτάδων παιπάλῃ Nub. 260. SYN. Κάδων, παλάγγμα, λάλως.

Κροτᾶφος, οὐ, δ, tempus, pars capitis: the temples. Νύξ κατὰ κροτᾶφον T. 397.

Κροτέω, pulso, verbero, plaudo: to beat, clap, rattle. Theoc. 18. 35. SYN. Ἐπικροτέω, κροτάλλω, ἀνακροῶ, δόρυβω, λάκω.

Κροτῆμα, ἄτος, τὸ, crepitaculum: a rattle. Rhcs. 498. SYN. see Κροτάδων, κροτός.

Κροτῆσις, Κροτός, οὐ, δ, plausus, pulsus: a clapping of hands, knocking. Sept. Th. 557. Anacr. 27. 8. SYN. Κροτῆμα, κτύπος, ψόφος, δόρυβος, βοή, ἐπαινός, κροῦμα.

Κροτῆτος, ἡ, ὄν, pulsatus: beaten. Κτύπου κροτῆτων ἀρμάτων κύβιν δ' ἄνω Soph. El. 716.

Κροτός. See Κροτῆσις.

Κροῦμα, ἄτος, τὸ, instrumenti musici sonus; pulsus: the striking of a musical instrument; a knocking. Thesm. 120. SYN. Κροτός, κροτῆμα, κτύπος.

Κρουνός, οὐ, δ, scaterra, saliens fons: a fountain, torrent, stream. Hec. 566.

Κρουνοχτύρηλαῖον, οὐ, τὸ, nugax, vox comica: an insipid talker. Ἀληθές οὗτος κρουνοχτύρηλαῖον εἰ Eq. 89. Ε. Φλύαρος, ηλίδιος, ἀποπληκτός.

Κρουσιδμήω, populo aures obtundo: to stun the people. Ὅσον μὲ παρικόττου χρόνον τοιαυτὰ κρουσιδμήων (hipponacticus versus) Eq. 855. SYN. Κατάκρουα, παράκρουῖμαι, ἀπάτω.

Κροτοῖς, ἰός, ἡ, pulsatio, inpr. instrumenti musici; item fraus: a beating; overreaching by noise, blustering. Nub. 317.

Κρουσιδῆς, ὄν, pulsandus: must be beaten or knocked. Eccles. 989.

Κρουσιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, pulsandi vim habens; pulsans aures; sonorus: capable of striking; blustering; sonorous. Καὶ σάφης καὶ κρουσιτικός Eq. 1379. SYN. Σφοδρός, δεινός λέγειν.

Κρούω, ferio, pulso, collido: to beat, knock at. Hec. F. 1295. See Hermann. SYN. Ἀνακροῶ, τῶπω, παύω, κροτέω.

Κρύβδᾶ, Κρύβδην, clam: secretly, without the knowledge of. Κρύβδᾶ Διὸς ἄλλων τέ δ' ἔων Σ. 168. π. 153. SYN. Κρύφα, κρύβῃ, κρύβην, λάθρα, ἀήλως.

Κρύερός, ἂν, frigidus, horridus: cold, shivering, dreadful. Κόρος κρύερόν γούιο δ. 103. SYN. Κρύεις, ψυχρός, φθέρως, δεινός.

Κρυμός, οὐ, δ; Κρύος, ἔδος, τὸ, frigus, glacies: cold, ice. Δυσσεῖα κρυμὸν ἄγασσα Call. 3. 115. Hes. Op. 492. Κρύ in κρύος, ut in κρύεις.

Κρύος, ἔδος, τὸ, frigus, glacies: cold, ice. Δυσσεῖα κρυμὸν ἄγασσα Call. 3. 115. Hes. Op. 492. Κρύ in κρύος, ut in κρύεις.

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Κρύεις, εἰσα, ἔν, horribilis: dreadful, terrible. Φόβον κρύεντος ἐταίρη I. 2. SYN. see Κρύερός.

Κρύεις. See Κρυμός.

Κρυπταῖος, α, ὄν, clandestinus: clandestine, secret. Κρυπταῖα φρόνουντᾶ Α. 542.

Κρυπτός, οὐ, celandus: to be concealed. Antig. 273.

Κρυπτεύω, occulto; insidiari tento: to conceal; to try to ensnare. Helen. 540. SYN. see Κρυπτάσκω.

Κρυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, occultus: secret, concealed. Androm. 1052. SYN. Κρυπταῖος, κρύφαῖος, κρύβις, λάθραῖος, ἀπόρητος, σκεπτός.

Κρύπτω, imp. κρύπτασκέ, abscondo: to hide, bury. Hec. 568. Κρύπτασκέ φάινεθ' Θ. 272. SYN. Κρυπτεύω, ἀποκρύπτω, κἀπύπτω, κἀλύπτω, κἀπαύω, κλέπτω, κεύθω.

Κρυσταλλοπῆξ, ἡγός; Κρυσταλλοπηκτός, ἔν, glacie concretus: frozen. Pers. 507. Rhcs. 438.

Κρύσταλλός, οὐ, δ, glacies: ice. ξ. 477. SYN. Ῥίγος, κρυμός, πάγος. Ε. Διανύγῃ, χιόνος.

Κρύφαῖος, Κρύφιος, α, ὄν, occultus: concealed, secret. Νόσον κρύφαλον ἦνικ' Ion 944. Hec. F. 344. SYN. see Κρυπτός.

Κρύφαλος, Κρύφιος, Κρύφῃ, Κρύφῃδον, occulte: secretly. Ναυσὶν κρύφαλος δρασμὸν Pers. 376. Hec. 979. Antig. 84. T. 299.

Κρύφῃ, ἡδόν. See above.

Κρύφιος, -ως. See above.

Κρύφιος, ἔως, ἡ, occultatio: a hiding. Baech. 943.

Κρύβυλός, οὐ, δ, crinis retortus: braided hair, a curl or lock of hair. Μάλλον δὲ τῶν κρυβύλων Vesp. 1267. SYN. Κόρυμβος.

Κρώω, crocio: to croak, caw like a raven. Hes. Op. 745. SYN. Θουάλλω, βόω.

Κρωσός, οὐ, δ, hydria, urceus: a water-pot, cruse. Ion 1173. SYN. Ῥδρία, κάλπις.

Κτώμαι, comparo: to obtain, acquire, perf. possess. Κτᾶσθαι φίλους Eur. Sup. 236. SYN. Ἀνακτάμαι, κτᾶσθαι, ἔχω, ἀπολάω, πάδω.

Κτᾶω. See Κτᾶμαι.

Κτᾶνός, οὐ, Κτᾶρ, ἄτος, τὸ, possessio: a possession. Μετὰ δὲ κτᾶνόν μετρίων βιότας Ion 493. Ἄμ' ἄλλοισιν κτᾶεσσιν Z. 426.

Κτᾶνός, τᾶ χρημᾶτά, περιουσία. Ε. Ἐρᾶσμιον, εὐλοῖω.

Κτᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, domina: a mistress. Κόσμον μετᾶλιν κτᾶεσσι Agam. 347.

Κτᾶσθαι, acquiro, possideo: to acquire, possess. Κεῖται πολλὰ κτᾶσθας β. 102. SYN. see Κτᾶμαι.

Κτᾶτός, οὐ, δ, Cteatus: a prince of the Eleans. Τίς δ' ἐν Κτᾶτον B. 621.

Κτᾶνός, Κτᾶνός, Κτᾶνός, interficio: to kill. Med. 482. Χρυσήνιος Ἀρτέμις ἐκτα Z. 205. Τὸν δὲ κτᾶμένον παρ' ὅμοιοι E. 28. SYN. Ἀποκτείνω, κἀκτείνω, σφάττω, φονεύω. Πην. Ἐρᾶσμιον νυκτὶ κάλπις, ψυχὴν αἰδὶ προΐσται, φόνον αἵμα γῇ δίδωμι χάσας, αἵμα χεὶρὶ δέσθαι, αἵμα πρᾶττειν (τίνος).

Κτᾶνός, οὐ, δ, faba; calculus: a bean; a vote, ballot. Ἐπισκοπὸς ἦκα δεῦρὸ τῷ κτᾶμω λάχων Av. 1022. SYN. Ψῆφος.

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Κτᾶνός, ὄν, ὄν, possessio; jumentum; pecus: a possession; a beast of burden; a sheep. Call. Dian. 125. SYN. Βόπων, ζῶν, κτῆμα.

Κτᾶνός, οὐ, δ, (1) Ctesius: the father of Eumæus; (2) dans possessiones: giving property. Κτᾶνός Ὁρμῆντος ο. 413.

Κτᾶνός, ἔως, ἡ, possessio: possession, inheritance. E. 158. SYN. see Κτῆμα.

Κτᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, qui quæri potest; quæsitus, emptus: capable of being acquired, procurable; sought for, bought. Hipp. 1289.

Κτᾶνός, α, ὄν, viverræ sylvestris pelle seu corio confectus: made of a ferret's skin. Κτᾶνόν κύνῃν κέφαλῇφιν ἔλοντο K. 458.

Κτᾶνός, condo, fabrico: to found, build. Σοί γιν' ἐκγόνου κτίσαν Phœn. 693. SYN. Δέω, καταρτίω, ποίεω, οἰκίζω.

Κτᾶνός, οὐ, δ, aries: a ram. Αυτὸς δὲ κτᾶνός ὡς Γ. 196. SYN. see Κρύος.

Κτᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, Ctimene: the sister of Ulysses. Ἄμα Κτᾶνὴν πάντῃσιν ο. 362.

Κτᾶνός, ἔως, ἡ, fundatio; res: a founding; a thing. Olymp. 13. 118. Κτᾶνός, ut in κτίτης.

Κτᾶνός, ὄν, δ, conditor, incolæ: a founder, inhabitant. Ion 74. SYN. Αρχηγός.

Κτᾶνός, οὐ, δ, incolæ, conditor: an inhabitant, settler. Ἰππίου τ' Ἀργίου κτίται Orest. 1638. SYN. Οἰκίτωρ.

Κτᾶνός, strepo, strepito: to make a roaring noise, resound. Εκτᾶνὸν δρόμῳσιν Med. 1177. SYN. Ψόφω, δουπέω, βροντᾶω.

Κτᾶνός, ἄτος, τὸ; Κτᾶνός, οὐ, δ, sonitus, strepitus: a loud noise, clapping, roar, crash. Androm. 1200. Μῆδ' ἔστω κτύπος Orest. 137. SYN. Ψόφος, ἡχός, δούπος, βρόμους, πατάγος, πατάγγμα, ἀραγμός. Ε. Ἀλίστον, αὐδόν, ἀμφίπληξ, Βαρυγόνουτον, σμερδαλέον, βόθρον, πειδάρσιον.

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Ἀκροντὶ τὰ κύδανον τε E. 448. SYN. Δοξάω, ἐπικλείω, γέλαω, τιμάω.

Κυδάλιμος, ὁ, glorious: gloriosus. Μένελαιος, κυδάλιμος Δ. 100. SYN. Σύνετος, ἐνδοξός, εὐπρέπης, τίμιος, κούριμος, κυδρός, κενός.

Κυδιανεύρα, ἡ, honestans viros: manu-ennobling. Μάχη ἐνὶ κυδιανεύρῃ Z. 124.

Κυδιῶ, glorior: to be proud or to exult in. Κυδιῶν ὅτι πάσι B. 579. SYN. Γαυριῶ, ανχέω, ἀερύνμαι. PPH. Ἐπιδοξὸν ἀρεῖσθαι κύδος.

Κύδιμος, Κυδνός, Κυδρός, ἡ, ὁ, comp. κυδιών, superl. κύνιστος (a κύδος, ut ἐχθίαν, ἐχθιστός, ab ἐχθός), gloriosus, venerandus: gloriosus, noble, boastful. Κύδιμος Ἑρμῆς H. Merc. 46. Δίδος κυδρὴ παράοις Z. 184. Ατρείδῃ κύδιος τε A. 122.

Κυδιππη, ἡ, ἡ, Cydippe. Γράμματ'α Κυδιππην Call. fr. 101.

Κύδιος, Κυδιών. See Κύδιμος. Κυδοιδόπαι, Κυδοιμέω, tumultuor: to make a bustling noise. Εἰσι κύδοιμον ἐς Ὀλυμπόν O. 136. Et cum est æque levis in cydoiidopai, que occurrit Nub. 616. SYN. Θορύβεω, τάρσσω, συντάρσσω.

Κυδοιμέω. See above.

Κυδοιμός, οὐ, ὁ, turba, tumultus: a tumult, din. Πῶς κυδοιμόν ἐμελλέειν Acharn. 573. SYN. Θορύβος, τάραχ'η, πάλαιος. Ερ. Ἀναδής, αἰματόεις, αἰμακίετος, ἀργάλεος, βάρυς, δακρύοις, δεινός, δυσκέλευτος, ζαμένης, ὀλός, πολυφλοισβός, πολισσοιχός, στυγέρος.

Κύδος, ἔος, τὸ, gloria: jactatio: glory: boast. Κύδι' γαίαν A. 405. SYN. Δόξα, κλέος, φήμη, δύναμις. Ερ. Ἄερον, ἄγλαον, ἀσπετόν, ἀγρίαν, καλὸν, κύνιν, μέγα, εὐρὺ, ὑπερτέρον.

Κυδρός. See Κύδιμος. Κυδωνές, ὡν, οἱ, Cydones: a nation of Crete. Ἐν δὲ Κυδωνας τ. 176.

Κυδωνικός, Κυδωνίος, ὁ, Cydonius: Cydonian. Μολοισσι Κυδωνικόν εὐρώμεν ἄνδρα Theoc. 7. 12. Acharn. 1198.

Κύω, pario: in utero gesto: to bear: to be pregnant. Ἡμῖνον κύουσαν Ψ. 266. T. 117.

Κύζικος, οὐ, ἡ, Cyzicum: a town in Mysia: also Κύζικος, ὁ, Cyzicus: a hero who gave his name to the island. Κόζικον ἐν κύζικῳ Apoll. 1056.

Κυθήρεια, Κυθήρη, ἡ, ἡ, Cytherea: Venus. Εὐστέρφωτος Κυθήρεια σ. 192. Theoc. 30. 16. SYN. see Ἀφροδίτη.

Κυθήρα, ὡν, τὰ, Cythera: an island on the south of Laconia, containing a city of the same name. Ὡς πόντι'α Κύπρου καὶ Κυθήρων καὶ Πάφου Lysist. 833.

Κυθήριος, ὡν, Cytherius: of Cythera. Ὡκεὶ Κυθήρι'α Ἀμφιδάμαντι K. 268.

Κύκῳ, κύκῳ, miscio, turbo: to mix, disturb, confound. Τί αὖ σὺ κύκῳς ἡ τί κοικύλεις ἐχων Thesm. 852. Καὶ τὰραττὲ καὶ κύκῳ E. 251. SYN. Ἀνακύκῳ, τάρσσω.

Κύκῳ, ὡν, acc. ἐῶν'α, εἰώ et εῶ, ὁ, miscellanea potio: a mixture, refreshment. Οὐκ εἰ γὰρ κύκῳ ἐπιπίως βληχωνίαν Pax 712. SYN. Κράσις.

Κύκροθρον, ὡν, τὸ, rutrum: a ladle: a turbulent fellow. Καὶ κύκροθρον καὶ τὰρακτρον Pax 653, answering with καὶ ἄλος καὶ σὺκροφάντης.

Κύκροσιτῆφρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, miscens seu confundens cinerem: mixing ashes, a quack, a sea-

venger. Ran. 711. See Κύκῳ and Τέφρα, Σὶ brevis, ut in κρουσιδῶν.

Κύκλας, ἄδός, ἡ, circularis: eucircling. Κύκλαδ' ἐποικησούσι νησαῖας πόλεις Ion 1583. In the plural, Κύκλαδες is the name of that group of islands which surround Delos. Δῆλον κυκλάσαντ'ο καὶ οὐνὸν Κύκλαδες εἰσὶν Dionys. 526.

Κύκλῳ, verso: ducio vel rota veho: eo in orbem: to turn: to convey in a chariot: to go in a circle. Μένελαε ποί σὸν πῶδ' ἐπὶ συννοῖα κύκλεις Orest. 624. SYN. Στρέφω.

Κύκλιδοιδόσκῳ, οὐ, ὁ, poeta dithyrambic: a teacher or composer of dithyrambs. Ταυτὶ πέποιθας τὸν κύκλιδοιδόσκῳ Av. 1403. See Διδόσκῳ. SYN. Διθύραμβόλοισ.

Κύκλιος, Κύκλικός, ὡν, orbicularis: circumforaneus: circular: circling, belonging to the stage. Τὰς οὐτέρας κύκλ'α τε πολλὰ καὶ καλὰ Av. 918. Call. Ep. 30. See Κύκλος. SYN. Κύκλότης, ἐγκύκλιος.

Κύκλωδὸρέω, Cyclobori modo clamoribus obtundo: to declaim like the mountain torrent Cycloborus in Attica. Κάκλωδὸρέει κάλυπεν ὄστ' δλίγου πάνων Acharn. 381.

Κύκλωδός, οὐ, ὁ, circulator: a juggler. Ἀρπαξ κέκρωκτος κύκλωδου φωνῇ ἐχων Eq. 137.

Κύκλως, ὡν, plur. Κύκλοι, οἱ, et Κύκλ'α, τὰ, circulus, orbis, revolutio: a circle, orb, revolutio. Πάντ'α πύργῳ ἐν κύκλῳ Bacch. 642. SYN. Τρόχος, κρικός. Ερ. Εριφύγης, εὐφρύγης, ἐνίασις, ὀδός, δεσπεῖος, λωφός, ποιητός, φασεσάρδης, εὐπάρης, δολιός, πτέρινος, εὐνύχης, εὐνύχης, πανσέληνος, φάεθον, γοργών, κάρπιμος.

Κύκλωσ' ἐν, orbem: in a circle. Κυκλῶσ' ἄφωρ δὲ τὴν κῆμας ἐξῆ P. 392. SYN. Πέριξ, κύκλω.

Κύκλωδότης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, quasi tornando rotundus factus: rounded. Αυτοὺ κύκλωδότης δὲ οὐραὶ παντ'αχρ' Av. 1008. SYN. see Κύκλιος.

Κύκλω, cingo: in orbem ago: to encircle: to drive in a circle, enclose, whirl round. Οὐτῶ κύκλωσ' δαλὼν Cycl. 461. SYN. Ἀνακύκλω, περιβάλλω, περιζώννυμι, ἀμφιβάλλω, στέφανω, ἀμψισχύνω, στέφω.

Κύκλωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, orbis rotundus: rota: tympanum: a circuit, circumference: a wheel: a drum. Ὡς κύκλωμα ἱξίονος Phoen. 1201. SYN. Περὶδολή.

Κύκλωπιός, Κύκλωπιός, ὡν, ὁ, κύκλωπις, ἴδός, ἡ, Cyclopius: of the Cyclops, Cyclopians. Iph. A. 1500. Herc. F. 15. Iph. T. 845. See Κύκλωψ.

Κύκλωτος, ἡ, ὁ, orbicularis: circular. Σάκει κύκλωτ' ὁ σώματος προβλήματι Sept. Th. 536. SYN. Εὐκύκλιος, κύκλιος, κύκλωδότης.

Κύκλωψ, ὡπός, ὁ, Cyclops: Cyclops, a one-eyed monster. The Cyclops were a nation of monsters, who were fabled to dwell in Sicily, and to be the workmen of Vulcan. See Odyssey. 1. and Virg. Aen. 3. Κτείνω Κύκλωψας καὶ μεθ' ἑτέρας πᾶτρ' Alost. 6. Ερ. Ἀγρίος, μῶν, ἀνδρόφαγός, μέγαλ'ητωρ, ἀθιμστός, ὑπερφιάλδης, πέλωρ, ἀθιμίστι'α εἰδός, μένους ἀσχετός, Αἴγνας μολύνω, ξένων δαυτῶν, ἀνιστός, γενναῖος, Αἰγναῖος, δυσσέτης, ὀλός, κρικός, φόνιος, ἀμώβρος, ὀρεβάτης, ἀναιδής, ὑπερπύρριον, χθονίος. PPH. Τέκτων Δίδος πύρος, ὑπερβίον ἡτῶρ ἐχων. See Call. 3. 51.

Κύκνεις, α, ὄν, cygneus: of a swan. Iph. T. 1105. See Κύκνιος.

Κύκνιμορφός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cygni speciem habens: like a swan. Τρεῖς κυκνιμορφοὶ κοινὸν P. V. 820.

Κύκνοπτερός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cygni pennas habens: swan-winged. Orest. 1383. See below.

Κύκνός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) cygnus: a swan; (2) Cynus: Cynus. Ἀῖθ'αν κύκνον μορφάματ' Helen. 19. Hes. Scut. 57. Ερ. (1) Δολιχαύχην, πῶ, τῶ, πολιοχρῶς, ὄρνις, χιόνος, ἡχέτης, δουλιχόδερος, λιγύρος, λιγύφουγγος, Στρυμόνιος, μαντίπυλος, (2) Ἀρητιάδης, μεγάρυμος, ἀμύμων, ἱπποδάμους, εὐμελῆς, ὑπερείδης.

Κύλινδῳ, Κύλινδω, et Κύλιν, voluto, volvo: to roll. Εκκύλινδον ἱκνὸν ἰδὼν Av. 502. Vesp. 490. Αἰμώδους ἐκύνιν ἀπ' Theoc. 24. 17. SYN. Ἀποκύλινδῳ, ἀποκύλλω, ἐκκύλινδῳ, ἀνέλλω, ἐπιφέρωμαι.

Κύλινδρος, οὐ, ὁ, cylindrus: a roller. Ἡ δ' ἄφωρ ὥστ' ἐκύνδρος Apoll. 2. 596.

Κύλις, ἴδός, ἡ, calix: a cup, tumbler. Ζηρός ἐχει κύλικον Troad. 822. SYN. Πότηριον, ἐκ-πώμα, δέπας. Ερ. Ἀκρητός, βάθειά, περίφερ-ρής.

Κύλινος, οὐ, τό; Κύλιν, ἡ, pocillum: a little cup. Ἐγὼ δὲ κύλινος τὴν σοὶ καὶ φάρμακον Eq. 906. Aristoph. in Tagenistis. SYN. Κότυ-λινος.

Κύλιν, See Κύλινδῳ.

Κυλλήνη, ἡ, ἡ, Cyllene: (1) a mountain in Arcadia, (2) a city of the Epeans. Eq. 1083. Ερ. Χιόνος, κρικός, πέτρα.

Κυλλήνιος, ὡν, Cyllenius: of Cyllene. Κυλλήνιος ἐξέκλειτο ω. 1.

Κυλλόπιδιον, ὡν, ὁ, claudus pedes: lame-footed. Ποιήσας Κυλλόπιδιον Σ. 371.

Κυλλός, ὡν, claudus, curtus: lame, maimed. Av. 1379. SYN. Χωλός.

Κυλοιδῶ, sum tumetibus oculis: to have swollen eyes, as a sign of vehement love. Τὴν χεῖρ' ἐάν δὲ τοῦτ' ὄρες κύλοιδῶν Lysist. 472.

Κύμα, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) fluctus: a wave; (2) foetus uteri: a foetus, an offspring. Πολλοῖς διαίλοις κυμάτων φερούμενος Hec. 29. SYN. (1) Ρῶν, σάλον, οἰδῶ, (2) γυνή, ἐκγόνος. Ερ. (1) Πόντιον, ἱερὸν, βάρυβρόν, ἄλιν, δελφίον, ἰγρόν, δαλδασίον, δεινόν, μέγα, ἀφωρόν, ἐπασ-σύτερον, κελαινόν, λᾶθρον, μέλαν, πάλιρῶθρον, πορφύρεον, ῥοθίον, ἀλγεινόν, μακρόν, πᾶφάζον, πειλῶθρον, τρῶθρον, κυφόν, ἀτρίγυτον, ἀλκτιπύον, ἀνέμωτρες, βᾶθ, ὄρεθρον, οἶν, πικρόν, ἀκρόκ-λαυθόν, τριχάδον. PPH. see Δ. 422. and Iliad. 1220.

Κυμαῖον, Κυμαίνωμαι, turgeo, ferreo, fluctuo; agito: to swell, rage, foam; agitate. Ζηνὶ κυμαίνοντ' ἐπη Sept. Th. 439. SYN. Σάλεύω, τάραττόμαι, χεμαῖζομαι, βράσσω, δύνω, πλημύρω, εκκυμαίνω.

Κυματίας, οὐ, fluctuosus: full of waves. Aesch. Sup. 555. See Κύμα, ἄτος.

Κυματόαγης, ἔος, veluti fructus frangens: breaking like waves. Δεινὰ κυματόαγεις E. C. 1243.

Κυματόπληξ, ἡγός, fluctibus pulsatus: wave-beaten. E. C. 1241. See above.

Κυματόπλοθος, ὡν, fluctibus deperditus: wave-worn. Ὅρα γ' ἐν ακαῖς νόμαδ'α κυματοπλοθῶν Eur. fr. Polyid. 1. 2.

Κυμβᾶχος, ὡν, (1) adj. et (2) οὐ, ὁ, subst. (1) pronus in caput: headlong; (2) superior

galea pars convexa: the skull-piece of a helmet. Κυμβᾶχος ἐν κόρυϊν E. 586. O. 536. SYN. Πρηγής, πρόπτης.

Κύμβη, ἡ, ἡ, cymba: poculum: a small boat; a goblet. Soph. fr. Androm. 2. SYN. Σκαφίδιον, σκάφος, σκάβη, κύπελλον, σκύφος.

Κύμνις, ἔως vel ἴδός, ὁ, nocturnus accipiter: the great horned owl. Χαλκιδᾶ κυκλῶσκονσι δέοι ἄνδρες δὲ κύμνιν E. 291. SYN. Χαλκίς.

Κύμνιν, οὐ, τὸ, cuminum, herba et semen: cummin, the herb and its seed. Κάταπριον τὸ κύμνιν Theoc. 10. 55.

Κύμνιστριον, κυμβῶν, οὐ, ὁ, vox ab Aristophane conficta, "scrupulosus et sordidus cumini sector et nasturtii scalptor," Brunck.: a cummin-cutter and scraper of cardamum, a skin-flint. Κάλως κύμνιστριον κυμβῶν, ὡς Vesp. 1357. See Κάρδαμιν.

Κυμβόγιον, ὡν, undas excipiens: receiving the waves. Ἡμῖν μὲν ακτῆς κυμβόγιονος πέλας Hipp. 1168.

Κυμβόκη, Κυμβόκη, ἡ, ἡ, Cymodoece and Cymothoe: the names of two of the Nereids. Θάλατ'α τε Κυμβόκη τε Σ. 39. 41.

Κυμβόκη. See Κυμβόκη.

Κυναγέτω, venor: to lead on dogs, to hunt.

Πάλαι κυναγέτοντ'α Aj. 5. SYN. Ἀγρευώ.

Κυναγέτης, Κυναγός, οὐ, ὁ, venator: a hunt-

man. Τοῖον ὡς κυναγέτης Hec. 1156. Phoen. 1185. SYN. Ἀγρευτήρ.

Κυναγία, Dor. et Attic. pro Κύνη, ἡ, galea: a helmet, properly covered with a dog's skin.

Κύνες, δέριον κατὰ κανλίζον ξύλον Eur. Sup. 727. Lysist. 751. SYN. see Κύνες. Ερ. Αμφι-φάδος, τίτράφωλος, δεινὸν, εὐλόφος, δαδᾶλα, εὐκτός, χαλκήρης, ἱπποκόμος, ἱπποδάμειά, ἱπποῦς, κάλῃ, λυφείσῃ, τίτράφωλος, χρυσεία, πάγχαλκός, ἀλύφος, ἀμφιπόλις, ἀπάλός, εὐχαλ-κός, κτιδῆ, βινού ποιητή, ταυρεῖ, χαλκίπρητος, αἰγέη.

Κυνέος, Κυνέος, α, ὡν, caninus: canine, im-

pudent. Τετλαῖη κύνος πέρ ἐών I. 373. Eq. 1396. SYN. Ἀναιδής.

Κύνεω, osculor: to fawn like a dog, to kiss. Καὶ κύνων ἀγαπάζομαι φ. 224. SYN. Κύνω, φίλῳ, προσκύνῳ, σάινω.

Κύνῃ, ἡ, See Κύνεω.

Κυνήγεσιον, οὐ, τὸ, societas venaticæ, instru-menta venatica: the huntsmen, a hunting train. Τὶ κυνήγεσιον καὶ σοὶ μέλει Hipp. 224.

Κυνήγρια. See Κυναγία.

Κυνήδον, more canino: like a dog. Λήσει σὲ κυνήδον Eq. 1033.

Κυνήλαστια, α, ἡ, incitatio canum: the art of urging on dogs. Καὶ ἐκυνήλασθ' ἐν Call. 3. 207. SYN. Κυναγία, ἐγρέσια.

Κύνσιος, α, ὡν; Κυνσίος, ἄδός, ἡ, Cynthius: of Cynthus, Cynthian. Ἄπαρ Κύνσιον ὄχθον Iph. T. 1099. Call. Ep. 72.

Κύνθος, οὐ, ὁ, Cynthus: a mountain in the island of Cynthus. Hom. Apollid. 26.

Κύντιον, οὐ, τό; Κύνισκη, ἡ, ἡ, caniculus: a little dog or bitch. Κύνισκη is also a proper





Κώληψ, ἡ, talus, sura: the bend of the knee behind, the hamstring. Ψ. 726. SYN. Ἰγνύς, σφύρον, οσσοῦν.

Κωλιάς, ἄδως, ἡ, epith. Veneris: an epithet of Venus. Δάπνης λάφυγμου Κωλιάδος Γένεταλ-λίδος Nub. 52.

Κώλον, οὐ, τὸ, membrum; crus: a limb; a leg. Heracl. 735. SYN. Γυῖον. Ερ. Νδέρων, δεξιόν, ἄβρον, ασθενές, τὰ χυποῦν, λευκόν, δρόμας, Βάρ, πρὸς χηλάτον.

Κώλυμα, ἄδως, τὸ, impedimentum: a hindrance. Τί γὰρ εμποδίων κώλυμ' ἐτί μοι Ion 861.

Κωλύω, ὥω, prohibeo: to hinder, forbid. Κωλύμεσθαι μὴ μάθην ἂ βούλωμαι Ion 395. The penult. of Κωλύω is comm. if a vowel follows; if a consonant, always long. SYN. Διάκωλύω, ἀπείπω, ἀρνεύμαι.

Κωμά, ἄδως, τὸ, sopor gravis: deep sleep, repose. σ. 200. SYN. Κοιμήμα, ὕπνος, κάρος. Ερ. Ἀπάλων, λυσιμέλεις.

Κωμάω, comisor, hymnis celebraz: salto: to feast in honour of, to celebrate; to dance. Alcest. 831. SYN. Ἀνὰ χόρεον, ὕμνω, τρῶδω.

Κωμαστής, οὐ, δ, commissator: a reveller. Nub. 606.

Κώμη, ἡ, ἡ, pagus: a village. Hes. Scut. 18. Κωμήτης, οὐ, δ; Κωμητῆς, ἴδως, ἡ, vicinus, paganus; vicina, pagana: a villager, neighbour. Nub. 965. Lysist. 5. SYN. Γέτω, παροικίος.

Κωμικός, Κωμωδικός, ἡ, ὁ, (1) comicus: of comedy, comic; (2) poeta comicus: a comic poet. Ξένε κωμικὸν ὄντας Call. Ep. 53. Vesp. 1047. SYN. (2) Κωμωδοδιδάσκάλος, κωμωδοποιήτης.

Κωμός, οὐ, δ, comissatio: revelry, a revel. Phoen. 802. Ερ. Οπισθόπους, πόλιν χητύς, ασπί-θηφός, πτηνός, φίλοστέφανός, ἡδύμελῆς, μέ-λιγγρός, φίλοστέφανός, ἐπὶ ἡράτος, Ὀλυμπιονίκης.

Κώμης, ὅδως, ἡ, manipulus: a bundle of hay. Κάλαν κωμῶν διδωμι Theoc. 4. 18. SYN. Φά-κέλως.

Κωμωδῶ, mordacibus dictis incesso: to ridicule. Ran. 368. SYN. Λαιδέρω, σκώπτω.

Κωμωδία, ἡ, ἡ, comedia: comedy. Κωμω-δίας δὲ φορτικῆς σφόδρ' ἔτερον Vesp. 66.

Κωμωδικός, See Κωμικός.

Κωμωδοδιδασκάλια, ἡ, ἡ, disciplina rei comicae: instruction in the comic art. Κωμωδοδι-δασκάλιον εἶναι Eq. 513.

Κωμωδοδιδάσκων, Κωμωδοποιήτης, οὐ, δ, poeta comicus qui docet artem comicam: a comic poet, one who teaches comedy. Κωμωδο-διδάσκων ἀνθρώπων καὶ Pax 737. 734.

Κωμωδολεῖχον, parasita jocosus sum: to be a parasite by means of vulgar comic jokes, to be a parasite. Vesp. 1317.

Κωμωδοποιήτης. See Κωμωδοδιδάσκων.

Κώνειον, οὐ, τὸ, cicuta, venenata potio: hemlock, poison. Ran. 1051.

Κώνος, οὐ, δ, conus; turbo; involucrem piceae nucis: a cone; a top; a pine-nut shell. Theoc. 5. 47. SYN. Βέμειξ, στρόβιλος.

Κώνυψ, ὥπτος, ὁ, ἡ, culex: a gnat. Plut. 537.

Κῶς. See Κῶς.

Κωπαῖς, ἴδως, ἡ, Copaeia: of the lake Cōpaia. Ερχέλει Κωπαῖδας Acharn. 880.

Κωπέως, ὥς, δ, lignum e quo remos conficiant: wood fit for oars. Acharn. 552.

Κώπη, ἡ, ἡ, manubrium, capulus; remus, gladius, &c.: a handle, hilt; an oar, &c. Helen.

394. SYN. Λάβη, πλάτη. Ερ. Τάχυσπῶρος, χρυ-σκόλλος, ἀλτήρης, πῶταμα, νερέρα, ἐνάλιος, κλειή, χιλίωνατης, δειρότος, διπλή, ῥοθιάς, ἀργύρεα.

Κωπήεις, εσσά, ἐν, capulatus, ansatus: having a handle. O. 713.

Κωπηλάττω, remis urgeo, remigo: to ply the oar, to row. Τρύπανον κωπηλάττει Cycl. 460. SYN. Ερέσσω, q. v.

Κωπήτης, ἔως, qui remis instructus est: fur- nished with an oar. Helen. 1380.

Κῶρα, Dor. pro Κοῦρη, i. q. Κόρη, q. v.

Κῶρος, Dor. pro Κοῦρος, i. q. Κόρος, q. v.

Κωρόσυνα, Dor. pro Κουρόσυνη, ἡ, ἡ, pueritia: youth. Κωρόσυνα γέλασας δὲ Theoc. 24. 57. SYN. Νέότης, ἡσθ.

Κωρύκιος, α, ὁ, Corycius: of Corycus. Antig. 1128. See below.

Κωρύκος, οὐ, δ, (1) pera: a wallet; (2) ἡ, P. N. Corycus: the name of a cavern in mount Parnassus; also of a city, mountain, and cave in Cilicia. Κωρύκος ἐν δὲ οἱ ὄρεα ε. 267. Καλ Κω-ρύκος ἀπὸ κῆρυκα Hom. Apoll. 39. SYN. (1) Θύλακος, Βάλαντιον.

Κῶς. See Κῶς.

Κωτίλλω, garrio; garriendo eneco: to chatter; to kill with chattering. Theoc. 15. 87. SYN. Πολλά λαλέω, φλέω, αικάλλω, περίλαλέω.

Κωτίλος, ἡ, ὁ, garrulus: chattering. Ει κωτίλαι εἰμὲς Theoc. 15. 89. SYN. Λάλως.

Κωφός, ἡ, ὁ, (1) hebes, mutus, surdus: blunt, dumb, deaf; (2) species rubetate: a kind of toad. Ε. R. 290. SYN. Αμείλις, ἀφανός, ἀγλαστός, ἀπαίδευτος. Nicander habet κωφὸς φρονῖς: sed q?

## Λ.

Λαα, as, ἡ, Laa: a town in Laconia. Οἱ τὲ Λααν εἶχον B. 585.

Λαός, contr. Λας, gen. λαός, contr. λαός, item Λαός, οὐ, δ, subst. lapis, saxum: a large stone. Λαός ἀναΐδης Δ. 521. Λαόν μεβάλων κῆρα Phoen. 1173. Λαός ὅπαι ῥιπῆς Δ. 192. Ἵππ' αἰ λῶχ' ἡσας Nicand. Θ. 18. De λαός (nom.) Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Schol. Ed. C. 195. Legitur Λαόν M. 29: sed hoc potest e λαs accessit. SYN. Λιθός, πέτρος, λίθας, λίθας. Ερ. Ἀμαζονητῆς, πέλω- ριός, ἀναιδής, ἀκρός, βριθῖς, μέγας, στίβας, ξεστός, κἀτάρυξ, εὐτοκτός.

Λαδάκειος, Λαδάκιδης, οὐ, δ, ortus a Labdaco: of or sprung from Labdacus. Τῷ Λαδάκειω παιδί CE. R. 275. Phoen. 813.

Λαδάκος, οὐ, δ, Labdacus: the father of Laius. Εξέφυσε τοῦ δὲ Λαδάκου Phoen. 8.

Λάβη, ἡ, ἡ, prehensio; ansa, capulus, manubrium; pretextus: a handling, receiving; a handle, hilt; a pretext. Οὐκ ἐν ἀργύρῳ Λάβη Ἔsch. Sup. 942. SYN. Ἐπάφη, κώπη, πρόφασις, ἀφορμή.

Λαβράγρεα. See Λαβρεύματα.

Λαβράγρης, οὐ, δ, procaciter loquax: brawling. Λαβράγρησιν κείμενα Ψ. 479. SYN. Λαβρός, δρασ- στός, ἐλευθερόστομος, ἀκρίτομυθος, ἡμετέρεπῆς, χελιδών.

Λαβράζω. See Λαβρεύματα.

Λάβραξ, ὥς, δ, lupus marinus: a pike or sturgeon. Ἀλλ' οὐ λάβρακας κἀτὰ φάγαν Μιλη- σίους Eq. 361.

Λαβρεύματα, Λαβροστόμω, Λαβράζω, loquor ra- pide et cum praefinito impetu: to speak much and quick. Τί πάρος λαβρεύεαι αἱ δὲ Ψ. 475. P. V. 335. Δημῖα Λαβράζουσι Nicand. A. 159.

SYN. Θράσυστομέω, ἐλευθερόστομέω, φλέω.

Λαβρός, ὁ, δ, ἡ, valde vorax; vehemens: vo- racious; violent. Πῦρ κἀτασφέσαι Λαβρόν Orest. 688. SYN. Ἀδρ' ἀφ' ὧς, πύλις, δεινός, χάλεπός, πρὸς πέτης.

Λαβρόσσιτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cursu concitus: with hurried course. P. V. 622. See Λαβρός and Θεόσσιτος. SYN. Λαβρός, ἐπισσιτός, τάχως.

Λαβροστόμω. See Λαβρεύματα.

Λάβρος, voraciter; impetuose, celeriter: voraci- ciously; violently. Κτηνὸς κῶν δάφρονος αἰτὸς Λάβρος P. V. 1058. SYN. Ἀναΐδης, σφύδρα, χάλεπός, δεινός.

Λάβρινθος, οὐ, δ, locus tortuosus flexus habens, labyrinthus; nassa: a place containing many windings and intricacies, a labyrinth, maze; a net. Ἔδος σὺν δαίμονι Λάβρινθος Call. 4. 311. On the various meanings of this word, see Creuzer in Meletemat. e Disciplina Antiquit. Part I. p. 85. Ερ. Πόλιν γαμπτὸς, πόλιν εὐλακτός.

Λάβρος, ἡ, ὁ, laxus, non plenus: slack, loose. Eccles. 1167. See below. SYN. Χάλαρος, κένος.

Λάβροζωμαι, laxus et vacuus sum; tenuous placentas comedo: to be slack and empty; to eat thin cakes. Εκ κηβῶν λαβροζόμενος Eccl. 674. SYN. Εκκενούμαι.

Λάβρη. See Λάβη.

Λαγέτης, οὐ, δ, dux populi: a leader of the people. Τέκε δὲ Λαγέτας Olymp. 1. 144. answered by ἱππῶν ἐρχέται. SYN. Αρχηγός, στρατηγός, ἡγέμων, ἄγος, κοράνους.

Λαγίτης, οὐ, δ, a Lago ortus: sprung from Lagus. Λαγίτας Πτολεμαῖος Theoc. 17. 14. The old reading 'O Λαγίτας is properly rejected by Salmasius, Gaisford, and other distinguished scholars, though retained by Morell and Maltby, since the first syllable of Λαγός is long. See Lucan, 5. 62, and 8. 692.

Λαγίνος, ἡ, ὁ, leporinus: of a hare. Βοσκό- μένοι λαγίνα ἐρικυμάτα Agam. 117.

Λαγυδαίτης, οὐ, δ, qui lepore vescitur: one who feasts on a hare. Μάχιμος ἐδ' ἡ λαγυδαίτας Agam. 121.

Λαγός. See Λαγνός.

Λαγῶν, ἐλάχων, ἐλῆχ' αὐ ἐλεγοχά, sorte ac- cipio aut constituor: to receive or be appointed by lot. Λαγῶν ἀνὰ δὲ οἴκος ξ. 233. SYN. Ἀπολαγῶν, κληρόμαι, μοιράμαι, τυγχάνω.

Λαγυδολία, ἡ, ἡ, leporum venatio: shooting or hunting the hare. Τέξ' ἡ λαγυδολία τὲ Call. 3. 2.

Λαγυδολόν, οὐ, τὸ, pedum quo lepores fugi- entes petuntur: a pole used in catching and killing hares. Ροικὸν τὸ λαγυδολόν Theoc. 4. 49. SYN. Κόρον.

Λαγυδόν, οὐ, τὸ, lepusculus: a little hare. Κέπαι σικτὸν ἰδοῖεν ἡ Λαγυδόν Acharn. 519. See Λαγνός.

Λαγυδωρῶς, lepores venor: to hunt hares. Κἄτ' ἐλαγυθῆρα Lysist. 789. SYN. Κύννηγέτω.

Λάγων, ὄνως, ἡ, ἡ, ilia, lateris cavitas laxior: the small guts, the flank. Ἐρῆξ' ἡ λαγῶν εἰς μέσον παρ' ομφαλόν Hec. 557. SYN. Κένων, λαγῶν, ἔξω.

Λάγων, Λάγος, οὐ, ἐτ' Ἀγῶς, ὦ, δ, lepus: a hare. Ἦ πῶτ' ἡ λαγῶν X. 310. Eustath. e

Soph. affert γλαυκὴς ἰκτίνες λαγῶ. (Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 5537.) Καὶ μὲν φέρω χάνας λαγῶς ἀλώπικας Acharn. 843.

Λαγῶς, ὥα, ὦν, leporinus: appertaining to a hare. Τὰ λαγῶν τάχους τοὺς στέφανους ἀνείρεται Acharn. 970. Ερ. Ἀελλόπους, τάχους, ὠκύ- πους, πῶδωκῆς, ἐλάφρος, δειλός, ὀρεσκῶς, χάρ- ρος.

Λαγῶς. See above.

Λάδων, ὠνός, δ, Ladon: a river in Arcadia; the name of the serpent, which watched the garden of the Hesperides. Πέδον ὦ ἐνὶ Λάδων Apoll. 4. 1396.

Λαέρκης, ἔς, δ, Laërtes: the chief of the Myrmidons; (2.) a famous goldsmith. Αλκι- μέδων Λαέρκους υἱός Π. 197.

Λαέρτης, Λαέρτιος, Λαέρτιος, οὐ, δ, Laërtes: the father of Ulysses. Μοῖνον Λαέρτην Ἀρκελείος υἱόν π. 118. Hec. 402. Troad. 423. Ερ. Ἀρ- κησιῶδης, ἄμυμον, δαίφρων, μέγαλ' ἦτορ, ἀντιθέος, ἦρος, πέπνυμένους, γέρον, δύσμορος.

Λαερτιάδης, Λαερτιάδης, οὐ, δ, Laertiades: the son of Laërtes. Λαερτιάδης πέλει στράτιον Hec. 132. Rhes. 906.

Λαερτίος. See Λαέρτης.

Λάζωμαι, Λάζωμαι, capio, prehendo: to lay hold of, seize, grasp. Ὅδ' ἡ λαζοῖατό γαῖαν B. 418. Med. 952. SYN. Λαμβάνω, ἐπιλαμβάνω, ἐφάπ- τωμαι, κράττω.

Λάθα, Dor. pro Λήθη, q. v.

Λάθικηδης, ἔς, δ, ἡ, curas oblivione tegens: causing sorrow to be forgotten. Εἰπὼν τοι λά- θικηδῆ X. 83. SYN. Πανσιλότης, πανσιλότης, πανσιλότης, λαθιπότης.

Λαθιπότης, οὐ, δ, laborum et molestiarum oblitus: forgetful of pain. Λαθιπότην δ' ὄντων Trach. 1023.

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στή, κέλαινη, μέγανη, πολλή, δεινή, στῆγερὰ, σμερδάλεια, στυνδουσά, χεμέρια. Pinn. see A. 305—309.

Λαῖμα, ἄνδρ, τό; Λαῖμος, οὐ, δ, guttur; gula; fames: the throat; greediness; hunger. Av. 1562. Ion 1037. SYN. Λυχίν, ασφάραγος. Ep. Eurytῆς, βρότειον, ευκείλαδον, βάθου, ευρύ, λυσσώδης.

Λαῖματτω, avidē deglutio: to devour greedily. Eccles. 1178.

Λαῖμοῦρτος, ου, δ, ἡ, e gutture profluens: flowing from the throat, throat-cut. Helen. 360. See Αντὸρτος.

Λαῖμος. See Λαῖμα. Λαῖμοδμία, jugulo: to cut the throat, kill. Apoll. 4. 1601. SYN. Σφάττω.

Λαῖμοτύμος, Λαῖμοτμητός, ου, δ, ἡ, jugulans; jugulatus: throat-cutting; throat-cut. Hec. 207. Phoen. 465. Λαῖμοτύμος is the active, λαῖμοτύμος is the passive form: λαῖμοτμητος has no change in its accentuation.

Λαῖνός, Λαῖνός, η, ον, lapideus: of stone, made of stone. Phoen. 114. Πρόσειμι θραυστὸ λαῖνον τειχίσματα. Herc. F. 1099. SYN. Λιθινός, κρῖνός, παιπάλει.

Λαῖον, Dor. pro Λαῖον, η, ν.

Λαῖος, ἀ, ον, sinister, laevus: left, left-handed. Herc. F. 158. SYN. Σκαῖος, ἀριστέρος, ἐπαρσιτέρος, ενανίμος.

Λαῖος, ου, δ, Laius: king of Thebes and father of Oedipus. Εκ δὲ τοῦδ' Λαῖον Phoen. 9.

Λαῖοτόμια, segetem seco: to cut corn, reap. Οὐθ' ἀμὰ λαῖοτόμει Theoc. 10. 3. SYN. Θέρϊζω, ἀμῶ.

Λαῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, Lais: the name of two famous courtesans at Athens. Ερρ' δὲ Λαῖς ου διὰ σὲ τοῖς Ἀγρυππίοις Plut. 179. Λαῖς etiam Dorice pro Ληῖς, η, ν.

Λαῖσχιον, ου, τὸ, breve scutum, parmula: a light shield made of untanned hides. Λαῖσχιᾶ τε πτέροντα M. 426.

Λαῖστρυγόνιος, α, ον, Laestrygonius: Laestrygonian. Τηλέπυλον Λαῖστρυγόνιον κ. 82.

Λαῖστρυγον, ονός, δ, Laestrygon: a Laestrygonian, one of a savage nation in Sicily according to some, but more probably in Italy on the coast of Campania. See Damm. in P. R. Φοίτων ἰφθίμοι Λαῖστρυγόνες κ. 119.

Λαῖτμα, ἄνδρ, τό, mare profundum, mare magnum: the deep, the sea. T. 267. SYN. Βάθος, βένθος, κύμα. Ep. Εχθρόξενον, πλάτῃ.

Λαῖρος, ἑός, τό; Λαῖρη, ης, ἡ, vestis crassa; velum: a coarse garment; a sail. Hec. 112. See also Call. fr. 245. SYN. Φάρος, χλαῖνη, ἱμάτιον, τρίβαν; (2) Ἰοτίον. Ep. Οὐρίον, ευφρῆς, περίωσιον.

Λαῖρδρόρμος, ον, velociter currens: running swiftly, rapid. Iph. A. 207. SYN. Πόδωκς, πόδας ὤκτις, ταχύς, ἐλαφρός, αἰνρόκελευθος.

Λαῖρδρός, ἀ, ον, veloc: swift, rapid. Helen. 554. SYN. Ταχύς, ὀδός, λαῖρδρόρμος, η, ν.

Λαῖράζω, clamito: to cry aloud. Αἶεν λαῖράζω σαφρόνων μοσμήματα Sept. Th. 170. SYN. Ληκίω (η, ν.), ηχέω, ἐλελίζω, βόω.

Λαῖκανά. See Λάκων.

Λαῖκεδαμνιός, α, ον, Lacedaemonius: a Lacedaemonian, Spartan. Ἐργαγέ μισῶ μὲν Λαῖκεδαμνίους σφοδρὰ Acharn. 509. See Λάκων.

Λαῖκεδαίμων, ονός, ἡ, Lacedaemon. Αλλ' ἡ Λαῖκεδαίμων ποῖ 'στὶν ὅπου 'στιν αὐτ' ἡ Nub.

214. Ep. Κολήη, κητώεσσα, ευρύχορδός, δᾶ, ολβία.

Λαῖκερῦζα, ης, ἡ, loquax, garrula: chattering. Κρῶρ' ἰακέρυζα κῶρῳ Hes. Op. 746. SYN. Λάλλος, εὐλάλλος.

Λάκω 2. α. ἐλάκων, insono: to utter a loud sound. Μὴ νῦν λάκωσς λίσσεται σ' ὦ 'ρμίδιον Pax 382. Πηλῖας ἦξεν μέλι' ἰακὲ δ' 'ασπίς ἐπ' αὐτῆς T. 277. Λα in διὰ λακῶ productur in Nub. 409. citato ad illud verbum. SYN. see Ληκῶ.

Λάκινιον, ου, τὸ, Lacinium: a promontory in Magna Graecia. Τὸ Λάκινιον ἔπειρ ὁ πόντος Theoc. 4. 33.

Λάκισ, ἰδός, ἡ; Λάκισμα, ἄνδρ, τό, fissura, proprie cum crepitu facta: a shred, rent. Πολας πῶθ' ἀνὴρ λάκιδας αἰεταῖ πεπλῶν Acharn. 423. Troad. 497. SYN. Ῥήξίς, ῥάφῃ, τραυμά.

Λακκτοπρακτός, ου, δ, cinadus: a catamite. Ὡ λακκτοπρακτὲ πάττε Nub. 1330. SYN. Κατάπλυνον.

Λάκκος, ου, δ, lacus, fossa, cisterna, vivarium, puteus: a ditch, pit, cistern, fish-pond, well. Eccles. 154.

Λακτίζω, calcitro: to kick, spurn. P. V. 906. SYN. Κατάπατέω.

Λάκτις, ἑός, ἡ, stimulus, scutica: a prick, spur. Call. fr. 178. SYN. Σκῆτᾶλη.

Λάκτισμα, ἄνδρ, τό, calcitratio: a kicking at, a rejection of. Agam. 1591. See Blomf.

Λάκων, ανός, δ; Λάκωνά, ης, ἡ, P. N., Lacon, Lacena: a Lacedaemonian, man or woman. Ὁ Λάκων Ἀθηνάων ἱκέτης κἀθόξτω Lysist. 1139. 1300. Λάκων with the first syllable long is the name of a slave. Theoc. 5. 2., &c.

Λάκωνικός, ἡ, ον; Λάκωνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Lacedaemonius: Lacedaemonian. Eccles. 405. Hom. Apoll. 410. See above. SYN. Λάκεδαμνιός, Σπαρτιάτης. Ep. Αἰσχρόκερδής, διεκονόξενός, ἐνέπλοδς.

Λάκωνόμηνος, Lacedaemoniis nimis faveo: to be mad in favour of the Spartans. Ἐλάκωνόμηνον ἄπαντες ἄνθρωποι τότε Av. 1280.

Λαῖάγγω, vociferor; cano: to rattle; to chant. Τέττιγες λαῖάγυντες ἔχον Theoc. 7. 139. SYN. Φωνέω, ηχέω, ἀνίσχω, ἀνέβω, λαλέω.

Λάλέω, loquor: to speak. Οἶτος σὶ λαλέεις οἶτος σὶ λαλέεις Thesm. 1083. This word does not occur in Homer or the three tragedians, if Seberus and the other Indices may be depended upon. SYN. Αὐδάω, φθέγγομαι, φωνέω.

Λάλημα, ἄνδρ, τό, sermo, loquacitas: talk, chattering. Androm. 929. See above. SYN. Λάληα, μῦθος. Ep. 'Hδῶ, δῆλον, βάρβαρον.

Λάλητικός, ἡ, ον, garrulus, loquax: garrulous. Τοῦ λαλητικού Eq. 1381. See below.

Λάληα, ας, ἡ, loquela, pronuntiatio: talking, pronunciation. Καὶ μὴ λαλῶν μόνον ασκήσαι Nub. 931. SYN. Λάλημα, βάζεις.

Λάλλη, ἡ, lapilli littoris marini aut fluminis: pebbles on the sea-shore. Theoc. 22. 39. SYN. Ψήφος.

Λάλως, ου, δ, ἡ, compar. λαλσιτέρως, α, ον, loquax: loquacious, chattering. Ἦσσον λαλῶν σου πεμπέτω τιν' ἀγγέλον Eur. Sup. 472. SYN. Λαλητικός, ἀδολεσχός, φλαερός, ἀδρόστομος.

Λαμάχιπτιον, ου, τὸ, Lamachus equeus, vor ab Aristophane conficta: dear knight Lamachus. Ὡ χαίρε Λαμάχιπτιον Acharn. 1207.

Λαμάχος, ου, δ, Lamachus: an Athenian general, who was killed before Syracuse in the Peloponnesian war. Ἐκείνους Λαμάχους σὲ ταύτης τῆς δρᾶκῆς Acharn. 960.

Λαμάων, f. λήγνμαι, 2. α. λαδών, capio, conseqor: to take, receive, seize. Λαμάωνον εἰς παῖδ' ἐμὸν Herc. F. 222. SYN. Κατάλαμναι, παράλαμναι, ἀρνύμαι, δέχομαι, κύμιζομαι, φέρομαι.

Λαμπάδηρος. See λαμπάδοιχος.

Λαμπάδιον, ου, τὸ, parva lampas; vinculum quo in vulnere curando utuntur: a small lamp; a surgeon's bandage. Ἐρ' οἰσῶντ' ἄνδρ λαμπάδιον περὶ τὸ σφύρον Acharn. 1176.

Λαμπάδοιχος, et λαμπάδηρος, ου, δ, ἡ, tædifer: torch-bearing. Λαμπάδοιχος ἡμέρα Iph. A. 1504. Agam. 303. See Portus's Lexicon Ionicum, at the word λαμπάδηρος.

Λαμπάς, ἄδός, et λαμπη, ης, ἡ, fax, lampas, funale; machina bellica: a torch, light, link; a warlike machine. Λαμπάδας τ' ἄνασχεῖν Med. 1023. Eumen. 390. SYN. λαμπτήρ, δαῖς, λυχνός. Ep. Ἄκρα, αἰθού, κείρανθός, αἰγλήσασα, καλλιφεγγής, οὐρανόμικτης, φαινή. Pinn. λαμπάδων σέλδς, δῆλός, Εὐκλῶν.

Λαμπέτω, λαμπω, luceo: to shine as a torch. Androm. 772. A. 104. SYN. Εκλάμπω, ἀμάρσσω, στήλω, αργάζω.

Λαμπέτιδης, ου, δ, Lampetides: the son of Lampus. Λαμπέτιδης δὲ Λάμπος ἐγγύναντο O. 527.

Λαμπέτιη, ης, ἡ, Lampetia: daughter of the sun. Λαμπέτιη τάνυπενπλός μ. 375.

Λαμπη. See λαμπάς.

Λαμπίτω, ὀδς, ἡ, Lampito: one of the female characters in the Lysistrata of Aristophanes. Ὡ φιλάτη Λάκωνά χαίρε λαμπίτω Lysist. 78.

Λάμπτος, ου, δ, Lampus, (1) the father of Dolors; (2) one of Aurora's horses. O. 527.

Λάμπουρος, ου, δ, Lampurus: the name of a dog. Theoc. 8. 65.

Λαμπρόμαχος, ου, δ, Lampromachus, the brother of Epharmastus the Opuntian. 'Olymp. 9. 125. See Μάχη.

Λαμπρός, ἀ, ον, splendidus: shining, bright. Eur. Sup. 912. SYN. Ἀγλαός, παμφάνων, τηλαυγής, τηλέφανής, ασπράττων, μαρμαίρων.

Λαμπρίνω, clarum reddo; med. emineo: to cause to shine; midid: to be distinguished. 'Ομῶσιν λαμπρίνεται Eumen. 104. SYN. Φαδρίνω, καλλίλω, καλλωπίζω.

Λαμπρός, splendide: brightly, clearly. P. V. 858.

Λαμπτήρ, ἥρος, δ, fax fulgens: a blazing torch. Iph. A. 34. SYN. see λαμπάς.

Λαμπτηρούχια, ας, ἡ, lucernarum observatio: the holding of torches, or a night-watch holding torches, to give signs with them. Κλαίονσά λαμπτηρούχια Agam. 863.

Λάμπω. See λαμπέτω.

Λαμύρος, ἀ, ον, voraginosus: devouring, dreadful. Σκεπτόμενος λαμύρους δὲ Theoc. 25. 234.

Λανθάνω, ληθάνω, λήθω, f. λήσω, 2. α. ἐλάδον, (2) med. λανθάνομαι et λήθωμαι, (1) lateo: to escape the notice; (2) obliviscor, oblivisci facio: to forget, to cause to forget. Πάντας ἐλάνθανέ δ. 93. η. 222. α. 308. SYN. Κρύπτωμαι, ἐξπατάω, κατὰκρύπτωμαι, (2) ἀμνημονέω, ἐπιλήθωμαι, (3) λήθω παράδοξοι, λήθην ποίωμαι.

Λανός. See λανός.

Λάζε, λάζω, calce: with the foot or heel. E. 620. Soph. fr. Phaedr. 3.

Λαζπάτητος, ου, δ, ἡ, calce pulsatus: trodden upon by the heel. Antig. 1275. See Πάτω.

Λαδγόνος, ου, δ, Laogonus. Αὐτὰρ δ Λαδγόνον T. 460. Ep. Θράσιος.

Λαδδάμας, ανός, δ, (1) Laodamas: Laodamas; (2) populum domans: host-destroying. Τοῖς ἀπ' Λαδδάμας δ. 132. Sept. Th. 335.

Λαδδάμεια, ας, ἡ, Laodamia. Ἰππολόχον καὶ Λαδδάμειαν Z. 197.

Λαδδίκη, ης, ἡ, Laodice: (1) one of Priam's daughters; (2) a daughter of Agamemnon, better known by the name of Electra. Λαδδίκην ἐσάγουσά Z. 252.

Λαδδός, ου, δ, Laodocus. Λαδδός δὲ οἱ σκεδόν P. 699.

Λαδθή, ης, ἡ, Laothoe: a concubine of Priam. Γεῖν' αὐτὸ Λαδθῆ φ. 85.

Λαδκίων, ανός, δ, Laocoon: the uncle of Meleager. Λαδκίων Οὐγός, ὁ Apoll. 1. 192.

Λαδκωσά, ης, ἡ, Laocosa: the mother of Lynceus and Ida. Λαδκωσά φίλον Theoc. 22. 206.

Λαδμεδιά, ας, ἡ, Laomedea. Εὐαγόρη καὶ Λαδμεδία Hes. Theog. 257.

Λαδμεδοντιάδης, ου, δ, a Laomedonte natus: the son of Laomedon. Λαδμεδοντιάδης εὐ εἰδῶ O. 527.

Λαδμεδοντίος, ον, Laomedontius: of Laomedon. Λαδμεδοντίος παῖ Troad. 821.

Λαδμεδων, ονός, δ, Laomedon: a king of Troy. Ἀμύκονα Λαδμεδοντα γ. 236. Ep. Ἀμύκων, ἐκπαλῶς, κράτερός, ἀγῆνων.

Λαδπάθης, ἑός, δ, ἡ, quod populus patitur: suffered by the people. Pers. 939. See above and Πάθος. But in the above passage Burney and Blomf. suggest alterations of this word.

Λαδπύρος, ου, δ, ἡ, per quem populus transit: conveying the people over. Pers. 118. See below.

Λαός, οἱ, et Attice Λεός, λέω, δ, populus, multitudo: a people, multitude, host. Σπείρει φίλων λαόν ευθύνων δόρι Hec. 9. 530. SYN. Δῆμος, πληθός, ὄχλος, στρατός, ὁμάδος. Ep. Φιλίππος, ορθός, τευχεσφόρος, ὑβριστής, ξυνοικός, τέτραπτόλις, αὐτόχθων, ἐπώνυμος, πείνης, ἐπιφύλιος, ναυβάτης, οὐκ ἐπακτός, ἀτάσθαλός, ἑριστός, παυρότερος, σὸς, πλῆθος, παῖρος, ὁμοτόλις, δρᾶσις, τὰχὺπειθής.

Λαός. See Λαός.

Λαοσέβης, ἑός, α, populo cultus: revered by the people. Pyth. 5. 129. See below. SYN. Ὀϊμῶσις.

Λαοσσοδός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui populum agitat seu concitat: exciting the people to war. Οἰμῶσις λαοσσοδόν χ. 210.

Λαοτρόφος, ου, δ, ἡ, oxyton. populum augens et alens; παροχ. a populo, auctus; maintaining many people; maintained by the people. Olymp. 5. 9. See below.

Λαοφθόρος, Λαδφόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, populum perdens vel cadens: destructive to the people, host-destroying. Καὶ σταῖν Ἑλλήνων λαοφθόρον Theogn. 779. Theoc. 17. 53.

Λαδφόνος. See above.

Λαδφόνος, Λεωφόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, populum ferens, pertinens ad viam publicam: bearing the public, pertaining to the high road. Λαδφόνον καὶ δδόν O. 682. Anacr. 107. SYN. Κοινός, δημοσίος.

Λαπάζω, inanio, spolio: to empty, plunder. Ἡ μὴν λαπάζειν δατύ Sept. Th. 527.



SYN. Ἀλάπῳ, ἐκλάπῳ, ἀράπῳ, ἐκπορθῶ, ἀφάνιζω, πέρω.

Λάπαρ, ας, ἡ, pars inter costas notias et ossa, ilia: the flank. Ἀντιδόξος λάπαρης δὲ Π. 318. SYN. Λάγων, ἱξός, ἥτρυν.

Λάπερσα, αν, τῷ, Lapersæ: the surname of Castor and Pollux. Νῆ τῷ Λάπερσῳ νῆ τῶν Εὐρώτων τρίτον Soph. fr. Lacæn. 3. SYN. see Διοσκόροι.

Λάπιθαι, αν, οἱ, Lapithæ: the Lapithæ; a warlike clan in Thessaly. Εὐ Λάπιθας ἐλθόνθ' φ. 297. ΕΡ. Αἰχμηταί, ἐπέρθυμοι, ἐρισθενεῖς, ἀγανοί.

Λάπτω, lambo: to lap, swallow. Π. 161. SYN. Ἀναρρόφῳ, πίνω, λείχω, λαφύσσω, κατάπινω, λίσχυμα.

Λαρνός, ἡ, ὄν, saginatus, pinguis: fattened, fat. Παλαί μετὰ καὶ λαρνόν ἐπὶ τῷ Av. 465. SYN. Λιπαρός, ἡδύς.

Λαρίσσα, ης, ἡ, Larissa: (1) a city in Troad; (2) in Thessaly; (3) the name of a female. (2) Οἶμον ἡ πῖ Λαρίσσαν φέρει Alcest. 851. ΕΡ. Ερῖώλας.

Λαρισσαῖος, αἶα, ὄν, Larissæus: of Larissa. Χῶ Λαρισσαῖος τὸν ἐμὸν Theoc. 14. 30.

Λαρκάγωγος, ὄν, corbæ gestans: basket-bearing. Τούτῳ λαρκάγωγος ἐξόρουσιν εἰσὶν ξύλα Eur. fr. Autol. 1.

Λαρκιδίον, αν, τὸ, corbiculus: a little osier basket. Ὡς τὸδὲ τὸ λαρκιδίον ου πρόδωσεν πότῃ Acharn. 340. (a Pæonic tetrameter.) SYN. Κόφινος, κορμός.

Λάρκος, αν, ὁ, corbis e vimine plexa: an osier basket. Acharn. 351. SYN. Κόφινος, κορμός.

Λάρναξ, ἀκός, ἡ, capsula, loculus: a chest, coffer. Λάρναξ ἐς ἀργυρεὴν Σ. 413. SYN. Κίσωτος, χηλὸς, ἀντίπηξ, θυλάκιον. ΕΡ. Δαιδάλεα, κόλη.

Λάρος, αν, ὁ, avis marina, valde vorax, gavia aut fulica; avarus: a gull; an avaricious fellow. Ἦν δ' Ἡράκλειε τις βούιν λάρω Av. 567. Ἦν Κλεωναί τὸν λάρων δώρων ἐλόντες καὶ κλοπῆς Nub. 582.

Λαρός, jucundus, gratus: agreeable, sumptuous. Αὐτὸς ἐν κλισίῳ λαρόν παρά δειπνόν ἐθῆκας T. 316. SYN. Ἠδύς, γλυκύς, χάρις, τερπνός.

Λαργιᾶδης. See Λαερτιάδης.

Λαργίος. See Λαέρτης.

Λαργύρις, f. Attice τῷ, late diducto gutture vociferor, oclamo: to utter a hoarse sound, to bawl. Eq. 357. See below. SYN. Κατάβροχον.

Λάρυγξ, υγγύς, ὁ, guttur, gula: the windpipe, throat. Εκ τοῦ λάρυγγος ἐκρεμύσας Τερέβινλον Eq. 1363. SYN. Φάρυγξ, ἀσφάραγος, λαυκάνα.

Λάσανον, αν, τὸ, lasanum; vasculum: a pot; a pipkin. Πρὸς τῇ κεφαλῇ μου λασάνῳ κατὰθεῖς πέδεται Phæcer. Craputillis.

Λασαύχην, ἐνός, cervicem hirsutam habens: having a shaggy mane, shaggy. Λόφιας λασαύχηναι χαιταν Ran. 822.

Λασίος, α, ὄν, hirsutus, hispidus; animosus, virilis: hairy, shaggy; manly. Τοιοῦ δ' οὐς λασίος μεγὰς Ω. 125. SYN. Δασύς, δασυήρις, δασυμαλλός, ἀνδρείος.

Λάσκα, alte loquor: to utter aloud. Androm. 669. SYN. Λέγω, φθέγγομαι, ληκῶ, λάλῳ.

Λάτιδος, αν, ὁ, Latinus: a son of Ulysses and Circe. Ἀργίον ηδὲ Λατίνον Hes. Theog. 1011. Λάτιμος, ὄν, Latimus: of Latmos, a mountain in Caria. Λατμίον ἀν νάπος ἤλθε Theoc. 20. 39.

Λατογένης. See Λητογένης.

Λάτρεμα, ας, ἡ; Λάτρεμα, ἀτός, τὸ, servitus,

servitium, veneratio: service, ministry, worshipping. Φοιβεῖσσι Λάτρεας Phœn. 232. Iph. T. 1276. SYN. Θράπκεια, δουλεία, δούλευμα, ἄρησκα. ΕΡ. Καλλίστη, πόλυχρυσος.

Λάτρεμα. See above.

Λάτρεμα, servio pro mercede, famulus, ministro: to serve, wait upon, to be a mercenary soldier. Iph. T. 1116. See above. SYN. Θέρᾶ-πείω.

Λάτριος, α, ὄν, servilis, ministerialis: of a servant, servile. Olymp. 10. 34. See below.

Λάτρις, ἰός, ὁ, ἡ, servus, famula: a servant. Εὐ δόμοις ἔχειν λατῶν Ion 1342. SYN. Ουκίτης, δμῶς, δῆς, δούλος. ΕΡ. Πάλαιος, ἀγύρτης, δεινός, πένεσσης, ἀρχαῖος.

Λάτρων, αν, τὸ, merces famuli: a servant's wages. Call. fr. 238. See above.

Λάτυμον, αν, τὸ, Latymnus: a mountain near Croton. Ἀμφὶ Λάτυμον Theoc. 4. 19.

Λατῶ. See Λητῶ.

Λαυκάνα, in pros. Ion. Λευκάνα, ας, ἡ, guttur, gula: the throat. Μὴ καὶ λαυκάνην δὲ Apoll. 2. 192. SYN. Λαμύς.

Λαυρά, ας, ἡ, platen lata, vicus: a broad way, a street. Pax 99. SYN. Ρόμη, στενωπός, δδός.

Λαφνύμος, οὔ, ὁ, deglutitio: gluttony. Δὲ νῆς λαφνύμος Κωλιάδος Γενέταλλιδος Nub. SYN. Ἀδφάγια.

Λαφύρον, τὸ, spolia et cætera præda: plunder, Καὶ μὴν λαφύρον αὐτὸς Rhœs. 179. SYN. Ἐνάρᾳ, λεία, σκύλας, σύλη.

Λαφύσσω, avide deglutio: to devour greedily. Αἰμὰ λαφύσσειν Σ. 583. SYN. Λάπτω, κατά-πινω, δονᾶμαι, λαμύσσω, λαπάω.

Λάχαλον, effodio olera; fodio: to dig up vegetables; to dig. Τῇ μεγᾷλῳ ἐλάχανε Mosch. 4. 96. SYN. Σκάπτω, ὀρύττω, τάφρευω.

Λάχανον, αν, τὸ, olus, olera: pot-herbs. Ἄρ' ἐν ἀγρίοις τοῖς λάχανοις αὐτὸς τράφεις Thesm. 456.

Λάχανωπώλητριά, ας, Λάχανωπώλις, ἰδός, ἡ, olerum venditrix: a woman who sells herbs. Ευριπίδου τοῦ τῆς λάχανωπώλητριάς Thesm. 394. Vesp. 495.

Λάχεα, ας, ἡ, mollis, molli solo: soft, having soft soil. Ἐνθ' ἀκτὴ τῇ λάχεα κ. 509. Quidam legunt τ' ἐλάχεα.

Λάχεος, εἰς, ἡ, Lachesis; fatum: one of the three Fates; fate. Κλωθὴ καὶ Λάχεος σφίν Hes. Scut. 258. ΕΡ. Χρυσάμυξ.

Λάχη, ης; Λάχος, ἐός, τὸ; Λάχυος, οὔ, ὁ, sors: a lot, portion, share. Τάφρον πάτρων λάχαί Sept. Th. 908. answered by πόλυφθόρους εν δαί. Eumen. 335. ι. 445. SYN. Κληρώσις, πάλος, μοῖρα.

Λάχυος. See above.

Λάχνη, ης, ἡ, lanugo: soft hair, down. Οὐλῃ δ' ἐπὶ νῆρὸς Λάχνη K. 134. SYN. Ἰούλος, τρίχωμα.

Λάχνης, εσσά, ἐν; Λάχνης, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, pilosus; gramineus: hairy, grizzly; grassy. Εἰσάτῳ λαχνηέντας B. 743. Καὶ μὴν λαχνηδὲς γ' οὐδὰς Cycl. 538. SYN. Δασύς, λασίος, δασυήρις, ποιήεις, χλόερὸς, ἀσπρός.

Λάχνης. See Λάχνης.

Λάχνη. See Λάχνη.

Λάω, attente spectro: to look attentively at. Ασπαρνοτὰ λᾶων τ. 229. SYN. Βλέπω, ἀπὸ-βλέπω, σκύπτω, λείσσω.

Λεαυά, ης, ἡ, leaena, a lioness. Lysist. 231. ΕΡ. Τόκας, πύρηνος, ἀρεία, ωμότηας.

Λέβης, ητός, ὁ, lebes: a cauldron, kettle, basin. μ. 237. SYN. Αργεῖον. ΕΡ. Πάτρωος, χαλκῆς, παμφάνων, ἀνθεμῖς, ἀπύρος, κάλος, λευκός, αἶθων, ἐπητάνης, ἀργυρεός, βδός, ἀξίος.

Λεγνώδης, ὄν, fimbriatus: fringed. Call. 3. 12. SYN. Θυσσάνοις.

Λέγω, εἶω, colligo; seligo; dico; cubare facio; med. cubo, jaceo: to gather; to select; to speak; to make to lie down; midd. to lie down. Hec. 257. SYN. Συλλέγω, μέτρω, αὐδῶ, ἔρω, ἐνέπω, φημί, κείμαι, κατὰκειμαι.

Λεηλάτῳ, depopulo, prædor: to carry off plunder, take away booty. Λεηλάτῳ χρόνῳ ἐγὼ δ' ἀπολλύμαι Aj. 343. SYN. Αρστεύω, πορθῶ, ἀράπῳ, λωποδότης, ληΐζομαι.

Λεία, ας, ἡ, præda: plunder. Λείας ἀπᾶσας Aj. 26. SYN. Ἀγίς, ἀγρα, λάφυρα, ποίμνιά, βοσκήματᾳ.

Λειάγρη, ης, ἡ, Leagora. Λειάγρη τέ καὶ Εὐαγόρη Hes. Theog. 257.

Λεϊάνω, polio, lavigo: to polish, level. Πᾶσαν λεϊάνω O. 261. SYN. Εἴω, κοσμέω.

Λείω, fundo, libo: to pour, to shed. Iph. A. 650. SYN. Εἴσω, στάζω, στάλλω, στάλασσω, σπένδω.

Λεῖμα, ἀκός; Λεϊμών, ὠνός et ὠνθῆν, ὁ, pratium: a meadow. Κατὰ λεῖμα κάλογχαις Phœn. 1587. Hipp. 74. ΕΡ. Ἀνθηφόρος, χλόερὸς, ἀκίρῶτος, κόμητης, πρῖνος, ἀνθεμῖς, ἀσφιδέλιος, ἄβῆς, ἐρατεινός, μαλᾶκος, ἀριπρέπης, ἀνθεμῖς, ῥοστέρος, πορφυρεός, ῥόδους, κόμητης. Ρηη. Ἀνθῶσι δάλλαν χλωροῖς.—Ἀπρὸς ἀνα-παιλα βάθειαν ἀνὰ χλῆαν. See also Hipp. 75—79.

Λεϊμών. See Λεῖμα.

Λεϊμώνιος, α, ὄν; Λεϊμωνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, pratensis: of the meadow. Κατὰ γῆς Λεϊμωνίας Agam. 543. Call. fr. 457.

Λειοντόμαχος, αν, ὁ, qui cum leone pugnat: who fights with a lion. Τὸν λειοντόμαχον Theoc. 20. 2.

Λεῖος, α, ὄν, lavis: smooth, even. Theoc. 5. 90. SYN. Λευρός, ὁμαλός, μαλᾶκος, λισσός, λισπός.

Λεϊότης, ητός, ἡ, lavitas: smoothness. P. V. 502. SYN. Λεῖον, τὸ.

Λεϊοντόμος, αν, ὁ, ἡ, qui conjugem deserit: abandoning the marriage-bed, faithless. Orest. 1299. See Γάμος.

Λεϊοντόπῳ, ὀρός, ὁ, ἡ, qui patrem deserit: forsaking a father. Orest. 1298. See Πάτηρ.

Λεϊπτός, ὄν, linquendus: to be left. Herc. F. 1377.

Λείπω, linquo, relinquo; deficio: to leave, to abandon; to fail. Phœn. 1443. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, ἐκλείπω.

Λεϊριδῖς, εσσά, ἐν, liliaceus, suavis, tener: of the lily, sweet, tender. Ὅ τοι χρὸς λεϊριδῖον N. 830. SYN. Ἠδύς, ἀνθός, ἀνθεμῖς.

Λεϊρίον, αν, τὸ, lilium: a lily. Ὡς δ' ὅτ' ἐλεῖα κατὰ Apoll. 1. 879. SYN. Κρίνον, κρίνος. ΕΡ. Λεκκόν, εὐπείαλον, λευκοχρόον, ἀνθεμῖς.

Λεῖστος, ἡ, ὄν, prædabilis: to be plundered. Οὐτὲ λείσθη I. 408.

Λεῖρος, ἡ, ὄν. See on the word Λιπρός.

Λεῖχην, ἡρός, ὁ, impetigo, mentagra: a de-vouring ulcer, gangrene. Eumen. 788.

Λεῖχῆνωρ, ὀρός, ὁ; Λεῖχοῦλη, ης, ἡ; Λεῖχο-πῖναξ, ἀκός, ὁ, Lichenor, Lichomyle, Lichopanax: the names of mice in the Batrachomyo-machia, 214, 29, 99. See Μύλη and Πῖναξ.

Λείχω, lambo, lingo: to lick. Vesp. 738. SYN. Λάπτω, λίσχυμα.

Λεῖφάνον, αν, τὸ, reliquia: a remanent, a relic. Λεῖφάνον φρύγῳν λίπειν Troad. 717. ΕΡ. Πσλαῖον, κωφόν.

Λεῖωκρίτος, αν, ὁ, Liocritus. Τὸν δ' Εὐηνόριδης Λεῖωκρίτος β. 242.

Λεῖων, pro Λέων, q. v.

Λεῖων, ης, ἡ; Λεῖων, αν, τὸ, pelvis; catinus: a dish; a plate. Τὸν σπόγγον ἔχων εκ τῆς λεῖωνος Vesp. 600. Acharn. 1109.

Λεῖωκρίτης, ἰδός, ἡ, quæ pisa vendit: a woman who sells peas. Ἦ λείωκρίτης αν γὰρ ἀν τῶσιν οὐν Plut. 427.

Λεῖκος, αν, ἡ, vitellus, ovi luteum; the yolk of an egg; Λεῖκος, ὁ, pisum: a dish made of peas. Πῖλον λεῖκον παρά γράδς Lysist. 561.

Λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (1) lectus: chosen, select; (2) dicendus: to be told; (3) dictus: told. Eur. Sup. 366. SYN. Ἀριστός, (2) ἡρτός, ἔμεινός εἶδεναι.—Λεκτός, ἡ, is also a part of mount Ida. Hom. Apoll. 217.

Λέκτρον, αν, τὸ, lectus: a bed, couch. Med. 1345. Λέκτρον is more commonly used in the plural number, especially by Euripides, and then denotes marriage, &c. SYN. Κόλτη, εὐνή, λῆχος, δέμιον, δαλμάς. ΕΡ. Νόθος, πόνηρον, χρόνιον, χρηστόν, ἀθικτόν, κῆδον, δοῦλον, φίλον, φῦτάλ-μῖον, στερόν, βασίλικον, κανόν, στρωτόν, αλ-λότριον, αἰσχρόν, ἀκίρῶτον, μέτριον, ἀνήμεντον, γαμήλιον, μαλᾶκον, νύμφιον, μακρόν, στυμνόν, πόλεον, κενόν, ἄγρον, παρθέσιον, ἐρπύ-διον, διαδρόμον, νυμφίδιον, στυγῆρον, ἐξόπνητον, ἐπί-σημόν, φοινῖον. Ρηη. Τὰς ἀνάνδρον κοίτας λέκτρον, λέκτρον ἀθικτόν ἐναλλαγὰν, λέκτρον κοῖται ἐρημοί, λέκτρον τρύφημα φίλον, κλίσια λέκτρον δόλια, λέκτρον σκύττα νυμφευτηρία, λέκτρον εὐναί.

Λελέγες, αν, οἱ, Leleges: a nation which came from Caria to assist the Trojans. K. 429. ΕΡ. Φιλοπτόλεμοι.

Λελογισμένος, prudenter: deliberately. Iph. A. 1021. SYN. Σύνετος, φρονίμως.

Λεμβύς, αν, ὁ, navicula: a cutter. Theoc. 21. 12.

Λεμμά, ἀτός, τὸ, cortex, liber: a peeling, bark. Av. 675.

Λεόντειος, et Λεόντης, εἶα, contr. ἡ, εἶν, leoninus: of a lion. Δέρμα λεόντειον Theoc. 24. 133.

Λεοντή, with δόρα understood, pellis leonis: a lion's skin. Ran. 46. 432. 498.

Λεοντόπους, πῶδος, leoninus pedes habens: lion-footed. Eur. fr. Oedip. 16.

Λεοντόφυς, εἶος, a leone genitus: lion-born. Τάνδῃ λεοντόφῳ Bacch. 1192. SYN. Λέων-τεῖος.

Λεοντόχλαιος, αν, ὁ, ἡ, pelle leonis amictus: clad in a lion's skin. Τὴν μὲ λεοντόχλαιον σὺκοκτόνῃ Call. Epigr. 35. 1.

Λεπάδων, αν, τὸ, antilena: that leather thong with which the ζῶγον was fastened, and connected with the μασχαλιστήρ. Ζῶγον εν δὲ λῆπανα E. 730. Λεπάδων seems also to be used as an adjective in the sense of adhaerens, joined or yoked to. Eumen. 565. See Pauw's note in Butler's Aeschylus. ΕΡ. Κάλων, χρο-σεῖον.

Λεπάδος, α, ὄν, (1) montanus, præruptus: mountainous; (2) corticibus abundans: abound-

ing with cork trees. Hipp. 1243. Syn. Ὀρείος, ἡλίετος.

Λεπαρός, ὄν, albus: white. Theoc. 4. 45. Syn. Λευκός, ἀργής.

Λέπας, (Λεπας), ἄδός, ἡ, (2) Λέπας, (Λεπας), τὸ, (1) concha petrae adherens: a limpet; (2) rupes, promontorium: a rock, promontory. Ὡς περ λέπας πρόσχόμενος τῷ κίονι Plut. 1096. Ἀγέλαα μὲν βοσκήματα ἄρτι πρὸς λέπας Bacch. 666. Syn. (1) Κόγχη, (2) πέτρα, ἄκρον. Er. (2) Πέτραον, ὀλῆν, Ἰδαίον.

Λεπαστή, ἡς, ἡ, genus poculi, conchae formam habens: a shell-cup. Pax 916.

Λεπᾶς, ἄδός, ἡ, aspera: rugged. Λεπᾶς ἐφ' ᾧ σπεύδων Theoc. 1. 40. Syn. Τραχεῖα.

Λεπρεόν, οὐ, τό; Λεπρεός, οὐ, δ, Leprium: a town in Elis or Arcadia. Πτόλιεθρον ὁ Λεπρεῖον πέφαισται Call. 1. 39. Av. 151.

Λεπρός, ἄ, ὄν, asper: rough. Τὸς δ' ἰμάντας ἐκ λέπρων Acharn. 724. Syn. Τραχὺς.

Λεπτᾶλός, Λεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, tenuis, subtilis, gracilis: thin, subtle, slender. Λεπτᾶλῃ φωνῇ Σ. 571. K. 226. Syn. Ισχνός, ἀσθενής, ἀφανής, οὐτιδανός, ἡμηνός.

Λεπτᾶλός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, minime profundus: shallow. Aesch. Sup. 4. See Βάθος.

Λεπτόδωρος, ὄν, tenuiter edificatus vel textus: slightly built. Pers. 117.

Λεπτόλογος, minuta et subtilia disputo: to speak subtly. Nub. 319. Syn. Λεπτουργέω, μικρολογεῖν, σφιλίζω, ἀντιλογεῖν.

Λεπτόλογος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui subtiliter disserit: subtly speaking. Ran. 875.

Λεπτόμοιρος, ὄν, tenui licio textus: finely woven. Androm. 831. See Μίτρος.

Λεπτός, See Λεπτᾶλός.

Λεπτότης, ἥτος, ἡ, tenuitas, subtilitas: refinement, subtilty. Nub. 153.

Λεπτουργέω, subtiliter ago: to refine. Hipp. 923. Syn. Λεπτόλογος.

Λεπτουργός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, subtili artificio factus: finely wrought. Hom. 30. 14. Syn. Λεπτᾶλός, λεπτός, θαυδᾶλός, θαυδᾶλός.

Λεπυρὸν, Λεπυρίον, οὐ, τό, putamen ovi vel nucis: an egg-shell or nut-shell. Ἡ δὲ κόρυς τὸ λεπυρὸν ἐπὶ Batrach. 130. Theoc. 3. 95.

Λέρνα, ἡς, ἡ, Lerna: a river and marsh in Argolis. Phoen. 622.

Λερναῖος, ἄ, ὄν, Lernaean: of Lerna. Phoen. 194.

Λεσβιάζω, Λεσβίω, Lesbian ago: to act the Lesbian woman. Ran. 1308. Vesp. 1337.

Λεσβίος, ἄ, ὄν; Λεσβίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Lesbios: of Lesbos. Eccl. 920. I. 271.

Λέσβος, οὐ, ἡ, Lesbos: an island in the Aegean Sea. O. 544. Er. Ἐκτιμένη, ἡγάθη, ἡμίθεσσα, ἱέρᾳ.

Λεσχάζω, garrigo: to prate, chatter. Theoc. 613. Syn. Φλύαρος.

Λέσχη, ἡς, ἡ, publicum aedificium, ubi otiosi confabulabantur et mendicis nonnumquam pernoctabant; diversorium, Hes. Op. 495; conventus, confabulatio: a place for loungers and of entertainment for the idle or destitute; meeting, conversation. σ. 328. Er. Σύγκλητος, πόνηρά, μακρά, κἀκόστος.

Λευγᾶλός, ἄ, ὄν, luctuosus, perniciosus: deplorable, destructive, sad. Λευγᾶλοι τ' ἐσθμεσθᾶ β. 61. Syn. Ὀλεθρίος, ὀλός, ἀλγυνός, οὐερός.

Λευγᾶλός, graviter, tristi animo: mournfully. Ἐνθά κὲ Λευγᾶλός N. 723.

Λευκαίνω, dealbo: to make white. Iph. A. 157. Λευκανθός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, flos albus seu canos capillos habens: white-flowered, hoary, blue. Nem. 9. 55.

Λευκάνια. See Λαυκάνια.

Λευκάς, ἄδός, ἡ, Leucas: a famous rock on the coast of Epirus. Λευκάδος πέτρας ἀπο Cycl. 166.

See Damm. and Ovid. Epist. Sapph.

Λεύκασπις, ἰδός, ὁ, album clypeum habens: white-shielded. Λεύκασπις εἰσδράμειν Phoen. 1115.

Λεύκη, ἡς, ἡ, alba populus: the white poplar. Nub. 1007. Phn. Ἡρακλῆος ἱερὸν ἐρνός.

Λευκήρετος, ὄν, albis remis instructus: white-oared. Iph. A. 283. See Ἐρετμός.

Λευκήρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, albus: white, hoary. Pers. 1057. Blomfield remarks that this is the only instance of ἡρης in composition with an adjective. But we find ἰσῆρης Iph. T. 1473.

μεσσηρης, Ion 909, ἀλκήρης, Hec. 454, and the numeral adjectives compounded with ἡρης.

Λευκιπιδές, ὄν, αἰ, Phoebe et Hilaire: the daughters of Leucippus, or their priestesses. Helen. 1465.

Λευκιππός, οὐ, δ, albos equos habens; albis calcatus equis: having white horses; trodden by white horses. Pyth. 9. 146. Syn. Λευκόπαλος.

Λευκίτης, οὐ, δ, candidus: streaked with white. Theoc. 5. 147. Syn. Λευκός, λεπαργός.

Λευκόθεα, ἡς, ἡ, Leucothea: the same as Ino. Iph. T. 271. Phn. see ε. 334.

Λευκόθριξ, ἱχθός, qui candido est capillo: white-haired. Ὅσται λευκίτριχά κριὸν Av. 971.

Λευκίδιον, οὐ, τό, alba viola: a white violet. Ἡ καὶ λευκίδιον στέφανον Theoc. 7. 64.

Λευκιδίμων, ὄν, albos fluctus habens: having foamy waves. Orest. 987. See Κύμα.

Λευκόδρας, οὐ, δ; Λευκόδρος, album cristam habens: white-crested. Phoen. 118. Ran. 1014.

Λευκόχυμος, ἔος, candidos eubitos habens: white-armed. Bacch. 1196.

Λευκόπληθής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, albatis plenus: full of people in white. Ὡς λευκόπληθής ἦν ἰδεῖν ἡ κκλησία Eccl. 387.

Λευκόπους, ὀδός, albos pedes habens: white-footed. Cycl. 72.

Λευκοπτερός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, albas alas vel alba vela habens: white winged or sailed. Hipp. 749.

Λευκόπτερος, ὄν, albos habens equos: having white horses. Aj. 672.

Λευκός, ἡ, ὄν; (2) Λευκός, οὐ, δ, (1) albus: white; (2) Leucis. Orest. 951. Δ. 491. Syn. Ἀργής, λευκήρης, λευκίτης, λεπαργός, λαμπρός, διαυγής, εὐτυχής, λευκόφαις, λευκός.

Λευκοστέφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, alba lana velatus: covered with white wool. Λευκοστέφης ἐχοντά Aesch. Sup. 338. See below.

Λευκοστικτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, albis maculis distinctus: marked with white spots. Iph. A. 222.

Λευκοσφύρις, οὐ, δ, ἡ, candidos habens pedum malleolos: white-ankled. Θάλαμον λευκοσφύριον Hec. Theoc. 17. 32.

Λευκοσφύρις, ὄν, albas baccas gerens: producing white berries. Av. 1100.

Λευκόφαις, ἔος, album nitens: shining, white, sparkling. Iph. A. 1054. See Φᾶς. Syn. see Λευκός.

Λευκοχίτων, ὄν, candidam tunicam habens: white-robed. Ἡ παρὰ λευκοχίτωνας Theoc. Ep. 2. 1.

Λευκόχρους, ὄν, albam cutem habens: with

a white colour or skin. Ὅθεν ἐμὴν τὴν λευκοχρόα κείρωμαι Phoen. 332. (Paeon. trim.)

Λευκόκλεις, οὐ, δ, ἡ, pulchras ulnas habens: fair-armed. Z. 371. Syn. Λευκόπηχης.

Λευρός, ἄ, ὄν, laevis: smooth, polished. Hec. 693. Syn. Λεῖος, ὁμαλός, πλάτῃς, ευρύχωρος, ευρύς.

Λευσίμυς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, lapidatorius: of stoning. Λευσίμυς δοῦναι δίκην Orest. 607. Syn. Λεῖο-λευστός, λευστήρ.

Λευσμός, οὐ, δ, lapidatio: stoning. Eumen. 189.

Λεύσσω, video: to see. Orest. 383. Syn. Βλέπω, δέωρω, ὀράω, δέκνομαι, βλέμειναι.

Λευστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, lapidator: a caster of stones. Sept. Th. 183. Syn. Λευσίμυς, λίθουβόλος.

Λεύω, lapido: to throw a stone at. Πέτροις δὲ λέυει μνητὰ Eur. El. 328. Syn. see Κά-τάλευω.

Λεχάους, οὐ, δ, Lechæus: an epithet of Neptune, as having a temple at Lechaum.

Πόσειδανὶ Λεχάω Call. 4. 271.

Λεχεόεις, οὐ, δ, herbosus: grassy. Δ. 383. Syn. Πόσις, χλωήροφος.

Λεχρήρης, ἔος, lecto adfixus: confined to a bed. Phoen. 1557.

Λέχος, ἔος, τό, lectus: a bed, the marriage-bed. Hipp. 153. Syn. and Er. see Λέκτρον.

Λεχρίος, ἄ, ὄν, obliquus: oblique, bent. Ἀλλά-ξασά λεχρία πάλιν Med. 1165. Syn. Δόχμιος, δόχμος, εγκάρσιος, σκόλιος, λοξός.

Λεχρίς, oblique: obliquely. Apoll. 3. 238. See above.

Λεχά, ὄς, Λεχάως, ἰδός, ἡ, puerpera: a woman in labour. Eur. El. 654. Call. 4. 236. Syn. Τόκας, τέκουσα, παιδοτόκος, αρτίτοκος.

Λεχάϊον, τό, puerperii lectus: childbed. Ωγίγιον κάλειος λεχάϊον Ἀπιδάνης Call. 1. 14.

Λεχάϊος. See Λεχά.

Λέων, ποῖ. Λέων, ὄντος, ὁ, leo: a lion. Phoen. 422. E. 782. Er. Πύριφλογον, ὀρεστέρος, ὀρεῖος, εχθρός, ἄγριος, ἐναντός, ἀλκίμος, δεινός, ὀλός, ὀλοφύων, ὀρεστέροφος, ὀρεστέριον, ἀνααῖος, ἀμαμάκετος, βράρος, δασύστερνος, δάφνιος, ἐρί-βρεμής, ὀδός, καρτέρος, καρχαρόδους, λαχνηίς, ξανθός, ξανθοκύμος, πέλαιος, σμερδαλέος, χαί-της, ὀρεσκάος, φθέρης, φοινίος, σθενεῖ βλέμ-αῖνον, βλάστους, βάρυφλέγης. Phn. see Δ. 543—556 and Trach. 1108.

Λεωργός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, facinorosus: wicked. P. V. 5. Syn. Πανουργός, πάντολμος, δημόχρηστος, ἀνδροφόνος.

Λέως. See Λαός.

Λεωφόρος. See Λαοφόρος.

Λήγω, cesso, desino, abstinco: to cease, abstain from. Phoen. 1087. Syn. Ἀπαλίσγω, παύωμαι, ὀκνέω, ἀναβάλλωμαι, κατὰλίσγω.

Λήδα, ἄς, ἡ, Leda. Παῖδ ἀγκάλασι περίφερων Λήδα δ' ἄμα Orest. 458. Er. Πτόνιᾳ, καλλισφύ-ρος, ἀπάλῃ, βάθυκοπος, βάθυκωνός, Αἰτωλίας. Phn. Κύνων δὲ Λαυκίονος γόνος.

Ληδάριον, οὐ, τό, vestis trita seu aestiva: a thread-bare or thin summer coat. Καὶ ληδάριον τι πρίσται Av. 716. Syn. Ἐρίστριον.

Ληδών, οὐ, τό, rete: a net. Theoc. 21. 10.

Ληθαῖος, ὄν, Lethaeus: oblivionem inducens: Lethaeus; consigning to oblivion. Call. 4. 234. Syn. Ληθήμιον.

Ληθαῖερός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, oblivionem habens vento-rum, quietus: tranquil. Λαθάνεινός τ' εἰ μὴ ὦραν Simon. fr. 18. Syn. Γάληρος, εὐδίδος.

Ληθάνω. See Λανθάνω.

Λήθη, Λαθιφρόνηση, Λησιμύση, ἡς; Λήθος, Dor. Λαθος, ἔος, τό; Λήστis, ἰδός, ἡ, oblivio: oblivion, forgetfulness. Λήθη est etiam Lethe, fl. apud Inferos: a river of Hell. Orest. 207. Iph. T. 1278. Apoll. 4. 356. Hes. Theog. 69. Theoc. 23. 24. Cycl. 171. Syn. Ἀμνημόσηση. Phn. Λήθης ἀτικμαρτὸν νέφης.

Λήθος. See above.

Λήθω, Λήθωμαι. See Λανθάνω.

Ληῖας, ἄδός, ἡ, praedator capta: captive. Ληῖδας δὲ γυναικᾶς Apoll. 1. 611. Syn. Δορι-άλωτος, δοριθήρατος, αἰχμαλωτῆς, ληίστης.

Ληῖσθηρ, ἥρος, ὁ; Ληῖσθηρα, ἄς, ἡ, qui et quae segetes depascitur, et arva vastat: feeding on and wasting corn. Σῶς ὡς ληῖσθηρης σ. 29.

Ληῖσθωμαι, praedor: to obtain by plunder. Πᾶς οὐτὶ που ληῖσθωμὲν Helen. 474. Syn. Θηράω, αἰλώω, αἰρέω, ἀρπάζω, ἐξενάριζω, φέρω, ἄγω.

Λήϊον, Dor. Λάϊον, οὐ, τό, seges: a corn-field, crop. Ληῖον αὐδῆσκοντος Ψ. 599. Syn. Στάχυς, δαστάχως. Er. Ἀγλάν, ἀγλάκαρον, σταχίφω-ρον. Phn. Δημήτερος ἱερὸς αὐτῇ, ὀφελλόμενον Δῖος ὀμῶρα.

Ληῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, praeda, pecus: plunder, cattle. Ζεὺς ληῖδᾶ ὄρη ξ. 86. Syn. Λεῖα, ἄγρα, λάφυρα, σκυλά, ἐνάρᾳ. Er. Πολλῇ, μινδευής.

Ληῖσθηρ, ἥρος, Ληῖσθηρ, ὄρος, Ληῖσθηρ, Ληῖσθηρ, οὐ, δ, praedator: a plunderer, pirate. ε. 254. ο. 426. Hom. 6. 7. Alcest. 782. Syn. Κλέπτης, κλώφ. Er. Πόλεψασκατος, ἀπηνής, ἀνδροπύς, μίαιφονος, ἀμνηστήτης. Phn. Ψυχὴν παρθέμενος, κἀκὸν ἀλλοδαποῖσι φέρων.

Ληῖστος, ἡ, ὄν, spoliatus: taken for plunder, carried off. 1. 406.

Ληῖτις, ἰδός, ἡ, praedatrix, praedam agens: plundering, fem. Καὶ τὰ γ' Ἀθηναίῃ ληῖτιδί K. 460.

Λήϊτος, οὐ, δ, Leitus: one of the Theban commanders in the Trojan war. Λήϊτος δ' ὁ γηγενής Iph. A. 259.

Λήγω, verb. inus. 2. a. ἐλᾶω, p. m. ἐλᾶκα, Ion. ἐλᾶκα, sono, loquor: to sound, resound, speak. Λακὲ δ' ἀσπίς ὑπ' αὐτῆς T. 277. Syn. Βράχω, βόαω, φωνέω, ἰάχω, αὐτέω, ὑλακτέω, βρέμω, βροντάω.

Ληκυθίος, εἰς, εἰς, ampullacius: loud-sounding. Call. fr. 319. See below.

Ληκυθός, οὐ, ἡ; dimin. Ληκυθίον, οὐ, τό, (1) lecythus, arcula pigmentorum: an oil cruet, a smelling-box; (2) parva lecythus: a small cruet. Ἐλαῖον οὐκ ἐνεστὶν ἐν τῇ ληκυθῇ Av. 1589. Ran. 1243.

Ληλαντός, Ληλάντιος, οὐ, δ, campus Euboeae: a plain in Euboea. H. Apoll. 220. Call. 4. 289.

Λημά, ἄτος, τό, voluntas, indoles, animus: will, purpose, courage. Cycl. 591. Syn. Φρόνημα, θυμός, αἰώμα, δρασός, βούλευμα, βουλή, βόμη, ἀνδρεία. Er. Τέθημινον, τίρανινικόν, γενναῖον, κἀκόν, δρασόν, ἀπτόμιον, ἀριστόν, βάρβαρον, ἀμεινόν, ευγενές, δεινόν, τοξολικόν, ὀλομλόν, δοῦριον, αἰθόν.

Λημάτις, forti sum animo: to show a determined spirit. Ἰσὶ νῦν ἐπειδὴ λημάτις κἀνδρείος εἰ Ran. 497. Syn. Μέγᾳ φρόνημα.

Λημάω, lippio: to be bleared-eyed. Plut. 581. Syn. Οφθαλμίαω, γλάμια.

Λήμη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) grama, pituita crassa: a concretion; (2) lippiudo: blearedness. Plut. 581.





adorned. *Xāris* λιπαροκρήδμενος Σ. 382. *Syn.* λιπαράμηνυ.

Λιπαρόπλοκάμυς, ου, δ, ή, pulchram comam habens: fine-haired. Κεφάλης λιπαρόπλοκάμιο T. 126. *Syn.* Εὐκόμης, ἡνίκος, βάθυχαλτης. *P.H.* Κάρτακίος αυχενά χαίταις.

Λιπαρός, α, ου, pinguis, nitidus, optimus, pulcher: sleek, shining, beautiful. *Aesch.* Sup. 1036. See above. *Syn.* Πίον, ἄβρος, λαμπρός, κάλλος, φαιδρός, δεξίος.

Λιπαρόχροός, ου, λιπαρόχρωας, ωτός, nitidum colorem habens: having a bright colour or skin, bright. Χαίρε Σελαναία λιπαρόχροε Theoc. 2. 165. 102.

Λιπαρός, λιπα, per apoc. pro λιπαρά, nitide: neatly, calmly. Αυτὸν μὲν λιπαρός γηρασκέμεν δ. 210. K. 577. *Syn.* Ἄβρος, ἄβρα, ἐπιμελώς.

Λιπαύνας, ναός, λιπαυάτης, ου, δ, desertor classis: who deserts his ship, a deserter. *Agam.* 205. *Eκκερτόμεν* λιπαυάταν Theoc. 13. 73.

Λιπός, εός, τό, adeps, pinguedo: fat, grease. Ου λιπὸς Απὸλλωνος Call. 2. 39. *Syn.* Κνίσσα, δμυός, ἀλειφάρ.

Λιπουρός, ου, δ, ή, cauda carens: having no tail. Τῇ καὶ λιπουρά καὶ μωνπά θύεται Call. fr. 76.

Λιπώω, pinguefacio: to fatten. Καλὸν ἀεὶ λιπώοντά Call. fr. 141.

Λίπτω, avide cupio: to desire, to be eager for. Sept. Th. 348. *Syn.* Ἐπιθυμῶ, λιλαιύμαι, σπουδαίω.

Λίρὸς, α, ου, impudens: impudent, bold. Λίρὸς ἐγὼ τί δε σὺ Call. fr. 229.

Λίς, laevis: smooth. Πιέρη γὰρ λίς ἐστὶ μ. 79.

Λίς, δ, leo: a lion. Ἐφάνη λίς ἡγέμενος O. 275. Dubitatur in A. 480. λιν ἡγάγε, an scribi debeat λιν', pro λινά, nam genitivum putatur esse λινός.

Λίς, λιτός, δ; Λίτων, ου, τό, tenue et subtile linteam: finely woven cloth. Κατὰ λινά πέπασσας Θ. 441. 'Ανθὲ λινά δύο πολυδαίδαλά Epigr. apud Suid. *Syn.* Σινδών.

Λισπός, η, ου, politus: smooth, polished. *Ran.* 826. *Syn.* Λισσός.

Λισσάνιος: "at Lacedaemon, same sense as ἀγῶνός: Hesych." Donnegan, Greek Lex. Ου τὸ σὺ οὐχί (pronunciand. σίουχί) πάντα γ' ὦ λισσάνιε Lysist. 1171. Aliter legunt λισσάνιε.

Λισσός, αῖος, ή; Λισσός, η, ου, laevis; subst. laeve saxum: smooth; subst. a smooth rock. *Eumen.* 801. γ. 293. *Syn.* Μάλακος, ὁμάλος, λίς, λείος.

Λισσάμαι, λιταίνω, λιτάνεω, λιτῶμαι, supplico, oro: to supplicate, solicit. *Alcest.* 259. *Eur.* El. 1213. 'Αψάμενοι λιτάνευσόμεν Ω. 357. Κάκων καὶ κηρὰ λιτῶσθαι H. 47. *Syn.* Εὐχόμεναι, λιπαρέω, αἰτέω, λιτάνεω, ἱκετεύω, δέχμαι, ἀντιδίδεω, ἀντίδω, παρὰκάλω, προσκύνω ἱκετήριος.

Λισσός. See Λισσός.

Λισσάτω, radula uttor: to use a spade or hoe, to dig about. *Syn.* Λαχαίνω, σκάπτω, ὤω.

Λιστρώ, ου, τό, radula: a hoe or spade. X. 455.

Λιταίνω, λιτάνεω. See Λισσάμαι.

Λιτάνος, λιτανευτικός, ή, ου, supplicatorius: supplicatory. Μέλη λιτὰν θεοῖσι καὶ *Aesch.* Sup. 816. (*Paeon.* dim. hypercat.) *Syn.* Ἰκετήσιος, ἱκετήριος.

Λιταργίζω, agili gressu procedo: to move with a light step, to hurry. Λιταργιούμεν οἰκᾶδ' es τὰ

χωρίᾳ Pax. 562. Neque hic tamen locus, nec Nub. 1255. citatus ad ἀνδραγαγίζω, quantitatem primae determinant. Quod si a λιτός oritur, prima necesse longa sil. *Syn.* Λιάζω, σπένδω, ἄισσω, σπέρχεται, ἐπείγεται, τάχυνω.

Λιτή, ής, ή, preces supplices: a suppliant prayer. Τούς δ' ὑπὸ γαίας ἡ γὰρ σέ λίταί Hec. 146. In the plural, Λιταί is beautifully personified in Homer, I. 498. *Syn.* Ευχή, δέημά, ἀρά, εὐγυῖα. *Er.* Βάρβαρος, βώμιος, ἱκεσιός.

Λιτῶμαι. See Λισσάμαι.

Λιτὸν. See Λίς, λιτός.

Λιτός, ή, ου, tenuis, simplex, vilis: slender, simple, mean. Ἀφ' ής ἀλὰ λιτὸν ἐπέσθων Call. Ep. 50. 1. Blomfield has in this and three other passages of Callimachus used the expanded form Λιτὸς, on the authority of Photius. See his note, Call. 2. 10. Λιτὸς occurs in one of the Epistol. Eurip. Elsewhere I have not met with the word in either shape. *Syn.* Ψιλός, λεπτός, ὀλίγος, ἀπλοῦς.

Λιτουργός, ου, δ, ή, facinorosus: mischievous. Τὴν δ' ἐκ κύνος λιτουργίον αὐτομήτρε Simon. 230. There is nothing by which the quantity of the first syllable of Λιτουργός can be determined. If the word be derived from λιτή and ἔργον, the first syllable is short; if from λιτός and ἔργον, it is long. *Exp.* Κάκοιργός Hesyech.

Λιχῆν. See Λειχῆν.

Λιχμάζω, λιχμάω, lingo, devoro: to lick, eat up. Καὶ οἱ λιχμάσκετ' Moch. 2. 94. *Hes.* Scut. 235. and Bacch. 687. *Syn.* Λείχω, κατάπινω.

Λίχυνος, ου, δ, ή, et η, ου, gulosus, vorax: gluttonous, greedy. *Er.* τοῖς κῆκοις Λίχυνος οἰσὰ καρδία Hipp. 917. *Syn.* Ἀδνηφάγος, πρῶθυμος.

Λίψ, λιβός, δ, (1) Africus: the south-west wind; (2) libatio: a libation. Schef. in Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 5706. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 182. Καὶ φιλοσοφῶντος λιβός Choeph. 286. *Syn.* (2) See Λιβός.

Λιψούρια, ας, ή, micturatio: a constant desire to void urine. Δίψη τίς η λιψούρια Choeph. 744. See Blomf.

Λιβός, ου, δ, jecinoris, vel auris, ima pars; acus, siliqua: the lower part of the liver, or of the ear; a husk. *Eur.* El. 827. *Er.* Εύρητηός.

Λιβῶδες. See Λιβῶδες.

Λιβῶς, αῖος, δ, ή, selectus: chosen, select. Εξείλετ' ἐκλεῖον λόγισι δ' Ἀργείων στρατῶν Hec. 542. *Syn.* Ἐκκερτίος.

Λογίδιον, ου, τό, verbulum: a little word or saying, maxim. Ἀλλ' ἐστὶν ἡμῖν λογίδιον γνώμην ἔχον Vesp. 64. *Syn.* Μῦθος.

Λογίζομαι, reputo, computo: to consider, calculate. *Herc.* F. 295. *Syn.* Ἀνὰλογίζομαι, νῦμίζω, σκέπτομαι, ενθυμέομαι, οἶμαι.

Λογιόν, ου, τό, oraculum: an oracle. Λογία πάλαια τῆδε γῆ σωτήρια Heracl. 406. *Syn.* Χρησμός, Δεσφάτων, μαντεῖον, Δεσφάτων. *Er.* Κωφὸν, ἱερὸν, σάφες.

Λογίος, α, ου, disertus, clarus; orationis solutae scriptor: eloquent, illustrious; a prose writer. *Nem.* G. 51. See above.

Λογισμός, ου, δ, ratiocinatio: reasoning, thought. *Ran.* 973. *Syn.* Νοός, ἐπινοῖα, σκέψις, λόγος, φροντίς, φρήν. *Er.* Κεῖνος, κῆκος, ἀγῶνος, πρῶτος.

Λογιστής, ου, δ, calculator: a calculator. *Anacr.* 32. 5.

Λόγος, ου, δ, verbum, sermo, ratio: a word,

speech, advice, reason, calculation. *Hec.* 560. *Syn.* Ῥιμά, ἐπὸς, μῦθος, αὐδή, φήμη, λόγισμός, διάνοια, ευλωσσία. *Er.* Δίκαιος, κένος, βράχης, ἐπιφθόνος, ἀξίος, δειλός, αἰμιλός, μακρός, σφῶς, μόνος, κῆκος, μέγας, χρυσός, φρουδός, παντοῖος, ἡδὺς, κοινός, δρᾶσις, ματαιός, πέρισσος, σάφρων, Δελκτηῖος, ευσχίμων, αἰσχυρός, κενός, νέανίος, φίλος, λαμπρός, νέωτέρος, εὐφημῶς, πειστήριος, εχθρός, ἐναντίος, ἐλευθέρος, πολέμιος, πικρός, ὀνειδιστήρ, μάλακος, ευκλής, ἀληθής, ἐνθικός, ψευδής, ἐπὶμῶς, σπουδαῖος, αρχαῖος, ποιητός, ψεύστης, ἄβρος, εσλός, εσθλός, αἰπεινός, ξυνός, πρόσθων, χαμαιπότης, ἀγῶνος, δημόσιος, ζῆμνης, οὐκτός, σκῆλιος, πτέρβιος, κῆκοιός, τεθηγμένος. *P.H.* Οὐκ ἐστὶ Πειθός ἱερὸν ἀλλὰ πλὴν λόγος, λόγων ευφημία.

Λόγχη, ης, ή, lancea: the point of a spear, a spear. *Eur.* Sup. 861. *Syn.* Ἄκων, ἀκόντιον, βελός, παλόν. *Er.* Μυρία, πᾶλμία, πᾶλαια, ἀμφιτόμος, δαδός, δερκίονος, μακρά, φόνια. *P.H.* Λόγχη ακμή, δόρος λόγχη.

Λογχιῆς, εῖς, et Λογχιῶν, ου, δ, ή, qui lanceam fert: armed with a lance or javelin. *Iph.* A. 1067. Pax 1292. *Syn.* Δορυφόρος, πολέμιος.

Λόγχιμος, et Λογχιωτός, ου, ad lanceam peritens: of the lance. Κάκινος λογχιμῶς τε καὶ ναυδάτας δπλασιμῶς Agam. 395. (*Dochm.* trim.) Bacch. 750.

Λογχοποιός, ου, δ, lancearum faber: a spear-maker. Καὶ λογχοποιῶν ὄργανα κτᾶσθαι μᾶτην Bacch. 1197.

Λογχιφόρος. See Λογχιῆς.

Λογχιών. See Λόγχιος.

Λοτῆρον, Λοτῆρον, ου, δ, balneum; lustratio: a bath; lustration. Εἰσὶν δὲ δερμά Λοτῆρα Ξ. G. Agam. 573. *Syn.* Βάλλαντιον, πλῆνός. *Er.* Ἐμπέτανον, γλῆκρον, λουτῆρον, λιπαρόν, χάρην, φόνιον, δροσῆρον, γλῆκν, πάνιστᾶτον, φόνιον, δροσῆρον, καθάρων.

Λοτῆροχος, Λοτῆροχος, ου, δ, ή, ad lavacrum aptus: fit for the bath, keeping a bath. Ηε λδοτῆροχος δώρ u. 297. Call. 5. 1.

Λόω. See Λοῶω.

Λοιθῆ, ης, ή, libatio: a libation. Ω. 70. *Syn.* Σπονδή, ἀπαρχή, δούσια. *Er.* Ψυχρά, οὐρηρά, φόνια, Διδουσιός, αἰματόεσσά, ἱερὰ.

Λοιγίος, ου, perniciosus: destructive. Νῦν οἶω λογι' εἶσθαι θ. 533. *Syn.* Ὀλέθριος, ὀδδός, οὐλός, χαλῆπος, θανάτοις.

Λοιγός, ου, δ, perniciosis, exitum: destruction. Choeph. 396. *Syn.* Θανάτος, ὀλέθρος, λοιμός. *Er.* Αἰκτής, πικρός, αὐτός.

Λοιδόρεω, maledico: to revile, slander. *Androm.* 727. *Syn.* Δενάζω, βλασφημέω, κάκοιρόθεω, ἐμπρέζω, διαβάλλω, κατὰγνωτίζω, κάσασθω, ὑβρίζω, ὀνειδίζω, κερτῶμαι.

Λοιδόρια, ας, ή; Λοιδόριος, ου, δ; Λοιδόρημα, convicium: railing, abuse, invective. Παύσασθε μάχης καὶ λοιδόριας Nub. 934. *Syn.* Δυσφημία, ἐρίς, διαβολή, ὑβρίς, ὀνειδός, σκώμμα. *P.H.* Φιλόλοιδόριος γλωττής βλεμνὰ κοίφα.

Λοιδόρος, ου, δ, maledicus: slanderous. *Cycl.* 531. *Syn.* Κάκηνόρος, κάκοιρός, κάκοιλόγος.

Λοιμός, ου, δ, pestilentia: a pestilence. A. 97. *Syn.* Λογιός, λῶμη, φθόρα, νόσος. *P.H.* Ἐχθιστός, πυρφόρος, φθισιμῶνός, κῆκος, ἀνέκυστος. *P.H.* see (E. R. vv. 168—187).

Λοιπός, η, ου, reliquus, superstes, futurus: remaining, last, future. *Phoen.* 956. *Syn.* Ἐπιλοιπός, ὑπόλοιπος, ἄλλος.

Λοισθήϊος, Λοισθῶς, Λοισθός, η, ου, postremus, ultimus: last. Χρυσὸν λοισθῆ' ἐθηκε Ψ. 751. Λοισθῶν βαλῶν τῶδε Hipp. 57. and Helen. 1596. *Syn.* Ἐσχατός.

Λοκρίς, ἰδός, ή, subaud. γῆ vel χώρα, Locris: (1) Locris, a country in Greece; (2) Locrian. Ἀλλ' εἰσὶν ἑτέροι τῆς Λοκρίδος Ὀπουντίοι Av. 152.

Λοκροί, ὦν, οἱ, Locri: the inhabitants of Locris. *Iph.* A. 262.

Λοξίας, ου, δ, Loxias: a name of Apollo. Λοξία δὲ μέμφεται Orest. 279.

Λοξόβατης, ου, δ, oblique incedens: going obliquely. Λοξόβαται στρεβλοὶ Batrach. 286. *Exp.* Δοχμῶ βαίων.

Λοξός, ή, ου, obliquus: oblique, slanting. *Eur.* fr. Thes. 5. 9. *Syn.* see Λέχριος, σκῆλιος.

Λοπάδιον, ου, τό, dimin. a seq. Οἷς δὲ πᾶσά καὶ λοπάδιον καὶ χίτρα Plut. 812.

Λοπάς, αῖος, ή, patella, palina: a dish. Νύκτωρ τὰς λοπάδας καὶ τὰς νήσους διαλείχων Eq. 1034. *Syn.* Χίτρα, λέκκη, τήγανον.

Λοπός, ου, δ, cortex: bark, peel. τ. 233. *Syn.* Λέμμα, φλοιός.

Λουτροβάκτης, ου, balneo occisus: slain in the bath. Λουτροβάκτης δ' ὦλετ' Ἀχαιῶν Choeph. 1058.

Λοῦτρον. See Λοτῆρον.

Λουτροφόρος, ου, δ, ή, aquam ferens ad lavandum: bringing water for lustration. *Phoen.* 358.

Λουτροχόος. See Λοτῆροχος.

Λοῦω, et Λόω, lavo: to wash. *Troad.* 1164. I. 320. κ. 361. *Syn.* Κατάκλυω, κλύω, νίπτω, τέργω, πλύνω.

Λοφᾶω, cristam in capite habeo: to wear a crest. Pax 1211.

Λοφεῖον, ου, τό, cristarum vel speculi repositorium: a crest or mirror case. Nub. 749.

Λοφία, ας, ή, cervix, eminentia: a neck. Φρίξας εὐ λοφίην τ. 446. *Syn.* Τράχηλος, λοφός.

Λοφοποιός, ου, δ, artifex cristarum galeae: a crest-maker. Pax 544.

Λοφός, ου, δ, cervix; crista galeae; suprema pars collis: the upper part of the neck; the crest of the helmet; the brow of a hill. *Herc.* F. 998. *Syn.* Λοφία, τράχηλος, τρίχων, κρῶνος, κυνῆς, γέφλοφος. *Er.* Ἀκρός, ἱππεῖος, ἱπποχαιτῆς, νίφους, χρυσέος, Ἑρμαῖος, νίφους, φονικέος, δι- νήεις, ἡρόφοιτος, κατὰκίος, εναγής.

Λοφωσίς, εως, ή, cristatura: the plumeage of the crest. Av. 291.

Λοχαγέτης, Λοχαγός, ου, δ, cohortis ductor: the leader of a battalion. Καὶ λοχαγέτας μολῶν *Phoen.* 988. *Troad.* 1251. *Syn.* Στρατηγός, ἡγέμων, αρχός, ἄγος.

Λοχᾶζει, ου, αἰ, albugines oculorum: the whites of the eyes. Λοχᾶζω καθάραις ου δύνεται λοχᾶσιν Call. fr. 132. Aliter legunt et melius λοχᾶσω, the speakers: loquuntur enim oculi.

Λοχᾶω, insidior: to lay wait for, waylay. *Eur.* El. 225. *Syn.* Θηρᾶω, θηρεύω, ἐφεδρεῶ, ἐλ- λοχίζω.

Λοχέια, ας, ή, partus, puerperium; factus: childbirth; offspring. Ἡ καὶ λοχέιας ἡ νεκροῦ διγῆ χεῖρας *Iph.* T. 383.

Λοχευῖα, αῖος, τό, (1) puerperium: child- birth; (2) partus: offspring. *Eur.* El. 1124. *Syn.* Λοχέια. *Er.* Χρυσόμαλλον, σεμνόν.

Λοχεύω, pario, parturio: to bring forth. *Bacch.* 3. *Syn.* Τίκτω, κύωω, ωδίνω.

Λόχης, ου, δ, insidiator; manipularis: one who lies in ambush; one that pertains to a λόχος. 'Ανδρας λόχης αὐτῶν ἀνὴρ ἀρχηγέτης Ε. R. 750.

Λόχιστος, α, ὄν, sylvestris: of the wood, wild. Av. 737. See below. Svn. 'Τλαῖος, ἀγρίος.

Λόχη, ης, ἡ, dumetum: a thicket. Τρέφειν δύναται ἂν μὴ λόχη κλέπτα δύο Vesp. 928. Svn. 'Τλη. Ερ. Σκίερ, φυλλάς, δρεῖας, ξυλόχος.

Λόχος, ου, δ, cohors; insidia: a band of soldiers; an ambushade. Phoen. 736. Svn. Τάξις, οὐλῆμος, ἐνέδρα. Ερ. Ξιφίρης, κρυπτός, ξεστός, αὐτός, κολῖς, πικίνος, αὐτοῦτος, κρύφιος, σκότης.

Λαῖος, ου, δ, Lycaeus: a name of Bacchus. Ὡ λυσίφρων Λαῖος Anacr. 27. 2.

Λυγαῖος, α, ὄν, obscurus, tenebrosus: gloomy, dark. Ὅμα λυγαῖος μύλη Iph. T. 110. Svn. Σκότης, σκοτεινός, ὀφθαλμός, δυνάμενος, κέλευρος.

Λυγδάμις, ἰδς, δ, Lyglamis: a commander of the Cimmerians. Λυγδάμις ὀρεσστής Call. 3. 252.

Λύγδην, singulatum: with sobbs. Ε. C. 1621. Svn. Ουκτῶς.

Λύγδινος, ὄν, e lygdo factus, eanditus: made of the lygdo stone, white as marble. Περὶ λυγδίνων τράχηλα Anacr. 27. 2.

Λύγισμα, f. ἰωα, Dor. ἰζω, contorqueo, flecto, vincto: to twist, bind, overpower. Πλευρὰν λυγίσαντος ὑπὸ βώμης (anapestic. dim.) Vesp. 1487. Svn. Κάμπτος, στρέφω.

Λύγισμος, ὄν, δ, flexio: a turn, contortion. Τῶν ἀντιλογισμῶν καὶ λυγισμῶν καὶ στρέφων Ran. 775. Svn. Καμψή.

Λυγκεύς, ἔως, Ion. ἦος, δ, Lynceus: one of the Argonauts. Plut. 210. Ερ. Τηλέκλειτος, ἀκρίβης ὁμῶς. P. R. see Nem. 10. 116. Apoll. 1. 153.

Λύγξ, γνός, ἡ, lynx: a lynx, ounce. Aleest. 595. Ερ. Μαυαῖα.

Λύγος, ου, ἡ, raro ὄ, vitex, virga: a withe, twig. Στρεπταῖς λυγοῖσι σάμῃ Cycl. 225. Anacr. 74. Ερ. Ἀπάλη.

Λύγρος, ἂ, ὄν, funestus, gravis: mournful, destructive. Τέρψει λύγρῳ δὲ τῶνδ' ὅλων κουνυῖα Herc. F. 1368. Svn. Δεινός, χάλεπος, μέλειος, ἔλευρος, οὐκτρός, λευγαλέος, πένθιμος, γόδρος, δλεθρῖος, ἀξιοθρηνός, κάκος, δλδός.

Λύδη, Dor. Λύδα, as, ἡ, Lyde. Καὶ Λύδα Σατύρικον Mosch. 6. 3.

Λυδία. See Λυδῖος.

Λυδίζω, Lydis faveo, Lydos imitor: to favour or imitate the Lydians. Καὶ λυδίζων καὶ ψηνίζων Eq. 520.

Λυδῖος, α, ὄν, et (2) Anadōs, Lydius; Lydus: Lydian; a Lydian. Λυδία with γῆ understood, is the country of Lydia. Γῆς ἐπαφδὸς Λυδίας ἀπὸ χθονὸς Bacch. 230. Ὡ παὶ τὴν ἀνχέις πότρεά Λυδὸν ἡ φῦγα Aleest. 691. Ερ. (2) pluv. 'Ἀδρόδαιαται, πάλυχρσοι, ἀδρόχτωνες.

Λυδός. See above.

Λύζει, singulatio: to sob, sigh. Εἰτὰ λύζει καὶ δακρύει καὶ λέγει πρὸς τοὺς φίλους Acharn. 690.

Λύη, ης, ἡ, rixa, dissidium: a quarrel. Παῖδες βιασθέντες Λύα Nem. 9. 34., answered by πόρσιστα μοῖραν δ' εἰνδόν.

Λύθρον, ου, τὸ, cruor pulverulentus: clotted gore, dust mixed with gore. Αἱμάτι καὶ λύθρον πέταλα μύενον χ. 402. Svn. Βρόδρος, λυμά. Ερ. Φοῖνιτον, ἀργαλέον, λευγαλέον, οὐκτρόν.

Λυκάβας, αὐτός, δ, annus: the year. Τοῦ δ'

αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος τ. 306. Svn. Ἐνιαυτός. P. R. Πέρτελλομένην ὥραι, ἐνιαυτός κύκλος.

Λυκαῖον, ου, τὸ, Lycæum: a mountain in Arcadia. Κάτ' ὀρεῖα μακρὰ Λυκαῖα Theoc. 1. 123.

Λυκαονίτης, ου, δ, a Lycaeon satus: the son of Lycaon, Mænalus. Τῶνδ' Λυκαονιδῶν Theoc. 1. 126.

Λυκαονίος, α, ὄν, Lycaonius: of Lycaon. Τίνοι πίνουσι Λυκαονίης ἀρκτοιο Call. 1. 42.

Λυκαστός, ου, ἡ, Lycastus: a city in Crete. Καὶ ἀργίνοντα Λυκαστον B. 647.

Λυκάων, ὄνδς, δ, Lycaon. Γέρον αἰχημῆ Λυκάων E. 197.

Λυκέη, ης, ἡ, subaud. δόρα, pellis aut galen lupina: a wolf's skin, a helmet of wolf's skin. Καὶ λυκέην καὶ τόξά K. 459.

Λυκεῖον, ου, τὸ, Lyceum: a place out of Athens to the east, sacred to Apollo, where Aristotle had his school. Pax 355. See below.

Λυκεῖος, εἰα, εἰδν, (1) Ερ. Apollinis: Lycian, an epithet of Apollo; (2) lupinus: pertaining to a wolf. Ταῦτ' ὦ Λυκεῖ Ἀπολλων Soph. El. 655.

Λυκηγένης, ἔδς, (1) in Lycia genitus: born in Lycia; (2) qui lucem generat: parent of light. Εὐχέτω δ' Ἀπολλωνί Λυκηγένη κλιττοδὲ Δ. 119.

Λυκιδας, ου, δ, Lycidas. Τὸν δ' ἐγὼ ἀμείψην Λυκίδα φίλῃ Theoc. 7. 37.

Λυκιδεύς, ἔως, δ, catulus lupi: a wolf's cub. Θρέψαι καὶ λυκιδεύς Theoc. 5. 37.

Λυκίος, α, ὄν, Lycius: Lyceian. And Λυκία with γῆ or χώρα understood denotes the country of Lycia. Ἰφθίμοι Λυκίοι Ἀνδάνων M. 417. Ερ. Πλur. Αἰχμῆα, ἰφθίμοι, ἀντιθεῖοι, ἀσπισταί, θωρηκταί, ἀγηνέρες.

Λυκίς, ἰδς, δ, Lycis: a comic poet. Εἰωθέ ποιεῖν καὶ λυκίς κάμψις Ran. 14.

Λυκοκτόνος, ου, δ, qui lupos interficit: wolf-killer. Τοῦ λυκοκτόνου δέου Soph. El. 6.

Λυκομήδης, ἔδς, δ, Lycomedes. Τῶν Ἀρισ- θαντος Λυκομήδους P. 345. Ερ. Κρεοντιάδης, Κρεοντίος υἱὸς διδς, κρᾶτέρος, ἀρηφίλδς.

Λυκοργός, Λυκοργός, ου, δ, Lycurgus: (1) a prince of Thrace; (2) the Spartan lawgiver. Τὸν Λυκοργὸν ἐπεφάνη H. 142. Av. 1296. Ερ. Ἀνδροφρόνδς, κρᾶτέρος, μίαιφονός, Ἀρσαντιάδης.

Λυκόπους, πδδς, lupinus pedes habens: wolf-footed. Lysist. 664. See below.

Λυκός, ου, δ, (1) lupus: a wolf; (2) Lycus: Lycus. Ἐλάφον λυκοῦ αἰμόνι χαλὰ Nec. 88. Apoll. 2. 752. Ερ. Ἀγρίος, δαφυνός, κρᾶτέρος, νύξ, δρεῖτέρος, πόλιος, σίντις, ὠμωφάγος, καρχα- ρδων, τραχὺς, δερμίδιμος, δῆλιος, ἀναλῆς.

Λυκοργός. See Λυκοργός.

Λυκοφάντης, ου, δ, Lycophontes. Καὶ ἀντιθεῖον Λυκοφάντην Θ. 275. Ερ. Μένεπτόλεμος.

Λυκοφρων, ὄνδς, δ, Lycophron. Ὁ δ' ἐπειτὰ Λυκοφρόνῃ O. 430.

Λυκτίος, ὄν, Lyctius: of Lyctus. Τὸ Λυκτίον ἡ τὴ φάρετρη Call. 2. 33.

Λυκτός, ου, ἡ, Lyctus. B. 647.

Λύκων, ὠνδς, δ, Lycón. Ἐνθά Λύκων μὲν Π. 337.

Λυκόρεϊος, ου, Λυκαρεῖος, ἔως, δ, cognomen Apollinis: a surname of Apollo. Φοῖβου Λυ- κορεῖου Apoll. 4. 1490. Call. 2. 19.

Λύμα, ἄνδς, τὸ, purgamentum; sordes: water used in washing; filth. Λύματα πάντα καθήρην Ξ. 171. Svn. Κάθαμα, λύμη.

Λυμάλωμαι, violō, devasto: to violate, lay waste. Ἄλως δὲ λήμης ἦν ἐλυμῆν πάρος

Helen. 1098. Svn. Φθέρω, βλάπτω, λωθῶ, πέρω, λωθένω, ἀνῶω, ἐκπέρω.

Λυμαντήριος, ὄν, perniciosus: destructive. Δεσμά λυμαντήρια P. V. 1027. Svn. Λύγρος, δλεθρῖος, λογιός, θυμολύγης.

Λυμαντής, οὐ, Λυμῆν, ὠνδς, δ, perditio: a destroyer, a pest. Οἷον κατὰκτῆται τοῦ λυμαντή βίου Trach. 806. Ὅστις γυναικὸν λυμῆνῶς ἤδεται Hipp. 1071.

Λυμῆν. See above.

Λύμη, ης, ἡ, lues, noxa: destruction, ravage. See the passage in Λυμάλω. Svn. Φθόρα, λύμα, βλάση, δλεθρός.

Λυπέω, (2) Λυπέομαι, (1) dolore adicio: to cause pain to, annoy; (2) dolere: to be grieved, to suffer pain. Οὐ μὴν σὲ λυπεῖν ἐν κάκοισι βούλωμαι Alcest. 1037. Svn. Αλγύνω, ἀνῶω, αλγῶ, ὀδύνω, δάκνω, ἀδίκη.

Λύπη, ης, ἡ, λύπη, ἄνδς, τὸ, dolor, ægritudo: grief, pain. Μὴ δ' ἐπὶ δάλγει φρόντιδ᾽ ἀλπη Heracl. 620. (Anapæst. dim.) Trach. 553.

Svn. Αλγῶνδν, δλγος, ἄλγος, ὀδύνη, ἀνία. Ερ. Πικρὰ, ἀνιαιότατη, ευαλα, στίγιος, θυμῶ- δόρος, ἀνῆκεστος, δεινή.

Λυπηρός, Λυπηρός, ἂ, ὄν, molestus, tristis: trou- blesome, painful. Πρὸς βαλκιδᾷ λυπηρὰν βίου Med. 1240. Phæn. 441. Svn. Αλγυνός, ὀδύρος, ὀδύνηρος, χάλετος, ἀργαλέος, πέρλυπος.

Λυπηρός, Λυπηρός, moleste: in a troublesome manner. Bacch. 1253. Phæn. 1222. See above.

Svn. Ὀδύνηρος, βάρως, χάλετος, δυσχέρως.

Λυπρός, Λυπρός. See Λυπηρός, Λυπηρός.

Λύρα, as, ἡ, lyra: a lyre. Καὶ τὴν λύρην ἄψαν Anacr. 1. 5. Svn. see Κιβάρη and Φόρ- μιγξ. Ερ. Ἐπτάτονος, ἐράτη, δεσπέσια, ἡδονῆς, κάλη, Ἀμφιδία, Θρηκίη, ἐκτελῶδς, ἐλεφαντίνη.

Λύριον, lyra ludo: to play on the lyre. Στρέφον οὐν με καὶ λύριον Anacr. 5. 12. Svn. Κιβάρῳ, φορμίζω. P. R. Εὐχόροδον ἐγείρω λύραν, φόρ- μιγγ' ἐπτάτονον χρυσὸν πλῆκτρον διώκω.

Λύρικος, ἡ, ὄν, lyricus: lyric. Γράμματ᾽ αὐτῶν λυρικών Epigr. citat. a Stephano, in Thes.

Λυρνησός, οὐ, ἡ, Lyrnessus: a city of Phry- gin. T. 60.

Λυροκτύπη, ου, δ, qui lyram pulsat: a player on the lyre. Anacr. 172. 47. See Λύρα and Κτύπος.

Λύροποιός, οὐ, δ, qui lyras conficit: a lyre- maker. Anacr. 134. See Λύρα and Ποιέω.

Λύρροδς, οὐ, δ, lyricen: one who accompanies the harp with his voice. Ἐμοὶ δὲ τῷ λύρροδῳ Anacr. fr. 2. 31.

Λύσανδρος, ου, δ, Lysander. Οὐτὰρ δὲ Λύσανδρον καὶ Πόρῶνδν Λ. 491.

Λυσάντας, ου, δ, qui a solitudine liberat: de- livering from annoyance. Λυσάντας πάτρεϊον μέγαλον πῶνον Nub. 1160.; with which cor- responds ὃν κάλλειον τρέχων ἐνδεδέν ὡς ἐμέ. See Ἀνία.

Λυσίανασσά, ης, ἡ, Lysianassa: one of the Nereids. Καὶ Λυσίανασσα Hes. Theog. 258.

Λυσίανος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui solvit zonam, dis- cinctus: one who loosens the zone, ungirdled. Εἰσώσατο λυσίανον Theoc. 17. 60.

Λυσικάκος, ου, δ, ἡ, mala sedans: sorrow- soothing. Ἐπινο λυσικάκου Theogn. 476. Svn. Λαδίστιμον, λυσίμερμον.

Λυσικλῆς, ἔδς, δ, Lysicles: a seller of sheep at Athens. Βέλτιστος ἀνὴρ μετὰ λυσικλῆα καὶ Κόνναν καὶ Σαλδέακων (double anapestic) Eq. 276.

Λυσικράτης, ἔδς, δ, Lysicrates: Lysicrates. Ἡ Λυσικράτους ἀρὰ νυνὶ βίς Eccl. 630.

Λυσίμαχος, ὄν; Λυσίμαχη, ἡ, qui et quæ pugna dirimit: one who puts an end to battles. Ἰνὰ λυσίμαχην σὲ κάλωμεν Pax 992.

Λυσίμελειά, as, ἡ, Lysimelia: a lake near Syracense. Πάρ' ὕδασι Λυσίμελειας Theoc. 16. 84.

Λυσίμελης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, membra solvens: relax- ing the limbs, refreshing. Λυσίμελης ἐπιδουσεῖ ψ. 343. Svn. Λυσικάκος, λαδίστιμον.

Λυσίμος, ὄν, qui solvi potest: which may be dissolved or terminated; Aesch. Sup. 818. See Butler's note ad loc. on the quantity of the first syllable of this word. Schæf. refers to Jacobæ. Anthol. ii. 68.

Λυσίπαλμων, ὄνδς, in jocos resolvens: re- laxing into sport. Λυσίπαλμων τὸνδ' Βάκχος Anacr. 39. 9. (Ionic. a minor. dim.)

Λύσις, ἰδς, ἡ, solutio, liberatio: a loosening, release from, end. Πημάτων δοῖς λῆσιν An- drom. 892. Svn. Λύτρωσις, πέρας, σωτηρία.

Λυσιστράτη, ης, ἡ; Λυσιστράτης, ου, δ, Lysis- trata; Lysistratus: Lysistrata; Lysistratus. Lysist. 189. Vesp. 1299. See above and Στράτος.

Λυσίτελεω, utilis sum, prosum: to profit, to be serviceable to. Οὐ φημ' ἂν λυσίτελεῖν σφόν Plutarch. 509. Svn. Χραιομέω, ὠφέλλω, τέλη λῶω.

Λύσσά, ης, ἡ; Λύσσα, ἄνδς, τὸ, rabies, in- sania: fury, madness. Orest. 784. 264. Svn. Μᾶνία, οἰστρος. Ερ. Μᾶνίος, φοιτάλεος, δέ- μῆνις, κρᾶτέρᾳ, μαινᾶς, ἀπηνῆς, δλθῇ, δῖδς, φοι- τᾶς.

Λυσσαῖνα, Λυσσαῖνα, rabie actus furo: to rave, to be furious. Antig. 632. (E. R. 1258. Svn. Μένεαῖνα, μένοῖνα, δυσμένεαῖνα.

Λυσσαλέος, Λυσσητήρ, ἦρος, Λυσσώδης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ; Λυσσᾶς, ἄδς, ἡ, rabiosus: furious. Λυ- σαλέος δ' ἦπειτ' ἰκέλοι Apoll. 4. 1393. Θ. 299. N. 53. Herc. F. 1018.

Λυσσανός. See Λυσσανός.

Λυσσᾶς. See above.

Λυσσῶω. See Λυσσαῖνα.

Λύσσαμα. See Λύσσα.

Λυσσητήρ. See Λυσσαλέος.

Λυσσώδης. See Λυσσαλέος.

Λυτήρ, ἦρος, δ, qui liberat: a deliverer from. Τῇ μελέῃ λυτήρ Eur. El. 136., answering to καὶ στυγερᾶς ζωᾶς. And Nonn. Jo. 211. ὅλης λυ- τήρᾳ γένεθλῆς.

Λυτήριος, ια, ιον, solvendi vim habens: com- petent to deliver, rescuing. Soph. El. 1490. See above. Svn. Λύσιμος.

Λύτρων, ου, τὸ, redemptionis premium: a ran- som. Τῷ λύτρων συμφόρας οὐκτρός Olymp. 7. 141., answered by δ τ' ἐν Ἀργεὶ χαλκὸς ἔργω μιν. And it is long in Isth. 8. 1. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 6880., cites Jacobs. Anthol. 11. 237. Svn. Ἀντάλλαγμα, ἀποιών, τί- μμη. Ερ. Ἀντάξιν, καλλίνικον.

Λύχνιον, ου, τὸ, laterna: a candlestick, a little lamp. Τὸ δὲ λυχνίον ἐν πρῶτῳ Theoc. 21. 36. See below.

Λύχνων, ου, τὸ; Λύχνος, ου, δ, lucerna: a lamp. τ. 34. Cycl. 511. See Λύχνωπάλης. Svn. Λαυπάς, δᾶς, φανός. Ερ. Ἀσπράππων, ἀγλῆεις, αἰθού, παμφάνων.

Λύχνωποιός, ου, δ, lucernarum confector: a lamp-maker. Ὅτι τυγχάνει λυχνωποιός ἐν πρῶ τοῦ μὲν οὐν Pax 689. See below.

Λύχνωπάλης, ου, δ, lucernarum venditor: a

lamp-seller. Σαυτὸν δὲ λυχνόπωλῆσι καὶ νεο-  
ρορράφοις Eq. 739.

Λυχνός. See Λυχνόν.

Λυχνούχος, οὐ, δ, laterna: a candlestick. Φά-  
νεν υπεούθιους λυχνούχος καὶ κύλιξ Acharn.  
936. SYN. Λυχνῖον, λαμπάδουχος.

Λυχνόφοριον, Λυχνόφορέω, lampada gero: to  
bear a lamp. \*Ἄπερ λυχνόφορίωντες ἀποκεύ-  
φαιες Lysist. 1004. SYN. Λαμπάδουχέω.

Λύω, λύω, solvo, explico, termino, mitigo;  
prosum: to loosen, explain, terminate, mitigate;  
to be beneficial. Ἐμοί τε λύει τοῖσι μέλλουσιν  
τέκνοις Med. 566. \*Ἀμὰ λύσμεν δέρης Hippol.  
781. ΑΛΛΑ ΛΥ΄ ἴππους K. 480. In fut. and aor.  
act. and mid. the υ is always long, and perf. and  
pluperf. and aor. 1. and 2. pass. always short in  
Hom. except sc. 238. SYN. Λύημι, χῆλῶν,  
ἐλευθέρω, λυσίτελέω.

Λῶ, a Λῶω Dorice pro θῶω, volo: to wish.  
\*Ἦν τινά λῶι Call. 3. 19. SYN. see θῶω.

Λωβᾶμαι, Λωβέω, contumelia adicio: to in-  
sult. Orest. 920. ψ. 216. SYN. Λωμάλνυμαι,  
ὕβριζω, χλευάζω, σκόπτω, κάτασκώπτω.

Λῶβη, ης, ἡ, contumelia, injuria, dedecus:  
insult, injury, disgrace. Androm. 298. SYN.  
\*Ἔβρις, αἰκία, ὀνειδός, γέλως, βλάβη, ἀλέθρος,  
λύπη. Ep. Εχθίστη, μέγαλη, πῆρφα, λυγρὰ,  
κέλευνη, πικρά, δακρυόμυς, ἀεικής, θυμολγής.

Λωβήτης, ἥρος, Λωβήτης, οὐ, δ, qui contumelia  
adicit, vilis: a reviler, despicable fellow. A.  
385. Ran. 93. SYN. \*Ἐβριστής, ὑπερήφανος,  
δρῶν, ἀπτόεπις.

Λωβήτης, ἡ, ὄν, infamia notatus: marked with  
infamy. Aj. 1388. SYN. Ἐπὸνειδιστός, ἐπι-  
μειπτός.

Λῶος, οὐ, δ, mensis Augustus: the month of  
August. Call. Ep. 48.

Λῶπη, ης, ἡ; Λῶπις, οὐ, δ, vestimentum te-  
nue: a thin covering, coat. v. 224. Theoc.  
14. 60.

Λωπιδέντω, f. ἥσω, veste exuo, furor: to  
strip, rob. Μη λωπιδέντησαι μη φθονεῖν τοῖς  
πλησίον Eccles. 565.

Λωπιδότης, οὐ, δ, qui viatores vel mortuos  
vestimentis exuit et spoliat: a pickpocket, foot-  
pad. Λωπιδότης παλεῖ ῥοπάλιν Av. 498. SYN.  
Κλοπεύς, κλέπτης, κλέψ.

Λῶπις. See Λῶπη.

Λωπύντα: "Ionic, same sense as λωπύντῃ,  
λωπύντῃ, accus. of λωπύνει M. 283, 'abound-  
ing in lotus.'" Donnegan, Gr. Lex.

Λωτίζω, lotum decerpo; eligo: to pluck the  
lotus; to gather, select. Aesch. Sup. 970. SYN.  
Δρέπω, ἀποδρέπω, καρπίζομαι.

Λωτίνος, η, ὄν, lotinus: of the lotus tree.  
Μεγά λωτίνον ἔργον Theoc. 24. 45.

Λῶτισμα, ἄνθος, τὸ, flos loti: a choice flower.  
Helen. 1609. SYN. Ἄνθος, ἄνθον.

Λωτός, οὐ, δ, lotus; fistula ex loto: the lotus  
tree; a pipe made of it. Φ. 351. Ep. Ερσής.  
P.N. see τ. 92—98.

Λωτοτρόφος, ὄν, lotum nutrien: abounding in  
the lotus. Λωτοτρόφον κατὰ λείμακά Phoen.  
1587.

Λωτοφάγοι, ὄν, Lotophagi: a nation in Libya.  
Γαῖης Λωτοφάγων v. 84.

Λωτοτρόφος. See Λωτοίεις.

Λωπάω, ἥσω, allevio; cesso: to alleviate,  
succour; to cease. P. V. 27. SYN. Ἀναπαύω,  
ἀναπνέω, λήγω.

Λωφίος, ἱα, ὄν, allevans, pinularis: alle-

viating, expiatory. Λωφίᾷ βέβαί ἐν' αὐτῷ  
Apoll. 2. 487. SYN. Λυτήριος.

## M.

Mā, prap. negandi fere per iusjurandum:  
no by . . . Οὐ μὰ γὰρ Ἀπόλλωνά A. 86.

Mā, vox Syracusana pro Μάτηρ. Vid.  
Eustath. E. p. 428. 52. et Stanleii adnot. ad  
Aesch. Sup. 897.: mother.

Μαγγάνεω, prastigis et incantationibus utor,  
manganizo: to use incantations. Καὶ μαγγά-  
νεύσαντα μολύνουσιν τὴ τοῖς Plut. 310. SYN.  
Φαρμάκεω, ἐπάω, φαρμάσσω.

Μαγδάλια, ἄς, ἡ, pulpa mollior ex pane, ad  
detergendas manus adhiberi solita: soft bread to  
rub the hands on when greasy, coarse bread.  
Ἀπὸ μαγδάλιῳ σιτούμενος τὸ σούτος ἐκράφειν  
Eq. 412.

Μαγειρικός, ἡ, ὄν, ad coquum pertinet, culi-  
narius: of a cook, culinary. Eq. 216. See  
Μαγειρία.

Μαγειρικός, more coquinario: cook-like. Eq.  
376. See below.

Μαγειρός, οὐ, δ, coquus: a cook. ΑΛΛ' εἰσὶ  
ὡς δ μαγειρός ἦδη τὰ τέμνα Ran. 517.

Μαγεύμα, ἄνθος, τὸ, veneficium, machina-  
mentum magicum: magic, sorcery, a love-  
poition. Eur. Sup. 1120. See Μάγος. SYN.  
Ἐπαιδία.

Μάγνης, ἡτός; Μάγνησος, Μάγνητικός, ἡ, ὄν;  
Μαγνήτης, ἰδός, Magnesius: Magnesian. Soph.  
El. 707. Theoc. 22. 79. Pers. 498. Eur.  
fr. Aeneas 5. 2. Μάγνητης, joined with λίθος,  
denotes the magnet, or loadstone. The ancients  
counted five kinds of magnets, differing in power,  
size, and colour—the Magnesians, the Boeotian,  
the Natolian, the Ethiopian, and the Alex-  
andrian.

Μάγος, οὐ, δ, magus: a magician, juggler.  
\*Τρεῖς μάγον τοῖοντες E. R. 387. SYN. Ἀγύρτης,  
φαρμάκευς, φαρμάκος, γῆης. Ep. Δελίδος.

Μάδω, mado; laevis et depilis sum: to be  
wet; to be bald-headed. \*Ῥιπαῖντῃ κυφὸν ἀλλίον  
βυσιν μάδωντῇ νωδὸν Plut. 266. SYN. Φάλακρος,  
ψεδνός εμῖ.

Μάδδα, Megarice pro Μᾶζα aut Μᾶζα, ης, ἡ,  
maza: a cake, coarse pudding. Αμβάτε ποττὴν  
μαδδῶν αἰ χ' εὐροῖτε πα Acharn. 732. Plut.  
192. SYN. Πλάκοις, ἄρτος, ψωμῖς.

Μᾶζα aut Μᾶζα. See Μάδδα.  
Μαζίσκη, ης, ἡ, parva maza: a little cake.  
Εγὼ δὲ μαζίσκας γέ διαμύμαζαμενας Eq. 1105.

Μαζός, et Dor. Μαδός, οὐ, δ, mamma,  
mamilla: the breast (properly the breast of a  
man; though it is sometimes used for μαστός,  
the breast of a woman). See Steph. Thes. in v.  
Μαζός. Στῆθος παρὰ μαζὸν Θ. 121. Theoc.  
3. 15. SYN. Κόλπος, μαστίδιον, τιτθός. Ep.  
Δελίδος, δεξιτέρους, λαδύκην, περπύς, φέρεισθός,  
κουροτρόφος, γλῆκός, ἀργῶν, εὐναῖος.

Μάθημα, ἄνθος, τὸ, disciplina: that which is  
learnt, instruction. Τέλλῃ μὲν μάθημα Hec.  
802. SYN. Ἐπιστήμη, διδασκία.

Μάθησις, ἥως, ἡ, "discentia, ipsa discendi  
actio," Steph. Thes.: the act of learning. \*Ὁν  
μάθησιν οὐκ ἔχει Eur. Sup. 925. SYN. Μάθημα,

ἐπιστήμη, παιδαγωγία, παιδεία, διδασκία, διδᾶχῃ,  
διδασκάλια.

Μάθητός, ὄν, discendus: that must be learnt.  
Vesp. 1262. See below.

Μάθητης, οὐ, δ, discipulus: a disciple. Τῷ  
τῶν μᾶθητῶν ἐμφέρης γένεσθαι Nub. 502.  
SYN. Ἀκροατής.

Μάθητιω, discere cupio: to desire to learn.  
Μάθητιω γὰρ ἀλλ' ἀνοργέ την ὄραν Nub. 183.  
See above.

Μαῖα, ας, ἡ, nutrix, obstetrix, mater: a nurse,  
midwife, mother. Alcest. 403. SYN. Τρόφος,  
τίθηρη, ἡ τρέφουσα, γράυς.

Μαῖα, ας, Μαῖα, ἁδός, ἡ, Maia: the mother  
of Mercury. \*Ὁν τέκε Μαῖα Hom. H. 17. 3.  
Helen. 243. Ep. Καλλιπιδίλως, αἰδία, πότνια,  
φίλη, Ἄτλαντος θυγάτηρ, Ἀτλαντίς, ἐρικυδής.

Μαῖανδρος, οὐ, δ, Maender: a river in Caria,  
remarkable for its windings. Μαῖανδρον τὸ ῥόδς  
B. 869.

Μαῖας. See Μαῖα.

Μαῖεω, Μαῖεῖν, obstetrix sum: to act the  
midwife to. Lysist. 696.

Μαῖμαλίδης, οὐ, δ, Mæmalo satus: Pisander,  
the son of Mæmalus. Μαῖμαλίδης ὅς παῖς  
Π. 194.

Μαῖωμαι, Μαῖομαι, valde cupio, gestio: to  
desire earnestly. N. 78. §. 356. SYN. Ἐπι-  
θυμέω, πῶθω, ἱμεῖρμαι, ὀρέγμαι, ἐλδῶμαι, μέ-  
ναινω, ὀρᾶμαι, οἰστῶμαι.

Μαινάλιος, α, ὄν, Mænalius: Mænalian, of  
Mænalus. Τῶν Μαινάλιων νᾶεν Call. 3. 224.

Μαινάλων, οὐ, τὸ, Mænalus: a mountain in  
Arcadia. Phoen. 1178. See above. Ep.  
Μεγὰ.

Μαινᾶς, ἁδός, Μαινᾶλις, ἰδός, ἡ, insaniens,  
furiosa: frenzied, frantic. Ζητῇ ξυνάψω Μαινᾶσι  
στράτηλάτων Bacch. 52. Aesch. Sup. 114.  
SYN. Παράφροος, παράφρων, ἄφρων, βάκχη,  
βακχεύουσα. P.N. see Bacch. 1050—1056.

Μαινῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, halec: a kind of fish, a cankeret.  
Μαινῆδος τὸ τριδάριον Ran. 985.

Μαινῶλις. See Μαινᾶς.

Μαῖνω, (2) Μαῖνδμαι, (1) in insaniam adigo:  
to drive mad; (2) insanio: to be mad. Ion  
522. Iph. A. 42. SYN. (2) Διαφθεῖρῶμαι, πα-  
ράφρονομ, βακχεύω, λυσάινω, δυσμενάινω, λυ-  
σῶμαι, παρᾶνδῶμαι.

Μαῖνδμαι. See Μαῖνω.

Μαῖρα, ας, ἡ, Mara. A. 325.  
Μαῖων, ὠνός, δ, Mæon: a Theban prince.  
Μαῖων Αἰμῶνιδης Δ. 394.

Μαιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Mæoticus: of the Mæotis.  
P. V. 756.

Μαιωρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Mæotis: a lake at the mouth  
of the Tanais or Don. P. V. 426. Ep. Πόλυ-  
πότῃς.

Μαιωτιστί, Mæotico more, lingua, vel sumptu:  
after the fashion, language, or expense of the  
inhabitants of Mæotis. \*Ἀχέτῳ Μαιωτιστί λαβὼν  
Theoc. 13. 55.

Μάκᾶρ, δ, μάκαρᾶ, ἡ, superl. μάκαρτατος;  
item Μάκαριος, α, ὄν; Μάκαριτης, οὐ, δ; Μάκαρις,  
ἰδός, ἡ, felix, beatus: happy, blessed, fortunate.  
Γέλως μάκαρσσι δέοιτο A. 559. Εὐναφὸν ἀρχὴν  
μάκαριν νυμφευμάτων Iph. A. 832. Bacch.  
1161. \*Ὁ Μάκαριτῆν ὡς δάματερ Plut. 555.  
Theoc. 2. 70. SYN. Ὀλβίος, εὐδαίμων, Ὀλβί-  
δαίμων, εὐπτόμος, εὐτυχής, ζηλωτής. — Μάκᾶρ is  
also a P. N. Ω. 54.

Μάκαριζω, felicem prædico; gratulor: to call

happy; to congratulate. E. R. 1195. See  
Μάκᾶρ. SYN. Εὐδαίμων(ζα), Ὀλβί(ζα).

Μάκαριος. See Μάκᾶρ.

Μάκαριστός, ἡ, ὄν, qui beatus vocatur: deemed  
happy. Τί γὰρ εὐδαίμων γ' ἡ μάκαριστόν Vesp.  
550.

Μάκαριτης, Μάκαριτης. See Μάκᾶρ, and Steph.  
Thes. in v.

Μάκαριος, "beate, feliciter, divino consilio,"  
Steph. Thes.: happily, providentially. 'Ὁς ευ-  
τυχεῖ' ὡς μάκαριος πέπραγατε Plut. 629.

Μάκενός, ἡ, ὄν, longus, procerus: long, tall.  
Φύλλα μάκενός αργείου η. 106. SYN. Δολιχός,  
ὕψηλός, ὑψιτέφης, αἰπύς, αἰπεινός, οὐρανόμηκης,  
ἐξυός, μακρός.

Μάκεδών, Μάκηδων, ὠνός, δ, Macedo: a Ma-  
cedonian. Μαγνητικὸν δὲ γαῖαν ἡδὲ Μάκεδόνων  
Pers. 498. Call. 4. 167.

Μάκελλᾶ, Μάκελη, ης, ἡ, ligo: a spade. Διὸς  
μάκελλῃ πᾶν ἀναστρέψει δικτῇ Av. 1240. Apoll.  
4. 1533. Μάκελλᾶ and Δίκελλᾶ are distinguished;  
the former being a spade, and the latter a shovel.  
See Blomf. Gloss. Agam. 509. SYN. Χαλκείη,  
χρυσέα.

Μάκηδων. See Μάκεδών.

Μακιστήρ, ἥρος, δ, prolixus: prolix, tedious.  
\*Ἦκουσά μακιστήρᾳ καρδίας λῶγον Aesch. Sup.  
475. Sed de hac voce dubitandum. SYN. see  
Μάκρος.

Μάκιστός, i. e. Μήκιστός, maximus: greatest.  
Μεῖζονά δαίμων τῶν μάκιστων E. T. 1301.

Μακδῶα, desipio: to be foolish. Eq. 396.

Μάκδς, Dorice pro Μήκδς.

Μάκραων, ὠνός, δ, ἡ, longævus: long-lived.  
E. C. 149. See Μάκρος. SYN. Μάκροβιός, ὀ-  
νρόβιος, δηρός, χρόνιος, ἀδανάτης.

Μάκραυχν, ἔνός, longum collum habens:  
long-necked. Phoen. 1190. See Μάκρος. SYN.  
\*Υψηλός, αἰπύς.

Μάκρηγρόν, prolix loquor: to be prolix or  
tedious. Hipp. 701. See Μάκρος. SYN. Λῶγον  
παρᾶνέω, πολλὰ λέγω.

Μάκρηγρία, ας, ἡ, sermonis prolixitas: tedi-  
ousness in speaking, prolixity. Pyth. 8. 40. See  
Μάκρος.

Μάκριας, ἁδός, ἡ, Macrias. Τοῖσι δὲ Μακριαδὲς  
σκῶπια Apoll. 1. 1112. See Schol. on l. 1024.

Μάκριεὺς, ἔδς, δ, e Macride, i. e. Eubœa natus:  
born at Macris, Eubœan. Apoll. 1. 1024.

Μάκρις, ἰδός, acc. ἰδᾶ ἐν, ἡ, Macris: (1) the  
nurse of Bacchus; (2) Eubœa and Chios were  
also so called. Μάκριδᾶ φιλάμην Apoll. 4. 990.

Ρηκ. (1) Κούρη Ἀριστοῦδᾳ μελῆτρῶνός.  
Μάκροβιός, ὄν, longævus: long-lived. Pers.  
267. See Μάκρος and Βιός. SYN. see Μά-  
κραων, μακρόβιος.

Μάκροπνοος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, longum spiritum ducens:  
long drawn. \*Ἐλκεῖς μακρόπνοον ῥῶαν Phoen.  
1561. See below.

Μάκρος, ἂ, ὄν, comp. μάσσων, superl. μήκιστός,  
η, ὄν, longus, largus, magnus; tall, long, distant,  
great, far. Τέθηγ' ὁ μέθος οὐ μᾶκρος μᾶκρῶν  
πέρῃ Orest. 749. Μακρᾶν, subaud. ἔδδν, signifies  
far off. Μακρᾶν, subaud. πέτραν, is the name of  
a cavern in the rock of the Acropolis. Ion 13.  
SYN. Μακιστήρ, μάκεδός, πόλῤς, αἰπύς, μέγας.

Μάκρος, ἔδς, τὸ, i. q. Μήκός, q. v. \*Ὁ Πόσειδον  
τοῦ μᾶκρους Av. 1131.

Μακρῶνές, ὄν, ὄν, Macrones: a Scythian na-  
tion, derived from Eubœa. Μακρῶνες μετὰ δ' αὖ  
Apoll. 2. 396.





Μάστιξ, γῆς, *Mástis, iūs, h*, flagellum, scutica: a lash, whip. Ἰμάσεν μάστιγι φαίνω Z. 316. o. 182. SYN. Μάσθη, μάραγμα, βάδων, πληγή. Ερ. Τρόμερά, κάθη, λίγυρά, δαία, δόδα, στίβαρα, διπλή.

Μαστίχων, mando, manduco: to chew. Πέρλ στύμα μαστίχωντι Hes. Scut. 389. SYN. Μάστωμαι, εσθίω.

Μαστόριδης, ου, δ, a Mastore natus: the son of Mastor. Μαστόριδης δ γάρ οὗς B. 158.

Μάστις. See Μάστιξ.

Μαστός. See Μαστός.

Μαστίω. See Μαστίγος.

Μαστροπός, οὐ, δ, h, leno, et lena: a pimp. Thesm. 558. SYN. Πρόγωγος.

Μάστωρ, ὄρος, δ, Mastor. O. 430.

Μασχάλη, ης, h, axilla, ala, armus; ramus: the arm-pit, a pinion, the arm; a twig. Ὁζων κῆκον τῶν μασχάλων Acharn. 817. SYN. Ἐπωμῖς, πτέρων, δάδς.

Μασχάλισ, obtrunco: to mangle. Εμασχάλισθη κάπῃ λουτροῖσιν κάρα Soph. El. 445. "Qui caedem aliquam patressent, μασχάλισεν τὸν φονεύοντα dicebantur, cum ei extremas praecipue partes corporis amputantes, easque connectentes sub axilla ferebant." Steph. Thes. See also the commentators on this passage. SYN. Κόλδδω, κατὰκόπτω, ἀκρωτηριάζω.

Μασχάλιστήρ, ἥρος, δ, lorum equorum supra armos, quo curui alligantur: the traces. Μασχάλιστήρας βάλε P. V. 71. SYN. Λεπαδών, δεσμός, ἰμάς.

Μάτῳ, vana cogito, desipio: to think or speak foolishly, to be foolish. Agam. 966. See Μάτῳ. SYN. Μωραῖνα, ἀλαῖνα, ἀπράῖνα, ἡλακάς, ἡλιθιότα.

Μάταιος, α, ὄν, ineptus, vanus: ineffectual, frivolous, foolish. Μηδὲν μάταιον ἐς τρίς Hipp. 46. SYN. Ἄλιος, κένος, μαψιδίος, ἡλιθίος, μωρός, ἀφρων.

Μάτῳ, ἥσω, vane tempus tero: to trifle away time. Μη τῷ μὲν δέισαντ' ἐμῇ σέτῳ E. 233. SYN. Ἀμείλω.

Μάτεω, Μαστεύω, quæro, vestigo: to seek, investigate. Ὁν κάμῃτευσεν πρόσθεν CE. R. 1052. Hes. fr. 31. 4. SYN. Ζητέω, ἐρευνῶ, ἐπιζητέω, ἱχνεύω, ψηλάφω, μαστεύω.

Μάτη, ης, h; Μάτια, ας, h, inanis deliberatio, stultitia: an idle deliberation or pursuit, folly. Καὶ πᾶν τοῦ σοῦ μάτας Choeph. 905. Ἡμέτερη μάτη κ. 79. SYN. Ἀβουλία, φανδότης, ἀμαρτία, ἀμάρτημα.

Μάτην, frustra, falso, temere: in vain, falsely, rashly. Εξόλισθανοι μάτην Phoen. 1398. SYN. Ἄλλως, αὐτως, μᾶψ, εὐκῇ, κένως.

Μάτηρ, Dor. pro Μήτηρ, q. v.

Μάτια. See Μάτη.

Ματτίδολιχός, οὐ, qui gestit comedere matyam: one who is eager after the dish matya, a glutton. This Matya was a dish of fowl and vegetables, and eaten cold with wine. Στρώφης ἀργαλέος ματτί λοχός Nub. 451.

Μάττω. See Μάστω.

Ματροκτόνός, Dor. pro Μητροκτόνός, q. v. Μαυρός, obscuro, extinguo: to render dark, blot out. Hes. Op. 323. SYN. Ἀμαυρός, ἀφανίζω, ἀπάλεω, ἀμαλδύνω, ἐξάλεω.

Μάχαρις, ἰδός, h, dimin. a v. seq. Ηνεσχόμην ἐκ παιδίου μάχαριδων Eq. 410. See below.

Μάχαρά, ας, h, culter, sica, gladius: a knife,

dagger, sword. Χείρεσσι μάχαιραν Γ. 271. SYN. Κόπης, εγγχειρίδιον, ξίφος, δρέπανη, δρέπανον. Ερ. Οξυστόμος, λάβρος, δηκτός, χρυσία, αμφίπληξ, ἱέρα, μάλαφρον.

Μάχαρῖποιός, ον, cultorum aut gladiatorum artifex: a knife or sword maker. Ὁ μάχαρῖποιός μήτ' E. 441.

Μάχαρῖφορος, ον, cultro vel gladio armatus: armed with knives or swords. Τὸ μάχαρῖφορον τ' ἐθνός ἐκ πάσης Pers. 56. SYN. Ξιφῖφορος, ξιφῖρης.

Μαχῶν, Dor. pro Μηχῶν, q. v.

Μαχῶν, ὄνος, δ, Machaon: the son of Æsculapius and brother of Podalirius. See o. 225—255. Παῖδων ἀριστευντά Μαχῶν Λ. 506. SYN. Ασκληπίου υἱός, ἥρος, δίδος, ἀντιθέως, ἱητήρ, κλῆτος.

Μάχη, ης, h, praelium: a fight. Καὶ μάχην κάλοιστάται Herc. F. 1159. SYN. Τσίμνη, δηϊότης, φύλοπς, κυδοιμός, ἀγών, ἐνότη, πόλεμος. Ερ. Δευνή, κρῆτερη, κυνῶνεια, μέγαλη, φοινῖς, ἀλκίμος, σχῆτλια, δριμεία, φθισίμερδός, ἀλίσταος, καρτίστη, ἀλέγειν, δακρύσεσθαι, καυστερῇ, πολυδακρύτος, ἀμέγαρτος, πικρά, στυγερῇ.

Μάχημων, ον, δ, h, Μάχμῶς, h, ὄν, pugna, pugna aptus: ready to or fit for fight, quarrelsome. Οὐδὲ μάχημων M. 247. Μάχημων γυναικῶν ἐνδόν Lysist. 454. SYN. Πόλεμικός, ἀρηῖς, ἀρηϊφίλος, μένετοδελμός.

Μάχητης, οὐ, δ, pugnator: a warrior. Τέλοισι μάχηται Θ. 102. SYN. Πόλεμότης, ἀσπιστής, ἀχιμητής, μάχμῶς. Ρηη. Μήστωρ φθόβῳ, πύλμῳ μάχης τ' εὐ εἰδός.

Μάχητος, h, ὄν, oppugnandus: assailable. Οὐδὲ μάχητον M. 119. SYN. Ἄλωτος, ἀμείατος, ἐπιδρόμος, ἀπαδιδός.

Μάχμῶς. See Μάχημων.

Μάχλος, h, ὄν, incontinentes, libidinosus: lustful, profligate, wanton. Μαχλὸς τὰ δὲ γυναικῆς Hes. Op. 584. Prima huj. vocis censetur esse communis, et jure, si æque ac μάχη oriatur (ut fas est) a μάω, μέμῳ. SYN. Ἀσελγής, ἄσωτος, μάργος, πορνός, ἀκράτης, ἀκόλαστος.

Μαχλόννη, ης, h, incontinentia, lascivia: profligacy, wantonness. Πόρ' μαχλόννην ἀλέγειν Ω. 30. SYN. Μαργόννη, ἀσελγεία, πορνεία, ὕβρις.

Μάχουμαι, pugno, praelior: to fight in battle. Πύργων πάροισι μάχουμένοι πάτρας ὑπὲρ Phoen. 1016. SYN. Ἀμιλλῶμαι, δηριάω, πολέμωμαι, μάραμαι, ἐρίω, δρόρσσω, πολέμω. Ρηη. See Tyrt. 2. v. 29—34.

Μάψ, Μαψιδίος, frustra, incassum: to no purpose, in vain. Μάψ αἴτως ευχέσασθαι T. 348. Μαψιδίος κέχλωσθαι η. 310. SYN. See Μάτην.

Μαψιδίος, α, ον, et ον, δ, h, inanis, vanus: idle, foolish, vain. Helen. 259. See Μαψιδίος in Μάψ.

SYN. Κένος, μάταιος, ἀφρων.

Μαψιδίος. See Μάψ.

Μαψιδάκας, vel, ut mavult Heyn, Μαψιδάκας, ον, δ, h, inaniter effutitus: foolishly uttered. Ἄπ' ἐκ μαψιδάκας Διὸς Κόρυθος Nem. 7. 155. answering to ὑπὸ ματροκτόκος γυναικῶς φῦρεσσαι. SYN. Ἀδελσός.

Μάω, inus.: pf. med. μέμῳ, particip. μέμῳς, ὠτος, et μέμῳς, ὄτος, vehementer cupio: to be very eager after. Ἀμφότεροι μέμῳσαν πλέμειν H. 4. Μάω περ μέμῳσα P. 181. SYN. Πρόθυμῶμαι, γλῆδῶμαι, σπεύδω, ἐπιθυμῶ, βούλωμαι, ἐφίμῶμαι, ζητέω, ἐκμῶμαι, εὐχῶμαι.

Μέγας, ου, δ, Megades: the son of Megas. Καὶ Πέρμων Μέγαν Π. 695.

Μέγαστρος, εὐς, δ, h, magna fiducia praeclatus: very confident, courageous. Ἐὰν μέγαστρος παῖδι Hes. Scut. 385. SYN. Θαρράλεις, εὐθυμῶς.

Μέγαθυμῶς, ου, δ, h, magnanimus: noble-minded. Τῶες δὲ μέγαθυμοὶ ἐπελ ἰδὼν E. 27. SYN. Μέγαλαυχός, μέγαλῃτωρ, ἀνδρείος, ἀγῆνωρ, γενναῖος.

Μεγαίρω, molestare fero; invidio: to be indignant; to grudge, envy. H. 408. SYN. Φθονέω, ζηλῶ, ἀγανακτέω.

Μεγάκτης, εὐς, δ, h, magnæ belluæ similis, ingens: huge, large. Μεγάκτης ἡνί Λ. 599. SYN. Μεγᾶς, ευμεγῆς.

Μεγάλαυχῶς, magnifice jacto: to be a braggart. Μέγαλαυχέτω ἐφ' ὀδῇ ἄγῳ Agam. 1506. SYN. Αυχέω, ἔπαυχῶ, σεμνύνεμαι, καυχῶμαι, ἀλαζυνέομαι.

Μεγάλαυχός, Μέγαλῃγρός, ου, δ, h; Μεγαυχῆς, εὐς, δ, h, magnifice jactans: loud-boasting. Ὡ μέγαλαυχοι καὶ φθρογῆνεῖς Sept. Th. 1057. 561. Nem. 11. 27. SYN. Ἀλάζων, ὑψηλῆγρός.

Μεγάληγρος, ας, h, grandiloquentia: boasting, haughty speaking, bombast. Phoen. 190. See above.

Μεγάληγρός. See Μέγαλαυχός.

Μεγαλνῆρια, ας, h, magnificencia: proud magnificencia. Nem. 11. 57. See Μέγαλαυχός. SYN. Ἀλαζυνεία, καύχησις.

Μεγάλημωρ, ὄρος, magnificus: magnificent. Pyth. 1. 99. See below. SYN. Ἰπέρφρωνος.

Μεγάλητωρ, ὄρος, cor generosum habens: noble-hearted. Μεγάλητόρος οργαῖ Isth. 5. 44. SYN. See Μέγαθυμῶς.

Μεγάλῳ, Μεγάλων, altum et celsum facio; med. jacto me: to make much of; midd., to assume consequence, to be proud. Μηδὲ μέγαλῳ θυμῷ K. 69. Bacch. 316. SYN. Μέγαλαυχέω, ἔπαυω, ἀλαζυνέω, αυχέμαι, ὑπέρβιος εἰμί.

Μεγαλόδωρος, ὄν, munificus: very liberal. Pax 392. See above. SYN. Δωτήρ, μέγαλῳπρῆψ.

Μεγαλοῖτος, ου, δ, h, infortunatissimus: most unfortunate. Ἐγὼ δὲ οἱ ἀ μέγαλοῖτος Theoc. 2. 72. SYN. Τρίσθαλλός, εχθροδαίμων, κύκροδαίμων, ἀθλιώτατος, πᾶνθαλλός.

Μεγαλόκευθος, εὐς, δ, h, multa latibula habens: having many recesses or hiding-places. Pyth. 2. 60. See Μέγαλαυχός.

Μεγαλόμητις, ἰός, magna medians: deep designing. Μέγαλομητις εἰ Agam. 1399., answering to τὶ κῆκον ὦ γύναι.

Μεγαλόπτερος, ου, δ, h, ingentibus saxis munitus: fortified with large stones. Lysist. 483. See above, and Πέτρος.

Μεγαλόπῳλις, εὐς, δ, h, magnitudine civitatis insignis: distinguishing by the grandeur of its city or state. Troad. 1282. See Μέγαλομητις.

Μεγαλόπρῆψ, εὐς, δ, h, splendidus, speciosus: magnificent. Καλλιστὸν ἔργον καὶ μέγαλῳπρῆψ-τάτον Av. 1125. SYN. Περίσμητος, ἀριδελκός, ἐκθλός, σεμνός.

Μεγαλοσθένης, Μέγασθενῆς, εὐς, δ, h, valdissimus: most powerful. Καλῶς Πόσειδῶν μέγαλοσθένῆς Hom. H. xl. 1. Nub. 566. SYN. Σθενάρως, ἐρισθένης, ισχυρός, ἀγῆνωρ, ὑπερμῆνης.

Μεγαλόσπλαγχνός, ου, δ, h, magnanimus;

iracundus: magnanimous; passionate. Μέγα. Ὀσπλάγχνος δυσκατάπαυστος Med. 108. SYN. Θερμῶσουλός, ὀργίλος, μέγαθυμῶς.

Μεγάλοστονός, ὄν, magno gemitu dignus: deservng loud lamentations. P. V. 420. See above. SYN. Αἰδῶθρηνός.

Μεγαλοσχήμων, ὄν, ὄνος, magnificens: magnificent. P. V. 415. See above. SYN. See Μέγαλοπρῆψ.

Μεγάλῳ. See Μέγαλῳ.

Μεγάλοφρων, ὄνος, magna sentiens: high-minded. Ἡσυχίας περὶ τῆς μεγάλῳφρονός Lysist. 1289. SYN. Μεγαθυμῶς, μέγαλαυχός, μέγαλῳτῳ.

Μεγαλόνόμος, η, ὄν, et ον, δ, h, præclari nominis: of high repute. Καὶ μέγαλόνόμων ἡμέτερον πᾶτερ' Nub. 569.

Μεγᾶλως, Μέγαλῳστί, valde, magnopere: greatly, much, violently. Ὥψι μάλα μέγᾶλως P. 723. Μέγαλῳστί τᾶνσοθῆς Σ. 26.

Μεγάνωρ, ὄρ, hominem tollens: making a man great. Μεγάνωρος ἐξῶδ' πλοῦτος Pind. Ol. 1. 4.

Μεγάπενθος, εὐς, δ, Megapenthes: a son of Menelaus. Κίε καὶ Μέγαπενθης o. 100. Ερ. Τηλυγέτος, κρᾶτερός.

Μεγᾶρα, ας, h, Megara. Καὶ Μεγᾶρην Κρείωντος Λ. 268.

Μεγᾶρᾶ, ὄν, genitiv. antiq. Μεγᾶρῶν, τὰ, Megara: a city in Greece. Ἰδὲ Μεγᾶρᾶ Μεγᾶρ' ὡς ἐπὶ τριφῶσ' αὐτὰ P. 246.

Μεγᾶρεὺς, εὐς, Ion. ἦος, Megareus; Megarensis: Megareus; also a native of Megara. Τοῦ πρὶν δαμόντος Μεγᾶρεως κλεινὸν λέχος Antiq. 1303. Pax 480.

Μεγᾶρίῳ, ἰῶ, Megarensem ago: to act the Megarian. Κλῶν Μεγᾶρίῳς οὐκ ἀφῆσιν τὸν σῶκον Acharn. 822.

Μεγᾶρικός, η, ὄν, Megaricus: of Megara. Θάρβει Μεγᾶρὶκ' ἀλλ' ἦς τὰ χροῖδι' ἀπέδον Acharn. 830. Exr. Πιθῆρος.

Μεγᾶρον, ου, τὸ, domus, ædes: a house, palace. Εὐ δ' ἦλθον μεγᾶροιο π. 343. SYN. Δόμος, δῶμα, οἶκος, μελᾶθρον. Ερ. Εὐστάθης, εὐπικτόν, σκιδόν, αἰθῶλόν, εὐαδῆς, εὐναῖετῶν, εὐτυκτόν, ὑψορόδον.

Μεγᾶς, μέγαλῳ, μέγᾳ; compar. μέλῳ; superl. μέγιςτος, magnus: great. Ὁ δὲ σοι μέγας ἐσέται ἥρος A. 239. Τρίπδος μέγαλοιο κ. 361. SYN. Αἰπὺς, ἀγαυός, ἀμέγαρτος, πέλῳριος, κητάδης, ἀπλετός, δεινός.

Μεγᾶσθενῆς. See Μέγαλοσθένης.

Μεγαυχῆς. See Μέγαλαυχός.

Μεγέθος, εὐς, τὸ, magnitudo, magnificencia: greatness, size, grandeur. Bacch. 269. SYN. Σεμνότης, ἀξίωμα, ὕψος.

Μεγῆράτος, ὄν, dilectissimus, pulcherrimus: most beloved or lovely. Ἐγὼντὸ μεγῆράτ' τέκνῳ Hes. Theog. 240. SYN. Πάληνράτος, ἐραστός, ἀγάπητος, χαρίεστάτος.

Μεγιστόπῳλις, εὐς, h, civitates maximas efficiens: rendering states very great. Pyth. 8. 2. See Μέγαλομητις.

Μεγιστός, η, ὄν, superl. of μέγας. B. 128.

Μεγιστόθυμῶς, ου, δ, h, plurimum honoratus: most esteemed. Æsch. Sup. 717. See Τιμή.

Μεδῶν, Μέδω, ἥσω, præsum, rego, curo, administro: to rule over, manage. Orest. 1707. a. 72. SYN. Ἀνάσσω, βασίλειω, ἀρχω, ἀμφιβέβηκα, μέδωμαι, φροντίζω.

Μεδῶν, ὠνός, h, Medeon: a town in Boeotia. B. 501.

Μέδιμος, ου, ὁ, medimnus: an Attic measure for corn, containing about a bushel and a half. Vesp. 716.

Μέδουσα, ης, ἡ, Medusa: the daughter of Phoreys. See Ovid. Metam. 4. 800. Pyth. 12. 28. Ερ. Βλοσυρά, αστέρεςσά, Γοργώ.

Μέδω. See Μεδέω.

Μέζα, ων, τὰ, pudenda. Ουράς δ' ὑπὸ μέζῃ εἶεντο Hes. Op. 510. SYN. Μήδεα.

Μεθαίρω, 2. a. μεθεῖλον, unde Ion. μεθέλεσκον, comprehendo, excipio: to catch, receive. ῥηιδίως μεθέλεσκε δ. 376. SYN. Μετάλαμβάνω, εκδέχμαι, αἰρέω.

Μεθ' ἄλλοι, insilio, irruo: to leap or spring amongst, fall upon. Ἡραξέ μετ' ἄλλοι M. 305. SYN. Εφάλλομαι, εφορμάω, ἐνάλλομαι.

Μεθαμείριος, Dor. pro Μεθμημέριος, q. v.

Μεθαμύζω, adapto de integro, mutuo in: to fit anew, alter into a new form. Alcest. 1176. SYN. Μετάφερω, μετέδδλω.

Μεθέλεσκε, Ion. a. of Μεθαίρω, q. v.

Μεθέτω, 2. a. εσθόν, sequor, quaero: to follow after. E. 329. SYN. Μετέρχμαι, ἐπειμύ, μετ' ἄδωκα, δώκω, ζητέω, ἐρευνάω, ἐπ' ἀκούσθω, μέθοω.

Μέθη, ης, Μέθοσις, εως, ἡ, ebrietas: drunkenness. Eur. El. 326. Theog. 836. T in Μέθοσις brevis est, ut in Μέθοσις. SYN. Κραιπάλη.

Μέθηκα, persequor, quaero: to come after, or in search of. Troad. 1261. SYN. Μετέρχμαι, μετ' ἐμύ.

Μέθηναι, adsideo: to sit near or amongst. a. 118. SYN. Συγκάθημαι, παράκαθημαι.

Μεθμερίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, diurnus: of a day, by day. Ion 1050. SYN. Εφημέριος, εφημερίος.

Μεθμωσύνη, ης, ἡ, incuria: carelessness. Τῇδε μεθμωσύνη N. 121. SYN. Ἀμελεία, ἀνεσις, ῥαθυμία.

Μέθηναι, ὄνδς, remissus: negligent. ζ. 25. SYN. Ἀμελής, ἀτμηλής.

Μέθηναι, ὄνδς, remitto: to let loose, consign. Ὁρὸν μεθείει διὰ χερῶν Βλάστημ' ἄνω Baech. 1060. Ἐκὼν μεθηνόι μάχεσθαι N. 234.

Μέθει, dimisit, potius ad μεθέω referendum est. SYN. Ἀφίμυ, ἀνίμυ, παρήμυ, εἰω, πρόλειπω, συγχωρέω, ἀποπέμω, ἀμείλω.

Μέθιστημύ, μεταστήσω, commuto; depello: to change; to drive off. Alcest. 176. SYN. Μετάφερω, ἀπαλλάττω.

Μεθμύλω, sum commilito, versor inter: to serve among, to be intimate with. Τοῖσιν ἐγὼ μεθμύλω A. 269. SYN. Ὀμιλέω, πρόσμυλῶ, συγγιγνύμαι, συντηγνύω.

Μεθωρμάω, contra tuo, adgredior: to rush on, assault. E. 325. SYN. Εφορμάω, ἐπ' ὀρούω, ἐπαῖσω.

Μεθωρμίζω, amoveo a statione navali, ejicio: to drive off from one's moorings, to expel. Baech. 919. SYN. Εκβάλλω.

Μέθυ, τὸ, indecl. vinum: wine. Οὐδ' εἶχον μέθυ λείψαι μ. 362. SYN. Οἶνός. Ερ. Ἡδὲ, γλυκὺ, γλυκέρων, πορφυρέων.

Μεθύδωτης, ου, ὁ, qui vinum dat: one who gives wine. Anaer. 7. 4. See above. SYN. Ουνόδογος.

Μεθωπόδεσμαι, calceos mutuo: to alter the shoes. Ἰνὰ δοματίων σώσαμ' μεθωπόδεσμαι Eccles. 540.

Μέθοσις. See Μέθη.

Μεθωσκόπτι ἀδός, ου, ὁ, qui cottabis ludit inter pocula: a drunken fellow playing at the Cotta-

bus. Νέαν' ἡ κλέπτοισι μεθωσκόπτι ἀδός Acharn. 524. See below.

Μεθωσός, ης, ὁ, ebrius: drunken. Θράσειά καὶ μεθωσὶς τίς ὕλακτεῖ κῶν Vesp. 1402. SYN. Ουνόδογος, παρῶνός, ὑπερπληθεῖς μέθης, βεβαρημένός οἶνον.

Μέθω, ebrius sum: to be drunken. Σίγα σίγα καὶ δὴ μεθών Cycl. 485. SYN. Κατάμεθω, ουνόδομαι, ουνόδορῶ.

Μεθωγέω, ad libram suspendo: to fasten to the beam of the balance, to weigh. Τί δέ μεθωγέησόν σ' ἡν τράχηδ' ἄν Ran. 810. See Ἄγω.

Μεῖδω, Μεῖδιω, subrideo: to smile. A. 596.

Μεῖδιων καὶ μῦθον Ψ. 786. SYN. Γέλω, γέλωδω, ἐπ' αὐτῶν.

Μεῖζω. See Μεγάζω.

Μέλας, in obliq. cass. See Μέλαις.

Μελεγμα, ἄτος, Μελεκτηρίον, Μελεκτηρόν, ου, τὸ, delinimentum: a soothing, a charm. κ. 217. Pers. 616. Apoll. 4. 712. SYN. Κλητήριον, δελκτηρίον.

Μελεκτηρίον. See above.

Μελεκτηρίος, ου, qui pacat: which pacifies. Pers. 616.

Μελεκτηρόν. See Μελεγμα.

Μελίνος, ης, ὁ, See Μελίνος.

Μελίων, ου, τὸ, munus quo aliquem delinimus; ludicia, delicia: a kind office; sport, delight. Μελίων ἀπλόος Call. 3. 230. SYN. Πρὸς, παρῶνός, μελεγμα.

Μελίσσω, ἔω, mulceo, placo, delinio: to treat kindly, appease, soothe. Helen. 1338.

SYN. Θέλω, πράνω, κηλέω, μάλασσω.

Μελίχια, ας, ἡ, lenitas, comitas: gentleness, courtesy. Εἰρ' οὖν μελίχην Apoll. 2. 1283.

SYN. Ἀνεσις, ἀγανόφροσύνη, ἡσυχία.

Μελίχιος, α, ὁ, ὅν; Μελίχιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suavis, comis, humanus: sweet, soft, courteous. Μῦθοισι πρόσμυθ' αὐτῶν μελίχιοις Z. 343. See also α. 373. SYN. Γλυκύθυμος, ἡδὺς, ἡδύατος, ἀγανός, γλυκὺς, ἡπῖος.

Μεῖρακιον, Μεῖρακιλλον, ου, τό; Μεῖρακισκη, ης, ἡ; Μεῖραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, adolescentulus: a stripling. Καὶ μὴν τὸ μεῖρακιον τὸδ' πρόσχερται Plut. 1038. Ran. 89. 411. Thesm. 417. SYN. Νεανίσκος, παῖς.

Μεῖραξ. See above.

Μεῖρω, ἔρω, p. p. μεῖραμαι, Attice εἰραμαι, divido, partior: to divide, bestow. 1. 612. SYN. Δαίω, μερίζωμαι, λαγχάνω, κληρόδομαι, δίδωμι, ἀπομείρομαι.

Μεῖς, Ἄολ. pro Μῆν, mensis, q. v.

Μεῖων, minor: less. See Μικρός. Alcest. 572.

Μελαγκέρως, ων, ὁ, ἡ, nigra habens cornua: black-horned. Μελαγκέρων λαβούσα Agam. 1096.

Μελαγκορύφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, subst., qui insignis est atro vertice: black-cap, avis quaedam. Av. 887.

See Κόρυφ.

Μελαγκρόκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nigra habens vela: having black sails, du-ky. Sept. Th. 856.

Μελαγαίτης, ου, nigricomus: black-haired, gloomy. Alce-t. 450. SYN. Κυανόχαιτης.

Μελαγχιμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, niger: black, mournful, dismal. Καὶ πέπλους μελαγχιμούς Eur. El. 513.

SYN. See Μέλαις.

Μελαγχιτών, ὠνός, nigra vestitus tunica, maestus: clad in a mourning cloak, sad. Ταῦτά μιν μελαγχιτών Pers. 119. SYN. Αμφιμέλας, δυσσώφρατος, πενθήρης, πένθιμος, μελαμπελός.

Μελαγχιτόν, πενθήρης, πένθιμος, μελαμπελός.

Μελαγχιτόν, πενθήρης, πένθιμος, μελαμπελός.

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Μελαγχιτόν, πενθήρης, πένθιμος, μελαμπελός.

melancholy: to be mad. Plut. 903. SYN. Μαίνωμαι, μαργαίνω.

Μελαγχιτός, ου, atra bile tinctus: steeped in black bile. Trach. 573.

Μελαγχροῖς, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ; Μελαγχρὸς, Μελανόχρως, ὠτός, qui est fusco colore: dark-hued. Ἀψ δέ μελαγχροῖς γένετο π. 175. Orest. 315. Μελανόχροῖς ἡ ἐρέβωθι N. 589. SYN. Μέλαις, μελαγχιμός.

Μελαθρόν, ου, τὸ, subst. tectum, domus: a roof, a house. Ἐλένην Ζητὸς μελαθροῖς πέλασσαν Orest. 1701. On the original meaning of this word see Damm. On Alc. 77. Monk remarks, that the penult of μελαθρόν is always short in anapaestic systems. SYN. Ὀρόφος, οἶκος, οἰκία, δόμος, δαμά, ἐστία, στέγη. Ερ. Αἰθ' ἄλδεν, πρηνές, ὑψηλόν, εὐπολόν, πρῶχον, ὑψιπέτες, ἀμφιπύλον, πάτρων, δοῦλειον, ὑπάρθρον, μάλ' ἔρον, πέτρων, νύχον, ἀνυφόν, αὐτῶ, αὐτῶν, εὐκτόν, εὐδμητόν.

Μελαῖον, ποῖτ. Μελάνω, Μελάνω, f. μελάνω, atrum reddo, et abso. pos. ater reddor: to blacken; to be black. E. 354. Μελάνει δέ τίς πόντος ὑπ' αὐτῆς H. 64. Apoll. 4. 1574. SYN. Κνέφας, σκότης.

Μελαμπελός, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, nigram profunditatem habens: deep dark. Σῆκον es μελαμπελὸν Phoen. 1024. SYN. Κνέφας, σκότης, σκότης.

Μελαμπελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nigros incolos habens: having negroes. Eur. fr. Archil. 2. 3. SYN. Μελαγχροῖς, μελαγχρός.

Μελαμπαγῆς, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, concretus et nigrescens: darkly curdling. Μελαμπαγῆς αἰμά Sept. Th. 734. answered by Ἀπύλωνος εὐτῆ.

Μελαμπελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, atras vestes habens: black-robed. Ὁ Σπαρτιάτης Τυνδάρως μελαμπελός Orest. 451. SYN. Μελαγχρῶν, μελάνειον, δυσσώφρατος, μελάνοστολός.

Μελαμπελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Melampus: the son of Amythaon. α. 225.

Μελαμπελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nigras nates habens: having black buttocks. Lysist. 803. See Πυγῆ. SYN. Ἀνδρείος, κράτος, λαοίος.

Μελαμπελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nigros calculos habens: having dark-coloured pebbles. Μελαμπελός ἄναυρος Call. 3. 101.

Μελαμπελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nigra folia habens: dark-leaved. Theoc. Ep. 1. 3.

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Μελαμπελός, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ



Eumen. 447. SYN. Μελέθημα, μελεδών, ἐπιμέλειά, ἀσκησις. EP. Οἰεῖα, πικύνη, κῆκη.

Μελέτωρ, ὄρος, ὅς, qui curam gerit alicujus rei: one who cares for or takes an interest in. Soph. El. 846. SYN. Μελέωνες, τίτης, τιμωρός.

Μελέω. See Μέλω.  
Μελεῶν. See Μελέθημα.  
Μελημά. See Μελέτη.

Μελησιμβρότης, οὐ, ὅς, qui in cura et fama hominum futurus est: which will engross the attention of men. Pyth. 4. 27.

Μελί, ἴδος, τὸ, mel: honey. Μελίτος γλυκίων ῥέν ανθή. A. 249. EP. Χλωρον, γλυκέρων, γλυκύ, κατὰλειθόμενον, εὐγλωσσόν, ἐράτεινον, κηρόδενον, ἀκέραιον. PNH. Γλυκεία μελίτιος ῥόα, ζουῶν πύρημα μέλισσαν, μέλισσαν νεκτάρ.

Μελία, ας, ἡ, (1) fraxinus: an ash-tree; (2) nymphe præsens hujus arboris: the nymph who was supposed to preside over it; (3) hasta fraxinea: an ashen spear. Ορεκτῆρις μελίσι B. 543. SYN. (3) Βέλως, ἀκόντιον, δόρυ. EP. (3) Εὐχαλκός, ἰσχυριώ, χαλκογλῶχιον, εὐχεστός, ἀνδρόφονος, δολιχόκτις.

Μελία, nymphe. See Μελία (2).  
Μελισσός, ας, ἡ, Melibœa: a city in Thessaly. Πάρεξθεν Μελισσίου Apoll. 1. 592.

Μελίγδοπος, οὐ, Μελίγρως, ὅς, Μελίγλωσσος, Μελίφθογγος, οὐ, ὅς, suaviter sonans, cantans, vel cantatus: sweetly sounding, singing or sung. Nem. 11. 23. Πρὶν γ' ἡμέων (dissyll.) μελίγρυν ἀπο στυμάτων ὅπ' ἀκούσαι μ. 187. Καί μ' οὐτέ μελιγλώσσοις πειθοῦς P. V. 179. Isthm. 6. 13. SYN. Ἡδύεπης, ἡδύμελης, ἡμέρωφονος, ἡδύπνοος, μελίπνοος.

Μελίγρως. See above.  
Μελίγλωσσος. See Μελίγδοπος.  
Μελίγρως. See Λιπάρ. Callim. Dian. 46. See above.

Μελίζω, in partes divido; cantu celeberrimo: to divide into parts; to celebrate in song. Nem. 11. 23. SYN. Αἰδω, ῥω, ανῶ, φορμίζω, ἔπαινω.

Μελίγρως, ὅς, ἡ, fraxinigena: ash-sprung. Μελίγρως ἀνθρώπων Apoll. 4. 1641. Μελίγρως, ὅς, ἡ, mellis suavitatem habens, valde suavis: sweet as honey, delicious. Ἐξαίον μελίγρως ἀλλ' ἀπ' αὐτοῦ M. 320. SYN. Μελίτρεως, ἡδιστός, γλυκίτατος, μελίχρως, μελίχρως, μελίφρων.

Μελίφρων, οὐ, τὸ, favus: honeycomb. Γλυκέρωτος ἡ μελίφρων Theoc. 20. 27. SYN. Κήρως, κήριον.

Μελίφρωνος, οὐ, ὅς, suaviter sonans: sweet-sounding. Pyth. 2. 46. See above.

Μελίκρατον, οὐ, τὸ, infusum ex melle et lacte, apud recentiores est, ex melle et aqua: an offering to the dead, composed of honey mixed with milk or water. Πρώτῃ μελίκρατφ μετέπειτα δὲ λ. 27.

Μελίκτης, οὐ, ὁ, cantor: a singer. Theoc. 4. 30. SYN. See Αἰδός.

Μελίος, Poet. vel Ion. Μελίος, ἡ, ὄν, fraxineus: ashen, of ash. Ἰζέ δ' ἐπὶ μελίνου οὐδοῦ p. 339. Καί μελίω δούρα N. 715.

Μελίπνοος, οὐ, γεν. οὐ, ὅς, suaviter spirans: sweetly breathing. Theoc. 1. 128. SYN. See Μελίγδοπος.

Μελίσω, Dor. pro Μελίζω, q. v.

Μελισμά, ἄνθος, τὸ, carmen: a song. Theoc. 20. 28. SYN. See Μελός.

Μελισσά, Μελισσά, ἡ, ἡ, api.: a bee. Μελισσά, Μελισσά, ἡ, ἡ, api.: a bee. Μελισσά, Μελισσά, ἡ, ἡ, api.: a bee.

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Μελόποιος, ὄν, musicus: who composes music. Ran. 1280. See above.

Μελός, ἔος, τὸ, (1) membrum, artus: a limb, a member; (2) carmen modulatum: a song. Iph. A. 1280. SYN. (1) Μελισμά, ἔπος, αἰδία, ἄσμα, μολεπή, μελωδία, (2) γυῖον, κῶλον. EP. (1) Ἀρμυαίων, δυσγενέων, κῶλον, βακχεῖον, φιλοῖον, δάιον, γαμήλιον, αἰδῶν, γλυκέρων, λιγυρῶν, μελίχρον, πάμφρονον, χῆριον, φωνήν, τερπνόν, καλλιχρόν, ἥδον, εὐδον, θεακτῆριον, ἱερῶν, προσφίλες, (2) γναμπτῶν, βοιάρων, ἐράτων, ἀκάματων, στίβαρων, τρῶμερον, δητῶν, ἀράτων.

Μελότῳ, ad mensuram cantus pedibus calcare: to beat time to the song. Μελότῳ, ὁμοῦ τ' ὁρβίοις εν νόμοις Agam. 1122. (Trimet. Dochm.) SYN. Μελόποιος, μελίω.

Μελόπῳ, οὐ, τὸ, tripudium cum cantu; ludicrum: music and dancing; a play-things. Z. 179.

Μελόπῳ, ἡς, ἡ, Melpomene: one of the Muses. See Note to Ἐράτω.

Μελῳ, Μελῳ, "cano cum saltatione et tripudiis." Damm.: to dance and sing. Troad. 409. 555. SYN. Αἰδω, μολεπάζω, ὑμνέω, μελίω, ἀναχρόν, κἀναχρόν.

Μελόριον, οὐ, τὸ, cantinella: a little song. Καλὰ πέλει τὰ μελωρία Bion. 5. 2.

Μελῳ, Μελῳ, f. ἡ, cura, curae; curam in-jicio; med. cura: to be an object of care; to cause care, attention, or anxiety; midd. to be anxious for. u. 20. SYN. Ἐπιμελεῖμαι, μελέτω, μελόμαι.

Μελόρως, modulator, carmine modulato laudo: to play harmoniously, to praise in set strains. Thesm. 99. SYN. Αἰδω, μελίω.

Μελόρως, ας, ἡ, ars suaviter canendi: skill in singing sweetly. Eis ἔριν μελωρίας Rhes. 920. SYN. See Μελός.

Μελόρως, οὐ, ὅς, canorus: harmonious. Iph. T. 1105. SYN. Μουσικός, μουσὸπλός, μελόποιος.

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*Mētrios*, moderate: moderately. Iph. A. 921. See above. SYN. *Αρκοῦτως*, *ικάνως*.

*Mētrōn*, *ov*, τὸ, mensura; modus: a measure; moderation. *Εν μέτρῳ μοχθητέον* Herc. F. 1242. *Ἦν γ' οὐτὲ μέτρον οὐτ' ἀριθμὸς ἐστὶ μοι* Troad. 622. SYN. *Μέτρον*, *τρήπις*, *νόμος*.

*Mētōn*, *anōs*, δ, Meton. Av. 1010.

*Mētōpōn*, *ov*, δ, Metopes: a river in Arcadia. Call. 1. 26.

*Mētōpiōn*, *ov*, τὸ, interstitium inter supercilia: the space between the eye-brows. *Μετώπιον οὐεῖ λαί* Π. 739.

*Mētōpōn*, *ov*, τὸ, frons: the forehead. Troad. 1188. *Ερ. Ξανθόν, ἀπάλον, λευκόν, στίβαρόν, καλλιπλοκάμυν*.

*Mēxri*, *Mēxris*, usque ad, quoad; as far as, until. *Ψάλλον γινέσθαι δεῖ σὲ μέχρι τοῦ μυρίνου* Eq. 964. *Ἀπελπει μέχρι δαλάσσης* N. 143. SYN. *Ἄχρι*, *ἔως*.

*Mh*, *ne*: lest, not. X. 38. On the various usages and government of *mh*, see Steph. Thes. tom. ii. p. 910. c. 6119. "*Ου* negat, *mh* vetat et prohibet."

*Mhōmē*, *Mhōmā*, *Mhōmā*, *Mhōmōs*, nequam: by no means. *Μηδόμου*, nusquam: no where. P. V. 52. Eumen. 426. *Mhōmē* (i. e. *Mhōmā*) *ἡμέρα* 603 Pers. 437. *Mhōmōs* *μ' ἐξεργάσθ* Hipp. 603. Phil. 256.

*Mhōē*, neque, nec: neither, nor. T. 22.

*Mhōēā*, *an*, τὰ, pudenda: the privities. Hes. Theog. 180. SYN. *Τὰ αἰδοῦα*, *ὄρχεις*, *μέζαι*.

*Mhōēā*, *as*, ἡ, Medea: Medea. *Μηδεία πύργους γῆς ἔπλεον* Ἰωλκίας Med. 7. *Ερ. Δέσποινα, ἀνασσα, κόρη Αἰθήρα, δύστηνος, ητιμασμένη, εὐσφύρος, ἰδὼν, παιδὸς ἐκείνου, μὴν, μέλεα πόνων, τλῆμων, μέγαδολπλαγχνός, Κολχίς, νόμῳ, σκυθρωπός, πᾶν ὧν, σφῆ, κῶν πολλῶν ἰδρὶς Αἰαίης*. Rhn. see Med. of Eurip. and Apoll. lib. 3. and 4.

*Mhōēus*, *ov*, δ, Medius. Theoc. Ep. 18. 2.

*Mhōēis*, *miā*, *en*, nemo, nullus: no one, none, no. *Μηδὲν εἶσθαι* Σ. 500. See *ēis*.

*Mhōēkw*, necdum: nor yet. P. V. 766.

*Mhōēkōs*, *Mhōēs*, *η*, *ov*, Medus: Medish, Persian. *Τοῖς Μηδικοῖς γράφουσιν* Ran. 938. Vesp. 1094. SYN. *Περσικός*, *Πέρσης*.

*Mhōēmai*, *hōmai*, prudenter consulto, comminiscor, statuo: to weigh maturely, contrive, determine. ω. 444. SYN. *Βουλευόμεναι*, *ἐπιμελεόμεναι*, *μελέτω*, *μηχανόμεναι*, *τεχνάζομαι*, *εκπράττω*, *εργάζομαι*.

*Mhōēs*, *ēds*, τὸ, cura, consilium; pl. pudenda. (Vid. sup. in v. *Mhōēā*). *care, deliberation, intention*. B. 340. SYN. *Μέλετῃ*, *μῦθος*, *βούλευσις*. *Ερ. Ἀφρίτων, κλύτων, πέπνυμένον, πύκνυν, πύκνυν, φίλυν, ἡπίον, πολυτρόπον*.

*Mhōēs*, *η*, *ov*. See *Mhōēkōs*.

*Mhōēs*, *āds*, *h*, quae balat: bleating. *Μηκάδς αἶγας* i. 124. SYN. *Βληχῆς*.

*Mhōēs*, *pf*, *μήμηκα*, *pf*, *m*, *μήμηκα*, *part*, *aor*, *mākw*, unde fit novum verbum Ionice, *μήμηκω*: balo, caprisso: to make a noise like a sheep or a goat. *Ἀρχὴς μέμηκαίαι* Δ. 435. *Θήλειαι δὲ μέμηκον* i. 439. SYN. *Βληχάδμαι*.

*Mhōētē*, non jam, non amplius: no longer. *Ἐκείσε μὲν μηκέτι βάδις* *ἄλλ' ἐνθάδε* Vesp. 765. SYN. *Μη* *πλεον*.

*Mhōēstēs*, *ēws*, δ, Mecisteus. Θ. 333.

*Mhōēstēiōs*, *ov*, δ, *cujus pater est Mecisteus*: the son of Mecisteus, sc. Euryalus. *Μηκιστηιάδης καὶ ἀπ' ὧν* Δ. 28.

*Mhōistēs*, superl., a *Mākrōs*, q. v. H. 155.

*Mhōēs*, *ēds*, τὸ, longitudo, proceritas, spatium: length, height, distance. Helen. 1267. SYN. *Μεγέθος*.

*Mhōkw*, *ōw*, *longum facio*, produco: to lengthen, prolong. Herc. F. 87. SYN. *Εκτείνω*, *αὐξάνω*.

*Mhōkw*, *anōs*, *h*, *papaver*: a poppy. Av. 160.

*Mhōlēa*, *as*, *h*, *malus*: an apple-tree. *Καὶ δέκα μηλέας* (sponde) ω. 339. SYN. *Μηλῖς*. *Ερ. Ἀγαδάκαρπος*.

*Mhōlēus*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *ovinus*: of sheep. Eur. El. 92.

*Mhōlēās*, *āds*, *h*, *Melia*: of Melus, an island in the Aegean Sea. *Μηλιάδων νυμφῶν* Philoct. 725.

*Mhōlēus*, *ēws*, δ, *et* *Mhōlēis*, *a*, *ōn*, *Melius*: of Melus. *Μηλιά τὴν κόλπον οὐ* Pers. 492. Av. 186.

*Mhōlēis*, *īds*, *h*, (1) *Maliaca*: of Malia, a district in Thessaly; (2) *malus*: an apple-tree. *Μηλιά παρ λίμαν* Trach. 637. SYN. (2) *Μηλέα*, *μηλόν*.

*Mhōlēōtēr*, *hōēs*, *Mhōlēōtēs*, *et* *Mhōlēōtēs*, *ov*, δ, *ovium pastor*, *opilio*: a shepherd. Σ. 529. *Æsch. Suppl.* 557. Cycl. 53. SYN. *Ποιμῶν*, *νόμης*, *βοτῆρ*, *μηλόνου*, *μηλόνου*, *μηλοσκόπος*.

*Mhōlēōdikōs*, *ōn*, *pecudes recipiens*: sheep-receiving. Pyth. 3. 47.

*Mhōlēōtēs*, *ov*, δ, *pecudes mactans*, *sacerdos*: a cattle-sacrificing, a priest. Iph. T. 1117. See *Θύτης*.

*Mhōlēōnthē*, *h*, *melolonthē*: a chaffer, golden-fly. Nub. 671.

*Mhōlōn*, *ov*, τὸ, (1) *malum*: an apple; (2) *ovis*, *pecus*: a sheep; (3) *mamma puellaris*: a girl's breast. B. 696. η. 120. Eccles. 903. SYN. (1) *ὀπάρα*, (2) *οἶς*, *πρόβατον*, *βέτον*, (3) *μαστός*. *Ερ. (1) Ἀγλαῶν, χρύσειον, πορφύρεον, (2) ἀργαυλόν, βαθύθριξ, δασύθριξ, εὐροπικόν, ἐπιδωμνόν, πῶν, ἰφίον*.

*Mhōlōnōmēs*, *et* *Mhōlōnōmēs*, *ov*, δ, *opilio*: a shepherd. Alcest. 589. Cycl. 654. SYN. see *Mhōlēōtēr*.

*Mhōlēōpārēs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *genas malis similes habens*: apple-cheeked, rosy-cheeked. *Χά μαλδπαρὴς Ἀγαῖα* Theoc. 26. 1.

*Mhōlēōkōs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *unde pecora conspici possunt*: possessing a view of sheep. *Κόρυφῇν μηλοσκόπων* Hom. Hym. 18. 19.

*Mhōlēōpārōs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *pomis constans*: planted with apple-trees. *Μηλοσπάρων ἀντίων* Hipp. 739.

*Mhōlēōpārēw*, *oves macto vel immolo*: to sacrifice sheep. *Μηλοσπαργεῖν τὴν βοῦδοις* *ἐπ' εσχάrais* Av. 1232.

*Mhōlēōtrōphōs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *oves nutries*: sheep-nourishing. *Ἐν ἀνδρ' ἀπάσης Αἰδίδος μηλοτρόφου* Pers. 769. SYN. *Μηλοδότης*.

*Mhōlēōfōnōs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *oves mactans*: sheep-slaughtering. Agam. 709. SYN. *Μηλοσπαργάν*.

*Mhōlēōtrōphōs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *pomifer*: apple-bearing. Herc. F. 396.

*Mhōlēōtrōphōs*, *poma gesto*: to bear or carry apples. Theoc. Ep. 2. 4.

*Mhōlēw*, *ōpōs*, *pomi maturi colorem habens*: like a ripe apple. η. 104.

*Mhōn*, *vero*, *tamen*, *certe*: but, yet, certainly. A. 302.

*Mhōn*, *hōēs*, *et* *Æol. Mels. mensis*: a month.

λ. 293. T. 117. SYN. (1) *Τελεσφόρος*, *πείρι-πλομένος*, *ποικιλός*, *κύκλιος*.

*Mhōnās*, *āds*, *et* *Mhōnē*, *h*, *h*, *luna*: the moon. *Ου λείσεται μνηάδος αἰγῶν* Rhies. 530. Av. 1115. SYN. *et* *Ερ* see *Σέληνη*.

*Mhōnē*. See above.

*Mhōniōw*. See *Mhōniōw*.

*Mhōniōs*, *ōs*, δ; *Mhōniō*, *āds*, *τό*; *Mhōnīs*, *īds*, *h*, *ira perdurans*: lasting anger, continued resentment. *Μηνιόμην μὲν ἀπορρίψαι* Π. 282. *Θέων μνημῖα γένωμαι* λ. 73. *Μηνὶν αἰεὶ δὲ* Δ. 1. SYN. *Οργή*, *θυμὸς*, *κότος*, *ἐχθρα*, *χῶ-λός*. *Ερ. Ουλομένους, χαλῆπος, ολός, βάρης, στήγερους*.

*Mhōniō*. See above.

*Mhōnīs*. See above.

*Mhōnīskōs*, *ov*, δ, *lunula*: a crescent. Av. 1114.

*Mhōniō*, *f. lōw*, *et* *Mhōniōw*, *succenseo*, *iram foveo*: to be deeply enraged. *Εἰ περ μάλᾳ μνητεῖ ἀγῶν* *αὐτῷ* p. 14. Apoll. 2. 247. The penult. of *μνηιό* in the present and imperf. tenses is always *short* in Homer, except in the arsis, B. 2, 769., as also in the Rhies. 590. It is *long* in the only place where it occurs in the surviving plays of Æschylus, sc. Eumen. 101. The word is found in the seven plays of Sophocles five times; but from its position, the quantity of its penult. cannot be determined. In all the poets the penult. of the future *μνησιό* is *long*. See Clark, II. E. 178. SYN. *Χολόδομαι*, *χολώμαι*, *ἀγανακτέω*, *δὴ οργῆς ἔχω*, *οργίζομαι*.

*Mhōnūtēr*, *hōēs*, *Mhōnūtēs*, *ov*, *Mhōnūtēr*, *ōēs*, *δ*, *index*, *delator*: an informer, discoverer. Eumen. 245. Mosch. 1. 3. *Μηνυτὴρὰ φοῖβον ἐκλεφε* *Επιγρ. Philippi* 39.

*Mhōnūtēr*, *ov*, τὸ, *præmium indicii*: a reward for discovery or information. *Οὐκ ἂν μνηνυτὸν ἀροίμην* Hom. H. Merc. 364.

*Mhōniōw*, *ōw*, *indicio*, *nuncio*, *defero*: to indicate, announce, discover. *Ἀλλὰ μοι μνηνυτέ* *Αχάων*. 206. The penult. of *μνηνύω* in pres. and imperf. is short, Hom. H. Merc. 264. Olymp. 6. 97. and Isthm. 8. 120. where it is followed by a long syllable. Though the word is frequently used by Euripides, we meet with no instance decisive of the quantity of its penult. The penult. is *long* in Soph. C. C. 1188.; it is scarcely necessary to add that the penult. of its future and aor. I. is always *long*. SYN. *Δηλώω*, *δείκ-νυμι*, *σημαίνω*, *ἀποφαινώ*, *ζητέω*, *κηρύσσω*, *εκφέρω*.

*Mhōnēs*, *an*, *oi*, *Mæones*: the ancient name of the Lydians. See Herod. Cl. 7. and Polymn. 74. *Οἱ καὶ Μῆνῶν* *ἡγόν* B. 866. SYN. *Λυδοί*.

*Mhōniō*, *as*, *h*, *Mæonia*: Mæonia or Lydia.

*Mhōniōn* *ἐπάτειν* Hom. H. Apoll. 179.

*Mhōnīs*, *īds*, *h*, *Mæonia*: a woman of Mæonia or Lydia. *Μηνίς ἡ Κλείρα* Δ. 142.

*Mhōnōtē*, nunquam: never. H. 343.

*Mhōnōw*, *nequi*, *ne forte*: where; lest perchance. Ξ. 130. F. 439.

*Mhōnōw*, *nequi*: not as yet. Antig. 1094.

*Mhōnōw*. See *Mhōnōw*.

*Mhōnōs*, *ov*, *h*, *funiculus tenuis*: a thread, fine string. Theoc. 928. SYN. *Δεσμὸς*, *σχονίον*, *βρόχος*, *ξινθεσμός*. *Ερ. Σπαρτός*, *εὐπλεκτός*.

*Mhōnōs*, *ov*, δ, *Meriones*: a Cretan general at the Trojan war. *Ἀμφὶ τὴν Μήνιον* I. 83. *Ερ. Δαίφρων*, *υἱὸς* *Μόλου*, *ἥρω*, *ἀγακλῆτος*, *ἀτάλαντος* *Ἀρτί* *et* *Εὐνάλι*, *Δεράπων* *et* *ὀπάων* *Ιδομένης*, *πέπνυμένους*.

*Mhōrōn*, *ov*, *τό*; *Mhōrōs*, *ōs*, δ, pl. *Mhōrōi*, *oi*; *Mhōrā*, *tā*, *fenur*: the thigh. Πολλὰ δὲ μῆρι' ἐκῆ γ. 273. *Λόφον αμφὶ τὴν μῆριν* K. 573. *Αὐτὰρ ἐπεὶ κατὰ μῆρ' ἐκάθ* B. 427. *Ερ. Εὐφρέες*, *ἀρίσ-τερόν*, *πᾶν*, *κάλον*, *μεγά*, *γυμνόν*, *πῶν*, *ἀπάλων*, *κεχάρισμένον*, *δᾶλέρων*, *βόδδεν*.

*Mhōrōw*, *conglomeratio*, *circumvolvo*: to wind round, twist, furl. *Ἀρμειὰ μῆροντον κατὰ χρεῶς* Apoll. 4. 889. SYN. *Συμπλέκω*, *εμπλέκω*, *ἀνυέγω*.

*Mhōstōw*, *arōs*, *δ*, *prudens cogitando et agendo*: an adviser, a counsellor. N. 93. Also, *Μήστωρ*, *arōs*, *δ*, a proper name, Mestor. Ω. 257. SYN. *Εὐ* *ειδώς*, *δεδάμημένος*, *ἐπιστήμων*, *μητιέτης*, *δάτμων*.

*Mhōtē*, neque, nec: neither, nor. Phœn. 498.

*Mhōtēr*, Dor. *Μάτηρ*, *tērōs* *et* *trōs*, *et* *gen. antiq.* *μητρώθεν*, *h*, *mater*: a mother. Z. 429. Hec. 71. SYN. *Τέκοῦσα*, *τόκας*, *μάμη*, *τρώφης*. *Ερ. Φίλη*, *γῆραιά*, *ἀνδρῶν*, *καλλιτοξός*, *μελαινά*, *μελωδός*, *ύγρὰ*, *φιλότητος*, *ἀδωνάτη*, *δυσάμμορος*, *ηπίδαρος*, *κινύρη*, *πρωτότοκος*, *ἀμύμων*, *κέννη*, *ηἰκόμος*, *πινύτη*, *ἀμήτωρ*, *χαρίεσσα*, *παλλάκις*, *βάρβαρος*, *αἰδοῦ*.

*Mhōtiōw*, *et* *Mhōtiōw*, *et* *pass.*, *consulto*, *coquito*, *molior*: to consult, to determine. X. 174. Δ. *ἡ* *τότ' ἐμπίδωντ' ὁ* M. 17. SYN. *Βουλευόμεναι*, *μη-τίζομαι*, *μηχανάζομαι*.

*Mhōtiētēs*, *ov*, δ, *consiliarius*, *consultor*: a counsellor. *Μητίετα* *Ζεῦ* A. 508. SYN. *Βου-λεντής*, *ἀγορητής*, *συνετός*, *περίφρων*, *φρονίμος*.

*Mhōtiōmai*, *isōmai*, *consilia ago*: to devise. *Μητισομαί* *ἐχθεῖ* *λυγρὰ* F. 416. The antepenult. of the fut. and aor. is always *long*. SYN. see *Mhōtiōmai*.

*Mhōtiōis*, *ēssā*, *ēn*, *consilii plenus*, *artificiosus* *factus*: wise, skillfully made. *Φαρμάκᾳ μῆτιν* *εἶνα* δ. 227. SYN. *Ποικιλός*, *πολύμητις*.

*Mhōtiōw*. See *Mhōtiōw*.

*Mhōtis*, *īds* *et* *īds*, *h*, *prudens consilium*, *machinatio*: prudence, contrivance, wise plan. *Μῆτιν* *ἀμείνω* I. 423. SYN. *Βουλή*, *συνεσις*, *γνώμη*, *μηχός*, *ἐπινοία*. *Ερ. Ἀμύμων*, *ἀρίστη*, *ἐπίφρων*, *παρτοία*, *ἀμείνων*, *λεπτή*, *δολία*, *ἀγανή*, *πινύτη*, *ἐπὶρρόδος*, *ορθή*, *τάχιδουλος*.

*Mhōtrādelphōs*, *ōs*, δ, *matris frater*: a mother's brother, maternal uncle. Pyth. 8. 49. See *Ἀδελφός*.

*Mhōtrāloias*, *Mhōtrōkōnōs*, *Mhōtrōfōnōs*, *Mhō-τρōfōnōs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *matricida*: a matricide. *Τὸν μητράλοιν* *δ' ἐξεκλεψᾶς* *ὠν* *Διὸς* Eumen. 153. 102. 257. Orest. 473.

*Mhōtrīdēs*, *a*, *ōn*, *semen in se habens*: which produces seed. *Καὶ μητρίδιον ἀκάθῳφῶν* Lysist. 549. See Brunck.

*Mhōtrōdōkōs*, *ov*, δ, *h*, *a matre exceptus*: re-ceived by a mother. Nem. 7. 124.

*Mhōtrōkōsiginētēs*, *h*, *h*, *matris germana*, *mat-tertera*: a mother's sister, aunt. Eumen. 965. See *Κασιγνήτη*. SYN. *Μητράδελφός*.

*Mhōtrōkōnōw*, *matricida* *sum*: to kill a mother. *Μητροκτονούντᾳ κατὰ* Orest. 488.

*Mhōtrōkōnōs*. See *Mhōtrāloias*. *Μητροκτόνος* and *μητροφόνος* in this sense are paroxylon. *Μη-τροκτόνος* and *μητροφόνος* with a pas-sive signi-fication are proparoxylon.

*Mhōtrōpātōw*, *ōrōs*, *δ*, *matris pater*, *avunculus* *maternus*: mother's father, maternal grandfather. *Μητροπάτωρ* *ὅς* *τίκτε* Δ. 224.

*Mhōtrōpōlis*, *ēws*, *h*, *metropolis*: the mother or parent city. Antig. 1122. See *Πολίς*.







Μονότεκνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unam tantum habens prolem: having only one child. Herc. F. 1015. See Τέκνον.

Μονότραπεζος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, solus cibum capiens: eating by oneself. OI δ' ἐσχυν αὐδ' ἐξενία μόνω-  
τράπεζα μοι Iph. T. 950.

Μονότροπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unius modi, simplex; simple, lonely. Βότρηά τ' ἀμφὶ μόνωτροπον νέανιαν Androm. 281.

Μονόφαγος, ὄν, avidus cibi, qui solus comedit: gluttonous, who eats alone. Vesp. 923. SYN. Μόνωσιτός.

Μονόφρουρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui solus custodit: the only watch or guardian. Agam. 248.

Μονόφρων, ὄνός, sui iudicii: thinking independently. Agam. 732.

Μονόχρῳλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, solam vel solidam habens ungulam: having one or a solid hoof, not cloven. Iph. A. 226. SYN. Μώνυς.

Μονόφυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unius suffragii: independent. Aesch. Sup. 378.

Μόνω, et Ion. Μουνώ, solum relinquo, destituo: to leave destitute. Herc. F. 1380. Π. 117. SYN. Ἀπαλείτω, μέθηναι.

Μονόφων, ἦσα, solus canto aut lugeo: to sing alone, bemoan alone. Pax 1012. SYN. Ὀρηνέω, ὁδύρομαι.

Μονωδία, ας, ἡ, monodia: a monody, a poetical soliloquy. Ran. 944.

Μόνωψ, et poet. Μουνώψ, ὠψος, unoculus: one-eyed. Cycl. 641. P. V. 829. SYN. Μονό-  
γληνός, μόνωδερκτος, τυφλάς.

Μόρια, ας, ἡ, olea sacra: an olive-tree. Τῶς ταῖς μύριας ἀνδρόρξει Nub. 992.

Μόριμος, Μόρισμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fatalis, letalis: destined, fatal, deadly. Μόριμον δὲ οἱ ἐστ' ἀλ-  
ασθαι T. 302. Ζῆν πάρεος τὸ μόριμον Alcest. 960. SYN. Αἰσιμός, αἰσῖος, πέπρωμένος, θνητός, εἰμαρμένος.

Μόριον, ου, τὸ, pars, particula: a part, a share. Μεγ' ἀναλώσας ψυχῆς μόριον Androm. 539. SYN. See Μέρος.

Μόριος, α, ὄν, Morius: Morian. Λέσσει νιν Μόριον Διός E. C. 705. See Schol. in l. c.

Μορμολύκειον, ου, τό; Μορμολύκη, ἡ, larva tragica, terribilentum: a bugbear, tragic mask. Τρέφουσι μορμολύκειά τοῖς μοιχοῖς κίνας Thesm. 417. SYN. Μορμώ, Μορμών, φάσμα.

Μορμολύττωμαι, Μορμολύττωμαι, terrefacio, proprie larvis: to frighten, properly with masks. Ταυτὶ λέγουσά μορμολύττωσθαι δοκεῖν Av. 1251. Call. 3. 70. SYN. Εκπλήσσω, εκφόβω.

Μορμωρῶς, ὄν, terrificus: terrific. Ran. 925.

Μορμύρα, murmur ut fluvius cum strepitu fluens: to make a noise like a river, to roar. Ἀπὸρροβὶ μορμύραν Av. 4. 287. SYN. Βρέ-  
μω, ἀναεῖω, πλημύρω.

Μορμύσσωμαι. See Μορμολύττωμαι.

Μορμώ, ὄν, Μορμών, ὄνός, ἡ, mormo, larva: a bugbear, goblin. Theoc. 15. 40. Pax 473. SYN. Μορμολύκειον.

Μόρδεις, εσσα, ἔν, (1) letalis: deadly; (2) curiose elaboratus: beautifully wrought. See Damm. Τρίγλωνα μάρδεντ' ἄχρις δ' ἀπέλαμπεντὸ πολλή E. 183.

Μόρδος, ου, ὁ, portio, fatum, exitium: a portion, fate, destiny, death. Heracl. 564. SYN. Μοῖρᾶ, τύχη, πῶνός, φθόρᾶ, θανάτος. Ep. Θανάσιμος, ἀποτῆμος, θανάσιμος, ἀθλιός, κῆκος, αἰνός, δίστηνός, ἀπληγῆς, δεινός, πικρός, κάρανιστής, ἀπροσδοκῆ-

τός, τᾶχός, αφηνιδός, σπῶνός, λῆγρός, κλῆτός, δολαίος, ἀλγινός, δυσκλήτος.

Μόρμιος, ἡ, ὄν. See Μόριμος.  
Μόρσιμος, ου, ὁ, Morsimus. Ἡ Μορσίμου τις ῥῆσιν Ran. 151.

Μόρσαν, ὄνός, ὁ, Morson. Theoc. 5. 140.

Μόρως, ὄνός, ὁ, Morys: a noble Phrygian. Μηριότης δὲ Μόρων τέ E. 514.

Μόρωςσα, ἔξω, inquit: to defile. v. 435. SYN. Μάινω, ῥύπαιω, μόλυνω.

Μόρυχος, ου, ὁ, Morychus. Γενναῖον ὤσπερ Μόρυχος αἰτίαν ἔχω Vesp. 506.

Μορφῇ, ἡς, ἡ, forma, delineatio: form, beauty, sketch. Hec. 1248. SYN. Εἶδος, τύπος, σχῆμα, πρόσονός, ὦρα. Ep. Εὐνός, ἀγρία, ἰδία, πόλυπλός, βρότεια, ευκλής, ἀθανάτος, πολυδαδάλος, εἰλικώδης, κρόκοππλος, ἄβηθ, θεία, ἐπὶράτος, γέρραρ, δεσπεσία, ὑπερόπλος, χῆριεσσά, ἄμορδος, χάλειψ.

Μορφῆεις, εσσα, ἔν, formosus: beautiful. Isthm. 7. 30. SYN. See Εὐειδής.

Μορφός, οὐ, ὁ, niger, tenebrosus: black, gloomy. Hes. Scut. 134. SYN. Ὀφρύς, σκότει-  
νός, φόνιός, μέλας.

Μορφομά, ἄτρός, τὸ, forma, species: form, shape. Eur. fr. Antiop. 35. 2. SYN. Μορφῇ, εἰκῶν, τύπος.

Μορφότρια, ας, ἡ, formatrix: a female trans-  
former. Ἡ σὺν μορφότρια Troad. 439.

Μόρσιν, ὄνός, ὁ, propugnaculum ligneum: a strong wooden tower. Μόρσιννας καὶ δ' αὐτοὶ ἐπ' αὐτοῖς Apoll. 2. 383. SYN. Πύργος, ἐπαλξίς, ἐξιδινόν δώμα.

Μοσσύνκοι, ὄν, οἱ, Mossynœci: a nation near the Euxine sea. Τῇ δ' ἐπὶ Μοσσύνκοι Apoll. 2. 379.

Μοσχιδιον, ου, τὸ, germen novellum: a young shoot. Εἰτὰ παρὰ τὸνδ' ἐνὶ μοσχιδίᾳ συκιδίων Acharn. 996. SYN. Κλάδος, ἔρνος, λῆγος.

Μοσχιδόν, See Μόσχος.

Μόσχως, α, ὄν, vitulinus, tener: of a calf or heifer, tender. Eur. El. 811.

Μόσχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Μοσχῶν, ου, τὸ, vitulus, germen, pullus: a calf, tender shoot, young of any animal. Iph. A. 1622. Theoc. 4. 44. SYN. Δαμάλη, δαμάλις, πορτίς. Ep. Τέτρασκελῆς, ευ-  
γνήης, νέος, οὐρεῖός, τέρην, οὐρεῖορρεπτός, στεῖρος, ἀκίρᾶτος, ἀμνητός, νέωδλῆς, ἀπᾶλός, εἰαίνος, ὀδελῶν.

Μούλιος, ου, ὁ, Mulus. Μούλιός ἦρας σ. 422.

Μουνάξ, solum, singulariter: by oneself, sepa-  
rately. S. 372. SYN. Ἰθίως.

Μουνόγενεῖς, Μουνόγενής. See Μονόγενής.

Μουνόγληνός. See Μονόγληνός.

Μοῦνός. See Μόνος.

Μουντόκος, Ion. pro Μόντοκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unam prolem edens: bearing only one child. Call. 2. 53. Μουνός. See Μόνος.

Μουνύχια, ας, ἡ, Munychia: a name of Diana, who had a temple at Munychia, one of the Athe-  
nian harbours. Πόντιᾶ Μουνύχη Call. 3. 259.

Μουνύχιον, ὄνός, ὁ, Munychion: the tenth month in the Athenian year, including part of March and of April. Es τὸν Μουνύχιον Av. 1047. See above.

Μοῦνυχός, ου, ὁ, Munychus: a hero of Athens, from whom the harbour Munychia was named. Hipp. 758.

Μουνώψ, ὠψος, Ion. pro Μόνωψ, unoculus: one-eyed. P. V. 829. SYN. Μονόγληνός.

Μοῦσός, ἡς, ἡ, mus, cantus, carmen, cantatrix:

a muse, song, poetry, a songstress. Μοῦσά πό-  
λυτροπὸν α. 1. SYN. Αἰοδῆ. Ep. (plur.) Κασ-  
τάλιδες, Πιερῖδες, Ἑλικωνιάδες, Πιμπληιάδες, πό-  
νιας, καλλίνικοι, οὐράνιοι, οὐράνιες, αἰπνοί, ἡδυ-  
θροῖοι, ἀμειρόσσιοι, βουκολικά, φίλαυλοι, ἀγναί,  
ἐλικωνιάδες, φίλοπαλγμονές, εὐστέφανοι, πρῶφρονές,  
λίγυφονοι, ἡδυνδοί, μελίσχιοι, ἰοστέφανοι, λί-  
γυαί. P. H. Ὀλύμπια δώματ' ἔχοντα, Δίος αι-  
γιδόχαι θυγατέρες, ὑπόφρητορες αἰοδῆς, ἀμειβό-  
μενοι ὅτι καλῇ. See Ἐράτω.

Μουσάος, ου, ὁ, Musæus. Rhes. 942.

Μουσεῖον, ου, τὸ, locus musis sacer: a place  
sacred to the Muses. Helen. 1107.

Μουσείος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Μουσικός, ἡ, ὄν, musicus:  
musical, harmonious. Bacch. 404. Hipp. 993.

Μουσικός, εσσα, τερπνός.

Μουσιόμαι, cano: to sing. Cycl. 486. SYN. Ἀνμείλω, ἴδω.

Μουσική, subaud. τέχνη, artes ingenue: the  
liberal arts, as music, eloquence, &c. Μουσικὴν  
ἐπιστάμαι Eq. 188.

Μουσικός. See Μουσείος.

Μουσόγνης, εὐός, ὁ, ἡ, Musa genitus: born of  
a Muse. Anacr. 185.

Μουσόμαντις, εὐός, ὁ, ἡ, musicus augur: an  
harmonious prophet. Av. 277. See Μάντις.

Μουσόμητρος, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, musarum mater: mother  
of the Muses, the harmonious producer. P. V. 470. See Blomfield's note on the proper form of  
this word. Gloss. P. V. 90.

Μουσόπατωρ, i. q. Μουσόγνης. Anacr. 185.

Μουσόποιεω, carmina compono, carmine ce-  
lebro: to compose songs, celebrate in verses.

Ὅτι ταῦτα μουσδοποιοῖσι (paromice) Nub. 334. SYN. Παφώδεις, μελόποιεω, μελωδέω.

Μουσόποιος, Μουσόπλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui carmina  
facit, musicus: song-making, a poet. Αἶε δὲ  
μουσδοποιός εἰς σέ παρθένον Hipp. 1426. Phœn.  
1514. SYN. Μελόποιος, κωδῖς, ποιητής.

Μουσόπλος. See above.

Μουσῶν, musis exorno, artibus humanioribus  
instruo: to instruct in the liberal arts, to teach.

Lysist. 1127. SYN. Παίδεω, διδάσκω, ασκῶ.

Μοχθέω, Μοχθίζω, cum difficultate et gemitu  
laboro, laboro: to labour with fatigue, to suffer.

Helen. 1445. B. 723. SYN. Πόνεω, μόγω,  
τάλαιπαρῶ.

Μόχθημά, ἄτρός, τό; Μόχθος, ου, ὁ, ærumna,  
labor: toil, trouble, exertion. Ion. 1129. Helen.  
1445. SYN. Κόπος, κάματος, πόνος, αἰκία, ἀνία,  
ἀτασθάλια, ἀδικία, ὑβρίς. Ep. Βράχῳ, μέγᾳ, ἀμύ-  
χανόν, ἀργαλέον, στυγερόν, οἰζυρόν, σπῶνός,  
ἀθλίον.

Μοχθηρός, ὁ, ὄν, ærumnosus, miser, improbus:  
troublesome, wretched, wicked. Eur. fr. Melan.  
25. 1. SYN. Βάρος, ἀθλιός, φαυλός, κῆκος, πό-  
νηρος, οἰζυρός, ἀδικός, ἐκίπνός.

Μοχθητός, ὄν, laborandus: must labour.

Here. F. 1242.

Μοχθίζω. See Μοχθέω.

Μόχθος, ου, ὁ. See Μόχθημά.

Μόχλευτής, οὐ, ὁ, qui vectibus aliquid sub-  
novet, motor, auctor: a mover, an inventor.

Nub. 1397. See below.

Μόχλειω, Μόχλειω, Μόχλω, vectibus mo-  
rior; collabefacio, emoveo vi: to move with  
a bar, to shake. Πέτρον μόχλειν ἡ 's μύ-  
λωνά κατάσκαλιν Cycl. 240. M. 259. Schæf.  
in Steph. Valpian. citat Μόχλω ex Aristoph. F.  
255. SYN. Ἀνάμωχλειω, κινῶ, ἀποθραύω.

Μόχλος, οὐ, ὁ, vectis, obex: a bar, bolt. An-

drom. 943. See above. SYN. Ὀχέος, ἐπίβλης,  
βλήτρων, βαλῆς. Ep. Ἐλαιός, οἷς, πυρήκης,  
χλωρός, πέφυρμένός αἰμάτι, καυστός, ἀσπιδρός,  
ἐλαιός, ἀρήκτος.

Μόψος, ου, ὁ, Mopsus: a distinguished prophet  
among the Argonauts. Apoll. 1. 1106. P. H. see Pyth. 4.

Μῶα, labia contraho, vel oculos claudio: to  
close the lips or shut the eyes. Αἴται τί μοι  
μῶατ' ἐκάνανέβετε Lysist. 126. Illic tamen locus  
quantitatem haud determinat. Mu fortasse est  
communis, ut in Mōw. SYN. Μυκτέριζω, νυ-  
τάζω, σκαρδάμντω.

Μυδών, ὄνός, ὁ, Mygdon. Rhes. 535.

Μυδαίνω, ἄνῳ, stillo, madesco: to drop,  
moisten. Φόρμακᾶ μυδαίνω Apoll. 3. 1246. SYN.  
Βρέχω, νυτίζω, κατὰσχημα.

Μυδαλέος, α, ὄν, avidus, madidus, humiditate  
putridus: moist, putrid from wet. Διὰ μυδαλέος  
δάκρυσι κόλπους Pers. 545. SYN. Ἰγρός, δια-  
ερόχος, κότερός.

Μυδῶν, ἦσα, mado, nimio madore vitior: to  
be wet, to become putrid from humidity. Φόνου  
μυδῶσας σταγόνας ἀλλ' ὁμοῦ μέλας E. R. 1278.

SYN. Βρέχωμαι, διαερέχωμαι, δαίνωμαι, σήπωμαι,  
λείω.

Μυδροκτῖπεω, massam ardentem cudo: to  
form red-hot iron. Ἡμένος μυδροκτῖπεῖ P. V. 374. See Μῖδρος. SYN. Χαλκεῖω, τεκταίνωμαι.

Μυδροκτῖπος, ου, ὁ, faber ferrarius: a worker  
in iron, a smith. Herc. F. 987. See above. SYN.  
Χαλκεύς, χαλκόκροτός.

Μυδρός, ου, ὁ, candens massa ferrea, globus  
ignitus: a bar of red-hot iron. Ἡμεν δ' εἶτομαι  
καὶ μυδρους αἶρην χερσίν Antig. 264.

Μυδών, ὄνός, ὁ, Mydon. Θερσίλοχόν τέ Μύ-  
δωνά τέ E. 209.

Μυέδεις, εσσα, ἔν, medullus: full of marrow.  
Καὶ οὐτὲ μυέδεις α. 293.

Μυέλις, οὐ, ὁ, medulla; subsidium: the  
marrow; the support. Καὶ ἀλφίτᾳ μυέλιον ἀνδρῶν  
β. 290. Ὅ τ' ἐγὼ νέαρὸς μὲν ἐλὼς στέρνον Agam. 75. It is short also in Soph. Gr. 781. Eur.  
Hipp. 255.

Μύεω, in sacris initio vel instituo: to teach  
mysteries, initiate. Δεῖ γὰρ μυσθῆναι μέ πρην τέλ-  
ηκεῖναι Pax 376. SYN. Διδάσκω, κατάρχωμαι,  
τέλω.

Μύζω, musso, mussito: to mutter. Μῦ μὴ τί  
μύζει πάντᾳ Thesm. 231. SYN. Σπένδω, βρεν-  
θῶμαι, γογγύζω, θρηνηῶ.

Μυθεῖν, ου, ὁ, qui vectibus aliquid sub-  
novet, motor, auctor: a mover, an inventor.

Nub. 1397. See below.

Μυχέω, fabulosa narro, memoro: to tell a  
tale, to mention. Πρὸς θεῶν (monosyll.) ἀληθῶς  
ὡς μὲμύενται βροτοῖς Ion 968.

Μυθίζω. See Μυθεῖν.

Μυθολογέω. See Μυθεῖν.

Μυθός, ου, ὁ, verbum, sermo, fabula, consilium:  
a word, fable, fiction, counsel. Ἄπλοος ὁ μῦθος  
τῆς ἀληθείας Ep. Phœn. 479. SYN. Λόγος, ἐπὶς,  
ῥῆμα, βάσις, βουλή. Ep. Μᾶκρος, σάφης, κάλ-  
υστός, κοινός, ισχύων μέγᾳ, σφριγῶν, βράχυν,  
κίρως, ἀπιστός, νέος, καυότροπος, εὐμένης, πτηνός,  
βράδυν, λεπτός, ψευδής, νέχυμος, σύντομος, φθ-  
ερός, ευπρόσθητος, ἀκίρως, ἀγᾶνός, μελίσχιος,  
πικίνος, κερδᾶλός, χαλᾶτος, ἀλῖος, ἀγᾶθος, ἥπιος,

δυμαλγής, κράτερς, δνειδεὶς, πέπνυμένους, ἀπὸ μαν, ἀπτερός, ἐτήτυμος, ὕγις, ὑπερφιάλδος, κῆκος, στυγέρος, κλῶπιος, δεδαδαλμένους, ἀντίπαλός, αἰ- μῶνός, ἐναϊσμός, ἥδους, ποικιλός, πύρρεις, σόφρος, οὐρανός, κερδάλειος, εσθλός, ἀγῆνωρ, ἄμοιβαῖος, ἄλυτος.

Μυῖα, ας, ἡ, musca: a fly. Μυῖαν δ' ἡδεῖ Δ. 131.

Μυκάλη, ης, ἡ, Mycale: a mountain and city in Caria. Μαϊάνδρου τὴν ῥόδα Μυκάλης τ' αἰπεινὰ κάρηνα B. 869.

Μυκάλησος, ου, ἡ, Mycalessus: a city in Boeotia. Ευρύχρον Μυκάλησσαν B. 498.

Μυκάμαι, ἡσδμαι, 2. a. ἐμύκον, mugio: to bellow, to ring. ΑΛΛ' ἀδινὸν μυκάμενα κ. 413. SYN. Βρόχῳμαι, ηχέω, βδῶ.

Μυκθμός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, Μυκθμῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, mugitus bourn: the lowing of oxen, roaring. Μυκθμῶ δ' ἀπὸ κόπρου Σ. 575. Baech. 680. SYN. Βῆθ, κελᾶδος, αὐδῆ, φωνή. ΕΡ. Βάρυθρόμος, ὠφέρε- μέτης.

Μυκθμῶ. See above.

Μυκῆνα, ἄν, αἰ, ἡ, Μυκῆνη, ης, ἡ, Mycenae: a celebrated city in Argolis. Phoen. 617. Ευρύ- ἀγνυῖα Μυκῆνη Δ. 52. ΕΡ. Κύκλωπαι, πόλυ- χροισι, ευρύχροναι, ἐκτίκτιον πεδλιεθρὸν. Μυκῆνη is also the name of an ancient heroine, B. 120.

Μυκηνάος, α, ὄν, ἡ, Μυκηνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Myce- naeus, -aea: of Mycenae. Iph. A. 1498. Orest. 1476. See above.

Μυκῆνη. See Μυκῆνη.

Μύκης, ητδός, ἡ, vel ου, δ, mucus, fungus; fungus ellychnii: a mushroom; a candle-snuff. \*H λύχνοιο μύκητες Arat. 976.

Μυκόνος, ου, ἡ, Myconus: an island in the Aegean Sea. Ακταὶ δὲ Μυκόνου δῆλοιό τε χοι- ράδες Troad. 89.

Μυκτηρ, ἡρδός, ὄν, δ, naris; nasus; ludibrium: a nostril; a nose; raillery. Pax 158. SYN. Πῖν, βνῖον.

Μυκτηρκομπός, ὄν, per nares sonitum edens: proudly snorting. Sept. Th. 460.

Μύλας, ἄκος, δ, lapis molaris, vel ingens: a mill-stone, large stone. Βαλλόμενα μύλακοςσι M. 161.

Μύλη, ης, ἡ, mola: a mill, a mill-stone.

Πρὸς ταῦτα μύλην ἀγᾶθην ὦρα Vesp. 648.

Μύληφάτος, ου, δ, ἡ, mola comminutus: ground. Μετὰ μύληφάτου β. 355.

Μυλῶ, dentibus frendeo: to gnash with the teeth. Λυγρὸν μυλῶντες Hes. Op. 528. SYN. Τρίζω, μυλλᾶνω.

Μύλλω, molo, in obscuro sensu; mutio: to grind; to mutter. Theoc. 4. 58.

Μυλδεῖς, ἔος, δ, ἡ, molae instar: like a millstone, weighty. Βάλλων μυλδεῖς πέτρων H. 270.

Μυλῶν, ὠνός, δ, mola; pistrinum: a mill; a punishment for slaves, as the tread-mill. Πέ- τρους μύχλειεν ἡ τ' μύλῳ κατὰβᾶλιν Cycl. 240.

Μυνδῶς, ὄν, Myndius: of Myndus, a city of Caria. Μυνδῶς ἀντικὰ Δέλφω Theoc. 2. 29.

Μύνη, ης, ἡ, excusatio, praetextus: an excuse. ΑΛΛ' ἀγέ μὴ μύνησι παρέλκετ' φ. 111. SYN. Πρόφασις, πρόσχημα, πρόσλημα, λάβη.

Μύνης, ητδός, δ, Mynes: the husband of Briseis. Πόλεω Δειοῖο Μύνητος T. 296.

Μύξῃ, ης, ἡ, mucus: mucus in the nose. Hes. Scut. 267. SYN. Κόρυζα.

Μυοκτῶνός, ου, δ, ἡ, mures occidens: mouse-

killing. Τὸ μυοκτῶνός δδὲ τρῶπιον Batrach. 158.

Μύραινα, ης, ἡ, murena: a lamprey. Ταρτη- σία μύραινα τὸ νέφρὸν δὲ σου Ran. 475. ΕΡ. Οιστρώμῆνης.

Μυριάδαρχός. See Μυρινόταρχος.

Μυριάκις, decies millies, sæpissime: ten thou- sand times. Καὶ δωδεκάκις καὶ μυριάκις τοῦ τοῦ Plut. 852.

Μυριάφορός, ὄν, decies mille amphoras tenens: holding ten thousand amphorae. Πῶθεν ἂν λά- βουμι βῆμα μυριάφορον Pax. 520. See below.

Μυριάς, ἄδός, ἡ, myrias: ten thousand, a myriad. Δυὸ μυριάδες τῶν δημοτικῶν Vesp. 709.

Μυριετής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, valde annosus: very long. Διάκναιόμενος τὸν μυριετῆ Π. V. 94.

Μυρίζω, ἴσω, et Μύρδω, ὥσω, unguentum imbui: to perfume. Οὐδέ μύρσιν μύριζα στακτοῖς Plut. 529. Eccles. 1109. SYN. Ἀλέφω.

Μυρίκη, ης, ἡ, myrica, genista: a tamarisk. Θῆκεν ἂν μύρικην K. 466. Καὶ ἰεῖα ἡδὲ μύρικαι φ. 350. The penult. of Myrica, though long in Theocritus, 1. 13. and 5. 101., and in other writers of later times, is only once long in Homer, and four times short, K. 466, 467, φ. 18. and Hymn. 3. 8. The antepenult. of its deriva- tive Μυρίκινός is long.

Μυρίκινός, η, ὄν, myricinus: of a tamarisk. Ὁξὺ ἐνὶ βλαφθέντ' ἐμυρίκιν' ἀγκυλὸν ἔρμα Z. 39.

Μυρίλλα, ης, ἡ, Myrilla. Ῥῶδεν ἐν κόραις Μυρίλλα Anacr. 61. 14.

Μυρινά, ης, ἡ, Myrinna. See Damm. in P. R. et Schol. Apoll. Rh. 1. 604. Πόλυσκαρβ- μοῖο Μυρινῆς B. 814.

Μυρίοκαρπός, ου, δ, ἡ, innumeros habens fruc- tus: very productive. Φυλλᾶδ' ἀμυρίοκαρπὸν (E. C. 676).

Μυρίοκρανός, ου, δ, ἡ, innumera capita ha- bens: many-headed. Herc. F. 418. Κρα longa utin κράνιν.

Μυρινόταρχος, Μυριάδαρχος, ου, δ, qui decem millibus praeficitur: a commander of ten thou- sand. Χρυσέως Μάταλλος μυρινόταρχος δᾶνων Pers. 319. 988. and Blomfield's note.

Μυριόπληθής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, innumerus: innumera- ble. Ἐνδὸν δ' μυριόπληθής Iph. A. 571.

Μυρίος, α, ὄν, et (2) Μυρίοι, αἰ, ἄ, (1) innum- erus: innumerable; (2) decem mille: ten thousand. Εἰ φευξέμεσθ' ἐν' ἀνδρῶ μύριον δ' ὄχλον Cycl. 199. See below. SYN. Ἀνῆρῖμος, μυριόπληθής, ἀπερίττος, ἀπλῆτος.

Μυριοστός, ἡ, ὄν, decies millesimus: the ten thousandth. Μά τὸν Δι' ου τὴν μυριοστὴν μοῖραν ὄν Thesm. 555.

Μυριότοχος, ἔος, δ, ἡ, innumeri armatis in- structus: furnished with ten thousand armed men. Χιλιόναυτα μυριότοχους Iph. T. 141.

Μυρίαπός, οὐ, δ, innumeros oculos habens: having ten thousand eyes. P. V. 585. See above.

Μυρμηξ, ητδός, δ, formica: an ant. Apoll. 4. 1453. ΕΡ. Εργᾶτης, αἰ μργῶν.

Μυρμιδόνες, ἄν, οἱ, Myrmidones: the inhabit- ants of Phthia. See Damm. in P. R. et Villoi- son. Anecd. Gr. p. 297. Μυρμιδόνεςσιν ἄνασσε A. 180. ΕΡ. Εγχεσίμωροι, μεγάλητόρες, κράτην καὶ θυμὸν ἔχοντες, φιλοπολέμοι, ταχύνωκοι, ἐρίρηες ἑταίροι.

Μύρον, ου, Μύρωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, unguentum: ointment, essence. Καὶ μύρων ἐπιστάτας Orest.

1111. Eccles. 1109. SYN. Ἄλειφω. ΕΡ. Κηῶν, εὐαδῆς, εὐσδμῶν.

Μύροπωλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, unguentorum venditrix: a female perfume-seller. Κρατῆρ' ἀντικρατῆρ' αἰ μύροπώλῖδες Eccles. 836.

Μύροχριστός, ὄν, unguentis perunctus: be- smeared with ointment. Cycl. 498. O com- munis, ut a in ἀχρεῖος.

Μύρδω. See Μύρζω.

Μύρβιν, et apud Tragicos (Vid. R. P. ad Hec. v. 8.) Μυρίνη, ης, ἡ; Μύρτος, ου, ἡ, myrtus: myrtle, the myrtle-tree. Κάνουν δ' ἐχοντές καὶ χύτραν καὶ μύρβιναν Av. 43. Alcest. 775. Call. 3. 201. SYN. Τερεῖνα, ἱέρα, ἀπάλη.

Μύρβινός, Μύρσινός, η, ὄν, myrteus: of the myrtle. Ψαλὸν γένεσθαι δεῖ σὲ μέχρι τοῦ μύρ- βίνου Eq. 964. Call. 3. 202. Μύρσινός, ἡ, is also the name of a strong town of the Eleans, B. 616.

Μυρβινών, ὠνός, δ, myrtetum: a myrtle-grove. Καὶ μυρβινώνας καὶ διᾶσους ευδαίμονας Ran. 156.

Μυρίνη. See Μυρβιν.

Μυρίνιδής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, myrto similis: myrtle- like. Καὶ μυρίνιδεῖσας ὄρους Hom. Merc. 81. Μύρσινός. See Μύρβιν.

Μυρίτιλος, ου, δ, Myrtillus. Δᾶ τὸ Μυρίτιλου πέσμη' ἐκ δίφρου Orest. 1565. (A double doch- miac.)

Μύρτον, ου, τὸ, bacca myrti: the myrtle- berry. Av. 160. ΕΡ. Ηρίων, παρθένιον, λευ- κότροφον.

Μύρτος. See Μυρβιν.

Μύρω, fluo largiter et cum aliquo strepitu; stillo; flo, ploro: to flow copiously, and with a rilling noise; to drop; to weep. Γδωσά τέ μύρμηνι τε Z. 373. SYN. Κλάω, θρηγέω, λείβω, βρέχεται, βέω, ὀδύρομαι, κινύρομαι.

Μύρωμα. See Μύρβιν.

Μύς, μύδος, δ, mus: a mouse. Ὀκκ' ἐσθλῆγτ' ὡς ἄρωραῖοι μύες Acharn. 762. ΕΡ. Δελῖος, δελῖος, ἐνὸπλιος, παμφάγος, διᾶλῆτος.

Μύσαγμα, ἄτος, Μύσος, ἔος, τὸ, scelus, piaculum, facinus detestandum: a pollution, a crime. Aesch. Sup. 1002. Ουκέτ' ἂν φύγοι μύσος Androm. 335. Μυ in μύσαγμα, ut in μύσας- τῶμα. SYN. Βδελυγμός, μῖασμα, φθόνος, αἰμά.

ΕΡ. Μιαιφθόνος, βδελύρον, τεκνοκτόνους.

Μύσᾶρος, ἄ, ὄν, squalidus, detestandus: filthy, detestable. Βαμὼν ἀπερίγει μύσᾶρον ὡς ἡγου- μένη Iph. T. 384. SYN. Μιᾶρος, ἀπόπτυστος.

Μύσαςτῶμα, ἔξομα, polluo, aversor, abhorreo: to be polluted, to feel a disgust, to abhor. Παλ- δων μύσαρχεῖσ' εἰσόδους πύσας δὲ σός Med. 1146.

SYN. Μιαινόμεαι, βδελύττωμαι, ἀποπέμπεμαι, δυσ- χεραῖνα.

Μύσιος, (2) Μυσός, ἡ, ὄν, Mysus: Mysian. Τὸ πλῆθ' οὖν περὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν τὸ Μύσιον Acharn. 438. 429. ΕΡ. (2) plur. Ἀγέρωχοι, ἀγχεμάχοι, καρτέρουμοι, ἀγανόλ, ἀκοντιστῆρες.

Μύσος, ἔος, τὸ. See Μύσαγμα.

Μυσός, ἡ, ὄν. See Μύσιος.

Μυσόπλεω, velut mus oberro: to run about like a mouse. Vesp. 140.

Μύσταξ, ἄκος, δ, labrum superius; barbula labri superioris: the upper lip; the mustachios. Theoc. 14. 4. SYN. Γένειον.

Μυστήριον, ου, τὸ, arcanum, initiatio sacra: a mystery, initiation into the sacred rites. Νῆ τὸν Δι' ἔγωγ' ὄν ὁδὸς ἄγων μυστήρια Ran. 159.

SYN. Ἀπόρητον, ὀργία. ΕΡ. Σεμνόν, ἀπιστόν. Μυστηρικός, Μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, arcanus secretus,

mysticus: mystic, secret. X' ἡσέτ' ἐφ' αὐτὸν χοῖριον μυστηρικών Acharn. 747. Ran. 316.

Μύστης, ου, δ; Μύστις, ἰδός, ἡ, (1) initiatus: the initiated; (2) i. q. Μυστάγωγος: one who initiates. Herc. F. 612. Anacr. 18. 12. SYN. Ἱερεὺς, ἀρητήρ.

Μυστικός. See Μυστηρικός.

Μυστιλῶμαι, haurio pane excavato: to draw with bread scooped out. Μυστιλᾶται τῶν δη- μωσίων. Eq. 824. See Brunck. Aristoph. Plut. 627. SYN. Κατὰτράγω.

Μυστίλη, ης, ἡ, panis excavatus: bread scooped out, Eq. 1165. See above.

Μυστίς. See Μύστης.

Μυστοδόκος, ου, δ, ἡ, sacra arcana vel inau- guratos continens: containing mysteries, or those who are initiated. Nub. 303.

Μυστωπεῖω, moretum intritum facio: to pound to a pap. Vesp. 63.

Μυστωπός, οὐ, δ, intritum ex caseo, alio, et ovis: stuffing made of cheese, garlic, and eggs. Equit. 771.

Μύχᾶτος, intimus, abstrusus: inmost, lowest. Helen. 189. Μυ brevis, ut in Μύχως. SYN. Ενδομύχως, ἐφέστιος.

Μυχῖσμός, οὐ, δ, suspirium, gemitus: a deep groan. Rhos. 785. SYN. Στέναγμα, στέναγμός, στήνῃ, στήνός, ομωγή, δαδὸν γή.

Μύχιος, interior: inward. Μυ brevis, ut in Μύχως. Apoll. 2. 744.

Μύχοιτᾶτος, η, ὄν, maxime interior: inner- most, farthest. Ἰζὲ μύχοιτᾶτος αἰεὶ φ. 146. SYN. Μύχᾶτος, μύχῖος, ἐνδοτᾶτος.

Μύχως, οὐ, genitiv. antiq. μύχῳθεν, δ, pene- trale, recessus: the innermost recess, a sanc- tuary. Ελθὼν πάλαιος χοιράδος κοῖλον μύχῳ Androm. 1254. SYN. Κεθμῶν. ΕΡ. Μεσῶμ- φᾶλός, ἐρεμνός, σκιδῖος, ἀνῆλῖος, ὀκρύδης, σκι- ἐρός, ταρτᾶρεῖος.

Μῶω, ὡω, claudio, comprimo, proprie oculos vel labia: to shut the eyes or lips. Ου γὰρ πω μῶσαν ὁσσε Δ. 637. The penult. of μῶω is generally long in the pres. fut. and aor., in the perf. always long, as ὦ. 420.; with the Attics short, as is also the aorist in Hom. in the above passage.

SYN. Καμῶω, σκαρδαμῶω.

Μῶων, ὠνός, δ, musculus in corpore: a nerve, muscle. Δρύλ' ἀπὸ μῶωνων Π. 324.

Μῶωψ, ὠπός, δ, myops, cestrus, asilus: a gad- fly. Ὁν τὴ μῶωπᾶ βδων κλειούσι νόμης Apoll. 3. 277. SYN. Οἰστρός. ΕΡ. Ἀδμφάγος, αὐδῶς, οξυστόμῶς, κέραστis.

Μῶλός, ου, δ, praelium, pugna: a fight, battle. B. 401. SYN. Μάχη, διώτης, φύλδης, πόνος, μῆδός, δούρεδός. ΕΡ. Ἀσχετός, στόνδης, αἰμά- τδης, λευγάλεός, δεινός, ἀγρίος.

Μῶλύ, ὠός, τὸ, moly: a bulbous plant. Μῶλύ δὲ μιν κἀλειούσι Δείλ. κ. 305.

Μωμάμαι, Μωμέω, vitupero: to disparage, scorn. Av. 171. ζ. 274. SYN. Ψέγω, μέμφομαι, λοιδορέω, πρόσηλαίζω, κᾶκηνόρεω, ἐγκάλεω, ἐπι- σκάπτω.

Μωμέω. See Μωμάμαι.

Μωμητός, η, ὄν, vituperandus: to be blamed, contemptible. Sept. Th. 504. SYN. Μεμπτός, κατὰμεμπτός.

Μώμος, ου, δ, vituperum, probum: dispa- ragement, reproach, censure. β. 86. SYN. Ψόγος, δνειδός, φθόνος, λοιδορία.

Μῶν, num? an forte? whether? Hec. 670.

Μῶνῃ, ὠχός, Μῶνῆχος, ου, δ, ἡ, solidus ha-

bens ungulas : firm-hoofed. Τέτραδάμυσι μό-  
νυχά πάλιν Phoen. 804. Iph. A. 450. SYN.  
Μόνυχυλος.

Μόνυχος. See above.

Μουραίνω, stulte ago, stultus sum : to act fool-  
ishly. Androm. 572. SYN. Ηαίναω.

Μουρία, as, η, stultitia : folly. Μηδ' εξόμωρη  
μουρίαν την σην μοι Bacch. 340. SYN. Τὸ  
μῶρον, ενήθεια, ἀνοία, ἀμαρτία, νηπία, νηπία.

Μῶρος, α, ὄν, insipidus : fatuus : insipid ;  
foolish. Troad. 95. SYN. Ηαλιθίος, ἀνθηρός,  
μάταιος, ἄφρων.

## N.

Nal, adverbium affirmantis vel concedentis :  
yes by—, truly. Nub. 784. On the use of this  
particle, see Hoogveen, Doctr. Partic. Ling. Gr.  
cap. 31. p. 787.

Ναῖς, et Ion. Νηῖς, ἄδς, et Naïs, Ion. Νηῖς,  
ἰδς, η, P. N. Nais : a Naiad, a heathen deity,  
supposed to preside over streams. Ναίει μέλαθρὰ  
Ναῖδων νυμφῶν μετὰ Cycl. 429. Νηῖδες κά-  
λονται ν. 104. Νύμφα τίς οἶα Ναῖς Helen. 187.  
Νηῖς Ἀβαραῖν Ζ. 22.

Ναῖεῖν, Ion. imp. ναῖεῖσθαι, et ναῖεῖσθαι, ὄν,  
(2) Ναῖο, (1) habitus : to inhabit ; (2) habitus :  
to be inhabited. Ἀρη ναῖεῖσθαι Μενέσθου  
H. 9. P. 308. Apoll. 4. 1211. Hec. 615. SYN.  
Ἐνοικεῖν, κατοικεῖν, διατρίβειν, (2) ναῖομαι.

Ναῖος, et Ion. Νηῖος, α, ὄν, navalis : of a ship,  
naval. Ἀρχὴ ναίου στρατοῦ Iph. A. 260. O. 410.  
SYN. Ναυτικός.

Ναῖς. See Ναῖος.

Ναῖω. See Ναῖεῖν.

Νάχη, ης, η, Nāchos, ἔδς, τὸ, pellis villosa : a  
shaggy skin. Ἀν δὲ νάχην ἔλετ' αἰγὸς ξ. 530.  
Theoc. 5. 7. SYN. Δέρμα, βύρσα, κωδίων, κῶας.  
EP. Πάχυνος.

Νάμω, ἄδς, τὸ, fluentum, vortex : a stream,  
whirlpool. Θαυμαστόν τει νάμω παμφάγου πύρος  
Med. 1184. SYN. Ναμῶς, βέεθρον, βείθρον,  
ἀπορροή, ἀπορροή, βεύμα. EP. Πόταμιον, κρηναῖον,  
δαικρυρροῖον, ἐνυδρῶν, ἀργυρεῶν, ἱερῶν, ἀέναον,  
γλυκὺ, φαῖδρον, καλλιρροῖον, ἱμερρῶν.

Ναννὸφρὴς, ἔδς, naturam nani habens : dwarfish.  
Ναννὸφρὴς σφύραδων ἀπὸ κενισμάτῃ Pax 790.  
SYN. Ἀνθράκτιον, ἀνθράκτιον, ἀνθρακίτιον.

Νάξιος, α, ὄν, Naxius : of the island of Naxos.  
Antig. 1150. See below.

Ναξιοῦργης, ἔδς, ὁ, η, in Naxo fabricatus :  
built in Naxos. Τὸ δὲ πλοῖον ἐστὶ Ναξιοῦργης  
κάνθαρος Pax 143.

Νάξος, ὄν, η, Naxus : an island in the Ægean  
Sea. Pers. 886.

Ναῖς, Ion. Νηῖς, οὔ, et Attice Νεῖς, ὦ, ὁ,  
ædes sacra, templum : a temple. Εξ ἱεροῦ  
ναοῦ χελιδόνες Lysist. 775. A. 39. Nub. 400.  
SYN. Ἱερὸν, ἀνακτορῶν, τεμένος, ἄλσος, σηκός.  
EP. Χαρίεις, ἐπιπράτος, δυνάστης, μέγας, πῶων,  
ἐκπράτος, εὐδότης, τίμιος, πόλλυσις, κηδής,  
δεδομητός, ευκλής.

Ναὸφύλαξ, ἄδς ; Νηὸφύλαξ, ὄν, ὁ, templi  
præses : a guardian or keeper of the temple.  
Ἡ ναὸφύλαξ Βωμίοι' ἐπιστάται Iph. T. 1285.  
Hes. Theog. 991. SYN. Νεωκόρος, πρόφύλαξ,  
ἱερεὺς.

Νάπατος, α, ὄν, in vallibus habitans : of the

valley. Εὐρὼν νάπατος ἐν Κίθαιρῶνος πύχαις  
E. R. 1026. SYN. Δρυμῶδης, ὑλῶδης.

Νάπη, ης, η, Nāpis, ἔδς, τὸ, vallis circumdata  
montibus, saltus : a valley between hills and  
rocks, a mountain wood. Φύγῃ λήπας ἐξέπι-  
πλάμεν νάπας Iph. T. 325. Androm. 283.  
SYN. Ἀγκός, δρυμῶς, φάραγξ, κοιλάς. EP. Εἰλει-  
μός, ἱέρα, πόλυθρος, ὑλδοκός, νιφδοκός, ποτηρός,  
κισσοφόρος, ὑλῆεσσα, κρηναῖος, σκίερα, ὑλδοκός,  
κοιλὴ, κοιλοπέδος.

Νάπος. See above.

Νάπυ, ἔδς, τὸ, sinapi : mustard. Κἄλεψέ  
νάπυ καὶ τὰ μετὰ π' ἀνέπασε Eq. 631. SYN.  
Σινηπί. EP. Δρυμῶ, οργίλιν.

Νάρθηξ, ηκός, ὁ, ferula, bacillus : a ferule,  
rod. Hes. Op. 52. SYN. Ράδεις. EP. Μυστί-  
πῶλος, ἱερός.

Ναρθηκόπληρωτος, ὄν, ὁ, η, in ferula conculus :  
enclosed in a ferule or rod. Ναρθηκόπληρωτον  
δὲ θηρώμαι πύρος P. V. 109.

Ναρκάω, ἥσω, torpeo, obtorpeo : to be be-  
numbed, grow numb. Θ. 328. SYN. Ναρβέω,  
λύομαι.

Νάρκη, ης, η, stupor : numbness ; properly,  
the fish called torped, Vesp. 713.

Νάρκισσος, ὄν, ὁ, η, narcissus : a narcissus.  
Theoc. 1. 133. SYN. Λελίον. EP. Ἑπνός, ὕγρος.  
Pinn. see E. C. 715.

Νάσάμων, ὠνός, ὁ, Nasamon. 'H δ' ἄρ' οἱ  
Νάσάμωνά τέκε Apoll. 4. 1496.

Νασμός, οὔ, ὁ, fluentum : a stream. Hipp. 649.  
SYN. Νάμω. EP. Μελανναυγῆς, κρηναῖος.

Νάσσα, ἔω, condenseo, impleo : to thicken, to  
fill. φ. 122. SYN. Ἐπεμβάλλω, σωρεύω, συμ-  
πληρῶ.

Νάσος, Dor. pro Νηῖος, q. v.

Ναστός, οὔ, ὁ, placenta condensata in latitudi-  
nem : a thick heavy broad cake. Plut. 1142.

Ναυαγία, as, η, Ναυαγίον, ὄν, τὸ, naufragium :  
a shipwreck, wreck. Πλωτήριος οἰκὲρ ἐφύγν  
ἐκ ναυαγίας Helen. 1069. Troad. 420.

Ναυαγός, Ion. Ναυηγός, οὔ, ὁ, naufragus :  
shipwrecked. Καὶ νῦν τῆλας ναυαγός ἀπὸ δέσας  
φίλους Helen. 407. Epigr. Anal. 3. 233. SYN.  
Ναυοβρόχος.

Ναυαρχός, Ναυκλήρως, ὄν, Ναυκράτωρ, ὄρος,  
ὁ, navis magister : the master or commander of  
a ship. Choëph. 711. Æsch. Sup. 185. Ναυ-  
κράτωρ ὁ παῖς ὅς' ἂν Philoct. 1072.

Ναυβάτης, ὄν, ὁ, navita, marinus : a sailor,  
marine. Θάρσος αἰρε ναυβάτης Iph. A. 1597.  
EP. Μογέρως, ποττοπύρος, ἀταρβής, ἀκηρίος.

Ναυβόλως, ὄν, ὁ, e Naubolo satus : the son of  
Naubolos. Κλυτὸν δὲ Ναυβόλιδος Apoll. 1. 134.

Ναυδένον, ὄν, τὸ, rudens : a cable. Troad. 812.  
SYN. Πρὸς τὸν δ, κῶας, πρυμνησίον.

Ναυηγός, Ion. pro Ναυαγός, q. v.

Ναυκληρέω, navis magister sum, navem  
gubernare : to command a ship, to direct. Sept.  
Th. 649. SYN. Ναυτίλλομαι, κυβερνάω, ἰθύνω,  
εὐκάζω.

Ναυκληρία, as, η, navigatio : a voyage. Τῆς  
ἐμῆς ναυκληρίας Med. 527. SYN. Στόλος, ναυ-  
τίλια, πλοῖος.

Ναυκλήριον, ὄν, τὸ, classis : a fleet. Rhes. 233.  
See above. SYN. Ναυσταμός.

Ναυκλήρως, ὄν, See Ναυαρχός.

Ναυκράτωρ. See Ναυαρχός.

Ναῦλος, ὄν, ὁ, nautum : freight, a fare for  
passing in a boat or ship. Ran. 270. SYN.  
Πορθμειόν.

Ναυλόχῳ, stationem habeo : to hold a naval  
station. Iph. A. 249.

Ναυλόχος, ὄν, stationi navium idoneus : se-  
curing ships. Hec. 1001.

Ναυμάχῳ, ex nave pugno : to engage in a  
sea-fight. Ναυμάχῳσαντας μίαν Ran. 693.

Ναυμάχος, ὄν, ὁ, η, e navi pugnans, navalis :  
fighting in a naval engagement, naval. Ἑυστόν  
μέγα ναυμάχον O. 677.

Ναυπακτίος, α, ὄν, Naupactius : of Naupactus.  
Ἄπ' ἐκ Ναυπακτίας Æsch. Sup. 270.

Ναυπηγός, naves fabricor : to build ships.  
Plut. 513.

Ναυπηγία, as, η, navis fabrica : the fabric of  
a ship. Ναυπηγίαν δ' ὥς εἰ τις Cycl. 459.

Ναυπηγίον, ὄν, τὸ, locus ubi naves compinguntur :  
a ship-yard. Ὡς περ ἐν ναυπηγίῳ Ἀν. 1157.

Ναυπλείος, ὄν, Nauplicus : Nauplian, called  
from Nauplius, the son of Neptune. Orest. 54.  
See below.

Ναυπλῖος, ὄν, ὁ, et α, ὄν, Nauplius ; Nauplicus :  
Nauplius ; Nauplian. Ναυπλῖας δάμαρτά τε  
Helen. 1585.

Ναυπύρος, Ναυστόρος, ὄν, ὁ, η, navibus per-  
vius ; mare transiens : passed by ships, navi-  
gable ; ship-urging, sea-passing. Eumen. 10.  
See also Iph. A. 172.

Ναῦς, ναός, νῆος, et νῆος, et Ion. Νηῦς, νῆος, η,  
navis : a ship. Hec. 928. Ἄλλ' ὥστε ναός κεδνόν  
Med. 523. Νῆος ἡψάτο ποττοπύροιο O. 704.  
Ἐπὶ νῆος ἀπικεῖ ξ. 188. SYN. Πλοῖον, πύκη,  
σκῆφος, ἀκάτος, σχεδία. EP. Ποντία, οἰκτομοῖς,  
πεντηκόντερος, δουρία, χαλκέμεδλος, οἰκία,  
κλεινὴ, εὐηρέτης, δῖα, γλῆφύρα, ορθοκαίρα,  
κυνόπρωρος, μέλαινα, ευεργής, κοιλὴ, περικαλλής,  
ἀμφιέλισσά, εἰσά, εὐσελμῶς, ἐπῆρετης, εὐ-  
πρυμνός, ημῆτια, μιλητῆρης, κόρωις, πόλυ-  
κλῆις, μέγακρη, πόλυς, εὐρεῖα, δῖαλασσό-  
πρωτος. Pinn. Δινορράβης δομῶς, ναῖα ἀπῆνη.

Ναυοβρόχος, ναυλο vehendum suscipio, deporto ;  
med. navem conduco : to convey for hire ; mid-  
to hire a vessel. Troad. 164.

Ναυοβρόχος, ὄν, ὁ, Nausithoüs. Ναυσίθου ὅς  
ἐφασκε δ. 565. Pinn. Μεγάθυμῶς, ὅς ἐν Φαίξιν  
ἄνασσε η. 62.

Ναυσικῆα, as, η, Nausicaa : the daughter of  
Alcinous. Ναυσικῆαν λευκῶλεον η. 12. EP.  
Ἑπῆκλος. Pinn. Ἀθῶνῳ φῶν καὶ εἰδὸς  
μοῖα.

Ναυσικλῆτος, Ναυσικλῆτος, ὄν, ὁ, η, navi-  
gandi peritia celebris : famed for skill in sailing.  
Ναυσικλῆτος Δύμαντος ξ. 22. Ναυσικλῆτος  
ἡλύθον ἄνδρες ο. 414.

Ναυσίμαχος, ης, η, Nausimache. Ναυσίμαχος  
μὴν ἦττων ἐστὶν Thesm. 804.

Ναυσινός, ὄν, ὁ, Nausinöus : son of Ulysses  
and Calypso. Ναυσινόν τε μίγεις Hes. Theog.  
1017.

Ναυστομοῖος, ὄν, ὁ, η, naves impellens : ship-  
conveying. Phoen. 1727. See above. SYN.  
Ναυστομός.

Ναυστόρος. See Ναυπύρος, and Ναυσινός.

Ναυστορῶς, ὄν, ὁ, η, navibus miseriam af-  
ferens : ship-afflicting or destroying. Pyth. 1. 140.

Ναυστορήτος, ὄν, ὁ, η, in navibus portatus :  
conveyed in ships, maritime. Ἀρμὰς ναυστο-  
ρήτος Pyth. 1. 64. SYN. Ναυβάτης, ναυτικός,  
ναυτίλος, ναυστορός.

Ναυσταμός, ὄν, τὸ, statio navium : a station

for ships. Ναυσταμός βάς κατέειν Rhes. 243.  
SYN. Λίμην, νείριον, ναυλόχος ἔδρα.

Ναυστάλῳ, ἥσω, navi deduco ; adnavigo : to  
convey by sea, bring in a ship ; to sail to.  
Orest. 732. SYN. Ναυτίλλομαι, ναυκληρέω.

Ναυστολήμα, ἄδς, τὸ ; Ναυστολία, Ναυτίλια,  
as, η, aliquid navi deductum ; navigatio : what  
has been conveyed by ship ; navigation. Eur.  
Sup. 220. See also Androm. 788. and Pyth.  
4. 124. SYN. Πλοῖος, ναυκληρία.

Ναῦτης, ὄν, ὁ, nauta : a sailor. Eur. Sup.  
519. SYN. Ναυβάτης, ναυτικός, ναυτίλος, πορ-  
μῆς, ναυκληρός. EP. see Ναυβάτης. Pinn.  
Ναῖας ἀρωγὸς τέχνας.

Ναυτίω, nauseo : to be sea-sick, to nauseate.  
Ναυτίς ἐτ' ὦ ξένη Thesm. 882.

Ναυτικός, η, ὄν, nauticus, navalis : of a sailor,  
of ships, naval. Ναυτική τ' ἀναρχία Hec. 605.  
SYN. Ναυτίλος, νῆις, δῖαλασσός.

Ναυτίλια, as, η, See Ναυστολήμα and Ναυτίλος.

Ναυτίλλομαι, navigo : to sail. ξ. 246. SYN.  
Πλέω, ἀπὸ πλέω, ναυστάλῳ.

Ναυτίλος, ὄν, ὁ, nauta : a sailor. Ὡς ναυ-  
τοῖς χεῖμας λίμην φάειν Androm. 883. SYN.  
see Ναῦτης.

Ναυθορόος, ὄν, ὁ, η, naufragus ; naves perdens :  
ship-wrecked ; ship-destroying. Helen. 1538.  
SYN. Ναυαγός.

Ναυφρακτός, ὄν, ὁ, η, munitus navi, classe in-  
structus, navalis : fortified or defended by ships,  
naval. Iph. A. 1259. SYN. Ναυτικός, ναυλόχος,  
νῆις.

Νῶω, νῶσω, (1) congreco, compleo, habitare  
facio : to assemble, to fill, to cause to dwell ;  
(2) dense effluo : to flow. Ἀγέλων ἐν δὲ κρήνῃ  
νῶεῖ ἀμφὶ δὲ λειμῶν ξ. 292. The penult of Nῶω  
in the sense of compleo is short in the pres., and  
long in fut. and aor. α. 122. Χωρὸς δ' αὖθ' ἔρσαι  
ναῶν δ' ὅρῳ ἀγγεῖα πάντα, unless the true reading  
be ἐναῶν. SYN. (1) Ἀγέλω, ἰδρῶν, κατοικεῖν,  
(2) βῶω, βρῶω, βλύω.

Νέγγελλος, ὄν, ὁ, η, recens nuntiatus : newly  
announced. Choëph. 724.

Νέδω, juvenescere ; novo : to grow or be young ;  
to make new. Phoen. 1635.

Νεῆαρος, as, η, Neæra : Neæra. μ. 133.

Νεαίρετος, ὄν, ὁ, η, recens captus : recently  
caught. Agam. 1030.

Νεακρήτος. See Νεκηκρήτος.

Νεανίας, Ion. Νηνίας, Νεανίσκος, ὄν, ὁ, et Nē-  
avis, Ion. Νηνίς, ἰδς, η, juvenis : a young man,  
young. Προβῆναι νεανίου Alcist. 714. κ. 278.  
Trach. 312. Δῖος δὲ νεανίας Phoen. 434.  
H. 20. SYN. Νῆος, νεανικός, κόρος, κόρασις.

Νεανικός, η, ὄν, juvenilis, validus : youthful,  
vigorous. Ἦν φῶς νεανικός Hipp. 1199. SYN.  
Νῆος, νεῆρος, νεόχμος, ισχυρός.

Νεανικός, juveniler : in a youthful manner.  
Τωθῶς νεανικός Vesp. 1362. SYN. Νεῆρος, ισ-  
χυρός, γενναῖος.

Νεῆας. See Νεανίας.

Νεανίσκος. See Νεανίας.

Νεῆρος, α, ὄν, novitus, tenellus : new, fresh,  
tender. Νεῆρον τιν' ἐφιέμενον βάξιν Rhes. 46.  
SYN. Νῆος, ἀπῶλος, νεανικός.

Νεῆτος, Ion. Νεῖτος, η, ὄν, ultimus : farthest,  
last. Νεῆτα Πηλοῦ ημῶθεντος I. 153. Z. 295.  
SYN. Ἐσχάτος, νεῆαρος, νεῆατος, βοῆατος.

Νεῶω, novo : to plough a fallow. Nub. 1117.

Νέβρεος, ὄν, hinnuleus : of a fawn. Οὐ γὰρ  
πω νέβρεα δ' ὀστῆα Call. 3. 244.





ἀναξ, ὑπέρθυμος, ἱπποδάμιος, κυδάλιμος, μέγαθυμος, ἀντιθέως, γέρηνιος, γέρον, ἡδυνέτης, ἱππολάτῃ, ἱπποῦ, Νηληϊεύς, οὐδὲς Ἀχαιῶν.

Νεῦμα, ἀνός, τό, nutus: a nod. Aesch. Sup. 378. SYN. Ρῶπη. EP. Αἰδογῶν, κύπριον.

Νευρά, Νευρεία, ἀς, ἡ; Νευρόν, οὐ, τό, nervus: a nerve, sinew, string. A. 476. Theoc. 25. 14. Π. 316. SYN. Χόρδη. EP. Βόελα, εὐστρέφης, νέστρῳ, μέλιθης.

Νευρεία. See Νευρά.

Νευρόν. See Νευρά.

Νευρορράφος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, sutor: a cordwainer, cobbler. Σαυτὸν δὲ λυχνόπαλῃσι καὶ νευρορράφοις Eq. 739.

Νευροσπᾶδης, ἐς, nervo tractus: string-drawn. Νευροσπᾶδης ἀτρακτὸς αὐτὸς ἀν τᾶλας Philoct. 290.

Νευρός, nervos tendo, firmo, roboro: to nerve, strengthen. Lysist. 1078. SYN. Ρᾶννυμ, κρᾶ-  
τύνω, ἐμπέδω.

Νευστάζω, Νεῖω, nuo: to nod, beckon. μ. 194. Γ. 337. SYN. Διδᾶνέω, βέπω, ἐπικλίνω, συγχωρεῖω.

Νεῖω. See Νευστάζω.

Νέφος, ἡ, ἡ; Νέφος, ἐς, τό, nubes, nebula: a cloud, mist. B. 147. Δ. 274. SYN. Ομίχλη, σκότος. EP. Κυᾶντα, μέλαινα, χειμέρια, δεσ-  
πέσια, δεινή, αἰθέρια, λεπτῇ, ἡρόθυμος, πικρῇ, ὑδάτῃ, ἀελλόπους, ἀελλὰς, ἐρίθρμος. PHN. see Δ. 275.

Νεφέληγέρτης, οὐ, Νεφέληγέρης, ἐς, nubes coeans: cloud-gathering. A. 515. Quint. Sm. 4. 80.

Νεφέλοκοκκινγία, ἀς, ἡ, Nephelococcys: cuckoo town in the clouds. Μέλη πέποιηκε ἑς τὰς Νεφέλοκοκκινγίας A. 917.

Νεφέλοκοκκινγίος, ἐως, δ, Nephelococcys: a native of cuckoo town. Av. 877. See above.

Νερός. See Νεφέλη.

Νεφρός, οὐ, δ, renes: the kidney, the reins. Ποῖος γὰρ ἀν ἡ νεφρός ἀντίχοι Lysist. 962.

Νεῶ, νεύω, nuo, nato: to swim. Φ. 11. SYN. Νήχουμαι, κύλυμβω.

Νεῶ, ἡ, (1) neo: to spin, compose; (2) cumulo: to pile up. Ἐνδὲν ἐν ταῖς μεβάσις Eq. 321. SYN. (1) Νήθω, κλῶθω; (2) ἐπίνεω, χάν-  
νυμι, σπαρέω, ἀρῶω, νηέω, νηέω.

Νεώρητος, οὐ, nuper emptus: lately purchased. Eq. 2.

Νεώρης, ἐς, δ, ἡ, novus: new, fresh. C. C. 730. SYN. see Νεός.

Νεώριον, οὐ, τό, navale: an arsenal, dock. Ὅς δ' ἡλθόμεν ὅαν περίεδον νέωριον Helen. 1546. SYN. Ναυοτάθμος.

Νεός. See Ναός.

Νεώσι, nuper: lately. Μὴ ταρβήσῃ μοι νεώσι (dissyll.) μόλον Iph. A. 602. SYN. Νεόθεν.

Νεώτερος, Νεώτατος, ἡ, οὐ, compar. et superl. a Νεός, q. v. Hippol. 1155. Hec. 13.

Νή, particula affirmantis et jurantis: a particle of adjuration. Νή τοὺς θεοὺς ἡμεῖς γ' Plut. 74.

Νηαῖος, οὐ, δ, Neathus. Theoc. 4. 24.

Νηπαῖος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, novus, recens factus: new, recently made. Καλὴ νηπαῖος E. 185. SYN. Νεός, καινός, λεπτός, ἀπάλος.

Νηρεῖος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui excitari nequit: which cannot be awaked from. Mosch. 3. 111.

Νηροῖα, ὠν, τὰ, viscera, intestina: the bowels. Νηροῖα μὲν ὅζω B. 524. SYN. Ἐντέρα, σπλάγχνα.

Νήδυμος, οὐ, dulcis: sweet, refreshing. Διὰ δ' οὐκ ἔχει νήδυμος ὕπνος B. 2. SYN. Ἡδύμος, ἡδύς, γλυκύς, γλυκίερός.

Νήδυς, οὐ, ἡ, alvus: the belly, womb. Ἰῆς ἐκ νήδυος ἦσαν Π. 496. SYN. Γαστήρ, μήτρα. EP. Μῆγλη, πόλυχανθής, ἀγνός, θυμαλγής, ἀκούμαν, ἀδύς.

Νήεω, ἡ, acervo, congreco: to heap or pile up. Π. 276. SYN. see Νέω (2).

Νήθω, ἡ, neo: to spin. η. 198. SYN. see Νέω (1).

Νηῖας. See Ναῖς.

Νηῖον, οὐ, τό, Neium: a promontory of Ithaca. Νηῖον ὕληντι α. 186.

Νηῖος, α, οὐ; Νηῖος, οὐ, δ, navalis: of a ship, naval. Στρατὸς δὲ μαρσὸς ναῖαισιν μεβύλαις Pers. 284. Apoll. 4. 236. I in Νηῖος, ut in θυμῷ.

Νηῖος. SYN. Ναυτικός.

Νηῖς. See Ναῖς.

Νήϊς, ἰδός, δ, ἡ, nescius, ignorant. Οὐδ' ἐμὲ νήϊα γ' οὐτως H. 198. SYN. Ἀπειρός, ἀνέπιστήμων, αἰδής, ἀμᾶθης.

Νηῖος. See Νήϊς.

Νηῖα, Νηῖα, ἡ, Neita: the name of one of the seven gates at Thebes. See Beck. Phoen. 1120. Καὶ πρῶτᾳ μὲν πρόσθ' ἡ Νηῖα πύλας Phoen. 1120. Qui tamen locus quantitatem secundae non determinat.

Νηκερδής, ἐς, δ, ἡ, non prudens, non com-  
modus: foolish, useless. P. 469. SYN. Ἀκερδής, ἀναφελός, ἀνόητος.

Νηκερός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cornua non habens: not horned. Hes. Op. 527.

Νηκεστός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, insanabilis: incurable. Hes. Op. 281. SYN. Ἀνηκεστός, q. v.

Νηκουστέω, non audio, non obtempero: not to listen to, to disobey. T. 14. SYN. Ἀνηκουστέω, ἀτημέλειω, παρόρῳ, ἀπίθω.

Νηκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, natatilis: capable of swimming. Anaer. 2. 5.

Νηλῆς, Νηλεῖς, Νηλῆς, ἐς, δ, ἡ, immiseri-  
cors: pitiless, cruel. Apoll. 4. 390. Hom. H. 4. 246. P. V. 42. SYN. Ἀνηλῆς, ἀνοκτός, ἀπηνής, σκληρός, σχετλῖος.

Νηλεῖδης, Νηληϊάδης, Νηληῖος, οὐ, δ, a Neleo natus: the son or daughter of Neleus. Apoll. 1. 959. K. 87. B. 20.

Νηλεῖς. See Νηλεῖς.

Νηλεῖος. See Νηλεῖς.

Νηλεῖσιν, οὐ, δ, ἡ, immitis: merciless. Hes. Theog. 217.

Νηλεῖς, ἐως, δ, Neleus, q. 409. EP. Ἀγαν-  
τάτος (ὡνόντων, μέγαθυμὸς, ἀντιθέως, δεῖος).

Νηλεῖος, Νηλεῖος, crudeliter, inhumaniter: cruelly. Choeph. 236. Apoll. 1. 610. SYN. Ἀνηλεῖος, ἀνοκτός, χαλῆπας.

Νηληϊάδης, and -ῖδης. See Νηλεῖδης.

Νηλῆς. See Νηλεῖς.

Νηλῖος, οὐ, Νηλῖος, πόδος, δ, ἡ, discalce-  
atus: barefooted. Νηλῖος οἰάνας Apoll. 3. 646. C. C. 362. See Blomfield's Gl. in P. V. 248. SYN. Ἀντιπόδης, ἀσάνδανος.

Νηλῖος. See above.

Νηλῖος, ἐς, δ, ἡ, non sceleratus, non defec-  
tens ab officio: not wicked. Αἴ τ' ἐστὶ μάχουσι καὶ ἀ νηλῖος εἰς (spondaic) T. 498. SYN. Ἀθῶς, ἀνατῖος, ἀμεικτός.

Νημά, ἀτός, τό, filum: a thread. Orest. 1432. SYN. Μῖτος, λινόν. EP. Ἀρχαῖον, λεπτόν, μάλακον.

Νημέτεια, ἀς, ἡ, veritas: truth, accuracy.

Καὶ τῶνδ' ἐν νημέτεια συμβαίνει χρόνον Trach. 176. SYN. Ἀλφεία, τό ἀκρίβης, βέβαιον, ἀτρέ-  
κεις.

Νημερῆς, vere, accurate: truly, accurately. Νημερῆς (molossus) τὸν μῦθον ἐπισπῶ ε. 98.

Νημερτής, ἐς, δ, ἡ, verus: true. Z. 376. SYN. Ἀληθής, ἀμεικτός, ἀτρέκεις.

Νηνεμία, ἀς, ἡ, tranquillitas aëris: freedom from wind, calmness of the air. Ἐπ' αὐτὴ νηνεμία ε. 392. SYN. see Ἀἶθρα.

Νηνεμῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, venti vacuus, serenus: free from wind, serene, calm, quiet. Hec. 531. SYN. Εἰδύς, γαλήνιος, ἡσυχός.

Νηῖς, ἐως, ἡ, natatio: swimming. Νηῖς τε πε-  
πῶμενος Batrach. 67. SYN. Τὸ νηκτόν.

Νησῶδης. See Ναυφύλας.

Νηός, Ion. pro Naός, q. v.

Νηοσῶδης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, naves servans: ship-pre-  
serving. Apoll. 1. 570.

Νηενθής, ἐς, δ, ἡ, macore carens, serenus, latus: free from sorrow, serene, joyful. δ. 221. SYN. Ἀνάλγητος, ἄλυτος, ἀλύπητος, ἀνῶδυνος, ἀπένθητος, ἀχλὺς.

Νηῖα, Νηῖα, ἀς, ἡ, infantia; stultitia: in-  
fancy; folly. Νηῖας ὄρεον α. 297. I. 487. SYN. Μωρία, ἀφρόνεια, ἀνοῖα.

Νηπιάχεω, Νηπιάχω, pueriliter vel stulte ago:  
to play the child, act foolishly. Παῖδά τ' ἐν νηπιάχῳ X. 502. Apoll. 1. 1212. SYN. Νηπία φρόνεια.

Νηπιάχης, Νηπιάχης, ἀ, οὐ, infans; stultus: an infant, child; foolish. Παῖδά τ' ἐν νηπιάχῳ Z. 408. Androm. 753. Ἐπ' αὐτὴ γ' ἐν νηπιάχῳ T. 211. SYN. Βρέφος, νεόνυκτος, μικρός.

Νηπιάχω. See Νηπιάχης.

Νηπλεῖος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, inextus, incomptus, in-  
ornatus: untwisted, uncombed, unadorned. Bion. 1. 22. SYN. Ἀνοπῶς, ἀκονιστός.

Νηπῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, nulla data satisfactione: unrewarded, gratuitous. α. 160. SYN. Ἀτίδος.

Νηπῶς. See Νηπιάχης.

Νηρεῖς, ἐως, δ, Nereus: a sea-god. Hes. Theog. 264. EP. Ἀγανός, μέγας, γέρον, πόλιος, νημερτής, μέγαλυνός, δεῖος, ἀφειδής, ἀληθής.

Νηρηίδες, ὠν, αἱ, Nereides: the Nereids, daughters of Nereus. Νηρηίδες ἦσαν Z. 39. EP. Ἀθανάτοι, πόντιαι, ἐλκείσπελοι, χρυσόλακοι.

Νηριθῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, innumeris: numberless. Νηριθῶς ἐπ' ἀγρῶν Theoc. 25. 57. SYN. Ἀν-  
ρίθμος, ἀνρίθμος, ἀπλῆτος, νηριθός.

Νηρίκος, οὐ, ἡ, Nericus: an island afterwards called Leucas. Νηρίκος εἶλον ω. 376.

Νηρίτιον, οὐ, τό, Neritum: a mountain in Ithaca. Νηρίτιον ἐστὶν ὄρος ν. 351. EP. Ἀρί-  
πρῆες, ἐνδοσίφυλλον.

Νηρίτιος, οὐ, δ, Neritus: a hero. Νηρίτιος ἦδ' Πόλυκταρ p. 207.

Νησαῖος, α, οὐ; Νησιώτης, οὐ; Νησιώτις, ἡ, οὐ, insularis: of an island, insular. Troad. 190. Ἡ νησιώτης σπάρδα κέκταται Bion Rhes. 697. Androm. 1261.

Νησιώτης, &c. See above.

Νησός, οὐ, ἡ, insula: an island. Helen. 1676. EP. Ἐρημός, δὴ, ἀμύμων, εὐκτιμένη, ἰλῆσος, ὠνήγία, δεινός, εὐδός, εὐμῶς, λαχέια, ἀμεικτός, κρᾶνῶ, πλωτή, ἰέρα, τηλεδᾶπ, ἀπῆσος, ἀνθῆσος, ἀνῶς, πενκῆσος, δᾶλασσοπλαγ-  
κτός, ἐρημα, δᾶλασσοπλαγκτός.

Νησῶς, Νησῶς, ἡ, ἡ, anas: a duck. Ἰδὲ πᾶς νησὸς κλύμεν Anaer. 37. 5. Pax 969.

Νηστεῖω, cibo abstineo: to fast. Av. 1519. SYN. Ἀσιτεῖω.

Νηστῖς, ἰδός, δ, ἡ, jejunos: fasting, hungry. P. V. 590. SYN. Ἀσιτός, ἀκηνός.

Νητός, ἡ, οὐ, conglomeratus: heaped up. β. 338. SYN. Νῆνιμος, ἐπασσύντος, μεστός.

Νητάριον, οὐ, τό, anaticula: a little duck. Νητάριον ἀν καὶ φάττιον ἐπὶ κέρει Plut. 1011.

Νητῶ. See Νησῶς.

Νηῦς. See Ναῦς.

Νηῦτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, halitus expers: breathless. Κεῖται νηῦτος τέτλεσμένον Hes. Theog. 795. SYN. Ἀνῶς, ἀνῶς, ἀνῶς, ἀνῶς.

Νηφῶλιος, α, οὐ, sobrius: sober. Χόδς τ' αἰνους νηφῶλι μελίγματος Eumen. 107. SYN. Νήφων, αἰνός, ἀπῶς.

Νήφω, sobrius sum: to be sober. Lysist. 1228. SYN. Γρηγορέω.

Νήχυνος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, diffusissimus: well-spread. Νή-  
χυνος ὕψος Apoll. 3. 530. SYN. Ἀχύνετος.

Νήχω, vel Νήχουμαι, nato: to swim. φ. 233. SYN. Κόλυμβω, νέω.

Νήγλῶρος, οὐ, δ, genus modulaminis: a power's  
tune. Νηγλῶρος σὺν γυμνασίων Acharn. 554.

Νίζω, lavo: to wash away. Iph. T. 1339. SYN. Ἀπὸνίζω, λούω, νίπτω, κλύω, πλύνω, ἀπο-  
σμήχω.

Νικᾶω, Νικημί, Νικηφόρος, ἡ, vinco, su-  
perior sum: to conquer, to be superior. Ἀνέρας  
αλφεινός νικα τᾶς χεῖρας πύλας ν. 261. Theoc. 7. 40. Bacch. 1136. SYN. Κρᾶτῶ, ὑπέρτερος, ἐκ-  
πύλεω. PHN. Νίκη καὶ ἀγλῶν εὐχὸς ἀρεῖσθαι,  
νικηφόρου δάρον τύχην.

Νίκη, ἡ, ἡ, victoria: victory. Νικᾶσα νίκην  
τὴν μάθειν χρίσω σέθεν Eur. Sup. 1070. SYN. Κρᾶτος, εὐχός, ἐπαθλόν, ἀρίστια, τρῶα, στέ-  
φανος, φῶρος. EP. Ζεμῆ, οὐ κἀκοῦς, ἐτέραλῆς,  
εὐπύλεος, ἀγλῶ, ἀγρωχός, ἰμῆρεσσά, μέγα-  
λῶν, κυδᾶν, λυσίπῶν, μέγαλῆς, ἰέρα, λαμπρά, πύλας, περικαλλῆς, ἀνῶς, ἐρί-  
κῶς, ἀναμικτός, πόντιος.

Νικητῶς, οὐ, δ, vincendus: must conquer. Bacch. 941. See above.

Νικητήριον, οὐ, τό, primum victoriae: the re-  
ward of victory. Ἀντὶ νικητηρίων Troad. 956. SYN. Ἐπῶν, ἐπαθλόν.

Νικηφόρος. See Νικᾶω.

Νικηφόρος, ἀς, ἡ, victoria: victory. Nem. 2. 6. See Νίκη.

Νικηφόρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, victoriam afferens, victor:  
bringing victory, victorious. Choeph. 142. See Νίκη.

Νικῆς, οὐ, δ, Nicias. Λευκός τις ἀνέπρησεν  
μοῖος Νικῆς Eccles. 428.

Νικηθῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui in senatu vincit:  
victorious in the council. Τί δ' ἄλλο γ' ἐμὲ μὴ  
νικηθῶς ἐγὲν ὡς Eq. 615.

Νικηθῶς, ἡ, ἡ, Nicodice. Πέτρον πετὸν Νικη-  
θῶς Lysist. 321. (Choriamb. dim.)

Νικημάχος, οὐ, δ, Nicomachus. Ran. 1506. See Νίκη and Μάχη.

Νικιστράτος, οὐ, δ, Nicostratus. Νικιστράτος  
δ' αὐ φησὶν Vesp. 81. See Νίκη.

Νίβη, ἡ, ἡ, Niobe. Νίβης Ἀδράστῳ πλησίον  
παραστᾶται Phoen. 162. EP. Εὐκῶς, δύστηνος,  
παντλήμων, δακρύεσσά, πέτρινα, λαίνα.

Νίπτρον, οὐ, τό, aqua ad lavandum: water to  
wash the hands or feet. Ion 1174. SYN. Λόετρον.

Νίπτω, ψω, lavo: to wash, bathe. Iph. T. 255. SYN. Ἀπὸνίπτω, κλύω, νίζω, λούω.

Νιρεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, Nireus: one of the Grecian leaders at Troy. Νιρεὺς δὲ κάλλιστος ἀνὴρ B. 673. P.H. Κάλλιστος Ἀχαιῶν.

Νίσρα, ης, ἡ, Nisa: a city in Boeotia. Νίσραν τε (ἄσθη) B. 508.

Νισαῖος, ου, ὁ, Nisaeus: of Nisaea. Νισαῖοι Μεγαρήες Theoc. 12. 27.

Νίσος, ου, ὁ, Nisus. Νίσον Δουλίχιᾶ σ. 126. P.H. Φαίδιμος υἱὸς Ἀρητιάδα ἀνακτοῦς.

Νισυρὸς, ου, ὁ, Nisurus: one of the Cyclades. Οἱ δ' ἄρα Νισυρὸν τ' εἶχον B. 676.

Νισόδμη. See Νέδμη.

Νίτρον, ου, τὸ, nitrum: nitre, mineral alkali. Πάντ' αὖ νίτρον καὶ φύκος Theoc. 15. 16.

Νιφάς, ἀδός, ἡ; Νιφέτος, οὐ, ὁ, nivalis imber: a fall of snow, shower. Λευκοπτέρω δὲ νιφάδι καὶ βροντημίαι P. V. 1029. δ. 566. S.V. Χίων, ψέκας, σπάγων. Ep. Πικνὴ, χειμῆρια, ταρφεῖα, χροῦσα, πολλὰ, ἁμαμάκετος, τροχέια.

Νιφέτος. See above.

Νιφέλλης, &c. See below.

Νιφόβελος, Νιφόβελος, ἦτος, Νιφόβελος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Νιφός, εὐσά, ἐν, Νιφότης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, nive cinctus, nivous: snow-clad, snowy. Av. 952. Anthol. 9. 195. (Jacobs.) Opp. K. 1. 428. Θρησκὸν ὄρεα νιφόντα Ξ. 227. Τοῦτο μὲν νιφότης Αἰ. 679.

Νιφός. See above.

Νιφότης. See above.

Νιφώ, ψω, ningo: to snow. Νιφῶμεν ἀνθρώποις M. 280. Νιφάδης ἐν πύλαις νιφόμενος βρόμος Sept. Th. 198. (Double dochmiac.)

Νιδέω, ἦσω, cogito, animadverte, intelligo: to think, perceive, consider, know. φ. 257. S.V. Εὐνόεω, αὐσάνομαι, εὐνοῦμαι, φρονέω, λυγίζομαι, ἐπιστάμαι, γινώσκω.

Νιδῆμα, ἀτος, τὸ, cogitatio, voluntas, consilium: thought, notion, will, resolution. ξ. 273. S.V. Ἐννοῖα, διανοῖα, συνέσις, νύδος, βουλή, γνώμη. Ep. Εσθλὸν, κερδάλειν, γναμπτὸν, οὐκ, ἀεουλὸν, ποικιλὸν, δεῖν, πινύτῃν, οὐρανίον.

Νιδῆμων, ὄνος, (1) Noëmon; (2) prudens, intelligens: prudent, intelligent. E. 678. S.V. (2) Συνέτος, ἐμπερὸς, μητίετης, πέπνυμένος, σώφρων, φρόνιμος, ἐμψρων, ἀγχινύδης.

Νιδθαγένης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ; Νιδθός, η, ὁ, spurius: illegitimate. Καὶ τέκνον νιδθαγένη Androm. 904. 920. S.V. Σκετὴς, ὑποβλήτης.

Νιδθῆς, εἰα, ὁ, spuris datus: given to the illegitimate. Av. 1656.

Νιδθός. See Νιδθαγένης.

Νιδθῖον, ου, τὸ, cogitatuicula: a little thought. Βουλευματίων καὶ γνωμίδων καὶ νιδθῖων Eq. 100.

Νιδμαῖη, ης, ἡ, Nomæa. Μητέρα δὲ Νιδμαῖη Theoc. 27. 41.

Νιδμαί, ἀδος, ἐν, pascuis versatus; gregalis: engaged in pastures; herding. Νιδμαῖες ἀκούει δ' οὐδὲν Cycl. 120.

Νιδμῆμα, dilanio, discerpo: to tear to pieces. Theoc. 26. 24. S.V. Διαμοιράζομαι, διασπάρδω, δρύπτωμαι, διαρπάζω.

Νιδμευῖα, ἀτος, τὸ, grex pecorum: a flock, herd. Agam. 1389.

Νιδμεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, pastor: a shepherd, herdsman. Ξ. 525. S.V. Βύτηρ, ποιμήν, μηλόβυτηρ, μηλόβυτος, ἀπὸ δὲ βοῦκόδης, ἱπποβούκοδος. Ep. Κάκος, χρόσιος, λυγρόθυγρος.

Νιδμεῖω, pascō: to feed or tend. Theoc. 1. 14. S.V. Νέμω, νέμειω, βόσκω, ποιμαίνω.

Νιδμή, ης, ἡ, partitio; pascuum, pastus: a division; a pasture. Cycl. 61. S.V. Νόμος,

πρόνμη, πόα, βίος. Ep. Αμφίβιός, ἀνθέμεσά, ὁρεσίζωτος.

Νόμίζω, ἰώ, (1) usu, consuetudine sancio: to establish by usage; (2) puto, arbitrator: to think. Theoc. 24. 95. S.V. (2) Δοκέω, οἶμαι, οἰδομαι, ἡγέδομαι, ὑπολαβάνω, λυγίζομαι.

Νόμιμος, η, ὁ, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) usitatus, legitimus: customary, legal; (2) justus: just. En eustheí γαὺν νόμιμῶ μὴ κλέπτειν νεκρῶν Helen. 1276. S.V. Δίκαιος, ἐννόμος, εἰσιμένος.

Νόμιος, α, ου, et ὁ, ἡ, pastoralis: pastoral, an epithet of Apollo. See Voss. Virg. Georg. p. 53. and Spanheim in l. c. Φοῖβον καὶ Νόμιον Call. 2. 47.

Νόμισμα, ἀτος, τὸ, (1) mos receptus: an established custom; (2) numisma: a coin. Eur. fr. (Edip. 5. 3. S.V. Ἔδος; (2) κέρμα, ἀργυρίον.

Νόμος, οὐ, ὁ, pascuum, sedes: a pasture; an abode. Z. 511. S.V. see Νόμη.

Νόμος, ου, ὁ, mos; lex; cantilena: a custom; a law; a tune. Hec. 835. S.V. Θεσμός, θέμις, δίκη, τὸ νόμιμον, ἔθος, μέλος. Ep. Ἰσὸς, βακχεῖος, κοινός, πικρὸς, παλαιός, γέρων, ἀρχαῖος, ἀσφάλης, βαρβαρὸς, ἀσπονδός, ἀπηγής, ἀγραπτός, καθάρτος, σόφρος, ὁπίπλους.

Νόδος, νοῦς, δου, οὐ, ὁ, mens: mind, resolution. Δ. 309. S.V. Φρήν, γνώμη, φροντίς, διανοῖα, πράσις, θάρσος. Ep. Λεπτός, οὐ βεβαῖος, ἐλευθέρως, τὰχος, ἀγῶθος, δολέρος, νημερτής, τλήμων, καρτέρως, ἐνασίμως, ἀτάσθητος, πικρὸς, πινύτης, ἀγναμπτός, ἀποφάλλος, πιστός, κοφτός, ἐλάφρος, σόδης, εσθλός, δεονδής, πρόφρων, ἐμπεδός, ἀφραστός, κραπνός, ἀτρώδης, ἀπληστός, πόλεμικός, ἀκλήριος.

Νόσος, α, ὁ, Νόσῳ, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, morbus, morbosus: sick, pestilential. Orest. 1014. Eur. Sup. 433. S.V. Ασθενής.

Νόστω, ἦσω, agrotō; sanam mentem non habeo: to be ill; to be disordered in intellect. Trach. 435. S.V. Ασθενέω, ἀρωστέω, μάλακίζομαι. P.H. Ἀγρία νόσφ συντήκομαι.

Νόσθλειά, ας, ἡ; Νόσθημῶ, ἀτος, τὸ; Νόσθς, Ion. Νούσθς, ου, ἡ, morbus: a disease, disaster. Philoct. 39. Orest. 874. 10. A. 10. S.V. Κάματος, ἀσθενεία, ἀρωστία. Ep. Αισχίστη, ἀγρία, μάνις, δυσκλήης, δεινὴ, κρύφαλα, ἐκουσία, ἐχθίστη, γίναικεῖος, μεγὰλη, ἀναλρετός, στήγερῶ, ἀργαλέα, δολίχη, ἀνδρόφονος, δεόσιτος, λυγρὰ, ἀνέκτος, δερμὴ, κρέερα, πικρά, πόλεμικων, μὴγερὰ, λυσώδης, δύσιατος.

Νόσθημῶ. See above.

Νόσθς. See above.

Νόσῳ. See Νόσθς.

Νόστω, ἦσω, redeo; proficiscor: to return; to go. Apoll. 2. 352. S.V. Ἀπνοστέω, ἀνέρχομαι, ἐπ'ἀνέρχομαι, νιδμαί, νείδομαι, νείσομαι, ὑποσπέρδομαι, πόρεδομαι, ἀνέχωρῶ.

Νόστίμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui redire potest; commodus, jucundus: returning; advantageous, pleasant. Νοστήμω σοτηρία Agam. 1209.

Νόστος, ου, ὁ, reditus; peregrinatio: a return; a journey. Pers. 8. S.V. Κάθῳδός, ἀναστροφή, κέλευθος. Ep. Πρεμύνης, πικρός, κῆκος, πόνηρος, δύσνοστος, ἀθλός, ἀπῆμων, μελίγητος, γλυκύς, γλυκέρως, ψευδάνιμος.

Νόσφιν, Νόσφι, adv., seorsim: apart, away from. Νόσφιν ἐρῶκει Theoc. 7. 127. Νόσφι καθήκοντα Δ. 9. S.V. Χωρίς, δίχθ, ἐκτός, ἀποσοφί, λάθρα.

Νοσφίζω, ἰσω, Attice ἰώ, separo; fraudo; desero: to separate; to rob; to leave. Philoct. 1427. S.V. Χωρίζω, διαίρω, ἀφδρίζω, δισπῆμι.

Νότερός, Νότης, α, ὁ, ν, humidus, lacrymosus: dewy, wet, tearful. Iph. T. 1043. Τὸτ' ἐμὲν νότιαν στείχων πρὸς ὁδὸν Av. 1398. S.V. Ἰγρός, διέρως, διῦγρός.

Νότεω, madeo: to be wet. Call. Ep. 54. 2. S.V. Νότηζομαι, ὑγραίνομαι, βρέχομαι.

Νότης, ας; Νότης, ἴδος, ἡ, humiditas, humor: moisture, water. Νότησι τέ εἰαρήνησιν Θ. 307. Κάτ' ἀντ' ἃ πόντος νότιδι διακλύει μέλας Iph. T. 107. S.V. Ψάκας, ἱκμάς, ὑγρότης. Ep. Πορτία, καλλιπότης, ὁρσώδης, τὰχεῖα, δάλασσία.

Νότης, humectō, madefacio: to wet, moisten. Thesm. 857. S.V. Ἰγρῶναι, βρέχω.

Νότης, α, ὁ, ν, See Νότερός.

Νότης. See Νότης.

Νότης, ου, ὁ, Notus: the south wind. Γ. 10. Ep. Ἀργέστης, ἀλληκτος, δεινός, κραπνός, οὐδός, χειμῆριος, διέρως.

Νουθετικός, ἡ, ὁ, sapientiae plenus, prudens: full of wisdom. Πράγμ' ἐφ' νουθετικὸν Eccles. 441. S.V. Συνέτος, φρόνιμος, σόφρος, δαίφρων.

Νουθετικός, prudenter: prudently. Καὶ νουθετικῶς Vesp. 1294. S.V. Συνέτως, φρόνιμος.

Νουθεσία, ας, ἡ; Νουθετήμῶ, ἀτος, τὸ; Νουθετήσις, ἔως, ἡ, admonitio, castigatio: admonition, reproof. Δεξιότητος καὶ νουθεσίας Ran. 1040. Soph. El. 345. Herc. F. 1247. S.V. Παράνεσις, παιδεύσις, διδασκῶ, ἀνέμνησις, κέλευσμά. Ep. Μάκρῶ, ἀγῶθῃ.

Νουθετέω, ἦσω, admoneo: to advise, recommend. Orest. 290. S.V. Παράνεω, ἀνέμνησκω, κατένεω, διδάσκω, τιμαρέω.

Νουθετήμῶ, Νουθετήσις. See Νουθεσία.

Νουθετήσις, ου, ὁ, admonendus, castigandus: must be advised, reprovend. Ion 439.

Νουμηνία, ας, ἡ, novilunium: new moon. 'Iv' αἱ δέεσις γίνονται τῇ νομηνίᾳ Nub. 1197. S.V. Ἰερόμηνια.

Νουνέχης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, prudens, sapiens: sensible, wise. Dan. 48. S.V. Ἐμψρων, δαίφρων, συνέτος, φρόνιμος.

Νοῦς. See Νόδος.

Νοῦσος, Ion. pro Νόσος, q. v.

Νυκτερίσιος, Νυκτερίνης, ἡ, ὁ, ν; Νυκτερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nocturnus: nightly, dark. Ἐργὰ νυκτερίσια Thesm. 204. Φύλακην κατὰλιν νυκτερίνην διδάσκωμαι Vesp. 2. Agam. 4. S.V. Νύχιος, ἐννύχως, ἐπ'ἐννύχως, νυκταπός, ἐννύχως, νυκτερίσιος, σκότησιος, σκότησιος.

Νυκτερίσιος. See above.

Νυκτερίσιος, ἴδος, ἡ, noctua: an owl. Χαίρεφῶντι νυκτερίσι Av. 1296.

Νυκτερός. See Νυκτερίσιος.

Νυκτερώπτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ater: dark-faced, gloomy. Herc. F. 111. S.V. Νυκτωπός.

Νυκτηγρόω, noctu proclamo aut congreo: to proclaim or collect by night. Sept. Th. 29.

Νυκτηγρία, ας, ἡ, nocturna proclamatio: a nocturnal harangue. Νυκτηγρίαν οὐκ οἶσθ' ὁδὸς Rhes. 20.

Νυκτερός, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, nocte occultus: concealed by night. Agam. 445.

Νυκτερόω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noctu strepens: sounding in the night. Πολυμὰ νυκτερόω Rhes. 553.

Νυκτιπλάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui noctu errare facit: causing to wander in the night. Agam. 321. See Νυκτισμενός.

Νυκτιπλόος, Νυκτιπλοῦτος, Νυκτιπλοῦτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noctivagus: wandering or coming by night. Ion 1049. P. V. 678. Acharn. 263. See below. S.V. Νυκτιπλοῦτος.

Νυκτισμενός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nocte venerandus: grand by night. Καὶ νυκτισμενὸν δέιν' ἐν' εσχάρῃ πύρος Eumen. 108.

Νυκτιφαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nocte visus: appearing by night. Helen. 569. See above.

Νυκτιφοῖτος. See Νυκτιπλόος.

Νυκτιφρούρητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nocturnis praesidiis custodiens vel custoditus: guarding or guarded by nocturnal forces. Νυκτιφρούρητ' ὄρασε P. V. 886.

Νυκτιπλοῦτος. See Νυκτιπλόος.

Νυκτωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noctis faciem habens, ater: night-faced, dark, nightly. Iph. T. 1280. S.V. See Νυκτερίσιος.

Νύκτωρ, noctu: by night. Nub. 173. S.V. Νυκτός, παννύχιον, ἐν νυκτί.

Νυμφάγωγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui sponsam ab ædibus paternis ad sponsum deducit: one who conducts the bride to her husband's home. Iph. A. 610. See Ἀγαγός. S.V. Νυμφόκωμος, προμνηστρία.

Νυμφεύς, Ion. Νυμφίδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponsus, maritus: a bridegroom, husband. Ion 912. S.V. Παράνυμφος, εὐνῆτωρ, ἀλδός, q. v.

Νυμφευτήριον, ου, τὸ, concubitus: the rite of marriage. Σκετὴ νυμφευτήρια Troad. 256.

Νυμφευτής, ας, ἡ, pronuba: an attendant on a bride. See J. Pollux 3. and Plut. Lycurg. p. 3. Εστὶν ἡ νυμφευτήρια Acharn. 1056.

Νυμφεῖω, nuptum do; med. sponsam accipio: to 'give in marriage; to receive as wife. Alcest. 314. S.V. Μηροσέω, γάμειω.

Νύμφη, Νύμφα, ης, ἡ, (1) sponsa: a betrothed damsel; (2) nova nupta: a bride; (3) nurus: a daughter-in-law; et (4) Νύμφαι, nymphae, semideae foemineam speciem habentes, quas veteres fingebant praesae nemoribus, fontibus, arboribus, montibus, &c.: the Nymphs. Vid. Lennep. Etym. Ling. Gr. in v. Νύμφη, et Steph. Thes. t. ii. p. 1094—p. 6437. et Damm. in P. R. Hec. 352. Δεῦρ' ἴδ' ὀνύμφα φίλη Γ. 130. S.V. (1) Κόρη, παρθένος, μηροστή, (2) νύδος. Ep. (1) Βάδδκολπός, ἐλίκωπός, νέα, καλλιπάρης, ἀμύμων, οὐρεία, ευκλήης, ἀπὸλεπτός, ἐράτωπός, ἡκίμωτος, ἀνυμφός, περικαλλής, καλλισφύρος, ἡμῆρεσός, κτάνοφρος, πόντια, εὐπλοκάμωτος, (4) Δεῖα, ἐπιπολιμένως, ἀγρόνιοι, κοῦραι Διὸς, λίγυμολποι, Νηϊάδες, Ὀρεστιάδες, χερσὶν ἔχουσιν, ἐκκίδαι, ὄρεαι, Ἰδαίαι, πέτραίαι, ῥοδὸπλήχες, ἐράτειναι, ἀκοίμητοι, δειναὶ δέα ἀγροῦνταις, Ἀσσηίδες, Δηλιάδες, Ἐσπερίδες, Θεσσαλίδες, Κασσάδες, Κωρύκται, Κρηνίδες, κρηναίαι, Λιμναῖες, ἐλειόνομοι, Μελίαι, Πότამηδες.

Νυμφήιον, Ion. pro Νυμφεῖον, ου, τὸ, thalamus nuptialis: the bridal chamber. Φίλῳρης νυμφήιον Call. 4. 118. Antig. 903. S.V. Θάλαμος, λέκτρον.





νόν, ἀρτίγυφές, ἀντοφλοῖον, τρισκέλες, ἀνοῦτόν, λαμπρόν, λισπάρων.

Ξουθόπτερος, ου, δ, ή, flavas alas habens: yellow-winged. Herc. F. 485.

Ξουθός, ή, υν, flavus: yellow. Iph. T. 165. SYN. Ξανθός, q. v.

Ξυγγάμις. Ξύν et voces cum ea compositas videtur in Ξύν et vocibus cum ea compositis.

Ξυλινός, ή, υν, ligneus: wooden, of wood. Φέρ' ἴδω τί δαί τὰ ξυλινά τοῦ τέλους τίνες Av. 1153. SYN. Δοράπτερος, Ion. Δουράπτερος.

Ξύλιν, ου, τὸ, lignum, numella: wood, a log, pillory. Βωμὸν πέριξ νήσαντες ἀμφίρην ξύλα Herc. F. 243. SYN. Δορύ. Ερ. Ἀλεξήτριον, σιδηρο-ερίθες, αὐτόν, κἀκῶν, περίκηνδον, αὐτοπρεμνόν.

Ξυλουργία, ας, ή, opera lignaria: timber-work. Ήσαν ου ξυλουργίαν P. V. 460. See above.

Ξυλχιζομαι, ligna caedo: to cut faggots. Τὰς παρὰ τὴν ξυλχιζομένην Theoc. 5. 65. Εξρ. Ξυλά τεμνων ξυνάγω, ξυλίζομαι.

Ξυλχός, ου, ή, saltus: a thicket, grove. Τάρ-φεῖν εν ξυλχού Apoll. 4. 13. SYN. Δρυμός, δρυμὸν, βλη.

Ξυνήϊός, Ξυνός, ή, υν; Ξυνήϊον, ὄνος, δ, ή, communis: common, in common. Τεύχεα δ' ἀμφότεροι ξυνήϊα Ψ. 809. P. 262. Pyth. 3. 84. SYN. Κοινός, ἑταίριος, κοινώνυς.

Ξυνήϊον. See above. Ξυ longa, ut in ξυνός.

Ξυνός. See above.

Ξυρέω, ήσω, rado: to shave. Aj. 786. See Ξυρόν. SYN. Ξέω, ξύω, κείρω.

Ξυρικής, ἔδος, δ, ή, acutus, qui radi potest, rasus: sharp, which can be shaved, shaven.

Κουρά ξυρική καὶ μέλαμπέπλω στάλῃ Alcest. 439. Κουράδοκκ, ης, ή, capsula in qua reponuntur novaculae: a razor-case. Εντεῦθεν εκ τῆς ξυράδοκκς γενναῖος εἰ Them. 220.

Ξυρός, ου, δ; Ξυρόν, ου, τὸ, (1) novacula: a razor; (2) novaculae acies: the edge of a razor. Επὶ ξυροῖ ἡδὲ ἑόντων Theoc. 22. 6. De Ξυρόν Schaf. in Steph. Valpiana citat Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 225. 279: 8. 146. De quantitate Mæris 272.

Ξυρόφορέω, novaculam porto: to carry a razor. Ἀγῶθων σὺ μέντοι ξυρόφορεῖς ἐκδοτὲ Thesm. 218.

Ξυστός, ἰδός, ή, vestis crocei vel purpurei coloris: a saffron or purple coloured vest. Τὰν ξυστιδὰ τὰν Κλεάριστα Theoc. 2. 74.

Ξυστόν, οὐ, τὸ, hastile; hasta: the shaft of a spear; a spear. Av. 564. SYN. Δορύ, δοράτιον, ἄκων, ἀκόντιον, ἐγχός. Ερ. Χαλκήρες, μέγα, ναυμάχον, μακρόν, δῶκα κεικδοῖσιν, κολλητόν, βλή-τροισί.

Ξύω, rado, polio, plano: to shave, polish, plane. Ξύον τὰ δ' ἐφόρεον (trisyll.) δῶμαι X. 456. SYN. Ξέω, q. v.

## O.

Ὀάρ, ἄρος, ή, uxor: a wife. Ἀνδράσι μαρνα-μένος ἄρων ἐνέκα σφετέρων I. 327. SYN. Γυνή, ἀκοίτης, ἀλχός, ευηΐταις, δῆμιος, παρικοίτης.

Ὀάρειν, confabulor: to talk with. "Ὀθί ῥ' ὀάρειν γυναικί Z. 516. SYN. Διάλεγμαι, ὀμιλέω, συνμιλέω, εντυγχάνω.

Ὀάρισμός, οὐ, δ; Ὀάριστός, ὄδος, ή; Ὀάρος, ου, δ; Ὀάρισμά, τὸ, confabulatio, colloquium: con-versation, intercourse. Κρήφιος τ' ὀάρισμός

Hes. Op. 25. P. 228. Hom. Hymn. Ven. 250. Orpian. K. 3. 23. SYN. Ὀμίλια, σύνουσία, έν-τευξίς, ἀδδλεσχία, σύνήθειά. Ερ. Νυμφίδιος, εν-ναῖος, μελίσχιος, κῆρυδιος, μυστίδης, νύχιος.

Ὀάριστος, οὐ, δ, confabulator: one who has intercourse with. Δίος μέγαλον ὀάριστος τ. 180.

Ὀάριστός. See Ὀάρισμός.

Ὀάρως. See Ὀάρισμός.

Ὀέλκισκος, ου, δ, parvum veru; obeliscus: a little spit; a pointed dart. Acharn. 1007.

Ὀέλκός, ἄλ. Ὀέλκος, οὐ, δ, veru: a spit, dart. Cycl. 392. Acharn. 761. Ερ. Βουπόρος, δου-ράτες.

Ὀβολός, οὐ, δ, obolus: an Athenian coin, the 6th part of a drachma. Nub. 118. SYN. Νύ-μισμα. Ερ. Ἠλιαστίκος.

Ὀδολοστής, ου, δ, fenerator sordidus: a usurer. Nub. 1155. See Προστάτης. SYN. Δάνειστος, χρηστής.

Ὀβρίκαλά, ων, τὰ, leonum, luporum, et simi- lium animalium catuli: young cubs. Θηρῶν οβρί- κάλοιον Agam. 140. SYN. Σκύμιον, σκυλάκις.

Ὀβρίμωγός, ου, δ, ή, ingentia et fortia facinora patrans: performing terrible acts. Σχετλῖος οβρί- μωγός E. 403.

Ὀβρίμωπάρη, Ὀβρίμωπάρη, ης, ή, forti patre nata: daughter of a mighty sire. Γλαυκώτιδος οβρίμωπάρης ω. 539. Equit. 1175.

Ὀβρίμω, Ὀβρίμω, ου, δ, ή, fortis, robustus, impetuosis: brave, impetuous, powerful. "Ὀβρί- μω" Εκτωρ K. 200. SYN. Βρίαρος, ισχυρός, βίαιος, σθένερός, δεινός, χάλεπός, κράτερός.

Ὀγδόατος, Ὀγδός, ου, η, octavus: the eighth. Ογδόατ' ἐτεῖ ἦλθον δ. 82. H. 246.

Ὀγκας, ας, ή, Onca: the Phœnician name of Minerva. Ὀγκας Ἀθήνας ξὺν βύθ' ἐπείστανται Sept. Th. 483.

Ὀγκιον, ου, τὸ, spiculatorum vel sagittarum receptaculum (see Schol. in I. infra c.): a case for containing missile weapons. Φέρων ὄγκιον ἐνθά σιδηρος φ. 61. SYN. Σιδηρόθηκη.

Ὀγκός, ου, δ, tumor; moles, gleba terræ; uncus; onus; fastus; amplitudo: a swelling; a mass, clod; a hook; a load; pride; bigness. Καὶ ὄγκους ἐκτός ἐόντας Δ. 151. SYN. Σωρός, ἀχθός, μεγέθος, φύσημα, ἄκίς, βάρος.

Ὀγκώω, ὠνω, tumefacio, fastu extollo: to cause to swell, render pompous. Androm. 320. See above. SYN. Εξογκώω, οὐδαινω, βρίω, μέγαλυνω.

Ὀγκύλλομαι, superbio: to be puffed up, haughty, or proud. Pax 465. See Ὀγκός. SYN. Ογκύομαι, ἐπαίρομαι, οὐδαινόμεναι, ἁλυνόμεναι.

Ὀγκύω, sulco: to furrow. Στίβων ογκυέει τὸν δὲ πέλας που Philoct. 164. SYN. Ἀλόκις, δέ- ρισ.

Ὀγκός, ου, δ, sulcus, series: a furrow, a row in rearing. Δράγματ' ἄ' ἄλλ' αὐτ' ὄγκον Σ. 552. SYN. Ὀρμάδος, ὄδος, αὐλαξ.

Ὀγχαστός, ου, δ, Onchestus: a grove sacred to Neptune. B. 506. Ερ. Πάλληρος, ἄγρος, λέ- χεποις, ποιήεις.

Ὀγχη, ης, ή, pirus; pirum: a pear-tree; a pear. Ὀγχη ἐκ' ὄγχη η. 120. Ερ. Βλωθρά.

Ὀδαῖος, α, υν, "ad viam aut iter pertinentes et idonee aut necessarius; in specie (2) τὰ δαῖτα sunt ea merces, propter quas mercator iter suum mercatorium instituit." Damm.: necessary for a journey. Ἦνων ὀδαῖον ο. 444.

Ὀδακτάω, ἄσω, mordere: to bite, champ. Apoll. 4. 1608. SYN. Δάκνω, δάκναι, ὀδάω.

Ὀδᾶξ, mordicus: with the teeth. Phœn. 1438. SYN. Ἀπρίξ, ἀπριγδά.

Ὀδάω, ήω, viatico instruo, deduco, vendo: to furnish with provisions for a journey; to supply. Cycl. 12. SYN. Ἀπεμπάλλω.

Ὀδέλός. See Ὀθέλός.

Ὀδεύω, ὀδοπρέω, viam eo, iter facio, profici- scor: to journey, to travel. Θῶς ἐπὶ νῆας ὀδεύειν Δ. 568. Aj. 1230. SYN. Πάρεῦθαι, βα- δίω, ἀπερχόμεναι.

Ὀδηγέω, ducō, instituo: to lead on the way, instruct. Herc. F. 1395. SYN. Ἠγέομαι, ὀδῶω, ἄγω, ὑπηγόμεναι, κῶμιζω.

"Ὀδῖος, ου, δ, et δ, ή, Hodus; (2) in via stans, faustus ad iter: standing in the way, propitious. Αρχὴν Ἀλκίοναν Ὀδῖον μετ' αὐ E. 39. SYN. (2) Εὐσμήος, δεξίος, ἐπιδέξιος, αἰσιός.

Ὀδιμα, ἄτος, τὸ, via, iter: a way, passage. Pers. 71. SYN. see Ὀδός.

Ὀδίτης, ου, δ, viator: a wayfaring man, tra- veller. Ἀνήνται τίς ὀδίτην Theoc. 25. 6. SYN. Ὀδοπόρος. Ερ. Ἠφός, ἐσπερίος, κερμηκῶς, κοῦ- φός, πόδημος, ἀκίπιδιός.

Ὀδμή, ης, ή, odor: smell, breath. "Ὁ δέϊον ὀδμῆς πνεύμα Hipp. 1389. SYN. Οσμῆ, ὀσμή.

Ερ. Ἡδεῖα, πικρά, ἀμειβόμενα, λειριόεσσα, ἀφεγγής, ἰμερόεσσα, ἀγῶθι, κῆχι, ἀμειβόμενα, δεσποῖα, ου πλεῖν, δυσόσθης, Βακχίος, ὀδῶ.

Ὀδοιπλάνω, via aberro: to lose one's way, wander. Acharn. 69. See Πλάω. Wolf and Elmsley have rejected the form ὀδοιπλάνω. SYN. see Πλάω.

Ὀδοπρέω, iter facio: to travel. Aj. 1230. SYN. Ὀδεύω, πάρεῦθαι, βαδίω.

Ὀδοπρία, ας, ή, profectio, iter, expeditio: a journey, a march. Ὀδοπρίην ἀλέειν Hom. Merc. 85. SYN. Πόρεῖα, ἐφθδός, στάλος.

Ὀδοπρίων, ου, τὸ, convivium quod comitibus itineris præbetur: fare, a feast given to travel- lers. Ὀδοπρίον παρὰβέβηκεν ο. 505. SYN. Ὀδαῖον, ἐφθδῖον, ἦμα (τῶ).

Ὀδοπρός, ου, δ, viator; comes: a traveller; a companion. Theoc. 12. 9. SYN. Ὀδίτης, ἀκ- λουθός, ὁμοστόλος. Ερ. Αἰσιός, πολυτλήμων.

Ὀδοντόφυς, ἔδος, δ, ή, a dentibus natus: tooth-sprung. Γένων ὀδοντόφυ Phœn. 835.

Ὀδός, οὐ, ή, (2) sine aspiratione ὀδός, οὐ, δ; (1) via: a way, road; (2) pavementum, humus, seu limen: pavement, ground, or threshold. Πολλὰς δ' ὀδοὺς ἐλθόντ' Ε. R. 67.

Varie interpretatur limen et fundamentum in Ε. C. 1590. SYN. (1) Ὀδοπρία, κέλευθος, τριβός, στίβος, ὀδῶμα, ὀλμ, ἀτράπος, ἀγυιά, τριβός, (2) see Ὀδός. Ερ. (1) Ἀργάλεα, δολίχη, λαδφόρος, λεία, παιπάλδεσσα, στήνερ, τλη- μόνεστατη, ὑστάτη, ἐρημός, ἀθλία, πικρά, φαύλη, ἐναντία, διπτόχης, δαυαίσιμος, εὐσέτης, πύκνη, φάεννη, κρύφια, κοίλη, στήνη, ἱππηλάσια, τη- ρία, ἄλῖα, στενωπός, πλάτεια, ὀρθίος, (2) see Ὀδός.

Ὀδοῖρος, ου, δ, ή, comes viae, qui viam cus- todit: a companion or guide on the way, one who guards the way. Ion 1617.

Ὀδοός, ὄντος, δ, dens: a tooth. Eur. Sup. 713. SYN. Γομφίος. Ερ. Γαπῆς, μυσῶρος, κράτερός, λευκός, τριστόχοις, ἀργαλέος, αἰθων, ὀδός, πικρός, μάλερος, λευκά δέων, ἀμφοτέρω, πύκνός, δαμείν, δεινός, ἀναδής, νεδύλιος.

Ὀδῶω, ὠσω, deduco: to conduct. P. V. 507. SYN. see Ὀδηγέω.

Ὀδῶναι, ήω, dolore adficiō: to cause pain to.

Τὸ γὰρ ὀρθοῦσθαι γράμην ὀθῶν Hipp. 247. SYN. Λυπεῖω, ἀνῶω, αλγύνω, κάκω, ὀχλέω.

Ὀθῶν, ης, ή, dolor: pain, grief. Δεινὸν ὀθῶν καρπὸν ἐχουσαι Eur. El. 1342. SYN. Ἀνία, λύπη, πόνος, ἀχθός, ἀλγός, ἀχός, κῶδος, πένθος, δύη, ἀχθῶν. Ερ. Βάρεα, ἀπρακτός, κῆχι, μέλαινα, ἀλέγειν, ὀεία, χάλεπη, διανταῖος, ἀλληκτός, ἀργαλέα, κριερά, στήνερ, πικρά, δυ- μῶδός, βλάβερ, λευγάλεα, ὀδῶ.

Ὀθῶνός, α, υν, calamitosus: calamitous, pain- ful. Πᾶς ὀθῶνός βίος ἀνθρώπων Hipp. 189. SYN. Ἐπιπόνος, λυπηρός, ηἰθιμύς, ἀλέγεινός, οἰζυρός.

Ὀθῶνφάτος, ου, δ, ή, qui dolores minuit: pain- alleviating. Χερσὶ διατρίψας ὀθῶνφάτων Δ. 846.

Ὀδυρμά, ἄτος, τὸ; Ὀδυρός, οὐ, δ, lamentatio: lamentation. Iph. 1101. Hec. 153. SYN. Ὀρῆνός, ομωγή, ὀδωρμός, ὀδωλνγῆ. Ερ. Μάκρον, μέγα.

Ὀδυρόμαι, lamentor: to lament. Καὶ μάτην ὀδυρόμαι Phœn. 1775. SYN. Δύρομαι (see Blomfield's Gloss. P. V. 191. and R. P. Hec. 728.), στένάζω, στήνω, ομῶς, αἰάζω, ἀρηνέω, δακρύω, κλάω, ὀδωφόρομαι, στήνάζω.

Ὀδυρτός, ή, υν, lamentatione dignus: worth lamenting for. Acharn. 1226.

Ὀδυσεύς, Ὀδυσεύς, Ion. ἦδός, Attic. ἔως, δ, Ulysses. Εἰμ' Ὀδυσσεύς Λαερτιάδης ι. 19. B. 272. Ερ. Πόλυανός, δουρικίτης, διγυῆς, δῖος, διῶ- τρέφης, δέϊος, πόλυμης, πολυτρήτος, τλήμων, ἀγῶκλῆτος, ἀναξ, δαίφρων, ποικιλίμης, κλῆτος, δημόχριστος, πόλυδρων, πολυπορτός, ἀντιθεός, δύμορος, ἄμμιον, κόπης, κυδάλιμος, ὀλέϊος, πό- λυμχάνος, φαίδιμος, δαδωφρόνιος, δύστηνος, ποικιλόφρων, εσθλός, θράσις, ἰσχυρότης, ἐκρύκλε- τίος, πόλυτλας, ἡδύλορος, μέγ' αἰθρῶν, πολυτρί- βος, μέγαθυρος, τάλαντοφρων, αἰδολίμης, θυμῶ- λειον, φρόνιμος, φιλοπολέμιος, ἰσχυρός, δαδωμής, ἀργαλέος, ποικιλόφρων, περίφραδης. ΡΗ. Δόλων ἄτος ἡδὲ πῶνοι, κῶκα πολλά πάθων, παῖς Λαέρταδ, Λαερτεῶν υἱός, γῆς Κέφαλλῶν ἀναξ, Δῖι μῆτιν ἀπᾶντος, εἰδὸς παντοίους τέ δόλους καὶ μῆδεά πικρά, μέγα κῶδος Ἀχαιῶν, Δῖι φίλος, τὸ Σισύ- φειον σπέρμα.

Ὀδυσῆϊος, η, υν, Ulyssensis: of Ulysses. Ὀδύ- σῃον es δῶμον ἵκει σ. 352.

Ὀδυσόμαι, ὀδομαι, succenseo, invideo: to be angry with, grudge. Τί νύ οἱ τῶσον ὀδύσῃο Ζεῦ α. 62. SYN. Μηνῶ, ὀργίζομαι, χολοῦμαι, ἀγανακτέω.

Ὀδωτός, ή, υν, viam habens: having a way, passable. Ε. C. 495.

Ὀζός, ου, δ, ramus; proles: a branch, twig; a descendant. Τὸ Ὀρσειδα δ' ὀζώ Ἀθηναῖον Hec. 122. SYN. Κλάδος, δῶλος, ἑρνός, ἀπώγινος. Ερ. Ἐλάτιος, ἀπώγινος, πικνός, τανύηκης, ἀγῶδός, μόρσιμος, χλωρός, κότυμφός, κυρικός.

Ὀζω, oleo: to smell. Καὶ πᾶς τὸδ' ὀζέει δυ- μάτων ἐφεστῶν Agam. 1281.

Ὀθεν, unde: from whence. Ἀρτύνοντες ὀθεν κέ τίς λ. 365. SYN. Ὀποθεν, ποθεν, ἐξ οὐ.

Ὀθί, ubi: where. Εἰν Ἀρίμοις ὀθί πασί B. 783. SYN. Ἐνθά, ὅπου, ἡ, ὅπ' ἐρ, ἰνά.

Ὀθνεῖος, α, υν, et ου, δ, alienigena, peregrinus: of another family, foreign, a stranger. Οὐ χρὴν μ' ὀθνεῖον γ' ὀνέκ' Alcest. 826. SYN. Ἀλλοτρίος, ξένος.

Ὀθῶμαι, vereor, curo: to regard, cure for. E. 403. SYN. Επιστρέφομαι, ἀλγίζω, φροντίζω, ἐπιμελέομαι, κήδομαι.

Ὀθων, ης, ή, linteum; indusium aut velum linteum: linen; a tunic, a sail. T. 141. SYN.

ἔσπῳς, ὑφασμὰ λεπτόν, συνδόν. Ep. Λεπτή, μάλαχ, χιτώνος.  
 ὀθωνίον, ου, τὸ, panniculus linteus: a linen rag. ὀθωνία κρητὴν πάρακευάζετε Acharn. 1175. Syn. Πάκος.

Ἰθαυνικά, i. q. ὄτι. Aj. 123.  
 ὄθρις, ὄθρις, habens similes pilos: having a like mane or hair. ὄθριος οἰετίας B. 765.

ὀθρυόνης, Ion. ἦος, δ, Othryoneus: a noble Trojan. ὀθρυόνην περὶ θῆ σὲ βρότων N. 374.

ὄθρως, ὄθρ, Othrys: a mountain in Thessaly. Alcest. 596. O communis, ut A in ἄθρως, &c. Ep. ὄθρῳ, νύφρως, νύφρως, νύφρως.

ὀι, interjectio dolentium et lamentantium: oh! Ol' ἡδὲ μέλα τι ποτ' ἀπὸς Nec. 152.

ὀιάγρως, ου, δ, Oeagrus. Vesp. 579. See Ἀγρως.

ὀικονόμος, ὀικονομῶν, ου, δ, qui clavum dirigit, gubernator: one who directs the helm, a pilot. F. V. 153. (See ὀίαξ, ακός.) Med. 523.

Syn. Κιβερνήτης, οἰάκι νωμῶν, κύριος. Ep. Κεῖνος, πιστός, μνήμων, ποτὶσπῶρος, σάφρων.

ὀικονομῶν, clavum dirigo, gubernare: to direct the helm. Θυμὸν φακονομῶν Pers. 773. See below. Syn. Κιβερνήτης, κάτευνος.

ὀικονομῶν. See ὀικονομῶν.  
 ὀίαξ, ακός, Ion. Οἴηξ, δ, et Οἴηδον, ου, τὸ, clavus, gubernaculum: a rudder. ὀίαξ νωμῶν βλεφάρῳ μὴ κοιμῶν ἔνθα Sept. Th. 3. Ω. 269. ι. 483.

Syn. Πηδάλιον.  
 ὀίατις, ἰδός, ἡ, Oeatis: of Oea, one of the demoi of Attica. (See however, on the meaning of this word, Hesych. and Eustath. p. 1165.) Οἰάτιδος εκ νόμου E. C. 1061. Logaedic. dim.

See Hermann de Metris, p. 231.  
 ὀιάρης, ου, δ, Oeares. Πάρθον τὲ μέγαν τ' Οἰάρην Pers. 977. (Parcmiac.)

ὀίγνυμι, ὀίγω, f. οἴγω, aperio: to open. Πᾶσαι δ' ὀίγνυσι τῶναι Θ. 58. Herc. F. 332. Syn. Ἀνοίγω, ἐξανοίγω, ἀνοίγνυμι, ἀναπέταζω, ὑπᾶνοίγω, δίοίγω.

ὀιδᾶν, et Ion. Οἰδανέικω, tumefacio: to cause to swell. Αλλά μοι οἰδάνεται κράδι χολῶ I. 642. Apoll. 3. 383. Οἰδᾶν is not here inserted, because οἰδᾶν is the only form used by the ancient Greek poets. See Pors. Phoen. 1398.

Syn. Φυσᾶν, ογκῶν, ἐπαίρω.  
 ὀιδῶν, ἡσω, tumeo, indigno: to swell, to be enraged. ὀιδῶν δὲ χροῖά πάντα ε. 455. Syn. Εξοιδῶν, εξογκῶμαι, ογκύλλομαι, οργίζομαι.

ὀιδιπότης, ου, Οἰδipous, πῶδος, acc. πουν et πῶδα, δ, Oedipus: the son of Laius and Jocasta. Ἀδipὸν Οἰδipῶδα πρῶτῳ ὄλεσε Phoen. 1519. 27.

Ep. Κλεινός, ἀθλιός, δυσδαίμων, πάτροκτόνος, ἀθέος, ἀφίλος, ἐγγένης, Θηβαῖος, πτωχός. Phn. see E. R. 452—460.

ὀιδῶν, ἡσω, tumor, fluctus maris, aestus: a swell, wave, surge. Hes. Theog. 109. Syn. Κύμα, βρῦμα, πέλαγος, κλυδωνίον, κλυδων, ὄλη, ὄλης. Ep. Ἀλῖον, πόλιν, πόλιν, πορφυρέον, πόντιον, δαλδασίον, νήνεμον, ἀτρίγέτον, ἀλγεινόν, πόλιν, κῆρυον, λῆρον, ἀγρίον, βαρυνέρον.

ὀιδῶν, ου, δ, ἡ; ὀιδῶν, ὡνός, una tantum veste indutus: having only one garment. Νήλιπός οἰδῶν Apoll. 3. 646. ὀιδῶν' ἐμὲναι ξ. 489. Syn. Μονοπέπλος.

ὀιέτης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, æqualis, ejusdem ætatis: of the same age. B. 765. Syn. Ὀμῆλις, ἡλικιώτης.

ὀιζύρος, ἀ, δν, ærumnosus, miser: calamitous, wretched. Οὐ μὲν γὰρ τί ποτ' ἐστὶν οἰζυρότερον ἀνδρὸς v. 140. The penult of οἰζύρος is made

short by Arist. Nub. 665. Ἀγρῶς εἰ καὶ σκαῖος ου γὰρ ὁ ὄρε. Syn. Ἀθλιός, τῶναι, λυπηρός, μοχθηρός, ἐπιπῶνος, αλγινός, κἀκδαίμων, πᾶνός.

ὀίς, Οἴς, ὡς, ἡ, ærumna, miseria: trouble, misery, wretchedness. Μεγὰ πείρας οἴζος ἡ μὴ ἰκάνει ε. 289. The Attic poets always used οἴς as a dissyllable. They also said οἴζος, not οἴζος. Butler retains ἀπῆμν' οἴζος, Eum. 796: which seems strange. See Porson, Hec. 936.

and pref. Hec. p. clvii. ed. Priestley. Syn. Ἀθλιότης, πῶνος, κἀμῶς, τῶναι, λυπηρός, μόχθος, ακία. Ep. Ἀτερπός, ἀνῆ, ἀργαλία, σπένδεσά, δακρύσασά, ἀκέρσεως, κίρᾳ, ἀλγινέσασά, ἀνδοχέτος.

ὀίζω, ὡς, ærumnas perpetior: to endure distress. Καλλείψην ἡς εἶναι' οἴζωμεν κἀκὰ πολλά E. 89. The penult of οἴζω is always short in Homer; but we find it long in the pres. Apoll. 4. 1324. In the fut. and aor. it is always long. Syn. Τῶναι, λυπηρός, πῶνος, μόχθος, ὄλεω.

ὀιζύν, Οἴηξ, See ὀίαξ.  
 Οἴς. See ὀίς.

ὀικᾶδῃ, ὀικᾶνδῃ, adv. domum: to one's home, homeward. Λύσαι πόδουσιν οἰκᾶδ' ἐκ Τροίας πῶδα Hec. 1006. A. 606. ὀικᾶδῃ and οἰκᾶνδῃ are here denominated adverbs in conformity with the general practice of Lexicographers, but in reality they are the antiquated forms of the accusative, denoting to, as οἰκοθεν is the genitive, from, and οἰκοθι and οἰκοι the dative, in. See Brit. Crit. No. 3. for April 1826. It is worthy of remark that οἰκᾶνδῃ is only used in poetry; οἰκᾶδῃ is common both to the poets and prose writers. See Steph. Thes. tom. ii. 1219—6610.

ὀικῶς, α, δν, et ου, δ, ἡ, domesticus, familiaris: domestic, belonging to the family, intimate. Οἰκῶς αὐτὸν ὄλεσε Hipp. 1161. Syn. Κηδεμών, ἐπιτήδεως, συγγένης, οἰκονόμος.

ὀικεῖν, domesticus sum, famulus, habito: to be a domestic or servant, to dwell in. Alcest. 449. Syn. Οἰκῶ, σύνοικῶ, ἐπιτρέτω.

ὀικεῖται, ου, δ; ὀικεῖται, ἰδός, ἡ; ὀικεῖται, Ion. gen. ἦος, δ, famulus: a domestic, attendant, servant. Eur. Sup. 880. El. 104. p. 533. Syn. Οἰκῶς, δοῦλος, ἐπιτρέτης, δῆμος, δερᾶπων, ἀμφιπῶλος. Ep. Ὀτρηρός, πιστός.

ὀικῶς. See ὀικῶς.  
 ὀικῶν, ἡσω, habito; administro: to inhabit; to manage. Androm. 242. Syn. Κάτοικῶν, ἐνοικῶ, ναῖω, ναίετῶν, διατρέτω, οἰκονόμῶν.

ὀικησις, εὖς, ἡ; ὀικησις, ἡσω, τὸ, habitatio, habitaculum: an habitation, dwelling. Æsch. Sup. 1016. De οἰκησις Schæf. in Steph. ed Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 8. Syn. Ενοικησις. Ep. Κάτασκάφης, ἀεφρουρῶν, ἱερῶν.

ὀικητήρ, ἦρος, ὀικητής, οἰ, ὀικητῶρ, ὄρος, δ, incolæ: an inhabitant. E. C. 654. E. R. 1450. Herc. F. 393. Syn. Εγγχώριος, ἐνοικῶς, ἐντοπός. Ep. Πάλαος, ἀμικτός.

ὀικητῶν. See ὀικῶν.  
 ὀικητός, ὡν, habitandus: must be inhabited. E. C. 39.

ὀικία, ας, ἡ; ὀικίον, ου, τὸ; ὀικῶς, ου, δ, domus, domicilium; familia: a house, home; family. Οἰκίαν οὐδὲν λάβειν Plut. 205. M. 168.

Syn. See Κάτοικεῖν, ἐποικεῖν, ἐλεῖν, ἐλεῖν, οἰκῶν, ἔχω.

ὀικίον, See above.  
 ὀικεῖται, ὀικεῖται, ἡσω et ἰω, misereor: to compassionate, mourn for. Med. 345. Orest. 775.

Syn. See Κάτοικεῖν, ἐποικεῖν, ἐλεῖν, ἐλεῖν, οἰκῶν, ἔχω.

ὀικίον, See above.  
 ὀικητός, See ὀικητός.

ὀικητῶν, ὡνός, ὡς, ἡ, misericors: pitying,

H. Steph. calls it an Ionic form of Οἴκος. Syn. Οἰκημᾶ, οἰκησις, δῶμος, δῶμα, κάτοικία. Ep. Ευρώσας, ἀφνειός, ἐκτικμένη, ὑφ' ὀρέφους, πῶν, ἀμύμων, γέρᾳ, ἀεκέλια, πᾶτράς, ὀρφανός, πόλιν, χρυσός, ἐρημῶς, ἀνῆλις, μάκρια, ολβία, κλεινῆ, πάλαια, εὐδαίμων, ευγενής, ἀνδοχέτος, ἡλεῖται, χρυσήρης, ἀσπράκτος, ἀνδοχέτος, λεπτῆ, γλυκέρᾳ, ἡμέρῃσας, λαμπρά, πέτρινα, δαίκοις, εὐπᾶτρίδης, γηροτρόφος.

ὀικίδιον, ὀικητῶν, ου, τὸ, domuncula: a paltry house or dwelling. ὄρες τὸ δῶριον τοῦτο καὶ τῶν οἰκίδιον Nub. 92. Orest. 1113.

ὀικίω, ἰσω, habitare facio, condo; coloniam deduco: to place, build; to found a colony. Troad. 437. Syn. Κάτοικίω, οἰκῶμεν, ἱερῶν, δῶμα, κάτασκευάζω, κτίω.

ὀικῶν, See ὀικῶν.  
 ὀικητήρ, ἦρος, δ, conditor urbis vel regionis; colonus: the founder of a city; a colonist. Sept. Th. 19. Syn. (2) See ὀικητής.

ὀικητῶν, ου, δ, (Ecceles) genitus: the son of (Ecceles). Sept. Th. 278.

ὀικησις, ὀικησις, (aut ὀικῶν) εὖς, contr. εὖς, Ion. ἦος, δ, (Ecceles) the father of Amphiarus. Ἀντίπατρος μὲν ἐκτικνέον ὀικητῶν μετὰ θυμῶν, Ἀντῶν ὀικησις ο. 243, 244. Καὶ μὴν τὸν ὀικησις γέ Eur. Sup. 935.

ὀικονόμος, εὖς, δ, ἡ, domi nostræ natus, verna, domesticus: born in one's house, domestic. Pax 788. Syn. Οἰκῶς, ἡμέρος.

ὀικονόμῶν, ἡσω, ædifico: to build a house. Pax 749. Syn. Δῆμῳ, κάτασκευάζω, οἰκίω.

ὀικῶν, ὀικῶν, ὀικῶν. See obs. in ὀικῶν.  
 ὀικῶν Troad. 381.

ὀικῶν. See ὀικῶν.  
 ὀικῶν, ἡσω, res domesticas dispenso; administro: to manage a family; to direct. Οἰκονόμῳ δαλᾶμους πᾶτρός Soph. El. 190. Syn. Δι-οικῶ, δῖπῳ, εὐνείπῳ, κῆρυον, διατρέτω.

ὀικονόμος, ου, δ, ἡ, dispensator rei familiaris: a manager of a family. Agam. 150. Syn. Οἰκουρός, ἐπιτρόπος.

ὀικονόμος, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) domum faciens, i. e. ædificans: building a house; (2) domi factus: home-made. Οὐκ ἐνδὸν οἰκονόμος ἐστὶ τις τρῶφῃ Philoct. 32. Syn. Οἰκῶς.

ὀικῶς. See ὀικῶς.  
 ὀικῶν, ἡσω, domi nutritus, verna: a slave born in the family. Ὀκῶντις Euripides Thesm. 426. Phn. Δοῦλος, οὐκ ὠνητός ἀλλ' οἰκοῦ τράφεις.

ὀικουρέω, domum servo vel custodio, domi maneo: to guard the house, to remain at home. Philoct. 1328.

ὀικουρήμᾳ, ἡσω, τὸ; ὀικουρία, ας, ἡ, domus custodia: care at home, fidelity. Orest. 919. Herc. F. 1365. See below. Syn. Φυλάκη.

ὀικουρίον, ου, τὸ, præmium ei datum qui domum custodit: a reward for protecting a house. Οἰκουρίῳ ἀντέπεμψε Trach. 544.

ὀικουρός, ου, δ, ἡ, οἰκῶν, ἡσω, qui domum servat vel custodit: housekeeper, protector of a family. Hec. 1284. Καὶ Ζεὺς σωτήρ τρίτος οἰκῶν, ἡσω, Sup. 27. Syn. Οἰκουράν.

ὀικῶν. See above.  
 ὀικεῖται, ὀικεῖται, ἡσω et ἰω, misereor: to compassionate, mourn for. Med. 345. Orest. 775.

Syn. See Κάτοικεῖν, ἐποικεῖν, ἐλεῖν, ἐλεῖν, οἰκῶν, ἔχω.

ὀικῶν, See above.  
 ὀικητός, See ὀικητός.

ὀικητῶν, ὡνός, ὡς, ἡ, misericors: pitying,

merciful. Theoc. 15. 75. Syn. Ἐλεεινός, φιλανθρωπῶν, ἐλεῖν.

ὀικησις, ἡσω, τὸ; ὀικητός, ὀικητός, ου, δ, miseratio: pity. Heracl. 159. Pyth. 1. 164. Hec. 517. Syn. Ἐλεός, δολιγμός. Ep. Μεγὰ, δολίον, κηδεῖν.

ὀικιστός. See ὀικητός.  
 ὀικῶς. See ὀικητός.

ὀικητός, ἀ, δν, superl. οἰκῶν, ὀικητός, miserandus: deserving of pity. Helen. 943. Hec. 900. X. 76. Syn. Ἐλεεινός, οἰκῶν, τλήμων, παντλήμων, κίρῶς, ἀθλιός.

ὀικητός, miserabiliter: in a manner to excite pity. Hec. 339. Syn. ὀικητός, ἐλεεινός.

ὀικητός, miserabilia verba fundo: to pour forth a piteous note. Vesp. 553.

ὀικητός, εὖς, δ, ἡ, domi utilis, industrius: useful to a family, industrious. Theoc. 28. 2.

ὀικητός, ας, ἡ, utilis ad familiam allata: industry, frugality. Οὐδ' οἰκῶν, ἡ τὴν τρέφει ξ. 223.

ὀικῶς, εὖς, Ion. ἦος, δ, (Ecceles) εὖς, contr. εὖς, Ion. ἦος, δ, (Ecceles) the father of Amphiarus. Ἀντίπατρος μὲν ἐκτικνέον ὀικητῶν μετὰ θυμῶν, Ἀντῶν ὀικησις ο. 243, 244. Καὶ μὴν τὸν ὀικησις γέ Eur. Sup. 935.

ὀικητός, εὖς, δ, ἡ, domi nostræ natus, verna, domesticus: born in one's house, domestic. Pax 788. Syn. Οἰκῶς, ἡμέρος.

ὀικονόμος, ἡσω, ædifico: to build a house. Pax 749. Syn. Δῆμῳ, κάτασκευάζω, οἰκίω.

ὀικῶν, ὀικῶν, ὀικῶν. See obs. in ὀικῶν.  
 ὀικῶν Troad. 381.

ὀικῶν. See ὀικῶν.  
 ὀικῶν, ἡσω, res domesticas dispenso; administro: to manage a family; to direct. Οἰκονόμῳ δαλᾶμους πᾶτρός Soph. El. 190. Syn. Δι-οικῶ, δῖπῳ, εὐνείπῳ, κῆρυον, διατρέτω.

ὀικονόμος, ου, δ, ἡ, dispensator rei familiaris: a manager of a family. Agam. 150. Syn. Οἰκουρός, ἐπιτρόπος.

ὀικονόμος, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) domum faciens, i. e. ædificans: building a house; (2) domi factus: home-made. Οὐκ ἐνδὸν οἰκονόμος ἐστὶ τις τρῶφῃ Philoct. 32. Syn. Οἰκῶς.

ὀικῶς. See ὀικῶς.  
 ὀικῶν, ἡσω, domi nutritus, verna: a slave born in the family. Ὀκῶντις Euripides Thesm. 426. Phn. Δοῦλος, οὐκ ὠνητός ἀλλ' οἰκοῦ τράφεις.

ὀικουρέω, domum servo vel custodio, domi maneo: to guard the house, to remain at home. Philoct. 1328.

ὀικουρήμᾳ, ἡσω, τὸ; ὀικουρία, ας, ἡ, domus custodia: care at home, fidelity. Orest. 919. Herc. F. 1365. See below. Syn. Φυλάκη.

ὀικουρίον, ου, τὸ, præmium ei datum qui domum custodit: a reward for protecting a house. Οἰκουρίῳ ἀντέπεμψε Trach. 544.

ὀικουρός, ου, δ, ἡ, οἰκῶν, ἡσω, qui domum servat vel custodit: housekeeper, protector of a family. Hec. 1284. Καὶ Ζεὺς σωτήρ τρίτος οἰκῶν, ἡσω, Sup. 27. Syn. Οἰκουράν.

ὀικῶν. See above.  
 ὀικεῖται, ὀικεῖται, ἡσω et ἰω, misereor: to compassionate, mourn for. Med. 345. Orest. 775.

Syn. See Κάτοικεῖν, ἐποικεῖν, ἐλεῖν, ἐλεῖν, οἰκῶν, ἔχω.

ὀικῶν, See above.  
 ὀικητός, See ὀικητός.

ὀικητῶν, ὡνός, ὡς, ἡ, misericors: pitying,

merciful. Theoc. 15. 75. Syn. Ἐλεεινός, φιλανθρωπῶν, ἐλεῖν.

ὀικησις, ἡσω, τὸ; ὀικητός, ὀικητός, ου, δ, miseratio: pity. Heracl. 159. Pyth. 1. 164. Hec. 517. Syn. Ἐλεός, δολιγμός. Ep. Μεγὰ, δολίον, κηδεῖν.

ὀικιστός. See ὀικητός.  
 ὀικῶς. See ὀικητός.

ὀικητός, ἀ, δν, superl. οἰκῶν, ὀικητός, miserandus: deserving of pity. Helen. 943. Hec. 900. X. 76. Syn. Ἐλεεινός, οἰκῶν, τλήμων, παντλήμων, κίρῶς, ἀθλιός.

ὀικητός, miserabiliter: in a manner to excite pity. Hec. 339. Syn. ὀικητός, ἐλεεινός.

ὀικητός, miserabilia verba fundo: to pour forth a piteous note. Vesp. 553.

ὀικητός, εὖς, δ, ἡ, domi utilis, industrius: useful to a family, industrious. Theoc. 28. 2.

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Ὀμιλᾶδων, Ὀμιληδών, catervatim, turmatim: in troops, in crowds. Ὀμιλᾶδων αἰὲν ἔποντο P. 730. Hes. Op. 834. SYN. Ἀθρόως, ἰαδδών.

Ὀμιλεῖν, versor cum aliquo, una sum: to associate, meet, engage or mix with, to converse. Ὀμιλεῖν ἀλλὰ γὰρ ἔμπετος Apoll. 1. 630. SYN. Σύνμιλεω, ἐντυγχάνω, συναντίζομαι, συνουκῶ, συμβάλλω, ἀναστρέφωμαι, συνουσιάζω.

Ὀμιληδών. See Ὀμιλῶδων.

Ὀμιλημά, ἄτος, τὸ, officium, congressus: intercourse. Κάκων δ' Ὀμιλημῶ ἀσθενὲς δὲ καὶ πόλει Eur. fr. Antiope. 10. 3.

Ὀμιλητός, ἡ, ὄν, mitis, adfabilis: gentle, sociable. Οὐχ Ὀμιλητὸν δρᾶστος Sept. Th. 173.

Ὀμιλία, ας, ἡ, congressus, commercium, colloquium: society, intercourse, connexion. Προσπέσων Ὀμιλίαν Hipp. 19. SYN. Ὀμιλημῶ, μέτσοσια, διατρέψις, πάληνυσις.

Ὀμιλός, ου, ὁ, cœtus, turba, multitudo, tumultus: a company, throng, band, tumult. Πέρισταθ' Ὀμιλός Σ. 603. SYN. Ἰλη, ὁμήγυρις, στῆθος, ἀθροισμῶς, πληθὺς, ὄχλος, θύρῳς. Ερ. Αἰθῆρας, ἀνδρῶμενος, ἀπειρίτος, ευρύς, μίαιφονός, ἀρήϊος, ἀντίσιος.

Ὀμιχέω, mingo: to make water. Τέτραμμένους ὀρθος ὀμιχέιν Hes. Op. 725. SYN. Ουρέω, κάτσορεύω.

Ὀμίχλη, ὄμ, ης, ἡ, nebula: a mist, steam. Καὶ ἀπώσεν ὀμίχλην P. 649. SYN. Ἀχλὺς, νέφελη, κνίσσα. Ερ. Μῆγδαλη, σκίερα, σκότεινῇ.

Ὀμιά, ἄτος, τὸ, visum, spectaculum: aspectus; oculus: a sight, spectacle; a look; an eye. Ὀμιάτῃ καλὰ εἶκος α. 208. SYN. Ὀψίς, ὀπασπῇ, ὄψ, ορθαλμὸς, ὄραμα. Ερ. Ἐκδύκων, κῦα-νέων, κῆλδον, μαριαλῶν, φᾶενών, ὀξυτάτων, λομπρῶν, τυφλῶν, φαδρωπῶν, ορνυθῶν, δεινῶν, χιόνω-τρῶν, σκυδρωπῶν, ἀλῶν, φαδρῶν, σεμνῶν, σκῶ-τείνων, ἀνολῶν, αἰματῶν, πωλικῶν, φίλων, ἐλευ-θέρων, ἱερῶν, ὑπάφρων, ἀγρυπνῶν, ἡσυχῶν, κάτηφες, λαδρῶν, ταυρῶμορφῶν, ἀγρίων, λευκῶν, δια-βροχῶν, στικτῶν, ὀρθῶν, ἀγρίων, λοξῶν, πουλι-ἐλκτῶν, δελῶν, φοινῶν, φαιδῶν, ὀργεῶν, μαλ-θαῶν, ἀκοιμητῶν.

Ὀμιάσσοις, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, (1) oculis privans: depriving of eyes; (2) oculis privatus, cæcus: deprived of eyes, blind. Eumen. 943. See Ὀμιά. SYN. (2) Ἀλᾶς, τυφλός.

Ὀμιάσων, oculatum reddo et vigilem: to render keen-sighted or vigilant. Choeph. 841. See Ὀμιά. SYN. Εξομιάσων.

Ὀμνύμι, et Ὀμνύω, ἰ, ὁμῶς, et ὁμοῦμαι, pf. ὁμῶκα, Attice ὁμῶκα, juro: to swear. Ὀμνύμι γαῖαν Ἥλιον δ' ἄγνων σέβας Med. 750. Ὀμνύει δ' ὡς ἐκέλευε Σ. 278. SYN. Ἐπὶ ὁμνύμι, κἀτὸ ὁμνύμι, διδῶν ὁμνύμι, ὁρκωμῶται.

Ὀμνύμιος, Ὀμνύμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, maritus, uxor: a husband or wife. Phœn. 137. Agam. 1077. See Γάμος and Δέμνιον. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμνύμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frater uterinus: an own brother or sister. Ὀμνύμιος ἔκτορος εἰμι Φ. 95. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμνύμιος, ὄν, ὁμνύμιος, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, Ὀμνύμιος, et Ὀμνύμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frater vel soror, cognatus: a brother or sister, relative. Phœn. 167. Iph. T. 919. Pyth. 4. 260. Ὀμνύμιος Ζεὺ καὶ παρὰ ἑκόντων δεσπότην Ran. 761. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμνύμιος. See above.

Ὀμνύμιος. See above.

Ὀμνύμιος. See Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμόδμηός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem populi: of the same nation, people, or rank. Isthm. 1. 40. SYN. Ὀμόπτολις, δημότης, ὁμόγυις.

Ὀμόδουλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conservus: a fellow slave. Hec. 60. SYN. Σύνδουλος.

Ὀμόδουλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, socius tori vel cubiculi: partner of the bed or chamber. Pyth. 11. 4. See Θάλαμος. SYN. Ὀμνύμιος, ὁμόδμηός, ὁμόδμηός.

Ὀμόθεν, Ὀμοῦ, ex eodem loco, una, simul: from the same place or source, along with, together. Iph. A. 501. A. 127. SYN. Ὀμαρτή, ἀμῶ, σχεδόν.

Ὀμόθροος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, venationis socius: a companion in hunting. Call. 3. 210.

Ὀμόθροος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem throni socius: possessing the same seat or throne. Καὶ ὁμοθρόου Ἦρας Nem. 11. 2.

Ὀμόθυμῶν, uno animo: unanimously. Ἀλλὰ πᾶς ὁμόθυμῶν Av. 1015.

Ὀμοῖος. See Ὀμοῖος.

Ὀμοῖος, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pariter decens: equally becoming. Agam. 766. See below.

Ὀμοῖος, et antiquitus Ὀμοῖος, α, ὄν, similis: like, similar. Ὡς αἰὲν τὸν ὁμοῖον ἄγει P. 218. Εἰδὼθ' ὁμοῖον πᾶσι τοῖς I. 440. SYN. Ἀλγικίος, ἐνάλγικίος, ἐφάμιλλος.

Ὀμοῖος, assimilo, similem efficio: to liken, make like, compare. Καὶ ὁμοιοθεμέναι ἄντην A. 187. SYN. Ἐἴσω, ἐξίσω.

Ὀμοῖος, similiter: similarly, in like manner. Τοῦτ' εἶναι πᾶσιν ὁμοῖος Plut. 489.

Ὀμοκλᾶω, Ὀμοκλῶ, et Ion. imp. Ὀμοκλήσασκον, clamore adhortor, minis ago: to cheer on, exhort, threaten. Ὁ δ' ὕψιστον ὀλίσιν Ὀμοκλᾶω. 248. O. 658. B. 199. SYN. Κέλευω, ἐντίτω, ὀνειδίζω, ἀπειλῶ, παρὰ ἑκόντων.

Ὀμοκλή, ἡς, ἡ, hortatio clamorosa, inelamatio, increpatio, comminatio: a clamorous exhortation, chiding, a threat. Μάχη ἐνὶ μέναι Ὀμοκλήν. P. 147. SYN. Βολή, ἀπειλή, ἐλεγχός. Ερ. Χάλεπῃ, λευγαλέα, κράτερᾳ, ἀρήϊος, στυγερῶς.

Ὀμοκλήρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consors, ejusdem sortis: having the same portion. Olymp. 2. 89. See above.

Ὀμοκλήτης, ἡρός, ὁ, qui clamore hortatorio vel minaci utitur: an exhorter, reprover. Ἐόντος Ὀμοκλήτης ἡρός αἰσῶν Σ. 452. SYN. Ἀπειλή-της.

Ὀμοκλήτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui eodem lecto utitur: sharing the same bed. Ὡς χαίρει πρὸς τὴν Ὀμοκλήτην κᾶρα Orest. 470. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμολη, ἡς, ἡ, Homola: a mountain in Thesaly. Herc. F. 371.

Ὀμολογέω, consentio, assentior, confiteor: to agree with, assent, confess. Iph. A. 1142. SYN. Σύμφημι, συμφωνέω, συγχωρέω, ὑπέκω.

Ὀμολογῶ, ἡρός, ἡ, Homolois: one of the seven gates of Thebes. Ὀμολογῶν δὲ πρὸς πύλαις τέσσαμένους Sept. Th. 567.

Ὀμολογῶ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem flagellationis participes, conservus: subject to the same lash, a fellow slave. Πρὸς Διὸς ὅς ἡμῖν ἐστὶν Ὀμολογῶ-ντας Ran. 756. SYN. see Ὀμολογῶ.

Ὀμολογῶ, α, ὄν, eandem matrem habens: having the same mother. Ὀμολογῶ γὰρ ἐστὶ καὶ ταῦτο πατρός Aclarn. 790. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμολογῶ. See above.

Ὀμολογῶ. See above.

Ὀμοῖος, ἡρός, ἡ, ejusdem populi: of the same nation, people, or rank. Isthm. 1. 40. SYN. Ὀμόπτολις, δημότης, ὁμόγυις.

Ὀμοῖος, α, ὄν, eundem patrem habens: having the same father. P. V. 574. See Πάτηρ, πατρός. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμοῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, similiter alatus: similia vela habens; similis: having like wings, sails, or veils; resembling. Pers. 565. See below. SYN. Ὀμνύμιος, ὁμνύμιος, ὁμνύμιος.

Ὀμοῖος, ἔως, ejusdem civitatis: of the same state. Τῆσδ' Ὀμοῖος λῆξ Antig. 744. SYN. Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμοῖος. See the obss. in Ὀμαρτάω.

Ὀμοῖος, ὄρω, abstergo, exprimo, premo: to wipe off, press out, stamp. Δάκρυ δ' Ὀμοῖος-μένο Apoll. 2. 242. SYN. Ἀποδωρῶν, ἐξ-δωρῶν, ἀπομάτω, Ὀμοῖος.

Ὀμοῖος, constrepto; consentio: to join in a noise; to correspond to. Τοῖς ἐμοῖς Ὀμοῖος Orest. 523. SYN. Ὀμνύμιος, σύμφημι, συμφωνέω.

Ὀμοῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, strepitum seu sonitum una edens; consentiens: making a noise or sound together; harmonious. Στελχόντες Ὀμοῖος Theoc. Ep. 3. 5.

Ὀμός, ἡ, ὄν, communis, idem: common, of the same size or kind. Δ. 437. SYN. Ὀμοῖος, Ὀμός, ὁ αὐτός, ἴσος.

Ὀμός, eundem in locum, conjunctim, cum: in the same place, together with. Orest. 912.

Ὀμοσπλαγχνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consanguineus, frater: a kinsman, brother. Sept. Th. 887. See below. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμοσπότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) eadem stirpe satus: of the same seed or stock with; (2) qui cum eadem muliere, quacum alius, vivit: possessing the same marriage-bed as another. Καὶ γυναιχ' Ὀμοσπότην Ε. R. 260. SYN. (1) see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμοσπότης, una incedo: to proceed or march together. Αἰὲν Ὀμοσπότης O. 635. SYN. Σύν-μαρτῶ, συνεπόμεναι.

Ὀμοσπότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui simul mittitur: comes; qui eodem amictus genere utitur: sent along with; a companion; in the same dress. Οὐχ Ὀμοσπότης φύσις Æsch. Sup. 505. SYN. Ὀπαδός, Ὀμοσπότης, Ὀμοῖος.

Ὀμοσπότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui par est honoris et conditionis: of equal honour or rank, on a level with. Εἰ μὲν Ὀμοσπότης ἐόντα O. 186.

Ὀμοσπότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, communem parietem habens, vicinus: having an adjoining house, neighbouring. Agam. 974.

Ὀμοσπότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, iisdem moribus præditus: of the same turn or habits, agreeing. Olymp. 13. 9. SYN. Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμοσπότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, simul nutritus, convictor: brought up or educated with. Ὀμοσπότην Ἀπόλ-λωνος Hom. Hymn. 8. 2. SYN. Ἐνέσσιος, Ὀμο-σπότης, συντροφός, συνοικός.

Ὀμοῦ. See Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμοῦρος, Ὀμοῦρος, ὄν, confinis, amicus: bordering upon, friendly. Ὀμοῦρος δὲ πᾶσι τοῖς Apoll. 3. 1094. Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Callim. 1. 510. SYN. Πλησιῶχος, συνοικός.

Ὀμοῦρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, una ire solutus, comitans: accompanying. Nem. 8. 55. SYN. see Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμοῦρος, eadem mente sum, consentio: to agree, to consent. Ἢ δ' Ὀμοῦρος ἐόντα Σ. 183. SYN. Συναίνεω, σύμφημι, Ὀμνύμιος, Ὀμνύμιος. Pros. Lex.

Ὀμόφροσύνη, ἡς, ἡ, unanimitas, concordia: agreement, concord. Αἰὲν Ὀμόφροσύνη Apoll. 2. 718. SYN. Ὀμνύμιος, σύμφημι, ἀρβῶς, φιλότης.

Ὀμόφρων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem sententiæ, unanimis: of the same mind. Ἀρβῶς Ὀμόφρονά θῦ-μῶν X. 263. SYN. Συμφρόνῳ, Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμόφρων, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem tribus, gentis, generis, vel sexus: of the same tribe, nation, race, or sex. Herc. 1193. See Φύλον. SYN. Ὀμνύμιος, Ὀμνύμιος, Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμόφρων, ου, ὁ, ἡ, eadem lingua vel voce utens: having the same language, symphonious. Agam. 153. SYN. Σύμφωνος, σὺναυλός, Ὀμνύμιος, σὺναυλός, Ὀμνύμιος.

Ὀμῶς, ὥς, conjungo: to join together. Σ. 209.

Ὀμῶς, Ὀμῶς, ἡς, ἡ, fructus cerealis: fruit, especially wheat and barley. Call. fr. 123. 268. Ὀμῶς, ia, ὄν, fertilis, almus: fertile, rich. Στάχυν Ὀμῶς ἀμῆσασθαι Apoll. 4. 989. SYN. Ζεῦρος, πλοῦσιος, ἀρβῶς.

Ὀμῶς, ου, acerbus, austerus: sour, surly. Δεινὸν γὰρ ὄλως Ὀμῶς ἀμῆσασθαι Acharn. 351. SYN. Ὀμῶς, σκληρός.

Ὀμῶς, ἡς, ἡ, Omphale. Ὀμῶς τῇ βαρ-βάρῃ Trach. 252.

Ὀμῶς, ὄν, Omphalius: of Omphalus, a place in Crete, sacred to Jupiter. Ὀμῶς μὲν περὶ τὸν Call. 1. 45.

Ὀμῶς, εἰς, ἡ, umbilico-ornatus, rotundus: having a navel, boss, or excrescence, embossed, round. Πύκνυν Ὀμῶς τ' Ὀ. 269.

Ὀμῶς, οὔ, ὁ, umbilicus, tuber, centrum: the navel, the boss in the centre of a shield, an excrescence, centre. Εἰς μέσον παρ' Ὀμῶς Acharn. 557. SYN. Τὸ μέσον. Ερ. Λευκός, μέσος, Δι-σπότης.

Ὀμῶς, ἄκος, ἡ, uva immatura vel acerba: an unripe or sour grape. Agam. 943. See Ὀμῶς. Ερ. Δριμύς, Ὀμῶς.

Ὀμῶς, ἡς, ἡ, oraculum, vox divina, fama: a divine voice, oracle, response, report. Med. 176. SYN. Χρησμός, κληδὼν, φήμη, φάσις, χρηστήριον, μαντεῖον, Δέσποια, Δεσπότης, κληδὼν. Ερ. Θεία, Δεσπότης, ἡδὲ, λίγῃ, Δέσποια, Δεσφάτος, ζῆλα, Δεσφάτος.

Ὀμῶς, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, conterminus, finitimus: bordering upon, adjoining. Βούχης δ' ἐπὶ τοῖς Ὀμῶς Apoll. 2. 398. SYN. Γεῖτον, Ὀμῶς.

Ὀμῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, idem nomen habens, ambiguous: having the same name, ambiguous. Sept. Th. 984. See Ἀνώνυμος.

Ὀμῶς, (2) Ὀμῶς, (1) pariter, æque: equally, similarly; (2) tamen: yet, nevertheless. Πληθὺν Ὀμῶς ἴππων τ' Ὀ. 214. Ὀμῶς δ' οὐ λήθετο χάρις M. 393. SYN. (1) see Ὀμῶς; (2) ἀλλ' οὖν, μέντοι, μέντοι.

Ὀμῶς, τὸ, subst. indecl., somnium: a dream. Ὀμῶς ἐκ Διὸς ἐστὶν A. 63. SYN. see Ὀμῶς.

Ὀμῶς, ἄτος, τὸ, præsidium, auxilium, cibus: support, assistance, provisions. Οἱ δ' ἐπὶ Ὀμῶς ἐτοίμα I. 91. SYN. Ὀμῶς, στήθ, βρώμα, βρώσις. Ερ. Ἐτοίμα, μέγα, μύρον, προκείμενον.

Ὀμῶς. See Ὀμῶς.

Ὀμῶς, ἴσω, probis increpo, probis adficio: to reproach, upbraid with. Bacch. 641. Ὀμῶς governs a dative of the person upbraided, or of the instrument, and an accusative, sometimes a genitive, of the thing. SYN. Εξομῶς, μέ-μῶς.



φύμαι, κερτόμεω, λοιδορέω, μωμάμαι, ὀνομαί, ἐξ-  
ἐλέγχομαι, πρὸς πηλίκω, ἐγκάλεω, ὑβρίζω.

Ὀνειδιστήρ, ἥρως, Ὀνειδεύς, ου, δ, ἡ, objur-  
gatorius: reproachful, insulting. Herc. F. 217.  
φ. 393. SYN. Ἀπτόετης, ὑβριστής.

Ὀνειδός, εὖς, τδ, (1) probrum: reproach, in-  
sult, blame; (2) gloria: boast. Phoen. 835. "In  
support of the latter meaning κάλλιστον ὀνειδός  
Eur. Bacch. 641, ὀνειδός ου καλόν Soph. Phil.  
478, are cited. Lambinus and others take the  
word thus ironically or by οξύμωρον." Donn.  
Lex. SYN. Μομφή, μέμφις, ὑβρίς, λοιδορία,  
αἰσχρός, κἀπρήφει, δόξα, κλέος. Ep. Ἀμῶθες, κἀκόν,  
δυσφρόν, λυγρόν, πικρόν, χάλκρον.

Ὀνειδός, ου, δ, ἡ, asinus: of an ass. Eq. 1399.  
Ὀνεράτῃ, αν, τῃ. In obliquis casibus tantum  
adhabetur. Vide Ὀνειρόν.

Ὀνειρόκριτης, ου, Ὀνειρόμαντις, ἴδς, Ὀνειρό-  
πιδός, ου, Ὀνειρόφρων, ὄνδς, δ, ἡ, qui somnia in-  
terpretatur, vel e somniis futura praedicat: an in-  
terpreter of dreams, one who tells fortunes from  
dreams. Ἐστὶν Ὀνειρόκριτας Theoc. 21. 33.  
Choëph. 30. E. 149. Hec. 701.

Ὀνειρόν, ου, τδ, Ὀνειρός, ου, δ, et in plur.  
Ὀνεράτῃ, αν, τῃ, somnium: a dream. δ. 841.  
B. 8. v. 87. SYN. Ὀνῆρ, ἐνυπνίον, φάντασμα,  
φάσμα. Ep. Οὐδὸν, νυκτίφροντον, πτηνόν, μέλα-  
νοπτερόν, ψευδές, νύχιον, ἐνυχόν, ἀμείνων,  
ἀκρίδωμυθόν, κἀκόν, ἀμύχανον, αὐδόν, πτέρωδον,  
δλδόν, πικρόν, κέντρον, δολδόν, νυκτέρωπον. PNH.  
Μελαίνας νυκτός παῖς μελάνδονέκλειμαν, δόκμα  
νυκτέρωπον ἐννύχων ὀνειρόν.

Ὀνειρόπλεω, inter somnia versor; somniorum  
interpretet ago: to be busy with dreams; to  
interpret dreams. Nub. 27.

Ὀνειρόπιδός, ου, δ, ἡ, in somniis apparens:

Ὀνειρόφρων. See Ὀνειρόκριτης.

Ὀνειρόφραντος, ου, δ, ἡ, in somniis apparens:

appearing in dreams. Agam. 410.

Ὀνῆα, Ὀνῆμ, Ion. Ὀνῆμ, f. ὄνησα, pass.  
Ὀνῆμαι, adjuvo, prosum, delecto: to assist, be-  
nefit, delight. Μέτ' αὐθάτοις ὄνησα A. 503.  
Δαιτὸς ὄνησο τ. 68. Σίνεταί ἡδ' ὄνησις A. 405.  
SYN. Ὀνήσειω, χραίσμεω, βόθρῳ, ἀπδλαύω.

Ὀνήσιος, Ὀνήσιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, commodus,  
utilis: most beneficial, useful. Ὀνήσιον πόνε-  
σθε Apoll. 2. 335. Μαρτύρεῖν ὄνησιμα Antig.  
995. SYN. Χρήσιμος, πρόσφορος, σύμφυτος, ωφέ-  
λιμος, ἀγαθός.

Ὀνήσιμος. See above.

Ὀνήσιος, ἴδς, ἡ, juvenem, fructus: assistance,  
benefit. φ. 402. SYN. Ὀνειάρ, ωφέλειά, ωφέλημα,  
ὠφέλις, τὸ συμφέρον.

Ὀνήτορις, ου, δ, Ὀνέτορε satus: the son of  
Onetor. Φρόντιν Ὀνήτοριν γ. 282.

Ὀνήτωρ, ὄνδς, δ, Ὀνέτορ. Π. 604.

Ὀνθός, ου, δ, stercus vel fimus: dung. V.

777. SYN. Βόλβιτον, κόπρος.

Ὀνιδίον, ου, τδ, assellus: a little ass. "Ὀσπερ  
κἀχρῆτων ὀνιδίων εὐαρχημένον Vesp. 1306.

Ὀνίς, ἴδς, ἡ, stercus asinum: ass's dung.

Δὸς μαλ' ἑτέραν ἐξ ὀνίδων πέπασμένην Pax 4.

Ὀνύμα, ὄνδς, Ion. Ὀνύμα, Ἄεol. Ὀνύμα, τδ,  
nomen, praetextus: a name, pretext. Ἀρναῖος δ'  
ὄνδμ' ἐσκέ σ. 5. ζ. 194. Olymp. 6. 95. See  
Ἀνώνυμος. Ep. Κλῆτον, πῶδινον, γενναῖον, φιλέ-  
ταιν, κλεινόν, ἀγέραςτον, δυσκλέες, πολυπύονον,  
ἐλεσφόρον, ἀφελίμω, ἐσθλόν, ἀγλῶν, ἀγῶκλειτόν,  
κυδάλιμω, ἐνδοξόν, ἀτίτρηπές, τηλεκλῆτον.

Ὀνύμας, ποῖ. Ὀνύμαίω, nomino, nuncupo:  
to name, designate. Τὰ δ' ὀπισθ' ὀνύμαζοι I.

511. Hes. Op. 80. SYN. Κἄλεω, ἐκίκαλῶ,  
κλῆζω, πρόσαγυρέω, ἐξονύμαζω.

Ὀνύμαι. See Ὀνύμαζω.

Ὀνύμαίω. See Ὀνύμαζω.

Ὀνύμακλήδην, Ὀνύμαστί, nominativum: by name.  
Εκ δ' ὀνύμακλήδην Δανῶν δ. 278. Ἀλκμήαν  
ὀνύμαστί σέβας Theoc. 24. 76. SYN. Κλήδην,  
ἐξονύμακλήδην.

Ὀνύμακλῆτος, Ὀνύμαστος, ἡ, ὄν, nominandus,  
celeber: having an illustrious name, celebrated.  
Ὀνύμακλῆτος Ἀλφης X. 51. Herc. F. 507. SYN.  
Κλῆτος, ἀγῶκλῆτος, τηλεκλῆτος, ευκλέης, ἐρι-  
κυδής.

Ὀνύμαστί. See Ὀνύμακλήδην.

Ὀνύμαστος. See Ὀνύμακλῆτος.

Ὀνός, ου, δ, ἡ, asinus; sucula; vasis quoddam  
genus: an ass; a windlass; a wine-vessel. A.  
557. SYN. Ὀνιδίον. Ep. Νωθός, βράδπους,  
λαρκαγῶγος, λᾶστος.

Ὀνοστός, ὄνστος, ἡ, ὄν, reprehensione dignus:  
blameable, contemptible. I. 164. Isthm. 485.  
SYN. Μεμπτός, φαῖλος, ἐντέλης.

Ὀνοσφάγια, as, ἡ, victima ex asino facta: the  
sacrifice of an ass. Φοῖβον Ὀνοσφάγια Call. fr.  
188.

Ὀνύμαζω, ὄνω, ὄνυμαι, vituperare, reprehendo:  
to reprove, blame. Σκεδῶς ὀνύμαζον Hes. Op.  
256. P. 173. φ. 427. SYN. Μέμφωμαι, ὀνει-  
δίζω, λοιδορέω, ἐπισκαπτέω.

Ὀνύτατος, vox perquam suspecta. Σχέλιον  
οὐκ ὀνύτατον occurrit quidem in Hom. II. Ven.  
255.: sed scribit Erasmus: "Vitiosa scriptura.  
Martini eleganter ὀνύμαστων. Clarkius ὀνύ-  
ταστων ab ὀνύμαζω; sed sensus inde non oritur  
qui h. l. requiritur."

Ὀνύτος. See Ὀνοστός.

ὄνως. See Ὀνύμαζω.

ὄντως, vere, revera: truly, certainly. Iph. A.

1621. SYN. Ἀληθῶς, ἐπίμωτος, ἐπητύμως.

ὄνυμα, Ἄεol. pro ὄνυμα, q. v.

ὄνυξ, ὄνξ, δ, unguis: a nail, fang, talon.

Τίθειά λευκὸν ὄνυξ διὰ πῆρῳδον Orest. 951.  
SYN. Χηλῆ, ὀπλά. Ep. Διαιμός, ὄξς, ἄκρος,  
ἀγρίος, γναμπτός, δῆϊος, κράτερρος.

ὄξδλην, ἡς, ἡ, jus ex aceto et ἄλμῃ: sauce

made of vinegar and salt water. Vesp. 331.

ὄξις, ου, δ, vinum quod coacuit aliqua-

tenus: wine somewhat sour. ὄξιον πέπωκότες

Vesp. 1077. SYN. Δρυμός.

ὄξις, ἴδς, ἡ; ὄξις, ὄξος, ου, τδ, acetabulum:  
a vinegar cruet. Κᾶτ' ἔχοντες ὄξος Ran. 1436.

ὄξις, ὄξος, τδ, acetum: vinegar. Ran. 620.

ὄξις, εὖς, τδ, acetum: vinegar. Ran. 620.

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voiced. Trach. 965. See below. SYN. Οξείδας,  
οξείφορος.

Οξείχειρ, χειρὸς, δ, ἡ, celeriter praeditus manuum  
motu: quick-handed, rapid. Οξείχειρ σὺν κτήφῃ

Choëph. 21. SYN. Πρὸς χειρὸς, δεξιός.

Οξείχολος, ου, δ, ἡ, iracundus: irascible,  
angry. Antig. 955. See above. SYN. see

Οξείχολος.

Ὀπαδός, οὔ, δ, ἡ, comes: a companion, at-  
tendant. Τέκνων Ὀπαδὲ πρίστῳ Med. 52. SYN.

Ἀμφιπόλδς, ὀπαδόν, δειράπων, ὑπηρέτης, ἀκλου-  
θός.

Ὀπάζω, ἄσω, comitem do; comitor; praebco:  
to give as a companion; to attend; to give. Kal

κύδος ὀπάζει ο. 319. SYN. Ὀπιδέω, χαρίζομαι,  
πᾶρέχω, δίδωμι.

Ὀπάτρος, ου, δ, ἡ, ex eodem patre genitus:  
born from the same father. Κάσγρητον καὶ

Ὀπάτρον A. 257. SYN. Ὀμπάτριος, ὀπαίος,  
ὀμπάστριος, q. v.

Ὀπάων, ὄνδς, δ, comes, sectator: a companion.  
Ὀπάων πατρός ἐοῖο V. 360. SYN. see Ὀπα-  
δός.

Ὀπή, ἡς, ἡ, foramen, fumarium: an aperture,  
smoke-hole, window. Plut. 715. SYN. Τρήμα.

Ὀπή, Ὀπη, Ὀπῶθι, ubi; quo; quo modo:  
where; whither; how. γ. 106. α. 347. γ. 16.

SYN. Ἡ, ἦ, οἱ, ὅποι, ἔνθα, ὅπου.

Ὀπήω, comitor, sector: to follow, attend.  
A. 368. SYN. Ἐπῶμαι, εὐπῶμαι



Ορθόδικης, ου, δ, ἡ, recte judicans: uprightly judging. Pyth. 11. 15. See Δίκη.

Ορθόριξ, τρίχους, δ, ἡ, capilloerigens: raising the hair. Choeph. 29. See Βάθρυριξ.

Ορθοκραυρός, η, ὄν, caput, cornua vel vela erecta habens: having the head, horns, or sails erect. Βῶν ορθοκραυρών Θ. 231.

Ορθοκρανός, ου, δ, ἡ, erectum caput habens; eminens: with head erect; eminent. Καὶ τὸ μὲν ορθοκρανὸν Antig. 1217. SYN. Ορθοκραυρός, ἡφελός, ορθοσταδῖος.

Ορθομαντεία, ας, ἡ, vera vaticinatio: true prophecy. Agam. 1186.

Ορθονόμος, ου, δ, ἡ, recte distribuens: dispensing justice. Eumen. 966.

Ορθοπόλις, ἰδός, δ, ἡ, civitatem recte constitutus: rightly regulating a state. Olymp. 2. 14. See Πόλις. SYN. Αστυνόμος.

Ορθόπους, πῶδος, δ, ἡ, erectus: elevated. Antig. 985.

Ορθός, η, ὄν, rectus, erectus, porrectus: right, straight, correct, elevated, extended. Aj. 1254. Στάδαιος, ἰδός, ἐμπέδός, ἀληθής.

Ορθοσταδῖον, ου, τὸ, tunica recta: a straight tunic without seam. Καὶ Κιμῆρι' ορθοσταδῖα καὶ περίβραχιας Lysist. 45.

Ορθοσταδῖον, ορθοσταδῖον, erecte: in an erect posture. P. V. 32. Ορθοσταδῖον ἤξοντο Apoll. 4. 1426. SYN. Ορθία, ορθίος.

Ορθοστάτης, ου, δ, qui stat erectus; columna, signum arctetarium: which stands erect; a column, pillar, upright statue. Εμπύρους ορθοστάτας Helen. 540.

Ορθοστάτης, η, ὄν, erectus: erect. Κιμῆων ορθοστάτων Eur. Sup. 507.

Ορθώ, ὦσα, erigo, dirigo, fulcio: to erect, regulate properly, to support. Hipp. 786. SYN. Ἀνορθώ, ορθέω, ἰδύνω, διέτω, ευθύνω.

Ορθέω, mane surgo, mane vigilo: to rise early. Eur. Sup. 987. SYN. Ἐγρηγυρέω.

Ορθρίος, Ορθρινός, ἄ, ὄν, matutinus: in the morning, very early. 'Ορθρίος οὐδὲ τίς οἱ δολιχῆς Hom. Hymn. 3. 143. Ad orthrinós Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 105. B. 34. SYN. Αἰθρίος, πρῶιμος, πρῶιός, πρῶός, ἀμφιλόκος.

Ορθρός, ου, δ, ortus solis; tempus matutinum: the sun-rise; the morning. Hes. Op. 575. SYN. see Ἀμφιλόκη, et Ἡώς. Ep. Δημοειργός, Βάβις, σέλασφρός, φάσιμιερότης, ἱερός, ῥοδόδαικ-τῖλος.

Ορθρόνιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, rite nominatus: rightly named. Agam. 680. See Ἀνώνιμος.

Ορθώς, recte: rightly, clearly. Hipp. 1165. SYN. Ἀληθώς, δικαίως, καλώς, εὖ.

Ορθωτήρ, ἱρῶς, δ, director bonus: a good regulator. Pyth. 1. 109.

Ορίγανός, ου, ἡ, raro δ, origanum: wild marjoram. Καὶ Βλέποντ' ορίγανον Ran. 603.

Οργινώμι, appeto: to long for. Θηρών οργινῶτ' ἀλλὰ Bacch. 1244. SYN. Οργέομαι, ἐπιθύνω, ὀρεχθῶ.

Ὄριζω, termino, finio, definio: to terminate, fix, settle. Hec. 259. SYN. Ἀφρίζω, διαρίζω, περάτω, τάττω, κρίνω.

Ὀρύμλις, ἰδός, ἡ, pomum montanum: a wild apple. Οὐδὲ γὰρ οὐδ' ἀέλοις ὀρμαλῖδες Theoc. 5. 94.

Ὀρύω, ἰνῶ, concito, cieo, commoveo: to excite, move, disturb. Ἐν ἀγέῳ δὲ μὲν ὀρύης Α. 791. SYN. Εξδρίνω, ἀντάρασσω, διατάρασσω,

ὀρθύνω, κινῶ, ὀρω, εξορῶμαι, παροξύνω, παραι-  
τίσσω, διεγείρω, ἐρεθίζω.

Ὄριον, ου, τό; Ὄρσμά, ἄτος, τό; Ὄρος, ου, δ, terminus, finis: a limit, boundary. 'Ὡς οὐτ' ἄλλος ὄρι' ἂν ἐκθαίμεν λάβρα Herc. F. 82. Iph. A. 952. Φ. 409. SYN. Τέρμα, πέρας, τέλός.

Ὄρσμά. See Ὄριον.

Ὄριτρεφής. See Ὄρεινός.

Ὄρκα, ης, ἡ, quicquid ita circumdat ut capiat: any thing which surrounds or encloses; a machine used in besieging cities; an inclosure, prison. Ὄρκανας πέσούμενος Bacch. 601. SYN. Εἰρκτή, ἐρκός, δικτύον. Ep. Πυργώτις.

Ὄρκιον, ου, τό, victima sancendi foederis ergo caesa; foedus jurejurando sancitum; jusjurandum: a victim sacrificed in making a treaty; a treaty; an oath. Ὄρκια πιστὰ Σέων Γ. 269. SYN. Σπονδή, ὄρκος, συνθήσια, ὄρκωμά, ἀρκμός. Ep. Ἄλιν, δικαῖον, κρυπτόν.

Ὄρκιος, α, ὄν, qui jurejurando adhibetur, jurisjurandi prases; juratus, qui jurat: appealed to by oath or in swearing; sworn on one's oath. Νῦν δ' ὄρκιον σοι Ζήνᾳ Hipp. 1029. SYN. Ἐνορκός, διαμώτος.

Ὄρκος, ου, δ; Ὄρκωμά, ἄτος, τό, jusjurandum: an oath. Iph. T. 759. Eumen. 489. SYN. Ὄρκιον. Ep. Γερόσιος, κράτερός, μέγας, δεινός, ἄγνός, ῥάδιος, πιστός, ὑπερβίος.

Ὄρκω, Ὄρκωμνέω, iuro, adjuro: in jusjurandum adhibeo: to swear, to adjure; to call on to swear. Lysist. 187. Antig. 265.

Ὄρκωμά. See Ὄρκος.

Ὄρκωμνέω. See Ὄρκω.

Ὄρμαθός, οὔ, δ, (1) ordo, series, catena: order, row, chain; (2) multitudo: a multitude;

(3) latibulum: a hiding-place, cave. Ὄρμαθός ἐκ πέτρης ω. 8. SYN. (1) Στήχες.

Ὄρμαθω, ποιῶ, pro Ὄρμαθμαι, ire festino, proficiscor: to hasten to, to go. Τινὸς ἀγαλμάτων ἱκέτις ὄρμαθω Androm. 851. (A double doctm.)

Ὄρμαίνω, ἄνῶ, moveo; animo volvo: to excite; to turn in the mind, ponder. B. 156. SYN. Ἀνασκνέω, μεμνήσκω, φροντίζω, μαίνομαι.

Ὄρμαω, ἡσσω, moveo, impello, concito; moveo me, irruo, proficiscor; cupio: to move, urge, incite; to hurry, rush, advance; to desire. σ. 375. SYN. Εξορῶμαι, παρορῶμαι, ὀρυνμί, ὀρύω, κινῶ, ἐπείγω, παρέλαιναι, ὀρμαῖω, ὀρμαίνω, ἐπιφύρομαι.

Ὄρμειά. See Ὄρμειά.

Ὄρμεινός, ου, δ, Ormenides: the son of Ormenus. Ὄρμεινίδαι καλέοντες Call. 6. 75.

Ὄρμεινόν, ου, τό, Ormenium: a city in Thesaly. Οἱ δ' ἐχδὸν Ὄρμεινόν Β. 734.

Ὄρμενός, ου, δ, Ormenus. Θ. 274.

Ὄρμενός, pro Ὄρμεινός, ab Ὄρω, seu Ὄρυνμί, q. v. P. 738.

Ὄρμω, stationem habeo; appello: to be in harbour; to land. Iph. T. 1044. SYN. Εξορῶμαι, ὀρμίζω, κατὰπλέω.

Ὄρμη, ης, ἡ; Ὄρμωμά, ἄτος, τό, impetus, conatus, studium, cupiditas: impulse, ardour, attack, violence, eagerness, desire, will. Eur. Sup. 1060. B. 590. SYN. Ἐπιθυμία, πρόθυμία, βουλῆ, βία. Ep. Ἀγρία, μέλεια, ἀντιστότος, ἄκρομός, λαβρός, ἀντιδός, ἀσπότης, ἐλαφρά, δύναμχος.

Ὄρμις, Ὄρμειά, ἄς, ἡ, linea, seta; limum hami: a cord, a string of horsehair; a fishing-line. Ὄρμιαν τείνω με τις Helen. 1614. Theoc. 21. 11.

Ὄρμίζω, ἰσω et ἰῶ, navem ad terram appello

to bring a ship to land. Iph. T. 1329. SYN. Ἐνορμίζω, καθορμίζω, προορμίζω, μεθορμίζω.

Ὄρμος, ου, δ, (1) statio navalis: a naval station; (2) monile: a necklace. Apoll. 4. 1345.

SYN. (1) Λιμήν. Ep. (1) Στενὸς ὄρος, γέιτων, κοιλός, εὐπλός, ἀκίμαντος, ναυλόχος, πλόρη-  
ράτος, (2) μέγας, παμποικίλος, πλοδαῖδός, χροσέος, ἐνέαπχης, περίκαλλης, εὐχρως.

Ὄρναπέτιον, ου, τό. See Ὄρνις.

Ὄρνειον. See Ὄρνις.

Ὄρνιπαρχός, ου, δ, curator vel dux avium: leader or guardian of birds. Av. 1215. See Ὄρνις, ἰδός.

Ὄρνις, α, ὄν, ad aves pertinens: of birds. Av. 864. See Ὄρνις, ἰδός.

Ὄρνιθεύτης. See Ὄρνιθόφας.

Ὄρνιθας, ου, ἀνιλο aves abigens: a north wind which scares away the birds. Ὄρνιθας ἐς τὴν ἀγρόν ἐλήλασας Acharn. 877. SYN. Οἰωνο-  
κτόνος.

Ὄρνιθον, ου, τό, avicula: a little bird. Καὶ μὴν τὰ γ' ὀρνιθία λιπαρὰ γ' εἶναι πρέπει Av. 1590. See Ὄρνις, ἰδός.

Ὄρνιθόγυνος, οὔ, δ, ἡ, ab ave natus: sprung from a bird. Orest. 1382. See Ὄρνις, ἰδός.

Ὄρνιθόφας, Ὄρνιθεύτης, Ὄρνιθόλχος, ου, δ, aucupis: a bird-catcher. Οἱμοὶ τάλας ὀρνιθόφας τούτω Av. 62. 526. Isthm. 1. 6. SYN. Ἰξεντίς.

Ὄρνιθόμηνω, avium insano amore capior: to be bird-mad. Ὄρνιθόμηνωσι πάντα δ' ὑπὸ τῆς ἡδονῆς Av. 1284.

Ὄρνιθοκίπος, ου, δ, ἡ, aves inspiciens: observing birds, augural. Eis γὰρ πάλαιον δώκων ὀρνιθοκίπον Antig. 1011. SYN. see Οἰωνιστής.

Ὄρνις, gen. ὀρνιθός, Dor. ὀρνιχός, δ, ἡ; Ὄρνειον, Bacot. Ὄρνάπετιον, Dor. Ὄρνειον, ου, τό, subst. (1) avis, ales: a bird; (2) gallus, gallina: a cock, hen; (3) augurium: an augury.

Ὄρνις ἐνι μέγαροις Π. 219. Ἐνδρῇ τ' ἰσὼν ὀρνιθός ὡς Γ. 2. Ὄρνιχες λαλῶντες Theoc. 5. 48.

N. 64. Ὄρνιπέτσιοι πόλεμον ἦρα καὶ μάχην Acharn. 877. Theoc. 29. 13. SYN. Οἰωνός, πτηνός, πτέρωτον, οἰωνιστής. Ep. Αἰσός, πό-  
δακτις, φίλη, δεξιά, εσθλή, τανύχνητρός, σμικρά, λυγρὰ, πέτερνη, ἀρυστέρη, κῆκη, πτέρωσά, ἀπτερός, μέλας, ἀιδότατη, αἰδός, μέλανόπτε-  
ρος, εὐπτερός, ἡρία, κόψη, φονικὸλόφος, τανύ-  
χειλῆς, γαυλῶνυς, τάχειά, ἀερόφοιτος. Pih. Πέτερνην ἐνέω.

Ὄρνιθόλχος. See Ὄρνιθόφας.

Ὄρνιμι, Ὄρνις, Ὄρθύνω, Ὄρω, concito, cieo, excito, hortor: to rouse, encourage, instigate. Ἀλλὰ σὺ γ' ὀρνιθὶ τοῦτον Z. 363. Ὄρνιν ἐνδὸν ἐόντες M. 142. K. 332. Φ. 335. SYN. Ὄρμαω, διαρσύνω, πρότρεπω, ὀρίνω, παροξύνω, κέλνω, ἐνῶω.

Ὄρδαμνός, ἰδός, ἡ, ramusculus tenellus: a tender shoot. Ὄρδαμνίσιν αἰθάλωνες Theoc. 7. 138. SYN. Κλαδίσκος, κλάδος, βλαστημῶ, κλών, ἀκρέμων, πτόρθος.

Ὄρδονα, f. ἰνῶ. See Ὄρνιμι.

Ὄρος, ἔδος, τό, mons: a mountain. Z. 347. SYN. Γήλοφος, λόφος, πρῶν, βουνός. Ep. Ἀσ-  
κίων, ἀκροπόδων, νιφόν, σκιδόν, μέγα, παιπαλῶν, περίφανδρον, οὐπόδων, ὑψηλόν, αἰπύ, ἀκρίτο-  
φυλλον, ἀρτίπρεπες, εὐνοτόφυλλον, ἰαθῶν, κατὰει-  
μένον ὄρη, μακρόν, περίμηκες, χλωρόν, ἱερὸν, νησαῖον, δασκίον, ἀλμυρόν, μέλινον, ἀβύσσον, ἀγ-  
χλάδον, ἡράδων, ἡλιδάων, ἡνέμεν, περίμηκες, κλεινόν, κρῶνδον, ὑλικάρηνον, δάμοισι περι-  
σκέπες.

Ὄρος, ου, δ, a boundary. See Ὄριον.

Ὄρος (1), οὔ, δ, serum lactis: whey. i. 122.

Ὄρστυός, ου, δ, ἡ, montem feriens: moun-  
tain-striking. Sept. Th. 85. See Τῆπος.

Ὄροω, concito feror, ruo, aggredior: to hurry, rush, attack. Iph. T. 298. SYN. Ἐν-  
δρύνω, ἐπύροω, ὀρμαῖμαι, ἐπιπίπτω, ἐφορῶμαι, ἐφάλλομαι.

Ὄρσφῆ, ἡς, ἡ, conlectio conclavis aut thalami aut adis: tectum: the ceiling of a house, a roof. Nub. 173. SYN. Ὄρσφός, στέγη, στέγος, τέραμνόν, κόρυφή.

Ὄρσφιας, ου, in camera degens: dwelling in the roof. Τῶν κέραμνόν Ἠλίας τῆς ὀρσφιας Vesp. 206.

Ὄρσφός, ου, δ, (1) arundo fluvialis in tegendis adibus usurpata: a reed used in thatching houses; (2) camera: a ceiling, vaulted roof. Ion 1143. SYN. Ὄρσφῆ.

Ὄρσφῆτον. See Ὄρνειον.

Ὄρσφῆς, ἡς, et Dor. Ὄρσφῆς, ἀκός, δ, (1) sureulus: a sucker, shoot; (2) spiculum, hasta: a shaft, lance, φ. 38. Θεοσάλων ὄρσφῆς (monom. anap.) Hipp. 221. SYN. Κλάδος, κλαδίσκος, Ep. Ἀμπελῶν, τῶνός, χλοῖρος, Θεοσάλος, ευθάλος.

Ὄρσφῆς, ου, δ, pars sub-  
jecta testiculis; sacri ossis extremum; podex: the rump, &c. Κἄτὰ τὸ στήν' ὄρσφῆν ἡ κατὰ τοῦρσφῆγιον Nub. 158. Lysist. 963. SYN. Πυγή, πρωκτός.

Ὄρσφῆς. See above.

Ὄρσφῆς, formido: to fear, dread. Eur. El. 831. SYN. Δείδω, φθεῖμαι, φρίσσω, εκφθεῖ-  
μαι, ὀκνέω, ταρβέω.

Ὄρσφῆς, ας, ἡ, metus: fear, alarm. Εξέπληξ' ὀρσφῆς Ion 406. SYN. Δείμα, δέος, φθός, τρέμος.

Ὄρσφῆς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui fragores concitat: loud-sounding. Olymp. 10. 97. See Κτύπος.

SYN. see Βαρυερέμετος.

Ὄρσφῆς, ου, δ, Orsilochus. Ὄρσφῆς δ' ἄρ' ἐτικτε E. 547.

Ὄρσφῆς, ας, ἡ, janua conclavis secundaria, in superiorem aedum partem admittens: a side door to a hall, leading to the upper chambers. Ὄρσφῆς δὲ τίς ἐσκήν χ. 126.

Ὄρσφῆς, ας, ἡ, x. 126.

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Ὄρσφῆς, ας, ἡ, x. 126.





shown from heaven. Ἐλίσσεται οὐρανὸςδεκτος Hom. Hym. 31. 4.

Ουρανὸςθεν, et Ουρανὸθεν. Vid. adnot. in voc. Οἰκῶδεν.

Ουρανὸςμήκης, ἔως, δ, ἡ, ad caelum porrectus: towering to the sky, very lofty. Ουρανὸςμήκη βῆξάτε κάμοι Nub. 356.

Ουρανὸςνικῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, caelum superans: conquering heaven. Aesch. Sup. 172. See Νίκη.

Ουρανός, οὐ, δ, caelum: heaven, the sky. Ουρανὸν τέμνω δδόν Phoen. 1. SYN. Ὀλυμπος, αἰθήρ. Ep. Αστέρες, ευρύς, μέγας, μέσος, πάλυκαλός, σιδήρεος, χαλκῆς, ἀμβρόσιος, αἰγλήεις, πάλυνφέλιος, ηἰμεῖς, ἀφῆτος, ἀστέρωπος, ἀστρά φέρων, αἰπὺς, διηκίς. PNH. Ἐπᾶτον ευρύτιμου δαμά Διός, χαλκοπέδος δέων ἔδρα, δέων ἔδδς, Διὸς χαλκοβάτης δαμά, Ζηνὸς δρόνους, δαμά Διὸς νεφέληγέρεα, Ζηνὸς πάλυκρουσὸς οὐκός.

Ουρανὸςνῆος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, caelum tenens: celestial. Choëph. 947. See above.

Ουρεῖς, Ion. pro Ὀρεῖς, q. v.

Ουρεῖδρῶμος. See Ορειδᾶτης.

Ουρεῖδρεπτός. See Ορεινὸς.

Ουρεσίβωτος. See Ορεινὸς.

Ουρεῖς, Ion. pro Ὀρεῖς, εἰς, Ion. ἡδς, δ. Quidam intelligunt hoc l. mulum; sed Damm. et Heyn. intelligunt custodem, quo sensu usurpatur οὐρός: a guardian. Ἡ τινὰ ὄ ουριων διζήμενός ἡ τιν' ἐταίρων K. 84.

Ουρέω, meio: to make water. Thesm. 614. SYN. Ουρέω, κάτουρεω.

Ουρητῖα, micturio: to desire to make water. Αἰὼς μὲν ἦν ουρητῖατος αὐτῇ Vesp. 803.

Ουριάχος, οὐ, δ, ima hastilis pars: the bottom part of a spear. Καὶ ουριάχων πέλεμιν N. 443. SYN. Σαυρωτήρ.

Ουρίζω, ἰσω, et Attic. ἰω, vento secundo provelo: to bring with a fair wind. CE. R. 714.

Ουρίδος, α, ὄν, secundus: prosperous. Πνεῦμα δ' ἐξέρ' ουρίον Helen. 1662. SYN. Ἐπιδεδῖος, εὐφρόνς, ευτυχῆς, ευηνέμους.

Ουριοστᾶτος, οὐ, δ, prospere institutus: prosperously established. Θῆλιν ουριοστᾶτων Choëph. 807. Vid. Blomf.

Ουρός, τὸ, urina: urine. Nicand. Θ. 303.

Ουρός, οὐ, δ, (1) ventus secundus: a fair wind; (2) custos: a guardian. Troad. 20. SYN. (2) Φύλαξ, σωτήρ. Ep. (1) Ἰκμῆνός, ἀπήμων, ἐπαγίζων δι' αἰθέρος, κάλδς, λάδρος, λίγος, ἐπιλίγος, κάλκιδος, πνεῖων, πλησιόσιτος, κραιπνός, σωτήριος, (2) πιστός, ὅτρηρος.

Ουρός, οὐ, δ, locus paululum cavatus per quem navis in terram subducta aut recens aedificata in aquam deducit et demittit: the stays, the hollow, down which a ship is launched. B. 153. SYN. Ὀλκός.

Ουρός, οὐ, δ, terminus: a bound. Φ. 405.

Ουρός, ἔως, τὸ, mons: a mountain. E. 397.

Οὐς, ὡτός, τό. See Οὔδς.

Ουσία, ας, ἡ, facultas, substantia, res: means, substance. Ουσίας ἑκατὸς ἡ Helen. 1252. SYN. Πέριουσία, χρημᾶτά, κτήμᾶτά, ὑπαρξίς. Ep. Ἰκάνη, στήχῃ.

Ουτάζω, Ουτάω, Ουτήμι, et Ion. οὔτασκόν, et ουτήσασκόν, cominus vulnero: to wound, stab. Ουτάζων σάκος ευρύ N. 552. κ. 356. A. 658. O. 745. X. 375. SYN. Τίτρωσκω, νύττω, πλῆσσω, τύπτω.

Ουτιδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, homo vel res nihili: good for nothing. Καὶ ουτιδάνος κάλκιδων A. 390. SYN. Ἀτμός, ἀνὰριθμός, φαῖλδς, ἀσθενής.

Οὔτις, Οὔτι, nemo: no one. Οὔτις ἔπειτα A. 547.

Οὔτις, ἴδς et ἴδς, acc. ἴν, δ, ἡ, fictum proprium nomen ab Homero: Outis or Utis. Οὔτιν ἐγὼ πύματον ι. 369.

Οὔτις, αὐτή, τοῦτο, (1) hic: he, she, it; (2) heus: harkye. Γ. 178. Οὔτος τι πάσχεις Hee. 1109.

Οὔτω, et Οὔτως, sic, ita: so, thus. B. 120. A. 131. SYN. Ὡς, ὁμοίως.

Οὐχ et Οὐχί. See Οὐ.

Οφειλῆτης, οὐ, δ; Ὀφειλῆτις, ἴδς, ἡ, debitor: a debtor. Aj. 590. Rhos. 965.

Οφείλω, 2. a. ὀφείλν, debeo: to owe, to be one's duty. Alcest. 723. The various usages of this word, see Steph. Thes. SYN. Δεῖ μέ.

Οφείλω, debeo; augeo, amplifico, adjuvo: to owe, to be one's duty; to augment, benefit. Φ. 17. The interpretation of debeo is here given to Οφείλω, because it is sometimes used Ionice for Ὀφείλω, T. 200. E. 84. and other passages; but it must be remembered that Ὀφείλω is never used in the sense of "to increase." SYN. Ὀφείλω, ὀφείλω, αἰέω, αὐαῖω, ἀφείλω, ἐπιδοῖω.

Ὀφείλδς, ἔδς, τὸ, utilitas, commodum, augmentum: usefulness, benefit, profit. P. 152. SYN. Ὀφελήμᾶ, ὠφελεία, ὠφελήσις, ὠρησίς, ἐπικουρία, αἰχῆσις, κέρδης.

Ὀφελῆτις, οὐ, δ, Opheltius. Ὀφελῆτιν ἡδ' Ἀγέλαον A. 302.

Ὀφθαλμία, ας, ἡ, ocularia asgritudo: a disease or soreness in the eyes. Ταῖς τῶν ἀπαλλάξεν σὲ τῆς οφθαλμίας Plut. 115. SYN. Λήμη.

Ὀφθαλμῖα, asgritudo oculorum laboro: to have sore eyes. Ran. 193. See above.

Ὀφθαλμῖδων, οὐ, τὸ, ocellus: a little eye. Ἰδὸν δέχων κέρκον λαγὼ τὸ φθαλμῖδων πέριψῃν (vers. hippocrat.) Eq. 909.

Ὀφθαλμός, οὐ, δ, oculus: an eye. O. 668. SYN. see Ὀμῖα. Ep. Πρὸς μῶς, ὀλός, συγγῆνης, αὐτῶν, ἰμέρδης, οἶνς, γλῶκός, ἡμέροσκοπός, κυκλῶτερῃς, μέγας, κάλδς, στίλβων, φωσφόρος.

Ὀφθαλμότεγκτός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ex oculis manans: streaming from the eyes. Alcest. 185.

Ὀφθαλμώρῃχος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, oculus effodiens: digging out the eyes. Αλλ' οὐ κάρανιστῆρες οφθαλμώρῃχοι Eumen. 186.

Ὀφιοῦχος, οὐ, δ, anguineus: the name of a constellation. Κατὰ γὰρ μὲν γέρων Ὀφιοῦχον Arat. 75. Ep. Αἰγλήεις, βριάρδς, φαεινόμενός.

Ὀφίς, ἴδς, ἔδς, et εἰς, acc. ὄφι, δ, serpens, anguis: a serpent. Ὡς παρείδς ὄν ὄφις Plut. 690. SYN. Δράκων. Ep. Γοργώπος, αἰδλός, αἰδλῶν ὡτός, δεινός, πίκρος, δηλήμων, ὀλδός, οὐλόμενός, χθονίος, ἀμφίελεκτός.

Ὀφιδῶς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, anguinus, plenus anguium: snaky, covered with snakes. Olymp. 13. 89. See Ὀφιοῦχος.

Ὀφίων, ὄνδς, δ, Orphion. Πρῶτον Ὀφίον Ευρύμην τε Apoll. 1. 503.

Ὀφλισκῶν, ὄφλω, f. ἡσω, damnor, crimini obnoxius sum: to be fined or condemned, to be charged with. Πάτῃρ δ' εἰς αὐτὸν ἀμάρταν ὀφλισκῶν Phoen. 775. Οὐ γέλωτᾶ δει σ' ὀφλεν Med. 405.

Ὀφρά, ut, quo, donec: in order that, until. Ὀφρὰ ἔπος εἰκομῖ X. 393. SYN. Ὡπως, ὥς, ἵνα, ὥστε.

Ὀφρῆ, ἡς, ὄφρῆς, ὥδς, ἡ, supercilium: an eye-brow, a brow. Στράτων λέπαινα δ' ὀφρῆν

κάθήμενος Heracl. 395. Hipp. 290. Ep. Σπυγνῇ, οὐλή, κῆναιαγῆς, κῆνᾶ, ἀμερόσια, μέλανᾶ, φαιδρά, ἐράτῃ.

Ὀφρῶδης, εἰσᾶ, ἐν, excelsus, superbus: built on the brow of a hill, proud. Ἰλῖδς οφρῶδεσσά X. 411. SYN. Ηνέμεις, ὠφῆλδς.

Ὀφρός. See Ὀφρῆ.

Ὀχᾶ, valde, longe, multum: very, greatly. Ὅ γάρ κ' ὅχ' ἀριστὸν πάντων M. 344. SYN. Ἐξῆχα.

Ὀχέτηγος, οὐ, δ, qui aquam derivat alicunde: who conducts a stream or forms a channel. Ὡς δ' ὅτ' ἀνὴρ ὀχέτηγος Φ. 257.

Ὀχέτος, οὐ, δ, canalis: a channel, aqueduct, sluice. Παρεκτρέποντες ὀχέτων ὥστε μὴ δανείν Eur. Sup. 1121. SYN. Διαρροή, διόρυξ.

Ὀχεύς, εἰς, Ion. ἡδς, δ, pessulus; lorium; fibula: a bolt, bar; a thong; a buckle. Γ. 372. SYN. Ἰμάς, πέρονη, μὀχλός, δεσμός. Ep. Χρύσειδς, μᾶκρδς, στίβᾶρος, σθένᾶρος, εὐτεκτός, αἰλῶδς, δειδμηγός, αἰδλός.

Ὀχεύω, coëo; in eo: to be connected with. Theoc. 5. 147.

Ὀχέω, veho, porto; persequor: to bear, carry; to pursue. a. 297. SYN. Φέρω, κύμζω, ὑποφέρω, ὑπομένω, ὑπελαύνω.

Ὀχημᾶ, ἀτός, Ὀχδς, ἔδς, τὸ, currus, vehiculum: a chariot, conveyance. Hipp. 1228. Δ. 419. SYN. Ἀρμά, δίφρος, ἀπήνη, ἀμαξά. Ep. Ἰππειον, νῆδον, παλίκον, ἀσείρωτον ὄγρον, πτέρωφρον, πάλυκαρπῶν, τέρωπῶν, δάλασσοπλαγῶν, κένον, φλόγῶν, πάλυκαρπῶν.

Ὀχῆσις, οὐ, δ, Ochesus. E. 843.

Ὀχθῶ, graviter fero, vexor, ingemisco: to be indignant, annoyed, or grieved. A. 403. SYN. Ἀγανακτέω, βάρυνδμαι, λυπέδμαι, πόνεω.

Ὀχθη, ἡς, ἡ; Ὀχθδς, οὐ, δ, agger, ripa: a mound, the bank of a river. E. 533. Iph. T. 291. Ep. Βάθεῖα, πέρινός, ηἰμεῖς, εἰλαῖφρός, ξεστός, ἱέρδς, ἀγλᾶκαρπός, λάσιος, μάλακῃ, δαλέρα, ἀπειτᾶ, εὐδενδρός.

Ὀχλέω, ἡσω, Ὀχλεύω, et Ὀχλίζω, ἰσω, moveo cum molestia, turbo, vexo: to move with trouble, disturb, vex. CE. R. 446. Ἀπ' οὐδὲς οχλίσειαν ι. 242. Ὀχλεύω invenias in Ψ. 261, ubi ὑπὸ praecedit per tmesin. SYN. Εὐδχλέω, τάρασσω, ἐκτάρασσω, ἐμπαδίζω, ἀνῖω, καλῶ, μὀχλέω.

Ὀχληρός, ἂ, ὄν, molestus, turbulentus: troublesome, turbulent. Helen. 451. See below. SYN. Αλγεινός, ἀηδής, κλόνδης.

Ὀχλδς, οὐ, δ, turba, multitudo hominum; molestia: a crowd; trouble, annoyance. Αλλ' ἦν πέρι αὐτὸν ὀχλδς ὑπερφύτης ὄσος Plut. 750. SYN. Ὀμῖλδς, δεινός, τάραχῃ. Ep. Νήνέμδς, πάντοπλδς, ἱππότης, δηλῶνένης, μυρίος, ἀπειρέσιος, ἀθῦρῶγλωσσός.

Οχμάζω, ἄσω, constringo: to bind, fasten. Τὸν λῶργον οχμάσαι P. V. 5. SYN. Κάτῃχω, δέω, σφίγγω, κἀπᾶδω, δεσμένω, συνάπτω.

Ὀχη, ἡς, ἡ, pium: a pear. Καὶ ἂ πῆτις ὀχνάς ἐνείκα Theoc. 1. 134.

Ὀχδς, ἔδς, τό. See Ὀχημᾶ.

Ὀχδς, οὐ, δ, qui continet aliquid, ut currus, portus, vel cubile: a safe receptacle of any kind, as a car, harbour, bed. Λιμένες νηῶν ὀχοί ε. 404.

Ὀχρδς, ἂ, ὄν, munitus, firmus, tutus: fortified, defended, strong, safe. Ὀχρῶσι παρθένωσι φρουροῦνται κᾶλως Iph. A. 738. SYN. Ἐχρδς, ἐρμῶδς, στερῶδς, ἰσχυρδς, ἀσφάλῃς.

Ὀχρῶς, firmiter, tuto: firmly, safely. Ὀχρῶς γ' εἴη κατὰ γῆραςκεν Med. 124.

Ὀψ, ὄπδς, ἡ, vox: a voice. κ. 221. SYN. Αὐδῇ, φωνῇ, κληδῶν, φωνήμᾶ, φθόγγος, βᾶδ, ἰαχῇ. Ep. Ὑποτάτῃ, ἀρήγδς, ἐναντία, ἀξινέτος, δυσέμβλητος, φάνερα, φαεινῇ, εὐρόδς, κλητῇ, ἀμερόσια, δῖα, μέλιγγρος, δειμείρης, δεσπεῖτος, πικρότάτῃ.

Ὀψαμήτης, οὐ, δ, messor vespertinus: one who reaps till late in the evening. Theoc. 10. 7. See Αμητήρ.

Ὀψᾶνδν, οὐ, τὸ, visum: a sight. Choëph. 527. A brevis, ut in Χδᾶνδν, &c. SYN. see Ὀψίς.

Ὀψάρδτης, οὐ, δ, qui sero arat, qui tardius arat, et post tempus: one who is engaged late in ploughing, or who ploughs too late. Ὄτω κ' οψάρδτης Hes. Op. 488.

Ὀψέ, sero, longo post tempore: too late, after a long time. ι. 534. SYN. Διπρόν, χροῖον.

Ὀφέω, videre cupio: to desire to see. E. 37.

Ὀφίγνδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, post natus, posterus: born long after; in the plur. posterity. Ὀφῆσῃ οφίγνδς περ Π. 31. SYN. Ὀψίμδς.

Ὀφίκοιτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, sece dormiens: late-sleeping. Ἐν οφίκοιτοῖς δ' ὁμῶσι βλάβας ἔχω Agam. 862.

Ὀψίμδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, et Ὀψῖδς, α, ὄν, serus, serotinus: late. Ὀψίμδν οψιτέλεστον B. 325. Isthm. 4. 59. SYN. Ὀφίγνδς.

Ὀφῖνδς, δ, ἡ, tarde vel sero sapiens: slowly wise, wise by experience. Pyth. 5. 36. See Ὀφίκοιτος.

Ὀψῖδς, α, ὄν. See Ὀψίμδς.

Ὀψίς, εἰς, ἡ, vultus, os, visus: the look, countenance, sight, appearance, vision. T. 205. SYN. Ὀψᾶνδν, ὄραμα, ὄρασις, ὄραση, δέργμᾶ. Ep. Ἀγᾶθῃ, ἀμειλίχδς, ἐννύχδς, ἡδεῖα, πάντοπλδς, γυναικεία, ευδαίμων, ἀελπτός, φάνερα, ἀληθής, χάριεσσά, στήγῃ, πικρά, φαιδρά, ἰμέρδεσσά.

Ὀψιτέλεστος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, sero finitus: completed late. See passage in Ὀψίμδς.

Ὀψῖν, οὐ, τὸ, opsonium, id quod una cum pane comedimus: a relish, savour. I. 485. SYN. Βράμᾶ. Ep. Μένδεικῆς, πόντιος.

Ὀψδφάγῃ, opsonia devoro: to devour dainties, to be a glutton. Οὐδ' οψδφάγῃ οὐδὲ κίχλῃζεν Nub. 979.

Ὀψδφάγδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui opsoniis inhiat: gluttonous. Γόργνδς οψδφάγῃ Pax 810. SYN. Λαίμαργῶς, ἀηδφάγδς.

Ὀψανέω, opsonia coëmo, opsono: to buy provisions. Vesp. 495.

## Π.

Πάγᾶσαι, ὦν, αἰ, Pagasæ: a promontory of Magnesia. Κλείονται Πάγᾶσαι Μαγνήτιδς Apoll. 1. 238.

Πάγᾶσαιδς, Ion. Πάγᾶσιδς, α, ὄν; Πάγᾶσις, ἴδς, ἡ, Pagasæus: of Pagasæ. Ἀπόλλωνος Πάγᾶσαιος Hes. Scut. 70. Apoll. 1. 524. 318.

Παγαῖον, οὐ, τὸ, Pangæus: a mountain in Thrace. Pers. 500.

Παγῶσσία, ας, ἡ, loquacitas: loquacity. Olymp. 2. 157. See Ευγλωσσία. SYN. Λάλια, ἀδλεσχία, φιλῶρια.

Πάγῃτῃδς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, gelu constrictus: frozen,

chill. Θερμόν τί καὶ παγέτωδες ὥς ο' (Iambic. trim.). Philoct. 1110. SYN. Χρυσταλλόπηκτος, κρύφρος, ψυχρός.

Πάγη, ης, et Πάγυς, ἰδός, η, laqueus, decipulum: a noose, trap. Καὶ πάγας ὑπερκόπους Agam. 795. "Ισθρί βρόχους πάγιδας ῥόδους Av. 527. SYN. Δικτύον, ἀρκύς. Ερ. Δολιδεσσα, κρυπτή, πολυτρόπος, πικρά, στάνδεσσα. Ρην. Εὐλινὺς δόλος, μῶν δλετεира, δικτύοκ. ιστός μηχανή.

Παγκαίνιστος, ου, δ, η, semper vel omnino recens: always or entirely fresh or new. Agam. 933.

Παγκάκος, compar. ἴων, superl. ιστός, η, δν, omnino malus: altogether or very bad. Ω παγκάκιστέ τοῦτο Med. 466. SYN. see Κάκος.

Παγκάκος, pessime: very badly. Pers. 287. See Κάκος.

Παγκάκος, ου, δ, η, omnino pulcher vel pulcherrimus: very beautiful. Παγκάλους ἔχειν μ' ἔφη Plut. 1019. SYN. see Κάλος.

Παγκάλος, pulcherrime: most beautifully. Παγκάλος δ' ἀλγύνεται Eur. fr. Beller. 16. 7. SYN. see Κάλος.

Παγκαρπός, ου, δ, η, fructum omnigenum habens, fructuosus: having fruits of all kinds, all-fruifull. (E. R. 83.

Παγκάταπνον. See below.

Παγκάταρατος, ου, δ, η, et Παγκάταπνον, ὄνος, omnino abominandus: very abominable. Καὶ μὴν ὦ παγκάταρατε Lysist. 588. 137. See Πυγή. SYN. see Κάταρατος.

Παγκεύθης, ἔος, δ, η, omnia contegens: all-concealing. (E. C. 1563.

Παγκλαυτός, ου, δ, η, omnino lamentabilis: semper lugens: altogether lamentable: ever-wailing. Pers. 827.

Παγκληρία, ας, η, tota hereditas: an entire inheritance or property. Καὶ δῶμα καὶ σὴν παρὰ δῶμα παγκληρίαν Ion 813. SYN. Παμπησία.

Παγκληρός, ου, δ, η, hæres ex asse: inheriting or possessing everything. Ion 1542.

Παγκοινός, ου, δ, η, omnibus communis, publicus: all-common, public. Sept. Th. 604. SYN. see Κοινός.

Παγκόλτης, ου, δ, η, qui omnes sopit: all-lulling. Antig. 813.

Παγκοντός, ου, δ, η, (1) multo pulvere adpersus: covered all over with dust; (2) omne genus certaminis expertus: trying every mode of contest. Πάμληκτα παγκοντία τ' ἐξ Trach. 505., answered by εὐλεκτρος εν μέσῳ Κύπρις. SYN. (2) Πολυπόνος.

Παγκράτης, ἔος, δ, η, omnipotens: all-powerful. Καὶ σὺ παγκράτης κόρα Thesm. 317.

Παγκράτιον, ου, τὸ, pancratium: a festival comprehending all the Grecian games. Καὶ παγκράτιον γ' ὑπάλειψάμενος νέανικος Pax 897. SYN. Ἀθλησίς, πάλη.

Παγκρύς, ου, δ, cancri genus, pagyrus: a kind of crab. "Ησθιον δὲ τοῦς παγκρύς αντι πόλας Μηδικῆς Eq. 606. SYN. Καρκίνος.

Παγγάκεος, Πάγγαλκος, ου, δ, η, totus æreus: covered with brass. Apoll. 4. 1655.

Heracl. 277. SYN. Χαλκεός, χάλκειος, κατὰ χαλκός.

Πάγχρηστος, ου, δ, η, omnino bonus: excellent. Acharn. 936. SYN. see Χρηστός.

Πάγχρηστος, ου, δ, η, omnino inunctus: entirely anointed or besmeared. Trach. 663.

Πάγχρυσος, Πάγχρυσός, ου, δ, η, totus aureus: covered with gold, all gold. Med. 5. Apoll. 4. 120. See Χρυσός. SYN. Χρυσέος.

Πάγχυ, i. q. Πάνυ, q. v. "Οντινὰ πάγχυ μάχης M. 268.

Πάθη, ης; Πάθημά, ἄτος, et Πάθος, ἔος, τὸ, calamitas, infortunium, clades, ærumna: suffering, feeling, calamity, distress. Antig. 978. Iph. T. 671. "Οστὲ μὴ στένειν πάθος Hec. 587. SYN. Σομφέρῃ, δυστυχία, τύχη. Ερ. Κρυπτή, δεινή, περίσση, φόνια, πολυπόνος, μεγάλη, μέλας, βρότειος, ἀπροσδοκίτος, ἀργαλῆς, πικρά, χάλεπη, οὐκεία.

Παιάν, ἄνος, Παιήων, ὄνος, Παιών, ὄνος, δ, (1) hymnus in laudem Apollinis, necnon Dianæ, aut cujuslibet dei: a hymn in honour of Apollo or Diana, or of any god; (2) Apollo, ut medicus: Apollo, as deliverer from disease; (3) medicus: a physician. Παιάν δὲ λάμπει στάνδεσσα τὴ γήρῃς θμυλός E. R. 187. A. 473. Agam. 98. See obss. on Παιωνίς. SYN. "Γμνος, Ἀπόλλων, ἱατρός.

Παιανίζω, ἴσω, accino: to chaunt. Ὀδύλγμων ἱερὸν ευμένει παιανίζον Sept. Th. 254.

Παιγνιά, ἄτος, τό; Παιγνία, ἄς, η; Παιγνίον, ου, τὸ, ludus, res ludicra, ludibrium: sport, play, laughing-stock. Bacch. 161. Lysist. 701. Call. 4. 324. SYN. Ἐμπαιγμὰ, ἀθυρία, ἑορτή, παιδιὰ.

Παιγνιά et -ον. See above.

Παιδαγωγέω, instituo, rego: to instruct, regulate. "Η παιδαγωγείν γὰρ τὸν ὄνλιντν χρέον Heracl. 729. SYN. Παιδεύω, ἰδνύω.

Παιδαγωγία, ας, η, institutio, moderatio: instruction, education, guidance, attention. Νόσημὰ κηδεύοντὰ παιδαγωγίᾳ Orest. 881. SYN. Μάθησις, παιδεία, ἄρα.

Παιδαγωγός, οὔ, δ, puerorum custos et formator: an attendant on the children of the wealthy. Ion 725. See above.

Παιδαρίον. See Παιδίον. Παιδαρίον is used as a term of endearment.

Παιδεία, ας, η; Παιδεύμὰ, ἄτος, τό; Παιδεύσις, ἔος, η, institutio, disciplina: education, discipline. Troad. 128. Androm. 1090. Nub. 932. SYN. Παιδαγωγία, διδάχῃ, διδάξις, μάθημα. Ερ. Στερρὰ, πλεκτή, ἀγῶθῃ.

Παιδεύς, ου, δ, η; Παιδικός, ἡ, δν, puerilis: puerile. Antig. 930. Theoc. 23. 32.

Παιδεραστής, οὔ, δ, pædico: a lover of boys. Acharn. 264.

Παιδεύμὰ, Παιδευσίς. See Παιδεία.

Παιδεύω, instituo, castigo: to educate children, chastise. Androm. 599. SYN. Διδάσκω, παιδαγωγέω, ἐκδιδάσκω, νοθεύω, κολάσω.

Παιδιά, ἄς, η, ludus, jocus: play, sport. Παιδιὰν εἶναι δόκων P. V. 322.

Παιδικός. See Παιδεύς.

Παιδίον, Παιδαρίον, ου, τό; Παιδικός, ου, δ; Παιδίσκη, ης, η, puerulus: a little boy, child. Βέλη πτόγῃ παιδιὰ βδάλει Theoc. 23. 5. Καὶ παιδαρίων ὑπόπινοντων Plut. 536. Eccles. 1136. Acharn. 1146. SYN. Τέκνον.

Παιδικός et -σκη. See Παιδίον.

Παιδύς, ἡ, δν, adolescens: a full-grown boy. ω. 337.

Παιδοφθόρος, ου, δ, η, natos devorans: devouring children. Choeph. 1055. SYN. see Παιδοφθός.

Παιδοφθόνος, ου, δ, η, liberos procreans: producing children. Eur. Sup. 639. SYN. Παιδοφθός, ἀκοίτης.

Παιδοφθόνω, liberos interficio: to slay children. Herc. F. 1271.

Παιδοκτόνος, Παιδοφθόνος, ου, δ, η; Παιδοκτέω, ὄρος, δ; Παιδοκτεира, ας, η; Παιδοκλύμας, ου, δ, η, liberorum interfector: murderer of children. Herc. F. 831. Med. 1404. 1390. 845. Choeph. 595. See Λύμη. SYN. Παιδοφθόρος, τέκνοκτέω, τέκνοκτόνος.

Παιδοκτεира. See above.

Παιδοκτέω. See above.

Παιδοκλύμας. See above.

Παιδοποιέω, Παιδοφθόνω, liberos procreo: to beget children. Παιδοποιήσα λάβον Orest. 1079. Ion 174. SYN. Τέκνω, γεννῶ, φῶτεω.

Παιδοποιός, οὔ, δ, η, liberos generans: child-begetting. Androm. 4. See above.

Παιδοτρίβης, ου, δ, ludimagister: a trainer of boys, wrestling-master. Εν παιδοτρίβου δὲ τινὰ πάλιν ἐμάνθηες Eq. 1235. SYN. Παιδαγωγός.

Παιδοτρίβικος, more ludimagistri: like a wrestling-master. ΑΛΛ' εὐ λέγεις καὶ παιδοτρίβικος ταυτάγῃ Eq. 492.

Παιδοτρίβω, pueros educo: to bring up a child. Πῶς ταύτην παιδοτρίβω Lysist. 956.

Παιδοτρίβος, ου, δ, η, puerorum educator: one who maintains children. Herc. F. 903. See above.

Παιδοτρίβος, τριβός.

Παιδοτρίβος, ου, δ, η, a liberis afflictus: inflicted by children. Eumen. 499. See above.

Παιδοφθόνος. See Παιδοποιέω.

Παιδοφθόνος, ας, η, liberorum procreatio: procreation. Δυστόκνον παιδοφθόνον (E. R. 1248.

Παιδοφθόνος. See Παιδοκτόνος.

Παίξω, Dor. Παίδω, f. ζω vel σω, ludo, il-ludo, joco: to play, mock, joke. Herc. F. 947. Theoc. 14. 8. SYN. Εμπαιζω, χλευάζω.

Παίμων. See Παῖν.

Παιονία, ας, η, Pæonia: a nation of Thrace. Εἰμ' ἐκ Παιονίης P. 154. Ερ. Ερῖβόλαξ.

Παιονές, ὡν, οἱ, Pæones: the Pæonians, the inhabitants of Pæonia. P. 205. Ερ. Αγκυλοδοξοί.

Παιονίδης, ου, δ, Pæonides: the son of Pæon. "Η καὶ Παιονίδην A. 368.

Παιπλή, ης, η; Παιπλήμῃ, ἄτος, τὸ, pollen, farina tenuissima; versutia; versutus: fine flour; subtlety; a knave. Λέγειν γιγῆσει τριμμά κρό-τῶλον παιπλήν Nub. 260. Av. 430. SYN. (2) Κερδάλειον, πάνουργος.

Παιπλῆεις, εσσα, ἐν; Παιπλῆος, δν, arduus, æxiosus: tough, craggy. Κἀτέθησάντο παιπλῆ-εντος N. 17. Call. 3. 194. SYN. Τραχύς, ὀκρίεις, κατὰ κρημνός, κρῆνός.

Παῖς, ποῖτ. Πᾶς, παῖδος, δ, η, puer; filius; servus: a boy; a child; a servant. Gallicé garçon. (1) Hec. 45. "Αἰδ' ὁ παῖς πρὸς κόλπον Z. 467. SYN. Κόρος, υἱός, παιδίον, παιδικός, δοῦλος.

(1) "Notanda hæc sunt ætatum discrimina: βρέφος, τὸ γεννηθὲν νεοῖον. Παιδίον, τὸ τετραμήνιον ὑπὸ τῆς τιθνηνῆς παιδείας, τὸ δὲ πρὸς πεντηκοντίαν καὶ λέξις ἀντιχόμενον: παι-δίσκος, δὲ τὸ ἐκ τοῦ ἐτάτου ἵλλον πρὶοντα exsistente) ἔλκινε, ætate: παῖς δὲ, ὁ δὲ ἱκανὸς μαθηματικῶν διδά-μνος ἵππαι. Hanc subseqentem ætatem vocant τὸν πάλ-ληκα, βούπαιδα, ἀντίπαιδα, μελλήφρον, que quatuor potant idem. Sed non omnium horum proprietates ubique est querenda." Dammi Lexicon Pindaricum in v. Παῖς.

Ερ. Φροῖδός, σκυτῖος, γενναῖος, ἀγαπητός, ἀ-θλητός, ἀρίπρεπής, ἀριετός, ἀτάλαφρων, ἀρνεύς, ἐράτειος, κράτερος, νήπιος, ὀλίγος, ὀρφανικός, σμικρὸς, φίλος, ἀγαλντός, κἀκούμητος, κἀτέ-ροφρων, νηπιᾶχος, πάνδωριος, πολυτρόπος, τηλυ-γέτης, πρόθηβος, τηλεθῶν, ἀμύμων, νέος, νεῶρος, ὑπέρθυμος, ἀγανός, ἀπότμος, κυδάλιμος, ἀφαιρός, μεγάλητωρ, οψιγῶνός.

Παῖσσω. See Παῖς.

Παίφω, oculus elacriter circumfero; pal-pito: to gaze fiercely round; to palpitate. Apoll. 4. 1442.

Παῖω, fut. παῖσω v. ἥσω, percutio: to strike. Hec. 562. SYN. Πάτασσω, τύπτω, κρούω, πλῆσσω, βάλλω, ἄρασσω, δέλω, αἰκίω.

Παῖων, medicus. See Παῖν.

Παῖων, See Παῖδνός.

Παιωνίς, ου, vel melius Παιωνίς, q. v. Blomfield hæc scribit ad Sept. Th. 254: "Παιωνίον Steph. Stanl. Sed παῖν et παιωνίς, ubi de hymno aut clamore agitur, ubique scribendum. Vid. Valck. ad Schol. in Phœn. p. 113. In Agam. 101. recte legitur παῖν, medicus: sed in Choeph. 341. corrige παῖν." SYN. "Γυνέω, εὐφημῶ.

Παιωνίς, α, ὄν, medicus: of Apollo, healing. Παιωνίσι χερσὶν Acharn. 1223. SYN. Ἀκείμους, ὀδυνήφάτος.

Πακτώ, compingo, claudio: to fasten, close. Aj. 579. SYN. Φράσσω, κλείω, ἀσφαλίζωμαι.

Πακτωλός, οὔ, Pactolus: a river in Lydia. Apoll. 4. 1300. Ερ. Χρυσανγής, μέγας, εύχρυσός, Μηρνίος.

Πάλαι, Πρόπαλαι, jampridem, olim: long ago, formerly. Δένδρεᾶ αὐτὰ πάλαι ε. 240. Eq. 1159. SYN. Πρότερον, πᾶρος, ἐκ παλαιού, ἐμπροσθεν.

Πάλαγένης, ἔος, Πάλαγόνος, ου, δ, η, olim natus, priscus: formerly born, ancient. Med. 422. Olymp. 14. 5. See above. SYN. Πρό-γόνος, προγενέστερος, πάλαιος, πρεσβύτης, γέ-ραῖος.

Πάλαμνός. See Πάλας.

Πάλαμνος, ὄνος, δ, Palæmon. Δεσπότη Πά-λαῖμον ἰλέως ἡμῶν γένου Iph. T. 272. Ρην. Ποτῖας παῖς Λευκοθέας, νέον φίλαξ.

Πάλαμνήτωρ, ὄρος, antiquæ matris: of an ancient mother. Eur. Sup. 638. See below.

Πάλαῖος, ἄ, ὄν, priscus, obsoletus, frivulus: ancient, worn out, obsolete, frivolous. Νέον πάλ-λαιφ πρὶν τὸδ' Med. 78. SYN. Οἰγυγίος, ἀρχαῖος, γέραῖος, ἀρχαῖος.

Πάλαῖος, ἡ, antiquitas: antiquity. Helen. 1055. See below.

Πάλαῖφρων, ὄνος, δ, η, vetulus: old, having antiquated notions. Γένους πάλαιφρων μέγας (Iamb. Trim.) Æsch. Sup. 601. SYN. Πάλαῖος, ἀρχαῖα φρόνων.

Πάλαῖσμά, ἄτος, τό; Πάλαῖσμός, ου, δ, η, certamen: a contest. Hipp. 817. Οἱ δὲ πάλ-λαισμός, ου, δ, η, olim dictus, celebrer: said of old, of ancient renown. Πάλαῖσμά δέσφωθ' ἰκάνει i. 507. SYN. Πάλαῖος.

Πάλαῖστος, οὔ, δ, luctator: a wrestler, combatant. Δευνὸς πάλαιστος ἦν ἐκλινέ γὰρ κέρας Eur. Sup. 714. SYN. Ἀθλητής.

Πάλαστρα, ας, η, palestra: the wrestling-school. Δρόμος πάλαιστρος τ' οὐκ ἀναρχεῖτοῦς ἐμοί Androm. 597. SYN. Γυμνασίον.

Πάλαῖφάτος, ου, δ, η, olim dictus, celebrer: said of old, of ancient renown. Πάλαῖφάτᾳ δέσφωθ' ἰκάνει i. 507. SYN. Πάλαῖος.

Πάλαῖφρων, ὄνος, δ, η, (1) qui regionem olim possidet, dictum de Marte: anciently possessing





datt. praef. p. 20.); (2) ex omni tribu mixtus: composed of every tribe or class. Pyth. 1. 121. See Φύλον.

Πάμφυρτος. See Παντοφύρτος.

Πάμφωνος, ου, δ, ή, omnisonus: full-sounding. Pyth. 12. 34.

Πάμφυχος, ου, δ, ή, omnino animatus, immortalis: all-soul, immortal. Πάμφυχος ἀνάσσει Soph. El. 841. SYN. Αθανάτος.

Πάν, ανός, δ, Pan: the god of shepherds: in the plur. Πάνες denote Fauns. 'H Πανός οργάς ή τινός δ'εών μολύν Med. 1169. Ep. 'Αγρίος, ἀγλαθέριος, φίλδοχρος, ανυμής, δ'εός νόμιος, δρεσιόβητος, ἀγρόνυμος, συρικτής, δ'αύς, δ'αύ-στερνος, δρεσινόμιος, δ'αύρος, μηλάνομιος, δ'ηρευ-της, εὐκαίριος, δ'εσπεύσιος, Αρκάς, Μαινάλιος, Κωρύκιος, Δωκάδος, ήδ'υγελος. PNH. see Hom. Hymn. 19.

Πανάρχος, ου, δ, ή, omnia capiens: all-catching. Μήπας ως ἀψισί λίνον ἀλόντ'ε πάναρχου E. 487. SYN. Πανάλωτος.

Πανᾶθηναϊά, ων, τὰ, Panathēnaea: a festival at Athens. Ran. 1090. See Ἀθήνη.

Πανᾶθλιος, Πάμμυρος, ου, δ, ή, miserimus: entirely wretched. Ποῦ πᾶθ ή παναθλία Hec. 652. E. C. 157. SYN. Παντάλας, παντλήμων, πᾶνᾶποτος, τλημνένεσσιος, δ'ισάμυρος, οὐκτρᾶ-τάτος, πανοίζης, δυστυχιστάτος, οὐκτρᾶτάτος, κάκοτ'υχής.

Παναιός, η, δν, omnino splendidus: all-blaz- ing. Κεφάλας δ'ε παναίθιοι κούρθεσι E. 372. SYN. Λαμπρός.

Παναιόλης, ου, δ, ή, omnino fulgens, vari- coloris: splendid throughout, variegated. Ζωστήρ κείσθ'ε παναίολος K. 77.

Παναιτίος, ου, δ, ή, causa totius rei: the au- thor of all. Πάν ἐπ'αῖας ως παναίτιος Eumen. 200.

Πανάκειά, as, ή, omnium morborum curatio; Panacea: the cure of all diseases, a panacea; the daughter of Aesculapius. ΑΛΛ' αυτην πανά- κειαν Callim. H. in Apoll. 39. Τὰ βλεφάρ'α πέ- ριέχον η Πανάκειά δ'ε Plut. 730.

Πανάκης, εὐς, δ, ή, omnia sanans: all-healing. 'H πανάκης πάντων φάρμακον εὐ σόφια Call. Ep. 48. 4.

Πανᾶληθος, εὐς, δ, ή, verissimus: entirely true. Sept. Th. 719. See below. SYN. see Ἀληθής.

Πανᾶληθώς, verissime: most truly. Eι δ'είη Διός εὔ πανᾶληθώς Aesch. Sup. 89. SYN. see Ἀληθώς.

Πανάλκης, εὐς, δ, ή, omnipotens: all-powerful. Sept. Th. 152. See above. SYN. see Παγκράτης.

Πανᾶλωτος, ου, δ, ή, omnia capiens: all- taking. Γάγγ'αμιν δ'της πανᾶλᾶτον (parcemiace) Agam. 352. SYN. Πανᾶργος.

Πανᾶπᾶλος, ου, δ, ή, tenerimus: very delicate. Πανᾶπᾶλον οἶόν τε ἀνάκτων παῖδες εἰσιν ν. 223. The first syllable of Πανᾶπᾶλος, though naturally short, is prolonged in the arsis, as ἀδᾶπᾶτος, ακᾶπᾶτος, and some others. SYN. see Ἀπᾶλός.

Πανᾶπᾶμων, δνός, prorsus innocuus, omnino illæsus: entirely harmless, unhurt. Πανᾶπᾶμων ανδρόποισιν Hes. Op. 809. SYN. see Ἀπᾶμων.

Πανᾶπρῆς, εὐς, δ, ή, integer: sound, not mu- tilated. 'Ns κέφαλας πᾶνᾶπρῆς Call. 6. 126. SYN. Ἀελαῆς, ασκηθής.

Πανᾶπᾶτος, ου, δ, ή, infelicissimus: most ill- fated or unfortunate. Αντᾶρ ἐγὼ πᾶνᾶποτος Ω. 493. SYN. see Πανᾶθλιος.

Πανᾶργυρός, ου, δ, ή, totus argenteus: of solid silver. Δωκά δ'ε οἱ κρητῆρες πανᾶργυρόν Ω. 274. SYN. see Αργυρέος.

Πανᾶριστός, ου, δ, ή, prorsus optimus: best of all. Οἶστος μὲν πανᾶριστός Hes. Op. 291. Βέλ- τιστός, κάλλιστός, πρᾶφέρεσσιος, ὑπερῶχός.

Πανᾶρκετός, η, δν, et Πανᾶρκης, εὐς, δ, ή, ad omnia sufficiens: all-sufficient. Choëph. 63. Call. fr. 48. 1. See above. SYN. Πανταρκής.

Πανᾶρχος, ου, δ, ή, omnia regens: all-ruling. E. C. 1293. See below.

Πανᾶτρεικός, εὐς, δ, ή, verissimus: entirely or very true. Πιερῖδιον καὶ τῆνδ'ε πανᾶτρεικός Apoll. 4. 1382.

Πανᾶφῆλις, ἰκός, ab omnibus æqualibus desti- tutus: deserted by all those of the same age, forlorn. 'Hμαρ δ' ορφάνικόν πανᾶφῆλικά X. 490.

Πανᾶχαῖς, ἰδός, ή, tota Achæa: the whole of Achæa. See the obs. on Ἀχαιῖς. Πανᾶχαῖδός εἰ τί φέριστον Apoll. 3. 347.

Πανᾶχαιοί, ὦν, οἱ, omnes Achæi, nobiles et ignobiles: all the Achæans. Σὺ δ' ἄλλους περ Πανᾶχαιοὺς ι. 301. SYN. see Ἀχαιοί.

Πανᾶρίος, ου, δ, ή, omnino intempestivus: very unseasonable. Παῖδᾶ τέκεν πᾶνᾶρίον Ω. 540. SYN. Ἄωρος.

Πανᾶισία, as, ή, convivium opiparum: a sumptuous banquet. Μαῖα καὶ πανᾶισία Pax 565. SYN. Ευαχία.

Πανᾶκρυτός, ου, δ, ή, valde lacrymabilis; ad omnia lacrymans: very lamentable; full of tears. 'Ω πανᾶκρυτόν αὖδιν Οιδίπ'ου γένος Sept. Th. 651.

Πανᾶμάτωρ, ὀρος, omnia domans: all-sub- duing. Οὐδ'ε πανᾶμάτωρ Apoll. 4. 476.

Πανᾶρῆος, ου, δ, Pandareus: the father of Merope, Cleothera, and Aëdon. Πανᾶρῆου κόρη τ. 518.

Πανᾶρδος, ου, δ, Pandarus. Πανᾶρῆ ποῦ τοι τόξον E. 171. Ep. Αντίθεος, δ'αῖφρων. PNH. Διδοῖστος νιός ἀμύμων τε κρατέρος τέ, τόξον εὔ εἰδός.

Πανᾶλέτειος, ου, δ, ή, improbus, more Pan- deleti sycophantæ: rascally. Nub. 921. SYN. Πανούργος.

Πανᾶερκετής, ου; Πανᾶερκής, δ, ή, omnia in- tuens: all-seeing. Eur. El. 1177. Ad πανᾶερ- κῆς Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobus. Anthol. 11. 281. 399. SYN. see Πανόπτης.

Πανᾶημλ, toto populo: with all the people, in a body. Πανᾶημλ πανᾶημλ Sept. Th. 263. On the orthography of adverbs ending in εἰ and ι, see Blomfield's Gloss. P. V. 216. SYN. Πανᾶημλ, κοινῇ, δημοσίως.

Πανᾶημία, as, ή, universus populus: a whole people. Πανᾶημία γὰρ χερσὶ Aesch. Sup. 615.

Πανᾶημῖος, Πανᾶημῆς, ου, δ, ή, publicus; vul- garis: of or belonging to the people; vulgar. Πανᾶημῖος δς κατὰ δότν σ. 1. Apoll. 1. 1077. SYN. Δημῖος, δημῆτος, κοινός, πάκοις.

Πανᾶικός, ου, δ, ή, justissimus: most just. Τῆνδ'ε πανᾶίκον φρέν'ι Trach. 294.

Πανᾶίκως, justissime: most justly. Sept. Th. 157. See above. Ep. Ορβός.

Πανᾶϊων, δνός, δ, Pandion. Ανδρίαντ'α νῦν Πανᾶϊόνος Pax 1183.

Πανᾶδκεῖον, ου, τὸ, diversorium: a public inn. Ran. 557. SYN. Ἑσπυλῖς, σπᾶθμος.

Πανᾶδκεῖν, as, ή, caupona: a female inn-

keeper. Δημηγῶρεν φάλαινά πανᾶδκεῖν Vesp. 35. SYN. Κάπηλις.

Πανᾶδκεῖν, omnes recipio: to entertain all. Sept. Th. 18.

Πανᾶδοκός, ου, δ, ή, omnes recipiens: receiving all, spacious. Sept. Th. 858.

Πανᾶδῆα, as, ή, omnis gloria: complete glory. Nem. 1. 14. See Ευδοῖα.

Πανᾶωρος, α, δν, et ου, δ, ή, et (2) fem. gen. (1) omnia largiens, beneficus: giving all things; (2) Pandora: the first woman that ever lived, according to Hesiod. Hom. 41. 1. Hes. Op. 81.

Πανᾶλληνες, ων, οἱ, omnes Græci: all the Greeks. Καῖτ'ε πανᾶλλῶν Apoll. 2. 209. The Ἑλληνες were properly those only who inhabited the city of Ἑλλάς, in Thessaly, and the circum- jacent country; thence the name extended to all the Thessalians, (in which sense it seems to have been used by Homer,) and afterwards to all the Greeks. See Theud. lib. i. SYN. see Ἑλληνες.

Πανᾶργῆτης, ου, δ, omnia efficiens: making all things. Agam. 1462. See below.

Πανᾶσχᾶτος, ου, δ, ή, extremus omnium: last of all. Πανότιο πανᾶσχᾶτον Apoll. 4. 308. SYN. see Ἑσχᾶτος.

Πανᾶτης, εὐς, δ, ή, per omnem annum: through the whole year. Pyth. 1. 38. See above.

Πανᾶνεκλός, ου, δ, ή, quietissimus: most calm. Ουράνθον δ'ε πανᾶνεκλός Apoll. 3. 1194. SYN. see Εὐκῆλος.

Πανᾶφθός, ου, δ, ή, omni ex parte coctus vel liquefactus: well boiled or melted. Κυκλᾶτ'εῖς ἐτέτυκτο πανᾶφθόν Hes. Scut. 208.

Πανᾶγῆρις, ἰδός, et Ἀτ. εὐς, ή, coctus publicus, celebris publicæ: an assembly, festival. Τῆνδ' ἔχων πανᾶγῆριν Heracl. 240. See above. SYN. Ὀμηγῆρις, ἀνδρά, σὺνδῶς, ἀθροισμά, πλῆθος, ἀγῆρις, ἐορτή, θμῖλος. Ep. Εὐνή.

Πανᾶημᾶρ, tota die; quotidie: during the whole day; daily. 'Ωτ'ε πανᾶημᾶρ ν. 31. See Ἡμᾶρ.

Πανᾶμερίος, α, δν, et Πανᾶμερῆς, ου, δ, ή, per diem: during the whole day. Οἱ δ'ε πανᾶμερίοι μολεῖτ' εἰς ἰλᾶσκοντο A. 472. Apoll. 2. 813. In expressing time the Greeks generally use the adjective, where in Latin and English the adverb, or some corresponding periphrasis is employed.

Thus Hec. 902. Μεσάνυκτιος ὠλλῶμων, and Il. φ. 560. Ἑσπῆριος δ' ἂν ἐπειτὰ, λῆσσαν ἰκέμενος πῶτα μῶτο, ἰδῶφ' ἀποφυχέας, πρῶτ'ι Ἰλῖδιν ἀπο- νείοιμην.

Πανᾶμερέων, totam diem consumo: to spend the whole day. Rhcs. 357. See above.

Πανᾶθῖος, ου, δ, Panthoides: the son of Panthous. Μεγᾶθύμου Πανᾶθῖος E. 454.

Πανᾶθός, ου, δ, Panthoüs. G. 146.

Πανᾶθυμᾶδον, penitus iracunde: very angrily. Πανᾶθυμᾶδον οὐκρίωντο σ. 33.

Πανᾶθύος, ου, δ, ή, omnibus sacrificiis prose- quendus: to be observed with all kinds of sacri- fices. Aj. 712. See Θύστηρ.

Πανᾶνυχῖος, ων, αἱ, pervigilia: a festival of Bacchus, of Cybele and Ceres, celebrated through- out the whole night; vigils. Helen. 1364. See Πανᾶνυχῖος.

Πανᾶνυχῖον, pernocto: to continue all night. Isthm. 4. 112. See below. SYN. Νύχῆων, νυκ- τερέων, γρηρῶων.

Πανᾶνυχῖος, α, δν, et ου, δ, ή; Πανᾶνυχός, ου, δ, ή, per totam noctem: through the whole night. Εἰπᾶρ πανᾶνυχῖοι Θ. 550. E. 458.

Πανᾶνυκτός, ου, δ, ή, perquam lamentabilis: PNH. Lex.

very lamentable. Hec. 212. See Πανᾶλῆδός. SYN. Πανᾶκρυτός.

Πανᾶοίζης, εὐς, penitus ærumnosus: all- wretched. Ἰὼ πανᾶοίζης ἐστία Choëph. 44. See Οἴζης.

Πανᾶλῆδός et Πανᾶλῆδός, ου, δ, ή, beatissimus: all-happy. Καὶ μὲν εἴηκε πανᾶλῆδόν Hom. H. 6. 54. Aesch. Sup. 590. SYN. Μάκάρτατος, μά- κηριώτατος, ευδαιμόνεσσιος.

Πανᾶμυλί, catervatim: in crowds. Πανᾶμλ πανᾶμλ Sept. Th. 283. See Πανᾶμλ.

Πανᾶμοφαῖος, ου, oraculorum auctor: the au- thor of all oracles. Ἐνθᾶ πανᾶμοφαῖον Θ. 250.

Πανᾶπῆος, Ion. ής, δ, Panopeus: (1) the son of Phocus, who founded in Phocis (2) a city called after his own name. Ψ. 665. Καλλιχῆρου Πανᾶπῆος A. 580.

Πανᾶπῆ, ης, ή, Panope: one of the Nereids. Δωρῖς καὶ Πανᾶπῆ Σ. 45.

Πανᾶπλία, as, ή, armatura totum corpus tegens: a suit of armour, a panoply. 'Ὅπου δ'εὐς γῆν'ι γέγονυᾶ πανᾶπλῖαν An. 830. Πλῖ potest esse longa, ut in ὑπέρπλῖα. SYN. Πανᾶπλῖα, παν- σᾶγία.

Πανᾶπτης, Πανᾶπτης, ου, δ, omnia videns: all-seeing. Τῆν τοῦ πανᾶπτος διφθῆραν ἐνημέ- νος Eccles. 80. Eumen. 557. SYN. Πανᾶερκετής.

Πανᾶορμός, ου, δ, ή, aptam omnino stationem habens: excellent for anchoring or mooring. Λίμνες τ'ε πανᾶορμοι ν. 195.

Πανᾶοργᾶ, callide vel vafre ago; omnia per- ago: to act knavishly or craftily; to do every or any thing. Plut. 368. See Πανᾶοργᾶς.

Πανᾶοργᾶς, ου, δ, ή, armatura tota: a suit of armour. Antig. 108. See Σᾶγῆ. SYN. Παν- ὄπλῖα, πανᾶπλῖα.

Πανᾶοργᾶς, ου, δ, ή, callidus, sagax, vafer: who can do any thing, clever, cunning, knavish. Ξένον πανᾶοργᾶν κλᾶπᾶ Alcest. 782. Aj. 445. SYN. Δεινός, κερᾶλῆς, δολῖος, δολᾶ- φρων, κάκοιργᾶς.

Πανᾶοργᾶς, ου, δ, ή, qui ab omnibus cernitur, conspicuus; fulgidus: seen by all; bright. Αυτῆ δ'ε πανᾶοργᾶν φ. 397.

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Παντάρχης, ου, omnia regens: all-ruling. C. 1085. SYN. Παγκράτης.  
 Παντάρχη, χοί, χοῦ. See Πάντη.  
 Παντέλης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, perfectus: perfect, complete. Sept. Th. 111. SYN. Τέλειος.  
 Παντέλως, perfecte: completely, entirely. P. V. 449. SYN. Τέλειως.  
 Παντευχία, ας, ἡ, armatura tota; exercitus: complete armour; an army. Eis τὴνδ' ἐποιοῦν πύλῃον παντευχίαν Eur. Sup. 1202. SYN. see Πανόπλια.  
 Παντέχνης, ου, δ, ἡ, omnibus artibus idoneus: understanding every art. Παντέχνου πύρρος σέλας P. V. 7.  
 Πάντη, Παντᾶχοῦ, Παντᾶχῃ, Παντᾶχοι, Πάντ-  
 τος, omnibus modis, ubique: in every way, every where. Iph. A. 144. Iph. T. 68. Androm. 895. Lysist. 1230. N. 649.  
 Παντήμωρ, quotidie: daily. Apoll. 2. 532. See Ἡμῶρ.  
 Πάντιμος, Παντοσεμνός, ου, δ, ἡ, honoratissimus: most honoured. Soph. El. 690. (See Τιμή.) Eumen. 641. SYN. Ἐντιμός, τιμωτά-  
 τος.  
 Παντλήμων, ὄνός, omnino infelix: entirely wretched. Hec. 196. SYN. see Πανάθλιος.  
 Παντογῆρας, ου, δ, ἡ, valde senex; æternus: very old; everlasting. Antig. 606. SYN. Αἰδίδος, αἰώνιος.  
 Παντοδᾶπός, See Παντοῖδος.  
 Πάντῳθεν, undequaque: from every quarter. Eurip. Inus. fr. 4. 2.  
 Παντοῖδος, Παντοδᾶπός, ἡ, ὄν, omnimodus, va-  
 rius: of all kinds. Eur. fr. Rhad. 2. 1. Παν-  
 τοδᾶπας ἐπὶ γὰς Helen. 524. SYN. Πδλῳτρώπος, πᾶντρώπος.  
 Πάντολμος, Παντοτολμός, ου, δ, ἡ, audacissimus: all-daring; very rash. Sept. Th. 668. Agam. 1208.  
 Παντομωής, εὖς, δ, ἡ, omnibus invisus: hate-  
 ful to all. Ὡ παντομωή κνώδαλα στήγη δέων Eumen. 647.  
 Παντοδῶρος, ου, δ, ἡ, ad omnia callidus: hav-  
 ing resources for every thing. Antig. 365.  
 Παντοπτης. See Πανόπτης.  
 Παντορέκτης, ου, δ, omnia perpertrans: daring  
 every thing, bold. Ἐρωτί παντορέκτη Anacr. 10. 16.  
 Πάντῳ. See Πάντη.  
 Παντοσεμνός. See Πάντιμος.  
 Παντοτολμός. See Πάντολμος.  
 Παντοργός. See Πανούργος.  
 Παντοφύρτος, Πάμφυρτος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino  
 confusus: all mixed, promiscuous. Eumen.  
 557. Oppian, A. 1. 779. SYN. Παμμίγης, πάμ-  
 μικτός.  
 Παντρώπος, ου, δ, ἡ, penitus vertens, vel  
 versus: turning or turned entirely. Sept. Th.  
 954.  
 Πάντως, omnino: altogether, by all means.  
 Med. 1058. SYN. Πάντη, πάμπαν, πάνυ.  
 Πάνυ, omnino, prorsus, valde: by all means,  
 altogether, very. Ὡς τοὺς δικαίους δ' ἀν βαδίζουσιν  
 πάνυ μὲν οὖν Plut. 97. SYN. Πάγχι, πάντως,  
 λίαν, ἄγαν, μάλ᾽, σφόδρ᾽, μέγ᾽, μέγ᾽, μέγ᾽.  
 Παντοκράτης, η, ὄν, omnium supremus: most  
 excellent of all. Αυτῇ δὲ χθμῶν πᾶντοκράτη  
 εἰν αἰὶ κείτῃ i. 25.  
 Πάνωστάτος, η, ὄν, extremum omnium: last of  
 all. Πάνωστάτος σὲ προσπίνουσι ἀτήσους Al-  
 cest. 165. See above. SYN. see Ἐσχάτος.

Πανάλεθρος, ου, Πανώλης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, omnino  
 perditus; perniciosus: entirely ruined; destroy-  
 ing everything. Καὶ σφᾶς κᾶκως κᾶκιστ᾽ ἀπὸ  
 πάνωλεθρους Aj. 151. Med. 279. See Παντίπερ-  
 τᾶτος. SYN. Εξώλης.  
 Πανώρος, ου, δ, ἡ, omni tempore proveniens:  
 at all seasons. Æsch. Sup. 698. See Πανύ-  
 πέρτατος.  
 Πάδμαι, ἄδμαι, (1) gusto, comedo: to taste,  
 eat; (2) in possessionem acquirere: to possess.  
 Αλλὰ πάσασθαι ἀνωχθί T. 160. Δούλον πέπαται  
 κοῖνι ἐχει παρήσσαν Ion 677. The first syllable  
 of Πάσασθαι in the sense of gusto is always  
 short, and in that of possideo always long. See  
 Valek. ad Ammon. p. 187. SYN. Γείδμαι,  
 ἔδμαι, κτᾶμαι, ἐχῶ.  
 Πάπαλ, Πάπαϊς, Παπαῖς, Παπαῖς, Πάπα-  
 παλ, Πάπαπαπᾶς, ατάτ! παπα! ah! strange!  
 alas! Πάρεσθ' ὁ λοιπὸν ἐστὶν ἀπᾶναι πάπαλ  
 Πάπαλ Vesp. 235. Lysist. 923. Nub. 390. Vesp.  
 235. Pax 119. Thesm. 1203. &c.  
 Παπαῖς, pappā dico: to say or call papa.  
 Καὶ παπαῖς ἄντ' ἡμῶν τῇ γυναικὶ Vesp. 609.  
 Παπαῖς. See Πάπα.  
 Παπαῖς. See Πάπα.  
 Πάπας, ου, δ, pater: papa. Πάπα φίλ' οὐκ  
 ἀν δὴ μοί ζ. 57. SYN. see Πάτηρ.  
 Παπίας, ου, δ, Παπιδίον, ου, τὸ, paterculus:  
 dear papa. Eis δέους ὦ παπία Pax 128. Ὡ  
 παπιδίον ἀπαντᾷ γὰρ σοὶ παρῆφθον Eur. 1212.  
 Παπιδίον. See above.  
 Πάππος, ου, δ, (1) avus: a grandfather; (2)  
 lanugo carduorum: the down of thistles. Arat.  
 and Phoen. 921. SYN. Πρῶτᾶτωρ, πρῶτόνους,  
 γέρον; (2) ἀκανθίς.  
 Παπῶς, α, ὄν, avitus: of or belonging to a  
 grandfather. Lysist. 653. SYN. Αρχαῖος, πα-  
 λαιός.  
 Παπαῖνα, ἀνδ, 1. α. ηνᾶ, et Ion. imp. ἐπα-  
 ταινεσκόν, circumspectio, oculis vestigio: to look  
 round, survey. M. 333. Apoll. 3. 952. SYN.  
 Περιβλέπω, περισκοπέω, σκοπέω, ἐρευνᾶω, περι-  
 παταῖνα, ἀπὸπαταῖνα.  
 Παπυρός, ου, δ, ἡ, papyrus, planta Ægyptiaca:  
 the papyrus, an Egyptian plant. Ἐπὶ αὐχένος  
 παπύρου Anacr. 4. 5.  
 Παρ, et Παρά, ποῖτ. pro Παρά, (1) cum gen.  
 a, ab, ex: from, of; (2) cum dat. apud, juxta:  
 with, at, near; (3) cum acc. ad, inter, prope,  
 ultra, propter, ob, per, contra: to, among, near,  
 beyond, on account of, before, by, during, con-  
 trary to. Παρ δυνάμιν οὐκ ἐστὶ N. 787. A. 233.  
 Θεοῦ παρὰ δῶρ᾽ φέρουσα T. 3.  
 Παρά. See Πάρ. Παρά is also frequently  
 used for παρῶτι and παρῶσι.  
 Παράδαινω, f. ἐθῶμαι, 2. α. ἐθῶν, (1) juxta eo  
 vel sto: to go or stand near; (2) transgredior,  
 violo: to pass, go along or beyond, violate; (3)  
 prætereo, fallo: to escape the notice of. N. 708.  
 SYN. Ἐπερβαῖνα, μετᾶβαινω, παρέρχομαι, λῶω.  
 Παράσκατρος, ου, δ, ἡ, gressum baculo firmans:  
 staff-supporting. Phoen. 1564.  
 Παράδᾶλλω, ἐλάω, arpono; objicio; navem  
 appello; depono; conlato: to place near or  
 before; to expose or present to; to bring a ship  
 to shore; to lay aside; to compare. Thesm.  
 739. SYN. Πάρατίθημι, συμβάλλω, παρὰδιδωμί,  
 πρὸφῶρ, ὑμοῖω, ἀπὸβάλλω, παρέργίζω.  
 Παράδωκα, Ion. α. Παράδαινω, juxta sto:  
 to stand near, go by the side of. A. 104. This  
 word is applied to the Παράδᾶτης, who stood in

the war-chariot fighting whilst the charioteer  
 drove the horses. See Damm. Lex. Hom. in v.  
 Παράδᾶτης.  
 Παράδᾶτος, Παράδᾶτος, ου, δ, ἡ, et, ὃν, viola-  
 bilis: may or must be violated or transgressed.  
 Antig. 874. Æsch. Sup. 1043. See Ἀεᾶτος.  
 Παράδᾶτω, ψω, limis adspicio; hallucinor:  
 to look aside or askance; to mistake. Ran. 409.  
 See below. SYN. Παρόραω.  
 Παράδᾶλῃν, per comparationem; dolose; ex  
 obliquo: comparatively; sarcastically; obliquely.  
 Αμφὶ δὲ δακτύλῳ παρὰδᾶλῃν κρῶνται Apoll.  
 4. 1608. SYN. Παρδᾶλῃν, δολῶν.  
 Παράδᾶψ, ὠπός, ex recto statu distortus:  
 distorted. Χωλαί τε βουσαί τε παρὰδᾶψες τ'  
 οφθαλμῶ I. 499. SYN. Φολκός, στράβος, λοξός.  
 Παράδᾶτω, auxilium fero: to succour, assist.  
 Eq. 257. SYN. Εκδοθῆω, ἀρήγω, βδῆθῶ, ἐπι-  
 δοθῆω, παρίσταμαι, ὀμῶν.  
 Παράδᾶλος, ποῖτ. Παράδᾶλος, ου, δ, ἡ, teme-  
 rarius; periculosus: rash; dangerous. Vesp.  
 192. Hom. Merc. 56.  
 Παράγγελλω, ἐλῶ, nuncio, edico, denuncio:  
 to announce, order. Pers. 475. SYN. Ἀπαγγελλῶ,  
 προστάσσω, κέλευω, παραινέω, σημαίνω, πρό-  
 λέγω.  
 Παράγγελλᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, præceptum, mandatum:  
 a command, order. Agam. 464. SYN. Εντᾶλῃ,  
 κέλευσμά, πρόσταγμα, ἐφέτη, ἐνταλμά.  
 Παράγγελλω, adsum: to be present, to arrive.  
 Καὶ σφιν παρῆγγελλεῖτο δαίτῃ p. 173. SYN. Προ-  
 γίνωμαι, παρίμι, ἐπιφρονέω, παρέρχομαι.  
 Παράγγελλᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, amplexus: an em-  
 brace. Antig. 650. See Ἀγκάλη. SYN. Πέρι-  
 πλῆξ, φίλημά. Phn. see Phoen. vv. 314—318.  
 Παράγγελλω, ψω, adscribo, inscribo: to write  
 by the side, inscribe. Εν τῇ στήλῃ παρὰγγελλᾶι  
 Lysist. 513. SYN. Γράφω, ἐγγράφω.  
 Παράγω, 2. α. ἡγάθων, deduco; produco; per-  
 verto; transeo: to lead or bring aside; to pro-  
 long; to pervert; to pass. Iph. T. 479. See  
 ἄγω. SYN. Πρόαγω, ἐξάγω, πρὸφῶρ, παρᾶπέμω,  
 ἐξάπᾶω, παρᾶτρέπω.  
 Παράδᾶρᾶνω, 2. α. ἐδᾶρᾶν, per metath. ἐδᾶρᾶν,  
 juxta dormio: to sleep near. Παράδᾶρᾶν φι-  
 λῶτῃ E. 163. SYN. Παράκειμαι, πρόσκειμαι.  
 Παράδᾶγῃ, ἄτος, τὸ, exemplar, exemplan,  
 documentum: a pattern, example, proof. Eur.  
 El. 1085. SYN. Εὐκὼν, χαρακτήρ.  
 Παράδᾶχῃ, ἐδῃ, accipio; adprobo: to re-  
 ceive from; to admit. Ran. 1015. SYN. Δε-  
 χῶμαι, ἀποδέχομαι, λαμβάνω, ἐπιβάλλωμαι.  
 Παράδᾶκῶν, administro, inservio: to admin-  
 ister to, attend on. Καὶ τοῖσι τευχίζουσι παρὰ-  
 δᾶκῶν Av. 839. SYN. Διάκῶν, ἐπηρέτω.  
 Παράδᾶω, δῶσω, trado, relinquo liberis vel  
 posteris: to give, deliver, betray, bequeath.  
 Phoen. 1408. SYN. Διδῶμι, μετὰδιδῶμι, προδ-  
 ῶμι.  
 Παράδᾶχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, conservatio, assensio, ac-  
 ceptio: preservation, approbation, acceptance.  
 Bacch. 197.  
 Παράδᾶμι, irrepro: to steal into a place, come  
 in. Eccles. 55. See Δύμι. SYN. Ἐπεισέρχῃ-  
 μαι, ἐπιδῶμι.  
 Παράδᾶω, juxta cano: to sing near. Ἐοικᾶ  
 δὲ τοι παρᾶείδῃν χ. 348.  
 Παράδᾶω, ad latus suspendo: to hang by the  
 side. P. 341. See Ἀέρω. SYN. Παράκρεμᾶ-  
 νυμι, ἐκκρέμᾶνυμι.  
 Παράζᾶνυμι, ζω, adjungo, conjungo: to join

to, to yoke. Ei παρᾶζᾶνυμι τις Eur. fr. Meleag.  
 10. 1. SYN. Κάταζᾶνυμι, συνάπτω, συζεύγ-  
 νυμι.  
 Παράδᾶλω, calefacio, foveo: to warm, che-  
 rish, soothe. Med. 143. SYN. Θᾶλω, κάτα-  
 θᾶλω.  
 Παράδᾶλω, ζω, permulceo: to soften, win  
 from one's purpose. Agam. 70. SYN. Παρά-  
 θᾶλω, δέλω.  
 Παράδᾶρῃ, ἰσω, demeto, amputo: to mow  
 down, cut off. Αφλάστοιὺ παρῆρῃσιν Apoll.  
 2. 603. SYN. Ἀποκᾶπῃ, ἀποθέρῃ, παρᾶτρέμω.  
 Παρά. See Πάρ.  
 Παράδᾶσία, Παρᾶσία, ας, Παράδᾶσίς, ζως, ἡ,  
 transgressio: transgression, crime. Παράδᾶσίας  
 ἐφέπουσαι Hes. Theog. 220. Sept. Th. 740.  
 Apoll. 4. 832. SYN. Τρεπᾶσία, ἀπᾶλᾶκῃ. Ep.  
 Ωκύονους.  
 Παράδᾶτης, ου, δ, Παράδᾶτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, qui  
 juxta alterum consistit in curru ex quo pugnat;  
 transgressor: one who stands in the war-chariot  
 for fighting, a combatant; a transgressor. Πα-  
 ραδᾶτας ἐστήσαν Eur. Sup. 689. Apoll. 1. 754.  
 Παράδᾶς, ου, δ, Parabius. Σὺν τοῖσιν δ'  
 ἵκανῇ Παράδᾶς Apoll. 2. 458.  
 Παράδᾶλος. See Παράδᾶλος.  
 Παράδᾶσω, ζω, accendo; emico; præter-  
 veho: to kindle; to emanate from; to rush by.  
 Παράδᾶσας πτέρῃσιν Apoll. 2. 1257. SYN.  
 Αἰθῶσω, ἀνακίνω, κάταλθω, ἀνέγερῃ.  
 Παράδᾶς, ζως, ἡ, ahortatio: exhortation.  
 Helen. 315. SYN. Συμβουλή, νοῦθεσία, νοῦθε-  
 τήμ᾽.  
 Παράδᾶω, ἔσω, suadeo, hortor, doceo: to  
 give advice, recommend, teach. Alcest. 1087.  
 SYN. Παράκᾶλῶ, παρᾶκᾶλέναι, ἀναπέλῶ, συμ-  
 βουλέναι, πρὸτρέπω, ἀνᾶμνησκω.  
 Παράδᾶω, 2. α. εἶδῶν, aufero, privo: to take  
 away, remove, deprive. Hipp. 1106. SYN. Ἀφα-  
 ρέω, αἶρω, εἰραίω, ἀπαλίνυμι, ἀποστρέφω.  
 Παράδᾶνῶμαι, 2. α. παρᾶνῶν, sentio; decipio:  
 to perceive; to mistake. Theoc. 5. 120. SYN.  
 Αἰσθᾶνῶμαι, ἐπαισθᾶνῶμαι.  
 Παράδᾶς, ου, δ, ἡ, infaustus: inauspicious.  
 Παράδᾶς σήματ' αἰώνων Δ. 381. SYN. Ἀπαί-  
 σιτος, ἐναντίος, κἀτᾶνῶμος, κᾶκός, παρᾶνῶς.  
 Παράδᾶσω, ζω, Ion. imp. παρᾶσσεσκῶν, præ-  
 tereurro: to rush past. Νῶτ᾽ παρᾶστοντος T.  
 414. Μῦσας παρᾶξον κἀπύλον δ' ὦ πᾶτερ Vesp.  
 988. Apoll. 2. 270. SYN. Παράτρεχω, παρᾶ-  
 λαῖνω, παρέρχομαι.  
 Παράδᾶω, peto; deprecor; detrecto: to  
 ask as a favour; to deprecate; to decline. Iph.  
 A. 685. SYN. Εἰξαίτῶμαι, αἰτέω, ἱκέτεω, λιπᾶ-  
 ρέω, ἀφίημι.  
 Παράδᾶς, ου, δ, ἡ, aliqua ex parte causa,  
 socius culpæ: partly the cause, an accomplice.  
 Ὡ τέκνον παρᾶτίος Choëph. 897. SYN. Μετᾶ-  
 τίος, αἰτίος, συναίτιος.  
 Παράδᾶσία, ας, ἡ, Παράδᾶσίς, ζως, ἡ, monitum:  
 admonition. Παράδᾶσίσι πίθεσθε Apoll. 2. 324. O. 404. E. 217.  
 Παράδᾶμι. See Παράδᾶμι.  
 Παράδᾶνῶν. See Παράδᾶνῶν.  
 Παράδᾶσῶν. See Παράδᾶσῶν.  
 Παράδᾶζῶμαι, Παράδᾶσθαι, adsideo: to sit  
 near. Plut. 727. Thesm. 416. SYN. see Παρ-  
 εἶδῃ.  
 Παράδᾶζῶμι, ἡσω, utrinque demitto: to let  
 down on both sides. Πηδᾶλᾶ τε ζεύγῃλαι τ᾽ ἡ-  
 ρᾶκᾶλῃτο Helen. 1535. SYN. Κάθῃμι.  
 Ζ 2





Πάραρβύει, elabor: to slip away. Πάρερβύειν ἐς λιπὼν μὴ τῷ λάθειν Philoct. 653.

Πάραρβύεις, ζω, ἡ, tegumentum: a covering, deck. Aut funis tractorius: hauling rope. Aesch. Sup. 723. See Πρύσιος, Πύθηρ.

Πάραρβύθμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, abhorrens a numero: out of tune. Theom. 121. See Πύθμος. SYN. Πάρα-μονος, ἄμονος.

Πάρασειρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fune conjunctus: fastened to the side by a rope, joined. Orest. 1016. SYN. Σεράφιδος.

Πάρασημὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insignis; adulterinus, malus: distinguished; counterfeit, bad. Acharn. 518. SYN. Κίθληδος, κῆκος, φαῖλδος, ἀσημὸς, ἀδοξός, ἀδοκίμος.

Πάρασκευάζω, ἄσω, paro, instruo: to prepare, furnish. Herc. F. 1361. SYN. Κάτασκευάζω, συντάσσω, τάσσω, εντρέπῳ, διαπράσσω.

Πάρασκευῆ, ἡς, ἡ, apparatus, instructio: preparation, resources. Eis páraskevῆn ἔχεις Bacch. 449. SYN. Κάτασκευῆ, πόροι.

Πάρασκηνέω, tentorii modo explico: to spread over like a tent. (See Butler.) Φάρος πάρεσκη-νισέν Eumen. 637. SYN. Πέριστέλλομαι, πάρα-σθρέννυμι.

Πάρασκῶν, pratervideo: to look beyond, not to perceive. 'Αρ' ἐμῶν πάρεσκόπεις Agam. 1223. SYN. Οὐ τυγχάνω, ἀμαρτάνω.

Πάρασπᾶν, ἄσω, abstraho, avello: to tear aside, or away. Antig. 792. See Σπᾶν. SYN. Ἀποσπᾶν, πᾶρασπᾶν, φθείρω, ἀφέλκω.

Πάρασπίζω, ἴσω, juxta stans clypeo munio; comes sum: to stand near and protect with a shield; to accompany. Ion 1528. SYN. Ψα-πίζω, πᾶραστᾶν, ἀμύνω, πάρεμι, ὁμαρτέω.

Πάρασπιστής, οὗ, ὁ, qui prope alterius clypeum pugnat, defensor: one who fights near the shield of another, a defender. Cycl. 6. SYN. Ψπᾶρα-πιστής, ἀσπίδοφύρος, σύμμαχος, πᾶραστᾶτης.

Πᾶρᾶσόν, celeriter, confestim: very quickly, instantly. Apoll. 1. 383. SYN. Πᾶραντίκα.

Πᾶραστᾶδον, prope: near. Καὶ κύκλῳ πᾶρα-τᾶδόν Choeph. 970.

Πᾶραστάς, ἀδός, ἡ, postis, porticus: a post, pillar, portico. 'Ηλθόν εις πᾶραστάδας Phoen. 426. SYN. Στάδμους.

Πᾶρασταῖν, a latere sto, auxilior: to stand by the side or near, assist. Πᾶραστατήσιν τοῖς Κρέοντιος πέλας Ae. R. 400. SYN. Πᾶριστά-μαι, πᾶρασπίζω, βῆθη, ἀρήγω.

Πᾶραστατής, ου, ὁ; Πᾶραστατῆς, ἴδός, ἡ, qui a letere stat, auxiliator, socius: one who stands by the side, defender, companion. 'Ιστέ που πᾶραστατήν Heracl. 89. Ae. C. 559. SYN. Ἀρω-γός, ἐπᾶρωγός, βῆθη, ἀλεξητήρ, προστατής.

Πᾶραστεῖχω, 2. a. ἐστίχον, praetereo: to go past, or near. Choeph. 560. SYN. Πᾶρέρχομαι, πλῆσιάζω, πᾶρᾶνέμαι, πᾶράδαίνω, πᾶρᾶνίσσῃμαι.

Πᾶραστένω, aggemo: to groan near. Πᾶ-ροστένωσθ' ὀδυράρι Apoll. 4. 1297. SYN. Πᾶράκλω.

Πᾶραστῶν, ἡσω, sterno, extendo: to lay flat, prostrate. Eq. 481. SYN. Στῶρέω, ἐκτείνω.

Πᾶραστρέφω, Πᾶραστρωφᾶν, distorqueo: to distort. Eur. fr. Melan. 12. 3. Apoll. 2. 667. SYN. Διαστρέφω.

Πᾶραστῶν, σῶν, in obliquum traho: to draw obliquely, distort, to pervert, corrupt, tear off. Τοῦτο γὰρ τλητὸν πάρεσπυρᾶς ἐπος P. V. 1101. SYN. Πᾶραστρέφω, Πᾶραστρωφᾶν, διαστρέφω, πᾶράτρεπω.

Πᾶρασφάλλω, ἄλῳ, prater excidere facio: to cause to fall, disappoint. Nem. 11. 41. SYN. Διασφάλλω, ἐπισφάλλω.

Πᾶρασχεδὼν, prope, illico: near, close at hand, immediately. Apoll. 1. 354. SYN. Πᾶραντᾶ, πᾶραχρημά, πᾶραντίκα, σχεδὼν, ἐγγύς.

Πᾶρασχεῶ, See Πᾶρέχω.

Πᾶράτάσσω, ζω, aciem instruo: to draw up in battle array. Vesp. 1118. SYN. Εκτάσσω, ἀντίτάσσω.

Πᾶράτεινω, protendo: to extend, stretch along. Nub. 212. SYN. Εκτείνω, πρότεινω, πᾶρέλκω.

Πᾶράτεκταίνω, ἀνῶ, adfabricor: to fabricate. ξ. 131. SYN. Τεκταίνω, πᾶρασκευάζω.

Πᾶράτέμνω, praecido: to cut. Lysist. 132. SYN. Ἀποτέμνω, ἀποσχίζω, τέμνω.

Πᾶράτιθμι, θήσω, appono: to place near, supply. Cycl. 389. See Τίθμι. SYN. Προστί-θμι, διάτιθμι, κατὰτίθμι, πᾶράδάλω.

Πᾶράτῖλλω, depilo: to pluck the hair from. Acharn. 31. SYN. Τίλλω.

Πᾶράτνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a latere protensus, resolutus: stretched too far, aside, weakened. Alcest. 409.

Πᾶράτρεω, τρέσω, timefactus diffugio: to start aside through fear. Πᾶρέτρεσαν δὲ οἱ ἴπποι E. 295. SYN. Διατρέω, τρέμω.

Πᾶράτρεψω, ψω, Πᾶράτρεψᾶν, Ion. ἐω, et Πᾶ-τρωψᾶν, diverto, deflecto: to turn away. Αντί-λδχος δὲ πᾶρατρέψας ἐχέ Ψ. 423. Phocyll. 125. δ. 564. I. 496.

Πᾶράτρέχω, f. θρέξω, 2. a. ἐδράμην, prater- curro: to run past. Vesp. 1432. SYN. Εκθεῶ, πᾶρέλαινω, ἐπείγω, πᾶρέρχομαι.

Πᾶράτρεψω, ψω, attoro: to rub. Theogn. 1101. See Τρίβω. SYN. Επίτριβω, προστριβῶ.

Πᾶράτρεψᾶν, Ion. Πᾶράτρεψέω, et Πᾶράτρωψᾶν. See Πᾶράτρέπω.

Πᾶράτρηψῆ, ἡς, ἡ, deflectio: a turning aside. Ion 1230. SYN. Ἀποτρηψῆ, ἀπαλλάγῃ, ἀποφύγῃ, ἀποφύγῃ.

Πᾶράτρηψός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deflexus, perversus, aver- sandus: turned aside, perverse, detestable. Androm. 526. SYN. Ἀποτρηψός.

Πᾶράτρώγω, 2. a. ἐτρώγην, abrodo: to nibble at. Καὶ τοῦ κύκλου πᾶρέτρωγόν ἐφ' ἀμύτωλίας Pax 414. SYN. Τρώγω, ἀποτρώγω, κάτεσθῃ.

Πᾶράτρωπᾶν. See Πᾶράτρέπω.

Πᾶράτυγχάνω, 2. a. ἐτύχον, intervenio, obvius sum: to fall in with, to meet. Πᾶρέτυγχάνε μαρτυμένοιαν A. 74. SYN. Πέριτυγχάνω, πᾶ- ρεμί, πλησιάζω, μέτεμι, ἐπέρχομαι.

Πᾶρανδᾶν, ἡσω, colloquendo consolor: to con- sole by conversing with. A. 487. SYN. Πᾶρ- ηγῶρέω, πᾶράμυθεῖμαι.

Πᾶραῦθι, for πᾶρανυθῖ. Ψ. 163.

Πᾶραυλίζω, ἴσω, juxta cubo aut habito: to lie or tarry near. Ion 496. SYN. Πᾶράκειμαι, πᾶράκοιμάμαι, πᾶράκατέλεγχμαι, πᾶράναιετάω, ἐγγίζω.

Πᾶραυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vicinus: neighbouring. Ae. C. 785. SYN. see Πᾶρωνός, γείτων.

Πᾶραντίκα, confestim, illico: immediately. Vesp. 833. See Αντίκα. SYN. Πᾶράχρημά.

Πᾶράφαίνω, Παρφαίνω, ἀνῶ, ostendo: to show, produce. Hes. Op. 2. 352. Lysist. 183. SYN. Δηλώνω, ἀποφαίνω, φαίνω.

Πᾶράφέρω, οἶσω, et Πᾶράφῶρέω, juxta fero: to bring near, bring, carry. Phoen. 1156. Av. 840. SYN. Πᾶράγω, εἰσφέρω, πρόσφέρω.

Πᾶράφείγω, seu potius Παρφέγω, praterfugio: to flee by. Παρφύγειν σὺν νηϊ μ. 99. SYN. Πᾶράπλεω, ἀποφεύγω.

Πᾶράφθμι, ποῖ, Πᾶράφθμι, suadeo, alloquor: to advise, accost. A. 577. Q. 771. SYN. Πᾶρ- αινέω, πᾶράκἀλῶ, πᾶράμυθεῖμαι.

Πᾶράφθμι, 2. a. πᾶρέφθην, praevenio, prater- curro: to outstrip. Πᾶραφθμῆνος Μένελαον Ψ. 515. SYN. Φθῶν, πᾶρέρχομαι, πᾶραμῆναι.

Πᾶράφθρα, ἄς, ἡ, insania: madness. Eumen. 330.

Πᾶράφῶρέω. See Πᾶράφῶρ.

Πᾶράφῶρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insanus: mad. Hec. 1033. SYN. see Πᾶράφρων.

Πᾶράφρῶνέω, ποῖ, Πᾶραφρῶνέω, desipio: to be foolish or mad. ΑΛΛ' ἡ πᾶράφρῶνέεις ἐτέδην ἡ κῶρυβαντίς Vesp. 8. Theoc. 25. 262. SYN. Ἀφραίνω, πᾶράνῶν, πᾶράταιω, μαινόμεναι, πᾶρ- ληρῶ, πᾶράληρσοῖμαι.

Πᾶράφρῶνιμός. See below.

Πᾶράφρων, ὄνως, Πᾶράφρῶνιμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amens, desipiens: mad, foolish. Τί τῶδ' αὖ πᾶ- ρφρων ἐρήψας ἐπος Hipp. 232. Ae. R. 691. See Φρῶνιμός. SYN. Ἀφρων, ἐκφρων, πᾶράπληκ- τός, ἀνῆρτός.

Πᾶράχᾶλῶ, relaxo; deficio: to loosen; to leak. Κάγωγ' ἐάν τί πᾶράχᾶλῇ τὴν ἀντίαν Eq. 432. SYN. Χᾶλῶ.

Πᾶράχορδίζω, ἰῶ, aberro a chorda, erro: to mistake the string, to err. Eccles. 295. SYN. Ἀμαρτάνω.

Πᾶράχθεύομαι, choreis celebror: to be danced round, to be frequented by the Chorus. Ion 466. SYN. Ἀναχθεύομαι, χθεύομαι, πᾶρεσά- λῶ.

Πᾶράχρημά, confestim: immediately. Τοῖς μὴ γνοῖσιν πᾶράχρημα Vesp. 1048. SYN. Πᾶρ' αὐτᾶ, πᾶραντίκα, πᾶρασχεδὼν, εὐθέως.

Πᾶραψύχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, solatium: a consolation. Εἰσὶ μοι πᾶραψύχῃ Hec. 280. SYN. see Πᾶρᾶ- μύθων.

Πᾶραψύχω, consolor: to console. Φᾶ δὲ πᾶρᾶ- ψύχοισα Call. 6. 46. SYN. Πᾶράμυθεῖμαι, πᾶράκἀλῶ, ἀναψύχω.

Πᾶράσῃα. See Πᾶραῖσῃα.

Πᾶράσῃτος. See Πᾶράσῃτος.

Πᾶράσῃδην, a latere: sideways. ΑΛΛ' ὅτ' ἐπ' ἀπὸ πᾶράσῃδην Apoll. 4. 936.

Πᾶράσῃος, ἡ, ὄν, humidus, uvidus: wet, damp. Οὐδὲ τρυγᾶλῆεν ἐπειδὴ πᾶράσῃος τὸ χωρίον Pax 1148. SYN. Ὕγρος, διῦγρος.

Πᾶράσῃα, as, et Πᾶράσῃα, ἡς, ἡ, pellis pan- theræ: a leopard's skin. Πᾶράσῃα μὲν πρῶτᾶ K. 29. Av. 1250.

Πᾶράσῃα, Ion. Πᾶράσῃα, ἡς, et Ion. ἴδός, ἡ, panthera: a leopard, tiger. Ηὐτὲ πᾶράσῃα εἰσὶ Φ. 573. P. 20. SYN. Οὐδᾶ, οὐρεσίφοιτος, δῖδᾶ, στικτῇ, ἀναιδῇ.

Πᾶρέω, εἰσω, omitto, negligo: to omit, ne- glect. Τὰ μὲν κᾶτ' οἴκους ἀμέλεια πᾶρέλασεν Eur. fr. Antiope. 29. 2. Qui versus nihili est. Valek. emendat ἀμέλεια πᾶρεῖς ἐξ, Heath. πᾶρέ- ται. SYN. see ἔαω.

Πᾶρεγγῖδω, in manus trado; vador: to fur- nish; to give a pledge. Ἐκτείνων ἐκτείνοντᾶ καὶ πᾶρηγγῖων Eur. Sup. 710. SYN. Εγγῖδω, πᾶρέχω, πᾶράδωμι.

Πᾶρέρχομαι, adsideo: to sit near. Ἄδων νύμφη πᾶρέρχομαι Alcest. 762. SYN. Πᾶρέξ-μαι, πᾶρημαι, πᾶρίζομαι, πρόσδερέω, προσκάθεζ-μαι, πᾶράκαθεζομαι, πᾶράκαθημαι.

Πᾶρέρδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adsidens: sitting near,

supporting. Τῇ σόφῃ πᾶρέρδους Med. 839. SYN. Σύνερδός, σύνθακός.

Πᾶρέξομαι, Πᾶρίζω, adsideo: to sit near. Σοί γὰρ πᾶρέξο A. 557. δ. 311. See ἴζω. SYN. see Πᾶρέρδους.

Πᾶρεία, ἄς, Πᾶρης, ἴδός, ἡ, gena: a cheek. Δὸς καὶ πᾶρειᾶν προσβᾶλὼν πᾶρηϊδῇ Hec. 410. SYN. Γένις. Ev. Λαμπρᾶ, ἀπᾶλῇ, ἀμφιδρέφης, χᾶρεῖσά, δᾶλέρα, παρτένικῃ.

Πᾶρέλας, ου, ὁ, serpens quidam Aesculapio sacre: a kind of serpent, having full cheeks. Ὅδᾶς ἐλάδωμην ὡς πᾶρέλας ὦν ὄφης Plut. 690.

Πᾶρεῖσθω, Πᾶρέκω, cedo, concedo: to give way, submit. Καὶ δόκεῖς πᾶρεῖσθαι Antig. 1102. Philoct. 1048. SYN. Τᾶρεῖω, ὑφείμαι, ὑπόχωρεῖω, ὑποδίδωμι.

Πᾶρεμί, f. ἐσθῃαι, adsum: to be present, ready. Orest. 132. SYN. Πᾶρηγίγνομαι, πᾶρ- ιστάμαι, πρόσίστάμαι.

Πᾶρεμί, advenio, subrepro, progredior: to come near, steal in, go forward. Τοῦτ' αὐτοῖς πᾶρίοντᾶς Apoll. 2. 195. SYN. Πᾶρεῖσθω, ἀφικνεῖσθω.

Πᾶρεῖσθω, a. 2. a Πᾶράφθμι, persuadeo: to per- suade. The first syllable is prolonged through the metrical arsis, Z. 62. 377. H. 121. A. 792. O. 404. SYN. Πᾶράπειθω.

Πᾶρέρω, inserto; servo: to insert; to protect, observe. Antig. 368. Ev. Πᾶρέρων, ὁ φύλακ- των τοῖς ἐν γῇ ὄντας νόμους.

Πᾶρεσδέχομαι, accipio a: to receive from. Trach. 537. SYN. see Ἀποδέχομαι.

Πᾶρεσθῶμι, irrepro, clam introeo: to creep or steal into. Call. Epigr. 45. 5. See Δύμι. SYN. Ὑποτρέχω, πᾶρεμι, πᾶράδωμι.

Πᾶρέκ. See Πᾶρέξ.

Πᾶρεκαίνω, transgredior: to go beyond. Hes. Op. 224. SYN. Πᾶράβαίνω, πᾶρέεμι, πᾶρέρχομαι.

Πᾶρεκῶ, Πᾶρέκνω, pratercurro, praetereo: to run beyond. Apoll. 1. 592. 2. 943. SYN. Πᾶρέρχομαι, πᾶρᾶνέμαι, πᾶράτρέχω, πᾶρᾶνίσσῃ-μαι.

Πᾶρεκνέω, See above.

Πᾶρεκπρόφύγω, e manibus effugio: to escape. Ψ. 314. SYN. Πᾶράφύγω, ἐκφύγω, ἀποφύγω.

Πᾶρεκτέλω, efficio: to fulfil, effect. Mosch. 4. 125. SYN. see Εκτέλω.

Πᾶρεκτρέπω, ψω, averto, diverto: to turn aside or away. Eur. Sup. 1121. SYN. Πᾶρᾶ-τρέπω, ὑπεξαίρεθαι.

Πᾶρέλαινω, Πᾶρέξαινω, f. ἐλάσω, prater- vecho, obequito: to drive along or past. Καὶ νῦ κέν ἡ πᾶρέλασ' ἡ ἀμφήριστον ἔθηκεν Ψ. 382. μ. 47. See ἔλαινω. SYN. Εξέλαινω, πᾶρέρχομαι, πᾶράτρέχω.

Πᾶρέλκω, ἴσω, Πᾶρέλκω, ζω, extraho, pro- traho, remotor: to draw along or beyond, to delay. Nub. 553. (See Πρόσελκω.) σ. 281. SYN. Εξέλκω, πᾶράτεινω, μηκύνω, ἀναβάλ- λωμαι.

Πᾶρεμβάλλω, ἄλῳ, immitto: to throw in. Vesp. 481. SYN. see Εμβάλλω.

Πᾶρεμβλέπω, ψω, oblique tueor: to glance aside. Helen 1557. SYN. Πᾶράβλεπω.

Πᾶρεμπλόω, ἡσω, insuper s. furtim emo aut infero: to buy or bring in addition or by stealth. Med. 906. SYN. Ὡνέμαι.

Πᾶρενύσθω, superne floreo, surgo: to bloom upon, to rise. Τοῖη πᾶρενύσθῃ μῆτις Apoll. 1. 604.

Πάρεννέπω, dico admonendo: to admonish. Apoll. 3. 367. SYN. Πάραυδάω.

Πάρενσάλενω, tripudio: to dance. Plut. 291. See Σάλλω.

Πάρεξ, et Πάρεκ, extra: out of. Πάρεξ ὁδοῦ εν νηὲσσι K. 349. T. 133.

Πάρεξάμεινω, ψω, pratero, transeo: to pass by. Apoll. 1. 531. See Άμεινω. SYN. Πάραμεινω, πάραλλασσω, παρέρχομαι.

Πάρεαυλέω, tibia canere desino; detero: to leave off playing the flute; to wear out. Acharn. 681. SYN. Κάταπρίλω.

Πάρεξιμί, pratero, anteverto: to pass by or beyond. Πάρεξιόντες δ' άλλος Phoen. 1563. SYN. Πάρεκβαίνω, υπερβαίνω, παρέρχομαι, παρέξομαι.

Πάρεξλαίνοω. See Πάρελαίνοω.

Πάρεξέρεω, fut. irr. of παρέξειμαι, prater verum loquor; percontor: to speak falsely; to inquire of. 'Η τι παρέξέρεσθαί Apoll. 3. 978. SYN. Πάραρμή.

Πάρεξέρχομαι, 2. a. ἡλθόν, juxta vel clam egredior; anteverto: to go out near or privately; to outstrip. K. 573. SYN. Εξέρχομαι, παρέρχομαι, παρέξιμι.

Πάρεργάτης, ου, δ, rerum futillum opifex: one who is busy about trifles. Eur. Sup. 436. See Εργάτης.

Πάρεργόν, ου, τὸ, res secundaria, appendix, accessio: an appendage, any thing secondary or accessive. Philoct. 473. SYN. Προσθήκη.

Πάρερπύω, f. ὄρω, et Πάρερπω, ψω, claim repo: to creep near, to steal in. Eccles. 511. Theoc. 15. 48. SYN. Εφερπύω, παρεισδύομαι, παμέρχομαι.

Πάρερχομαι, 2. a. ἡλθόν, f. ἐλεύσομαι, pratero, adeo, intro, elaboro: to pass by, go to, enter, escape. Med. 1134. SYN. Διέρχομαι, εισέρχομαι, παραινέομαι, παραινέομαι, παρίκνέομαι, παραστείλω, παρᾶμεινω, παρᾶλινω, παρᾶλινω.

Πάρεσείδω, inspicio: to look upon. Lysist. 156. SYN. Πάρειδω, εσλέισσω.

Πάρεσθω, rodo: to gnaw, eat. 'Ὅσπερ θύρας σου τῶν λόγων πάρεσθι Eq. 1023. SYN. Εσθίω, ἀπεσθίω.

Πάρεστῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui ad focum stat vel est: who is near the hearth, an inmate. Μῆτ' ἐμοὶ πάρεστῖος Antig. 373. SYN. Εφέστιος, οικεῖος, σύνοικος, σὺναυλός.

Πάρευνθίνω, ὕνω, a recta via avertō vel depello: to turn or drive out of the right way. Aj. 1069. SYN. Εκτρέπω, παρᾶτρέπω, εκκλίνω, παρᾶφέρω.

Πάρευκτηλέω, mulceo, delinco: to soothe. Herc. F. 99. SYN. Πάραμυθίζω, πρανίζω.

Πάρευνάζομαι, juxta cubo: to sleep near. X. 37.

Πάρευνός, ου, δ, ἡ, juxta accumbens: lying near. Sept. Th. 1006. SYN. Σύνευνός, ὁμεινός, πάρεστῖος, ὁμεινέτης.

Πάρευντρέφω, ἴσω, apparo, ordino: to prepare, settle well. Iph. T. 726. SYN. Ευντρέφω, παρασκευάζω, εὐτάσσω.

Πάρεχω, f. ἔχω, 2. a. ἐσχύν, Πάρισχω, et Πάρασχω, f. ἴσχω, praebeo: to afford, supply, make, give. Orest. 276. I. 634. Hes. Theog. 639. SYN. Διδωμί, πόριζω, ὑπηρετέω, ὁπάω, προστίθημι.

Πάρηβαιω, aetatis vigorem transeo: to pass the vigor of age. Agam. 957.

Πάρρηδρέω, et Ion. Πάρρηδρέσκω, consolor, lenio, hortor: to comfort, soothe, exhort. Hec.

288. Apoll. 3. 610. SYN. Πάραμυθίζω, παρ-ευκτηλέω, παρᾶμεινω, κατὰδέλγω.

Πάρρηγῶρία, as, ἡ, et Πάρρηγῶρημα, ἄρτος, τὸ, solatium: consolation, encouragement. Agam. 94. Esch. apud Phrynicum, in voc. SYN. Πάραμυθίζω, παρᾶμεινω, παρᾶμεινω.

Πάρρηδον, ου, τὸ, gena; ornatus ad genas: a cheek; an ornament for the cheek. Καλὰ παρῆα τ. 208. SYN. see Πάρειά.

Πάρρης. See Πάρειά.

Πάρρηκω, pratero; prodeō: to pass by; to go forth. C. C. 570. SYN. see Πάρερχομαι.

Πάρρημα, juxta sedeo: to sit near. I. 311. SYN. see Πάρεζομαι.

Πάρρημῆρος, ου, δ, ἡ, quotidianus: daily. Olymp. 1. 160. SYN. Ἐτήρημῆρος.

Πάρρηξ, εως, ἡ, adventus: access to land, landing. Agam. 539.

Πάρρηρία, as, ἡ, lorum vel catena qua equus παρῆρδος adjungitur τῇ ἐξονωρῖδι: a chair or trace by which the outer horse was attached to the car. Πάρρηρίας ἀπέταμνε Θ. 87.

Πάρρηρδος, ου, δ, ἡ, juxta adjunctus; effuse protensus: joined to the side; widely extended. P. V. 371. Πάρρηρδος is properly said of the horse, which was attached to the side of one of the two horses yoked to the pole of the carriage. SYN. Πάρρησειρος, σεραφῆρος.

Πάρρηvela, et Πάρρηvela, as, ἡ, virginitas: virginity, a virgin state. Troad. 973. Ὀδ' ὑπὸ παρρηvelas Phoen. 1501. SYN. Πάρρηvela, κόρη. Er. Εραννῆ, φαινή, ἡμερῶσα, κάβαρ, δέδειδης.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, ἡ, Παρρηvelis, et Παρρηvelis, ἡ, ὕν, δ, ἡ, virgineus: of a virgin, blooming. Hipp. 1297. Δεῖσαι παρρηvelin χλιδᾶν Phoen. 231. Eur. El. 174. (See Παρρηvelis.) Παρρηvelis is also the name of a river in Parphlogonia; and παρρηvela, plur. are hymns sung in certain sacred festivals by a chorus of virgins. See Brunck, Aves 919. Sometimes Παρρηvelis is used adjectively in the sense of παρρηvelis; also παρρηvelis is dat. quasi a παρρηvelis. See Valcknaer. Theocr. p. 278.

Πάρρηvela, ἄρτος, τὸ, virginitas; occupatio virginea: virginity; virgin employment. Ion 1474. SYN. see Παρρηvelis.

Πάρρηvela, virgines educo; med. virgineam vitam duco: to bring up a virgin; midd. to lead a virgin life. Eur. Sup. 462.

Πάρρηvela. See Παρρηvela.

Πάρρηvela. See Παρρηvela.

Πάρρηvelis, et -ικός. See Παρρηvelis.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, Parthenopeus: one of the seven Argive chieftains in the Theban war. Phoen. 150. PRR. see Sept. Th. 525—545.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, virginum spectator: an observer of virgins, a gallant. Αγαλλε παρρηvelis Α. 385. EXR. 'Ο τας παρρηvelis ὀπιτεῖναι καὶ ἐπιτρίων, γυναιμάνης.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, et Παρρηvelis, ἡ, ἡ, virgo: a virgin, a girl. Hes. 610. Παρρηvelis τῇ καὶ ἡθεῖοι Σ. 567. SYN. Κόρη, κόρη, παῖς, παιδισκη. Er. Αδμῆς, ἀπάλη, ἀμυγῆς, ἀνὰρδος, ἀφῆ, ἀφῆσιθαῖ, ἀπῶλεμῶς, αἰδοῖα, ἀλκῆσσο, δαδᾶ, μηπόλεις, ἐρυσίπυλεις, ἰοδόσηχες, σόφῃ, νῆα, ἀνιμένας, ἀποδλεπτός, ἰσθ' δαῖσι, νύμφος.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, ἡ, e virgine mactata: from a virgin slain. Agam. 202. See Σφάγη.

Πάρρηvelis, ὠνός, δ, conclave virginum: templum Minervae: a virgin's chamber; a temple

of Minerva at Athens. Phoen. 201. SYN. Ὀχῶρος, κείνος, νυμφόκομος, ἀφῶλεακτός.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, qui virginea facie est: having a girl's look. Eur. El. 949.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, Parthius: Parthian. Καὶ Παρρηvelis τῖς ἀνδρᾶς Anacr. 55. 3.

Πάρρηvela, juxta commoror, una cubo: to remain near, lie with. Τῇ παρρηvela 1. 336. SYN. see Πάραυλίζω.

Πάρρηvela. See Πάρεζομαι.

Πάρρηvela, f. ἴσχω, 1. a. ἡκᾶ, pratermitto; solvo; remitto, permitto: to omit, neglect; loosen, weaken; let loose, give up, permit. Med. 1057. See 'Ιμῆμ. SYN. Πάρελῆπω, μέθιμι, ἀνίμι, συγχωρέω.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, ἡ, et a, ὄν, Parus: Parian, of Paros, an island in the Aegean sea. Nem. 4. 131. See Πάρρος, and Πάρρηvelis.

Πάρρηvelis, prater equito: to ride past or along. Helen. 1664. SYN. 'Ιππεύω, παρᾶτρέχω, παρᾶλινω.

Πάρρηvelis, ἴδω, δ, Paris. Τῶν δ' ἐτέρων Πάρρηvelis ἡρχέ M. 93. SYN. Ἀλέξανδρος. Er. Δόσπαρῖς, γυναιμάνης, ἡπέρθεννης, τοξότης, λωστήτης, παρρηvelis, ἴδω, ἀνὰπάρῖς, Δαρδᾶνῖδος, Πριάμοιο παῖς, Ἰδαῖος, Πριάμοιο, Βούτης, μέγαθυμῶς, Βασίλειος, δίδειδης, οὐλομένης.

Πάρρηvelis, aequiparo: to make equal, compare. 'Ελένη παρρηvelis Theoc. 18. 25. SYN. Ὁμοῖω, ἐξίσω, ἰσοδράζω, ἰσάζω.

Πάρρηvelis, f. ἀστήσω, juxta statuo: to place near, to show; in the 2d aor. and mid. to be present. Εὐμείνεις παρρηvelis Alcest. 212. SYN. Πάρρηvelis, ἐφίστημι, παρᾶφέρω, παρᾶσταῖω, παρᾶμι.

Πάρρηvelis. See Πάρεζομαι.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, ἡ, permanens, constans: permanent, constant. Nem. 8. 29. SYN. Μόνιμος, βέβαιος.

Πάρρηvelis, a, ὄν; Παρνασίς, ἴδω, ἡ; et Παρνασίς, ἴδω, Parnassius: of Parnassus, a celebrated mountain in Phocis. 'Ὀλωλὲ πορθηθεῖς ὁ γὰρ Παρνασίς Troad. 9. Choeph. 555. Ion 86. Blomfield, Choeph. 555., distinguishes, after Elmsley, Acharn. 348. between Παρνασίς, of Parnassus, a mountain in Phocis, and Παρνησίς, of Parnes, a mountain in Attica.

Πάρρηvelis, et Ion. Παρνησίς, ου, δ, Parnassus: a mountain in Phocis. Παρνασσὸν κατ'ἐνδοσθην Phoen. 214., answered by περὶφθεῖ' ἐνθαδὲ πύργου τ. 394. Er. Νιφθεῖς, νιφθῶδεις, δικόρυφος, δικάρηνος, διδύκους.

Πάρρηvelis, ἡδός, ἡ, Parnes: a mountain in Attica. Nub. 323.

Πάρρηvelis, a, ὄν, Parnesius: of Parnes. 'Ανθράκεις Παρνησίω Acharn. 348. See obss. on Παρνασίς.

Πάρρηvelis, ὄντος, δ, genus locustæ: a kind of locust. Vesp. 1311.

Πάρρηvelis, pratergreior: to travel past. Theoc. 23. 47. SYN. see Πάρερχομαι.

Πάρρηvelis, εω, parum aperio: to open a little. Pax 50. SYN. Ἰσπᾶνω.

Πάρρηvelis, Πάρρηvelis, et Πάρρος, adv. et prap. ante; antea: before; formerly. Τὸ παρρηvelis τέτυκται σ. 274. Hec. 48. Δ. 73. SYN. 'Εμ-προσθεν, πρότερον, πρότερον, πρότερον.

Πάρρηvelis, juxta habitare facio: to cause to

dwel near, place near. Call. Ep. 25. 4. SYN. Κάτοικίζω, οικίζω, παρᾶτίθημι.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, ἡ, inquilinus, accola, advena; vicinus: a new inhabitant, sojourner; a neighbour, near. Androm. 43. SYN. Πρόσοικος, ἐπικός, ναῆτης, ξένος.

Πάρρηvelis, as, ἡ, proverbium: a proverb. 'Ὅσπερ ἡ παρρηvelis Eur. fr. Sthen. 5. 1. SYN. Δόγος, ἐπὶος.

Πάρρηvelis, ebrius ago; debacchor: to act under the influence of wine; to be frolicsome. Eccles. 143.

Πάρρηvelis, Πάρρηvelis, Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, ἡ, inter vinum usitatus; temulentus; ad injuriam ex vino proclivis: customary with wine; drunken; insolent. Καὶ τῶν ξενόντων πολλὸν παρρηvelis Vesp. 1291. Acharn. 978. Anacr. 42. 13. SYN. Οὐνοδάρης, οὐνοδάρειω, οὐνοπληθής, οὐνοπότης, οὐνοπότης.

Πάρρηvelis, (2) Πάρρηvelis, ἡ, ὄν, (1) anterior: before; (2) primus: the first, the foremost. Πορρηvelis παρρηvelis ἰδιωτο Apoll. 4. 982. 2. 29. SYN. Πρότερος, πρώτος.

Πάρρηvelis, ante, ultra, amplius: before, more, farther. Τῶνδὲ παρρηvelis ἐξέρεσθε Apoll. 2. 427.

Πάρρηvelis, pratero; morior: to pass by; to die. Med. 991. SYN. see Πάρερχομαι.

Πάρρηvelis, ὄν, exacerbo, instigo: to irritate, instigate. Alcest. 690. SYN. Εποῖνω, ὀτρύνω, ἐπὶοτρύνω, παρρηvelis, ἀνάγω, ἐρέθιζω, προτρέπω, παρᾶκείνω, παρᾶκείνω, παρᾶρῶ.

Πάρρηvelis, limis oculis intueor, vis animadverto: to look at askance, overlook. Av. 454. SYN. Πάρρηvelis, ὑψύρῶ.

Πάρρηvelis, ἴδω, contra avium volatum, infaustus: inauspicious. Eum. 773. See 'Ορνῖς. SYN. Πάρρηvelis, ἀπαρῖος.

Πάρρηvelis. See Πάρρηvelis.

Πάρρος, ου, ἡ, Paros: an island in the Aegean sea, famed for its marble. Πλὴν ἐς Πάρον καὶ ταῦτά Vesp. 1189.

Πάρρηvelis, as, ἡ, praesentia; adventus; tempus: presence; arrival; time. Σὴν ἐκεῖ παρρηvelis Iph. A. 1432. SYN. Καρὸς, ἀφῆξις. Er. Εὐμείνης, καίριος, φίλη.

Πάρρηvelis, alio derivo: to lead off clandestinely by a channel. Bacch. 479. SYN. Ὀχῶρεω, μετᾶφέρω, παρᾶγω.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, paranympheus: a bridesman. Av. 1740. SYN. Πάρρηvelis.

Πάρρηvelis, clam opsonia coëmo: to buy provisions privately. Eccles. 226.

Πάρρηvelis, ἄρτος, τὸ, opsonium clandestinum: a clandestine relish. Agam. 1422. SYN. Πάρρηvelis.

Πάρρηvelis. See Πάρρηvelis.

Πάρρηvelis, ου, δ, ἡ, praesens: present, immediate. Παρρηvelis νέφελαν Nem. 9. 90.

Πάρρηvelis, ποῖ, pro Πάρρηvelis, q. v.

Πάρρηvelis, a, ὄν, Parrhasius: of Parrhasia, a town in Arcadia. Παρρηvelis οὐκ ἐν δαπέδῳ ἐνταῦτο κίτλον Orest. 1602. Παρρηvelis, ἡ or χώρα being understood, is the name of the town. Call. 1. 10.

Πάρρηvelis, as, ἡ, cratio libera; libertas: freedom of speech, independence. Μητρὸθεν παρρηvelis Ion 674. SYN. Εξουσία, ἀνέσις, ἐλευθερία.

Πάρρηvelis, pro Πάρρηvelis, q. v. Acharn. 116.

Πάρρηvelis, πρότερον, πρότερον, πρότερον.

Πάρρηvelis, pro Πάρρηvelis, q. v.

Πάρρηvelis. See Πάρρηvelis.



Πάρφυκτος, ου, δ, ή, qui praeferat potest: that may be escaped. Pyth. 12. 53. SYN. Φευκτός.

Πάρφωδος, ου, δ, ή, a proposito alienus: out of tune, foreign to the purpose. Iph. A. 1147.

Πάρωδω, πάρωσω, rejicio, adspersor, negligo: to reject, slight, neglect. Trach. 358. SYN. Άπωθώ, άποστρέφωμαι, ανάβαλλω, απόβαλλω, κατάφρονέω, εκβάλλω.

Πάρωνυμς, ου, δ, ή, denominatus ex: named from or after. Φοίβω τὸ Φοίβης δ' ὀνόμ' ἔχει παρ-ώνυμον Eumen. 8.

Πάρ, πᾶσα, πᾶν, omnis, totus, quivis: all, every, any. Τῇ ὑπὸ πᾶς ἔαλη N. 408. Med. 280. SYN. Άπας, σύμπας, ὅλος.

Πασίθεα, as, ή, Pasithea: the youngest of the three Graces. Πασίθεη ἡς αἰὲν E. 269.

Πασίθηα, as, ή, Pasithoa. Πασίθηα τε Hes. Theog. 352.

Πασίφαη, ης, ή, Pasiphaë. "Ην βὰ τέ Πασίφαη Apoll. 3. 998.

Πασίμελιν, ουσᾶ, ὄν, qui omnibus curae est: an object of care to all. Αργὸ πασιμέλινος μ. 70.

Πασπᾶλη, ης, ή, res levis: mere dust, a particle. Νυκτός οὐδὲ πασπᾶλην Vesp. 91.

Πασσάλευτος, ου, δ, ή, clavibus affixus: uailed, fastened. P. V. 113. See below.

Πασσάλευσα, clavibus affigo: to fasten with nails or pegs. "Ω πασάλευση κράτᾳ Bacch. 1203. SYN. Προσπασάλευσα, προσπήγνυμι.

Πασσάλλος, ου, Πάσσαξ, ακός, δ, paxillus: a wooden peg. Πασσάλην καθαρπάσας Androm. 1111. Πάσακ' ἰὺς ἀγλαῖας ἐξόρυσσέτε Acharn. 728. SYN. "Υπκαλῆξ.

Πάσσαξ. See above.

Πασσέδια. See Πανσέδια.

Πάσσω, πᾶσω, conspergo: to sprinkle, scatter. I. 214. Verbum ἐπέεαστο in Ap. Rhod. I. 729. primam futuri πᾶσα brevis esse demonstrat. SYN. Εμπάσσω, ἐπιπάσσω, ποικίλλω, βίπτω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Πάσσαν, comparativ. τοῦ πᾶχ'ς, q. v. D. 20.

Παστᾶς, ἀδός, ή; Παστός, οὐ, δ, thalamus; porticus: a chamber; a porch. Κλῦει τις ακτήριον ἀμφὶ πάστᾳ Antig. 1207. De παστός Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy citat Jacobs. Anth. 11. 319: 12. 286. SYN. Θάλαμος, μέλαθρον, αἰθουσά, στάδ. Ερ. Νῆστευκτός.

Πάσχω, f. πέλομαι, 2. α. ἐπᾶθον, patior: to suffer, to be treated with. Πάσχω τέ καὶ πέπονθᾳ κατὰ πέλομαι Troad. 471. Επεὶ πάθον ἀλγῆ δ' οὐκ I. 321. SYN. Ἰπόμενω, ἀνέχουμαι, κάμνω, τλήμι, καρτέρεω, πόνεω.

Πάτᾳγες, strepo, fragorem edo: to make a noise, to scream. Ρήγνυνται καὶ πατᾳγοῦσιν Nub. 378. SYN. Ψόφω, δουπέω, κλάγγω.

Πάτᾳγος, ου, δ, strepitus: a clatter, noise. Sept. Th. 100. See above. SYN. Ψόφός, ἦχος, θρούς, θορύβος.

Πάτάσσω, ξω, percutio, ferio: to strike violently, smite. "Ατῇ πατάξει θυμὸν Antig. 1097. SYN. Πάσσω, τύπτω, κρούω, κόπτω, παύω.

Πάτερ'ίζω, patrem appello: to call father. Πάσαι καὶ μή πατέρ'ε Vesp. 652. SYN. Πατ-ράζω.

Πάτew, ήσω, calco, protero: to tread on, trample on. Βουλὴν πάτῃς καὶ στράτηγους κλασπᾶσας Eq. 166. SYN. Κατάπατew, στείρω, κατάτρίβω, ὑβρίζω, τρώπηλακίζω, κατάφρονέω.

Πάτηρ, πατέρος, πατρός, δ, pater: a father.

Δεδοικᾶ πατέρας τῶν ὑπ' Ἰλίου νεκρῶν Orest. 102. SYN. Γόνεος, γεννητῆς, τῆκεός. Ερ. Φίλδς, θρᾶ-σόμεναι, θυμολίαν, κλῆτος, γέρας, ἀγάθος, εὐθλός, ἡπίος, μελίχρος, γέρον, ἀγαθός, ἀνύμων, δαίμων, δόστηνός, ἐρισθῆνός, ἐλευθέρως, πάλαιος, πόλιος, ἀντιθέος.

Πάτησμος, οὐ, δ, conculcatio: a trampling on. Πολλῶν πάτησμον δ' εἰμάτων ἐν ἐξέμῃ Agam. 936.

Πάτς, ου, δ, trita via: a path. "Ο τις πατῶς ἐκτὸν ἦεν Apoll. 3. 1200. SYN. Στίβος, ἀτρά-πος, τρίβος, ὁδός.

Πάτρα, as, Πάτρης, ἰδός, ή, patria: the land of one's fathers. Eis πάτραν πρόσθεν δ' ἐμὲ Phoen. 439. "Η πατρίς ὡς εὐκὲ 417. Πάτριδος ἐρῶ ἀπαντᾶς 370. Ερ. Φίλη, κλεινὴ, ἐρικυδὴς, καλ-λιγναϊκός, καλλιχρόος, κούδιναίρα.

Πάτραδελφός, οὐ, Πάτροκλῆς, πατρός, ου, et Πάτρω, ὡς, δ, patris frater: a father's brother, an uncle. Isthm. 8. 144. (See Ἀδελφός.) v. 342. (See Κάσιγνητός.) Pyth. 6. 46. See Πάτρη. SYN. see Θεός.

Πάτραδελφία, as, ή, consanguinitas avuncu- lorum: relationship of uncle and nephew, or of cousins. Aesch. Sup. 39. See above.

Πάτραλος. See Πάτροκλῆς.

Πάτριδον, ου, τὸ, paterculus: a dear father. "Ιθ' ὡ πατρίδον ἐπὶ τὰ βελτίω τρέπου Vesp. 987. SYN. see Πατρία.

Πάτρικος, Πάτριος. See Πάτριος.

Πάτρίς. See Πάτρη.

Πάτριωτης, ου, δ, Πάτριωτης, ἰδός, ή, popu- laris: of the same country, a fellow-countryman. E. R. 1091. Hercul. 755. See Πάτριος in Πά-τρώϊος. SYN. Εγχωρίος, δημότης, πόλιτης.

Πάτρώγιος, ἔος, δ, ή, indigena: born in the country, native. Antig. 938. See Πάτρώϊος.

Πάτροκλῆς, ου, τὸ, Patroclus. Av. 790. See below.

Πάτροκλῆς, ἔος, Ion. ἦος, et Πάτροκλός, ου, δ, Patroclus. Αἰὶδᾶ δ' ἔταιρον ἐν Πατροκλῇ πρόσ-επεν A. 601. O. 476. Ερ. Φίλδς Δῖ, διδογῆς, ἱππεύς, ἱπποκλέυθος, μέγαθυμς, δειλός, ἀνύμων, μέγαλῃτωρ, Μενοντιάδης, φῶς ἰσθθός, ἀριστὸς Ἀχαιῶν, ἥρωας, Μενοντίου ἀλκιμὸς υἱός.

Πάτροκλῆς, patricida: one who slays a father, patricidal. Ek πάτροκλῆος χερός Iph. T. 1084. Orest. 190. γ. 307. E. R. 1441. Κρίνεισι στέφῳς καὶ πα-τράλους Nub. 901.

Πάτροκλῆς, ἔος, δ, ή, patre privatus, orbus: deprived of a father. Σοὶ πάτροστερῇ γόνον Choeph. 247.

Πάτροκλῆς, -εὺς, and -όντης. See Πάτρο-κλῆς.

Πάτρώϊος, Πάτρώος, Πάτρικος, Πάτριος, α, ὄν, paternus: paternal, hereditary. Ζεῖνος πα-τρώϊος ἐσσί Z. 215. Hec. 934. Οὐκ ἀρχιπέδησας ὄν ἐμοὶ πατρικὸς φίλος Av. 142. Οὐ γὰρ πατρίων τοῦτ' ἐστί Ran. 778.

Πάτρώϊος, ου, δ, ή, a patre cognominatus: name after a father. Pers. 151. See Ἀνώνυμος, and above.

Πάτρώϊος. See Πάτρώϊος.

Πάτρωος. See Πάτρώϊος.

Πατράλιος, Πατράλιος, Παττω, Attic of Πασ-σάλευσα, Πάσσαλλος, and Πάσσω, q. v.

Παύλα, Παυκαλή, ης, ή, cessatio, quies: a cessation, rest. Παύλα κᾶκων ἐσται τὰ δ' ὑπερτέρᾳ Lysist. 772. B. 386. SYN. Ἀνάπαυσις, ἀνέσις, σχολή, ἀπραξία, ἡσυχία.

Παυρός, α, ὄν, paucus; parvus; brevis: few; small; short. Heracl. 328. SYN. Ὀλίγος, βρά-χ'ς, μικρός, σμικρός.

Παυσάνεμος, ου, δ, ή, ventos placans: wind-appeasing. Agam. 207. See Ἄνεμος.

Παυσίλινος, ου, δ, ή, dolorem sedans: grief-appeasing. Τὴν παυσίλινον ἀμπελὸν δοῦναι βρότοις Bacch. 771.

Παυσίπινος, ου, δ, ή, labori finem faciens: trouble-abating. Iph. T. 451. See above.

Παυστήρ, ἥρος, δ, sedator, liberator: an appeaser, deliverer from. Soph. El. 304. SYN. Σωτήρ.

Παυστήριος, α, ὄν, vim sedandi habens: able to appease. Καὶ νόσον παυστήριος (E. R. 150).

Παυσωλή. See Παύλα.

Παῖω, et Ion. Πανέσκω, cessare facio: to cause to cease, to allay. Iph. A. 1266. Ω. 17. SYN. Ἀνάπαυω, τέλειναῖω, κατάπαυω, λήγω.

Πάριος, α, ὄν, Paphius: Paphian, of Paphos. Χαίρετ' ἂν Πάρια μόνον Theoc. 27. 15.

Πάφλαγος, ὄντος, δ, Paphlagon: a Paphlagonian. Θεοῖσιν ἐχθρὸν βυροδόξην Πάφλαγονά Nub. 581. Ερ. Μεγάλητωρ, μέγαθυμς, ἀσι-στής.

Πάφλαξ, ferreo, aestuo: to rage, bluster. Μὴ παφλάων καὶ κέκραγος ὥσπερ ἦνικ' ἐνθάδ' ἦν (troch. tetram.) Pax 314. Κωμάτᾳ παφλά-ζοντᾶ N. 798. SYN. Ἀναξέω, κᾶχλάξ, ηξέω, ῥθέω, βράζω.

Πάφλας, ἄτος, τὸ, strepitus quem aestuans mare edit: blustering. Av. 1243. See above.

Πάφος, ου, ή, Paphos: a city in Cyprus. Es Πάφον ἐνθάδ' ἐοί. D. 363.

Πάχετος, ου, δ, et Πάχος, ἔος, τὸ, spissitudo, crassities: thickness, massiveness. Μείζονά καὶ παχέτον στεινάρωτόν ουκ ὀλίγον περ D. 187. Cycl. 379: Some grammarians consider παχέτος to be a different form of the comparative παχύ-τερος; it is however here considered a subst., after the opinion of Damm and H. Steph.

Πάχνη, ης, ή, pruina, gelu, glacies: hoar frost, ice. Περίτρετρε πάχνη Apoll. 2. 740. See below. SYN. Παχέτος, στίβη. Ερ. Χειμέ-ρια.

Πάχνω, gelu constringo: to cause to freeze. Λύπη παχυνθεῖσ' ἢ πὸ συμφορᾶς τίνος Hipp. 803. SYN. Κατάπληγνυμι, συμπληγνυμι.

Πάχος. See Παχέτος.

Πάχυντος, ου, δ, ή, cui sunt pingues surae: thick-ankled or legged. Καὶ γαστράδεῖς καὶ παχύνουσι Plut. 560.

Πάχυνος, ὡς, pinguefacio: to render fat or stupid. Αἱ δ' ἂν παχύνῃ κᾶνᾳχυνᾷ τῇ τριχί Acharn. 791. SYN. Πάινω, λίπαίνω.

Πάχ'ς, εἰᾶ, ὅ, compar. πάσσων et παχίων, superl. παχιστός, ης, ὄν, crassus, pinguis, tardus: thick, large, rich, dull. Πρυμνός παχὺς αὐτῶν ὑπερβεν M. 446. D. 20.

Πεδασκός. See Πεδᾶσκος.

Πεδαρῶ, Aol. pro Μετάρῶ, q. v. Vide de hac voce et seqq. Blomfield, ad Pr. V. 277.

Πεδαχίος, Aol. pro Μετὰχίος, q. v.

Πεδαμείω, Aol. pro Μετὰμείω, q. v.

Πεδάρος, Aol. pro Μετάρως, q. v.

Πεδάριος, Aol. pro Μετάρσιος, q. v.

Πεδαργᾶζω. See Μετὰργᾶζω.

Πεδᾶω, et Ion. imp. πεδᾶσκον, compedibus adstringo, vincio: to fetter. A. 291. ψ. 353. SYN. Δέω, δεσμεύω, σύνάπτω, ἀνᾶδew, κατὰδew, συνδew.

Πεδέρχουμαι, Aol. pro Μετέρχουμαι, q. v.

Πέδη, ης, ή, compes, pedica: a fetter. Eur. fr. Per. 4. SYN. Βρόχος, δεσμός. Ερ. Χρυσεία, ἀρήκητος, ἀλύτος, χαλκοδέτος, σφυρηλατός.

Πεδίās, ἀδός, ή, (1) planities: a level; (2) campester: of a plain. Πλαγχεῖς πλάτεας πεδᾶδος θ' ἀμαξίτου Rhes. 279.

Πεδίρης, ἔος, campester, planus: plain, level. Θράκης ἀμπεδιήρης Pers. 572. for ἀνὰ πεδιή-ρεις. Nescio an alibi, ait Blomf., apud Tragicos praeposito nomini adhaereat, quod saepius apud Homerum factum est. SYN. Πεδίās.

Πεδίλιον, ου, τὸ, calceus, talare: a sandal, slipper. Εἰδῶτ' ὅτ' καλὰ πέδιλα K. 132. SYN. Ἰπὸδῆμα, ἀρβύλη, ἐμβᾶς, εὐμαρῖς, κδορὸν. Ερ. Ἀμειρόσιον, χρύσειον, πῦτανον, ἐρῶν, γυναικεῖον, σιγᾶλῶν, κούφον, ἀελλῆν.

Πεδίον, ου, τὸ, campus, planities: a level field, a plain. Θάρσει τὰχ' αὐτῶν πεδίον ἐμπελῶω φύον Phoen. 730. SYN. Γῆ, πέδον, δάπεδον, ἀλώ, πλάξ. Ερ. Ἀνθῆμις, ἀσπίδες, ευρύ, ἱπ-πύδουτον, πυρφόρον, λωτήν, κατὰχαλκόν, χλδέρ-τροφόν, παρὰπτόταιον, ἀκαρπιστόν, στήχορτον, καλλιπυργόν, κλεινόν, ἀερόχρον, καρπιδόρον, ευ-δαίμων, ἀμπελῶν, ῥοσόν, ευρύχρον, κράνῶν, κάρπιμον.

Πεδιόνωμος, ου, δ, ή, qui campos tuetur: one who protects the plains. Πεδιόνωμος τέ κἀγὼρᾶς ἐπισκόποις Sept. Th. 258.

Πεδιόπλοκτις, ου, δ, ή, sonans ex ungulis campum ferientibus: arising from the clatter of hoofs on the plain. Sept. Th. 83. See above, and Κτύπος.

Πεδόδωμος, ὄντος, Πεδοστής, ἔος, δ, ή, terra incedens: going on the ground. Πτηνὰ τέ καὶ πεδόδωμᾶ Chocph. 583. Helen. 1515. See Στίβος. SYN. Χθονοστής.

Πεδόθεν, Πέδοι, Πεδονδῆ, genitiv. dat. et acc. antiq. α. πέδον. v. 295. Pr. V. 280. N. 796.

Πέδον, ου, τὸ, solum, terra, humus: ground, land, the floor. Rhes. 274. Ερ. Κράνῶν, κάρ-πιμον, πάτριον, μετὰχίμων, ἀδᾶτον, κράταιων, ξηρόν, ἥδδ. SYN. Ἐδαφός, δάπεδον.

Πέδοσι, adv.: "the same sense as οὐκὸνδῆ, Bacch. 590." Donnegan, Lex.

Πεδοστής. See Πεδόδωμος.

Πέδ'ς, ης, ή, planta pedis; quævis extremitas adfixa, ut fimbria vestis, clavus ad extremam oram: the sole of the foot; a fringe, stud, ex- tremity. Πέδ'ς ἐπὶ πρώτῃ Ω. 272. SYN. Σφύρον, κρσπέδον.

Πεζέω, pedibus iter facio: to travel on foot. Οὐτ' ἐπὶ γαῖας ποδᾶ πεζέω Alcest. 886.

Πεζέδωας, Πεζομάχης, ου, δ, miles pedes: a foot soldier. Nem. 9. 81. Pyth. 2. 121. See below.

Πεζομάχew, pugnam pedestrem committo: to fight by land. Καὶ πεζομάχων καὶ πόλιρκων Vesp. 683.

Πεζομάχης. See Πεζόδωας.

Πεζονόμος, ου, δ, ή, terrestris: supported by land, land. Pers. 78. See Πεζομάχew.

Πεζός, ή, ὄν, pedestris: on foot, by land. Κη-

δύμους πεζοῖσι Apoll. 3. 1273. The dat. πεζῇ is frequently used adverbially. SYN. Πεζονύμους. Πειθάνωρ. See Πειθαρχός.

Πειθαρχέω, pareo: to obey. Iph. A. 1120. SYN. Πειθόμαι, ὑπακούω, ὑπείκω, ὑποτάσσομαι, εὐπειθεῖς εἰμι, εὐπειθέω, ἀκλουθῶ.

Πειθαρχία, as, ἡ, obedientia: submission to authority. Πειθαρχία γὰρ ἐστὶ Sept. Th. 210. SYN. Πείσθ, πείσθω, εὐπειθεῖα, ὑποτάγη.

Πειθαρχός, ου, Πειθάνωρ, ὁρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, obediens: submissive to authority. Pers. 380. Τὸν δὲ μὴ πειθάνορα Agam. 1629. SYN. Εὐπειθής, εὐπείθης, ἐρίηκός, εὐήκός.

Πείσθ, ὁδς, ἡ, (1) suadela: persuasion; (2) obedientia: obedience. Hec. 804. SYN. (2) Πειθαρχία, πείσθ. Ερ. Θελέφρων, μέλιθης, ἡδύεπής, Σειρήν.

Πείσθω, f. σω, 2. a. ἐπιθύν, πεκίθύν, (1) persuadeo: to persuade; (2) med. pareo, credo: to obey, believe, Hec. 807. "Ἡθιδως πεπιθεὶν μέγαλα 1. 184. SYN. (1) Ἀναπειθώ, ἐκπειθώ, παρπειθώ, παρπαινώ, συμβουλεύω, (2) ὑπακούω, πιστεύω, πιδώ.

Πείκω. See Πεκτέω. Πείνω, Ion. Πείνη, ης, ἡ, fames: hunger. Πείνη δ' οὐπὲρ δῆμον ο. 406. SYN. Λιμός, βουλιμία.

Πεινάω, ἡσω, esurio: to be hungry. Acharn. 734. SYN. Πιέσσομαι λιμῷ.

Πειρά, as, aut Πειρά, ἄς, ἡ, experimentum: a trial, experience. Πειρὰν ἡλθόμεν φίλων Hec. 310. SYN. Ἀποπειρά, ἐπιχειρήμα, ἐμπειρία. Ερ. Ἀζημιωτός, πῶλονήμων.

Πειραεύς. See Πειραεύς. Πειράω. See Πειραεύς.

Πειραΐδης, ου, δ, Piraides: the son of Piraüs. Πτολέμαίου Πειραΐδου Δ. 228.

Πειραεύς, Πειραεύς, ἔως, δ, P. N., Piraüs: the Piraüs, one of the harbours at Athens. En Πειραεὶ πᾶρά ταῖς πόρεσι Pax 165. En Πειραεὶ δῆπου ἴσθι 144.

Πειραίνω. See Πειραίνω. Πειραῖς, ου, δ, Piraüs, ο. 543.

Πειράρ, Πειράς. See Πειράς. Πειρατήριον, ου, τὸ, iudicium, experimentum: a trial. Φθονία πειρατήρια Iph. T. 968. Pa longa est ad quantitatem perf. pass. πέπειραται. SYN. Πειρά.

Πειράω, ἄσω, Ionice ἡσω, Πειράω, ἄσω, et Πειρηγίζω, ἴσω, tento, conor, periculum facio: to attempt, try, tempt. Plut. 150. ψ. 114. O. 615. "Attici verbum (πειράω) in activa forma ponere non solent, nisi notet πειράζειν ἐρωτικῶς γυναικα, etc. Aristophanes: Πειρὲ μὲν οὖν ἴσως καὶ τῶν τῶν ἐφάπτεται." Damm. Imo etiam, ubi notat πειράζειν ἐρωτικῶς ἀνδρα, etc. Cycl. 576. SYN. Ἀποπειράω, ἐπιχειρέω, ἀναζητέω, δοκιμάζω, διαγωνίζομαι.

Πειρηναῖος, ὄν, Pirenæus: of Pirene, a fountain near Corinth, sacred to the Muses. Eur. El. 475.

Πειρήνη, ης, ἡ. See above. Αμφὶ Πειρήνης ὄσση Med. 68.

Πειρηγίζω. See Πειράω. Πειριθός, ου, δ, Pirithoius. Τὸν μὲν Πειριθόου M. 129. Ερ. Μεγαθύμους.

Πείριος, υἱός, ἡ, alveus qui imponitur curru ad recipienda onera vel sessores: a wicker-basket or case in which things are conveyed in a carriage. o. 131.

Πείρω, f. πέρω, transfigo: to transfix, pierce

through, cleave. S. 183. SYN. Διάπειρω, πέρω, νῶω, διατρέπω.

Πείρω, ω, δ, Piros: a Thracian chief. Δ. 525. Πείσανδρος, ου, δ, Pisanter. σ. 298.

Πεισνύριδος, ου, δ, Pisenoris filius: the son of Pisenor. Ευρύκλει' Ὀππος δὴ γὰρ Πεισνύριδος u. 148.

Πεισνύριος, ὁρὸς, δ, Pisenor. o. 445.

Πείσθ, ης, ἡ, obsequium: obedience, compliance. u. 23. SYN. Πειθαρχία.

Πεισθέτωρ, ου, δ, Pstheterus. Av. 644.

Πεισιμέρτος, ου, δ, ἡ, cui mortales parent: man-persuading. Choeph. 356.

Πεισιπράτος, ου, δ, Pisistratus. Πεισιπράτος ἦρας o. 131.

Πεισιχάλινος, ου, δ, ἡ, habenis obediens: obedient to the reins. Ἀρμάτα πεισιχάλινά Pyth. 2. 21.

Πεισμά, ἄτος, τὸ, navis retinaculum: a cable. Aesch. Sup. 772. SYN. Σχοινίον, κάλως, πρηνήσθ. Ερ. Πόντιον, πλεκτός, πέριμκός.

Πιστεύς, α, ὄν, credendus: must believe. Hipp. 1177.

Πιστήρ, ἥρος, qui persuadet, vel persuadetur, i. e. obsequens: persuading or persuaded, complying, following. Καὶ τὸν μὲν πιστήρᾳ Theoc. 21. 58, according to the reading of Kiessling.

Πιστήριος, ου, δ, ἡ, persuasorius: persuasive. Καὶ λόγους πιστηρίου Iph. T. 1054.

Πεκτέω, Πέκω, Ion. Πέκω, carpo, carmino: to tear out, comb, shear. Av. 714. E. 176. σ. 315. SYN. Κτενίζω, πόνκιζω, κείρω, ξαίνω, ξέω, ἄλλω, κείρω.

Πέκω. See Πεκτέω. Πέλαω. See Πέλαγος.

Πέλαγιος, α, ὄν, marinus: of the sea. Αἰριὼν αἰραι πέλαγιον ὑπὲρ πλάκα Ran. 1438. SYN. Πόντιος, Σάλασσος, ἄλιος, ἐνάλιος.

Πέλαγος, ἔος, τὸ, mare, aquor: the sea, the main. Helen. 1209. See above. SYN. Θάλασσα, κατέανος, πόντος, κλύδων, ἄλς. Ερ. Ἄλιον, νή-νέμον, πόντιον, ἀπριγέτον, ἀλμύρον, πορφύρεον, χειμερίδιον, κυανέον.

Πέλαγων, οντός, δ, Pelagion. Αμφὶ μέγαν Πέλαγοντά Δ. 295.

Πέλαζω, f. ἄσω, Πέλαω, Πέλαω, per synch. Πλάω, et Πλάω, f. ἡσω, (1) appropinquare facio, admoveto: to bring near, to cause to approach; (2) appropinquo: to approach. Δάμασιν πέλαζερε Phoen. 287. Γῆ πέλαω ὅδ' ἄρα σφί Hom. Hymn. 6. 44. Τὰς ὑμέτερας ἡμῖν πέλαθεν Eur. El. 1291. Alcest. 119. Κοίτας παλάθου ἐνέπειν χρή (parceuiat) Rhos. 14. (Vide hic Beck.) "Ἐπλην" ἀλλήλῃσι Δ. 449. Ad πλάω, πλάσω, potest referri Ὀρμηκὶ πλαθεῖσα ξένω Hec. 878. SYN. (2) Πηλαγίσω, πηλαῖω, προσπέλαζω, ἐγγίζω.

Πέλαδος, ου, δ, quidvis ex humido concretum; libum, grumus: clotted foam or blood; sacrificial cake. Χεῖνος δ' ὅνδ' ἐπὶ πέλανον ἐν τύμβω πατρός Choeph. 90. SYN. Πέμαξ, ἄφρος, πλάκου, μάζα. Ερ. Αἰμάτηρος, πιάλεις, ἐρύθρος, ἀθύρος.

Πελαργίδης, ἔως, δ, dimin. a (2) Πελαργός, οὔ, δ, ciconia pullus; ciconia: a young stork; a stork. Av. 1356. 1354.

Πελαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, "Pelargicus, idem qui Pelagicus; et Tyrreni idem qui Pelasgi." Blomf. Call. fr. 283. At vide Schol. in l. infra cit. Tis δ' αὖ κάθεξι τῆς πόλεως τὸ Πελαργικόν Av. 832.

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Πελαργός. See Πελαργίδης.

Πέλας, adv. et prep. prope: near. Χρυσόφειος πέλας ὡς σὲ κέλευα κ. 516. Ἀπὸ πέλας σου Hec. 484. SYN. Πλησίον, ἐγγύς.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ὄν; Πελασγίος, Πελασγίωτης, Πελασγός, ου, δ; Πελασγίος, ἄδς, ἡ, Pelasgus: Pelasgian, Grecian. Τυχάνει Πελασγικόν Phoen. 105. Orest. 950. Eur. fr. Arch. 11. 7. Orest. 685. Call. 5. 4.

Πελάτης, ου, δ, vicinus; qui appropinquat; qui invadit: a neighbour; one who approaches; an invader. Στενύται δ' ἱεροῦ Τμήλου πέλαται Pers. 49. SYN. Πάροικος, γείτων, πλησιόχωρος.

Πελέθς. See Σπλέθς.

Πελέθρος, Πελέθρον, ου, τὸ, jugerum: a measure of a hundred feet, an acre. Εὐνέα κείτῳ πέλεθρα λ. 576. Ion 1137. SYN. Γού.

Πελεῖα, as, Πελεῖας, ἄδς, ἡ, columba: a dove, a pigeon. Τίλλε πέλεῖαν ἔχων ο. 527. Οἱ δ' ὅσως πέλεῖαδς Androm. 1129. SYN. Πέρισ-τέρη, τρίφων, φάττᾳ. Ερ. Ερασμία, τάνυπτερός, ἐρατύνη, δειλή, δισευνήτρη, παντρώος.

Πελεῖας. See above. Also for Πελεῖας (one of the Pleiades), which see.

Πελεῖοθρέμω, ὄνδς, columbarum nutrix: dove-nursing. Τὴν πελεῖοθρέμωνα Pers. 314. SYN. Πόλυτρήμων.

Πελέκας, ἄντος, δ, pelecenus: a pelican. Av. 882.

Πελέκω, Aol. et poët. Πελεκκῶ, f. ἡσω, securi cado, dolo: to hew down with an axe. Av. 1157. ε. 244.

Πελεκός, ου, δ, avis quædam: a shoveler. Av. 883. Ἰνὸς trochæus ut in Ictinus; quod et ipse circumflexus notat, quamquam alii scribunt πελεκύδς.

Πελεκκῶ. See Πελέκας.

Πελεκκόν, ου, τὸ, securis manubrium: the handle of an axe. N. 613.

Πελέκς, ἔος, Att. ἔως, δ, securis: an axe, hatchet. Καὶ τὸν γὰρ τοῦτον πελέκον ἐξάρσ' ἄνω Hec. 1261. SYN. Αἰλίη. Ερ. Μεγᾶς, οἷς, ὀλδοτύς, στίβαρος, χαλκίχλατος, οἰδοτύς.

Πελέμις, ἡ, ὄν, moveo, commoveo: to shake, alarm. Π. 108. SYN. Σείω, κινέω, τάρσσω, κρᾶναιω, τίνασσω, πάλω.

Πελαῖδες, ὄν, αἱ, Pelidae: the daughters of Pelias. Οὐδ' ἂν κτάνειν πελασά Πελαῖδας κόρας Med. 9.

Πελίας, ου, δ, Pelias: king of Iolchus in Thessaly. Εφημερίδα Πελία Apoll. 1. 3. Ερ. Ἰφιδμός, ἀντιθέος, ἀτάσθαλός, ὑπερήνωρ, ἀθέμις, ὀδριμύργος.

Πελλά (1), ης, ἡ, mulctrum; pellis: a milk-pail; a hide. Π. 642. SYN. Ἀμολγέυς, ἀμολγίον, γαυλός.

Πελλάς, α, ὄν, Pellæus: of Pella. Βούλει Πελλάου βοῦς μέγας ἐν αἰδῷ Call. Ep. 14. 6. Hederic, on the authority of Hesychius, interprets Πελλάς by fuscus. The passage quoted from Callimachus, being unintelligible, decides nothing. See Steph. Thes. in v. Πέλας.

Πελλάη, ης, et Dor. Πελλάνα, as, ἡ, Pellene: a city in the Peloponnesus. Apoll. 1. 177.

Πέλλης, ου, δ, Pelles. Apoll. 1. 177.

Πελλάοι. See Πελλάοι.

Πελλάς, ἡ, ὄν, fuscus, niger: dark-coloured,

black. Theoc. 5. 99. SYN. Πελλάος, πῶλος, πέλιος, μέλας, κελανός, ἄμαυρος, ὀφθαλμός, αἰσός.

Πελοπιδής, α, ὄν; Πελοπιδής, ἴδς, ἡ; Πελοπιδής, ου, δ; Πελοπιδής, α, ὄν; Πελοπιδής, ου, δ, Pelopius: of or descended from Pelops. Πελοπιδῆς εἰκάδων ἄνω Apoll. 2. 792. 4. 1577. Οὐ Πελοπιδῆς Theoc. 15. 142. Πέλις κατ' αἶαν Πελοπιδῆς γ' ὁ δευτέρος Ion 1591. "Ὡς τῆς" ὀλῶς πάντᾳ καὶ τὰ Πελοπιδῶν Iph. T. 986.

Πελοπόννησος, ου, ἡ, Peloponnesus: a peninsula, comprehending the southern part of Greece. Eur. fr. Temen. 7. Πην. Γῆ, χθών, αἶα, et χώρα Πελοπία, or Πελοπῆς.

Πελοποννησιώτις, lingua vel more Peloponnesiaco: in the Peloponnesian dialect, or after the Peloponnesian manner. Πελοποννησιώτις ἄλλοιες Theoc. 15. 92. SYN. Δωριστί.

Πελοπ, ὄπς, δ, Pelops: the son of Tantalus, and grandfather of Agamemnon. Orest. 11. Ερ. Πληξίππος, Τανταλίδης, Λυδός, Εὐετήριος.

Πελασστής, οὔ, δ, peltasta: a targeteer. Rhos. 307.

Πέλτη, ης, ἡ, pelta, scutum breve: a small shield or buckler. Bacch. 772. SYN. Σάκος, ασπίς. Ερ. Ζάχρυσος.

Πέλω (imp. πέλεσκόμεν), et Πέλωμαι, et poët. Πέλλομαι, sum: to be. Καὶ δὴ σῆστος πέλει Med. 520. Κατὰ ἀσπὶ πέλεσκέ X. 433. Φυκτὰ πέλωται Π. 128. Σὺν γυναικὶ πέλλεται Simonid. περὶ Γυν. 100. SYN. Εἰμι, ἐπάρχω, γινώμαι, τυγχάνω.

Πέλωρ, ὁ et τὸ, indecl. adj. et subst. Πέλωρς, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ἡ, adj., Πέλωρς, ου, δ, ἡ, adj. et subst. et Πέλωρς, η, ὄν, adj. monstrosus; monstrosus, mirus, immanis: a monster; monstrous, grand, admirable, vast. Σ. 410. Apoll. 4. 1682. M. 202. Theoc. Ep. 17. 5. SYN. Δεινός, μέγας, περίμκης, ὑπερβύτης, ὑπερμεγέθης.

Πεμπάζω, in quinquanos divido et numero, reputo: to divide into portions of five and count, to calculate, consider. Apoll. 4. 1748. SYN. Ἀριθμέω, ἐρευνῶ.

Πεμπαστής, οὔ, δ, qui numerat: one who counts by fives, one who counts. Pers. 974.

Πεμπταῖος, α, ὄν, quintanus: on the fifth day. Av. 474. On the peculiar construction of Greek adjectives expressive of time, see obs. on the word Πᾶνημέριος.

Πεμπτήμερος, ου, δ, ἡ, quinquedialis: continuing for five days. Olymp. 5. 14.

Πεμπτός, η, ὄν, quintus: the fifth. Sept. Th. 523.

Πέμπω, ψω, mitto; deduco: to send; to conduct, convey. Z. 168. SYN. Ἀποπέμπω, πομπεύω, στέλλω, ἱμῶ, ἀφίμῶ, βάλλω.

Πεμπάβδον, ου, τὸ, veru quintas cuspides habens: a five-pronged spit. γ. 460.

Πενέσσης, ου, δ, famulus, servus: a labourer, slave. Vesp. 1274. SYN. Θῆς, δέρας, δοῦ-λός.

Πένης, ητός, Πενίχρος, οὔ, δ, qui labore victum quaerit, pauper: a labouring man, poor man. Eur. El. 1131. Πενίχρον μὲν ἄλλως δ' εὐπρόσπων καὶ καλόν Plut. 977. SYN. Πενί-χρος, πτωχός, ἐνδής, ἀπόρος, ἀχρημάτος.

Πενθάλεις. See Πενθήρης.

Πενθεία. See Πενθός.

Πενθίω. See Πενθίω.

Πενθέρως, οὔ, δ, (2) Πενθέρᾳ, ἄς, ἡ, (1) socer, uxoris pater: a father-in-law; (2) socrus, uxoris

(1) Πίλλα and Ion. Πίλλας is also the name of a city in Macedonia, the birthplace of Alexander.

mater: a mother-in-law. Herc. F. 482. Call. 3. 149. SYN. (1) Κρηόστης, ἐκὺρός; (2) ἐκὺρά.

Πενθεύς, ὥς, δ, Pentheus. Bacch. 208. Ερ. Ἀτὰρ θάλλος, δρᾶς, οὐστρὺ μὲν ἰσχυρὰ, ἀθέος, ἀνὸμος, ἀδικός, ἀξίμωτος, δὺς μὲν δρᾶς.

Πενθῶ, ποῖτ. Πενθείω, et Πενθήμῃ, lugeo: to mourn. Med. 270. Ψ. 283. τ. 120. SYN. Ὀλοφύρομαι, οδύρομαι, θρηνώ, αἰζώ, οὐμῶζω, γόω.

Πενθήμῃ. See Πενθός.

Πενθήμῃ. See Πενθῶ.

Πενθήρης, ἔος; Πενθάλεος, α, ὄν; Πενθήμων, ὄνός; Πενθίμος, ον, δ, ἡ; Πενθητήριος, α, ὄν, lugubris, luctuosus: mournful, mourning. Troad. 141. Bion. 1. 22. Agam. 410. Πενθίμω πρέπει δρᾶν Eur. Sup. 1066. Choëph. 7. SYN. Γέρος, πολυπένθης, λυπηρός, ἀνῆρος, δακρύειος, πόλυ-πενθής.

Πενθητήρ, ἦρος, δ, et Πενθητήριᾷ, ας, ἡ, qui vel quae lugeat: a mourner. Pers. 933. Hipp. 805.

Πενθητήριος. See Πενθήρης.

Πενθίμω. See Πενθήρης.

Πενθός, ἔος, Πενθήμῃ, ἄτος, τό; Πενθείᾷ, ας, ἡ, luctus: mourning, grief. Alcest. 1088. Choëph. 426. Πενθείᾳ τλησικάρδιος (iamb. dim.) Agam. 419. SYN. Ὀρίνως, γόος, οδυρμῆ, λύπη. Ερ. Τλησικάρδιον, ἀλγυρὸν, λυγρὸν, στυγερὸν, δασυχέτιον, ἀλαστόν, ἀμείτητον, ἀρήρητον, ἀσχετόν, κράτερον, μέγα, μυρίον, χαλεπὸν, μακρόν, οὐ μέτρητον, οὐ τλητόν, οὐ φερτόν, ὀλόν, ἀμείλιχόν.

Πενία, ας, ἡ, paupertas, inopia: poverty, want. Πενία μὲν οὖν ἡ σφάν ξυνοικῶ πολλ' ἔτη Plut. 437. SYN. Πτωχεία, ἐνδεία, ἀπδρία. Ερ. Κάκη, δειλὴ, οὐκ ὄρα, ἀργαλῆα, χαλεπὴ, λυγρὰ. Pher. Consule Plut. vv. 415-618.

Πενίχρος. See Πένος.

Πενόμαι, ago, curo, laboro; pauper vel inops sum: to do, perform, labor; to be poor. ω. 411. SYN. Πόνεω, πράσσω, ἐργάζομαι, κάμνω, σπουδάζω, ἐπιτηδεύω.

Πεντάεθλον (1), contr. Πένταθλον, et Πεντά-έθλιον, ον, et Πεντάθλιον, τό, quintertium: a contest consisting of five different games. Δρόμων διάλων πεντάεθλ' ἂ νόμιζέται Soph. El. 691. (Sed haec lectio est vexata et vexanda.) Pind. Ol. 14. 31. Pyth. 8. 92. Soph. El. 684.

Πεντάεθλος, ον, δ, quintertio: a person engaged in the Pentathlon. Nem. 7. 11. See Ἀεθλός.

Πεντάετηρίς, ἱδός, ἡ, tempus quinque annorum: a period of five years. Olymp. 10. 69. See below.

Πεντάετηρος, ὄν, ὅν; Πεντάετης, et Πεντέτης, ἔος, δ, ἡ, quinquennis: five years old. Βοῦν ἀρσενᾷ πεντάετηρον τ. 420. γ. 115. Acharn. 187.

Πεντάεθλον, et -έθλιον. See Πεντάεθλος.

Πεντάκας, quinquies: five times. Καλ τρισκά-κδοβαίμων καὶ τετράκας καὶ πεντάκας Plut. 851.

Πεντάκοσιοι, et Πεντηκόσιοι, αι, ἄ, quingenti: five hundred. Τάλαυτ' ἐσεσθαι πεντάκοσιᾷ τῇ πόλει Eccles. 824. γ. 7.

Πεντάκοσιος, ἡ, ὄν, quingentesimus: the five hundredth. Τῇ πεντάκοσιόστῃ κατέθηκες τῇ πόλει Eccles. 999.

(1) The five different games which composed the πένταθλον are contained in the two following lines: "Ἀλμα παδὼν, δίσιμον τε βαλὴ καὶ ἀκοντισιστὴν. Καὶ δέσιμον, καὶ πάλῃ μὲν δ' ἐπὶ τοῖς πασὶν τελευτᾷ. See also Suidas in v. Βραχίαι.

Πεντάχᾳ, quinque modis: by fives. Πένταχᾳ κοσμηθέντες M. 87.

Πέντε, indecl. quinque: five. Π. 171. Πεντέσυργγος, ον, δ, ἡ, quinque foramina habens: having five holes. Πεντέσυργγῳ ξίλω Eq. 1046.

Πεντέταλαντος, ον, δ, ἡ, qui quinque talentorum est: of five talents. "Ὅτι πεντέταλαντος διαγέγραπται μοι δίκη Nub. 772.

Πεντέτης. See Πεντάετης.

Πεντήκοντά, indecl. quinquaginta: fifty. Ἡμεῖς δὲ πενήκοντά γ' ἄμμοροι τέκνων Hec. 421.

Πεντήκοντάγυος, ον, δ, ἡ, qui quinquaginta jugerum est: of fifty acres. Πεντήκοντάγυον τὸ μὲν ἡμῶν I. 575.

Πεντηκοντάπαις, et Πεντηκοστῶν, παιδός, e quinquaginta pueris vel puellis constans, quinquaginta liberos habens: composed of, or having fifty children. Γέννα πεντηκοντάπαις P. V. 878. Aesch. Sup. 325.

Πεντηκόντορος, ον, ἡ, adj., et subaud. ναὺς, subst., quinquaginta remorum navis: having fifty oars, a ship having fifty oars. Helen. 1411.

Πεντηκόσιοι. See Πεντάκοσιοι.

Πεντηκοστήπαις. See Πεντηκοστῶν.

Πενταός, ον, δ, ἡ, quinque ramos vel digitos habens: in l. c. significat manus, subaud. χεῖρ: having five fingers. Μῆδ' ἀπὸ πεντάοιο Hes. Op. 740.

Πεντάβολος, ον, δ, ἡ, quinque obolorum: receiving five oboli. Eq. 795.

Πεός, ἔος, τό, penis. Nub. 734.

Πεπαῖνω, ἄνω, matura, ad maturitatem perduco; lenio: to ripen; to soften. Heracl. 160. SYN. Μάλασσω, πέπω, πρᾶνω, ᾄδρνω.

Πεπαίτερος, ἡ, ὄν, maturior, mitior: more ripe, mellow, soft. Agam. 1336. Ερ. Ἀπαλώ-τερος.

Πεπαρήθος, ον, ἡ, Peparethus: an island in the Aegean sea on the coast of Macedonia. Αρχι-ἀλη Πεπαρήθος Hom. Apoll. 32.

Πεπερός, ον, δ, ἡ, maturus, mitis; senex: ripe, mellow; old. Eccles. 896. SYN. Ὠραίος, ἀκμαῖος, ᾄριμος.

Πεπλήγω. See Πλήσσω.

Πεπλός, ον, δ; Πεπλωμά, ἄτος, τό, replum: a robe. See J. Pollux, Onomastic. lib. 7. §. 49, 50, and Meurs. Att. Lect. lib. 2. cap. 12. Σοῖς πέπλωσ' χεῖρ' ἐμὴν Hec. 246. Aesch. Sup. 728.

Πεπλός, εἰμᾶ, ἱμάτιον, ἐσθμῆ, ἐπωμῆς, χιτὼν, ἀμπεχὺνη, ἐνδυμᾶ, περίζωμα, περίβλαιον. Ερ. Κρόκεος, εὐνήτος, παμποικιλὸς, λεπτός, φάεινός, μαλάκος, πορφύρεος, μέγας, περικαλλής, χαρίεις, ἀμφοβότος, χιωνώδης, κυανέος, πολυδαίδαλός, δαι-δάλεος, ποικιλὸς, πῶδον ἐκείνης.

Πεπνυμαι. See Πνύω.

Πεπύρω. Vide Πύρω, et Heyn. Pind. Pyth. 2. 105.

Πεπρωται, perf. datum seu distributum est: it is allotted. Orest. 1671. "Ἡ πεπρωμένη, with or without τύχη, αἰσά, μοῖρα, &c., denotes fate or destiny. Pr. V. 103.

Πεπτός, ὄν, coctus: boiled, cooked. Eur. fr. Cress. 9. 5. SYN. Ἐρῶτος, σπτός.

Πέπω, πέσσω, et Πέτω, ψω, coquo, matura, digero, consumo: to boil, bake, render mellow, consume. Plut. 1126. I. 561. Eccles. 838. SYN. Κατὰπέτω, πέπαίνω, πάσσω.

Πέπων, ὄνός, maturus; mollis, ignavus; suavis: ripe; soft, soft-hearted, cowardly; sweet. Eu-

men. 66. SYN. Ασθενής, δειλός, προσφί-λῃς.

Πέρ, "articula est earum numero quae annecti alia orationis partibus solent, signif. habens εν-αντιωματικήν: ponitur enim pro quanquam, quamvis, tametsi, licet." Steph. Thes.; cunque: although; soever. Λεγοίμεθα κηδόμενοι περ γ. 240.

Πέρα, Πέραν, et Πέρην, adv. et praep. cum genitiv., ultra, praeter, contra; beyond, contrary to. Ἠπάσας πέρα δικῆς P. V. 30. (E. C. 940. Hippol. 1056. (An longa in πέραν, ut in ἄγαν.) α. 752.

Πέρασκον, Ion. imp. a Πέραω, q. v. ε. 480. Πέραιος, et Περραιός, ὄν, οἱ, Perhæbi: inhabitants of Perhæbia, a part of Thessaly, bordering on the Peneus. B. 749. Aesch. Sup. 264.

Περάθεν, Περᾶνθεν, et Περαιόθεν, ex ulteriore parte; ex adverso: from the other side; from opposite. Heracl. 82. (A longa, ut in πέρα.) Apoll. 4. 54. (Pa brevis, ut in πέρᾳτος.) 4. 71.

Περαῖνω, et ποῖτ. Περαιῶν, ἄνω, perficio, finio: to accomplish, finish. Orest. 629. γ. 175. SYN. Τέλλω, ἐκτέλλω, ἐξάνω, κατεργάζομαι, τέλλω, ἐκπεράσσω, περάττω.

Περαῖθεν. See Περάθεν.

Περαῖος, Περαιτέρος, et Περᾳτός, ἡ, ὄν, ulterior, ultimus: further, furthest. Τῇ δὲ περαῖν Apoll. 1. 923. Νόκτα μὲν ἐν περάτῃ ψ. 243. De πε-ρατέρως Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Heyn. Hom. 8. 622.

Περαῖω, ὥσω, transmittō, trajicio: to send or transfer to the other side. Περαιωθέντες ἐκείνοι α. 436. SYN. Διαπορθμεύω, πέραω, περάλω.

Περαίτερος. See Περαῖος.

Περατῆρος, ulterius, amplius: further, beyond. Av. 1500.

Περαν. See Πέρα.

Περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, vim finiendi habens: able to finish or conclude. Εστί καὶ περαντικός Eq. 1375.

Περάς, ποῖτ. Πεῖρας, et Πεῖρᾳ, ἄτος, τό, finis ulterior, terminus: the further end, boundary. Περάς is also used adverbially, in the sense of denique, Pers. 638. Helen. 138. Μέγα πεῖρας οἶσος ε. 289. Πεῖρᾳ ἐπαλλάξαντες N. 359. Πεῖρατᾳ τέχνης T. 434. SYN. Τέλος, τέρμα, τέλευτᾳ, ὄρος, ἐσχάτια. Ερ. Μακρότάτον, θυμη-δὲς, δακρύειν, μίρην.

Περασίς, ἡ, ἡ, transitus, exitus: a passage through, a termination. Περασὶν ἦδη καὶ κατα-στρόφην τίνα E. C. 103. SYN. see Περάς.

Περάτος. See Περαῖος. Περάτη, agreeing with γῇ, understood, is used to denote the ex-temity of the earth towards the East, ψ. 242. and Apoll. 1. 1281.

Περατός, ἡ, ὄν, qui transiri potest: which may be passed. Nem. 4. 112. Pa est longa, ut in περασίς.

Περάτω, pf. pass. πεπέρᾳται, per sync. πέπωται, finio: to fix an end or limit to. See Πέπωται, and Περάς, ἄτος.

Πέραω, et Ion. imp. περάσσκον, transeo; trans-porto: to pass over, penetrate; to convey over. Hec. 53. ε. 480. SYN. Διέμι, διέκειμι, υπερβαίνω, διαπέραω, περάτω.

Περγάμος, ον, ἡ; Πέργαμῳ, ον, τό, Perga-mus, arx vel tota urbs Ilii; unde generaliter in plur. arces vel alta ædificia. Vid. Suid. in v. et Eustath. ad Il. Δ. p. 503, 4. et Barnes. Phœn.

1192. et Iph. A. 778.: the citadel of Troy, Troy, Pergamus; a lofty building, a tower. Περγᾶμων ἐλεῖν πόλιν Phœn. 1192. Ερ. Ἴερα, ζᾷεα, ἐρπεινή, ισχυρά, δχιρά.

Περγάσαι, ὄν, αἰ, Pergasæ: one of the Δῆμοι of Attica. Πρὶν γὰρ εἶναι Περγᾶσθιν ἐνέον ἐν ταῖς ἐμβάσιν Eq. 321.

Περγάσιδης, ον, δ, Pergasi filius: the son of Pergasus. Περγᾶσιδης δὲ Τρώες E. 535.

Περίξ, ἡ, ὄν, perdis: a partridge. Av. 297. Δι in genitivo est longa, ut in Lat. perdis.

Πέρω, aut Πέρδωμαι, pedo: to break wind backwards. Νυκτὸς ἀλλὰ πέρδεται Nub. 9.

Πέρω, σω, 2. a. ἐπράθω, diruo, vasto: to sack, ravage. Hec. 545. Ἐνθα δ' ἐγὼν πόλιν ἐπράθων ι. 40. SYN. Εκπέρω, πορθεῖω, ἐξά-πάω, ἀνὰτρέπω, δηῖω, κάτασκάπτω, κατὰ-στρέφω.

Περί, (1) cum gen. de, propter, ob, circum, ultra: concerning, about, for, beyond; (2) cum dat. circum, in, de: around, in, concerning; (3) cum acc. circum, erga: about, towards. Περί is paroxyton when used in the sense of περίεσσι. Καὶ διζυρὸς περί πάντων A. 417.

Περίγυμνι, ἄω, circumfrango; circumsonare cum fragore facio: to break around; to cause to roar about. Περίγυμνιταῖ ἱδωρ Apoll. 2. 793. SYN. Περίρῳγγυμι, περὶρῳγῶ.

Περίγω, ἄω, circumduco: to lead or turn about. Pax 36. See Ἄγω. SYN. Περίσῳρω, περὶφέρω, κύκλω, περίελίσσω.

Περίρῳ, f. ἔλω, 2. a. εἰλῶν, circumcido, de-traho: to cut off, take away, strip. Eq. 290. SYN. Αφαιρέω, παύω, περίσυνῳ, περίτρω, ισχυαίνω.

Περίῳλῳ, ψω, circumlino: to appoint all round or over. Eq. 907. See Ἀλείφω.

Περίῳλλᾷ, eximie, insigniter: remarkably, exceedingly. Thesm. 1070. SYN. Εξαίρετος, ἐξῳχᾷ.

Περίῳλουργός, οὗ, undique tinctus: deeply dyed. Ὁ περίῳλουργὸς τοῖς κάκοις (iamb. dim.) Acharn. 856. SYN. Βεβαμμένος.

Περίῳπτω, ψω, annecto; comparo: to fasten around, annex, attach; to procure. Acharn. 640. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, καθάπτω, προστίθημι, περί-βάλλω.

Περίῳρμῳ, ὥσω, apte circumpono: to fit round, adorn. Eccles. 274.

Περίῳβαίνω, ἐθῳμα, circumceo; protego, de-fendo: to go round; to defend. Θ. 331. SYN. Αμφίβαίνω, περιέρχομαι, υπερμάχνομαι, προϊστά-μαι.

Περίῳβάλλω, βάλλω, circumjacio, ambio, am-plector; supero: to cast round, encircle, embrace; to surpass. Ion 828. SYN. Αμφίβάλλω, περίτῳθμι, περίεχω, περιστέλλω, περίπλέκω, ἀμφέννυμι, υπερβάλλω.

Περίῳβριδὲς, ὄν, αἰ, calceamenta muliebria: a kind of women's shoes, slippers. Καλ Κμδερὶκ' ὀρθοστάδιᾳ καὶ περιῳβριδῶν Lysit. 45. Non novi locum qui quantitate antepentulimæ de-terminat.

Περίῳβρῳς, εἰᾷ, ὅ, valde gravis: exceedingly oppressive. Eumen. 161. See Βάβρῳς.

Περίῳλεπτός, ον, δ, ἡ, conspicuus, illustris: conspicuous, distinguished. Ὁρᾶτ' μ' ὁσπερ ἦν περίῳλεπτος βροτόντι Herc. F. 506. SYN. Περί-σῳμῳς, ἐπίσῳμῳς, ἐπίφῳμῳς, ἐπῳμῳς, ὁρᾶτος, ἐξῳχῳς, ἐξαίρετος.



Περιβλεπω, ψω, circumspicio; admiror: to look round; admire. Περιβλεπεσθαι τίμιον κένον μὲν οὖν Phoen. 561. SYN. Περισκεπτῶμαι, ἀποβλέπω, θαυμάζωμαι.

Περιβληχρός, ὄν, omnino debilis: exceedingly weak. Περιβληχρὸν βάρυνοντες Apoll. 4. 621.

Περιβλῶ, circum scaturio aut alluo: to flow or wash around. Περιβλῶ σπιλάδεσσιν Apoll. 4. 788.

Περιβόητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui magnum circa clamorem edit; infamis: uttering cries aloud or around; ill-famed. Cl. R. 191.

Περιβοῖα, ας, ἡ, Periboea. Περιβοῖα γυναικῶν εἶδος ἀρίστη η. 57.

Περιβολαῶν, ου, τὸ, amictus; velum: a clothing, vesture; a veil. Herc. F. 548. SYN. Περιβολῆ, ἀμπελῶν, ἐνδυμῆ.

Περιβόλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, cinctura, vinculum, amplexus, ambitus: an enclosure, sheath, embrace, circuit. Hipp. 867. SYN. Περιβόλαιον, περιπτύχῃ.

Περιβόλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) sapiens, ambiens: surrounding, investing; (2) in neutro gen. subst. ambitus, septum: an enclosure. Helen. 1529.

Περιβόσκωμαι, pascor prope aut in: to feed near or upon. Call. 2. 84. SYN. Εἰσβόσκωμαι, περινοῖαίτω.

Περιβρέμω, Περιβρόμω, et Ion. imp. περιβρόμω, circumfremo: to roar around. Περὶ σπιφῆλῃ βρέμει ἀκτὴ Apoll. 2. 323. I. 879. 4. 17. SYN. Ἀμφιάχω, περιστένω, περιστύνάχω, περιστύνάχωμαι.

Περιβρίμω. See above.

Περιβρύχως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, circumfremens: roaring round. Antig. 336. See Βρύχως.

Περιγίγνητος, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, valde laetus: exceedingly glad. Apoll. 4. 421. SYN. Περιγάρης, γηθοσύνης, ὑπερχαίρων.

Περιγίγνομαι, aut Περιγίνωμαι, supersum, reliquissum; supeto: to be over, remain, survive; to overcome. Plut. 554. SYN. Περιεῖμι, περισσεύω, ὑπερέχω, περίπλω.

Περιγλάγης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, lacte plenus: full of milk. Περιγλάγας περὶ πέλλας Π. 642.

Περιγληνῶμαι, circumspicio: to glance all round. Περιγληνῶμένος ὄσσοις Theoc. 25. 241. SYN. Περιβλεπω, περισκεπτῶμαι, παπταίνω.

Περιγλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde disertus: very eloquent. Pyth. 1. 82. SYN. Ἠδὲπῆς, λίγος, γλωσσώδης.

Περιγνάμπτω, ψω, circum curvo: to bend round, double a cape. Τῆνδὲ περιγνάμψαντι Apoll. 2. 364. SYN. Περιέλλω, περίκλω, περίκλωμαι.

Περιγράφῃ, ἡς, ἡ, descriptio minus exacta: a faint outline, print. Choëph. 201. See Γράφῃ. SYN. Τῆσγράφῃ, τύπος, μίμημα.

Περιγράφω, ψω, circumscribo; deleo, oblito: to circumscribe; to expunge. Pax 879. See Γράφω.

Περιδαίωμαι, ardeo, depereo: to be desperately in love. Περιδαίωμαι Ἐνδυμῶνι Apoll. 4. 58. SYN. Ἐπιμαίνωμαι, δαίωμαι.

Περιδείω, aut Περιδέδω, είσω, et Περιδῶ, πέτισκο: to fear exceedingly. Νῆα περιδείσαντες Apoll. 4. 1650. Περὶ γὰρ εἶε E. 566. SYN. Περιφθεύωμαι.

Περιδέμω, δμῶω, circum struo vel aedifico: to build all round. i. 184.

Περιδέξιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ambidexter: exceedingly

dexterous, very clever. Nub. 950. See Δεξίος. SYN. Ἀμφιδέξιος, δεξίος, φρόνιμος, πόλιτροπος.

Περιδῶ, ἡσω, circumligo: to bind round. Eccles. 122. SYN. Ἀνάδω, ἀμφιδῶ, δεσμεύω, περιάπτω.

Περιδιδῶμαι, δῶω, largiter do; med. depono, seu depono pignore certo, paciscor: to give above others; midd. to pledge oneself, bargain. ψ. 78. See Διδῶμαι. SYN. Περιτίθημι, συντίθημι, περιβάλλωμαι.

Περιδῶ. See Περιδείω.

Περιδυνῶ, ἡσω, circumago: to whirl about. Πῶλον περιδυνήθητην X. 165. SYN. Περιδυνῶ, περιέρχῶμαι, περιάγω, περικινῶ.

Περιδρῶμαι, ἡς, ἡ, circumcursio, circuitus: a running about, revolution. Ἐπεὶ δὲ διήλθον δ' ἐπτά περιδρῶμας ἑτῶν Helen. 775. SYN. Κύκλος, κύκλωμα.

Περιδρῶμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et ὁ, (1) circumvius, circularis: which may be run round; (2) ambitus: circumference. Ὁφίων δὲ πλεκτάναισι περιδρῶμον κύτος Sept. Th. 491. SYN. Περιφέρῃ.

Περιδρύπτω, ψω, circum vel valde laeco: to tear all round, or cruelly. Ἀγκῶνας τὲ περιδρύπτῃ V. 395. SYN. Ἀμυδρύπτω, ἀπιδρύπτω, δρύπτω, διασπάρσσω.

Περιδύνω, ὦω, exuo: to strip off. Περιδυνῶ χιτῶνας A. 100. SYN. Εκδύνω, ἀφαιρέω.

Περιδῶ, valde scio: to know above others. K. 247.

Περιέλλω, vel Περιέλω, circumplco, circumvolvo: to wrap round or up. Εὐ βάχιοις περιέλλομενος Ran. 1066. SYN. Συγκάλλω, συστρέφω, περιέρω.

Περιεῖμι, supersum; supeto: to survive; to be superior to. Περιεστέ δέανω Apoll. 3. 54. SYN. see Περιγίγνομαι.

Περιέρω, ἡω, circum cohibeo: to confine or inclose around. Lysist. 811. SYN. see Περιεῖλω.

Περιέλλω, ἡω, circum celeriter moveo: to move rapidly round. Περὶ δὲ σχεδὴν ἐκείλινε ε. 314. SYN. Περιάγω.

Περιέννυμι, ἑσω, circuminduo, contego: to put on, to dress. Περὶ δ' ἀμφοτέρω εἰμῶτα ἑσσαν Π. 670. SYN. Ἀμφιέννυμι, ἀμφιβάλλω, περιβάλλω, περιέχω.

Περιεργάζωμαι, laboriose ago: to labour diligently. Eccles. 220. SYN. Ἐπιμελέωμαι.

Περιέρω, delabor: to fall away, perish. Eq. 533. SYN. see Ἐρρω.

Περιέρχῶμαι, ελεῖσθωμαι, circumeo, occupo, circumvenio, decipio: to go about, to seize, to come about, to deceive. Lysist. 558. SYN. Περιδυνῶ, περιπύλλω, ἀμφιβαίνω, ἐνδρεῖω, ὑπερχῶμαι, ἐξαπύττω, φενακίζω.

Περιζαίνομαι, vehementer: violently. Περιζαίμενος κεύθωσθαι Hom. Merc. 492. SYN. Ζαίμενος, σφοδρῶ, δεινός.

Περιζώνω, ὦω, circumcingo: to gird round. Τούτων τῶων τὸν ἀνδρὰ περιζώσάτω Pax 687. SYN. Ἀναζώνω, ἐτομάω, διαδέω.

Περιζώστρα, ας, ἡ, fascia, cingulum: a border, girdle. Περιζώστραιον ἐλευκτὸν Theoc. 2. 122. SYN. Δεσμός, τέλειον, ζωστήρ.

Περιήγῃ, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, rotundus, curvus: round, winding. Apoll. 1. 559. SYN. Περιδρῶμος, περιφέρῃ.

Περιήρεως, εὖς, ὁ, Periereus. Βάρω Περιήρεως υἱ. Π. 177.

Περιήρῃω, ἡω, Περιήρῃω, circumsono: to

sound or echo all round. H. 267. Περὶ δ' ἰαχὲ πέτρι i. 395. SYN. Ἐρήχῃω, κτύπῃω, ηχῇω.

Περίθαμψῃς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, stupore percussus: very astonished. Apoll. 2. 1162. SYN. Ἐκθαμψῃς, ἐμφοδῃς, περίφθοδῃς.

Περίθαρος, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, valde fidens: very confident. Apoll. 1. 195. SYN. Εὐθαροῦς, εὐτολμῃς, πάντολμῃς.

Περίθετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, circumpositus: surrounded or covered. Thesm. 265.

Περίθεω, circumcurro: to run about, incircle. Eq. 65. SYN. Περιτρέχω, περιέρχῃω.

Περίθυμῃς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde iratus: passionate. Sept. Th. 721. See below. SYN. Θυμῶδης, θυμῆρης.

Περίθυμῃς, irato animo: passionately. Γὰς νέρθεν περίθυμῃς Choëph. 36. SYN. Τερεθύμῃς. Περιάχω. See Περιήρῃω.

Περίστημι, i. στήσω, cingo: 2 a. et med. circumsto: to surround; to stand round. Eur. fr. Sis. 1. 37. SYN. (1) Περιτίθημι, περιβάλλω, περικύκλω, περιάγω, περικατάτιθημι, (2) περισκεῖω, πόλιτροκῇω.

Περίσχωμαι, complexor; vindico: to clasp round; to claim. Περίσχετό κοῦρης Mosch. 2. 11. SYN. see Περιέχω.

Περίκαλλῃς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, formosissimus: most beautiful. Thesm. 282. SYN. Κάλλιστος, παγκάλλῃς, ὠραίος, λαμπρός, φαεινός, περίκομψός, εὐμορφός.

Περίκαλυπτῃς, α, ὄν, cooperiendus: must be covered. Nub. 727. See below.

Περίκαλύπτω, ψω, circumvelo, cooperio: to veil around, cover up, spread over. Καὶ περικάλυψαι τοῖσι πράγμασι σκῆτον Ion 1522. SYN. Κατάκαλύπτω, περισκέπω, κατὰκρύπτω, περιστέλω, περιέχω.

Περίκατάββαλω, ββαλῶ, dejicio: to cast down. Κόλποις περικατέβαλλον Apoll. 3. 707. SYN. Κατάββαλω, περιβάλλω.

Περίκατάγνυμι, i. δέω, undique defringo: to break on all sides or entirely. Lysist. 357. SYN. Περιβρῆγγνυμι, κατὰγνυμι, κατὰρβῆγγνυμι.

Περίκατάπτω, 2 a. ἐπέσθω, decido: to fall down. Ἀφάστω περικατέπεσεν Apoll. 3. 543. SYN. Κατάπτω, ἀπὸπτω, κατὰφρῶμαι.

Περίκατάτιθημι, i. θῶω, circumpono: to place about. Περίκατέθετό μύτρη Apoll. 3. 156.

Περίκειμαι, i. κείσθωμαι, circumjaceo: to lie about, to surround. φ. 54.

Περίκῃδωμαι, valde curo: to take great care of. Nem. 10. 101. SYN. Κῃδῶμαι, ἐπιμελέωμαι, προκῃδῶμαι, μέριμνῶ, πρόμηθεύωμαι.

Περίκῃλῃς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnino aridus: entirely withered. e. 240. SYN. Ξηρός, ἀνχηρὸς.

Περίκλῃς, κλῖνός, columnis undique cinctus: pillar-surrounded. Eur. fr. Erechth. 6. 4. See Κλῖν.

Περίκλῃς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, ramis undique obsitus: thickly covered with branches. Περικλάδεος πέσεν ὕλην Apoll. 4. 216. SYN. Σκιδεῖς, εὐφυλλός.

Περίκλῃς, εὖς, Περικλειτός, ἡ, ου, et Περικλῆτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde celebris: very celebrated, renowned. Περικλῆς εἰσαίνωντες Apoll. 3. 330. Theoc. 17. 34. u. 153. See Κλῆτος. SYN. Ἀγῶκλειτός, ἀγῶκλῃς, ἀγῶκλῆτος, ευκλῃς, εὐκλῆς.

Περίκλῃς, contr. Περικλῆς, εὖς, ὁ, Pericles. Εἰτὰ Περικλῆς φθονήεις μὴ μετὰσχη τῆς τύχης Pax 606.

Περικλείδης, ου, ὁ, Periclides. Lysist. 1138. See above.

Περικλῆμῆνός, ου, ὁ, Periclymenus. Phoen. 1173. See Κλῆμῆνός.

Περικλυστός, ἡ, ὄν, qui undique alluitur: Pros. Lex.

washed all round. Herc. F. 1071. SYN. Ἀμφιρῆτος, περιρῆτος, ἀλικύκλωτος, ἀλιερκῃς, ἀλιζῶνός, περίκυκλω.

Περίκλῆτος. See Περικλῆς.

Περίκοκκῷ, ὦω, elato capite cano ut gallus victor: to crow over. Eq. 697.

Περίκομῶ, ἀπῶς, et dimin. Περίκομῶτιν, ου, τὸ, edulium ex herbis et carnis concisum: minced meat. Eq. 372. 770.

Περίκομψός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perelegans: very elegant. Pax 994. SYN. Ἀστεῖος, περικαλλῃς, χαρίεις.

Περίκτείνω, κτενῶ, juxta vel circa occido: to kill around. Περικτείνω μεθὰ πάντες M. 245.

Περίκτις, ου, Περικτίαν, ὄνδς, et Περικτίανης, ου, ὁ, subst. vicinus: a neighbour. Τὴν πάντες μνῶντὸ περικτίται λ. 287. Περικτίανοςσὶν ἰδέσθαι Z. 212. Il. κ. 488. SYN. Πάροικος, ἀμφικτίαν, γελτῶν, πλησιόχωρος, ὁ εγγὺς, ὁ πλησίον.

Περίκυκλῶ, Περικύκλω, circumdo, cingo: to surround, invest. Ὅλην ἐνέκαψέ περικύκλῃσας (Brunck reads here περικύκλωσας) τῶν πόδων Pax 7. Av. 347. SYN. Περικύκλω, περίσσημι, συγκύκλω.

Περίκυκλῶν, ὄνδς, circumfluus: sea-girt. Troad. 802. See Κύμα. SYN. see Περικύκλωτος.

Περίκωμῶς, i. ὦω, comessabundus obo: to revel round. Vesp. 1025. SYN. Κωμῶς, ἐπικωμῶς, εὐλαπίνῃω, εὐνοχῶμαι.

Περίκωνῶ, ἡω, pice obliquo: to cover with pitch. Vesp. 598. SYN. Περιάλλω.

Περίκῶνῶ, obblatelo: to prate about. Μὴ περικῶνῶμεν μηδὲ πυνθιζόμεθα Eccles. 230. SYN. Στωμίλλω, φλύαρώ, γλωττοστρόφῃω, ἀδολοχῇω, σπερμιλλῶνῃω.

Περίλαμβῶν, i. λήψῶμαι, 2 a. ἐλάδῃ, amplexor: to embrace. Eccles. 881. See Λαμβῶν. SYN. Περιέχω, περιβάλλω, περικύσσω, περίπλω, προσπύσσω, κάτασπάζωμαι.

Περίλειπω, ψω, relinquo: to leave. Helen. 425. SYN. Λείπω, ἀπὸλείπω, κατὰλείπω, πρόλειπω.

Περίλειχω, Περικλῆμα, i. ἡω, circumcirca delingo: to lick all round. Plut. 737. Arat. Phoen. 1115. SYN. Περιάπτω.

Περίλειψῃς, εὖς, ἡ, circumlocutio: circumlocution. Nub. 317. SYN. Φλυαρία, ἀδολοχία.

Περίλεω, ψω, decortico: to take off the bark, to peel. A. 236, by Tmesis. SYN. Ἀπόλεω, περιπτίσσω.

Περίλιχῶ. See Περικλῆμα.

Περιμαίω, ἡω, lustris: to seek eagerly, to survey. Σκῶπῃον περιμαίωσσε μ. 95.

Περιμαίνωμαι, valde furo; per furorem vagor: to be very furious; to wander in a frantic manner. Hes. Scut. 99. SYN. Εκμαίνωμαι, ὑπερμαίνωμαι.

Περιμαρῶμαι, propugno, defendo: to fight about or for, to defend. Hes. Theog. 647.

Περίμαχῆτος, ὁ, ἡ, qui magna contentione expetit: eagerly fought for. Ὅς ταῖσι φύλαις περιμάχῃτος εἰμ' αἶε Av. 1404.

Περιμέναιον, mire cupio: to desire eagerly. Περὶ δὲ μέναιον' Apoll. 1. 670.

Περιμένω, i. μένω, opperor, expecto, moror: to await, expect, delay. Eccles. 517. SYN. Μένω, ἀνέμενω, προσμένω, εκδέχομαι, προσδοκῶ.

Περιμετρῷ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, justae plenaeque mensura: of the proper size. Λεπτόν καὶ περιμετρῶν β. 95.

Περιμήδης, εὖς, ὁ, Perimedes. A. 23.

Περιμήκετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Περιμήκης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, valde longus et procerus: very long, tall. ζ. 103. κ. 293. SYN. Εὐμήκης, μακρός.

Περιμηχανῶμαι, ἡσθῶμαι, machinor, molior: A a

to plot, devise. ἔμολ περιμυχάνοντο ξ. 340. SYN. Μηχανάω, ἐπιμυχάνομαι, τέχνασμα, μηχανορραφία.

Περιμύς, ου, δ, Perimus. Kal Περιμύον Μεγάλην Π. 695.

Περιναίεσθαι, Περιναίω, circumhabito: to dwell near. Μίνως περιναίεσθαι Apoll. 1. 229. Aesch. Sup. 1028. Περιναίεσθαι, like the simple Ναιεῖσθαι, has also a passive signification. δ. 177. SYN. Γειτνῶω, περιούκω.

Περιναίετθαι. See Περιτίτθαι. Περιναίω. See Περιναίεσθαι. Περινεφέλλος, ου, δ, η, nubibus circumdatus: overcast, cloudy. Av. 1192.

Περινίσσασθαι, Περινοστώ, circumeo: to go about or round. Alcest. 461. Plut. 494. SYN. Περιέρχουμαι, περιβαίνω, περιδύλω, περιφέρουμαι, περιπάτω.

Περινώω, ήω, excogito: to think about, contrive. Ran. 958. SYN. Περιμυχάνομαι.

Περινοστέω. See Περινίσσασθαι.

Περιξ, circum, circa: around, all round. Herc. F. 243. SYN. Κύκλω, περιστάδων, πάντοθεν, περί, αμφί.

Περιξέσθαι, ή, δν, et ού, δ, η, perpolitus: highly polished. μ. 79. SYN. Ξεστός.

Περιξέω, f. ξέσω, circumquaque rado: to shave all round. Περιξέσει δίναις Theoc. 22. 50. SYN. Κάταξέω, ἀποξέω.

Περιρύθδω, ου, ή, circuitus: a circuit, a revolution. Nem. 11. 51. SYN. Περιδρόμω, περιφύρα, κύκλος, κύκλωμα.

Περιούκω, ήσω, accola sum: to dwell near. Eq. 853. SYN. Γειτνῶω.

Περιόπτουμαι, ψόμε, et Περιόρωω, circumspectio: negligo, contemno: to look round; to overlook, despise. Nub. 124. Vesp. 437. SYN. Περιβλέπω, παπταίνω, δολιγῶρε, κατάφρονέω.

Περιόρωω. See Περιόπτουμαι.

Περιργῶω, iracunde: passionately. Agam. 209. SYN. Πάληγνός, περιόρως.

Περίουσια, ας, ή, abundantia: abundance. Όζων τρύγος τράσις ἐρίων περίουσιας Nub. 50. SYN. Ευπρία, κτήματα, πλοῦτος, περίουσιμα.

Περιπατταίνω, circumspectio: to look round. Arat. Phoen. 297. SYN. Παπταίνω, περιβλέπω, περιόπτουμαι, περιόρωω.

Περιπάτεω, ήσω, circumambulo: to walk about. Vesp. 237. See Πάτεω. SYN. Περιπατέω. ΡΗΗ. Βαίνο παλλευκῶ πόδι, διάδαζέω.

Περιπαῖτος, ου, δ, ambulatio: ambulatorum; disputatio ambulatoria: walking; a walk; a dispute or argument during a walk. Ran. 953. See Πάτος. SYN. Βάσις, διάτριβή.

Περιπέλωμαι, supero; circumvolvo: to surpass; to revolve. Περιπέλω νῆν ἔοντα Apoll. 3. 130. SYN. see Περιγύγνυμαι.

Περιπεμπτός, ου, δ, η, circumcirca missus: sent around. Agam. 86.

Περιπέτω. See Περιπέτω.

Περιπέτρω, αω, obtendo: to stretch round. Περιπέτρωται ὕγρος ἀκάνθος Theoc. 1. 55. Περιπέτρωται is for περιπέτρωται, not the present from περιπέτρωμαι, as supposed by Morrell. SYN. Περιπέλω.

Περιπέσας, ή, δν, et δ, η, expansus: extensive. Acharn. 1201.

Περιπέτης, εὖς, δ, η, in quem quis incidit; adversarius, saevus; opertus: fallen upon; adverse, cruel; covered. Androm. 974.

Περιπέτουμαι, Περιπέτουμε, circumvolo: to fly round. Av. 1721. CE. R. 482.

Περιπέτω, Περιπέτω, ψω, tego, involvo, obcrusto: to disguise, cover all over. Περιπέτωσι τὴν μοχθηρίαν Plut. 159. SYN. Περιπέλω, περιβάλλω.

Περιπέτης, εὖς, δ, η, peramarus: very bitter. A. 844. SYN. Εἰσπέτης, πευκέδανος, πᾶν πικρός.

Περιπίπτω, 2. a. ἐπίσθιν, et Περιπίπτω, incido: to fall upon, meet with. Orest. 361. Sept. Th. 834. SYN. Εμπίπτω, προσπίπτω, εντυγχάνω, περίτυχάνω.

Περιπίτνω. See above.

Περιπλανώμαι, circumcirca erro: to wander about. Isthm. 6. 69. See Πλανῶ. SYN. see Περινίσσασθαι.

Περιπλεῖς. See Περιπλέω.

Περιπλεκτός, ου, δ, η, perplexus, implicitus: intricate. Ποσὶ περιπλεκτός Theoc. 18. 8. SYN. Πόλυπλοκος, περίπλεκτος, πολυέλικτος, περιπτόχης.

Περιπλέω, circumplico: to entwine, enfold. Τῷ ῥά περιπλεχέθεις ξ. 313. SYN. Περιπτόσσω, περιβάλλω, ασπάζομαι, περιφύμι.

Περιπλέω, Ion. Περιπλεῖς, ου, δ, η, plenus, refertus: full. Κανὼν κνισήεντι περιπλεῖν Apoll. 1. 858. Arat. Phoen. 1118.

Περιπλευρός, ου, δ, η, qui est in latere: around the sides. Eur. El. 472.

Περιπλέω, εἶσω, circumnavigo: to sail round or about. "Οστις περιπλέουσας τὴν θύειαν εν κύκλῳ Vesp. 924.

Περιπληθής, εὖς, δ, η, pergrandis, plenus: very large or full. Οὐτὶ περιπληθὴς ο. 404. SYN. Περιμήκετος, ευμέγεθης, παμμέγεθης, μυριοπληθής.

Περιπλήθω, ήσω, impleo, oppleo; plenus sum: to fill; to be full. Περιπλήθουσι πέρ ἔμπης Theoc. 25. 13. SYN. Ἀναπλήθω, πληρῶω, ἐμπιπλημί.

Περιπλόκη, ής, η, circumplexus: perplexity. Ταῦτ' αὖθ' ἑκαστὰ μῆτιρ ουχὶ περιπλόκας Phoen. 504. SYN. Περιπτύχῃ, περίπλοκας.

Περιπλόμηνος, per sync. pro Περιπέλωμηνος. See Περιπέλωμαι. Περιπλόμηνος ἐνιάντων α. 16.

Περιπνέω, εἶσω, circumfio: to blow round. Olymp. 2. 130. SYN. Πνέω, ἐπιπνέω.

Περιπύλω, circumeo: to go round, roam about. CE. R. 1254. SYN. Αμφιπύλω, περινοστέω, περιπάτεω, περιστρέχω, περιφέρουμαι, περιπαῖτομαι, περιέρχουμαι.

Περιπόλλος, ή, δν, permultus: very great. Apoll. 3. 427. SYN. Παμπόλι.

Περιπόλλος, ου, δ, qui circumit, inspector: one who goes round, an inspector. Av. 1177. SYN. Ἐφόρος, φύλαξ, φρουρός, ἐπιστάτης.

Περιπόνηρος, α, δν, improbilis: most wicked. Acharn. 850. SYN. Παμπόνηρος.

Περιπότουμε. See Περιπέτω.

Περιπρόχέω, εἶσω, circumfundo: to pour around. Περιπρόχουεις ἐδάμασσαν Ξ. 316. SYN. Περιχέω, αμφιχέω.

Περιπτίσσω, ισω, decortico: to peel, clear. Acharn. 512. SYN. Πτίσσω, περιλέπω, ἀπολέπω.

Περιπτύγμαι, αῖτος, τό, operimentum: a covering. Ἰδὺ περιπτύγμαι ἀντιπύγος ευκύνου Ion 1390. SYN. Περιβόλος.

Περιπτόσσω, ξω, circumplico: to fold round, inclose. Περιπτόξαι γένεσσιν Apoll. 4. 155. SYN. Περιπέλω, αμπίσχωμαι, περιβάλλω.

Περιπτόχῃ, ής, η, ambitus; septum: a wind-

ing; an inclosure. Ναυλόχοι περιπτόχαι Hec. 1001. SYN. Περιέδω, ἀναπτύχῃ.

Περιπτόχης, εὖς, δ, η, circumvolutus; circumplians: wrapped round; investing. Αλλά νυν περιπτόχῃ Αἴ. 915. SYN. Περιπέτης.

Περίπυστος, ου, δ, η, fama notus: celebrated. Apoll. 4. 213. SYN. Περιέπυστος, περίσημος, ἐπιφαντός.

Περιρβαίνω, conspergo: to sprinkle round. Βαμονς περιρβαίνοντες Lysist. 1132. SYN. Διαρβαίνω, βάινο, κάταρρατίζω.

Περιρβέω, ξω, facio supra alios: to surpass in doing. Πέρι δ' ἀσπλά βέζειν Φ. 214.

Περιρβέω, circumfluo: to flow round. Αἶμα περίρβει ι. 388. SYN. Αμφιρβέω, περιρβαίνω.

Περιρβήνυμι, ξω, circumlacio: to rend all round. Sept. Th. 318. See Ῥήνυμι.

Περιρβήνυμι, εὖς, δ, η, circumstillans: dropping, streaming. Περιρβήνυς κέραισιν Apoll. 1. 431.

Περιρβήνυς, ή, δν, et ου, δ, η, circumfluo: flowed round. Eumen. 77. See Κάταρβήνυς.

Περιρβήνυς, ου, δ, η, circumfluo: flowed round. Eumen. 77. See Κάταρβήνυς.

Περίρβω, aut cum σ dupl., circum motito: to move about. Περίρβωντες ἀνέστην κ. 215. SYN. Σάλω, παρὰκινέω, κολάκευ, δωπέω.

Περίρβω, aut cum σ dupl., σω, circum agito et moveo: to shake about. Περίρβωντες δ' ἐθειραι T. 382. SYN. Ἀναρβέω, κυέω.

Περίρβω, ου, δ, η, gravis et magnificus: grand, magnificent. Vesp. 602. SYN. Μεγάλδερκῆς, εμενός.

Περίρβω, ή, δν, venerabilis: revered. Eumen. 1040. SYN. Εὐσεπτός, σεμενός, περίσεμενός.

Περίρβω, ου, δ, η, insignitus: remarkable. Herc. F. 1012. SYN. Διδωμῶς, ἐπίσημος, περίπυστος.

Περίρβω, supero viribus: to surpass in power. Μή μὲ περίρβωντων χ. 368. SYN. Ευσθενέω, περικράτω.

Περίρβω, εὖς, δ, η, valde potens vel robustus: very powerful. Nem. 3. 26. See above. SYN. Ἰππερσχυάω.

Περίρβω, εὖς, δ, η, perdurus, asper: very hard, obdurate. Αἰ περίρβωλες φρένες Αἴ. 649. SYN. Δυσχέρης, σκληρός, ἀπνής, χαλπός.

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Theoc. 16. 56. SYN. Μεγάδοπλαγχνός, ἀνδρείος, εὐθύς, ευκάριος, γενναῖος.

Περίρβω, εὖς, δ, η, circumvolutus; circumplians: wrapped round; investing. Αλλά νυν περιπτόχῃ Αἴ. 915. SYN. Περιπέτης.

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Π





Πευκάλιμος, η, ὄν, i. q. Πύκνος (cf. Buttman. Lexic. p. 181.), prudens, peritus: prudent, intelligent. Φρέσι πευκάλιμοι T. 35. SYN. Σύν-ετος, πύκνος, πύκρος, φρέσιος.

Πευκέδανος, η, ὄν, amarus, pungens: bitter, stinging. Στόμα πευκέδανοιο K. B. SYN. Πύκρος, ολεβρίδος, ἐχέπευκός.

Πεύκη, ης, ἡ, picea; taeda: the pitch or pine tree; a torch. Med. 4. SYN. Πύς, λαμπάς, δάϊς. Ερ. Ουρέα, αμφιπέρος, αὐθαλυσσά, πῶν, ὑψηλή.

Πευκήεις, Dor. Πευκαίεις, εσσα, ἐν, et Πεύκινος, η, ὄν, pineus: made of pine, blazing. Androm. 855. Καλ πευκίνοις λαβόντα Trach. 1200.

Πέφνω, occido: to kill. Τηνὲν ἐν ἀμφιρῶτη πέφνην καὶ ἀμφιρῶτα γαῖαν Apoll. 1. 1305. SYN. Φόνου, ἀναιρέω, κτείνω, σὺ κτείνω, κάτακτείνω.

Πεφύκα. See Φύσις.

Πῆ, et (2) Πῆ, (1) qua ratione? qua? quo? how? where? (2) aliquo, aliquo modo: somewhere, somehow. Πῆ φεύγει Θ. 94. Οὐτὼ πῆ τὰδ' ἐγ' ἐστὶ Π. 373.

Πηγάς, α, ὄν, fontanus: of a fountain, of spring water. Agam. 874. SYN. Κρηναίος.

Πηγάδον, ου, τὸ, ruta: rue. Οὐδ' ἐν σελίνῳ ποῦστ' ἴν' οὐδ' ἐν πηγάδῳ Vesp. 478.

Πηγάς, ἀδός, ἡ, glacies: ice. Καλ πηγάδας αἶτ' ἐπὶ γαῖαν Hes. Op. 503. SYN. Πάχη.

Πηγάσις, α, ὄν, Pegasus: of Pegasus. Ὡ Πηγάσιον μοι φησὶ γενναῖον πτέρον Pax 76.

Πηγάδος, ου, ὁ, Pegasus: the winged horse which sprang from the blood of Medusa. ΑΛΛ' ἀγέ Πηγάδε χάρεϊ χαίρων Pax 153. Ερ. Τάντ' ἐπέρδ. Puv. Πτηνὸς πάλος. See also Pax 154—161.

Πηγεσίμαλλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, denso vellere praeditus: thick-fleeced. Εἶστω πηγεσίμαλλος F. 197. SYN. Δασύμαλλος, βαθύμαλλος, δασυθρίξ.

Πηγή, ης, ἡ, fons: a fountain, stream. Iph. T. 1040. SYN. Κρήνη, πίδαξ, ῥοή, ῥέος, νάμα, ῥοστός. Ερ. Φίλη, ῥοστέρα, πτόμα, ἀνυσός, γλυκτέρα, καλλιρρόδος, ψυχρά, πέρικαλλής, αμυρβόσια, φονίξος, ἀκράτος.

Πηγγυμί, f. πῆγω, 2. α. ἐπῶγον, compingo, figo, pango, cogo: to fasten together, fix, eurdle. Iph. T. 1431. SYN. Διάπηγγυμί, κατάπηγγυμί.

Πηγός, η, ὄν, bene compactus; intumescens, vel niger (vid. Steph. Thes. and Eustath. II. I. 124.): compact; swelling, or black. Καλ κύματι πηγὸν Ψ. 234. SYN. Ευπάγης, στερῆς, οιδῶν, μέλας.

Πηγύλις, ἰδός, ἡ, glacialis: icy, frosty. Πηγύλις οκρίεντος Apoll. 2. 737. SYN. Παγέτωδης, ψυχρά.

Πηδάλιον, ου, τὸ, gubernaculum: a helm, rudder. Πρὸς δ' ἀρὰ πηδάλιον ε. 255. SYN. Οίαξ. Ερ. Δικαῖον, εὐξύν, ευνάων, ἀγρυπνόν.

Πηδάσος, ου, ὁ, et (2) ἡ, Pedasus: (1) α. the son of Bucolion; β. a horse of Achilles; (2) α. the city in the Troad. Βῆ δὲ μὲν Αἰσχρον καὶ Πηδάσων Z. 21. Ερ. (1) β. Ἀμύμων, Ἰππός, (2) α. αἰσχροῦ, αἰσχεσά, αἰσχόδεσσαν.

Πηδάω, ἴσω, salio: to leap. Androm. 1128. SYN. Ἀλλόμαι, σκιρτῶ, ορχέμαι.

Πήδημα, ἄτος, τὸ, saltus, saltatio: a leap, a dancing. Androm. 1128. SYN. Ἀλμά, σκίρτημα.

Πήδον, οὐ, τὸ, remus: a paddle, oar. Apoll. 4. 200. SYN. Κώπη, ἐρέτης, πλάτη.

Πηκτή, ης, ἡ, caseus; rete: cheese; a net. Theoc. 11. 20. SYN. Τυρός, δεικνύν.

Πηκτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, fistula: a pipe. \*Η' φέρεν τὰς πηκτίδας Thesm. 1218. SYN. Σόρυγξ. Ερ. Κάλῃ, ἡδύετης, νυμφόκομος, λίγεια, ἐπατῶνός.

Πηκτός, η, ὄν, compactus; concretus; fixus: well fastened; curdled; fixed. Phoen. 499. SYN. Εἰπηκτός, ευπάγης.

Πηλαγών, ὄνός, ὁ, Gigas: one of the giants. See Blomf. in l. Πηλαγῶν ἐλατῆρᾷ Call. 1. 3. Πηλέων, ὄνός, ὁ, Pelegon. Φ. 159.

Πηλεΐδης, Ἰολ. Πηληϊάδης, ου, et Πηλείων, ὄνός, ὁ, patronym. Pelides: the son or descendant of Peleus. Iph. A. 229. Πηληϊάδης (pronunc. δω) Ἀχιλλεύς A. I. 469.

Πηλεὺς, ἴως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, Peleus. Hec. 37. Ερ. Δαίφρων, Αἰακίδης, Ἰππηλάτης, γέρον, ἱππότης, ἀναξ, ἀμύμων, ἀντιθέος, ἐσθλός, βουλῆφόρος, ἥρος.

Πηληΐδης, α, ὄν, Peleus: of Peleus. Πηληΐδης εἰσὼς Σ. 441.

Πηληξ, ἡκός, ἡ, cassis, galea: a helmet. Ran. 1017. SYN. Κόρυς, τρυφάλεα, κύνη, κρώνος. Ερ. Ἰπποκόμος, πέτραφάδος, εὐλόφος, φαινή.

Πηλιάς, ἀδός, et Πηλιώτης, ἰδός, ἡ, Pelica: of or near Pelion. Πηλιάς Αργῶ Apoll. 1. 386. Med. 484.

Πηλικός, η, ὄν, quantus: how great? of what size? Πηλικός ἦσθ' ὅθ' ὁ Μῆδός Xenophanes ap. Athen. 54.

Πηλίον, ου, τὸ, Pelion: a mountain in Thessaly. Πηλίον πέσειν ποτε Med. 3. Ερ. Εινδοί, φυλλόν, αἰπὸν, αἰπεινόν, νιφόν.

Πηλιώτης. See Πηλιάς.

Πηλοδρόμος, ου, ὁ, qui per lutum graditur: mud-trotter. Τῷ βάλλε Πηλοδρόμῳ Batrach. 238.

Πηλός, οὐ, ὁ, lutum, caenum: mud, dirt. Vesp. 248.

Πηλοδρόμω, lutum fero: to bear mud or mortar. Av. 1142.

Πημά, ἄτος, τὸ, Πημνὴν, et Πημδύνη, ης, ἡ, damnum, exitium, injuria: loss, destruction, injury. Hec. 1150. Alcest. 530. ΑΛΛ' οὐν ὑμεῖς γ' αἱ Πημδύνας P. V. 1094. SYN. Βλάβη, ζημία, ἀλέρθος, συμφορά. Ερ. Δάφρον, μέγα, κῆκον, πάλινκτον, πάλιντραπῆλον, δεινόν, σμικρὸν, πικρὸν, δύραυν, νέον, πάλαιον, καινόν, ἑκατόν, αἰνόν, χαλέπον, δέηλατον, ἑλδόν, ἑλεπτόν, ἀλέγεινόν, βαρὺ, πάλινκτον, λογιόν, αἰκίς, ἀργαλέον, θυμωδόν, δυσχερόν.

Πημαίνω, ἄνω, damno adicio: to injure. Iph. A. 525. SYN. Βλάπτω, σίνθμαι, κῆκον, κατάπημαίνω, ἀδικέω, λυμαίνωμαι, κῆκποιέω.

Πημνὴ, Πημδύνη. See Πημά.

Πηνεὺς, οὐ, ὁ, Peneus: a river in Thessaly. Troad. 216. Ερ. Καλλιρρόδος, ἀργυρόδινος, καλλιρρῶν.

Πηνέλεως, ω, ὁ, Penelopeus. B. 494.

Πηνελόπειά, ας, et Πηνελόπη, ης, ἡ, Penelope. Πηνελόπειαν Ὀδυσσεὺς παρῆκετοιν Φ. 158. Thesm. 530.

Ερ. Ἀμύμων, ἐχέφρων, πέριφρων, κοῦρη Ἰκάριοι, πάλινκτος, διὰ γυναικῶν, Ὀδυσσεὺς παρῆκετοίς, αὐδοί.

Πηνελώφ, ὄνός, ὁ, avis quaedam anati similis: a widgeon. Av. 1302.

Πήνη, ης, ἡ, et Πηνίον, tela; tapes; a web, tapestry. Ion 195. Καλάδον τέ τὰ πηνία in Epigr. de quo Steph. Thes. ad γ. Ερ. Ἀνδοκρότος, δαυδαία.

Πηνίζωμαι, texo: to weave. Theoc. 18. 32. SYN. Μηροῦμαι, ὑφαίνω.

Πηνικά, quando: when, what time. ΑΛΛ'

ἀποίσω πηνικά Eccles. 857. SYN. Ἠνικά, ἡμὸς, πότι.

Πηνίον. See Πήνη.

Πηνίος, α, ὄν, ad telam pertinens: of or belonging to the web. Πηνίον ἐξέλκουσά παρὲκ μίτων Ψ. 762.

Πήνισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, stamen seu filum e colu deductum: spun thread. Ran. 1315.

Πηός, οὐ, ὁ, affinis: a brother-in-law, relation by marriage. S. 581. SYN. Κηδέμων, κηδεστής, κηδεύμα, συγγένης.

Πηόσση, ης, ἡ, affinitas: affinity. Πηόσσην καὶ κηδὸς Apoll. 1. 48. SYN. Κηδεύμα, συγγένεια, κηδέα.

Πήρα, ας, ἡ, et dimin. Πηριδίον, ου, τὸ, pera, crumena: a scrip, wallet. Πήραν ἐχοντά λαχάνα τ' ἀγρία δροστέρα κραπαλῶντα S. Plut. 298. Ερ. Πηριδίον (anap. dim.) Nub. 920. SYN. Θυλάκος, θυλάκιον, κίβισις.

Πηρός, α, ὄν, mutilus, debilis, caecus, surdus: maimed, lame, blind, deaf. B. 599. SYN. Ἀνάπηρος, ἐμπερός, κοφός, τυφλός.

Πηρώ, ὥσω, mutilo; occaeo; orbo: to maim; to blind; to deprive of. Ran. 623. SYN. Κόλονα, λωβῶμαι, ἀμέρω, τυφλῶ, ἀποκόπω.

Πηρύδιος, α, ὄν, qui unius cubiti est: a cubit long. Ὅσον πηρύδιον (trisyll.) ὑπερθε Apoll. 3. 853.

Πηρύων, ὤνω, cubito impositum gesto: to bear on the arm. Πάλαμ ἐνὶ πηρύονοι Apoll. 4. 972.

Πήχυς, ἴος, ὁ, brachium, cubitus: the arm from the elbow to the head, the elbow, a cubit. Πήχυν ευθύνων ποδα Heracl. 728. SYN. Αγκών, ἀγκυλὴ, ὠλήνη. Ερ. Λευκός, ἀπῶλος, ῥόδιος.

Πιάζω, f. ἄσω, et Dor. δῶω, comprehendere: to seize, catch. Ἀπ' ὠρέος ἀγέ πιάζας Theoc. 4. 35. SYN. Πιάζω.

Πιαίνω, ἄνω, pinguefacio: to fatten, enrich. Τάμα πιαίνει βότρά Cycl. 333. SYN. Λιπαίνω, χορτάζω.

Πιάρ, τὸ, pinguedo; pingue: fatness; fat. Πιάρ ὑπ' οὐδας ι. 135. SYN. Πιμῆλη, δημός. See Πιαίνω.

Πιασμά, ἄτος, τὸ, uber: what fattens, the fattening. Pers. 811. See Πιαίνω. SYN. Τὸ λίπανον.

Πιδάκεις, Πιδήεις, εσσα, ἐν, aquis salientibus scatens: of or copious in flowing water. Πιδάκεις αἱ λίδαι Androm. 1166. A. 183. SYN. Πιδυπιδάξ, εὐδύρος.

Πίδαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, fons, scatebra, aqua saliens: a fountain, stream, fresh water. Androm. 284. See Πιδάκεις. SYN. Πηγή, κρήνη, λίθας, στάγαν, ἀνδελύσις. Ερ. Δακρυόεσσα, καλλιναός, πορφύρεα, πέτραία, ὀλγῆ.

Πιδήεις. See Πιδάκεις.

Πιδύτης, ου, ὁ, Pidytes. Πιδύτην δ' Ὀδυσσεὺς Z. 105.

Πιέζω, ἴσω, premo: to press, afflict. Λάβων πιέει τὰγὰθ' τὸ δυστυχές Hipp. 633. SYN. Πιάζω, κατάπιέζω, θλίβω, βάρυνω, ἀνῶω, μάλασσω, κατάβειλλω.

Πιέρια. See Πιαίνω.

Πιέρια, ας, ἡ, "Pieria nonnunquam notat partem montis Olympi, nonnunquam regionem Thessaliae, saepe et urbem. Quando sermo est de Musis Pierienses venientibus innuitur mons ille, Musis sacer." Damm.: Pieria. Πιέρια longa per arsin in E. 226., Πιέρην δ' ἐπιβῶσα, sed brevis in Bacch. 404.

Πιέριδες, ου, αἱ, Pierides: the Muses. Ἐννέα Πιέριδας Med. 823., answered by τὰ σόφια πάρεδρους.

Πιδάκη, ης, ἡ, dolium: a cask, hoghead. Πιδάκης πλευρὰν ἐργαγνῖαν Plut. 546. SYN. Πιδός.

Πιδᾶνός, η, ὄν, persuasorius: persuasive, convincing. Λόγον πρόθε' ἡ πιδᾶνόν οὐτ' ἐν ἀσπίδος Eurip. Antio. xlii. 2. SYN. Εὐπειστος, δόκιμαστος, χάριεις, ἀλγῆσινος.

Πιδᾶνός, apte ad persuadendum: persuasively. Γυναικίς εὐ καὶ πιδᾶνός περᾶσθαι Thesm. 268.

Πιδῶ, ἴσω, fretus sum, cedo: to rely on, comply with. Τάχ' οὐκ εὐ πᾶσι πιδῶσεις Φ. 369. SYN. Πειθῶμαι, ὑπέλκω, ὑπάκουω.

Πιδηκίς, ἴσω, simiam ago: to play the ape, to fawn. Vesp. 1290. See Πιδῶμαι. SYN. Κόλακος.

Πιδηκισμός, οὐ, ὁ, imitatio simiae; adulation: apishness; flattery. Eq. 887. See below.

Πιδηκός, ου, Πιδῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, simia: an ape. Πότερον πιδηκός ἀνὰ πλεῖς ψιμνίδιον Eccles. 1072. Pyth. 2. 132.

Πιδός, ου, ὁ, dolium: a cask. Ὅρῶν πιδῶν κατὰ γυνῆν οἶνον οὐλέων Pax 703. SYN. Πιδῶν, κερᾶμος.

Πιδῶν. See Πιδῶμαι.

Πικραίνω, amarum reddo, molestia adicio: to render bitter, annoy. Μόρσων πικραίνεταί Theoc. 5. 120. See Πικρός. SYN. Δύνω, παροξύνω, λυπεύω.

Πικρόγᾶμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui nuptiae sunt infelices: unfortunate in marriage. Γενεάτῳ πικρόγᾶμοι τε α. 266. See Πικρός.

Πικρογλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amare dictus: bitterly spoken. Sept. Th. 737. See above.

Πικρόκαρπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cuius fructus est amarus: having bitter fruits. Sept. Th. 690. See below.

Πικρός, α, ὄν, amarus, acerbus: bitter, tart, cruel. Γλώσσης πικροῖς κεντροῖσι κληδουχοῦμενοι Herc. F. 1279. SYN. Ἀδευκής, ὀδυνηρός, χαλέπος, στρυφνός.

Πικρότης, ητός, ἡ, amaritudo: bitterness. Γυναικὰ γλώσση πικρότης ἐνεστί τις Eur. El. 1014. See above.

Πιλέω, ἴσω, carmino, cogo, constipo: to card, compress. Τῷ ἡρὶ πιληέισα Apoll. 4. 678. SYN. Πύκνω.

Πιλημά, ἄτος, τὸ, carminatio; tegumentum: a carding; a covering. Πιμηνίον πιλημά Call. fr. 125. SYN. Πητᾶσος, μίτρα.

Πιλιδίων, ου, τὸ, pileolus: a little hat. Τὸ πιλιδίων περὶ τὴν κερᾶλην τὸ Μύσιον Acharn. 439.

Πιλῶω, Πιληνμί, admoveo: to cause to approach. Οὐρέος ἐν βήσσιν πιλῶ Hes. Op. 508. V. 368. SYN. Πηλάζω, προσβάλλω, ἐγγιζώ.

Πλός, ου, ὁ, pilus: indumentum e lana vilisque compactum: felt; a hat. Πλόν ἔχειν ἀσκήτων Hes. Op. 540.

Πιμῆλη, ης, ἡ, pinguedo: fatness, fat. Εξέκευτ' ἐν πιμῆλῃ Antig. 1011. SYN. Λίπος, δημός, πῶρ, ἀλειφῶρ, κνίσσα.

Πιμπλῶν. See Πιμπληνί.

Πιμπλεῖα, ας, ἡ, Pimplicia: a mountain in Thessaly, near Olympus, sacred to the Muses. Πιμπλεῖαν δέισον Call. 4. 7.

Πιμπληνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Pimpleis: of Pimplicia. Ζεὺς Πιμπληνίδος Apoll. 1. 25.

Πιμπληνί, Πιμπλῶν, compileo: to fill. Phoen. A 4

532. Πιμπλάνεται μένος I. 675. SYN. Ἀνάπιμπλημί, πλήθω, εμπλήθω, πληρόω.

Πιμπρημί, f. πρῖσω, accendo, comburo: to set on fire, burn. Troad. 886. SYN. Καίω, ἀνέκαίω, κατὰκαίω, εμπύρῖζω.

Πιμπρήδον, in modum tabularum: like a tablet. Πινάκηδον ἀποσπῶν Ran. 845.

Πινάκιον, ου, τὸ, et Πινάκισκος, ου, δ, tabella: a little tablet, small dish. Σκεπτείν δ' ὅ τ' ἂν προδράφαμεν ἐν τοῖς πινάκιοις Av. 450. Plut. 813.

Πινάκωπῶλης, ου, δ, qui tabulas vel aves in tabulis concertas vendit: one who sells tablets or birds on tablets, a poulterer. Av. 14. See above.

Πινάξ, ἄκδος, δ, tabula, asser, catus: a tablet, board, dish. Καὶ τὰλλα τὰπὶ τοῦ πινάκος τραγήματα Plut. 996. SYN. Σάσις, δέλτος. Ερ. Πτυκτός, εὐγομφός.

Πινάρος, ἄ, ὄν, Πινδεῖς, εσσά, ἐν, et Πινώδης, ἔδος, sordidus: squalid. Eur. El. 184. (Nax est brevis, ut λα in χάλκρος.) Ἀπλόκῆμος πινδεσσά Epigr. in Steph. Thes. ad voc. Πινώδης occurrit in Orest. 219. SYN. Ῥυτάρος.

Πινῶ, squalor: to be squalid. Plut. 297. See above. SYN. Μιαινώμαι.

Πινδαρεὺς, α, ὄν, Pindaricus: of Pindar. Av. 939. See below.

Πινδάρης, ου, δ, Pindarus: Pindar, an illustrious lyric poet of Thebes. Πινδάρων ου πῶθ' ὀντί τῶσον Mosch. 3. 89.

Πινδός, ου, et ὄθεν, δ, Pindus: a chain of mountains in Macedonia, Thessaly, and Epirus. Theoc. 1. 67.

Πινυτήρης, ου, δ, cancellus, vel squilla quædam pinnæ socia: the smallest of crabs that waits upon the naker fish. Vesp. 1510.

Πινυεῖς. See Πινῶρος.

Πινός, ου, δ, sordes: filth, squalidness. Συγκάτωκεν πινός Ed. C. 1259. SYN. Ῥυτός, ῤύον, λυμά.

Πινύσκω, Πινύσσω, doceo, admoneo: to teach, advise. Μάλα τῷδε πινύσκει Call. 3. 152. Τῇ ἐπινύσσειν ἐφετμή Ξ. 249. SYN. Νουθετέω, προσφονέω.

Πινύτης, ἡ, ὄν, prudens, callidus: wise, prudent, clever. Ὅστις πινύτης γέ μετέλθοι a. 229. The fem. πινύτη is used as a substantive, H. 289. v. 71. and 228. SYN. Φρόνιμος, σύνετος, περίφρων, σάφρων.

Πίνω, Ion. inpp. πίνεσκόν, f. πίνωμαι, ποῦτ, πίνωμαι, 2. a. ἐπίνω, pf. πέπωκα, bibo, poto: to drink. Δίνυσσέ πίνεις οἶνον οὐκ ανθοσίμων Ran. 1247. Pl. 226. The first syllable of πίνω, π. 143. σ. 3. of πινόμενος, κ. 160. and of πινόμεν' N. 493., is long on account of the metrical ictus. It is common in Aristophanes and long in Sophocles. SYN. Εκπίνω, κατὰπίνω, φιλόπότης.

Πινώδης. See Πινῶρος.

Πινώμης, ου, δ, ἡ, pinguis pascua habens: having rich pastures. Νῦν ἐν πινώμοις Æsch. Sup. 51. SYN. Εὐφώρος, εὐκαρπός, πίων.

Πιπίλω, do bibere: bibo: to give to drink; to sip. Av. 508.

Πιπράσκω, fut. πρῶσω, vendo, mercede accepta prodo: to sell, to betray for money. Διχῶς ἐπράθην ἂν ἐλευθέρου πάπρος Choëph. 910. SYN. Απεμπόλῳ, πωλέω.

Πίπτω, f. πέσσωμαι, 2. a. ἐπέσθω, pf. πέπτωκα, et Πιπνέω, 2. a. ἐπιπνέω, cado: to fall. Hec. 775. Πρὸς δεομένην πίπτει Hec. 23.: sed

Elmsley legit πίπτει. SYN. Κατὰπίπτω, πίτνω, ημίω, ἐρείπω.

Πίσᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, Pisa: a city of Elis, situated on the Alpheus. Iph. T. 1. See below.

Πισαῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, Πισαῖς, ἔως, Ion. et Dor. ἡδός, δ, Pisatis: of Pisa. Αἰπὼν Πισατῖδ᾽ ὄχθας Orph. Argon. 214. Πάντας γὰρ Πισθῆς Theoc. 25. 201.

Πισεύς. See above.

Πισός, ἔδος, τὸ, locus irriguus: a marshy place, a meadow. Πισᾶ τε πρόλιπὼν καὶ ἔλεσπιδᾶς Apoll. 1. 1266. SYN. See Λειμών.

Πισσά, seu Πιττά, ἡς, ἡ, pich, pitch. Ἡ πιττά δῆπου καυμένης ἐξέρχεται Vesp. 1375.

Πισσῆεις, εσσά, ἐν, Πισσίνος, ἡ, ὄν, et Πισσῆρης, ἔς, piceus: pitchy. Nicand. Θ. 716. Ad πισσίνος s. πικτίνος Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Aristoph. Pollucis 10. 185. Πισσῆρης occurrit in Choëph. 262.

Πιστευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, fides, pignus: a pledge of faith. Agam. 851. SYN. Εγγύη, εγγυήσις.

Πιστεύω, σω, credo: fido: committo: to believe; to trust; to entrust. Orest. 1102. SYN. Πείθωμαι, παράτιθέμαι.

Πιστῖς, ἔως, ἡ, fiducia, fides: confidence, pledge of faith. Πιστὶν ου σμικρὰν δέων Hippol. 1040. SYN. Εγγύη, ἀξίωμα. Ερ. Ασφάλῃς, ἐνδικός, ἀλκήσασα, δέουδης.

Πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, fidelis, fidei dignus: faithful, to be depended upon. Phœn. 376. SYN. Αἰδυστός, δοκίμος, ἀδύχρητος, εὐορκός, βέβαιος.

Πιστόδωμαι, fidem facio mihi: to confirm. Iph. A. 66. SYN. Βεβαιόδομαι.

Πιστόρον, ου, τὸ, Πιστόρα, ας, ἡ, poculum; canalis in quo adaquantur pecora: a drinking-cup; a trough. Cycl. 29. 47. SYN. Κύλλξ.

Πισυνός, ἡ, ὄν, fretus: relying on. Θόρυβον δὲ πισύνω καμῶν παρήσθαι Orest. 896. SYN. Πιστεύω, θαρῶν.

Πισυρές, ου, quatuor: four. Ὅς τ' ἐπεί εκ πόλεων πισυρας συνέγυρετὰ ἴππους O. 680. SYN. Τέσσαρες.

Πιτάνη, ἡς, ἡ, Pitane: a town in Laconia. Μηδὲ πόλιν Πιτάναν Troad. 1101.

Πιτθεύς, ἔως, Ion. ἡδός, δ, Pittheus. Hipp. 11. Πιτνῶ, Πιτνῆμι, expando, extendo: to expand, to stretch. Πιτνα πρόσθ' ἐβέβαιον Φ. 7. Eur. El. 713. SYN. Εκτείνω, εκτάνυσσω.

Πιτνέω aut Πίτνω. See Πίπνω.

Πιττά. See Πισσά.

Πιττάκος, ου, δ, Pittacus: one of the seven wise men of Greece. Ἀντήρ τε Πιττάκων οὗτος Call. Ep. 1. 1.

Πιττάλος, ου, δ, Pittalus. Κλαῖ πρὸς τοὺς Πιττάλους Acharn. 1032.

Πιττεῖα, ας, ἡ, Pityia: a town in Asia Minor. Καὶ ἱμερτὴ Πιττεῖα Apoll. 4. 565.

Πιττελέω, cieo strepitum remorum agitatione; strepo; laboro: to splash; to bluster; to toil.

Πιττῆλος, ου, δ, sonus præcipue remorum aquam pulsantium: a splashing, a noise. Ταρσὶ γὰρ ἡρεῖ πιττῆλον ἐπτερωμένον Iph. T. 1347. SYN. Ψόφος, κρότος.

Πιττῶν, ου, τὸ, furfur: bran. Νῦν θυσὼ τὰ πιττῶ Theoc. 2. 33.

Πιτύς, ὕδός, ἡ, pinus: the pine-tree. Καὶ ἡ πιτύς αἰνολέ τήνα Theoc. 4. 1. Ερ. Ἀκροκόμους, ὑψηλὴ, σκίερά, μακρὰ, κρᾶνῃ, βλαυρά.

Πιφαύσκω, Πιφαύσσομαι, dico, memoro, ostendo: to tell, mention, show. Οὗς ῥῶν π-

φανοσκὲ δόλων K. 478. Μυρμιδόνεσσι πῖφαυσ-κέαι Π. 12. SYN. Φημί, δηλώω, παφάσσω, φᾶνέ-ρω, μηνύω, σημαίνω.

Πίω, ὄνος, compar. πιδόρως, superl. πιδώτος, ἡ, ὄν, et Πιερά, ας, ἡ, adj., pinguis: fat, rich.

Πίσνά πεντάτηρον B. 403. Hom. Apoll. 48. 1. 471. Καλὴ καὶ πειρά περίρρητος Ξ. 342. SYN. Ευδαίμων.

Πλαγᾶ, Dor. pro Πληγῇ, q. v.

Πλάγιαλός, ου, δ, obliqua tibia: a cross or oblique flute. Κῆν δῶνᾶκί κῆν πλάγιαλῳ Theoc. 20. 29.

Πλαγίος, α, ὄν, obliquus, transversus; ambiguous: oblique, across, athwart; ambiguous. Iph. A. 832. See above. SYN. Δέχριος, εγκρόσιος, δδλῖος.

Πλαγκτός, ανός, δ, cerea pupa: a wax doll. Call. 6. 91.

Πλαγκτός, ἡ, ὄν, vagus; stolidus: wandering; foolish. Eur. Sup. 971.

Πλαγκτόδω, ἡς, ἡ, vagatio: a wandering about, vagrancy. Πλαγκτόδω ὅς οὐκ ἐστὶ ο. 342. SYN. Πλᾶν, ἀληυδοῦν, ἀλημά, ἀλη.

Πλάθω, ἄ, ὄν, madidus: wet, flaccid. Βριθόμενοι πλάθουσι κάρησιν Apoll. 3. 1397. SYN. Ἰγρός, διγρός, ὑμᾶλῆς, διερός, νυτέρος.

Πλάθω, nimio humore madeo: to be too wet. Οἶνον δὲ πλάθωσαν Apoll. 2. 664. SYN. Ἰγρῶν, νυτέρω, νυτίζωμαι.

Πλάζω, f. ἄζω, et Πλᾶνῶ, ἡσω, errare facio; erro: to cause to err, frustrate; to err, wander.

Δύσφημος πλάζουσι δ' ἡέρως Apoll. 1. 1137. Ἰπποῖσι δὲ πλᾶνδωνταί Ψ. 321. SYN. Ἀποπλάζω, πᾶρᾶρῶ, σφάλω.

Πλάθω, ἡς, ἡ, vel Πλάθων, ου, τὸ, sartago: a frying-pan. Ἐπὶ πλάθων (al. πλάθων) πῶνενται Theoc. 15. 115. SYN. Ἡγᾶν, τήγανον.

Πλάθω. See Πέλαζω.

Πλασίον, ου, τὸ, quadratum oblongum; lateris forma; later: an oblong square; the form of a brick, rectangle; a brick. Καὶ πλασία ξύμπλεκτα Ran. 800.

Πλάκεις, ἄ, ὄν, textilis, aut latus: plaited, or broad. Ζωστήρι πλάκεις βοῦκᾶν Theoc. 7. 18.

Calliergus would here read πλάκεις, which, like πλάκεις, is by some derived from πλέω, and then obtains the meaning of textilis. Schneider derives πλάκεις from πλάξ, πλέω, and apprehends its signification to be the same as πλάττω.

Πλάτεις, πλεκτός.

Πλάκεις, εντός, aut Πλακῶς, οὐντός, planus, spatiosus: plain, spacious. Orph. Arg. 949.

Πλακῶς etiam, i. e. ἄρτος, est placenta: a pancake. Ἀμύλοι πλάκουντες σπᾶμοῦντες ἱτρία Acharn. 1092. SYN. Πλάτεις, πλάκεις, (2) λαγᾶν, ζωμός.

Πλᾶνῶ. See Πλάζω.

Πλᾶν, ἡς, ἡ, Πλᾶνῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, et Πλᾶνός, ου, δ, error: a wandering, error, maze. Τέρμα τῆς ἐμῆς πλᾶνς P. V. 643. 853. (E. R. 67.

The masculine πλᾶνός seems to have been the more modern, πλᾶν the more ancient form of this word. See Monk. Hipp. 283. SYN. Πλαγκτόδω, ἀλη, ἀλημά. Ερ. Πόλυφθόρος, ἀλῖος.

Πλᾶνός, ἡδός, Πλᾶνήρης, ου, δ, ἡ, erro; vagus: a wanderer; wandering, vagrant. Iph. T. 418. Herac. 878. See above. SYN. Πλαγκτός, ἀλῆτης.

Πλᾶνός. See Πλᾶν.

Πλᾶνστίδης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, errantibus calcatus: trodden by wanderers. Τὴν πλᾶνστίδῃ χθόνα Eumen. 76.

Πλᾶνίσσω, aut Πλᾶνῶν, oberro, vagabundus sum: to wander about. Τί ὦ πᾶν ἄνθρωπος πλᾶνῶνται Av. 3. SYN. Πλᾶνῶμαι, πλάζωμαι, ἀλᾶω, ἀλημί, περιφέρωμαι. Ρηη. Δρόμους τέ πολλοὺς πλᾶθω καμπίμων.

Πλάξ, πλάκος, ἡ, planities, tabula: a flat or level surface, a table. Χερσὶν ὀπίσθιν πλάκα Hec. 8. SYN. Σάσις, γῆ, ισοπέδον. Ερ. Δικροφός, αἰθρία, ποντία, πλουσία, ἡλιόφλητος, σεμνή, νάπα, βάθειά, τάνυφύλλος.

Πλάσμα, ἄτος, τὸ, figmentum; commentum: any thing formed, a figure; an invention. Aves 686.

Πλάσσω, πλάσω, fingo, formo; illino; comminiscor: to fashion; to besmear; to invent. Ἀνὰ χροῖον πέπλασμένον Ion 829. SYN. Διάπλάσσω, μορφῶ, τύπω, προσποιέμαι, σχηματίζω.

Πλάστιγξ, ιγρός, ἡ, lanx e jugo suspensa; flagrum (vid. Etymol. M. p. 674. 20. and Spanhem. ad Aristoph. Ran. 1420.): the scale of a balance; a thong. Pax 1248. SYN. Πινᾶξ, λέκων, μάστιξ.

Πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, fictus, adulterinus: formed, fictitious. Ε. R. 780. SYN. Ἐπίπλαστός, κλέδης.

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πλάτους ἀν πᾶράσσεται Ἡράκλεις Av. 1129. Syn. Εὐρύς, ευρύτης.

Πλάτγίζω, palma aquam percutiendo strepitum excito: to make a splash. Τί δ' αὖ λαττό- κ' οἱ καὶ πλάτγίζεις Eq. 827.

Πλάτγυρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, late fluens: wide-flowing. "Ὅσον πλάτγυρος Νεῖδος P. V. 877.

Πλάτῳ, εἶα, ὕ, latus: broad. Πλαγθεῖς πλά- τεῖας πέδιδος 3' ἄμαζιτος Rhes. 279. Syn. Ευρύς, ευρύχωρος.

Πλάω, ὄσω, ἦσω. See Πέλῳ.

Πλέγμα, ἄτος, τό, textura, nexus: any thing plaited or connected; a link. Ion. 1392. Syn. Πλεκτάνη, πλόκη, πλέκος.

Πλέθρον. See Πέλῳ.

Πλείας, Ion. Πληῖας, Πλείας, ἄδος, ἡ, Ver- gilia: one of the Pleiades. Πλειάδους αἰσων ἐπὶ μεσσηρῆς Iph. A. 8. 486. Theoc. 13. 25.

Πλεῖν. See Πλεῖν.

Πλεῖον. See Πλεῖον.

Πλείς. See Πλείς.

Πλείω. See Πλείω.

Πλειστήρης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, quamplurimus: very much, long. Πλειστήρη χρόνον Eumen. 766.

Πλειστηρίζω, potissimum arguo: to accuse as the principal cause. Choëph. 1016.

Πλειστόμερος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, valde frequens: much frequented. Olymp. 6. 116.

Πλειστός, ἡ, ὅν, plurimus: the most, greatest. O. 616.

Πλείων, Πλεῖων, plus: more. μ. 196. O. 611.

Πλείων, ἄνός, ὁ, annus: a year. Call. 1. 89.

Syn. Ἐτός, ἐνιαυτός.

Πλέκος, ἔδος, τό, sportula e viminibus con- texta: a wicker basket. Acharn. 454. Syn. Πλέγμα, φορμίδν.

Πλέκω, coëco. Κάπιθμοῖεν πλέκουν Lysist. 152.

Πλεκτάνω. See Πλέκω.

Πλεκτάνη, ἡ, ὅν, spira; rete: a coil, wreath; a net. Av. 1717. Ta brevis est, ut xa in μη- χάνῃ. Syn. Πλέγμα, πλέκος.

Πλεκτός, ἡ, ὅν, plexus; textilis: twisted; to be woven. Hipp. 807.

Πλέκω, ζω, Πλεκτάνω, necto, texo, plico: to plait, weave, entangle. Ion. 1409. Choëph. 1036. See Πλεκτάνη. Syn. Ἀνὰ πλέκω, ἐμπλέκω, κατὰ- πλέκω, εἶρω, συμπλέκω, ὑφαίνω.

Πλεῖν, ποῖτ. Πλεῖν, et Πλεῖν, adv. magis: more. P. V. 485. Thesm. 560. Plut. 1185.

Πλεῖνεζία, as, ἡ, avaritia: avarice. Πλεῖν- εζίαν τέ δωμάτων ἀπέπτοσα Iph. A. 509. Syn. Φιλόχρηματία, φιλαργυρία.

Πλέος, Πλείος, α, ὅν, Πλέως, ω, plenus: full. P. V. 721. O. 162. Eq. 1126. Syn. Ἐμπλέος, πλήρης, μεστός, ἀνάμεστός.

Πλείμων. See Πνεῖμων.

Πλευρά, ἄς, ἡ, Πλευρόν, οὐ, τό, Πλεύρωμα, ἄτος, τό, latus, costa: a side, rib. Nub. 711. Hec. 814. Sept. Th. 887.

Πλευρίτις, ἰδός, ἡ, pleuritis: a pleurisy, a pain in the side. Πλευρίτις ἦμῶν οὐδέν Eccles. 417.

Πλευρόκωπες, latera percussio: to strike the sides. Aj. 236.

Πλευρόν. See Πλευρά.

Πλεύρωμα. See Πλευρά.

Πλευρών, ἄνός, ἡ, Pleuron: a city in Ætolia. B. 639.

Πλευρόνιος, α, ὅν, Pleuronius: of Pleuron. Πλευρόνιος δὲ μοί ἀνέστη Ψ. 635.

Πλευστής, α, ὅν, navigandus: must sail. Lysist. 411.

Πλευστικός, ἡ, ὅν, navigationi commodus: favourable for sailing. Πλευστικός οὖρος Theoc. 13. 52. Syn. Παλώσιμος, ναυστόρος, πλωτός.

Πλέω, Ion. Πλείω, f. πλεύσω, et Πλώω, f. ὥσω, et Ion. imp. πλώϊσσκν, navigo: to sail. Orest. 79. π. 368. ε. 240. Hes. Op. 632. Syn. Διά- πλέω, ἀπὸ πλέω, ναυτῶν, ναυστόλῳμαι.

Πλέω. See Πλείω.

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Πληγᾶδες, apud Apoll. 2. 597. et 647. pro Συμπληγᾶδες, q. v.

Πληγή, ἡς, ἡ; Πληγῶμα, ἄτος, τό, plaga, ictus: a stripe, blow. Rhes. 792. Iph. T. 1367. Syn. Τραῦμα, αἰκία, βόλη, ἀραγμαῖς.

Πληθός, ἔδος, τό; Πληθός, ὅς, ἡ, multitudo: a multitude, population. Hec. 1149. Πληθὺς ἐπε- ρχόμενων Ap. Rh. 1. 239. Πληθὺν ὥς ὅποτε Ζεφύρος A. 305. Ἐνὶ πληθὺ μένεν ἀνδρῶν X. 458. B. 278. Syn. Ὀχλός, ὁμήγυρις, λαός, εἰλη, πᾶν ἡγύρις. Er. Δεινόν, ἀλόγιστον, μέγα, ἄθροον, ἀπειρίτων.

Πληθύνω, ὡνά, multiplico, augeo: to multi- ply. Πάτρεθεν πληθύνωμαι Agam. 1341. Syn. Αὐξώ.

Πληθῶν, ὡνά, plenus sum, praevalco: to be full, to be very prevalent. Χοιράδες τ' ἐπλή- θυνον Pers. 427. Πληθύνειν penultimam corripit, observavit Blomf. ad Agam. 1341. Syn. Αὐξά- νωμαι, πληθύνωμαι.

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theless, yet. Οὐ γὰρ ἄλλος πλὴν ἐγὼ Plut. 106. Πλὴν τῷ τέκοντι κάρτα δυσμάθης ἰδεῖν Med. 1193. Regit accus., vice præpositionis.

Πλῆγ-πῆς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, equos pungenes, eques: spurting horses, equestrian, warlike. A. 93. Syn. see Ἰππότης.

Πλήρης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, plenus: full. Hec. 520. Syn. see Πλῆς.

Πληρώω, ὄσω, complo: to fill up. Hipp. 1324. Syn. Ἀνὰ πληρῶω, εκπληρῶω, πλήθω, γέ- μίζω.

Πληρωμῶ, ἄτος, τό, plenitudo, copia: fulness. Orest. 1659. Syn. Πληρωμῶν, πληρῶς.

Πληροῖς, ὄσω, appropinquo: to approach. Πληροῖσθαι πῶτε Eur. El. 634. Syn. Πέλῳ, πληρῶν, ἐγγίζω, χρίμπτω.

Πληροῖς, α, ὅν, propinquus: near, neighbour- ing, a relation. Πληροῖα στάθμισα δὲ Iph. A. 629. Syn. Πάρεπληροῖς, ἀγχιστεύς, οἰκίς, πληροῖσχωρος.

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Πληροῖς, ἡς, ἡ, satietas: satiety. Troad. 1201. Syn. Πληρωμῶ, κῆρος.

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Πνεύμων, Πλευμών, ὄνός, δ, pulmo: the lungs. Τόξά πνευμάτων λαθεῖν Orest. 526. Ran. 476. Πνεύμων is the term employed by the more ancient, πλεῦμων by the more recent Attic writers. See R. P. Orest. 271. Bruck. Trach. 567. and Blomf. Sept. Th. 61.

Πνέω, ποῖτ. Πνεῖω, f. πνεύσθαι et πνευσόμαι, spiro, anhele: to breathe, blow. Εἰ μή γέ πῦρ πνεύσει Alcest. 509. η. 119. Επίπνέω, κατὰπνέω, ἀπνέω, φασάω, ζάω.

Πνίγεις, ἔως, δ, furnus: an oven. Δέγοντες ἀνὰπείθουσιν ὡς ὅτι πνίγεις Nub. 96. Syn. Ἰπνός, κάμνως.

Πνιγρός, ἄ, ὄν, fervens; suffocans: sultry; choking. Κρέμασαντί σαυτὸν παῦε πνιγρὰν λέγεις Ran. 122.

Πνίγος, ἔως, τὸ, aestus velut nos suffocans: sultry heat. Μῆτρῳ πνίγει κοῦκ ἀπδράντες Av. 726. Syn. Καῦμα, δάκνως.

Πνίγω, ξω, suffoco; coquo in vase clauso: to choke, strangle; stew. Ἐπνιγόμεν τὰ σπλάγχνα Nub. 1019. Syn. Ἀππνίγω, κατὰπνίγω, ἀγχοῶ.

Πνὴ, et Πνιή. See Πνεῦμα.

Πνώ, f. πνώσω, pf. p. πῆπνυμαι, sapere facio: to make wise. Ανδράπων πέπνυσσ' ἰδοῦ ψ. 210.

Πνύξ, gen. πνυκός, δ, Pnyx: a place in Athens dedicated to public assemblies. Ναι νὰ διακρινον δῆτ' ἀπὸ μὴ 'ν τῇ Πνυκί Eq. 749.

Πῶα, Ποῖα, ἄς, ἡ, herba, gramen: herb, grass. Αντὶ ποῖας Μηδικῆς Eq. 606. Vix invenias ποῖα apud Poetas. Syn. Χλόη, βότάνη, χόρτος. Er. Τέρενα, ἐνδοῖς, χλοῖρά, ἀπᾶλῃ, μάλακῃ, βλασθρὰ, λειμῶνις, ἐρίθλητις.

Ποδαγός, οὐ, δ, pedisequus, dux: an attendant, guide. Ἐγὼ δὲ σὺ ποδαγὸς ἐσόμεν πατρί Antig. 1196. Syn. Ἀγῶγος, οδαγός, πομπεύς, ἀκόλουθος.

Ποδαγρῶα, podagra laboro: to be gouty. Πάρ' τῷ μὲν γὰρ ποδαγρῶντες Plut. 559.

Ποδάλειρος, οὐ, δ, Podalirius: son of Aesculapius. Ποδάλειρος ἦδ' Ἰφιδάμαν B. 732.

Ποδάπτος, ἡ, ὄν, cujus? e qua regione? of what country? Ἀνθραπὲ ποδάπτος χοιρὸπώλας Μέναιρος Acharn. 818.

Ποδάργη, ης, ἡ, Podarge. Π. 150.

Ποδαργός, οὐ, δ, Podargus: the name of a horse. Θ. 185.

Ποδάρκης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, valens pedibus, velox: powerful in or swift of foot. A. 121. Ποδάρκης is also a P. N. B. 704. Syn. see Ποδάκης.

Ποδένδωτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, quo pedes circumdantur: covering the feet. Ἦ νεκροῦ ποδένδωτον Choeph. 985. Syn. Ποδῆρης, ποδνηκῆς, ποδιστήρ.

Ποδέων, ἄνός, δ, pediculus: a foot. Theoc. 22. 52.

Ποδηνέκης, Ποδῆρης, εὖς, et Ποδιστήρ, ἦρος, ad pedes pertingens: reaching down to the feet. Apoll. 1. 324. Bacch. 821. Choeph. 987. Syn. Ποδένδωτος.

Ποδηνέμωτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ventos velocitate æquans: swift-footed as the wind. Σ. 166. Syn. Ἰσάνεμος, ἀελλόπους. See Ποδάκης.

Ποδῆρης. See Ποδνηκῆς.

Ποδῆς, οὐ, δ, Podes. P. 590. Er. Ἀφνειός, ἀγάθος, ἀμύμων.

Ποδίσκος, οὐ, δ, pedunculus: a little foot. Anacr. 44. 4.

Ποδιστήρ. See Ποδνηκῆς.

Ποδῶψτρον, οὐ, τὸ, mantile ad pedes abstergendos: a towel for wiping the feet. Χωρίς ποδῶψτρον τὲ Agam. 899.

Ποδώκεια, Ποδάκια, as, ἡ, velocitas pedum: swiftmess of foot, fleetness. B. 792. Anacr. 2. 3. Syn. Εὐαφρότης.

Ποδώκεισάτῳ, aut, ut alii legunt, Ποδάκη-εσάτῳ, Ap. Rh. 1. 180. superlat. a seq.

Ποδάκης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, pedibus velox: swift-footed, fleet, quick. Sept. Th. 619. Syn. Ποδάς ἄκνως, ποδηνέμωτος, ποδάκης, ἀερίπους, ἀελλόπους, τάχυν, τάχινους, τάχυνδρῶμος, θάδς, ἐλαφρὸς, οἶος.

Ποδενός, ἡ, ὄν, et οὐ, δ, ἡ, desideratus, amabilis: desirable. Helen. 622. Syn. Τριπόδητος, ἐπικτός.

Ποθεν (Πόθεν), unde? from whence? how? Plut. 83.

Ποθεν (Ποθεν), alicunde: from some or any place. Σ. 322.

Ποθέρω, Dor. pro Πρόσέρω, q. v.

Ποθέσπερος, η, ὄν, vespertinus: towards evening. Theoc. 8. 16. Syn. Ἑσπερίος.

Ποθέω, Ion. imp. ποθέσκον, f. ἦσω, desidero: to desire, regret. Iph. T. 543. A. 492. Syn. Ἀγάπωα, ὀρεγόμεαι, λῶα, ἐπιθυμῶα, ἐφίμαι, λίλαίμαι.

Ποθή, ἦς, ἡ; Ποθός, οὐ, δ, desiderium: desire, regret, loss. A. 240. Helen. 960. Syn. Ἰμέρος. Er. Αμφιδάκρυτος, ἀργάλα, ἡμέροσσά, δόλοσσά, βάρεα, γλυκέρη, γλυκεία, δερμή.

Ποθήκω, Dor. pro Πρόσθήκω, q. v.

Ποθί (Πόθι), ubi? where? Ποθί τοι πόλεις ἦδ' ἑλάνες α. 170.

Ποθί (Ποθι), alicubi; aliquando: somewhere; at some time. Τῷ δ' ὡς ποθί Μοῖρ' ἀκράτην Ω. 209.

Ποθιδρῶα, et Ποθιδρήμ, Dor. pro Πρόσδρῶα, q. v.

Ποθός. See Ποθί.

Ποί, quò? whither? Plut. 605.

Ποι, aliquo: any or some where. Plut. 446.

Ποῖα. See Πόα.

Ποιάντιος, α, ὄν, Ποεάντιος: of Ποεας. Εὐδ' ἐφ' ἱλοκλήτην Ποιάντιον γ. 190.

Ποίας, αντός, δ, Ποεας: father of Philoctetes. Philoct. 5. See above. Er. Ἀγανός, ἀγλᾶς, ἀμύμων.

Ποῖω, ἦσω, facio: to make; to do; to make verses. Τὸς μὲν μνηστας ποίει Bacch. 297. Ζεὺς ἐποίησεν Δεῦος Helen. 1658. Syn. Πρόσσω, ἀντίσω, ἐργάζομαι, τίθημι, καθίστημι, δρῶα, κατασκευάζω.

Ποίηεις, εσά, ἐν, Ποιηρός, α, ὄν, herbosus: grassy. Πόλινυρον ποιηέντος π. 396. Bacch. 1037. Syn. Λέχεποιος, χλοῖρος.

Ποιήτης, οὐ, δ, ποῖτα: a poet, author. Ὁν ποιήτης οὐ κῶμα. Nub. 545. Γόνιμον δὲ ποιητὴν ἄν οὐχ εὖρος ἐτι Ran. 96. Syn. Μουσὸπῶλος, αἰδός, μουσούποιος. Er. Σόφος, ψυχρός, θρηνητικός. Pnn. Μουσῶν ὄρνις, ἱέρως, δερᾶκων.

Ποιητός, η, ὄν, factus; factitius: made; pretended. Οἱ δ' ἐκβάλλοντες δάκρυά ποιητῶ τρῶφω Helen. 1546. Syn. Εὐ ποιητός, τέχνηεις.

Ποικιλεῖων, ὄνός, veste variata indutus: star-studded. P. V. 24. Syn. Ποικιλῶς.

Ποικιλία, as, ἡ, varietas; subtilitas: variety, subtlety. Eur. fr. Acol. 9. 2. See Ποικίλος.

Ποικίλω, ἰλῶ, vario, orno; vafre fingo; perplexe loquor: to diversify, embellish; to act cunningly; to speak ambiguously. Cycl. 339. Syn. Αἰόλλω, δαιδάλλω, παρὰλλάντω, προσποιέομαι.

Ποικιλιά, ἄνός, τὸ, ornatus versicolor; vestis acu picta: embroidery; an embroidered vest. Choeph. 1000. Syn. Ποικιλία.

Ποικιλοβούλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, Ποικιλόφρων, ὄνός, et Ποικιλόμητις, οὐ, varia et multiplicia habens consilia, astutus: having various designs, artful. Hes. Theog. 521. Hec. 130. A. 482. Syn. Αγκυλόμητις, δαλδομήτης, κερδάλωφρων, κερδάλωτος, ποικίλος, πόλινυρος, πόλινυχῶτος, δολέρος.

Ποικιλόγητος, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, varie sonans: sounding with varied notes. Olymp. 3. 13. See Γῆρος.

Ποικιλόδερος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cui collum est maculosum: having a spotted neck. Hes. Op. 201.

Ποικιλόδερμων, ὄνός, variam habens cutem: having a spotted skin. Iph. A. 227.

Ποικιλόθριξ, τριχός, varios habens capillos: having different coloured locks or hair. Alcest. 600. See Λευκόθριξ. Syn. Στικτός, κατὰ-στικτός, αὐλός.

Ποικιλόθρονος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, pulchrum sedile habens: having a beautiful throne. Ποικιλόθρον' ἀνὰν' Ἀφροδίτα Sappho.

Ποικιλόμητις. See Ποικιλοβούλος.

Ποικιλόμορφος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, variam habens formam: variously formed. Plut. 530.

Ποικιλόνατος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, varium habens tergum: having a variegated back. Pyth. 4. 444.

Ποικιλόπτερος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, variam habens alam: having a many-coloured wing. Hipp. 1265.

Ποικίλος, η, ὄν, varius; versutus; dubius: variegated, beautifully carved or painted; deceitful; doubtful. Ποικίλους ἡμπερόχτο Med. 1156. Syn. Παμποικίλος, αὐλός, παναἰόλος, ποικιλόμορφος, ἑτέρωχρῶτος, πόλινυλος, στικτός, ποικιλόφρων.

Ποικιλόστολος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, variis rebus instructus: furnished with various things. Philoct. 343.

Ποικιλότραυλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, varie balbutiens: variously stammering, sounding. Ποικιλότραυλᾶ μέλη Theoc. Ep. 4. 10. Syn. Ποικιλότρητος.

Ποικιλόφρων, ἡ, ὄν, quæ suavitier cithara canitur: sweetly played on the lyre. Olymp. 4. 4.

Ποικιλόφρων. See Ποικιλόστολος.

Ποικιλόφρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, perplexa canens: enigmatical. C. R. 230.

Ποικίλως, varie, ambigue: variously, ambiguously. Bacch. 876. See Ποικίλος.

Ποιμᾶνω, Ion. imp. ποιμανέσκον, pasco; rego; curo; delinio: to feed; direct; take care of; soothe. A. 245. i. 188. Syn. Βουκόλῶ, νόμῶα, νέμῶα, βόσκω, δῖνω, ἐκκόμῶ, δερᾶ-πύω.

Ποιμανόριον, οὐ, τὸ, grex hominum: a flock or host of men. Pers. 76. See below. Syn. Ποίμνη, ποιμνίον, ἀγέλη, στράτευμα, πληθός.

Ποιμάνωρ, ὄνός, δ, pastor hominum; dux: a shepherd of men; a commander. Pers. 246. See Στίγανωρ. Syn. see Ποίμνη.

Ποιμνικός, η, ὄν, pastoralis: pastoral. Τῆνος δ ποιμνικός Theoc. l. 23. Syn. Νόμῶς, βουκό-λίκος.

Ποίμνη, ἑνός, δ, pastor; dux: a shepherd; a leader. Hipp. 74. Syn. Ποιμάνωρ, μηλοδόχης, νόμης, βότρη, βουκόλος, ποιμνίων ἐπιστάτης, κηδεμών, αρχός, βασίλειος. Er. Ἀγραυλός, ἀγρι-ώτης, ὀρεσιδρῶμος, εσθλός.

Ποίμνη, ης, et ἡνέ, ἡ, et dimin. Ποίμνιον, οὐ, τὸ, grex: a herd, flock. P. V. 674. Εὐτὸχοῦντά ποιμνίων Rhes. 270. Syn. Ἀγέλη, πῶα, βόσκη-μά, ἰλᾶς. Er. Χρυσέομαλλος, εὐδωτῶν, εὐ-κραιρὸς, εὐθρῆς.

Ποιμνίος, α, ὄν, et Ποιμνίτης, οὐ, pastoralis: of a flock, pastoral. Αἴτ' ἐκὰς στάθμον ποιμνίον B. 470. Ποιμνίτης ὑμῆναιος Alcest. 593.

Ποιμνίον. See Ποίμνη.

Ποινάτωρ, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, qui poenam exigit: an avenger. Ἀγᾶμεινονος ποινάτωρ' εἶχεν ἐν δόμοις Eur. El. 23. Syn. Τίμωρος, ἀμύντωρ.

Ποινᾶω, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, mulcto, punio: to fine, punish. Ποινασόμεσθ' ἄν δ' Iph. T. 1434. Syn. Κόλαξ, αἰκίζω, ἀποτίννυμι, ζημιῶ, τιμωρέομαι.

Ποίνη (Dor. Ποῖνα), ης, ἡ, compensatio, mulcta, poena: a compensation, fine, punishment. Troad. 362. Ποῖναι in the plural is sometimes personified, and denotes the Furies: see Εὐμηνίδες. Syn. Ἀμοιβή, βλάστη, τίσις, κόλασις, τιμωρία, ἀποιών. Er. Αντίπαλός, δολιόφρων, κρύεσσά, βάρεα, εχθρά, βράδυνος.

Ποινίμωτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ultor, vindex: retributive, avenging. Ποινίμω τ' Ἐρινύς Aj. 843. Syn. Ποινάτωρ, ἀμύντωρ.

Ποιδόλγῶα, herbas colligo: to gather ears of corn, to glean. Ἀ πρὸν ποιδόλγῶσα Theoc. 3. 32.

Ποιδόνωτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, herbivorus; herbosus: grass-eating; grassy. Νῶν ἐν ποιδόνωτος ματρός αρχάας τόποις Aesch. Sup. 50.

Ποῖος, α, ὄν, qualis? of what sort? Κρῶνιθ' ποῖον τὸν μῦθον ἔειπας A. 552.

Ποινῶα, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, satago, opus facio sedulo, ministro diligenter: to busy oneself, labour at diligently, to serve. Διὰ δώματα ποινοῦντα A. 600. Syn. Πόλεωα, ὑπηρετῶα, διακονῶα.

Ποῖονυμά, ἄνός, τὸ, vehemens spiritus emissio; gloriatio: a puff of wind; a boast. Sept. Th. 266. Syn. Βόη.

Πόκα, Dor. pro Ποτῆ. Πᾶ πόκ' ἀρ' ἦθ' ὀκᾶ Δάφνις Theoc. l. 66.

Πόκας, ἄδός, ἡ, coma: combed hair. Ἀλλ' ἐκπῶς σοι τὰς πόκας οὐπὲρ μά δ' αἰὶ σὺ γ' ἄψει (hipponact. vers.) Theoc. 567. Syn. Θρίξ, πλοκάμης.

Πόκῶα, ξῶμα, vello: to clip, pluck. Theoc. 5. 26. Syn. Πέλωα, κείρω.

Πόκος, οὐ, δ, et Πόξ, πόκος, ἡ, vellus: a fleece. Eur. El. 513. Ran. 187. Syn. Κῶας, κᾶας, ἑρῶν, δερὸς.

Πόλεμαρχος, οὐ, δ, dux belli; unus ex Archontibus: a commander in war; one of the nine Archons at Athens. Vesp. 1042. Syn. Στρά-τηγος, στράταρχος, ἡγέμων.

Πόλεμῶα, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, bellum gero, pugno; dissideo: to wage war, fight; to differ with, quarrel. Ion 1385. Theoc. 814. T. 206. Syn. Διαπόλεμῶα, ἐκστράτευμα, μάχῶα, μάρινῶα.

Πόλεμῶνυκος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, pugnam excipiens et sustinens: fight-receiving and sustaining. Pyth. 10. 22.

Πόλεμῶνυκος, Πόλεμῶνυκος, et Πόλεμῶνυκος, α, ὄν, bellicosus, ad bellum pertinens, hostilis: warlike, belonging to war, hostile. Πόλεμῶνυκος ἐργᾶ μέμλε μ. 116. Εἶναι σφέτερον τῇ δὲ σφέτερον τῶν πό-λεμῶν Pax 673. Vesp. 1158. Syn. Δηῖος, μάχιμος.

Πόλεμῶνυκος. See Πόλεμῶα.

Πόλεμῶνυκος, et Πόλεμῶνυκος. See Πόλεμῶνυκος.

Πόλεμῶνυκος, α, ὄν, habilis ad bellum, bellicus: fit for war, martial. Πόσους δρόμους ἐλᾷ τὰ πόλεμῶνυκος Nub. 28. Syn. Πόλεμῶνυκος, πό-λεμῶνυκος.

Πόλεμῶνυκος, Πόλεμῶνυκος, οὐ, δ, et Πόλεμῶν-υκος, α, ὄν, bellator, bellatrix: a warrior. E. 602.

Πολέω, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, ποιοῦμαι, facio: to make, to do; to make verses. Τὸς μὲν μνηστας ποίει Bacch. 297. Ζεὺς ἐποίησεν Δεῦος Helen. 1658. Syn. Πρόσσω, ἀντίσω, ἐργάζομαι, τίθημι, καθίστημι, δρῶα, κατασκευάζω.

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Ποικιλόγητος, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, varie sonans: sounding with varied notes. Olymp. 3. 13. See Γῆρος.

Ποικιλόδερος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cui collum est maculosum: having a spotted neck. Hes. Op. 201.

Ποικιλόδερμων, ὄνός, variam habens cutem: having a spotted skin. Iph. A. 227.

Ποικιλόθριξ, τριχός, varios habens capillos: having different coloured locks or hair. Alcest. 600. See Λευκόθριξ. Syn. Στικτός, κατὰ-στικτός, αὐλός.

Ποικιλόθρονος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, pulchrum sedile habens: having a beautiful throne. Ποικιλόθρον' ἀνὰν' Ἀφροδίτα Sappho.

Ποικιλόμητις. See Ποικιλοβούλος.

Ποικιλόμορφος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, variam habens formam: variously formed. Plut. 530.

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Ποικιλόφρων, ἡ, ὄν, quæ suavitier cithara canitur: sweetly played on the lyre. Olymp. 4. 4.

Ποικιλόφρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, perplexa canens: enigmatical. C. R. 230.

Ποικίλως, varie, ambigue: variously, ambiguously. Bacch. 876. See Ποικίλος.

Ποιμᾶνω, Ion. imp. ποιμανέσκον, pasco; rego; curo; delinio: to feed; direct; take care of; soothe. A. 2



Πολυκάκης, ἔως, Πολυκτῶνός, Πολυκτῶνός, ου, δ, ἡ, multos interficiens: killing many. Agam. 1140. (See Δορυκάκης.) Τῆς πολυκτῶνους φόνεός. Orest. 1141. Herc. F. 420. SYN. Δορυκάκης, πολυφθῶρος, πολυκτῶνός.

Πολυκαπνός, ου, δ, ἡ, fumo abundans: abounding in smoke. Μῆ σ' αὐθάδῃ πολυκαπνὸν στέγος πέπλους Eur. El. 1140. SYN. Ψάδεις, καπνώδης.

Πολυκαρπός, ου, δ, ἡ, fructuosus: fruitful, productive. ω. 220. SYN. Καρποφόρος, εὐκαρπός.

Πολυκάστη, ἡς, ἡ, Polycaste. γ. 464.

Πολυκέρβειά, ας, ἡ, magna prudentia agendi comode et dextre: great cunning. Πολυκέρβειον ἄνωγε ω. 166. SYN. Δάδς, πάνουρ-γία, ποικιλόφροσύνη.

Πολυκέρβης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, astutus, vafer: crafty, cunning, knavish. Apoll. 3. 1363. SYN. Δολωτής, πολυμήτις, ποικιλόφρων, κερδαλέος, πάνουργος.

Πολυκέρως, ὡτός, multa habens cornua: many-horned. Aj. 55. SYN. Εὐκέρως.

Πολυκῆτος, ου, δ, ἡ, varie ac pictus: much-embroidered. Γ. 371. SYN. Δαιδάλεός, ποικιλός, αἰδολός.

Πολυκῆδης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, valde luctuosus: very lamentable. ψ. 351.

Πολυκίτης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, belluis abundans: abounding in large beasts. Theoc. 17. 98. SYN. see Πολυχίθους.

Πολυκλαυτός, αὐτ Πολυκλαυστός, ου, δ, ἡ, et ἡ, ὄν, multum defletus vel deflens: greatly lamented or lamenting. Ἐρὸς ἄρβην τὴν πολυκλαυτὴν Agam. 1503. The form πολυκλαυτός is preferable to that of πολυκλαυστός. See Heinrich. Mus. v. 236. p. 132. SYN. see Πολυθρήνους.

Πολυκλέτος, ου, δ, ἡ, multum celebratus: renowned. Olymp. 6. 120.

Πολυκλήϊς, ἰδός, ἡ, multis transtris instructus: many-benched. Νῆϊ πολυκλήϊδι ψ. 324. SYN. Πολυζυγός.

Πολυκλήρως, ου, δ, ἡ, locuples: rich. Πολυκλήρων ἀνθρώπων Ε. 211.

Πολυκλήτῳ, ου, δ, ἡ, longe evocatus: called from afar. Πολυκλήτοι ἐπικούροι K. 420.

Πολυκλυστός, ου, δ, ἡ, multis alluens vel perstrepsis undis: washing or boisterous with waves. Πολυκλύστοι ἐνὶ πόντῳ τ. 277. SYN. Πολυφλοισβός.

Πολυκμήτος, ου, δ, ἡ, multum laboris et ærumnæ habens, elaboratus: occasioning much labour, highly wrought. Πολυκμήτου δαλάμοιο δ. 718. SYN. Παλδαϊδάλος, εὐτυκτός.

Πολυκμήτος, ου, δ, ἡ, cui multa sunt juga et saltus: hill- and woody. Πολυκμήτων τ' Ἐτρώων B. 497.

Πολυκνιστός, ου, δ, ἡ, multo nidore redolens: fragrant. Πολυκνισσὸν ἐκἀτμήης Apoll. 3. 879. SYN. Εὐώδης.

Πολυκνός, ου, δ, ἡ, omnibus communis, publicus: very common, public. Aj. 1193. SYN. Πάγκοιός.

Πολυκοιρανία, ας, ἡ, multorum imperium: the government of many, ochloeracy. Οὐκ ἀγῶν πολυκοιρανίῃ B. 204.

Πολυκοῦράνης, ου, Πολυκοῦράτης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, præpotens: ruling many, very powerful. Ran. 1270. (See Κοῦράνης.) Choeph. 404. See Κράτος. SYN. Ερισθένης, παγκράτης.

Πολυκόλυμπος, ου, δ, ἡ, multum natans: swimming much. Ran. 245.

Πολυκρανός, ου, δ, ἡ, multa habens capita: many-headed. Ἡ πολυκρανός γ' ἰδεῖν Bacch. 1005. SYN. Ἐκἀπογέφαλός.

Πολυκράτης. See Πολυκοῦράνης.

Πολυκρότος, ου, δ, ἡ, multis plausibus resonans: astutus: loudly applauding; crafty. Πολυκρότων ἡδὺν ἔλκωτα Hom. Hym. 18. 37.

Πολυκτεάνος, ου, δ, ἡ; Πολυκτεάμων, ὄνός, Πολυκτεῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui multa acquisivit et possidet, dives: having many possessions, rich. Olymp. 10. 44. (See Κτεάνων.) Ion 583. Androm. 765. SYN. Ἀφνειός, πολυκλήρως, πολυπάμμων, πολυλήϊός, πολυμήλός, πλουσίος, δάσιος.

Πολυκτόνός. See Πολυκάνης.

Πολυκτόριδης, ου, δ, patronym. a (2). Πολυκτωρ, ὄρος, δ, (1) Polycitorides: the son of Polycitor; (2) Polycitor: Polycitor. Πεισανδρός τε Πολυκτόριδης χ. 243. p. 207.

Πολυκωκύτος, ου, δ, ἡ, multum lugens, luctuosus: very sad, mournful. Βῆς πολυκωκύτους Theogn. 244. SYN. see Πολυθρήνους.

Πολυκωμῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, comessationibus abundans: full of revels. Anaer. 42. 14.

Πολυκωπός, ου, δ, ἡ, multos habens remos: many-oared. Trach. 658.

Πολυλήϊός, ου, δ, ἡ, multas segetes habens, dives: having many crops, rich. Παλαίτης ἀλλὰ ἑ μοῖρα E. 613. SYN. see Πολυκτεάμων.

Πολυλιστός, αὐτ Πολυλλιστός, et Πολυλλιστός, ου, δ, ἡ, multum invocatus: much entreated, supplicated. Πολυλλιστοῖσι μένοσα Hom. Apoll. 347. Nonn. Jo. 204. 2. See Λιτή. SYN. Προσίκτηρ.

Πολυμάθης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, multa doctus: who has learned much. Ἀνδρὸν παρόντων πολυμάθων καὶ δεξιῶν Vesp. 1170. SYN. see Πολυῖδης.

Πολυμέτρως, ου, δ, ἡ, copiosus: plenteous. Οὐτός ποτ' ἐκ γῆς πολυμέτρον λάβων στάχυν Eur. fr. Mel. 1. 6.

Πολυμήλη, ἡς, ἡ, Polymele. Π. 180.

Πολυμήλως, ου, δ, ἡ, multas oves habens; multa poma ferens: rich in sheep; producing many apples. B. 705. SYN. see Πολυθρέμων.

Πολυμήτωρ, ὄρος, δ, Polymestor. Hec. 7.

Πολυμήτις, ὡς, multo consilio præditus, sagax: full of sense, wise. Πολυμήτις Ὀδυσσεύς Vesp. 351. SYN. Παλθεύλως, ποικιλόβουλος, ποικιλόφρων, μητιέτης, πολυφρων, περίσσοφρων, πολυπαῖπάλως.

Πολυμήχανία, ας, ἡ, calliditas, solertia: much contrivance, ingenuity. Δάδων πολυμήχανῃν τε ψ. 321. SYN. Σοφία, πρόμηθια, πολυπαιδία, ποικιλόφροσύνη, παιπάλμη.

Πολυμήχανός, ου, δ, ἡ, callidus, solers: much-contriving, clever, ingenious. Πολυμήχανός ἐστιν α. 205. SYN. Παλθεύλως, πολυμήτις, πολυπαῖπάλως, μηχανορράφος, πάνουργος.

Πολυμήτις, ου, δ, ἡ, multis liciis textus: having many threads, woven. Æsch. Sup. 439. See Μίτος.

Πολυμήστειά (subaud. μέλη), ὡν, τὰ, carmina a Polymnesto quodam inventa: the strains of Polymnestus. Eq. 1287.

Πολυμνηστός, ἡ, ὄν, et δ, ἡ, multum ambitus: much courted. Agam. 1434.

Πολυμνηστῶρ, ὄρος, δ, memoria pollens: having a powerful memory. Æsch. Sup. 544. SYN. Εὐμνημων, μνημων, μνημνικός.

Πολυμοχθός, Πολυμοχτός, ου, δ, ἡ, ærumnosus: causing or undergoing much labour, wretched.

Phoen. 796. Herc. F. 1184. Ep. Ἀλκίος, πάν-ἀλλίος, μοχθηρός, ἐπιπνός.

Πολυμυθός, ου, δ, ἡ, verbosus: of many words, loquacious. Πολυμυθὸν ἔοντα β. 200. SYN. Δάδς, ποικιλόμυθος, πολυλόγος, στωμύλός.

Πολυνάος, ου, δ, ἡ, multa habens delubra: having many temples. Πολυνάοι καὶ πολύναε Theoc. 15. 109.

Πολυνάτης, ου, δ, ἡ, multos nautas habens: having many sailors. Pers. 85.

Πολυνείκης, ἔδς, δ, Polynices: one of the sons of Ædipus. Sept. Th. 574. See on the word Ἐτεοκλής.

Πολυνείκης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, contentiosus: contentious. Sept. Th. 829.

Πολυνέφελος, ου, nubibus obductus: having many clouds, cloudy. Nem. 3. 17.

Πολυνέρος, ου, δ, Polynæus. Σ. 114.

Πολυνίφης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, multa nive tectus, nivosis: covered with snow. Helen. 1325. See Νίφας. SYN. Νιφάθως, νιφάθης, χιτώνδης, νιφάθως, νιφάεις, χιτώνδης.

Πολυζένης, ου, δ, ἡ, Polyzænes: the daughter of Hecuba. Hec. 40. PHIL. For an account of the sacrifice of Polyzæna, see Hec. 519—580.

Πολυζέστως, ου, δ, ἡ, expolitus, pulchre factus: highly polished, beautifully made. Φασὶ πολυζέστως (E. C. 1570). SYN. Πολυκμήτης.

Πολυζῶ, ὄος, ἡ, Polyxo. Apoll. 1. 668.

Πολυζεύς, ου, δ, ἡ, divitiis abundans: very wealthy. Eur. fr. Archil. 33. 1. SYN. see Πολυκτεάων.

Πολυζορνίως, ου, δ, ἡ, avibus frequens: having many birds. Iph. T. 436. See Ὀρνίς, ἰβός.

Πολυζυγός, ου, δ, ἡ, populosis: populous. Οὐ σὺς ἐράμεν πολυζυγὸν τύραννός Rhes. 166. SYN. Πολυάνθρωπος.

Πολυπαῖπάλως, ου, δ, ἡ, versutus, astutus: cunning, crafty. Πολυπαῖπάλωι ὑπέρθεπον ο. 418. SYN. see Πολυθούλως.

Πολυπάμμων, ὄνός, multa possidens, dives: possessing much, wealthy. Δ. 433. SYN. see Πολυκτεάων.

Πολυπειρίος, ου, δ, ἡ, multa expertus, callidus: of much experience. Lysist. 1109. SYN. see Πολυῖδης.

Πολυπερθής, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, in multo luctu: in much sorrow, sad. ξ. 386. SYN. Πολυθρήνός.

Πολυπεμονίδης, ου, δ, Polypemonides: the son of Polypemon. Πολυπεμονίδα ἄνακτος α. 304.

Πολυπῆμων, ὄνός, multa damna afferens, noxius: bringing many losses or distresses, calamitous. Apoll. 4. 228. SYN. Βλαβερός, λωσθής, δηλήμων, πολυσίνης, ζημιώδης, λυμαντήριος.

Πολυπῆνος, ου, δ, ἡ, multo stamine textus: richly woven. Eur. El. 191. SYN. Πολυτέλης.

Πολυπιδάς, ἄκός, Πολυπιδάκος, ου, δ, ἡ, fontibus abundans: abounding in springs. Ἴδην δ' ἴκανον πολυπιδάκῃ O. 151. T. 218. SYN. Εὐ-ύγρος, κάθυγρος, πολυπιδάμης.

Πολυπικρός, ου, δ, ἡ, valde amarus: very bitter. Μὴ πολυπικρά καὶ ἀνὰ Π. 255. See Πικρός. SYN. Πικροτάτος.

Πολυπίνης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, valde sordidus: very squalid. Rhes. 712. See Πινός.

Πολυπλάνης, ου, δ, ἡ, Πολυπλάνης, ἔδς, Πό-Pros. Lex.

Πολυπλάνος, et Πολυπλάνος, ου, δ, ἡ, multivagus: wandering much, roving. Herc. F. 1190. Helen. 203. 1318. Phoen. 671. See Πλάνη. SYN. Περφοίτος, περίσσοφός.

Πολυπλεθρός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui multorum jugerum est: of many acres, extensive. Πολλῶν μὲν ἀρχεῖς πολυπλεθροὺς δὲ σοὶ γῆας Alcest. 703. SYN. Εὐρύχωρος, πλάτης, μέγας.

Πολυπλῆκία, ας, ἡ, versutia, dolus: cunning, deceit. Πολυπλῆκίας τ' ἐφίλησαν Theogn. 67. SYN. Πολυμηχανία, πάνουργία.

Πολυπλόκος, ου, δ, ἡ, multis nexibus implicans vel implicitus, multiplex: entangling or entangled. Πουλιπὸν ὀργὴν ἰσχέ πολυπλόκου Theogn. 215. SYN. Πολυπτόχος, ποικιλός, δαδύφρων.

Πολυποικίλος, ου, δ, ἡ, variegatus: variegated. Iph. T. 1150. See Ποικίλος.

Πολυποίτης, ου, δ, Polypotes. Ψ. 848. Ep. Κρατῆρος, ξανθός, ἰσθθός, μένεπτόλεμος, υἱὸς Πειριθόου.

Πολυπότος. See Πολυμοχθός.

Πολυπόταμος, ου, δ, ἡ, multos habens fluvios: having many rivers. Herc. F. 409. See Πό-τάμος. SYN. Πολυπίδαξ, πολυπιδάκος.

Πολυπότνιος, ἄ, ὄν, valde venerandus: highly to be honoured. Πολυπότνιαν ἐγκάλεοντες Apoll. 1. 1125.

Πολύπους, ποδὸς et πον, multos pedes habens: many-footed. Soph. El. 488. Πολύπους οὐ Που-λύπους is also the name of an animal, the polyurus, e. 432. Πουλιπὸν ὀργὴν ἰσχέ πολυπλόκου Theogn. 215. See Damm. in v. Πολύπους.

Πολυπραγμόνως, ardelionem ago: to act the busybody. Plut. 914. SYN. Περύεργάομαι, πολυπραγματέω.

Πολυπραγμοσύνη, ἡς, ἡ, sollicitudo de multis negotiis nihil ad nos pertinentibus: a meddling interference. Πολυπραγμοσύνης νῦν ἐς κεφαλὴν τρέποντ' ἐμοὶ Acharn. 833. SYN. Περύεργα.

Πολυπράγμων, ὄνός, multis, curiosus: meddling, inquisitive. Κού πολυπράγμων Av. 471. SYN. Περύεργος, φίλοπράγμων, ἐπιμέλης, πραγμα-τικός.

Πολυπρεμνός, ου, δ, ἡ, multos habens stipites vel truncos: having many stumps or trunks. Κόκλῃ πολυπρεμνοὶ Apoll. 4. 161.

Πολυπτόλις, ἔως, multas urbes habens: containing many cities. Πολυπτόλιν χαίρε Χίτωνη Call. 3. 225.

Πολυπτόχος, ου, δ, ἡ, multas plenes vel valles habens, sinuosus: having many folds or valleys, windings. En κόρυμφσὶ πολυπτόχου X. 171. SYN. Πολυπλόκος, πτυχώδης.

Πολυπυργός, ου, δ, ἡ, multis turribus munitus: defended by many towers. Hom. Hym. 2. 242.

Πολυπυρός, ου, δ, ἡ, tritico abundans: abounding in wheat. Æsch. Sup. 564. See Πυρός. SYN. Πυροφόρος, πολυκαρπός.

Πολυρραπτός, Πολυρραπτός, ου, δ, ἡ, multum consutus: wellsewed. Πολυρραπτόν τε φάρεττον Theoc. 25. 265. Aj. 575. See Ράφης.

Πολυρρήν, ἡνός, multos agnos habens, dives pecoris: having many lambs, rich in cattle, wealthy. Πολυρρήνης Τιβάρησι Apoll. 2. 377. SYN. Πολυμήλως, πολυπότνιος, πολυκτεάων.

Πολυρρύτιος, ου, δ, ἡ, corio multiplici indutus: covered with many hides. Ἄν δὲ πολυρρύτιον νόμα σάκος Apoll. 3. 1230.

Πολυρρόδους, ου, δ, ἡ, rosis abundans: abounding in roses, rosy. Χωρῶμεν ἐς πολυρρόδους Ran. 448.



Πολύρροθος, ου, δ, ή, multiloquax: loquacious. Φροϊμίους πολυρρόθους Sept. Th. 7.

Πολύρροτος, ου, δ, ή, multifluus, copiose fluens: flowing copiously, streaming. Πολύρροτον γάρ αἶμα' υπεξαίρουσι τῶν Σοφρων. El. 1419.

Πόλυς, ποῖτ, Πούλυσ, Ion. Πολλάς, πολλή, πόλυ, ποῖτ, πολὺ, Ion. πολλόν, gen. οὗ, ής, οὗ, et εὖς, multus, magnus, vehemens: much, many, great, violent. Εκ μελέων πόλυσ ἐρῆεν Π. 110. Πούλυσ ὄμιλος δ. 109. Πολλάς δ' ἐπελήλατο χαλκός N. 804. The last syllable of πόλυσ sometimes is long in Homer, as in N. 705.; but this arises from the effect of the metrical ictus. SYN. Μέγας, πᾶμπόλυς, ἀπλετός, σὺνυός, ἱκάνος, δασπότης.

Πόλυσις, εὖς, δ, ή, valde noxius: very injurious. Μύχου δ' ἀφερκτός πόλυσίνους κύνας δίκην Choëph. 440. SYN. See Πόλυπτήμων.

Πόλυσιτος, ου, δ, ή, frumento abundans: cibo repletus: abounding in food, full of food. Οὐκ ἦν μὲν πόλυσιτος Theoc. 21. 40.

Πόλυσκαρμός, ου, δ, ή, tripudians, exultans: dancing, bounding. Πόλυσκαρμόν Μῦρινος B. 814. SYN. Τάχυσ.

Πόλυσκῖος, ου, δ, ή, umbrosus: having much shade, shady. Λέπεν δὲ πόλυσκῖον ἄλσος Apoll. 4. 166. SYN. See Σκῖος.

Πόλυσπέρης, εὖς, δ, ή, multum disseminatus: widely scattered. Πόλυσπέρεις ἀνθρώπους A. 364.

Πόλυσπέρης, ου, δ, ή, segete abundans, fertilis: abounding in seeds, fertile. Av. 952.

Πόλυσταφύλος, ου, δ, ή, uvis abundans: abounding in grapes. Εἰσέρειαν τέ πόλυσταφύλον B. 537.

Πόλυσταχύς, εὖς, multas spicas edens: producing many ears. Δάματερ πόλυκαρπὲ πόλυσταχύ Theoc. 10. 42.

Πόλυστερής, εὖς, δ, ή, multis sertis redimitus: covered with garlands. Πρὸς πόλυστερῇ μύχυν Eumen. 39.

Πόλυστιός, ου, δ, ή, lapillis abundans: pebbly. Πόλυστιόν τέ Μένωπην Call. 1. 26.

Πόλυστομέω, multum loquor: to talk much. Οὐ πόλυστομέειν χρεών Aesch. Sup. 511. SYN. Μακρολόγειν, περιλάλειν, φλόδαρειν, στωμύλλω, ληρέω.

Πόλυστονός. See Πόλυθρηνός.

Πόλυσχιστός, ου, δ, ή, in multas partes fissus aut qui findi potest: divided or which may be divided into many parts. Εν πόλυσχίστων μίᾳ CE. C. 1592. SYN. Σχιστός.

Πόλυτερής, εὖς, δ, ή, stellatus: studded with stars. Arat. 604.

Πόλυτέκνος, ου, δ, ή, multos habens liberos: having many children. Οὐδ' εἰς ἀμύλλαν πόλυτέκνον σπουδὴν ἔχων Med. 557.

Πόλυτίμητος, ου, δ, ή, et η, ὄν, valde honoratus: highly honoured. Δέξαι δῖπ' ὦ πόλυτίμητη Pax 978. SYN. Πάντιμος, πόντιος, σέδασιμός, πόλυτιμος, αἰδοῦς.

Πόλυτλας, αὐτός, Πόλυτλήμων, ὄνός, Πόλυτλητός, ου, δ, ή, multa passus: patiens; ærumnatus: much-enduring; patient; calamitous. Πόλυτλας διὸς Ὀδυσσεύς ε. 171. σ. 318. A. 38. SYN. Τλησιπόνης, πόλυπνός, τλήμων, παντλήμων.

Πόλυτρήρων, ὄνός, columbis abundans: having many doves. Πόλυτρήρωνά τε Μέσσην B. 382.

Πόλυτρητός, ου, δ, ή, multa foramina habens: porous. Πόλυτρητοῖσι κθαίρειν χ. 439.

Πόλυτροπός, ου, δ, ή, multum peregrinatus: multiplex, varius; versutus: much travelled: various; cunning. Μοῦσά πολύτροπῶν A. 1. SYN. Πόλυμήχανός, πόλυποικίλος, κερδαλέος, δολιχόπλοκος.

Πόλυτρόφος, ου, δ, ή, multos alens, almus: nourishing many, genial. Χαῖρε πολύτρόφῃ Call. 6. 2. SYN. Πόλυτροφός, πόλυθρέμων, βίδωρος, βίδωσός.

Πόλυτρυμνός, Πόλυτρυμός, ου, δ, ή, multum hymnis celebratus: much celebrated in song. Εν πόλυτρυμνῷ Διὸς ἄλσει Nem. 2. 8. Eq. 1325. SYN. Ευκλήης, πόλυτρυμνός, πόλυτρυμνός, ἐπιδοξός, πόλυφάτος.

Πόλυμνία, as, ή, Polyhymnia: one of the Muses. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 11. 196. See on Ερπᾶς.

Πόλυμνός, ου, δ, ή, multum vorans: voracious. Av. 1065. See Φάγω.

Πόλυφάρμακός, ου, δ, ή, medicamentis vel venenis abundans: abounding or skilled in drugs. Πόλυφάρμακός εἰς μέγα δῶμα κ. 276.

Πόλυφάτος, Πόλυφάτος, ου, δ, ή, multum sermone jactatus: much talked of, celebrated. Pyth. 11. 71. (See Ἀφᾶτος.) β. 150. SYN. Αμφιθέτος, πόλυφάτος, πόλυφάτος, πόλυφάτος, διάνοστος.

Πόλυφειδής, εὖς, δ, Polyphideus. o. 249. Er. Μάντις, ὑπερθυμῖος, βροτῶν δ' ἄριστος.

Πόλυφηνός, ου, δ, Polyphemus. Cyl. 25. Er. Αντίθεός, κράτερός, ἀπλόος, δισέρος, βλοσυρός, μόνδερκῆς, ἀνικητός.

Πόλυφηνός, adjective. See Πόλυφάτος.

Πόλυφθόρος, et (2) Πόλυφθόρος, ου, δ, ή, (1) multos occidens: destroying many, ruinous: (2) dirutus: ruined. Τὰς πόλυφθόρους τῆρας P. V. 654. SYN. Πόλυφθός, πόλυφθός, πόλυφθός.

Πόλυφίλος, ου, δ, ή, multos amicos habens: having many friends. Pyth. 5. 5. See Φίλος.

Πόλυφιλος, ου, δ, ή, multas potiones amatorias expertus: one who has tried many love-potions, amorous. Ανήρ τις πόλυφιλος Theoc. 23. 1. SYN. Ερωμάνης, δισέρος.

Πόλυφλοιστός, ου, δ, ή, multo strepitu resonans, sonorus: loud-sounding, roaring. Πόλυφλοισβοῖ δαδάσσης ν. 85. SYN. Ερίθροός, πόλυπής.

Πόλυφολήτης, ου, δ, Polyphotes.

Πόλυφθός. See Πόλυφθός.

Πόλυφόντης, ου, δ, Polyphontes. Sept. Th. 444.

Πόλυφροτός, η, ὄν, et ου, δ, ή, multos pascens: feeding many. E. 301. SYN. See Πόλυτρώφος.

Πόλυφράδης, εὖς, δ, ή, Πόλυφράδης, Πόλυφρων, ὄνός, valde consultus aut prudens: very wise or prudent. Πόλυφράδεσσι δολωθεῖς Hes. Theog. 494. Apoll. 1. 1411. β. 294. SYN. See Πόλυφροτός.

Πόλυφροντίς, ἰδός, δ, ή, multis curis plenus: having many cares. Πόλυφροντίδης τέ βουλαί Anacr. 39. 6. SYN. Πόλυφρόνης.

Πόλυφρόνη, ης, ή, varium rerum peritia, prudentia: skill, judgment. Σφῆσι πόλυφρόνηναι Theog. 712. SYN. See Πόλυφρόνη.

Πόλυφρων. See Πόλυφράδης.

Πόλυφρωνός, ου, δ, Polyphronus. Batrach. 211. Πόλυφαλός, ου, δ, ή, æratus: dives: brazen; rich. γ. 2. SYN. Χαλκήρης, ισχυρός, χάλκεός.

Πόλυχανδής, εὖς, δ, ή, valde capax: very

capacious. Πόλυχανδῆ κρυσσόν Theoc. 13. 46.

Πόλυχειρ, εὖς, multas manus habens: many-handed, having numerous forces. Pers. 85.

Πόλυχορός, ου, δ, ή, multas habens chordas: many-stringed. Theoc. 16. 45.

Πόλυχρονός, ου, δ, ή, longævus; vivax: aged, ancient; long-lived, durable. Τέρμα πόλυχρονίον Call. 5. 128. SYN. Πάλαγνός.

Πόλυχρυσός, ου, δ, ή, multum auri habens, dives: having much gold, wealthy. Τὰς πόλυχρυσον CE. R. 151.

Πόλυχρυσός, ου, δ, ή, in altum congestus: piled or heaped up on high. Choëph. 345.

Πόλυψάμμος, Πόλυψάμμος, ου, δ, ή, arenosus: sandy. Χωμὰ πόλυψάμμοθον Aesch. Sup. 877. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat πόλυψάμμος ex Jacobs. Anthol. 269. SYN. Ψάμμοθός.

Πόλυπιδνός, ου, δ, ή, multos labores habens; molestus; afflictus: causing much pain; troublesome; distressed. Έδου πόλυπιδνός ἰδς Theoc. 25. 238. SYN. Επιδνός, ὀδυνηρός.

Πόλυωνμία, as, ή, multitudo nominum, fama: a number of names, renown. Καὶ πόλυωνμῖαν Call. 3. 7. SYN. Ευφημία.

Πόλυωνμῖος, ου, δ, ή, multi nominis et famæ: having many names, renowned. Pyth. 1. 32. See above. SYN. Πόλυφάτος, πόλυφάτος, πόλυφάτος.

Πόλυπιδνός, ου, δ, ή, multos habens oculos, vel multa foramina: many-eyed, having many orifices. χ. 386. SYN. Πόλυπιδνός, πόλυπιδνός.

Πόλυφελός, valde utilis: very usefully. Thesm. 304. SYN. Συμφέρωντας, λυσίτελός.

Πόμα. See Πόμα.

Πομπάιος, ου, δ, ή, deductorius; deductus: conducting, propitious; conducted. Med. 757.

Πομπεύς, εὖς, et Ion. ἦος, Πομπός, οὗ, δ; Πομπήμων, ὄνός, dux: a guide, conductor. v. 364. Bacch. 953. Apoll. 2. 675. SYN. Πρόπομπος, ἀγωγός, ἡγέμων, πομπιμός, ὀδηγός. Er. Κραπνός, ἀγανός, ἀπῆμων, σωτήριος.

Πομπεύς, comitor, deduco: to attend, conduct. v. 422. SYN. Πάραπρω, διαπρω, πρόπρω, πρόπρω, ὀδηγός.

Πομπή, ἡς, ή, missio; deductio; pompa; impulsus: a mission, message; guidance; procession; impulse. Herc. F. 579. SYN. Ἀπόπομπή, ἀποσπλή. Er. Ἀμύμων.

Πομπήμων. See Πομπεύς.

Πόμπιμος, η, ὄν, et ου, δ, ή, deductorius; qui deductus: fit or able to convey; conducted. Πάτερ γέραιε πομπίμην (iamb. dim.) Phœn. 1726. SYN. See Πομπεύς.

Πομπός. See Πομπεύς.

Πομπόλως, εὖς, largiter profundo: to burst forth. Pyth. 4. 215. SYN. Βρῶς.

Πόνεω, ἦσα, laboro; patior, doleo; ægroto: to labour, work; to endure, to be distressed; to be ill. Rhés. 161. SYN. Διᾶπνέω, πρᾶσσα, πάσχω, ἀνέχουμαι, μοχθεῖν, κάμνω, τάλαιπωρεῖν, κῶκυπᾶν, νοσέω.

Πόνημα. See Πόνος.

Πόνηρος, as, ή, misera vitæ conditio; improbitas, vitium, nequitia: wretchedness, want; villany. Τι οὐν ἐτι ᾧ τῶν κῶρυκα πόνηρος Thesm. 868. SYN. Κάκογυγία, πᾶνογυγία, μοχθηρία, φανδότης, κῶκη, κῶκυπᾶν, ἀπῶρια.

Πόνηρος, α, ὄν, laboriosus, miser; improbus: toilsome, wretched; wicked. Hec. 594. SYN.

Επίπνός, μοχθηρός, ἀπλόος, δυστυχής, ἀτυχής, κῶκος, μῖαρος, ἀναδής, φλαῖρος, ἀσελγής.

Πόνος, ου, δ; Πόνμα, ἄτος, τὸ, labor; ærumnia; morbus: labour, work; distress; disease. Med. 335. Iph. T. 165. SYN. Κάματος, μόγος, κόπος, ἐργόν, ὄσλος, λύπη, ἀνία. Er.

Ἄλιος, διζυρός, δυσταλγής, δευός, γλῆκος, ἀμῆγαρ-τός, ἀκάματος, θυμολγής, κράτερός, γυθδαρής, λευγαλῆς, αἰπός, κάλος, κῶκος, ἀμῆγαρτός, χαλῆπος, μέγας, διπλούς, πόλυσ, εὐετής, ευκλήης, μυρῖος, δύσλῆτος, εὐφημός, μακρός, ἀτελεστός, ἀπειρεστός.

Πονεύς, εὖς, δ, Poneus. δ. 113. Ποντιάς. See Πόντιος.

Ποντίζω, ἴσω, in pontum mergo: to plunge or drown in the sea. Soph. El. 508. SYN. Κάτα-ποντίζω.

Πόντιος, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ή; Ποντιάς, ἄτος, ή, marinus, maritimus: of the sea, marine, maritime. Ποντίους εφθαρμένους Cycl. 300. Ἀφρα ποντιάς αἶρα Hec. 444., answered by η νῆσων ἀλτρεῖ. SYN. Ἄλιος, ἐνάλιος, θαλάσσιος, πέλαγος.

Πόντισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, submersio; naufragium: an immersion; a wreck. Helen. 1547.

Ποντμέδων, οὐτός, δ, pontum regens: sea-ruling. Sept. Th. 123.

Ποντόνός, ου, δ, Pontonous. η. 179.

Ποντοπρέω, Ποντοπρέωμαι, et Ποντοπρέω, mare pervado: to pass over the sea. η. 267. ε. 277. A. 11. SYN. Διαπέρω, ναυτιλλῶμαι.

Ποντοπρός, ου, δ, ή, mare trajiciens: sea-passing. H. 72. SYN. Θάλασσοπλαγκτός.

Ποντοπείδων, ὄνός, δ, ponticus Neptunus: Neptune, god of the sea. Plut. 1050. SYN. See Ποντοπείδων.

Πόντος, ου, antiq. ὀν, acc. ὄν, antiq. οὐδῇ, δ, (1) pontus, mare: the sea, the ocean; (2) Pontus, vel mare Euxinum: the Euxine, or Black Sea. B. 210. Apoll. 1. 2. SYN. Θάλασσα, ἕλας, οὐκᾶνός, σᾶλος, πέλαγος. Er. Πέλαγος, ἀμύριος, μέλας, κῶκυπᾶν, εὐετής, ἀξενότατος, δευός, ευ-ήμερος, ἀπειρων, ἀμειλίχης, ἀτρίγέτος, ευρός, ἡρόειδης, ἰσίδης, ιχθῆς, κυμαίνων, μέγακῆτης, οἶνος, πόλυκλυτός, ἀτρίγέτος, ἀμειλίχης, νιφός, χειμωνόπυς, πόλιος, πόλυφλοιστός, βά-θύρρος, ἀγρίος, ἐργόδοτος, πικρός.

Πῶ. See Πῶκος.

Πῶαξ. See Πῶποι.

Πῶπᾶν, ου, τὸ, placenta lata, tenuis, et rotunda: a broad thin round cake. Εἰ πῶπᾶν εἴη τι κατ'ἀλλελεμμένον Plut. 680. SYN. Πᾶκος, ψαιστόν.

Πῶποι, et Πῶαξ, interjectio notans indignationem, luctum, aut admirationem magnam, aut alium ejusmodi motum animi; heu! proh! oh! gods! O strange! alas! CE. R. 167. Eumen. 143. SYN. Φεύ, πάπα.

Ποπύζω, f. ὤσω, et Ποπυλίζω, sibilo; concrepo digitis; noctuae more ejulo; demulceo: to hiss; to crack; to screech as an owl; to pat. Plut. 732. Καὶ ἄδῃ τι ποπυλίζοι Theoc. 5. 89. SYN. Συρτίτω, κηλέω.

Πῶρδᾶις. See Πῶρδᾶις.

Πῶρδᾶις, ης, ή, crepitus ventris: breaking of wind. Nub. 395.

Πῶρεα, as, ή, profectio; iter; trajectio: a setting out; journey; ferrying over. Thesm. 1055. SYN. Ὀδοπῶρία, βάσις, ὁδός, πῶρεμα. Er. Πόλυκαρμός, ὁμοπῶρος, τᾶχεῖα, ἀλίπλαγ-τός, ἀελλᾶς, πόλυμοχος.



πραγματίων, ου, τὸ, res parva: a little affair. Οὐδ' ἐλκόμενος περί πραγμάτων Nub. 1004.

πραγματῶδης, ἔσ, δ, ἡ, qui litem scrutatur: a pettifogger. Av. 1224. See Διφάω. SYN. Δικολύγος.

πραγός. See Πράγμα.

πρακτῆριος, ου, δ, ἡ, et Πρακτικός, ἡ, δν, efficace, strenuus: fit for acting, efficacious. Καὶ τῆς πρακτῆριος Aesch. Sup. 532. Eq. 91. SYN. Δραστήριος.

πρακτικός. See above.

πρακτωρ, ὁρς, Ion. Πρακτῆρ, ἥρς, δ, actor; mercator; coactor tributum: a doer, performer; a merchant; a tax-gatherer. Ran. 1322. δ. 162. SYN. Εργάτης, ἐμπόρος.

πραμνέος οἶνός, et Πράμνιος, ου, δ, ἡ, vinum quoddam (vid. Schol. Hom. κ. 235. et Damm.): "a wine made from dried grapes, of peculiar body and roughness; or produced at Πράμνη." Donn. Lex. Λ. 638. Δαίμωνος τοῦ Πραμνίου Eq. 107.

πράν. See Πράνν.

πραξαγόρας, ου, δ, et (2) Πραξαγόρα, as, ἡ, (1) Praxagoras, (2) Praxagora. Πραξαγόρας τὰδὲ δῶρα Anacr. 189. Eccles. 124.

πραξίνθη, ης, ἡ, Praxinoë. Πραξίνθη πολλὰ μὲν Theoc. 15. 5.

πραξίς, Ion. Πρήξις, ἔως, ἡ, actio, effectus: an act, effect, conduct. Hipp. 1008. γ. 82. SYN. Πράγμα. Ερ. Φύνι, κοινή, οικία, ἀδικός, ἀγάθη, φίλη.

πραξιτέλης, ἔς, δ, Praxiteles: a celebrated sculptor. Έργον Πραξιτέλους Theoc. 5. 105.

πραῶνως, leniter: gently. Αἰσχ' ἄλλὰ πρᾶδων Ran. 856.

πράος, comp. ὑπέρως, superl. ὑπέρως, Πραῖς, et Ion. Πρῆς, superl. ὑπέρως, placidus, mitis: mild, gentle. 'Ο δὴρ δ' ὅδ' ἡμῖν πρᾶός οὐδ' ὑπέρως Baech. 436. Et πρᾶ in πρᾶς est aequae longa. Pind. Pyth. 3. 125. Πρηνῆτατον πότμου Αρ. R. 2. 937. SYN. Ἡμέρος, μάλακός, ἥπιος.

πράπτις, ἴδς, ἡ, pectus, mens, ingenium: the breast, heart, understanding. "Ἡφαιστος ποιῆσ' εὐδύνει πρᾶπτιδες Α. 608. SYN. Φρήν, ἐπίνοια.

πράσις, ἄς, ἡ, area in horto: a plot in a garden, a row. Ἰδὲ πρᾶσις τρισάθλια καὶ πεντάκις Pax 242.

πρασσαῖος, ου, δ, Prassaeus: the name of a frog. Batrach. 251.

πρασσοφάγος, ου, δ, Prassophagus: leek-eater, the name of a frog. Πρασσοφάγος δ' ἐσθίων Batrach. 229.

πράσσω, aut Πράττω, Ion. Πρήσσω, f. ἔω, facio, ago: to make, do, fare, &c. Αυτομάτᾳ πράξας τὰγάθ' Helen. 718. Έμφα πρῆσσοντὲ κέλευθον Ε. 282. SYN. Διάπρασσα, ποίεω, ἀνίω, εργάζομαι.

πράτος, ἡ, δν, vendendus, vendibilis: saleable, for sale. Trach. 276. Πρᾶ est longa, ut πρᾶ in πέρατος, δρατέος, &c. SYN. Ὀνίος.

πραυμυγίς, ἴδς, leni et miti consilio agens: acting mildly. Olymp. 6. 71. See Πραῖς in Πράος.

πράων, Ion. Πρηνῶν, lenio, mansuefacio: to soften, assuage, tame. Οργὴν τὴν πρᾶνονσά καὶ δυσθυμίαν Phryx. 11. 3. Apoll. 3. 190. SYN. Κατάπραυνω, κηλέω, δέλω, μάλασσα, τιβάσσα, εκμειλίσσω, πέπαινω, εξιλάσκω.

πράως, Ion. Πρηνός. See Πράος.

πρέμων, ου, et δθεν, τὸ, stipes, stirps, caudex: a trunk, stem, root. Lysist. 267. SYN. Κορμός, εόνος.

πρέποντως, convenienter, decenter: becomingly, suitably. Av. 563. SYN. see Ευκόσμως.

πρεπτός, ἡ, δν, et Πρέπδης, ἔς, δ, ἡ, decens, conveniens: befitting, proper, suitable, becoming. Eumen. 917. Plut. 797. SYN. Πρόσφορός, ξυμφορός, ευπρέπης, ευσχήμων, κάλδς.

πρέπω, decorus sum; excello: to become, to be proper or becoming; to excel. Alcest. 528. SYN. Διάπρεπω, μετὰπρεπω, κράτιστεῖω, διάφερω, λάμπω. SYN. of Πρέπει, impers. πρόσκει, εοικέ, χορή, ευλόγως έχει.

πρέπδης. See Πρεπτός.

πρέσβᾶ, Πρέσβειρᾶ, as, Πρεσβῆρις, et Πρέσβης, ἴδς, ἡ, ætate provecta; veneranda: aged; venerable. Πρέσβᾶ Διὸς Διγαθήρ T. 91. Apoll. 4. 800. Χείρᾳ τῇ πρεσβύντῳ Hec. 830. Πρεσβήϊδᾳ τιμὴν Hom. Hym. 28. 3. SYN. (2) Σεμνός, ἐντιμός.

πρεσβεία, as, ἡ; Πρέσβεμᾶ, ἄτς, τὸ, vetustas; legatio; dignitas: age; an embassy; dignity. Pers. 4. Rhes. 933. SYN. Κηρύκεμᾶ.

πρεσβειρά. See Πρέσβᾶ.

πρεσβευμᾶ. See Πρέσβᾶ.

πρεσβεύς, ἔως, Ion. ἥς, δ, senex; legatus: an old man; an ambassador. Acham. 93. SYN. Πρέσβης.

πρεσβύνω, honoro; antecello; legationis munere fungor; nati major sum: to reverence; to be pre-eminent; to be an ambassador; to be the elder. Hipp. 5. SYN. Τιμάω, προτιμάω, πρεσβεύς εμῖ.

πρεσβῆϊον, ου, τὸ, donum honoris et virtutis causa datum: an honorary reward. Πρεσβῆϊον ἐν χερί δήσω Θ. 289. SYN. Τιμῖον.

πρεσβήϊς. See Πρέσβᾶ.

πρεσβιστός. See Πρέσβης.

πρέσβις, ἔς, τὸ, honor, reverentia: an object of reverence. Pers. 629. SYN. Κδδδς.

πρεσβυγῆνης, ἔς, δ, ἡ, nati maximus: the oldest. Πρεσβυγῆνης Πριάμω Troad. 595. SYN. Πρεσβυτάτος, πρωτόγονός, πρότεργγῆνης.

πρέσβις, ὅς, comp. ὑπέρως, superl. ὑπέρως et πρεσβιστός, ἡ, δν, et Πρεσβύτης, ου, senex, antiquus, honoratus: old, honored; subst. an old man. "Ο πρέσβυ πρέσβυ τοῦ φθόνου μὲν τὸν ψδγον Thesm. 146. Πρεσβυτάτον καὶ ἄριστον ν. 142. Πρέσβιστός occurrit Sept. Th. 386. Καίρ' ὡ πρεσβυτᾷ παλαιωγῆνός Nub. 357. SYN. Γέρον, γέροντις, πρεσβείς, τίμιος, ἐνδοξός.

πρεσβύτης. See above.

πρεσβυρίς. See Πρέσβᾶ.

πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, δν, senilis, priscus: old, antiquated. Πρεσβυτικόν τὶ τὸν τρῶπον μιμούμενα Eccles. 278. SYN. Γέροντικός, γέρον, παλαιός, αρχαίος.

πρεσβυτοδδδός, ου, δ, ἡ, senes excipiens: receiving old men. Aesch. Sup. 675. See Πρεσβύτης.

πρεμνεμᾶ, as, ἡ, benevolentia, placabilitas: kindness, gentleness. Orest. 1317. See Δυσμνεμᾶ. SYN. Ευμνεμᾶ, εὐνοία, ἡμερότης, ἡπίοτης, ευνορησία.

πρεμνής, ἔς, δ, ἡ, propitius, placabilis, mitis: propitious, placable, auspicious, gentle. Dan. 9. SYN. Ευμνής, πρᾶός, εὐνός, φιλόφρων, ἥπιος, πρόσφρων.

πρεμνός, miti vel propitio modo: mildly, propitiously. Pers. 225. SYN. Ευμνός, ἥπιος, ἄγανός.

πρηγρότων, ὠνός, δ, ingluvies; gula: the craw, crop, or maw in birds; the throat. Av. 1113. SYN. Λαμδός.

πρήθω, σω, incendio: to set on fire, burn. Sept. Th. 430. SYN. Καίω, ἀνὰπρήθω, εκπρήθω, πύμπρημι, ἀνάπτω, κατὰφλέγω.

πρηκτῆρ. See Πράκτωρ.

πρημάλω, vehementer spiro: to blow hard. Nub. 336. Exp. Αδρόως φυσῶ.

πρηγής, ἔς, δ, ἡ, pronus: prone, steep. E. 58. SYN. Κατὰφῆρης, πρόπῆτης, κατὰφόρος.

πρηγίδιχ, ης, ἡ, Praxidice. Πρηγίδιχ μὲν ἐρεξέν Anacr. 193.

πρηγίς. See Πράξις.

πρησσω. See Πράσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἥρς, δ, turbo igneus e nubibus prompens: a scorching wind or storm. Lysist. 974. On the strict meaning of this word, see J. Pollux, ii. 134. and Schol. Aristoph. Ran. 476.

πρησσω. See Πράσσω.

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πρησσω. See Πράσσω.

prævo: to bring forward, promote, conduct, go before. Αλλά καὶ ὡς προβαγέων Hom. Apoll. 272. SYN. Κατάγω, προβαλῶν, προπέμω, παρὰπέμω, ἡγέμαι.

προβαγέων, prostituo: to prostitute. Αυτὸς ἑαυτὸν προβαγέων Nub. 976. SYN. Προδότημῖ, κατὰπροβέω.

προβαγός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, leno: a pimp, a prostitute. Οὐ προβαγούος κατέδειξ' οὗτος Ran. 1079.

προβαρεύω, 2. a. εἰλδν, promo; constituo; praefero: to draw forth; to settle; to choose. Thesm. 419. SYN. Πρόφερω, εκφέρω, προκρίνω.

προβάλλης, ἔς, δ, ἡ, declivis, proclivis: sloping, precipitous. Χάρψ' ἐνι πρόβαλλι Φ. 262. SYN. Πρηγής, πρόπῆτης, προχειρός.

προβάλλωμαι, praeludo: to prelude. Pax 1267. SYN. Προκἀτάρχωμαι.

προβάσιον, ου, τὸ, suburbium: suburbs. Εξοστὸν ἐκ προβάσιον Alcest. 852.

προβαυῶ, prædico, denuntio: to tell beforehand, denounce. Av. 556. SYN. Προβέρω, πρόλεγω, παρὰγγέλλω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

προβαῖν, inter progrediendum: forward, moving on. Εκτός οδοῦ προβαῖν Hes. Op. 727.

προβάθις, εἴα, ὅ, profundus: deep. Ευρύς τε προβάθις τὴν Apoll. 4. 283.

προβαίνω, f. θήσθαι, Προβῖδω, Προβῖθιμι, prægredior, procedo, succedo: to go forward, proceed, turn out, succed. Med. 1114. Π. 609. N. 18. SYN. Προβήρχωμαι, προχωρέω, εκβαίνω, προπδίζω, προμύλῃω, προκρίπτω, προνέμωμαι.

προβακχίτις, ου, Bacchicus: Bacchean. Bacch. 407.

προβάλλω, Ion. προβάλλωσκον, projicio, emitto, affirmo, periclitor: to throw forward or on, send forth, allege, risk. Rhes. 183. ε. 331. SYN. Ἀποβάλλω, πρότεινω, ἀπορρίπτω.

προβάσις, ἔως, ἡ, progressus, proventus: advance, produce. Κεμήλιᾳ τε προβάσιν τε β. 75. SYN. Προκίπη, ἐπίδοσις, πρόσδοσις.

προβάτιον, ου, τὸ, ovicula: a little sheep. Βαλχάμενός τε προβάτιον (iamb. dim.) Plut. 293.

προβάτωγνῶμων, ὄνός, qui inter oves discernit: one who distinguishes sheep. "Οστis δ' ἀγᾶδός προβάτωγνῶμων Agam. 768.

προβάτων, ου, τὸ, ovicula: a sheep, catle. Κῆπειτ' αὐτοῖς τοῖς προβάτοις μοῦδικε Vesp. 34. SYN. Ὀίς, μῆλν. Ερ. Ειροπδίκν, ευτρεφέες.

προβάτωπάλης, ου, ovium venditor: a sheep-seller. Eq. 138. See above.

προβημᾶ, ἄτς, τὸ, progressus: an advance, a capering. Plut. 759.

προβῖδω, Προβῖθιμι. See Προβαίνω.

προβῖθιμι. See Προβῖδω.

προβλημᾶ, ἄτς, τὸ, eminentia, munimentum: a jutting out, a barrier, protection, defence. Eur. Sup. 219. SYN. Προβλή, ἐρύμᾳ.

προβῆλης, ἥτς, δ, ἡ, prominens, jutting out. Εἰσθήκει πρόβηλός Apoll. 4. 1681.

προβήλτος, ου, δ, ἡ, projectus: cast out, exposed. Aj. 831. SYN. Εκβλήτος, ἀποβλήτος.

προβήλσσω, progredior: to go forth. Προβήλσκειν ἀλλ' αὐτοῦ ἀκὴρ φ. 239. SYN. Εκβαίνω, εκπορεύομαι, ἐξεμῖ, προβαίνω.

προβῶω, ἥσω, clamo prae aliis, exclamo: to shout above others. M. 277. SYN. Προφώνεω, εκβῶω.

προβυλαῖς, ου, δ, ἡ, exporrectus: stretched B b 4



out. Theoc. 24. 123. SYN. Πρόβλη, πρόσληπτος.

Πρόβλη, ἡ, objectus; propugnaculum: interposition; defence against. Orest. 1496. SYN. Πρόβλημα, εἶδος.

Πρόβλη, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ante positus, prominens; et subst. ὁ, promontorium; propugnator: placed before, jutting out; subst. a promontory; a champion. Nub. 1161. SYN. Πρόβλη, πρόσληπτος, πρῶν, πρῶμαχος, πρῶμος, πρῶμολος, προστάτης.

Πρόβουλεύω, consuio, provideo: to deliberate for. Eq. 1339. SYN. Πρόβουλεύω.

Πρόβουλεύωμαι, pf. m. ἐβουλεύα, potius cupio: to prefer. A. 113. SYN. Πρόβρινω, προτιμάω.

Πρόβουλόπαις, παῖδες, consilio prognatus, vel posteris consulens (vid. Blomf. in l. c.): counsel-born, or consulting for posterity. Agam. 377.

Πρόβουλος, οὐ, ὁ, qui ante alios consulat; senator: a counsellor; a senator. Lysist. 609. SYN. Βουλευτής, μητίτης, σύμβουλος.

Πρόβω, ὅσω, emungo: to snuff. Λόχων προβωδὺν Vesp. 249, 250. SYN. Ἀπομύττω, προμύσσω.

Πρόβωμιον, οὐ, τὸ, vestibulum arae: the vestibule of the altar. Ζηνὺς ἐπὶ προβωμίων Heracl. 80.

Πρόγηνειος, οὐ, ὁ, promissam barbam habens: having a long beard. Theoc. 3. 9. SYN. Ευγένειος, ευπώγων.

Πρόγηνεστός, α, ὁ, major natu; venerabilior: older; more venerable. δ. 205. SYN. Προσγυνεστός, παλαιότερος.

Πρόγυνήτωρ, ὄρος, προγόνος, οὐ, ὁ, progenitor: a forefather, ancestor. Hipp. 1377. Av. 543. SYN. Προπάτωρ, προγυνεστός, προτεργνήτης.

Πρόγινωσκω, προδάμνι, ante cognosco aut constituo: to know or determine before. Καὶ προγινώσκων ἐχρῆν Hipp. 1075. Hē πρόδαεις ἀλέγεται δ. 396.

Πρόγινωμι, praecedo; procedo: to precede; to proceed. Apoll. 3. 1291. SYN. Προάγω, προβαίνω, προμύλλω, προχωρῶ.

Πρόγινος. See Πρόγυνήτωρ. Πρόγινος has also the signification of step-son, Ion 1328.

Πρόγράφω, ψω, prius scribo; proscibo: previously to write; to proscribe. Σκόπειν δὲ τὶ ἀν πρόγράφωμεν ἐν τοῖς πινάκιοις Av. 450.

Πρόδαμνί. See Πρόγινωσκω.

Πρόδειξω, σω, ante metuo: to fear previously. CE. R. 90. SYN. Προφθεύωμαι, προδειμαίνω.

Πρόδειλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui ante vespem aliquod agit: before the evening, in the afternoon. Theoc. 25. 223.

Πρόδεικνυμί, ξω, praemonstro: to show previously. CE. R. 456. SYN. Πρόσημαίνω, προφαίνω, επαγγέλλω.

Πρόδέρκωμαι, Πρόδελπω, et Πρόειδω, praevideo: to see or look before or forward. P. V. 256. Ran. 1521. Nem. 1. 40. SYN. Πρόλενύσω, προγινώσκω.

Πρόδηλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: very plain. Orest. 187. SYN. See Ἀριδής.

Πρόδιδάσκω, ξω, prius doceo: to teach before or previously. Ὅτι περ μάλιστα προδιδάσκων, Nub. 476.

Πρόδιδωμί, δάσω, prodo; prius do: to betray, desert; give previously. Προδιδωσί παιδὸς τ' ἐκτεκνουμένους λάβρα Ion 441. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, εκλείπω.

Πρόδικός, οὐ, ὁ, iustitiae defensor; patronus: a supporter of justice; a patron. Agam. 438. See Δίκη. Πρόδικός is also a P. N. Nub. 360. Av. 693. SYN. Σύνήγορός, προστάτης, σύνδικός.

Πρόδοκῆ, ἡ, ὁ, angustus locus insidiis aptus: a place where a person lies in wait for game, an ambush. Δ. 107. SYN. Ἐνδρα, λόχος, ἐγκρυμμά.

Πρόδομός, οὐ, ὁ, atrium, vestibulum: an entrance-hall, vestibule. Apoll. 3. 278. SYN. Προθύρον, προθύραιον, αἶθυσσά, παστάς.

Πρόδοσία, ας, ἡ, proditio: a betraying, treachery, treason. Ἡ μὲ προδιδωκεν κἀλὴν γὰρ πρόσδοσιαν δικαίᾳ δρῶν (troch. tetr.) Helen. 1632.

Πρόδοτης, οὐ, ὁ; Πρόδοτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, proditor: a traitor, betrayer. Ion 863. Thesm. 400.

Πρόδοτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, proditus: betrayed. Hipp. 591.

Πρόδουλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, servus: a slave. Agam. 918. SYN. see Δούλος.

Πρόδρομός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, praecurrens: running before, or forward. Ἐγὼ δὲ πρόδρομος σῆς παρασκευῆς χάριν Iph. A. 424. SYN. Προηγής, προηγήςτης, προτρέχω.

Πρόδρια, ας, ἡ, prior sedes: a first or front seat. Ἰδὸν πρόδριαν οἶον ὄψομαι σ' ἐγὼ Eq. 703.

Πρόδριγω, prohibeo, arceo: to prevent, hinder. A. 568. SYN. Ἀπειργώ, κάθειργω, καλῶ, ἐμποδίζω.

Πρόειδω. See Πρόδέρκωμαι.

Πρόεπιστάμαι, aut Προῖξ, probe novi ante: to know well before. Πάντα προῖξέπιστάμαι P. V. 101. SYN. Προγινώσκω, προδάμνι, προείδω.

Πρόεξευνάω, aut Προῖξ, ante scrutator: to examine or investigate previously. Πρόεξευνήσω στίβον Phoen. 92. SYN. Εξερευνάω, ἐξέταζω.

Πρόεξευνήτης, aut Προῖξ, οὐ, ὁ, scrutator ante: a previous examiner. Πρόεξευνήτης στάτου Rhes. 292.

Πρόεξέφίμαι, aut Προῖξ, prius mando vel jubeo: to order or command previously. Ὡς σὺ προῖξέφίλειο Trach. 761. SYN. Εντέλλω, προεννέπω.

Πρόερεω, f. ὄσω, protraho, deduco: to draw forward, to bring to. Προέρυσσάμεν ἡπειρόνδε ι. 73. SYN. Κάθεκτω.

Πρόερισσω, ἔσω, promoveo remigando: to row forward. Σπουδῇ δ' ἐς λιμένα προέρυσσάμεν ν. 279.

Πρόεχω, ante habeo; promineo; praesto: to hold before; to jut out; to excel. Τῆς κωλῆς πρόεχον Nub. 989. SYN. Πρότεινω, ὑπέρεχω.

Πρόηγέωμαι, praegredior: to lead the way before. Plut. 1195. SYN. Κάθηγέμαι, ἐφηγέωμαι, προέμω.

Πρόηγήςτης, ἥρος, Προηγήςτης, οὐ, ὁ, et Πρόηγήςτης, ας, ἡ, dux viae: a guide, leader. Bacch. 1148. CE. R. 1292. Apoll. 3. 1181. SYN. Ἡγέμαιν, ἄγος, ὁηγός.

Πρόηκς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, praecutus; praetentus: sharp; stretched out. μ. 205. SYN. Οξέηκτος, ευμήκης.

Πρόηκω, progredior: to advance. Nub. 513. SYN. see Πρόβαίνω.

Πρόημῶρ, ante diem: before day. Simon. 230. 47. See Ἡμῶρ.

Πρόηλυμός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, e radice erutus; con-

gestus; plucked up by the roots, extirpated; heaped up. N. 130. SYN. Πρόρριζος, ἀντόριζος, πύκος, σύνεχης.

Πρόρρησις, vaticinor: to prophesy. P. V. 219. SYN. Πρόμαντεύωμαι, προείπον, δεσπιδέω, χρησμοδόγος.

Πρόρθεω, Πρόθέσσω, praecurro, antecurro: to run forward, outstrip. A. 291. X. 459. SYN. Προτρέχω.

Πρόρθησκω, 2. a. ἐθῶν, morior pro: to die for. Παιδων προρθησκειν πατέρας οὐδ' Ἑλληνικόν Alcest. 700.

Πρόρθησκω, ὄρος, ὁ, Prothoenor. B. 495.

Πρόρθεος, οὐ, ὁ, Prothois. B. 756.

Πρόρρωσκω, 2. a. ἐθῶν, prosilio: to spring forward. Οὐρανὸν προρρωσά Apoll. 4. 641. SYN. Προρρηδῶ, ἀνδρούω, ἀντέλλω, προπίπτω, ἐξορμῶμαι.

Πρόρρω, ἄτος, τὸ, quod sacrificio praemittitur: an offering before the regular sacrifice. Ἐπεὶ δὲ βασιλῆα καὶ προρρῶματα Plut. 660.

Πρόρρωμαι, alacer sum animo; valde cupio: to be in high spirits; to be zealous; to desire much. Καὶ μὴν προρρωμαι γὰρ σαυλοπρωκτιῶν Vesp. 1173. SYN. Ἐπιρρωμαι, σπουδάζω, ἐπείγωμαι, ευθυμῶ, θαρσύνω.

Πρόρρωμαι, ας, ἡ, animi alacritas, studium: promptness, zeal. Προρρωμαί γὰρ οὐδὲν P. V. 349. SYN. Ἐπιρρωμαι, ὁρμή, σπουδή.

Πρόρρωμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, promptus, alacer: ready, zealous. Προρρωμὸν εἰς ὀφθαλμὸν Med. 1143. SYN. Μείμω, πρόφρων, προχεῖρος, ἑτοιμός, σπουδαῖος, ὤκνος.

Πρόρρωμος, promptus, alacriter: readily, earnestly. Plut. 257. See above. SYN. Ἐτολμῶς, ασιμῶς, ἡδῶς, ἰδῶς, σπουδαῖος.

Πρόρρωρον, Προρρῶρον, οὐ, τὸ, prima exterior janua domus: the front door, threshold. Ἐκδομήτα προρρῶρια Hom. Hym. 3. 384. Vesp. 870. SYN. Προρρῶρον, προρρῶρον, προρρῶρον. Er. Εὐτεκετόν.

Πρόρρω, ὄσω, ante vel pro sacrificio: to sacrifice before or for. Παιδὸς προρρῶρον ξενία Ion 804.

Πρόρρῶ, ἄλω, ante mitto: to send forward. Αἰγρόνδε προρρῶ ο. 369. SYN. Προρρῶμαι, προρρῶμαι, ἀποστέλλω.

Πρόρρῶ, ψω, praemitto: to send forward, or before the time. Ψυχὰς αἰδὶ προρρῶν A. 3. SYN. Προρρῶμαι, προρρῶμαι.

Πρόρρῶ, Προρρῶ, projicio, abjicio, negligo: to send forward or away, throw out, neglect, omit. Es πόντον προρρῶ μ. 253. Οἰχόμενον σὺ δὲ με προρρῶς ω. 332. SYN. Ἐπιπρορρῶμαι, προρρῶμαι, προρρῶμαι, ὀλίγωρῶ.

Προρρῶ, gratis: gratuitously. ΑΛΛ' οὐκ ἂν εἴ τί προρρῶ προρρῶγειν σ' εἴει Eq. 575. SYN. Ἀμισθί, δωρεάν.

Προρρῶς, οὐ, ὁ, mendicis: a beggar. p. 347. SYN. Πτωχός, πένης, βωμολόχος, ἀγύρτης. Er. Ἀναδής, δωροῦλός.

Προρρῶ, gen. προρρῶς, donum; dos: a gift; a dowry. Προρρῶς χάρισσαι ν. 15.

Προρρῶται, f. στήσω, ante colloco, propono: to place before, propose. Προρρῶται λόγῳ Cycl. 319. SYN. Προρρῶται, προρρῶται, προρρῶται. Προρρῶται, ων, αἱ, Proetides: the name of one of the seven gates at Thebes. Πρὸς πύλαισι Προρρῶται Sept. Th. 373.

Προρρῶς, οὐ, ὁ, Proetus. Sept. Th. 391.

Προρρῶς, ἔως, ἡ, persecutio: pursuit. En δὲ

προρρῶς τὴ παλαιοῖς τὴ τέτυκτο Hes. Scut. 154. SYN. Διωγμός, διωγμός, ἰωγμός.

Προρρῶν, prius dormio: to sleep first. Vesp. 104.

Προρρῶν, et Προρρῶν, ante consideo: to sit down before. Κλαγγῶν προρρῶντων B. 463. Rhes. 6. SYN. Προρρῶν.

Προρρῶν, malis ante affligor: to be previously afflicted with misfortunes. Aesch. Sup. 871. See Κάκος and Πᾶθος.

Προρρῶς, ἡ, ὁ, malus palam: manifestly bad. Pers. 980. See Κάκος.

Προρρῶν, et Προρρῶν, evoco; lacesso; hortor; appello: to call out; to challenge; to urge on; to appeal to. Προρρῶν, ἐυγένην Herc. F. 308. δ. 228. SYN. Εκκαλέω, παρκαλέω, προρρῶν, ἐρῶν, ἐπάγω.

Προρρῶν, ἄτος, τὸ, velamen: a veil. Προρρῶντων ἐπελευσέ Agam. 673. SYN. Καλυμμά, περικαλυμμά, κάλυπτρα.

Προρρῶν, ψω, praetendo, velo: to place before as a covering, to pretend, to cover. Προρρῶν, ὁμῶτα Med. 1144. SYN. Κατάκαλυπτω, προρρῶν, προρρῶν, κάλυπτω.

Προρρῶν, 2. a. ἐκμῶν, ante vel pro laboro: to labour or be weary beforehand or for. Μὴ προρρῶν, ὅσα Herc. F. 118. SYN. Προρρῶν.

Προρρῶ. See Προρρῶ.

Προρρῶν, γ. ν. ὁ, ante damno: to condemn previously. Vesp. 919. SYN. Προρρῶν, κατάγινωσκω.

Προρρῶν, objectus sum ante; proponor: to be placed before; to be proposed. Orest. 838. SYN. Παρβάλλωμαι, παρκαίμαι, διατάσσομαι, προρρῶν.

Προρρῶν, et Προρρῶν, curam gero de: to be anxious for. P. V. 650. Trach. 29. SYN. Μερμῶν, κήδωμαι, προρρῶν, φροντίζω, ἐπιμελέωμαι.

Προρρῶν. See above.

Προρρῶν, ἔω, ante praedico, per praenem edico: to proclaim previously, or by a herald. Antig. 34. SYN. Κηρύσσω, ἀνκηρύσσω, ἀνὰ γόρῳ.

Προρρῶν, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ante vulgatus: heard of long ago. Προρρῶν, ἀκούοντες T. 204. SYN. Διαδότης, πολυβόλλητος, ὀνόμαστος.

Προρρῶν, f. κλαύω, prius defleo: to weep or lament before. Προρρῶν οἰζῶντος Trach. 965. SYN. see Κλαίω.

Προρρῶν, ἡ, ἡ, Progne: Ταῦτά χρὴ δρᾶν ἡ Προρρῶν Av. 665. SYN. Ἀθῆς, παιδολέτειρά.

Προρρῶν, progredior, proficio (vid. Monk. Hipp. 23.): to advance, to profit. Alcest. 1098. SYN. Προρρῶν, προρρῶν, ἐπιδοῦναι, προχωρῶ.

Προρρῶν, ἰνῶ, praefero: to select in preference. Πάντων προρρῶν σφαιρόντατον βρῶν Helen. 47. SYN. Εκκρίνω, κρίνω, ἀποαίνωμαι, εξαιρέω, εκλέγω, προτιμάω.

Προρρῶν, ἰός vel ἰδός, ἡ, Procris. Vid. Ov. Metam. vii. 493. 672—865. Φαδρὸν τε Προρρῶν τὴ ἰδὸν λ. 320.

Προρρῶν, ὦν, αἱ, subaud. νῆες, naves ita collocatae ut puppes altae quasi murum pinnis eminentibus constituent: ships drawn up in a line, so that the high sterns look like a wall with projecting pinnacles. Τῶν προρρῶν ἐρίσαν Z. 35.

Προρρῶν, οὐ, ὁ, Procrustes. Οἶμω Προρρῶν τμηρόν γενήσεται Eccles. 1013.

Πρόκρυν, *σω*, pulsando extendo, trudo, sub-agito: to stretch out by hammering, to push. Την γραῦν πρόκρυνσιν πρώτων Eccles. 1017.

Πρόκλινδμαι, Πρόκρυνλινδμαι, et Πρόκλινδμαι, provolvor ad pedes alicujus: to roll or fall before. Πρόκλινδεται οὐδ' ἐτέρωσε Ξ. 18. X. 221. Av. 501. SYN. Πρόππτω, γουναζόμεναι, προσκύνειν, πρόπτινέω.

Πρόκυντω, *ψω*, procumbo: to incline or bend forward. Ran. 412. SYN. Κύντω, ἐπιρῶντω, ἐπικύντω.

Πρόκυον, *δνός*, δ, Procyon: the name of a star which precedes the dog-star. Καὶ Πρόκυον διδύμους Arat. 450.

Πρόκυμνεν. See Πρόκυμνεν.

Πρόκωπος, *ου*, δ, ἡ, gladium capulo tenens; dextricus: holding a sword by the hilt; drawn (as said of a sword). Orest. 1485.

Πρόλαγχάνω, ante sortior: to choose before. Eccles. 1159. See Λαγχάνω.

Πρόλαβέμαι, et Πρόλαβάνω, prius apprehendo, anticipo: to seize first, anticipate, surprise. Πρόλαβέμαι γούιν τῷ χροῖν τῆς ἡδονῆς Ion 1027. 410. See Λαβάνω. SYN. Φθάνω, προφθάνω.

Πρόλλεγω, *παιδικό*, edico: to speak first, proclaim. Vesp. 886. SYN. Πρόμνην, πρόφανέω, πρόσμηναι.

Πρόλλεπω, relinquo, deficio: to leave, fail, faint. Thesm. 927. SYN. see Λείπω.

Πρόλεσχός, *ου*, δ, ἡ, garrulus: chattering. Aesch. Sup. 208. SYN. Στάμνός.

Πρόλεσσω, *παιδικό*, praevideo: to see beforehand. Philoct. 1360. SYN. see Πρόδέρκεμαι.

Πρόλγος, *ου*, δ, ἡ, prologus: a prologue, an introduction of the subject of a tragedy, first adopted by Euripides. Ran. 1117.

Πρόμάλος, *ου*, ἡ, salix: a willow. See the Schol. in l. c. Ἐξείης πρόμάλος τῆς Apoll. 3. 201.

Πρόμανθάνω, 2. a. ἐμᾶθον, prius disco: to learn previously. Εἰτ' αὖ πρόμηναι ἄμ' ἐδιδασκεν Nub. 966. SYN. see Πρόγινωσκω.

Πρόμαντεύμαι, vaticinor: to foretell. Eur. fr. Melan. 17. 1. SYN. see Πρόθεσπίζω.

Πρόμαντίς, *ῥος*, δ, ἡ, praesagus: prophetic. Androm. 1061.

Πρόμαχίζω, et Πρόμαχόμεναι, in prima acie pugno; defendo: to fight in the first ranks for or with; to be the champion of. Ἀχιλλῆϊ πρόμαχίε T. 376. P. 358. SYN. Ἐπερμαχόμεναι, ὑπερασπίζω.

Πρόμαχος, et Πρόμος, *ου*, δ, qui in prima acie pugno; propugnator: one who fights in the front rank; a champion. Ἰούσεν δὲ διὰ πρόμαχων Π. 582. Troad. 31. Πρόμαχος is also a P. N. in Ξ. 476. SYN. Προστάτης, ὑπερασπιστής.

Πρόμελλέτω, ἴσω, ante meditor: to premeditate, practise. Thesm. 1177. SYN. Πρόλγνίζωμαι.

Πρόμηθεύς, *α*, δν, Prometheus: Promethean. Apoll. 3. 844.

Πρόμηθεια, Πρόμηθια, *α*, ἡ, providentia, cura: superintendence, care. Aesch. Sup. 186. Καὶ λαβάν πρόμηθιαν Hec. 783. SYN. Πρόνοια, πρόσμια, ἐπιμελεία.

Πρόμηθεύς, *ῥος*, δ, ἡ, Prometheus. P. V. 251. Ερ. Αγκυλόμενις, πυρφόρος, σφιστής, ἰαπετιονίδης, δδιδόμενις, δδιδόμενις, παῖς ἰαπετιοῦ, ποικιλοδουλός. Phn. see P. V. 445—515.

Πρόμηθεύς, Πρόμηθης, *ῥος*, δ, ἡ, providus: provident. Aesch. Sup. 708. Soph. El. 1078.

Πρόμηθια. See Πρόμηθια.

Πρόμηθικός, prudenter: prudently. Αυτὸ καὶ πρόμηθικός Av. 1510. SYN. Περὶφράδεις, ἐπιμελῶς, δεξιῶς, ξινεῶς.

Πρόμνην, *ῥος*, praemnstro: to declare before. Antig. 84. See Μηνῶν. SYN. Πρόνέω, πρόσμηναι, προδιδάσκω, πρόλεγω.

Πρόμητωρ, *ῥος*, ἡ, avia: a grandmother, female ancestor. Phoen. 687.

Πρόμηνυμι, prius misceo: to mix in preference. Παλλὰκιδι πρόμηνυμι I. 452.

Προμῶμαι, ambio nuptias pro alio; praesagio: to court for another; to presage. C. C. 1075. See below. SYN. Προμαντεύμαι.

Πρόμηστίνος, *η*, δν, alter post alterum: one after another. Αἱ δὲ προμηστίναι ἐπ' ἑσάν λ. 232.

Πρόμηστριά, *α*, ἡ, pronuba; conciliatrix: a female matchmaker; a procurer. Εἰθ' ὠφέλ' ἡ προμηστρί' ἀπολέσθαι κἀκὼς Nub. 41.

Πρόμωλός, *ινος*, 2. a. ἐμῶν, progredior: to advance. δ. 22. SYN. see Πρόδωλός.

Πρόμωλός, *ῥος*, ἡ, vestibulum: a porch, vestibule. Apoll. 1. 1174. SYN. Πρόδωλός, πρόδωλός, πρόσμωλός.

Πρόμωλός, *ῥος*, ante: before, in front of. Πρόμωλός, ante: before, in front of. Phoen. 841. SYN. Πρό.

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Προξένια, *α*, ἡ, hospitium: hospitality. Ποὶ πότ' ἐτρεῖε τινὰ προξένιον Med. 360. SYN. Ξένια.

Προξένος, *ου*, δ, ἡ, qui peregrinos nomine civitatis hospitio excipit; hospes publicus; conciliator: a public entertainer; a public guest; a match-maker. Androm. 1092. SYN. Ξένος, προστάτης, φίλος.

Προξένιος, Πρόξωμιος, Φοροξένιος, *ου*, τὸ, praeludium: a prelude. Τὶ χρῆμα μ' οὐκτροῖς ἐκάλεισας προξένιος Herc. F. 1170. Nem. 4. 17. Troad. 888. SYN. Πρόδωλός.

Πρόμωλός, *ῥος*, δ, ἡ, ante juro: previously to swear. Εκαμάρτηρον προμώλως τὸ μ' εἰδέναι Agam. 1167.

Πρόμωλός, *ῥος*, δ, ἡ, pronus: prone, extended. Δανῶν δὲ πρὶν ὠκισσέμεν Dan. 20.

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conducting. Eumen. 206. SYN. Πρόρηγνιρ, πρόρηγνιρ, ὁρηγνιρ.

Πρόπνέω, ante laboro: to labor or be distressed previously. C. R. 685. SYN. Πρόμωλός, πρόσμωλός.

Πρόποντις, *ῥος*, ἡ, Propontis: the sea of Marmora. Πρόποντις ἐνθά Κιανῶν Theoc. 13. 30.

Πρόπνός, *ῥος*, ἡ, propinatio: drink. Simon. 101. 6. SYN. Πόσις, πόσις, πῶμα.

Πρόπνός, *ου*, δ, propinatorius: drinking to. Rhes. 357.

Πρόπνός, *ῥος*, prius exigo: to require first. Choeph. 820.

Πρόπνός, *ῥος*, benevolus, promptus: kind, ready. Nem. 7. 126. SYN. Πρόπνός, πρόσμωλός, πρόσμωλός.

Πρόπνός, *ῥος*, δ, ἡ, pronus: prone, extended. Φασγάνῳ αἶζας ἡ πρόπνός τῶν χ. 98. SYN. see Πρηνής.

Πρόπνός, ante, coram: before. Πρόπνός μάλ' ἐνδοθὶ Σούριον Apoll. 4. 1235. SYN. Πρό, πρόσμωλός.

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861. SYN. Σφαγίων, ἱερῶν, θύμᾳ, δόσια. EP. Φίλων, ἀνδρῶν.

Προσφάξω, ξω, macto ante: to sacrifice before. Helen. 1254.

Προσφάτος, ου, δ, ἡ, recens: recent, new. Kal πρόσφατος εν μεγάλουσι Α. 757. SYN. see Πρόσ-  
παύς.

Προσφέρῃς, ἔδς, similis: like. Helen. 558. SYN. Εμφέρῃς, ὁμοῖος, πρόσμοις, προσεμφέρῃς, ἀλγικῖος, πρόσφύρος.

Προσφέρω, οἶσω, affero; adhibeo; efficio: to bring to; to apply; to cause. Phoen. 498. SYN. Ἐπιφέρω, εισκομίζω, πρόσταγω, παρέχω, παράφωρῶ.

Πρόσφημι, Προσφθέγγομαι, adloquor: to address. Τὸνδ' ἀπὸ μειδόμενος πρόσφη Α. 84. CE. C. 122. SYN. see Πρόσανθα.

Πρόσφύρομαι. See above.

Πρόσφθεγμα, ἄνδς, τὸ, adloquium: an address, salutation. Orest. 75. SYN. Πρόσφησις. EP. "Τοῦτ' αὖν, χρῆν' ἰν, φίλιν, ἀδελφὸν, λολῶν.

Πρόσφθεγκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, dignus quem adloquaris: fit to be addressed. Philoct. 1067.

Πρόσφθελῶμαι, deperco: to be undone. Eccles. 248. SYN. Ἐπιμάνωμαι.

Πρόσφθελῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, saluatorius: saluting. Pers. 158.

Προσφιλέα, ας, ἡ, amicitia, benevolentia: friendship, kindness. Sept. Th. 511. A est brevis, utin ducimur. SYN. Φιλία, φιλοῦν, φιλοφρόνουν.

Προσφίλης, ἔδς, gratus, amicus: grateful, friendly. Προσφίλης γ' ἀνδάλισαι Hipp. 1396. SYN. Φίλος, ἀγαπητός, εὐμενής, φίλητος, πόνητος.

Προσφίλως, amice, grate: in a friendly or agreeable manner. Προσφίλως αὐτῇ δοκεῖ Soph. El. 442. SYN. Εὐμενώς, φιλοφρόνως.

Προσφορά, ἄς, ἡ, commodum: advantage. Προσφορά δηλώσεται CE. C. 581. SYN. Προσ-  
θηκη, πρόσδοδος.

Προσφθρημῶ, ἄνδς, τὸ, ferculum; cibus: a dish: food. Eur. El. 423.

Πρόσφθρος, ου, δ, ἡ, commodus, aptus, similis: convenient, fit, proper, suitable, like. Alcest. 149. SYN. Καλῖος, ἐπιτήδειος, χρήσιμος, ἱκανός, προσφέρῃς.

Πρόσφθς, ἔδς, adhaerens, aptus: growing or clinging to, fit. Προσφθ' ἐξ αὐτῆς τ. 58. SYN. Πρόσφθρος, ἐγγένης.

Πρόσφθω, ὅσω, adhaerere facio; concilio; confirmo: to cause to grow or cling to; to attach; to confirm. Aesch. Sup. 284. See Φθω. SYN. Πρόσθῃμαι, ἀποδείκνυμι, παράφω, προσ-  
φθῶμαι.

Προσφωνῶ, adloquor: to address. Προσ-  
φωνέω φίλους Med. 662. SYN. see Πρόσανθα.

Προσφωνῆς, aut Πρόφωνῆς, εἰσά, ἐν, lo-  
quens: speaking. Πρόφωνῆς τὴ γένειο ι. 456. SYN. Αὐθῆς, φωνῆς.

Προσφωνῆμα, ἄνδς, τὸ, adlocutio: an address. Alcest. 1163. SYN. see Πρόσφησις.

Προσχαλῶ, hianti ore elo: to utter with open mouth or loudly. Agam. 893.

Προσχεῖθῃμαι. See Πρόσθῃ.

Πρόσχημα, ἄνδς, τὸ, species, praetextus; de-  
cus: a show, appearance, pretext; ornament. Ran. 913. SYN. Σχημα, εἶδος, πρόσφαις, σκηψίς, πρὸ κάλυμμα.

Προσχεῖω, insuper peto: to ask besides. P. V. 662. SYN. Βούλωμαι, χρεῖω, πρόσαιτω.

Πρόσχωμα, ἄνδς, τὸ, agger: alluvial earth, mound. P. V. 872. SYN. see Χάμα.

Προσχωρῶ, progredior; vicinus sum; ob-  
sequor: to proceed; to join on with; to con-  
form to. Προσχωρῶ λόγους Philoct. 964. SYN.

Πρόσχωρῶμαι, ὑπείκω, ὑπακούω.

Πρόσχωρος, ου, δ, ἡ, adjacentes: neighbouring, adjacent. CE. C. 493. SYN. Γείτων, πλησιό-  
χωρος, πρόσουρος.

Πρόσω, ποῖτ. Πρόσσω, ultra, longe: onwards, forward, beyond, far. Sept. Th. 999. Γ. 109.

Πρόσφωδός, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) consonus: in concert with; (2) accentor: one who accompanies in sing-  
ing. Phoen. 1513. SYN. Σύνωδός, ζύμφωνός.

Πρόσωθεν, e longinquo: from or at a distance. Hipp. 101. SYN. see Ἀπὸθεν.

Πρόσωπῶν, ου, τὸ, vultus: the face, coun-  
tenance. Hec. 343. SYN. Πρόσσωψις, βλέμμα, ὤψ. EP. Σύνρηφες, εὐγένης, κάλιν, εὐφῆς,

στῆγιν, γέλιν, ἀνθίλιν, λευκόν, ἡδύ, δυστυχῆς, νεῖδιν, βλδσῶν, χαρίιν, ἱμερῶν, τηλαιγῆς, αἰερόσιν, ἀγλῶν, ἐρατεινόν, φαίδριν, μελιχίον, γλῆκριν.

Πρόσωπῶν, ου, τὸ, ὅν, qui longissime ante est: very far before. Aj. 742.

Πρόσωφῆλῶ, adjuvo: to assist besides. Alcest. 42. SYN. Επωφῆλῶ, ἐπαμύνω, πρόσ-  
αμύνω, προσεθῆλῶ, ἐπαρῆλῶ.

Πρόσωφῆλῶ, ἄνδς, τὸ, subsidium insuper: additional assistance. Med. 611. SYN. Ωφέ-  
λῃσις, ἀρωγή.

Πρότανι, adv. et praep., recenter; ante: newly; before. "Γμᾶς δὲ βάντας χρῆ πρότανι ταζῶν Rhes. 524. Hoc loco in in πρότανι est brevis

ex Porsoni canone. Vox rarissima est, ait Musgr., et vix alibi exstans.

Πρόταρβῶ, timore ante corripior: to be pre-  
viously alarmed. Herc. F. 963. SYN. Πρόφθ-  
εῖμαι.

Πρότάσσω, aut Πρότάττω, ξω, praestituo: to prescribe, to order previously. Aesch. Sup. 842. SYN. Πρόκαλίστημι, πρότιθημι.

Πρότεινω, porrigo: to stretch out, offer. Bacch. 234. SYN. Εκτείνω, παρτέλω, πρό-  
έδλω, προσφέρω.

Πρότελειά, αν, τὰ, sacrificia antenuptialia: antenuptial sacrifices, preludes. Πρότελειά δ' ἡδὴ παῖδς ἐσφαζας δὲξ' Iph. A. 718. SYN. Αἱ  
πρὸ γάμου δόσια.

Πρότελίζω, initio: to initiate. Iph. A. 433. SYN. Τέλλω, μῖνω, παιδεύω, ἐκδιδάσκω.

Πρότεμνω, 2. a. ἐτάμιν, proscindo: to cut, plough. Apoll. 3. 1386.

Πρότεινῃς, ἔδς, extensus: stretched out. Apoll. 1. 756.

Πρότενθενῶ, praegusto: to taste before others, to be gluttonous. Διὰ τοῦτ' προτένθενθεν Nub. 1202. SYN. Πρόλαμβάνω.

Πρότενθος, ου, δ, helluo: a glutton. Nub. 1202. SYN. Λίχνος, ἀκράτης.

Πρότεργγενῆς, ἔδς, prius natus: born before, more ancient. Apoll. 4. 268. SYN. see Πρότεργ-  
νήτωρ.

Πρότερός, α, αν, prior: former, before, pre-  
vious, preferable. Orest. 481.

Πρότέρω, Πρότέρωσέ, longius: further. Γ. 400. Apoll. 1. 306. SYN. Περρωτέρω, μακρότέρω.

Πρότερχομαι, ante fio: to be done before. Αλλά τὰ μὲν πρότερόνχα T. 65. SYN. Πρό-  
γινωμαι.

Πρότιδπω, See Πρόσάττω.

Πρότιδων, ὄνδς, δ, Προτίδων. Αντίνωφ Πρό-  
τιδῶνός υἱεῖ O. 455.

Πρότιέλω. See Πρότελλω.

Πρότιθημι, f. θῆσω, propono: to place before, propose. Προθήκας λόγων Med. 546. See  
Τίθημι. SYN. Ἀνὰ τίθημι, πρότασσω, πρότεινω, πρό-  
έδλω, πρόφέρω.

Πρότιμῶ, ἡσω, Πρότιω, ἰσω, praefero: to honour before, to prefer. Οὐδὲν πρότιμῃ μὴ χᾶ-  
νήσασθαι τέκνους Med. 344. Τὸν μὲν πρότιςας τὸν δ' ἀτιμᾶσας ἔχει Antig. 22. SYN. Πρόκρινω, ἐκ-  
λέγωμαι, πρότιθημι, ἐπιστρέφωμαι.

Πρότιμυθῶμαι, See Προσμυθῶμαι.

Πρότισιδῶμαι. See Πρόσσιδῶμαι.

Πρότιμυθῶ, ἔωσ, ἡ, umbilicus: the navel. Δουρὶ κατὰ πρότιμυθιν Α. 424. SYN. Ὀμφᾶλός.

Πρότινός, ου, δ, rudens: a cable. Hec. 112. SYN. see Κάλως.

Πρότρεπω, adhortor: to exhort, encourage. CE. R. 1446. SYN. Πρότρεπῶ, παρὰ κάλῳ, ἐπείγω, μετὰ τρεπῶμαι.

Πρότρεπῶν, concitato cuius: precipitately. Προτρεπῶν φέροντ' E. 700. EP. Πρόθωμς.

Πρότρυγτηρ, ἥρς, δ, providemiat: the name of a bright star on the right wing of the Virgin. Δεξιτέρῃ πτέρυγι πρότρυγτηρ δ' αὐτῇ  
κάλεται Arat. 137.

Πρότρυττα, ante verbero; prorumpo; appello: to strike before; to push forward, to burst forth; to land. Apoll. 1. 953. SYN. Πρόέδλω, πρό-  
κρούω, προκόπτω.

Πρότρυμνι. See Πρόδρυμνι.

Προτύντω, praedico: to say before. Med. 352.

Προτέπισταμαι. See Πρόεξω.

Προτέρευνῶ, See Πρόεξω.

Προτέρευνῆς. See Πρόεξω.

Προτέρεψα, See Πρόεξω.

Προτέρεψ, contr. a Προτέρεψ, q. v.

Προτρυγιάτῃς, α, αν, potior: more ad-  
vantageous. Τὼνδ' προτρυγιάτῃς Lysist. 20.

Πρότρυγ, contr. a πρό ἔργου, utiliter: profit-  
ably, expediently. Τί τὸν πρότρυγ ποῖν Plut. 623.: something useful.

Προτρεῖλω. See Πρόδρεῖλω.

Πρόφαινω, praemonstro; praeluceo: to show before; to shine forth, appear. Θ. 378. SYN. Ἐπιφαινώ, περιστρίβω, προδέκνυμι.

Πρόφαντός, ου, δ, ἡ, conspicuus: conspicuous. Olymp. 1. 187. SYN. Ἐπίσημος, ἀπόδλεπτός.

Πρόφασίζομαι, praetendo; culpo: to urge as a pretence; to blame. Lysist. 756. See below. SYN. Αἰτιάομαι, σκήπτωμαι, πρόσφαιν ποιοῦμαι.

Πρόφασίς, ἔωσ, ἡ, praetextus, causa: a pre-  
text, reason. Τίς γὰρ πύραιθεν πρόσφαις Αρ-  
γείων στρατὸν Rhes. 78. SYN. Σκηψίς, αἰτία, ἀφορμή, πρόχνη.

Πρόφάτος, ου, δ, ἡ, pronuntiatus: pronounced. EP. Νεμέα πρόσφαιον Olymp. 8. 21.

Πρόφῆρης, ἔδς, inus; cuius compar. πρόφ-  
ερέστερος, superl. πρόφερέστατος et πρόφερέτατος, ἡ, αν, praestans: distinguished. Εἰ ἐπὶ σῆς  
ψόχης πρόσφερέστερον Apoll. 3. 730. Πρόφ-  
εράτος, CE. C. 1531. SYN. see Ἐξῆχός.

Πρόφῆρω, οἶσω, profero; objicio; antecello: to bring forward; to upbraid with; to excel. Med. 1088. SYN. Εκφέρω, πρόσέλω, προ-  
εῖμαι, πρότρεπω, ὀνειδίζω, πρόσχω, διάφέρω.

Πρόφῆγῶ, profugio: to flee forward, escape. Z. 502. SYN. Φεύγω, ἀποφεύγω.

Πρόφρητων, praedico: to predict. Ion 372. SYN. Πρόφημι, πρόσφαινω, δεσποφῶ.

Πρόφρητος, ου, δ; Πρόφρητίς, ἔδς, ἡ, propheta: Πρην. I. ex.

a prophet. Aves 972. Ion 42. SYN. Μάντις, μαντιπῶν, χρησμοδός, δεσπότης, χρησμοδότης, δέσις, ὑπόφρητος. EP. Τέρως, ἐγγίμους, τίμους.

Πρόφῆνω, aut Πρόφῆνι, praevnio: to be beforehand with, to get the start. Αδλγην ἐνάμα στήματι προφῆνι δέλων Phoen. 1400. SYN. φῆνω.

Πρόφῆδῶμαι, ante metuo: to fear before. Aesch. Sup. 1053. SYN. Πρόταρβῶ, φῆδῶμαι, δειμαίνω, δέδω.

Πρόφῆρῶμαι, ultro citroque cursito: to run up and down. Av. 4.

Πρόφῶσθῃ, in lucem: forward, to the light. Π. 188.

Πρόφῶξω, ἄσω, praenuntio: to tell before. Προφῶραμῶν πολλὰ Hes. Op. 2. 273. SYN. Προφῶγῶ, πρόσέλω, πρόσφαινω.

Πρόφῶρασά. See Πρόφῶρ.

Πρόφῶρῶς, Πρόφῶρῶς, lubenter: willingly, zealously. Προφῶρῶς βούσθῃ P. 224. Eumen. 930. SYN. Πρόθύμως, εὐμενῶς.

Πρόφῶρ, ὄνδς, fem. Πρόφῶρασά, ἡς, benevolus, lubens: kind, zealous, willing. Χαίρε πρόσφῶρ σε χθονίος δ' Ἑρμῆς Alcest. 759. Ὅτ' οἱ πρόσφῶρασά παρῆσταις K. 290. SYN. Εὐμενῆς, πρόσφῶς, εὐνός, φίλῶς.

Πρόφῶρασσω, aut Πρόφῶραττω, ξω, pro statione excubias ago: to guard in front of. Σοὶ δὲ βρογῶν καὶ πρόσφῶραττω Acharn. 1146. SYN. Διάφῶρασσω, προσκοπῶ.

Πρόφῶρα, ante misceo vel praeparo: to mingle or to prepare before. Πρόφῶραται λόγος εἰς μοι Av. 462. SYN. Εὐτρέφω.

Πρόφῶρῶ, ante genero: to generate or form before. Δεῖν δὲ δεινῶς πρόσφῶρῶσαντες Soph. El. 198. SYN. Προσέκπῶμαι.

Πρόφῶμι, nascor ante: to be born or be before. Ὅς προφῶν πάτηρ Aj. 1291. See Φῶμι. SYN. Πρόγινωμαι.

Πρόφῶνῶ, praedico, praemoneo: to tell beforehand, threaten. CE. R. 223. SYN. see Πρόλέγω.

Πρόφῶρῶ, gaudium praecipio (vid. Blomf. Gloss. in l. c.): to rejoice beforehand. Agam. 243.

Π. χαλκῶν, procedo: to forge, make. Choeph. 636. SYN. Χαλκῶν.

Πρόχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, praetextus: a pretext. Ἐπὶ πρόχῃσιν ἐφοῖτα Call. fr. 26. 1. Πρόφῆτάτος, CE. C. 1531. SYN. see Πρόφῆσις.

Πρόχειρῶ, promo: to bring forth. Πρόχει-  
ριστοῦμαι καζέτασσω τὴν οὐσίαν Eccles. 729. SYN. Πρόφῶρ, ἀνὰ φῶν, εὐτρέφω.

Πρόχειρός, ου, δ, ἡ, ad manum, promptus: handy, ready. Heracl. 726. SYN. Ἐτοιμός, ευ-  
χέρης, ἐπιδέξιος, δεξίος.

Πρόχῶ, f. ὄσω, profundo: to pour forth. EP. πῆδιν πρόσφῶντ' B. 465. Πλήρη πρόσφῶνται Eur. fr. incert. 155. 5. SYN. Εκχῶ, ἐκπέμψω.

Πρόχῶ, funditus: utterly. Πρόχῶ ἐπὶ πολλῶν ἀνδρῶν ξ. 69. SYN. Παντέλως.

Πρόχῶ, ἡς, ἡ, ostium fluvii; profluvius: the mouth of a river; flood. Εἴτ' ἀπ' αὐτῆς Νείλου πρόσφῶν ὕδατων Nub. 272. EP. Αργῆρα, δρό-  
σῆρα.

Πρόχῶς, aut Πρόχους, ου, ἡ, aqualis: an ewer, basin. α. 136. Habemus quidem in Nub. 272. χρυσῶν (dissyll.) ἀντισθῆ πρόσφῶν; ubi H. Steph. ait: "Dici aiunt et πρόσφῶν alia declinatione, habens sc. gen. casum πρόσφῶντος; ubi nota etiam genus masculinum." Brunck ta-  
men legit h. l. χρυσῆς, quem vide.

C c





Πτωχιστέρος. See Πτωχός.  
Πτωχότατος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ad mendicitatem redigens: reducing to beggary. Καὶ πτωχόποιε καὶ δακτύσουραπατάθη Ran. 842.

Πτωχός, compar. πτωχιστέρος, ἡ, ὁ, mendicis: a beggar, poor. Plut. 552. Acharn. 424. Syn. Ἐπαίτης, πένης, ενδής. Er. Πανδήμιος.

Πυγῆ, ἡς, ἡ, et (2) dimin. Πυγιδίων, οὐ, τὸ, nates; nates exiles: the buttocks; small buttocks. Γλαῦτταν βαίαν πυγὴν μεγάλην Nub. 1000. Τῶν πυγιδίων ἐκάθησε Acharn. 613. Syn. Πρωκτός, αρχός.

Πυγίζω, pædico. Αυτὸ πυγίζεις ἄγων Thesm. 1120.

Πυγμαίοι, ων, Pygmaei: the Pygmies. Ανδράσι Πυγμαίοισι Γ. 6.

Πυγμαχία, ας, Πυγμαχίης, ἡς, ἡ, pugilatus: boxing. Εἰδὼς πυγμαχίης Ψ. 665. 669. Er. Ἀκνήης, ὑπερσπλός.

Πυγμαχός, Πύκτης, οὐ, ὁ, pugil: a boxer. Isthm. B. 135. (See above.) Theoc. 22. 69. Syn. Ἀθλητής, ἀγωνιστής.

Πυγμαχίης, See Πυγμαχία.

Πυγοστόλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nates ornans: ornamenting the buttocks. Μῆδε γυνή σέ νύον πυγοστόλος Hes. Op. 371.

Πυγούσιος, α, ὁ, mensuram cubiti æquans: a cubit wide. Βοθρὸν ὀρέαϊ ὅσον τὲ πυγούσιον κ. 517.

Πυέλος, οὐ, ἡ, balneatorium vas; alveus in quo lac aut alius liquor excipitur: a bathing utensil; a dish or bowl. The first syllable of Πυέλος is long in Epic writers, as in Homer, τ. 553., πᾶρά πυέλων ἥϊ πᾶρος περ; but uniformly short in Attic writers, as in Καὶ τὴν πυέλον κάταλυσε καὶ δέριμαυ ὕδωρ Pax. 843. Syn. Σκύφος, λάρναξ.

Πυθαγγέλος, οὐ, ὁ, Pythagelus. Ran. 87. See below.

Πυθαγόρας, οὐ, ὁ, Pythagoras. Κάγω Πυθαγόρας ὡς ἐκέλευε λέγω Call. fr. 128. 2. Er. Σόφρος, Σάμιος.

Πυθαγόρικτος, οὐ, ὁ, Pythagoræ sectator: a follower of Pythagoras. Ἀφικέτο Πυθαγόρικτὸς Theoc. 14. 5.

Πυθικός, Πύθιος, α, ὁ, Πυθίᾱς, ἁδός, ἡ, Pythius: Pythian. Μάντεϊν τὲ Πυθίοις Androm. 1092. Χρόνῳ δ' ἔβα Πυθίᾱς ἀποστοδαίσι Phœn. 1058., answering to ἔβας ἔβας ὡ πτεροῦσά γὰς λῶχευμά. Πύθιον κἀλέουσιν ἐπώνυμον Hom. Apoll. 373. Πυθίᾱς occurs Av. 558.

Πυθιονικός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui Pythia vincit: conquering at the Pythian games. Pyth. 6. 5. See above, and Νίκη.

Πύθιος. See Πυθικός.

Πύθμην, ἐνός, ὁ, fundus: the bottom. Πύλας διπλαῖς ἐνήλατ' κ' ἐκ πύθμηνον Er. R. 1261. Syn. Βένθος, βυσσός.

Πυθόι. See Πυθός.

Πυθόκραντος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ab Apolline perfectus: accomplished by Apollo. Καὶ γὰρ τὰ πυθόκραντὰ δυσμάθη δ' ἔμας Agam. 1226.

Πυθόμαντις, ἔως, Delphis oracula edens: oracular at Delphi. Τὸν Πυθόμαντιν Λοξίαν χρῆσαντ' ἐμοὶ Choëph. 1017.

Πυθόχρηστος, et Πυθόχρηστος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, Delphis prædictus vel prædicens: foretold or foretelling at Delphi. Choëph. 927. 901. See above.

Πύθω, σω, putrefacio: to rot. Λεύκ' οστέα

πύθεται ὁμερῷ α. 161. Syn. Σήπω, ἀποσήπω, मुदाίνω.

Πύθω, ὁδός, οἶ, ὡ, et Πυθῶν, ὠνός; acc. antiq. Πυθῶδε, ἡ, Delphi: a city in Phocis, famous for an oracle of Apollo. Φοῖβον Ἀπόλλωνος Πυθῶ ἐνὶ πετρήεσσι I. 405. Οἱ Κῆπᾶρισσιν ἔχον Πυθῶν τὲ πετρήεσσιν B. 519. Syn. Δελφοί. Er. Πέτρηεσσά, πύλινχρυσός, αἰπεινὴ, σεμνή.

Πύκᾱ. See Πύκνῶς.

Πύκᾱζω, ἄσω, denso; tego; orno: to thicken; to cover; to adorn. Μῆτερ πύκαζε κρᾶτ' ἐμὸν νικηφόρον Troad. 355. Syn. Κάλυπτω, σκέπᾱζω, περικάλυπτω, σκιάζω, κοσμέω, στεφάνω, πύκνᾱζω, Πύκνῆδης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, prudens: prudent.

Γραῖης Πύκνῆδης α. 438. Syn. see Πύκνῶφρων.

Πύκνῶς, et Πύκνῶς, ἡ, ὁ, densus, frequens; prudens; elegans: thick, crowded; prudent; elegant.

Πύκνῆς ἐνεκροσέ φάλαγγι N. 145. Καὶ πάρασπιστὰς Πύκνῶς Phœn. 1181. Syn. Σῶνός, σὺνέτος, Πύκνῆδης, Πύκνῶφρων, φρόνιμος, εὐβούλῳ.

Πύκνῶφρων, ὄνός, prudenti mente præditus: of a prudent mind. Ζηρὸς Πύκνῶφρῶνᾶ βουλήν Hom. Merc. 535. Syn. Πύκνῆδης, Πύκνῶς, δαίφρων, Πύκνῶφρων, Πύκνῶφρων, σὺνέτος.

Πύκνῶς, Πύκνῶς, et Πύκᾱ, dense, frequenter; prudenter; eleganter: thickly, densely; prudently; elegantly. Τέρποντες Πύκνῶς ἀνὰ χημένον T. 312. Thesm. 445. (See Πύκνῶς in Πύκνῶς.) Πύκᾱ δ' ἐτρέφε δῖα Θέανω E. 70. Syn. Πύκνᾱ, Πύκνᾱ, σῶνός, ἐπίμελῳς, φρόνιμος, Πύκνῶφρῶς, σὺνέτος, ἀρόντος.

Πύκνῶπτερος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, firmas alas habens: strong in the wing. Er. C. 17. See Πύκνῶς in Πύκνῶς.

Πύκνῶς. See Πύκνῶς.

Πύκνῶστῆτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, crebris maculis distinctus: thickly spotted. Er. C. 1092. See Πύκνῶς in Πύκνῶς.

Πύκνῶτης, ἡδός, ὁ, et Πύκνῶμᾱ, ἁτός, τὸ, densitas; crebritas; prudentia: thickness, solidity; frequency; prudence. Πάτᾱγειν δῖα τὴν Πύκνῶτητα Nub. 383. Æsch. Sup. 243. Syn. Σῶνός, σὺνέτος, φρόνιμος, φρόνησις.

Πύκνῶς, denso: to thicken. Nub. 702. See Πύκνῶς. Syn. Πάχυνω, Πύκνῶμᾱ, Πύκᾱζω, ογκῶ.

Πύκνῶμᾱ. See Πύκνῶτης.

Πύκνῶς. See Πύκνῶς.

Πύκνῶς, et Πύκνῶς, pugilator: to box.

Πύκνῶς ἐρωτᾶ Πύκνῶμᾱ Anacr. 69. Cycl. 229. Syn. Πύκνῶμᾱ, μαχόμεναι.

Πύκνῶς. See Πύκνῶς.

Πύκνῶς, ἴδός, ἡ, animal quoddam: an animal. Αἰελοῦρας Πύκνῶς Acharn. 879.

Πύλαδης, οὐ, ὁ, Pylades: the friend and relative of Orestes. Πύλαδῃ σπᾶθῶμῃν ἐκπῶδαν ὡς ἀν σφῶς Choëph. 18.

Πύλαι, ἄν, αἰ, Thermopylæ. En Πύλαις Πυθόι πᾶσις Lysist. 1131.

Πύλαμαχός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui ad Pylum pugnat: fighting at Pylos. Παλλάς ἡ Πύλαμαχος Eq. 1172. See Πύλας.

Πύλαμῆνης, ἔδος, ὁ, Pylæmenes. Ἐπᾱλτὸ Πύλαμῆνός βασιλῆος N. 643. Phœn. Πύλαμῆνός λαοῖον κῆρ, ἀπᾱλάντος Ἀργί, αρχὸς Πάφλαγονων.

Πύλαϊός, οὐ, ὁ, Pylæus. Ἰππᾱθὸς τὲ Πύλαϊός τ' B. 842.

Πύλαρτης, οὐ, portas clausas habens: having the gates shut. Ἰόντᾱ Πύλαρταο κράτερό N. 415. Πύλαρτης is a P. N. in Homer, A. 491.

Πύλατις, ἴδός, ἡ, apud Thermopylas celebrata:

celebrated at Thermopylæ. Trach. 640. See Πύλαι, P. N., and Οἶατις.

Πύλαωρος, Πύλαρος, Πύλαρδός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, janitor: a porter. Ἀγακλειτοὺς Πύλαωρος Φ. 530. Herc. F. 1268. Hom. Merc. 15. Syn. Θύρωρος, φύλαξ. Er. Ἰέρδς, τράπεζός.

Πύλη, ἡς, ἡ; Πύλωμᾱ, ἁτός, τὸ, porta: a gate. "Ἡκω νέκρῶν κευθῶνᾱ καὶ σκότου Πύλας Hec. 1. Phœn. 1129. Syn. Θύρα, Πύλῶμῶς. Er. Ευπῶδς, ευρεῖᾱ, κῦνᾱε, ἀλδῆ, χαλκείᾱ, δίκλῆς, ὕψηλῆ, στίδαρά.

Πύληγῆνης, ἔδος, Pylo ortus: sprung from Pylos. Τοῦ Νηληϊᾱδᾶς Πύληγῆνῆς δέ οἱ ἴπποι Ψ. 303. Syn. Πύλιος.

Πύληδός, οὐ, ὁ, Pylæus.

Πύληγῆς, ἡς, ἡ, Pylene. Καὶ Ὀλέων ἡδὲ Πύληγῆς B. 639.

Πύλιος, α, ὁ, Pylus: Pylæus, of Pylos. Πᾶθῃ Πύλιον ἐτῆχθῃ P. 704. Er. Πύληγῆνης.

Πύλῶς, οὐ, et antiq. δῶν, ἡ, Pylus. Es Πύλῶν ὁρᾶ πύθῃται δ. 713. Er. Ημᾱθεσσά, ηγᾱδέᾱ, ἱέρα, ζᾱθέᾱ, Νηληϊδός.

Πύλῶς, portis munio: to fortify with gates. Καὶ νῦν ἅπαντ' ἐκείᾱ πέπύλωται Πύλαις Av. 1158. See Πύλη.

Πύλωμᾱ. See Πύλη.

Πύλωρ, ὠνός, ὁ, Pylon. Αυτᾶρ ἐπειτᾶ Πύλωνᾱ M. 187.

Πύλωρος. See Πύλωρ.

Πύμᾱδός, ἡ, ὁ, extremus: last. Ἀλλᾱτῇ δ' ἐν Πύμᾱδοισι i. 369. Syn. Ἐσχᾱτός, ὕστατος, πάν- ὕστατος, ὀπιστάτος, τέλευτατός.

Πυνθάνομαι, Πυνθῶμαι, (1) audio, cognosco: to hear, to know; (2) sciscitor: to inquire, to ask. Ἐγγῶς ἅπαρ τίς ὦν γὰρ Πυνθᾶναι τᾶδε Androm. 875. A. 21. Syn. Ἀνᾱπυνθᾶνομαι, ἐκπυνθᾶνομαι, ἐπιστάμαι, ἀκούω, ἐρωτᾶω, μαν- θᾶνω, δικάσκειν, ἐπιστᾶναι, Πάραλαμῆναι, αἰσ- θᾶνομαι.

Πύξ, pugnis: with the fists. Ran. 548. Syn. Πυγμαχίης.

Πύξινος, ἡ, ὁ, buxinus: of the box-tree. Πύξ- ἴνον ομφᾱλῶν τ' A. 269.

Πύξος, οὐ, ἡ, buxus: the box-tree. Bion 2. 3.

Πύδς, οὐ, ὁ, colostrum: beasting milk. Καὶ Πύξ καὶ Πύρίδι Vesp. 710.

Πύρ, Πύρδς, τὸ, ignis: fire. Μὴ Πύρι δέχεσθαι μῆτῃ προσφανεῖν τινά Orest. 47. Syn. Φλῆξ, Ἡφαιστός, αἶθος, πυρρός, Er. Ἀμαμακτόν, ἀν- φαιστόν, λᾱθρόν, κέρανῶν, αἰθᾱλῶν, σεμνόν, Πύρμαγῶν, δῖον, ἐπίσῶμῶν, καθᾱροῖον, εὐαλῶν, κέρανῶν, ἀνᾱν, σπᾶρῶν, δῆριν, κῆλῶν, μα- λῶν, ἀνᾱν, ἀκᾱμάτων, δεινόν, δεσπιδᾱές, μέγᾱ, δλῶν, αἰνόν, ἄγριον, σπᾶνῶν, φᾱεῖον, δᾱνᾱτῆ- φῶν, λευγᾱλῶν, δᾱλῶν, ἀνᾱκῆτων, οὐλᾱμῶν.

Πύρᾱ, Πυρκαῖᾱ, ἁς, ἡ; Πύρδς, οὐ, τὸ, pyra, rogos: a funeral pile. Τῶμῶς ἀρ' ἀμφὶ Πύρῃ H. 434. Necropolis Πυρκαῖᾱς H. 431. Choëph. 478. Er. Θερμῇ, ἀλῆγειν, ἀνῆ.

Πύρᾱγῆς, ας, ἡ, forceps fabrorum ferrariorum: tongs. Εὑπολήτων τὲ Πύρᾱγῆν γ. 434.

Πύρᾱθω, comburo: to burn. Τίς γὰρ Πύρᾱθω προφᾱσίς Ἀργέων στρατόν Rhes. 78. Syn. Καλῶ, κατᾱφλέγω, Πύρᾱθῃ, αἰθᾱλῶ, πυρ- πόλεω.

Πυράχμης, οὐ, ὁ, Pyracchmes. Καὶ Βᾱλῆ Πυράχμην Π. 287.

Πύρακτω, in igne verso: to turn in the fire. Λᾱδῶν ἐπύρακτῶν i. 328.

Πυράμους, οὐνός, ὁ, placenta triticea: a kind

of sweet cake made of wheat and honey. Τοῦ γὰρ τέχναζεν ἡμέτερός ὁ πυράμους Thesm. 94.

Πύρασός, οὐ, ὁ, Pyrasus. Λύσανδρον καὶ Πύ- ρασόν A. 491.

Πύραγῆς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, igne fulgens: shining with fire. Ηνὸρῆς σκεπτοῦχῃ Πύραγῆ Hom. Hymn. 7. 6.

Πυργᾱδῶν, turmatim: in crowds. O. 618. Syn. Λᾱδῶν, ἄγῶρδῶν.

Πυργᾱρῶ, turribus claudo, obsideo: to shut up in the tower, invest, besiege. Sept. Th. 22. Syn. Κύκλω, Πύλιρκῶ.

Πυργιδίων. See Πύργος.

Πύργινός, ἡ, ὁ, Πύργῳ, ἴδός, ἡ, turreus: of a tower. Pers. 866. Γ. brevis est, ut ἔει in λιθίνῳ Sept. Th. 338.

Πυργῶδᾱκῆς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, turres vastans: tower-destroying. Pers. 108. See Αὐτῶδᾱκῆς.

Πύργος, οὐ, ὁ, dim. Πυργιδίων, οὐ, et Πύργῶμᾱ, ἁτός, τὸ, turris, ædificatio: a tower, edifice. Alce-st. 322. Καὶ Πυργιδίους καὶ γυπᾱρίους Eq. 790. Phœn. 294. Syn. Τεῖχος. Er. Ὀρῶς, ἀσφάλῃς, μέγᾱς, εὐαγῆς, ἀθᾱραστός, ἄκρῶς, ἐχ- θρός, λαῖνός, ὕψηλός, εὐδᾱμῆτος, δειδός, δᾱδᾱμῆ- τός, ἡλῖσᾱτός, Πύργῶν, Πύργῶν.

Πυργῶτις. See Πύργινός.

Πυργῶφῶλᾱς, ἁκός, ὁ, ἡ, custos turrium: a keeper of the towers. Sept. Th. 154. See Φύλαξ.

Πύργῶς, in altum tollo, amplifico: to raise on high, exaggerate. Orest. 1585. Syn. Τῶδῶ, αὐξῶ, μεγᾱλύνω.

Πυργῶδῆς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, turritus: full of towers. Trach. 273.

Πύργῶμᾱ. See Πύργος.

Πυρᾱῆς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, igni urens: burning with fire. Choëph. 597. See Ἡμῶδᾱς.

Πύρεϊον, et Ion. Πύρῃον, οὐ, τὸ, igniarium: wood for kindling a fire. Καὶ Πύρεϊ ὁμοῦ τᾶδε Philoct. 36. Ἐρμῆς τοι Πύρεϊσθᾱ Πύρῃ Hom. Merc. 111.

Πύρεσσῶ, aut Πύρεττω, febris laboro: to be in a fever. Ὅμοι Πύρεσσῶ συγκοκομῶν τᾶλας Cycl. 228.

Πύρετός, οὐ, ὁ, febris, ardor: a fever, glowing heat. Πέρισον καὶ τοῖς Πύρετοῖσιν Vesp. 1036. Syn. Φλόγῶς, τῖρ, καῖμᾱ. Er. Αἰθῶν, λᾱθρός.

Πύρῃον. See Πύρεϊον.

Πυρῶφῶρς, Πυρῶφῶρς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triticum ferens: wheat-bearing. Ἴκον δ' es Πέδον πυρῶφῶρ γ. 495. Phœn. 653. Syn. Πᾱλλῆλῃς, εὐκαρπός, καρποφόρος.

Πύριᾱτης, οὐ, ὁ, decoctum lac: scalded cream. Καὶ Πύρι καὶ Πύριᾱτῃ Vesp. 710.

Πύριγῆνῆς, οὐ, et Πύριγῆνης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, igni genitus: forged in the fire. Sept. Th. 192. Hipp. 1218. See below.

Πύριδᾱπτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ab igni consumptus: consumed by fire. Δεῦρ' ἱτ' σεμνα Πύριδᾱπτῶ (anap. dim.) Eumen. 1044.

Πύριδῶν, οὐ, τὸ, igniculus: a little fire. Lysist. 1206. See Πύρ, Πύρδς; and Πυργιδίων in Πύργος.

Πύριῆκης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, in igne acutus: sharpened in the fire. Πύριῆκῃ μοχλόν ἐλόντες i. 387.

Πύριθᾱλῆς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, igni calefactus: warmed by fire. Πύριθᾱλῆς ὕδῶς Πύριθᾱλῆς Apoll. 4. 926.

Πύρικανστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, igni ustus: burnt with fire. Ὅστε σκᾱλὸς Πύρικανστός N. 564.

Πύρικμητός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, in igne fabricatus: formed in the fire. Δεινόν δὲ Πύρικμητῶ τὲ C c 3



also the name of a harbour in Ithaca, a. 186. SYN. 'Ρός, νόμα, κρούνος, ἀπορρώξ. Ερ. Χαλδρόν, πόταμιον, κελιδόν, ἀλγεονόν, δεινόν, ἐρατεινόν, κάλυν, αἰπὺ, ἱερὸν, κάλινρον, στένον, μάλακον, ηχῆν, ἱμερόν.

'Ρέω, Ion. imp. βέζεσκον, f. βέζω, facio; sacrifico: to make, do; to sacrifice. Γυναικῶν ἡ τὰδε βέζει χ. 158. 209. SYN. Τέλλω, ἐπιτέλλω, ποίεω, πρόσσω, ἱερεῖω.

'Ρέθς, ἔθς, τὸ, membrum; facies: a member, limb; a face. Π. 856. SYN. Μέλος, πρόσωπον, ἀρθρόν.

'Ρέα. See 'Ρέα.

'Ρεῖα. See 'Ρεῖα.

'Ρεῖθρον. See 'Ρεῖθρον.

'Ρεκτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, operator: a performer. Hes. Op. 189. SYN. Πράκτωρ, ἐργάτης, ποιήτης.

'Ρεός. See 'Ρεῖθρον.

'Ρέπω, vergo: to incline to, come to. Eur. fr. Meleag. 15. 2. SYN. Ἐπιρέπω, κλίνω, φερόμαι.

'Ρεῦμα. See 'Ρεῖθρον.

'Ρέω, 'Ρῶα, aut 'Ρῶω, fluo; fundo: to flow, stream; to pour. 'Ρεῖ δ' οἶνον Bacch. 143. 'Ἦν πολλὰ ῥέει Hippol. 445. SYN. (1) Ἐρωέω, κάταρρῶω, (2) χέω.

'Ρέω, dico: to say. Οὐδὲν ἐρήθη πέρας Iph. T. 91. SYN. see Ἐρέω.

'Ρησαῖος, ου, ὁ, Rhebaeus amnis: a river in Parthlagonia. Apoll. 2. 791.

'Ρήβας, ου, ὁ, Rebas: a river in Bithynia. 'Ρήβας ἀντιόχον πόταμον Apoll. 2. 652. SYN. Σαμάρησσος.

'Ρηγῶν, ὄνως, ἡ, littus: a shore. 'Ἀκρας ἐπὶ ῥηγῶν ἀζένου πόρου Iph. T. 254. SYN. Αἰγιάλως, ἀκτὴ, δῖς, ὄχθη, ἡῶν. Ερ. Βάθειά.

'Ρήγνυμι, 'Ρήσσω, 'Ρηγνύσκω, f. ῥήξω, frango: to break. 'Ρήγνυσθὲ δὲ τεῖχος M. 440. Σ. 571. H. 141. SYN. Σχίζω, κάταρρῆγνυμι, ἀγνυμι, ἀράσσω, παῖω, κλάω, κατὰκλάω.

'Ρήγος, ἔθς, τὸ, strigula: a coverlid, bed-clothes. ψ. 180. SYN. Στρωμνὴ. Ερ. Σιγαλδέν, κάλυν, πορφύρεον, ἐλπίορφερόν.

'Ρηιδίος. See 'Ρηιδίος.

'Ρηιδίως. See 'Ρηιδίως.

'Ρηιέρως, 'Ρηιτάτος et 'Ρηιστός. See 'Ρηιδίος.

'Ρηιέρωι πολλέμεν Σ. 258. φ. 75. δ. 565.

'Ρηκτός, ἡ, ὅν, qui frangi potest: easy to be broken, fragile. Apoll. 3. 847.

'Ρήμα, ἄνως, τὸ, verbum: a word. Ran. 97. SYN. Ἐπὸς, λόγος, ῥῆσις, μῦθος. Ερ. Αἰμυλίων, κάλυν, ποικιλόν, ἱπποδαμῶν, ὑπέρβιον, αἰδλόν, δριμύ.

'Ρημάτιον, ου, τὸ, vocula: a little word. 'Ἦν ἂν λέγει ῥημάτιον Nub. 942.

'Ρηναῖα, ας, ἡ, Rhenæa: an island in the Ægean sea. 'Ρηναῖα τὴ πετρήεσσα Hom. Apoll. 44.

'Ρηξηνορία, ας, ἡ, fortitudo: courage. Καὶ ῥηξηνορίην Σ. 217. SYN. see Ἀνδρεία.

'Ρηξηνωρ, ὁρὸς, strenuus: courageous, earnest. Π. 575. SYN. see Ἀνδρείος.

'Ρήξις, ἔως, ἡ, ruptura: a rupture. Phœn. 1271.

'Ρῆσις, ἴδς, et Attic. ἔως, ἡ, locutio: discourse. φ. 291. SYN. 'Ρῆμα, λέξις, δόγμα. Ερ. Πάλιγ-γλωσσός.

'Ρῆσος, ου, ὁ, Rhesus. Rhes. 276.

'Ρήσσω. See 'Ρήγνυμι.

'Ρητήρ, ἥρως, et 'Ρῆτωρ, ὁρὸς, ὁ, orator: a speaker, proposer. I. 443. Hec. 123. SYN. Διη-μήγορος, συνήγορος.

'Ρητός, ἡ, ὅν, loquendus; dictus: which may be spoken; appointed. Hipp. 847. SYN. Φάτος, ἐρημιεύς, φανέρως.

'Ρήτρα, ας, ἡ, pactio: an agreement. Σ. 393. SYN. 'Ρῆσις, συνθήκη, συμβασις, ὁμιλόγησις, ζύνθημα.

'Ρήτωρ. See 'Ρητήρ.

'Ρηγδάνος, et 'Ρηγλός, ἡ, ὅν, horribilis: horrible. 'Ρηγδάνης Ἐλένης T. 325. Hesiod. A. 131. SYN. Φρικώδης, φθέρως, χάλεπος, ἐκ-πληκτικός, δεινός.

'Ρηγέω, horreo, frigeo: to shudder, to be cold. 'Ρηγσεν δὲ ἰδὼν Δ. 279. SYN. Ορρώδεω, φθ-εῖμαι.

'Ρηγλός. See 'Ρηγδάνος.

'Ρηγίων, ὄνως, compar., et ῥίγιός, ἡ, ὅν, magis seu maxime horrendus: more or most horrid. Μίσητες δαὶ χεῖρός ὅ τι καὶ ῥίγιόν ἀλγος Apoll. 4. 403. 2. 292.

'Ρηγός, ἔθς, τὸ, frigus: cold, shivering, horror. 'Ρηγὸς καὶ κάματος ε. 472. SYN. Ψυχός, κρύος, φθός.

'Ρηδω, frigeo: to be cold. Ἐφάμην ῥηγ-σέμεν ἑμης Σ. 481. "'Ρηγὼν Dor. for ἱνῆν, ῥηγόν, occurs in Vesp. 446. Av. 935." Donneg. Lex. SYN. Φρίσσω, ψύχεται, ψυχραίνω.

'Ρίζα, ἡς, et antiq. ῥθῆν, ἡ, 'Ρίζω, ἄνως, et 'Ριζὼν, ου, τὸ, radix: a root. 'Ρίζας ἀνεσπά-ρασσόν Bacch. 1093. Sept. Th. 409. 'Ἔστι γὰρ τι ῥίζιον Av. 65. Ερ. Εὐγένης, αἰμάτωρ, διηκτής, μεγάλη, πικρά, λίγρη, δάλλουσα, ῥά-διση, δυσπάλως, εὐπράτος, ἐχέπευκτος, βάθειά.

'Ριζώ, radicibus firmo; stabilio: to root or fix firmly; to strengthen. Γῆθεν ἐριζωμένον Ε. C. 1591. SYN. Ἐπιρρύννυμι.

'Ριζωμά. See 'Ριζα.

'Ρικνός, ἡ, ὅν, curvus, rugosus, tenuis: crooked, wrinkled, slender. Βάκτρφ σκηπτόμενος ῥικνός πσίον Apoll. 2. 198. SYN. Ρυστός, ισχνός, αοθής.

'Ριμφά, celeriter: quickly. 'Ριμφά Μελαντίως ἀρήνκός Apoll. 4. 1707. SYN. Τάχως, βέα, βεῖα, βεῖως.

'Ριμφορμάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui citato cursu est: of rapid chariots. Πάλωσις ἡ ῥιμφορμάτοις Ε. C. 1062.

'Ριν, et 'Ρις, ὄνως, ἡ, naris, nasus: a nostril, nose. Ἀμφρόσιν ὑπὸ ῥινά Σ. 445. SYN. Μυκτήρ. Ερ. Πλάτειά, τέτρημνη, πύματη.

'Ρινάω, abrado: to thin with the file. Ψῆγμ' ἀπύρον χρυσὸν σιδηρέων ἀπ' ὀδόντων 'Ρινηθέν Antiphil. 21.

'Ρινηλάτω, naribus investigo: to smell out, trace by scent. 'Ρινηλάτουρ τῶν παλαιοῦ πεπραγ-μένων Agam. 1156. See 'Ριν. SYN. Ἰχνεύω, ἔρευνάω.

'Ρινμά, ἄνως, τὸ, ramentum: a fling. Eur. fr. Tel. 25. See 'Ρινάω.

'Ρινός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, corium; a hide, skin; a shield. "Ἔσθ' αὖτ' ὁ ἐκτοσθεν ῥινὸν πόλιν αὖτ' ἀ-κοιο K. 334. SYN. Βύσα, σκῆτος, δέρμα, δι-φθέρα, ασπίς. Ερ. Παναιδός, στικτός, βδεῖος, λεπτὸτάτος, λασίος, δασύθρις, αἰμάτωσις.

'Ριντόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui clypeos coris ob-ductos perforat: hide-piercing. 'Ριντόρος καὶ πρῶτος Σ. 392.

'Ρινόν, ου, τὸ, cacumen prominens in vertice montis: a peak, promontory. Κῶμα πρὸτ' οὐραῖον ῥινόν ὠθεῖ γ. 295. SYN. Ἀκρόν, ἀκράρεια, ἀκρο-τήριον, κορυφή, κολόφον.

'Ριπή, ἡς, ἡ, vehemens impetus, jactus: a

violent impulse, throw, stroke. Πτέρων ῥιπαῖς ὑπὸ σπρίζει P. V. 126. 'Ρίπη is also a P. N. in B. 606. SYN. Ὀρμή, βόλη, πνὴ, ῥιπῖς. Ερ. Πέτριον, ἀκίπλανός, ἀθάλασσός, παμφεγγής, λευγάλεα, φοῖτὰς, δῶδ, δαδὰ, ἀνέμωκτος.

'Ριπίζω, ventilo, foliibus accendo: to fan, blow up a fire. ΑΛΛ' ἀνεγείρει καὶ ῥιπίζει Ran. 360. SYN. Λικμάω, φασάω, ἀναρρίπζω, σπτάω.

'Ριπῖς, ἴδς, ἡ, follis: a pair of bellows. Δεῦρὸ καὶ τὴν ῥιπίδα Acharn. 888. SYN. Πτύον.

'Ριψ, ὄνως, ἡ, crates: a wicker basket, crate. Φράξῃ δὲ μιν ῥιπασὶ διὰ μπερῆς ε. 256. SYN. Ταρσός, ψιθός.

'Ριπτάζω, Ion. imp. ῥιπτάζωσκον, 'Ριπτέω, 'Ριπ-τω, et Ion. imp. ῥιπτασκον, projicio: to throw, dash. 'Ριπτάζων κατὰ δῶμα θεός Σ. 257. Hom. Hymn. 3. 279. Eccles. 503. Iph. A. 39. O. 23. SYN. Ἀπορρίπτω, κατὰ δῶμα, κάταρρίπτω.

'Ριπτός, ἡ, ὅν, precipitatus: headlong. Trach. 357.

'Ρις. See 'Ριν.

'Ρίψασις, ἴδς, et 'Ρίψω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clypeo vel armis abjectis fugiens, ignavus: throwing away arms, cowardly. Nub. 353. Sept. Th. 303. SYN. see Δειδός.

'Ρίψω, easily moved. Πὰρ ῥόδων δὲ δῶμα Σ. 576. 'Ρόδων is also a P. N. denoting the river Rhone, Apoll. 4. 627. See the Schol. and Hoëlz. in l.

'Ρόδια, ας, ἡ, Rhodia. Καλὴ μὲν τὴ 'Ρόδια τὴ Hes. Theog. 351.

'Ροδιατός, 'Ρόδεος, 'Ρόδιος, ἡ, ὅν, et 'Ρόδεος, εσσα, ἔρ, roseus: rosy, rose-coloured. Στεφάνος ῥοδιαῖος Anacr. 142. Apoll. 3. 1019. 'Ρόδιος σὺναρμύσσαντες Anacr. 6. 2. Med. 837. SYN. Ἐρὶθός, εὐάδης.

'Ρόδιος, α, ὅν, Rhodius: Rhodian, of Rhodes. 'Ρόδιον ἀγέρωχον B. 654. 'Ρόδιος is also the name of a river, M. 20.

'Ρόδοδάκτυλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, roseos digitos habens: rosy-fingered. 'Ρόδοδάκτυλος ἡς Π. 778.

'Ρόδεος. See 'Ροδιατός.

'Ρόδομηλον, ου, τὸ, mala rosea: a rosy cheek. Theoc. 23. 8.

'Ρόδον, ου, τὸ, rosa: a rose. Nub. 910. Ερ. Ἐλευθερίον, εὐκαρπὸν, κάλυν, τετρήν, φαινικίον, πυρρόν, εἰδρινόν, δέρινον, δρόσιν, ἀγρῶν. Ρῆα. Εἰάρος μέλημα, φέριστον ἀνθός, χάσμα δέων, χά-ρισιν ἀγαλμά, μέλημα μύθος.

'Ρόδοπη, ἡς, ἡ, Rhodope. Theoc. 7. 77.

'Ρόδοπηχῖς, ἔθς, roseos habens cubitos: rosy-armed. 'Ρόδοπηχῖς δὲ Νύμφαι Anacr. 53. 21.

'Ρόδος, ου, ὁ, Rhodus: a celebrated island in the Ægean sea. B. 654.

'Ρόδοχρους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, roseum colorem habens: rosy-coloured. 'Ρόδοχρους δὲ κ' Ἀφροδίτα Anacr. 53. 22.

'Ρόή. See 'Ρεῖθρον.

'Ρόθω, obmurmuro: to murmur against. An- tig. 259.

'Ρόθίζω, cum impetu remigo; cum impetu voro, more porcorum: to row violently; to de- vour with noise. Οἶον ῥοθίζοντο ὦ πολὺ τιμῆ' Ἡράκλεις Acharn. 807. SYN. Ροχθεῶ, ὄρωω.

'Ροθίās, ἄδς, ἡ; 'Ροθίός, α, ὅν, impetuosus: violent, dashing. Ἐρελ δὲ κώπης ῥοθιάδος ζῆνεμ' ἐλαῖ Pers. 402. ε. 412.

'Ροθός, ου, ὁ, strepitus undarum; tumultus: the dashing of waves; a tumult. Hes. Op. 218. SYN. Θορρετός, ῥοθός, ἀραγμός, ῥόμη.

'Ροῖα, ἄς, ἡ, malus Punica: a pomegranate. Ὀρχναὶ καὶ ῥοῖα ἡ. 115.

'Ροιδέω, 'Ροίξω, strido: to make a noise. μ. 106. K. 502. SYN. Ροχθεῶ, βρυχάμαι, ηχέω, σμᾶρτῆγῶ, ὠρύομαι, συρίσσω.

'Ροιδήσις, ἔως, ἡ, 'Ροιδέος, 'Ροίξος, ου, ὁ, et 'Ροίξημα, ἄνως, τὸ, stridor: a noise. Iph. A. 1086. Antig. 1004. Π. 361. Av. 1182. SYN. Ἥχος, ῥοθός, ψόφος. Ερ. Ἀκάματος, οἰεῖα, ἡρία.

'Ροίξω. See 'Ροιδέω.

'Ροίξος, et -ῆμα. See above.

'Ροικός, ἡ, ὅν, incurvus: crooked. Theoc. 4. 49. SYN. Ρικνός, καμπύλος, σκολιός, ραιβός.

'Ρόμθος, ου, ὁ, tornus; rotatio; instrumentum in orgiis Corybanticis adhibitum: a top; a whirling round; a bacchanalian drum or cymbal. Helen. 1361. SYN. Βέμβης, δινός, τρόχος, ῥόπ-τρον. Ερ. Χαλκός.

'Ρόος. See 'Ρεῖθρον.

'Ρόπαλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, satyriasis: excitement. See Schol. in l. c. Τοῖς ἀνδράσι καὶ ῥοπαλισμούς Lysist. 553.

'Ρόπαλον, 'Ρόπτρον, ου, τὸ, clava, fustis: a club, stick. Μέγα ῥόπαλον πὰρ σῆκ' i. 319. Hippol. 1172. SYN. Κόρυνη, βάκτρον, ἐλάν.

Ερ. Μέγα, χαλκοῦδης, ἀνασθῆν.

'Ρόπη, ἡς, ἡ, inclinatio, momentum: incli- nation, impulse, consequence. Ε. R. 961. SYN. Νεύμα, δυνάμεις, βόηθειά.

'Ρόπτρον. See 'Ρόπαλον.

'Ρόφω, sorbeo: to sup up, swallow. Eq. 51. SYN. Ἀναρρόφω, κατὰ πῖνα, βροχθίω, κάπτω, κατὰ βροχθίω.

'Ροχθεῶ, strepitum asperum edo: to make a hoarse noise, to roar. μ. 60. SYN. Ροίξω, βρεννύομαι, ηχέω, βῶω.

'Ρόχέτος, ου, ὁ, tumultus: a tumult. Τὸν τῶν Ἀσαναίων γὰ μὴν ῥόχέτον Lysist. 170. Pu brevis esse videtur, quippe quæ ex ῥῶα, fluo, oriatur. Ε. R. "'Ρόχέτον, δόρυον, ἡ τὸν ῥέοντα σχετόν." Hesych.

'Ρογχιών, ου, dimin. a 'Ρύγχος, ἔθς, τὸ, rostrum, maxilla, os: a beak, jaw, face. ΑΛΛ' ἀμφὶ θεῶ καὶ τὰδ τὰ ῥογχία Acharn. 744. Av. 1155. SYN. Ράμφος, χάσμα.

'Ρόδον, affluenter, abundanter: copiously, abundantly. Εγὼ ῥόδον ἀρπείω ο. 425. SYN. Χύδην, σφόδρα, πᾶν.

'Ρύμφενία, ας, ἡ, opulentia: wealth. Ε. R. δὲ ῥύμφενίην Call. 1. 84. SYN. Εὐπρόρία, ὀλβός.

'Ρύμμιζω, concinno: to arrange, adjust. 'Ἦδ' ἐρῆνι μῦθαι Ζηνί P. V. 249. SYN. Κάταρρῶ-μιζω, κοσμέω, καλλωπίζωμαι, εὐθύνω, εντρίπζω.

'Ρύθμος, οὔ, ὁ, rhythmus, modulatio, ordo: rhythm, measure, arrangement, harmony, order. Οἱ ῥύθμοι πρὸς ἀλφίτα Nub. 648. SYN. Εὐθὺ-μῶσις, ἐμμελεῖα, μέτρον, τάξις, κᾶνων, μέλος.

Ερ. Λιγυρός, ἡδὲ, φρένδελης, φρυγός.

'Ρύμα, ἄνως, τὸ, tractio; auxilium; perfugium: a dragging; a defence, assistance; refuge. Ἀπασὶ κοινὸν ῥύμα δαίμωνων ἐδρα Heracl. 261.

'Ρύμα, φύλακῆ, κατὰ φύλιν.

'Ρύμεδς, ου, Ρυμέν, ὄνως, ὁ, tortus: a twirl- ing round, coil. Eur. fr. Pirith. 2. 2. Apoll. 4. 144. SYN. see 'Ρόμθος.



'Ρύμη, ης, ἡ, impetus; cursus; vicus: force, impulse; course; a street. 'Ῥό του ροῖδου καὶ τῆς ρύμης Nub. 406. SYN. 'Ορμή, ῥόδος.

'Ρύμια, ἀνδρ., τὸ, sordes: filth. Lysist. 377. SYN. 'Ῥύον, καθάρμα.

'Ρυμός, οὐ, ὁ, temo: the pole of a carriage. Ρυμοὶ ἐξέρου ἡ ἐκφεροὶ K. 505. EP. Ἐξέστως, ἀργυρεὺς.

'Ρύμαι, Ion. imp. ῥυσκῶμαι, f. ῥύσθαι, traho ad me; tueor, custodio: to draw to oneself; to defend, guard. Φυλάσσει τε ῥύεται τε ο. 35.

Ερβύεθ' ἥμας τοῦτ' ἴσον ναοὶς θέων Helen 800. Ω. 730. The first syllable of 'Ῥύμαι is in the present generally short in Homer, but long at the beginning of the verse in the arsis, in the opt. always long, even in the thesis, and short in the tragic writers; the same syllable is always long in the future and 1st aorist. SYN. Ἀναρ-ῥύμαι, φυλάσσω, ἐκφυλάσσω, ἐκσώζω, σώζω, ἐλευθερώω.

'Ρυκᾶται, vel potius 'Ρυκᾶται, nautica acclamation: the cry of sailors working together. Κάμει καὶ τὸ ῥυκᾶται Vesp. 909.

'Ῥύσας, sordeo: to be filthy or dirty. Μάλα περ ῥύσαντά καθήρα ζ. 88. SYN. Πύσας.

'Ῥύπον, ου, τό; 'Ῥύπος, ου, ὁ, sordes; cera sigillaris: filth; sealing-wax. Αὐτὰρ ἐπεὶ πλυνὴν τὴ καθήραν τε ῥύπα πάντα ζ. 93. Lysist. 1199. SYN. Πύς, λύμα, λύμη, κηλὶς.

'Ῥύπον, ἴσδο: to be foul. Τὰ μοι βέρυπα μὲν κείται ζ. 59.

'Ῥυκᾶται. See 'Ρυκᾶται.

'Ῥύπας, sordes eluo: to wash away filth, cleanse. Acharn. 17. SYN. Κάθαίρω, ἀπομάσσω, πλύνω.

'Ῥυσός, 'Ῥυσός, ἡ, ὅν, rugosus: wrinkled, rugged. Eur. Sup. 51. Χωλαί τε ῥυσσαί τέ I. 499. Ρυ longa in ῥυσός, ut in sequentibus, quæ ex eadem origine trahendi prohibent. SYN. 'Ῥικνός.

'Ῥυσίω, bona alicujus tanquam pignus vi abripio; abripio: to take away by way of pledge; to take away. Κού ῥυσίω τὰμ δ' εὐρίσκω φίλα Ion 525.

'Ῥυσίωμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aram defendens: altar-defending. Eumen. 923. See 'Ῥυσίωμυς.

'Ῥυσίωφρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, currum trahens: drawing a chariot. Isthm. 2. 31. See 'Ῥυσίωφρος.

'Ῥυσίωφρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vim liberandi habens; supplex: able to deliver; suppliant. The neuter 'Ῥυσίωφρος is used as a substantive, and denotes a ransom, pledge. Καὶ μὴτ' ἐδῆς ῥυσίων ἐφάψεται Aesch. Sup. 417. SYN. Λυτήριον, λυτὸν, τήμημα.

'Ῥυσίωφρος, ἴως, urbem liberans: delivering the city. Sept. Th. 122. Ρυσίωφρος follows the quantity of Σωσίωφρος, q. v. Ρυ is long, as in 'Ῥυσίωφρος.

'Ῥυσίωφρος. See 'Ῥυσίωφρος.

'Ῥυσίωφρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aram defendens: altar-defending. Eumen. 923. See 'Ῥυσίωφρος.

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## ΣΑΚΟ

'Ρυτά, ὡν, τὰ, habenæ: reins. 'Ρυτὰ χαλαρὸν Hes. Scut. 308.

'Ρυτήρ, ἥρος, 'Ῥύτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, lorum; qui trahit; custos: a thong or rein; one who draws; a defender, guardian. Βησάτῳ ῥυτήρας δὲ χέ-ροιν Apoll. 3. 1236. Thesm. 108. SYN. 'Ρυτὰ, ἡνία, ἰμάς, χαλινός, ῥύτωρ, σωτήρ.

'Ρυτίον, ου, τὸ, Rhytium: a city in Crete. Φαιστόν τε Ῥυτίον τε πόλεις B. 648.

'Ρυτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, ruga: a wrinkle. Εν τῷ πρόσ-ῳ τῶν ῥυτίων στας ἔχει Plut. 1052.

'Ρυτός, ἡ, ὅν, fluens: flowing. 'Α γὰ ῥυτοῖς νασμοῖσιν ἐξομύρεται Hipp. 649. SYN. Κἀτάρ-ῥυτός.

'Ρυτός, ἡ, ὅν, tractus: drawn. Ρυτοῖσι λασεῖσι καὶ ἐβρίγκωσεν ἀχέρος ξ. 10.

'Ρύτωρ. See 'Ῥυτήρ.

'Ῥώ, fluo: to flow. See 'Ῥέω.

'Ῥωγᾶλός, α, ὅν; 'Ῥωγᾶς, ἰδός, lacer, ruptus: torn, burst. Πικρὰ Ῥωγᾶλῶν εν δὲ στρόφῳ σ. 108. Apoll. 4. 1448. SYN. 'Ῥηκτός, σχιστός.

'Ῥωγμός, 'Ῥωγμός, οὐ, ὁ; 'Ῥῶξ, ὄγος, ἡ, rima: a cleft, opening. Bion 11. 2. ψ. 420. χ. 143. SYN. 'Ῥήγμα, ὁπή, ἀπορροή.

'Ῥώμη, ης, ἡ, robur: strength. Herc. F. 102. SYN. 'Ἰς, δυνάμεις, ἀλκή, ἰσχὺς. EP. Ασθενής, ἀνηθηγρία, ἀμᾶθης, βλαῖος.

'Ῥῶξ. See 'Ῥωγμός.

'Ῥύμαι, vehementer moveor; valeo: to move quickly; to be well. Τελεῖσιν ἐρώσαντ' ο. 69. SYN. Κινεῖμαι, ἐπιγίγω.

'Ῥωτήριον, ου, τό; 'Ῥῶψ, ἀπός, ἡ, virgultum: a bush, shrub. Κάτὰ Ῥωτηρία πικρά ξ. 473. 49. SYN. Φρύγανον. EP. Δασεῖα, χλιδέρα.

'Ῥωχμός. See 'Ῥωγμός.

'Ῥῶψ. See 'Ῥωτήριον.

## Σ.

Σαγγαρίος, ου, ὁ, Sangarius: a river in Phrygia. Πάρ' ὄχθας Σαγγαρίου Γ. 187.

Σάχη, ης, ἡ, armatura: armour. Τὸ πάνσοφον δ' εὐρημὰ τοξήρη σάχην Herc. F. 187. EP. 'Ἰπέρκομπος, παντέλης, φέρσπις, τοξήρης.

Σάγμα, ἀνός, τὸ, involucrium: a covering. Vesp. 1142. SYN. Θήκη.

Σάπρος, ἀ, ὅν, putris; debilis; inutilis: rotten; weak; paltry. Τούτ' ἐς γυναικας δδλιν ἐστὶ καὶ σάπρον Bacch. 479. SYN. Σάπρος, ἀσθενής, μυδᾶλός, βλάξ, μάλας, φλύαρός, οὐτιδάνος.

Σάπρω, blandior (vid. Blomf. Gloss. Sept. Th. 379.): to fawn upon, flatter. Apoll. 3. 882. SYN. Κολάκευω, ὑποσαίνω, ὑπακάλλω, δωπεύω.

Σαίρω, verro: to sweep. Hec. 363. SYN. Κόρεω, τρίξω, κοσμέω, καθαίρω, κάλλυνω.

Σάκκος, ἰδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui scutum vibrat: shield-brandishing, valiant. Ἀτρήμον οἶον ἔχεσε σάκκος Παλός E. 126.

Σάκκος, ἰδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clypeus gestans: shield-bearing. Phoen. 139. See above.

Σάκος, Σάκος, Σάκτης, ου, ὁ, saccus: a sack. Acharn. 745. Οὐκ ἀθήσεις τὸν σάκον Acharn. 822. Plut. 681. SYN. Θυλάκιον. EP. Ερμυός.

Σάκος, ἰδός, τὸ, clypeus: a shield. Ἐπίσημ' ἔχων οὐκ εἶνεν ἐν μέσῳ σάκει Phoen. 1123. SYN. Ασπίς. EP. Φίλον, δεινόν, μέγα, πρὸς ἐλπίδα, φάειν, δαυδᾶλόν, πικὰ ποιητὸν, χαλκήρεος, αὐλόν, κᾶλόν, ἐπτάσδειν, ευρὸ, δλίγρον, πᾶναιδόν,

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## ΣΑΚΟ

στῆδρον, τέτραδελυμὸν, χαλκήρεον, εὐκύνδον, χαλ-κοδέτρων, χαλκήρεον.

Σάκος, ου, ὁ. See Σάκκος.

Σάκος, ου, ὁ, barba prægrandis: a very large beard. Ἀπασὰ καὶ μίσει σάκον πρὸς τῶν γνάθων Eccles. 502.

Σάκτης. See Σάκκος.

Σάκτωρ, ὄρος, implens: filling. Pers. 921.

Σαλαμίνιος, α, ὅν, Salaminus: of Salamis. Σαλαμίνιος γὰρ ἐστίν Eccles. 38.

Σαλαμίνιος, ἰδός, Σαλαμίνιος, ἰδός, ἡ, Salamina: of Salamis. Ad Σαλαμίνιος Pers. 956. Blomf. scribit: "Dicebant Σαλαμίνιος vel Σαλαμινιάδες. Sic λεγόμενοι et λεγόμενοι Soph. Aj. 602.

Philoct. 1454. κρηνίδες et κρηνιάδες. Vid. Valck. ad Theoc. 1. 22." Σαλαμίνιος Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat ex Lobbeck. Aj. p. 271.

Σαλαμίς, ἰδός, Σαλαμίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Salamis: an island near the coast of Attica. Ἐλπίδα εν Σαλαμίῃ H. 199. EP. Εὐκτιμένη, ἀγχιᾶλός, κλεινὴ, ἀλί-πλαγκτός, εὐδαίμων, περίφαντος, πέλειοθέρμευον.

Σαλαμίνιος. See below.

Σαλαμίνιος, Σαλαμίνιος, agitor: to be agitated or tossed. Ἦδη σάλλειν κἀνᾶκουφισαί κᾶρα C. R. 23. Σαλαμίνιος Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat ex Jacobs. Anth. 7. 95. SYN. Ἀνᾶσάλεω, δδ-νέμαι, κυμαίνεσθαι, τάρσασθαι.

Σαλμυδής, α, ὅν, Salmys: of Salmys-desus, a bay in the Euxine sea. Σαλμυδής γνάθος P. V. 751.

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## ΣΑΤΑ

κληίστη, μάκρᾳ, ὑψηλῇ, ὀρθῇ, ἐξευμένη, ἐν-τυκτός.

Σανιδιότρεω, tabulam perforo: to bore a hole in a board. Τῇ σανιδιότρεω ἐξοπιστὸν πρᾶκτισον Thesm. 1144.

Σάνις. See Σανιδίον.

Σάος. See Σάος.

Σαοφρόνη. See Σαοφρόνη.

Σαοφρων. See Σαοφρων.

Σάω. See Σάω.

Σαπείρες, αν, οί, Sapires: a nation in Scythia. Ἐξείης δὲ Σαπείρες ἐπὶ σφίσι Apoll. 2. 397.

Σάπρος, ἀ, ὅν, putris: rotten. Τὰνθᾶδ' εἰρήνης σάπρος Pax 554. SYN. see Σάπρος.

Σαπφᾶ, ὄος, ἡ, Sappho: a celebrated poetess of Lesbos. Mosch. 3. 92. EP. Παρθένος, ἡδύ-φανός, εὐπλοκάμυς.

Σαργάνη, ης, ἡ, vinculum: a chain. Βρόχου τυχὴν εν σαργάνᾳ Aesch. Sup. 795. SYN. see Δεσμός.

Σαρδανάπαλος, ου, ὁ, Sardanapalus: the last king of Assyria. Av. 1021. Pa est longa, ut in Latinis: In scaphum mœchæ Sardanapale tuæ Martial. 11. 11.

Σαρδάνιος, Σαρδάνιος, α, ὅν, Sardonius: Sardinian. Σαρδάνιον μὲγὰ τοῖον v. 302. Theoc. 16. 86.

Σάρδεες, ἴων, αἱ, Sardis: the capital of Lydia. Bacch. 445.

Σαρδηνία, ης, ἡ, Sardene. Hom. Hymn. 34. 3. Σαρδιανικός, Σαρδιανός, ἡ, ὅν, Sardinian: of Sardis. Βάμια Σαρδιανικὸν Acharn. 112. Eur. fr. Plinth. 5.

Σαρδόνιος. See Σαρδόνιος.

Σαρδῶ, ὄος, ἡ, Sardinia: an island in the Me-diterranean. Vesp. 700.

Σαρδέω, ducto rictu irrideo: to grin at. Pax 481.

Σάρκινος, η, ὅν, carneus: fleshy. Τὸν σάρ-κινον ἰχθύν Theoc. 21. 66. SYN. Εἰσαρκός, πᾶ-λσαρκός.

Σάρξ, ἀρκός, ἡ, caro: flesh. Med. 1186. SYN. Κρέας, σῶμα, βρότος. EP. Ἀπάλη, φωνήσας, λευκὴ, νεῖρα, πόδια, τέρενα, τάλανᾶ, χιδνέα.

Σάρων, ου, τὸ, verruculum: a besom. Κάκον σάρων οἰσθᾶ καὶ αὐτὴ Call. 4. 225.

Σαρπηδόνιος, α, ὅν, Serpedonius (vid. Schol. in l. c.): of Serpedon. Σαρπηδόνιον θβί πέτρην Apoll. 1. 216.

Σαρπηδών, ὄνος, Σαρπηδών, ὄνος, ὁ, Serpedon. Σαρπηδόνι φαίδιμος Ἐκτωρ Π. 649. Σαρπηδόντος ἐταῖρον M. 379. EP. Ἀναξ, Διὸς υἱός, Ἀλκίον ἄγος, χαλκὸκόρυστος, ἀρχός, δίδος, βουλφορός.

Σαρωνικός, ἡ, ὅν, Saronicus: Saronic, the name of the gulf of Aegina. Ερχόμενοι Ερ-μηνδὲ Σαρωνικοῦ Callim. Del. 41.

Σάρωνις, ἰδός, ἡ, quercus hians ætate: a de-cayed oak. Ἡ πολλὰς ἐφύπερθε σάρωνιδας Call. 1. 22. SYN. Δρύς.

Σάτιν, ης, ἡ, currus: a chariot. Ποιῆσαι σά-τινας καὶ ἀρμάτα Hom. 5. 13. SYN. Ἀμαξά, δχός.

Σανιδίαι, εντός, ὁ, Satiois: a torrent in the Troad. Ναῖε δὲ Σανιδίαιος Z. 34.

Σανιδ

Σαυλός, η, ὄν, delicatus: delicate. Hom. Merc. 28. SYN. Ἀσπός, ἡσυχός, κοῦφος, τρυφός.

Σαυρᾶ. See Σαυρός.

Σαυρομάτα, ὡν, ὡς, Sarmata: a nation in the north of Europe and Asia. Σαυρομάτας τοῖς οὐσίῳν Apoll. 3. 353.

Σαυρός, ὡν, ὡς; Σαυρᾶ, as, ἡ, lacertus: a lizard. Theoc. 7. 22.: 2. 58.

Σαυροτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, ferramentum infimum in extremo hastili: an iron point at the lower extremity of a spear. K. 153.

Σαυτοῦ. See Σαυτοῦ.

Σαφά, Σαφώς, Σαφηνώς, clare: clearly, truly. Ἄν δόκεις σάφ' εἶδέναι Orest. 253. Plut. 40. Theogn. 957. SYN. Φανέρως, ἀληθώς, ἀναφανδόν, δηλᾶ, εμφανώς, λαμπρῶς, ἐναργῶς.

Σαφήνεια, as, ἡ, perspicuitas: clearness. Kal σαφήνεια λόγων Sept. Th. 67. Ultima brevis est ut in ευμαρεία. SYN. Ἐνάργεια, ἀκρίβεια.

Σαφηνίω, ἰω et ἰω, clare explicio: to explain clearly. Σοι σαφηνίσαι μόνον P. V. 642. SYN. Διασαφένω, δηλῶ, ἐρμηνεύω, φανέρω.

Σαφής, Σαφής, εἶς, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: clear, plain. Olymp. 10. 67. Bacch. 1078. See above. SYN. Ἀριθλός, φανέρως, δηλός, ἀληθής, εὐκρινής, ἐναργής.

Σαφηνός. See Σαφά.

Σαφώς. See Σαφά.

Σαφίω. See Σαφά.

Σαυτήρ. See Σαυτήρ.

Σαφηνίω, Σαφηνίω, ἰ. σέσω, extinguo: to extinguish. Σαφηνίω H. Steph. citat ex quodam vet. epigr. Σαφηνίως (νύ, ut in δευκνίω) invenias in Pyth. 1. 8. SYN. Ἀποσάφηνι, ἐξάλεω, κατασάφηνι.

Σαφηνίω. See above.

Σαυτοῦ, contr. Σαυτοῦ, ἡς, οὐ, pronom., tui ipsius: of yourself or thyself. Vesp. 778. Med. 610. SYN. Σοῦ, εἰναυτοῦ.

Σεβάζωμαι, Σεβίζω, Σεβώ, veneror, subvereor: to worship, venerate, fear. Σεβάζωμαι γὰρ τὸν θεόν Z. 417. Pyth. 5. 106. Phoen. 1341. SYN. Πρόσευχόμεναι, ἐντρέφόμεναι, προσκυνέμεναι, αἰδέμεναι, ἀγάζωμαι, δειράμεναι.

Σεβᾶς, τὸ, veneratio: veneration. Alcest. 1018. Σεβᾶς eandem quantitatē habet ac σέλας. SYN. Τιμῇ, αἰδώς, θαυμά.

Σεβίζω. See Σεβάζωμαι.

Σεβώ. See Σεβάζωμαι.

Σειρά, ἄς, ἡ, catena, funis: a chain, a rope. X. 175. SYN. Δεσμὸς, ἀλυσίς, σχοιεύς. Er. Χρυσεία, εὐπλέκτη, ἐλικώδης.

Σειραῖος, Σειραφόρος, ὡν, ὁ, ἡ, funarius: of a rope. Herc. F. 1005. Κεντῶν ὑπὸ τὸν πρῶτον σέ τὸν σειραφόρον Nub. 1282. 1303.

Σειρήν, ἥρως, ἡ, Siren: the name of certain sea-nymphs. Helen. 169. Er. Πτέρωφόρος, νεανίς, παρθένος, χθονὸς κόρα. Phn. see Apoll. 4. 892—914.

Σειρίω, fulgeo: to shine. Οὐδ' αὖ σειρίαι καὶ μιν καλέουσι ἄνθρωποι Σειρίων Arat. 332.

Σειρίος, ὡν, ὁ, Sirius: the dog-star. See passage in Σειρίω. SYN. Κών Ὀρίωνος. Er. Δίψις, αὐβάλλεις, ἀζάλλεις.

Σεισίζων, ὄνως, terram quatens: earth-shaking. Isthm. 1. 76. SYN. see Εννόςτρεαυός.

Σεισμός, οὐ, ὁ, motus, an earthquake, shock. Iph. T. 1167. SYN. Τρόμος, ἐνδοσίς, κίνησις.

Σειστός, ὡν, ὁν, concussus: shaken. Acharn. 346.

Σέλω, quatio: to shake. Med. 1188. SYN. Ἀνάσειω, αἰθόσω, πάλλω, τινάσσω, ἐκτινάσσω, τάρττω, κινέω.

Σελάγειω, Σελάγειναι, fulgeo: to blaze. Opp. K. 3. Σελάγειν δ' ἄν ὅπου Eur. El. 714. SYN. Σερίω, λάμπω, ἐκπύρω, αὐγάζω, στίλβω, μαρμαίρω.

Σελάγος, ὡν, ὁ, Selagus. Kal βάλεν Ἀλφειον Σελάγου υἱόν E. 612.

Σελάς, ἄς, τὸ, fulgor: a blaze. Νηὸς καὶ μένης σέλας οφθαλμοῖσιν ἰδέσθαι O. 600. SYN. Αὐγή, φῶς, φέγγος, φλῆξ, πῦρ. Er. Δικαίφρον, παμφαῖς, καλλιφεγγές, φλόγερν, λαμπρόν, κῦανον, λάβρον, χρυσόφεγγες.

Σελασφόρος, ὡν, ὁ, ἡ, fulgorem ferens: light-bearing. Eumen. 1025.

Σελήνια, Σελήνη, ης, ἡ, luna: the moon. Phoen. 179. Helen. 114. SYN. Μήνη. Er. Αστέρωπος, πάνυχος, δέα, ἀνασσα, διὰ, εὐπλόκαμος, δέα λευκώλενος, λαμπρά, πρόφρων, πληθουσία, φάειν, ἀγλήσσο, βδοπῆς, δροῦσσο, κέρα, πύτινα, Τιτηνίς, φασσόρορος, διχόμηρος, χρυσόκυκλος, χρυσήνιος, εὐανίς, πρεσβύστη ἀστρων. Phn. Νυκτὸς ἀφ' ἧς ὁμαί.

Σελήνιαδης, ὡν, ὁ, Selepiades: the son of Selepias. Σελήνιαδὰ ἄνακτος B. 693.

Σελινόν, ὡν, τὸ, apium: parsley. Οὐδ' ἐν σελινῷ που σ' ἴν' οὐδ' ἐν πηγάῳ Vesp. 480. Er. Μάλακος, χλωρός, δάλλων, δαλέρως. Phn. Βδ-τάνη λεινός.

Σελλός, οὐ, ὁ, Sellus: the name of the priests of Jupiter at Dodona. Trach. 1169. Er. Ἰνδ-φότης, ὀρεῖος, χεμακοίτης, χεμαίενης, ἀνιπτό-πους.

Σελάμα, ἄτῶς, τὸ, transtrum; tabula: a bench, deck; a board. Helen. 1565. SYN. Ζυγόν, ἐθώλιον, θρανός, κληῖς.

Σεμέλη, ης, ἡ, Semele: the mother of Bacchus. Hipp. 456. SYN. Εὐωπῆς, Καδμηῆς, εὐειδής, λευκώλενος, τὸ καὶ Διόνισος.

Σεμνῶντις, εἶος, ὁ, vates venerabilis: a venerable prophet. CE. R. 556.

Σεμνῶντις, magnifice loquor: to speak grandly. Τί σεμνῶντις οὐ λόγων εὐσημῶν Hipp. 492. SYN. Αὐχέω, κομπάζω.

Σεμνῶντις, gravitatem in vultu exhibeo: to cast a grand look. Κάθ' ἡμῖν σεμνῶντις Nub. 363.

Σεμνός, et Σεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, venerabilis: venerable, grand, dignified. Alcest. 789. P. V. 837. SYN. Εὐσεπτός, σεμνότης, εὐσημῶν, κῶλος, τίμιος, ἐντιμός.

Σεμνότης, ὡν, ὁ, ἡ, gravis ore: grand in speech. P. V. 989. SYN. Μεγάληφρονος.

Σεμνότης, ἡ, gravis: majesty, dignity. Iph. A. 1344. SYN. Αἰχμᾶ, τιμῇ.

Σεμνότης, ὡν, ὁ, ἡ, venerandus: revered. Ως σεμνότης καὶ ξυνοικητῶν ἐμοί Eumen. 636. SYN. see Σεμνός.

Σεμνός, et Σεμνῶν, venerandum et augustum reddo: to render grand or majestic. Helen. 865. Av. 728. SYN. Καλλίνα, κομῶν, in the mid. v. κομπάζω, γαυρόν, μέγα φρονέω, λαμπρύνω, ἀλαζονεύω.

Σεμνός, gravior: gravely, decently. Aesch. Sup. 201. SYN. Αἰώος, ἐντιμός.

Σεπτός. See Σεμνός.

Σερίφιος, ὡν, ὁ, Seriphus: of Seriphus. Ἀπ-εδοτὸ φήμας κινδύνον Σερίφιον Acharn. 542.

Σερόφος, ὡν, ὁ, culex: a gnat like an ant. Vesp. 352.

Σεσωφρόνισμένος, prudenter: prudently. Aesch. Sup. 732.

Σεῦς, εἶος, ὁ, tineia: a nit. Lysist. 730.

Σεῖω. See Σῖω.

Σηκάω, stabulo includo: to fold or pen. Θ. 131. SYN. Συγκλείω, κατὰκλείω, καθέλγω, καθέλγνυμι.

Σηκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, ancilla: a maid-servant. Ὅτι τὴν θύραν ἀνέφην ἡ σηκίς λάθρα Vesp. 765. SYN. Θεράπων, ἀμφίπολος, λάτρίς, διάκονος, δούλη.

Σηκίτης, ὡν, ὁ, ἡ, stabulo inclusus: kept in the stall or fold. Ἀρνὰ τῷ σκίταν λάψη Theoc. 1. 10. SYN. Ἰπταλός.

Σηκοκόρος, ὁ, qui hircorum stabula curat: one who attends to goat-stables, goat-herd. p. 224.

Σηκός, οὐ, ὁ, et Σηκωμά, ἄτῶς, τὸ, septum; fanum: an inclosure, fold, den; a temple. Phoen. 1024. Eur. El. 1272. SYN. Ἐπαυλῆς, στάθμος, ποιμήνιον, ναὸς, περίεθλος, στήλη. Er. Βρόμιος, ἀδάτος, ἱερὸς, Λυκαῖος, κατρεφής, ἀγῖος, βάθυσ.

Σημά, ἄτῶς, τὸ, signum; portentum; vexillum; sepulcrum: a sign, device; a portent; a standard; a tomb. Phoen. 1273. SYN. Σημεῖον, ἐπίσημα, τέρας, μνήμα, σύμβολον, τέκμαρ, τὰφος.

Er. Ταυρόπουν, λευκόν, περίτροχον, ἀφίρραδες, ἦλον, κῆκον, μέγα, λύγρον, ἄγαυον, ἐνδύειν, ἐναλοῖον, λιπαρόν, πόλδοτον.

Σημαίνω, ἄνῳ, signo; nuncio; impero: to sign, signify; to announce; to give orders, command. Heracl. 830. SYN. Ἀποσημαίνω, δηλῶ, μνησ, προφαίνω, προστάσσω, ἐπιτάσσω, ἀρχω, δεσπόζω.

Σημαντήρ, ἥρως, et Σημαντῶρ, ὄρος, ὁ, qui signum dat: one who gives a signal, a director. Apoll. 1. 575, 355. SYN. Ἡγέμων, δίδακτωρ, δεσπότης, ποιμήν.

Σημαντήριον, et Σημαντῶν, ὡν, τὸ, sigillum: a seal. Πάντα σημαντήριον Agam. 592. Iph. A. 525. SYN. Σφραγίς, σημεῖον, σφραγιστήριον, σφράγισμα.

Σηματοῦργος, οὐ, ὁ, qui insignia facit: an engraver. Ὁ σηματοῦργος δ' οὐ τίς Sept. Th. 487.

Σημαντῶρ. See Σημαντήρ.

Σημεῖον, et Σημῖον, ὡν, τὸ, signum: a sign, device. Ion 1157. Call. 3. 219. SYN. Σημά, σημαντήριον, σήμαντῶν, τέρας, ἀγαλμά, σφραγίς.

Er. Σαφρότατον, δηλόν.

Σήμερον, et Τήμερον, hodie: to-day. Rhcs. 679. Eq. 68.

Σημήδιον. See Σημεῖον.

Σηπία, as, ἡ, sepiā: a cuttle-fish. Ὡσπερ εἰ τις σηπίας Eccles. 126.

Σηπιάς, ἄδως, ἡ, Sepias: a promontory in Iolchus. Ἐδυνε δὲ Σηπιάς ἀκρα Apoll. 1. 582.

Σήπω, putrefacio: to rot. Ω. 414. SYN. Πό-θω, μωβαίνω.

Σήραγξ, αγγός, ἡ, fissura, antrum: a cleft, cavern. Theoc. 25. 222. SYN. Κοιλὰς, χάσμα, σπείος, σπηλαῖον, ἀντρον, κοιλόν.

Σήσαμον, ὡν, τὸ, sesama: Indian corn. Νέ-μμεσθ' ὅ' ἐν κήποις τὰ λευκά σήσαμα Av. 159.

Σησαμῖος, μοιόντος, ὁ, placenta e sesamo et melle: a cake made of sesame and honey. Thesm. 570. See above. SYN. Πλάκοις, μάζα.

Σηστός, οὐ, ἡ, Sestus. B. 836.

Σθενάρος, ὁ, ὄν, validus: powerful. Μαλλων βράχων σθενάρος ἀσθενὸς μένει Eur. El. 389. SYN. Ἰσχυρός, κράτερος, ἐρισθένης, μέγαλοσθενής, ἐρρωμένος, ῥωμαλέος.

Σθενέλαος, ὡν, ὁ, Sthenclaus. Καὶ β' ἐβᾶλε Σθενέλαον Π. 586.

Σθενέλος, ὡν, ὁ, Sthenelus. Heracl. 362. Er. Περιοιῶν, ἰφίμους, Κάπαρῆος υἱός. Phn. see Apoll. 2. 913.

Σθενεοῖα, as, ἡ, Sthenoea: called also in Homer Antaea, the wife of Proetus king of Argos. Ran. 1049.

Σθενός, εἶος, τὸ, robur: strength. Eur. fr. Androm. 11. SYN. Ἰς, ἀλκή, ισχύς, βία, κράτος, δυνάμεις, ῥώμη. Er. Βράχῳ, μέγα, δεινόν, πῶτον, ἀμαυρόν, ἐπικτόν, εσθλόν, οὐκ ἀλαπτόν, ἀρήϊον, μάλερον, δρασὺ, δεινόν, πικρόν, ἀγναπτόν, βάρῳ, ἀμειγάρτον, ἑλδόν.

Σθενώ, polleo: to be strong or powerful. Iph. T. 912. SYN. Δυνάμει, ισχύει, δυνάμειν s. σθενός ἐχω.

Σιδᾶ, Lacon. pro Σιδᾶ, q. v. Καὶ τὰν σῖαν δ' αὐτὴν κράτιστον Lysist. 1320.

Σιάλος, ὡν, ὁ, porcus saginatus: a fattened hog. Αἰγᾶς ἂν ἐμμένους σιάλους δ' εὐοντάς ἐν αὐτῇ β. 300. Er. Εὐνέωρος, ἑσπέρης, πῶν, ἐντράφης, λιπαρός.

Σιβυλλᾶ, ης, ἡ, Sibylla: the Sibyl. Τὴν Σιβυλλὰν ἐσθίει Pax 1116.

Σιβυλλῶν, Sibyllam ago: to play the Sybil. Ἄδει δὲ χρῆσμοις εἰθ' ὁ γέρων σῖβυλλᾶ Eq. 61. See above.

Σιβυρτίος, ὡν, ὁ, Sibyrtius. Κλεισθένης δ Σιβυρτίον Acharn. 118.

Σιγᾶ, silenter: in silence. Σιγᾶ πᾶς ἐστὼ λῆος Hec. 530.

Σιγαλλεῖς, εὐσᾶ, ἐν, fulgens: resplendent. Ἡνὶα σιγαλλεῖτα A. 128. SYN. Θαύμαστως, λαμπρῶς.

Σιγᾶ, sileo: to be silent. Ἀγαμέμνωνος τοῦν-θενδὲ σιγῶμεν φίλοι Hec. 713. SYN. Σιωπᾶ, ἡσυχάζω, νήμενος ἐστὴν, κατὰσσιγᾶ, ἀφωνός ἐμῖ.

Σιγείων, ὡν, τὸ, Sigeum: a town of the Troad. Philoct. 355. Σι longa est, ut apud Latinos. Fata Phrygum num Sigeis occumbere campis Aen. 7. 294.

Σιγή, ἡς, ἡ, silentium: silence. Οὐ γὰρ τί σιγῇ διέπερασας Ἑλλάδα Eur. Sup. 128. SYN. Σιωπῇ, ἡσυχία. Er. Ἀλγείων, νύπενθος, σὺφῃ, νόημα.

Σιγηλός, Σιωπηλός, ὡν, ὁ, silens: silent. Bacch. 1038. Call. 2. 12. See Σιγῇ and Σιωπῇ. SYN. Σιωπηλός, ἡσυχός, ἡσυχῶς, ἀφωνός, ἀκίων, σιγαλέος.

Σιγητός, α, ὄν, tacendus: must not be mentioned. Helen. 1386. See Σιγᾶ. SYN. Οὐ λεκτός, οὐ διδακτός.

Σιγνῶν, ὡν, ὁ, jaculi genus: a kind of javelin. Hδὲ σιγνῶνους Apoll. 2. 99. In the plural it is also a P. N., a people of European Scythia beyond the Danube. Apoll. 4. 320. SYN. Ἀκόντιον, βελός.

Σιδήρεος, Σιδήρεος, α, ὄν, ferreus: of iron, hard. Ἀμφὶ σιδήρεά ἐργα Apoll. 2. 376. H. 144. SYN. Σιδηρόβριθς, σιδηρίτης, σκληρός, ἀδάμα-ντινός.

Σιδηρίτης, ὡν, ὁ, circa ferrum occupatus: occupied about iron. Nem. 5. 35. Pi longa, ut πλ in Ὀπλίτης. SYN. Σιδηρεὺς, σιδηρουργός, σιδηρότεκτον.

Σιδηρόβριθς, εἶος, ὁ, ἡ, ferro gravis: laden with iron. Σιδηρόβριθς ἐλάει δειλὸν Eur. fr. Meleag. 4. See Σιδηρός.

Σιδηρόβριθς, ὡτός, ὁ, ἡ, ferrum edens: eating

iron. Σιδερόβρωτὶ θηγάω νηκόνῃς Aj. 820. See Σιδῆρος.

Σιδερόκρις, ἥτος, ὁ, ἡ, ferro confectus: despatched by the sword. Σιδερόκριον ἡσυχος θακεῖ πέσων Aj. 325. See below.

Σιδερόμητις, ὁρς, ὁ, ἡ, ferrum produens: mother of iron. Τὴν σιδερόμητιρα P. V. 309.

Σιδερόνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ferrum dirgens: ferro distribuens: directing the sword; distributing by the sword. Καὶ σφέ σιδερόνυμ Sept. Th. 788.

Σιδερόνυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ferreum dorsum habens: iron-backed. Phoen. 1146. See Σιδῆρος.

Σιδερόπληκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a ferro percussus: struck by the sword. Sept. Th. 906. See below.

Σιδῆρος, ου, ὁ, ferrum: gladius; culter: iron; the sword; a knife. Τίμναι σιδήρω πνεύματος διαρρύς Hec. 565. Ep. Κούριος, θηκός, οἶος, στρεπτός, αἰών, μέλας, μελάνδρετος, κρύβεις, πικρός, χρηματίζων, ξένος, πόντιος, ὁλῶς, κρέατος, ἀνδρόφρονος, βασιπτόμενος, καρχαρόδους, δασπλῆς.

Σιδερότεκτον, ὄντος, ferri artifex: a worker in iron. Ol σιδερότεκτονες P. V. 739.

Σιδερόφρων, ὄντος, ferreus animo, immitis: iron-hearted, cruel. Σιδερόφρων ξυνήψε Phoen. 683. See above. SYN. Σκληρός, ἀμείλιχος, σκληροφύχως.

Σιδῶν, ου, τὸ, cortex mali Punici: the rind of a pomegranate. Κάκ τῶν σιδῶν βατράχους ἐπολεῖ πῶς δόκει Nub. 881.

Σιδῶνες, ου, οἱ, Sidones: the inhabitants of Sidon. Πολλὸν ἐπεὶ Σιδῶνες πόλιν ἀβδαλοῖ Ψ. 743.

Σιδωνίος, Σιδωνίως, α, ὄν, et Σιδωνιάς, ἄδς, ἡ, Sidonius: Sidonian. Σιδωνίων βασίλειος ο. 118. Helen. 1530. 1450. Et subst. Σιδωνία, α, Sidonia. Ἡγάγε Σιδωνίηθεν Z. 291.

Σιδῶν, ὄντος, ἡ, Sidon: a celebrated city of Phoenicia. Εὐ μὲν Σιδῶνος πολυχάλοκο εὐχόμεαι εἶναι ο. 424.

Σιδωνιάς, et -ῶς. See above.

Σίζω, strido, sibilo: to crackle, hiss. Acharn. 1158. SYN. Ηχέω, συρίττω, τρίζω, ψιθύριζω.

Σικάνια, ας, ἡ, Sicania: Sicily. See Damm. P. R. Πλάγ' ἀπὸ Σικανίης ω. 306.

Σικελία, ας, ἡ, Sicilia: Sicily. Τῆς καλλι- κάρπου Σικελίας λευρὰς γῆας P. V. 377. Ep. Πόλιν ἡλῶς, πείρα, περίρρητος.

Σικελίτης, ου, ὁ, Sicelides. Σικελίδαν νίκημί τὸν ἐκ Σάμω Theoc. 7. 40. Σι in hac v. et in Σικελίᾳ videtur posse produci per arsin.

Σικελικός, Σικελός, ἡ, ὄν, adj., Siculus: Sicilian. Τὸν Σικελικὸν τίμημα κλωθὸς σόντιος Vesp. 897. Es Σικελὸς πέμψωμεν υ. 383.

Σικιννίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Sicinnis: a dance of satyrs. Ποίμας τί ταῦτά μὲν κρότος σικιννίδων Cycl. 37. Hic tamen locus quantitatem primæ non determinat. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 343.

Σικύς, ου, ὁ, subst., cucumis: a cucumber. Σικύων πρῶτον μήλων βοιῶν Pax 966.

Σικυῶν, ὄντος, ἡ, Sicyon: a city in the Peloponnesus. Εὐ ταυτῷ τὸ μεταξὺ Κόρινθου καὶ Σικυῶνος Av. 968.

Σικχαῖον, odio habeo: to hate. Call. 29. 4. SYN. See Εχθαίρω.

Σιλήνια, ου, αἶ, Silenæ: a shore in Salamis so called. Σιφίλους παρ' ἀκτὰς δεινέται Σιληνίων Pers. 508. Qui tamen locus non determinat primæ quantitatem.

Σίληνος, ου, ὁ, Silenus: the nurse and attendant of Bacchus. Σίληνον ἐν μέσοισι Anacr. 38. 12. Silenum pueri somno videre jacentem Virg. Buc. 6. 14. Ep. Λάχνηεις, λῶσιος, δα- σύρη.

Σίλφιον, ου, τὸ, sylphium, laseptium: a spice. Καὶ τὸ βάττον σίλφιον Plut. 925.

Σιμαῖθα, ης, ἡ, Simaitha. Ἡ βᾶ μὲ Σιμαῖθα τῶσόν ἐρῶσας Theoc. 2. 114.

Σιμελῆσις, α, ὄν, Σιμελῆσις, ἰδός, ἡ, qui ad alveare pertinet: belonging to the hive. Σιμελῆσις ἐργὰ μέλισσάν Apoll. 3. 1035. 1. 880.

Σιμελός, ου, ὁ, alveare: a hive. Hes. Theog. 598. SYN. Σμῆνος.

Σιμοῖς, ἐντός, ὁ, Simois: a river near Troy. Ἡρεῖ δὴ Σιμωντὰ Iph. A. 751. Ep. Καλλίροδος, ὀδός, δεῖος, φρύγιος, Ἰδαῖος.

Σιμωντίς, et contr. Σιμωντίς, ἰδός, ἡ, et Σιμωντίς, α, ὄν, Simoñtis: of the Simois. Androm. 1172. Eur. El. 441. Helen. 250. See above.

Σιμοείσις, ου, ὁ, Simoisius. Ηἰθέον δαλέρην Σιμοείσιον Δ. 474.

Σιμός, ὁ, ὄν, simus; arduus: snub-nosed; lofty. Τοῖς γὰρ σιμοῖς καὶ τοῖς αἰσχροῖς Eccles. 705. Σιμός with perisperm. is a P. N. in Theoc. 14. 53.

Σιμουντίς, et -ῶς. See Σιμωντίς.

Σιμων, ὄντος, ὁ, Simon. Πῶς δὴτ' οὐχὶ Σιμων' ἐνέτηρε Nub. 396.

Σιμώνωρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noxius: hurtful. Anacr. 126. See above. SYN. Σίγης.

Σιωνῶν, ὄντος, ἡ, linteum tenue: fine linen. Antig. 1222.

Σινίπι, ἔως, ἔδς, ἰδός, τὸ, et Σινίπι, ὄντος, τὸ, sinapi: mustard. Ηδὲ σινίπι κάκη πελεοντὰ Nicand. Ther. 878. Εὐκριντὰ σίνηψιν Id. Alex. 533. SYN. Νάπι.

Σινίς, ἰδός, ὁ, Sinis; rapiens: the name of a robber killed by Theseus; plundering. Βῶν σίνιν Ευρύπλοιο Callim. Apoll. 91. Occidit ille Stenis Ovid. M. 7. 440. SYN. (2) Κλέπτης, λῃστής.

Σινῶμαι, Ion. imp. σίνεσκον, Σινῶμαρ, lædo: to hurt. Τὴν δὲ κ' ἀμναίωμ ὅτε μοι σίνεοιτ' ὅ γ' ἐταίρους μ. 114. § 6. Γυνή δὲ σινῶμαρον μένη χαίρει σὺ δ' εἰ Nub. 1065. SYN. See Βλάπτω.

Σινός, ἔδς, τὸ, injuria: injury, loss. Δρῶσι κατεφθαζὸν ἐμπέδον σίνος Agam. 544. SYN. Βλάδω, ζημία, πῆμα, ἀτη. Ep. Λύρην, κρυπτά- διον, ἀλγύνειν, αἰνῶν, ἀργαλῶν, ὀδῶν.

Σίνης, ου, noxius: harmful. T. 165. SYN. Κάκοῦργος, δηλήμων, σινῶμαρ, ἀργαλῶς.

Σιντίες, ου, οἱ, Lemni: the inhabitants of Lemnos. Μέτᾳ Σιντιάς ἀγριδφώνους S. 294. SYN. Λήμνιοι.

Σιντήης, ἰδός, ἡ, Lemnia: an epithet of Lemnos. Σιντήϊδᾳ Λήμνιν ἐναίον Apoll. 4. 1759. Some here read Σιντιάδᾳ: but cf. Apoll. 1. 608.

Σινώπη, ης, ἡ, Sinope. Χθρὸς ἐνθά Σινώπην Apoll. 2. 948.

Σιον, ου, τὸ, sium: water-cresses. Τὰ δὲ τοι οἶα καρπὸν ἐνέικαι Theoc. 5. 125.

Σίος, for δῖος. Τοῖσι γούνι ναὶ τὰ σῖω Lysist.

Σιραῖον, ου, τὸ, defrutum: soddien wine. Ἀντὶ σιραίου μέλιτος σμικρὸν Vesp. 873.

Σισυμβρίον, Σισυμβρόν, ου, τὸ, serpyllum sylvestre: wild thyme. Καὶ μύρτα καὶ μήκωνά

καὶ σισυμβρία Av. 160. Καὶ μὴν καὶ σισυμβρά πέλει μελίγμυτᾳ νοῦσον Nicand. Θ. 896.

Σισύρα, ας, ἡ, sagum pellicium: a goat-skin garment. Ἰνα μὴ ᾿γχέσμαι' ἐς τὴν σισύραν φάη γὰρ ἦν Eccl. 347. SYN. Περὶ ἐλῆμα, ἱμάτιον, διφθέρα.

Σισυφείος, Σισυφίδης, ου, ὁ; Σισυφίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Sisyphus: of Sisyphus. Ἀλλ' οὐτὲ Σισυφείον εἰσὶν πῆτρον Herc. F. 1094. Aj. 190. Ἀπασὰ τὲ Σισυφίς ἀκτὰ Theoc. 22. 158.

Σισυφός, ου, ὁ, Sisyphus. Ἐνθά δὲ Σισυφός ἐσκέν Z. 153. Ep. Αἰδωλότης. P. R. see λ. 596—602.

Σισύμαι, Ion. imp. σισεσκῶμην, pasco: to feed. Ἀπὸ τῆς μάξης ἥς σιτεῖται Eccles. 665. ω. 208. SYN. Βρώσκα, ἔδμαι, εσθίω, βόσκαμαι, διατῶμαι.

Σιτήσις, ἔως, ἡ, nutritio: maintenance. Ran. 776. See above.

Σιτίζω, nutrio: to nourish, to maintain. Κἄθ' ὅσπερ αἶ τίττω γὰρ σιτίσις κῶκος Eq. 716. SYN. Σιτέω, τρέφω, πόλλεω.

Σιτίων, See Σίτος.

Σιτόνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cibum distribuens: one who supplies food. Σιτόνυμον μέλῃος πῶθην ἐλπίδος Philoct. 1091.

Σιτοποιέω, panem conficio: to make bread. Ἡ σιτοποιέον κῶν πέδω κόλτας ἔχων Troad. 496. SYN. Ἀρτοποιέω.

Σιτοποιός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, panem conficiens: making bread. Προσθεῖς ἀνάγκην σιτοποιέον ἐν δόμοις Hec. 362. SYN. Ἀρτοποιός.

Σίτος, ου, ὁ, plur. Σῖτα, ἄν, τὰ, et Σιτίον, ὄν, τὸ, cibus: food, meat. Ἦν οὐτὲ σῖτᾶ διὰ δέρης ἐξέλετο Orest. 41. Στῶς στέναχούσης σιτίων μετρομενῶν Acharn. 522. SYN. Βρώμα, ἄρτος, ἔδωρ, εἶδωρ, ἔδεσμα. Ep. Γλυκέρως, μέλιφρων, πόλιν, κάδαμος, ἀφθόνος, μελίπης, ἐλευθερίως.

Σιτοφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pane victitans: food-eating. Ἀνδρὶ γὰρ σιτοφάγῳ ι. 191.

Σιττά, vox pastorum gregem ad festinandum compellentium: a word employed by shepherds in driving on their flocks. Οὐκ ἀπὸ τὰς κρῶνας σιττ' ἀμνίδες Theoc. 5. 3.

Σιτώνη. See Ἰτών.

Σιφλός, ἡ, ὄν, deformis; mutilus; debilis: deformed; maimed; weak. Τοῦνέκ' ἐπὶ πῶδᾳ σιφλός Apoll. 1. 204. SYN. Ἀμορφός, χῶλός, ἀσθένης.

Σιφλός, mutilo; debilito: to mutilate; to render weak. Θέδς δὲ εἰ σιφλώσει E. 142. SYN. Βλάπτω, ἀφάνίζω, τυφλῶω.

Σιφών, ὄντος, ὁ, fistula: a pipe. Ὡς διὰ μῆκροῦ γὰρ τὸν σιφῶνα τὸν φίλον Cycl. 438.

Σιφωνίζω, elicio: to extract. Ἐπειτὰ σιφονί- ζωμεν τὸν ὀνὸν ἐπιτρίβεις (vers. hipponact.) Theom. 557. SYN. Εξέρνω, ἐφέλκω.

Σιωπάω, sileo: to be silent. Ἦν σιωπάσθαι χρεόν Ion 435. SYN. See Σιγῶω.

Σιωπή, ης, ἡ, silentium: silence. Ἀρκεῖ σιωπὴ γὰρ μάθειν ὁ βούλομαι Herc. F. 1117. SYN. See Σιγή.

Σιωπηλός. See Σιγηλός.

Σκάζω, titubo, vacillo, claudico: to totter, halt, hobble. T. 47.

Σκαῖος, ὁ, ὄν, (1) lævus, stultus: left, foolish; (2) Scævus: Scævan. Ὅσον δ' Ἀπόλλων σκαῖος ἢ τίνας σφόδρ Eur. El. 972. SYN. Λαῖος, ἀπρό- τέρως, ἀνέμωλιος, ἀπόδος, ἀδίκος.

Σκαῖοσύνη, ης, ἡ, et Σκαῖότης, ὄντης, ἡ, stultitia, imperitia: folly, awkwardness. Ζώειν

σκαῖοσύνην E. C. 1213. Antig. 1028. SYN. Μαρία, ἄγριότης, δυσχερεῖα, ἀπειρία.

Σκαῖω, Ion. imp. σκαίρεσκεν, salio: to dance. Apoll. 1. 1135. 4. 1402. SYN. Σκιρτῶω, ἄλλο- μαι, ἀναχέρεω.

Σκαῖως, sinistre, stolidè: unluckily, awkwardly, foolishly. Plut. 60. See Σκαῖος.

Σκαλᾶθρυμάτιον, ου, τὸ, nugæ: trifles. Ὅστις σκαλᾶθρυμάτ' ἀτὰ μικρὰ μανθᾶν Nub. 630.

Σκαλᾶθρυ, fodico: to pierce. Καὶ βούληται σκαλᾶθραι Eccles. 610.

Σκαλέω, Σκάλλω, fodio: to dig. Καὶ σκά- λείοντ' ἀνθρώκας Pax 440. Ψ. 191. SYN. Σκάπτω, ὀρύσσω, κινέω, διαζάω, σκάφωω.

Σκάλλω. See above.

Σκαλμός, οὔ, ὁ, scalmus, paxillus ad quem alligator remus: the peg to which the oar is fastened. Iph. T. 1348.

Σκαλοῦ, ὄπτος, ὁ, talpa: a mole. Acharn. 879. Σκα brevis, ut in σκαλέω.

Σκαμάνδριος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, Scamandrius: of the Scamander, a river in the Troad. Σκαμάνδριος γὰρ τὰσδ' Troad. 1141. See below. Σκαμάνδριος is also a P. N. in Homer, T. 402. E. 49.

Σκαμάνδρος, ου, ὁ, Scamander. Βῶς Σκαμάνδρος δεσπότης κληρονομήων Troad. 29. Ep. Δῖος, δυνίης, ἡδῖος, ἐθρῶς, Βαθύδινος.

Σκαμβωνίδης, ου, ὁ, Scambonides. Φησὶν ὁ Σκαμβωνίδης Vesp. 81.

Σκανδάληθρον, ου, τὸ, decipula: a gin or trap. Σκανδάληθ' ἰστὰς ἐπ' ἄν Acharn. 687. SYN. Ῥόπτρον.

Σκάνδειά, ας, ἡ, Scandia. Σκάνδειαν δ' ἀρὰ δῶκε K. 268.

Σκάνδις, ἰκός, ὁ, scandix, olus quoddam sylvestre: a wild pot-herb. Σκάνδικά μοι δὲς μητρήθεν δεδεγμένους Acharn. 478.

Σκαπᾶνη, ης, ἡ; Σκαφῖον, ου, τὸ, ligo: a spade. Κῶχ' ἔχων σκαπᾶναν τὲ Theoc. 4. 10. Σὺ δὲ κῶχ' ἔχ' σκαφῖον ἀποτέτιλμένω Av. 807. SYN. Δικέλλα.

Σκαπῶν. See Σκηπῶν.

Σκάπτω, ψω, fodio: to dig. Herc. F. 994. SYN. Κάτασκάπτω, σκάλεω, σκάλλω, ὀρύσσω.

Σκαρδάμωσσω, nicto, conniveo: to wink, blink. Οὐ σκαρδάμωσσειν οὐδὲ Cycl. 619. SYN. Μῶω, καμῶω, νυστάζω, βλεφάρω.

Σκαρμός, οὔ, ὁ, pes: a foot. Apoll. 3. 1259. SYN. see Πούς.

Σκαρφή, ης, ἡ, Scarphe: a city in Locris. B. 532.

Σκατῶφάγος, ου, ὁ, merdivorus: dirt-eater. Μᾶ Δ' οὐκ ἔγωγ' ἀλλὰ σκατῶφάγον αἰ τάλαν Plut. 706. See Φάγω.

Σκάφεις, ἔως, ὁ, fossor: a digger. Eur. El. 252. See Σκάφος.

Σκάφη, ης, Σκάφίς, ἰδός, ἡ, scapha, cymba: a tray, bowl. Ὅ τιν' σκάφην λάβων πρῶτον τὰ κηρία Eccles. 742. Γαυλὸς τε σκάφιδες τὲ ι. 223.

Σκάφιν, ου, τὸ, poculum: a cup, bowl. Σὺ δὲ κῶχ' ἔχ' σκάφιν ἀποτέτιλμένω Av. 806. See another sense in Σκαπᾶνη. SYN. Ἐκπαρᾶ, πότηριον.

Σκάφίς. See Σκάφη.

Σκάφος, ἔως, τὸ, aliquid cavatum; alveus; navigium: any thing hollowed out; the hold of a ship; a ship. Μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος Med. 1. SYN. Πλοῖον, κύμης, ναυκληρίον. Ep. Γλαφύρον, δδῶν, πόλυκωπον.

Σκεδᾶω but Σκεδᾶω, f. ὤω et ὠ, Σκεδάννυμι,





near Euboea. Σκυρόν ἑλὼν ἀπείων I. 664. Er. Αργεῖος, πρέμεισά, ἐνάλια.

Σκυρότης, ἡ, ὄν, complanatus: level. Pyth. 5. 124. In Nicand. Θ. 76. Schn. legit Ἥμος ὅταν σκυρότωσι βδεις: Schol. αὐτὶ τοῦ ὀργῶσιν ἡ σκυρότων ἡ ἐκμαίνονται.

Σκυτάλη, ἡς, ἡ; Σκυτάλην et Σκυτάλιον, οὐ, τὸ, lorum; scytale: a thong; a wand, the scytale. Εἴπερ γὰρ χ' αὐτὴ 'στι σκυτάλη Λακωνικὴ Lys. 991. Eccl. 76. Av. 1283. See also Theoc. 17. 31. Syn. Ῥοπαλὼν, βάσδης, ἰμάσθλη.

Σκυτάλιον, et -λόν. See above.

Σκυτεὺς, ἑως, et Σκυτοδότης, οὐ, ὁ, coriarius: a tanner or currier, shoemaker. Σκυτῆς βάλανθης ἀλφίταιμοισι Av. 491. H. 221. Syn. Βυροδότης.

Σκυτίνος, ἡ, ὄν, coriaceus: leathern. Ἄμαξιπας τε σκυτίνας εἰργάζετο Nub. 870. Syn. Δερμάτινός.

Σκυτός, ἑὸς, τὸ, cutis, corium: a hide. Ἦν τὸτ' ἐν τοῖς σκυτίσιν Pax 669. Syn. Δέρμα, βύρσα, δόρα.

Σκυτομέω, et Σκυλόδεψω, coriarius sum: to be a tanner, leather-cutter, or shoemaker. Ἦ σκυτομέω ἡ σκυλόδεω Plut. 514.

Σκυτομίκος, ἡ, ὄν, ad artem sutoriam pertinsens: of a shoemaker or cobbler. Τὸ σκυτομίκον πλῆθος οἱ δ' ἐκ τῶν ἄγρῶν Eccles. 432.

Σκυτοδότης. See Σκυτεὺς.

Σκυφός, οὐ, ὁ, et ἑὸς, τὸ, poculum: a bowl, a cup. Οὐτός ἀντ' οἴνου σκύφον Cycl. 256. 389. Syn. Δεπὰς, κυστέριον, πότηριον, κύπελλον. Er. Κισσινόν, χρυσόδεκτον, ἀργυρεόν, ευρὺ, δόρα-τέον.

Σκαλέη, ἡκός, ὁ, vermis: a worm. Vesp. 1101.

Σκάλός, οὐ, ὁ, palus aridus: a dry stake. N. 564.

Σκαμμά, ἄτος, et dimin. Σκαμματίων, οὐ, τὸ, vituperium: a banter, jeer. Plut. 316. Vesp. 1280. Syn. Παῖδια, λοιδορία, γέλοισιν, βομολοχία.

Σκαμπόλης, οὐ, ὁ, vituperator: a banterer, jester. Vesp. 788. Syn. Λοιδόρος, γέλοιαστής, βομολοχός.

Σκάπτω, vitupero: to banter, disparage. Nub. 992. Syn. Κατάγελω, λοιδορέω, ληρέω, ἐρεσχέτω.

Σκάω, gen. σκάως, τὸ, merda: ordure. Ran. 146. See Σκατόφαγος. Syn. Κόπρος, βόρβορος.

Σκαράμης, ἰδός, ἡ, sella familiaris: a close-stool. Σκαράμης καμφορικὴ Eccles. 371. Syn. Λισάνων.

Σκῶψ, ὠπός, ὁ, avis inauspicata ex genere nocturnarum: a kind of owl. Theoc. 1. 36. Syn. Γλαῦξ.

Σμαράγγεω, et Σμαράγγω, resono: to roar. Ἄπ' οὐρανὸν σμαράγγησιν Φ. 199. Hes. Theog. 693. Syn. Ηχέω, φθέρωμαι, ψόφω.

Σμάμαι, et Σμήχω, detergo: to wipe. Πέγηται λίπαρον σμασάμενα πλόκαμον Call. 5. 32. Pax 1307. Syn. Τρίβω, ἀποσμήχω, ἀπομάσσω, καθαίρω, ὑμῶννυμι.

Σμερδαλέος, et Σμερδνός, ἡ, ὄν, terrificus: terrible. Σμερδαλέη κεφάλῃ μ. 91. O. 687. Syn. Φοβερός, φρικώδης, δεινός.

Σμηρός, ἑὸς, τὸ, examen: a swarm. Nub. 297. Syn. Σιμέλος, ἐσμός.

Σμήχω. See Σμάμαι.

Σμυρός. See Μυρός. Κίρκων δ' τε σμυρῆσσι φόνον P. 757.

Σμίλαξ, ἄκός, ἡ, smilax, taxus: a herb called bindweed. Στεφάνου δρύος τε σμιλάκος τ' ἀνθεσφόρου Bacch. 692. "Utroque modo scribitur σμίλαξ et μίλαξ, ut σμάραγδος et μάραγδος." Barnes. Er. Χλιδήρα, καλλικαρπός, πόλινφυλλός.

Σμίλευμα, ἄτος, τὸ, ramentum: a paring. Σχινδάλωμιν τε παράξνια σμιλεύματα τ' ἔργων Ran. 819.

Σμίλη, ἡς, ἡ, scalprum: a graver, pen-knife. Thesm. 779. See above. Syn. Γλυφάνος.

Σμινθεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, epith. Apollinis (vid. Damm. in P. N.): a name of Apollo. A. 39.

Σμιντή, ἡς, ἡ, ligo: a spade. Παλὼ γαυλὼν κτῶμαι σμιντήν Av. 602. Syn. Δίκελλά, ἀξίνη, σκάφεϊον.

Σμινθέρς, ἂ, ὄν, patiens, ærummosus: enduring, calamitous. Μετὰ δὲ σμινθέρτατοι ἀνδρῶν Apoll. 2. 374. Syn. Μυγέρς.

Σμινθέρς, ærummosus: wretchedly. Ἄτην οὐ σμινθέρως δεινὸν Apoll. 4. 381.

Σμύρνα, ἡς, ἡ, myrrha: myrrh, frankincense. Ion 1175. This word is also a P. N., a city of Ionia, in Asia Minor. Hom. Hymn. 8. 4. Er. Αἰθέρια, εὐόης, Ἀσσυρία.

Σμύχω, ἑω, a. 2. ἐσμύχων, attero: to waste away. Κῆρ ἀχέει σμύχουσα Apoll. 3. 446. Syn. Ἀποσμήχω, ἀναλίσκω, τρύχω, διαφθείρω, καίω.

Σμώδις, ἡ, vix: a weal. B. 267. Syn. Κονδύλη, μάλωψ, τύλη.

Σωβάρς, ἂ, ὄν, tetricus, durus: sullen, stern, severe. Ὅς σωβάρς ὦ Δάματρί εισέληλυθεν Plut. 872. Syn. Ἰπέρφάνος, χάλειπός, αὐθάδης.

Σωβάρς, tetricus: sullenly. Pax 83. See above. Syn. Ἰπέρφάνος, δεινός.

Σβεῖω, expello: to drive away, move. Acharn. 211. Syn. Ἀποσβεῖω, κινέω, ὀρῶμαι, ὠθέω, ἀπ-ελαίνω, πτώω.

Σόλοι, ὠν, οἱ, Soli: a town in Cyprus. Pers. 892.

Σόλος, οὐ, ὁ, discus ferreus: an iron quoit. Ψ. 839. Syn. See Δίσκος. Er. Αυτὸχώνος, εὐδινήτος.

Σόλυμοι, ὠν, οἱ, Solymi: a nation bordering upon Lycia. Τηλδοὺν ἐκ Σόλυμων ὄρεων ε. 283. Er. Κυδάλιοι.

Σόλων, ὠνός, ὁ, Solon: the Athenian law-giver. Av. 1660. Er. Πάλαϊος, φιλόδημος.

Σόμαι, festino: to hasten. Σοῦσθ' νῦν ὦ ξανθαί Call. 5. 4. Syn. Ὀρῶμαι, σπεύδω.

Σός, Σῶς, et Σῶς, οὐ, ὁ, salvus: safe. A. 344. Μὴ μ' ἐρεθίσῃ σῶωτέρος A. 32. Hec. 980. Syn. Ἰγίης, ἀκίραως, ἑσθλός.

Σορόπηγος, οὐ, ὁ, sandapillarum fabricator: a coffin-maker. Nub. 844.

Σορός, οὐ, ἡ, sandapila: a coffin, bier, tomb. Vesp. 1365. Syn. Φερέτρον, δέκηκ, τάφος, μνήμα. Er. Λιθίνη, ἐγγυαλός.

Σός, et Τεός, ἡ, ὄν, tuus: thine. Hec. 251. Heracl. 911.

Σουνιάρατος, οὐ, ὁ, Sunii adoratus: prayed to at Sunium. Eq. 560. See below, and Κατάρατος.

Σουνιέρακος, οὐ, ὁ, qui velut accipiter Sunium defendit: one who like a hawk protects Sunium. Ὁ Σουνιέρακ' χαίρ' ἀναξ Πέλαργικέ Av. 868. See Ἰεράς, ἄκός.

Σουνιον, οὐ, τὸ, Sunium: a town and promontory in Attica. Κεθυμῶνές ἡ τὲ Σουνίω Cycl. 293.

Σοῦσα, ὠν, τὰ, Susa: one of the chief cities of Persia. Pers. 16.

Σουσίγηνς, ἑὸς, ὁ, ἡ, Susis genitus: born at Susa. Περσῶν Σουσίγηνς Δεῖον Pers. 649.

Σουσίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Susis: a country in Asia, the capital of which was Susa. Pers. 124.

Σόφια, ἂς, ἡ, sapientia: wisdom, philosophy. Εἰ εἰδὴ σοφίης O. 412. Syn. Φρόνησις, ἐμπειρία, νοῦς, ἐπιστήμη, εὐβουλία. Er. Κλεινότητης, ἀγνή, διὰ, ἐράτη, ἱερά, αμειρόσια.

Σοφίω, Σοφίζωμαι, sapientem reddo; sapiens, peritus sum; comminiscor: to render wise; to be wise, clever; to contrive. Bacch. 196. Syn. Τεχνάζωμαι, λόγοις ἀπάτω.

Σοφισμὰ, ἄτος, τὸ, commentum: a contrivance, device. Bacch. 30. Syn. Πλάσμα, εὐθύμημα, διδαγμα, ἀπάτη. Er. Θεοσάλην, κᾶκον, κομψόν, δολιόν.

Σοφιστής, οὐ, ὁ, sophista, doctus artifex: a sophist, clever contriver. Heracl. 993.

Σοφός, compar. σοφώτερος, superl. σοφώτατος, ἡ, ὄν, sapiens: wise. Eur. Sup. 1063. Syn. Σύνετος, ἐμψρον, πεπαιδευμένος, ἐννός.

Σοφόκλης, contr. Σοφκλῆς, ἑὸς, ὁ, Sophocles: a celebrated tragic poet. Οὐ καὶ Σοφόκλης ἀντελάβετο τοῦ δρῶνου Ran. 786. 1512.

Σοφῶς, sapienter: wisely. Alcest. 715.

Σπάβω, texo; profuse insumo (vid. Brunck. in l. c.); comminiscor: to weave; to spend lavishly; to contrive. Ὡ γίνοιαι λίαν σπάβῃς Nub. 55. Syn. Ὑφαίνω, βάπτω, δαπάνω, ἀναλίσκω.

Σπάθη, ἡς, ἡ, radius textorius: a shuttle. Choeph. 226. See above.

Σπαίρω, palpo: to quiver. Apoll. 4. 874. Syn. Ασπαίρω, πάλλωμαι, ἑλλώμαι.

Σπᾶνίζω, penuria laboro: to suffer from poverty. Ολβίαις σπᾶνίζομεν Helen. 1259. Syn. Δέομαι, ἀπὸρεω.

Σπᾶνός, Σπαρνός, ἡ, ὄν, rarus: rare, scarce. Πηκτοῦ γάλακτος τ' οὐ σπᾶνία τυρεύματα Cycl. 190. Alcest. 489. Call. 3. 19. Syn. see Ἀραιός.

Σπᾶνός, ἑως, ἡ, penuria: poverty, want. Οὐ σπᾶνις γυναικ' ἔχεν Iph. A. 1163. Syn. Ἐνδεῖα, ἀπὸρία.

Σπᾶνιστός, ἡ, ὄν, inops: poor. Τὴν νῦν σπᾶνιστοῖς δέξεται δαρήμασι CE. C. 4. Syn. Εὐτέλης, σπᾶνός, μικρός, ἐλλείψης.

Σπᾶραγμα, ἄτος, τὸ; Σπᾶραγμός, οὐ, ὁ, laceratio: a rending. Androm. 818. Bacch. 724. See below. Syn. Ἀμυγμὰ, διάρρηξις, ἀνσχίσις.

Σπᾶράσσω, lacero: to tear. Εσπᾶράξ' ἀπ' οστέων Med. 1214. Syn. Ἀμύσσω, διασπᾶω, κάτασπᾶράσσω, κατάρρηγνυμι, λᾶκίζω, ἀνασχίζω.

Σπαργάνίζω, Σπαργάνω, et Σπάργω, fasciis involvo: to wrap in swaddling-clothes. Τῷ δὲ σπαργάνισσά μ' ἐγὼν λίθον Hes. Theog. 485. Ion 955. Hom. Apoll. 121. Syn. Δέω.

Σπαργάνιστος, οὐ, ὁ, fasciatus: bandaged, swaddled. Θάφει σπαργάνιστ' Διός Hom. Merc. 301.

Σπαργάνων, οὐ, τὸ, fascia: swaddling-clothes. Σπαργάνοισι δ' οἷς ἔχει Ion 32. Syn. Ταῖνια, ἐλᾶμων, δεσμός.

Σπαργάνω. See Σπαργάνίζω.

Σπαργᾶω, tumeo: to swell. Cycl. 55. Syn. Ἀροῖδω, οἰδαίνω, ἀνέω, ὀργᾶω, ογκόδομαι.

Σπάργω. See Σπαργάνίζω.

Σπαρνός. See Σπᾶνός.

Σπάρτη, ἡς, antiq. θῆν, ἡ, Sparta: the capital of Laconia. Orest. 65. Er. Εὐρεῖα, καλλιγύναις, ευρυχόρης, κυδιανειρά, κρατέρρα.

Σπαρτιάτης, οὐ, ὁ; Σπαρτιάτης, ἰδός, ἡ, Spartanus: Spartan. Τοῖς Σπαρτιάταις δέξαι Androm. 723. Helen. 115.

Σπαρτίων. See Σπάρτιον.

Σπαρτοί, ὠν, οἱ, Sparti, quos e draconis dentibus a Cadmo in terram satis ortos fingebant: an epithet of a particular family in Thebes, fabled to have sprung from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus. Sept. Th. 403. Er. Γηγῆνης.

Σπάρτιον, dimin. Σπαρτίον, οὐ, τὸ, funis, vel, ut Salmasio placet, "non rudens, sed funiculi vel lora quibus naves consuebantur" (vid. et Varr. ap. Gellium, lib. 17. c. 3.): a rope, string. B. 135. Σπαρτίοις προτημένῃν Pax 1247. Syn. Κᾶλως, μήρινθος, σχοινός, σχοινίον.

Σπασμός, οὐ, ὁ, convulsio, tentigo: a convulsion, irritation. Lysist. 845.

Σπᾶτλη, ἡς, ἡ, stercus humanum liquidum (vid. Suidam in v.): human excrement. Ὅς κενὸς ἀναΐδως τὴν σπᾶτλην ἤσθιεν Pax 48. Syn. Κόπρος.

Σπᾶω, f. ἄσω, traho: to draw, tear away. Τόνδ' ὑπὸ πτέρων σπᾶσας Orest. 1461. Syn. Ἀποσπᾶω, διασπᾶω, ἔλκω, σύρω, σπᾶράσσω.

Σπείδς. See Σπείδς.

Σπείρα, ἂς, ἡ; Σπείραμα, et Σπείρημα, ἄτος, τὸ, spira: a coil, fold. Σπείρας ἐσωξέ Med. 481. Choeph. 242. (Pa longa, ut penult. in δέσμα, &c. a perf. pass. σπειράω, δέσσω, &c.) Nicand. A. 417. Er. Δικτυόκλωστός, βέελα.

Σπείρον, οὐ, τὸ, velamen; velum: a covering, garment; a sail. ε. 318. Syn. Ἰμάτιον, στέγασμα, βᾶκός, φᾶρος.

Σπείρω, f. ἐρώ, et Σπείρωμαι, scro, spargo, genero: to sow, plant, spread, beget. Phoen. 18. See also Hes. Op. 2. 363. Syn. Φυτεύω, γεννᾶω.

Σπείλῃος, et Πελῃός, οὐ, ὁ, merda: dung. Καὶ τῶν σπείλῃων κοινωνοῦμεν Eccles. 596. Acharn. 1169.

Σπένδω, Ion. imp. σπένδουσιν, f. σπέσω, libo: to pour a libation. Bacch. 309. Π. 227. Syn. Ἀποσπένδω.

Σπείς, ποῖτ. Σπείος et Σπῆος, ἑὸς, τὸ, et Σπήλυξ, υγρός, ἡ, spelunca: a cave. Δ. 279. ε. 194. π. 232. Σ. 402. Syn. Σπήλαιον, ἀντρον, κοιλωμά, φαλέος, κοιλᾶς. Er. Αργυφεύον, γλαφύρον, ἡρώειδές, κἀντρεφές, στένον, ἐλῆλδον, βάθω, ἀφεγγές, κοῖλον, ρυτίον.

Σπέρμα, ἄτος, τὸ, semen, genus: seed, origin, race. Orest. 546. Syn. Σπῆρος, γόνος, γυνή. Er. Πόλυμνηστον, πόλυνῆμον, ἀχάριστον, μαντικόν, δῆλδ, γενναῖον, δύστηνον.

Σπέρμαλω. See Σπέρμα.

Σπερμολόγος, οὐ, ὁ, qui semina legit, scurra: a seed-pecker, a jester. Av. 580.

Σπερχεῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Sperchius: a river in Thes-saly. Pers. 493. Er. Διππέτης, ἄκαμας.

Σπέρχης, ἰδός, ὁ, Sperchis. Theoc. 15. 98.

Σπερχνός, ἡ, ὄν, celer: quick, hastening. Sept. Th. 271. Syn. Ὀκτός, τάχος, ἐπισπερχής, ευπέτης, ἐλαφρός.

Σπέρχω, vehementer cupio; festino: to desire eagerly; to hasten on. γ. 283. Syn. Ἐπισπέρχω, ἐπείλω, σπείδω, ἐπισπείδω.

Σπείδω, σω, festino, urgeo: to hasten, urge on. Heracl. 735. Syn. Κατασπείδω, τάχυνω, ἐπείλω, σπέρχωμαι, ἐρεθίζω, παφάσσω.

Σπήλυξ, et Σπῆος. See Σπείδς.

Σπῆλας, ἄδός, ἡ, petra ad mare vel in mari sita: a rock in or on the sea. Προβλήτης ἔσαν D d 2

σπίλαδες τὲ ε. 405. SYN. Πέτρα, ἀπορρώξ. EP. Σκληρὰ, γλαφύρα, οἰεῖα, τρηχεῖα.

Σπινθήρ, ἥρος, δ, Σπινθῆρις, ἴδος, et Σπινθῆρις, ἥρος, δ, scintilla: a spark. Pax 609. Σπινθῆρις πωτῶντὸ Hom. Apoll. 442. Σπινθῆρις πύρος Apoll. R. 4. 1544. SYN. Μαυρῶντι. EP. Λαμπρός, βλυστός, πορφύρεος, αἰθαλόεις.

Σπινός, ου, δ, linaria viridis: a bird called a siskin. Την κίχλην καὶ τὸ σπῖνω Pax 1149. Σπλαγχνέω, extorum particeps sum: to feed upon entrails. Av. 984.

Σπλάγχυν, ου, τὸ, viscera, cor: bowels, heart, disposition. Med. 222. SYN. Ἐγκάτ᾽, κέαρ, ἥθος.

Σπλήν, ἥνός, δ, splen: the spleen. Thesm.

3. Σπογγία, ας, ἡ, Σπογγίον, ου, τὸ, et Σπόγγος, ου, δ, spongia: a sponge. Σπογγίαν ἤτησά σε Ran. 487. Acharn. 462. Vesp. 598.

Σπογγίζω, f. ἰω, abstergo: to wipe away. Thesm. 247. SYN. Ἀπομάσσω, ἀποψάω, ἀποσμάω.

Σπογγίζω et Σπόγγος. See Σπογγία. Σπῶδω, in pulverem dejicio; pulso: to cast into the dust; to beat. Agam. 653. SYN. Κόινω, παῖω.

Σποδιά, ἄς, et Σπῶδός, ου, ἡ, cinis: dust, ashes. 'Ὅς δ' οἱ τὶς δαλὼν σποδίῳ ἐνέκρυψέ ε. 488. Eur. Sup. 836. SYN. Κόινω. EP. Ψάφάρα.

Σποδίζω, in pulverem redigo: to reduce to ashes. Vesp. 328. SYN. Εκκαίω.

Σποδός. See Σποδιά. Σπολάς, ἄδός, ἡ, vestis coriacea: a leathern garment. Ἐχέ την σπολάδα πάντας δ' ἐμοὶ μεγάλων δοκεῖς Av. 935. SYN. Σάγος, διφθέρα.

Σπονδή, ἥς, ἡ, libatio, inducia: a libation, treaty, truce. Phoen. 95. SYN. Χόη, δύσσια, ευχή. EP. Ἀκρητός, νεκτάρεια.

Σπονδοφόρος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui libationes offert vel inducias fert, fectalis: libation-offering, truce-bearing. Acharn. 216.

Σπόρα, ἄς, ἡ, et Σπόρος, ου, δ, semen, progenies, sexus: seed, production, sex. Hec. 653. Theoc. 16. 94. SYN. Γόνος, γόνη, σπέρμα.

Σπράς, ἄδός, ἡ, sparsus: scattered. Ἡ νησιώτην σπυράδα κέκτηνται βίον Rhos. 697.

Σποργίλος, ου, δ, Sporgilus. Οὐ γὰρ ἐστὶ Σποργίλος Aves 300.

Σπρίμος, ου, δ, ἡ, sativus: fit for sowing. Φαινόμενος σπυρίμιος Theoc. 25. 219.

Σπῶρος. See Σπόρα.

Σπουδάω, ἄω, festino; studeo: to hasten; to be anxious. Hec. 805. SYN. Ἐπιτηδεύω, μέλειμαι, προθυμῶμαι, σπεύδω, σπουδὴν ἔχω, τίθεμαι.

Σπουδαῖος, α, ὄν, studiosus, anxius, serius; probus: zealous, industrious, anxious, serious; good. Lysist. 96. SYN. Ἐπίμελῃς, προθυμὸς, σπερχυμὸς, χρηστός, σόφος, ἀγαθός.

Σπουδαρχίδης, ου, δ, magistratus ambiens: anxious for offices of state. Χρηστός ου σπουδαρχίδης Acharn. 595.

Σπουδαστὴς, α, ὄν, studendus: must be diligently attended to. Iph. A. 902.

Σπουδή, ἥς, ἡ, festinatio, studium: haste, zeal. Hec. 129. SYN. Τάχος, προθυμία, ἐπιθυμία, ἐπίμελεια, ἀρετή.

Σπύρις, ἴδος, ἡ, et dimin. Σπυρίδιον, ου, τὸ, sporta, corbis: a basket. Καλὸν σπυρίδιον ἐλθεῖν σπυρίδας Pax 1005. Δός μοι σπυρίδιον διὰ κέ-

καυμένον λῶχνον Acharn. 428. SYN. Κόφινός, κινέον, τάλανός.

Στάγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, Στάγων, ὄνός, Στάξ, ἄτος, ἡ, Στάλαγμός, ου, δ, et Στάλαγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, gutta: a drop. Pers. 618. Νίφαιτὸ δ' αἶμα στάγδονά δ' ἐκ παρήνων Bacch. 756. Apoll. 4. 626. Antig. 1239. Φύνον στάλαγμα ὅν κατέσταζον γένυν Hec. 241. SYN. Λίβας, βῆλαμγξ, ψεκός. EP. Δρόσέρων, ὕγρον, αἰματήρων, ὑδρῶν, χλωρῶν, νότιον, ὑγρόειλον.

Στάδαῖος, Στάδιος, et Στάτος, ἡ, ὄν, statarius: standing, erect. Ἐγχε στάδαῖα καὶ φέρας πιδες σάγαλ Pers. 245. Καὶ ἐν στάδῳ ὅμιλον N. 314. 'Ὅς δ' οἱ τὶς στατὸς ἴππος Z. 506. SYN. Ἐδραῖος, βέβαιος, ὀρθίος.

Στάδιονδράμειναι, stadio contendere: to strive in the course. Herc. F. 859. See below, and Δράμειναι.

Στάδιον, ου, τὸ, stadium; curriculum: a distance of 600 Greek feet, or about 200 yards; a course. Ὅδου περίελεῖν στάδια πλεῖν ἢ χίλια Aves 6.

Στάδιος. See Στάδαῖος.

Στάζω, ῶ, Στάδω, Στάλασσω, stillo: to drop. Θύρων γλακίαι μελῖτος ἑσταζον βῆαι Bacch. 706. Στάλας Schaf. in Steph. ed. Val. piana citat ex Jacobs. Anthol. 9. 185. Στάλασσω invenias in Phoen. 1403. Vide Στάλαγμός in, Στάγμα. SYN. Ἀποστάζω, κατὰσταζω, ψεκός, λείω, βέω.

Στάθευτός, ἡ, ὄν, adustus: parched. Ὅφει στάθευτος δ' ἡλιου φοβέη φλογί P. V. 22. SYN. Φλογίζομαι.

Στάθω, torreo: to parch, burn. Lysist. 378. See above. SYN. Οπτάω, δάλλω, αὐθόσω.

Στάθμω, metior, conicio: to measure, conjecture. Πλεθρον στάθμῃσας μήκος εἰς ἐγγάνιον Ion 1137. SYN. Εξέτάζω, εἰκάω, στέχάζω, ἐπὶ τῷ πῶ, τεκμαίρομαι, δοξάζω.

Στάθμη, ἡς, ἡ, regula: a rule, a measure. Ion 1514. See above. SYN. Κῶνω, λάβῃ.

Στάθμός, ου, δ, plur. Στάθμοι, et Στάθμα, stabulum; postis; libra, pondus: a stall, a fold; a door-post; a pound, a weight. Μάλιστὰ μύριον γέ δους χρυσὸν στάθμῳ Bacch. 800. SYN. Αὐλῖς, ἐπαυλῖς, πάραστᾶς, ὄγδος, τάλαντον. EP. Ἀργυρεὺς, ποιμνῆϊς, οἰκόπλός, ἀκρός, μυρίος, κοῖλος, οὐκείος, περίμηνος.

Στακτός, ἡ, ὄν, stillans, liquidus: dropping, liquid. Plut. 529. SYN. Ὑγρός, χυτός.

Στάλαγμα, et Στάλαγμός. See Στάγμα.

Στάλασσω, et Στάλαω. See Στάζω.

Στάλις, ἡ, ὄν, paxillus quo sustentantur retia: a peg supporting nets. Ἀμπαῖον στάλικες Theoc. Ep. 3. 4. SYN. Ἰκρίδιον, πῶσσάλος.

Στάμιν, ἴδος, ἡ, statumen: a rib in a ship. Ἀράρων δάμεισι στάμινεσσιν ε. 252.

Σταμνίον, ου, τό; Σταμνός, ου, δ, ἡ, urna, urceolus: an urn, pitcher. Φερέτω κῆλκ᾽ ἐν δόδον καὶ σταμνίον Lysist. 199. Plut. 545. SYN. Κάλκῆς, κέρως, ἀμφόρεως.

Στάξ, See Στάγμα.

Στάσιζω, f. ἰαω, seditio, seditio: to excite sedition, to be factious, to quarrel. Lysist. 768. See below. SYN. Διαστάτω, διίσταμαι, διχοστατῶ, ἐρίζω, ἀναινέω, νέωτέρω.

Στάσιάρχος, ου, δ, auctor seditio: a sedition princeps: an author of sedition; the head of a party. Καλὸν στάσιάρχος τὰδε πεσσόντων Aesch. Sup. 13.

Στάσις, ἔως, ἡ, factio, seditio; status: a fac-

tion, sedition; a state or condition. Androm. 475. See above. SYN. Διχοστάσια, κατὰστημά, δόρεθός, πᾶρξχ.

Στάσιον, ου, τὸ, caula montana (H. Steph. Vide tamen notas virorum eruditiorum in l. citato): a mountain fold or den. Μηλοδότα στάσιων Cycl. 53. EXP. Στάθμῳ δρεῖν.

Στάτηρ, ἥρος, δ, stater: a silver or gold coin, in silver worth about half a crown, in gold 13 shillings. Καλὸν τούτῳ πλεῖν ἢ μυρίων ἐστὶ δέλιον στάτηρων (vers. hipponact.) Nub. 1041. SYN. Τετραδραχμός.

Στάτιζω, sisto; sto: to place; to stand. Δμωαὶ στάτιζον ἄς ἐπερὶ ἐμὸς πᾶτηρ Eur. El. 316. SYN. Ἰστημι, πᾶρσστημι.

Στάτος. See Στάδαῖος. Ὅτε τις στατὸς ἴππος Z. 506.

Σταυρός, ου, δ, vallis: a stake. Ω. 453. SYN. Σκόλοψ.

Στάφῖς, ἴδός, ἡ, uva passa: a raisin. Ἀ σταφύλις σταφῖς ἐστὶ Theoc. 27. 9.

Στάφυλη, ἡς, Σταφύλις, ἴδός, ἡ, uva: a grape. Ἀνὰ σταφύλια παντοῖα ἐσίν ω. 342. Theoc. 27. 9. SYN. Βῆτρος. EP. Βακχίς, ἀμπελῶσος, πῶν.

Στάφυλη, ἡς, perpendicularum architectonicum: a plummet. Στάφυλη ἐπὶ νῶτον ἔσας B. 765.

Σταφύλις. See Σταφύλη.

Στάχυς, ὄδός, δ, spica, seges: an ear of corn, a crop. Σπαρτὼν στάχυς ἐλαστέν Herc. F. 5. SYN. Λήϊον. EP. Χρυσόστηλῆς, γηγενής, πύριμος, πολυμέτρος, ἀγλάος.

Στέαρ, ἄτος, τὸ, sebum, adeps crassus et densus: suet. Ἐκ δὲ στέατος (here scanned as a trochee) ἐνεκὲ μέγαν τρῶχον φ. 178. Draco, Strat. p. 40. asserts that a was long with the Attic, short in the Epic writers. SYN. Πιμέλη, λίπος.

Στέγας. See Στέγω.

Στέγανός, Στέγνός, ἡ, ὄν, opertus, tectus: covered, reserved. Λευκῆς χιθῶνος πτέρυγι στέγανός Antig. 114. Cycl. 323. SYN. Κατηρέφης, συνέχης, σιωπηλός.

Στέγαστρον. See Στέγη.

Στέγη, ἡς, ἡ; Στέγος, ἔδός, et Στέγαστρον, ου, τὸ, tectum; domus: a covering; a house. Hipp. 470. Pers. 146. Choeph. 971. EP. Πάνδημος, ἀξένος, νυμφιδίος, τύραννις, πορφύρεντις, ἀκλήσιτος.

Στεγνός. See Στέγανός.

Στέγος. See Στέγη.

Στέγω, Στέγας, tego: to cover, protect. Hipp. 845. Soph. El. 781. SYN. Κάλυπτα, κατὰσταγάζω, ἀμύνω.

Στείβω, calco: to tread upon. Helen. 868. SYN. Πάτω, περιβάλλω, ἐπεμβαίω.

Στειλεῖ, et Στειλεῖν. See Στέλῃ.

Στεινός, Ion. pro Στενός, q. v.

Στενός, ἔδός, τὸ, angustia; angustus locus: narrowness; a narrow place. Ψ. 419.

Στεῖνω, in arctum cogo, oppello; med. suspiro: to crowd, cram; midd. to sigh. Ξ. 34. Hes. Theog. 160.

Στείνωπος, Ion. pro Στενωπος, q. v.

Στείρα, ας, αὐτ. Ion. Στείρη, ἡς, ἡ, carina navis; juvenca quo nunquam peperit: the keel of a ship; a steer. B. 428. λ. 30.

Στειπτός, Στιπτός, ἡ, ὄν, calcatus: trodden. Philoct. 33. Acharn. 180.

Στείρος, Στερίφός, ἡ, ὄν, sterilis: barren. κ.

522. Στερίφῃ γὰρ εἰμὶ κοῖνῃ ἐκείνῳ πῶντ' ἑ Theom. 648. SYN. Ἀγνός, ἀπόκος, ἀκαρπός.

Στείχω, Στῖχω, ordine incedo, vado: to march in order, to go. Med. 973. Βάδεις ἐοτίχωντο B. 92. SYN. Βάδις, πορεύομαι, ὑπὸχωρεύω, ἐρχομαι.

Στέλῃ, Ion. Στειλεῖ, ἡς, ἡ; Στειλεῖν, οὐ, τὸ, manubrium: a socket, handle. Ἀδῖς ἐπὶ στέλῃ Apoll. 4. 957. φ. 422. ε. 236. SYN. Λάβῃ, ἀφή, κόπη.

Στέλεχος, ἔδός, τὸ, stipes, caudex: the stump or stem of a tree. Lysist. 336. SYN. Ρίξ, κορμός, κλάδος.

Στέλλω, ἔλω, instruo: to arrange, adorn, prepare for. Iph. T. 70. SYN. Ἀναστella, συστέλλω, σπῶλίζω, σκευάζω, πάρασκευάζω, περιβάλλω, κοσμέω, πέριστέλλω.

Στέμμα, ἄτος, τὸ, corona: a garland. Ion 480. SYN. see Στέφανός.

Στεμμάτω. See Στέγω.

Στεμφύλα, τὰ, fraces, olivarum vel uvarum pressurarum reliquie: the remains of olives or grapes pressed. Βρίων μελίτταις καὶ πρὸδῶτοις καὶ στεμφύλοις Nub. 45. SYN. Βριτῆ, τῆ.

Στέναγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, Στέναγμός, ου, δ, et Στέναχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, gemitus: a groan. Heracl. 479. Phoen. 1054. Πάτροκλον τῶν δὲ στενάχῃ φ. 512. SYN. Σπῶνος, οἰωγῇ, ὀδύρροπος. EP. Ἡδὺ. PHR. Πένθιμος στεναγμάτων εἰσβολή.

Στέναξ. See Στένω.

Στένακτός, α, ὄν, ingemiscendus: must be lamented. Eur. Sup. 301.

Στένακτός, ἡ, ὄν, gemens; gemendus: lamenting; to be lamented, mournful. Herc. F. 909. SYN. Γόρος, ἀξιοθρήνος, στενακτεῖς.

Στέναχίζω, et Στέναχαι. See Στένω.

Στένωκάνκτος, ου, δ, ἡ, lamentum ciens: causing bitter groans. Lysist. 449. See Κανκτός.

Στένωλεσχέω, de rebus male subtilibus garrio: to chatter ignorantly about subtleties. Nub. 319. SYN. Λεπτολόγῃ, στωμίλλω.

Στενόπορος, ου, δ, ἡ, arctum fretum habens: having a narrow channel. Iph. A. 167.

Στενόπῶρος, Ion. Στενωπῶρος, ου, δ, ἡ, angustus meatus habens: having a narrow passage, narrow. Androm. 1132. Iph. T. 891.

Στένός, Στενός, α, ὄν, angustus: strait, narrow. Troad. 437. Μοῖνος στενωγῇ ζωντῶν ἐν ἀτράπῃ Simon. 200. SYN. Στενωπῶρος, στενωπός, λεπτός, στενόχωρος.

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Στέρω, Στέροσκω, privo: to deprive. Hipp. 839. Eur. Sup. 1103. SYN. Αποστέρω, ἀμέρω, ἀφαίρω, ορφάνιζω, περίσυνλω, ζημίδω.  
 Στέρως, firmiter: firmly. K. 263. SYN. Χάλεως, ισχυρός, βέλαιος.  
 Στέρφος: See Στερός.  
 Στερκός, ἡ, ὄν, amabilis: lovely. CE. R. 1338. SYN. Αγάπητος, ἑραστός.  
 Στέρνον, ου, τὸ, pectus: the chest, breast. Phoen. 134. SYN. Στήθος. EP. Κάλιστον, ἰμῆρδεν, λάχνην, λαιόν.  
 Στεροντύπης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pectora tundens: beating the breast. Eur. Sup. 614. See Τύπος.  
 Στεροῦχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in gremio continens: holding in the lap. CE. C. 691. SYN. Πεδιούχος.  
 Στέρωμα, privor: to be deprived of. Phoen. 592.  
 Στερόπη, ἡς, Στερόψ, ὀπός, ἡ, fulgor; fulgur: brightness, splendour; lightning. Aesch. Sup. 35. Antig. 1127. SYN. Ασράπη, αστέροπη, σέλας.  
 Στερόπηγέρτης, ου, ὁ, qui fulgur concitat vel congregat: lightning-exciting or gathering. II. 298.  
 Στερόψ. See Στερόπη.  
 Στερός. See Στερέος.  
 Στερός, ἔος, τὸ, corium: a hide. Apoll. 4. 1349. SYN. Δέρμα.  
 Στεύμαι, statuo; promitto: to resolve; to promise. Pers. 49. SYN. Τυδεχόμαι, ἐπισχόμαι.  
 Στεῦαν, ἡς, ἡ, cinctura, ora: an inclosure, border. Πύργων ἐπ' ἀκρας στεῦανας ὄθι σοι Troad. 786. EP. Κάλῃ, εὐτυκτός, χρυσεία, εὐχαλκός, χαλκεία, δυσσάνδεσσά.  
 Στεῦανηπλῶς, coronam plecto: to weave a garland. Στεῦανηπλῶκος' ἑσκακόν Thesm. 455.  
 Στεῦανηφόρεω, coronam gesto: to wear a crown or garland. Herc. F. 777. See above.  
 Στεῦανηφόρια, Στεῦανηφόρια, as, ἡ, coronæ gestatio: the wearing of a crown. Eur. El. 862. Herc. F. 777. See below.  
 Στεῦανηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, coronam gestans: crown-bearing. Στεῦανηφόρους ἀπαθῇ Bacch. 523. SYN. Κάταστέφης, ἐπηρέφης, πολυστέφης, πέριστέφης.  
 Στεῦανίζω. See Στέφω.  
 Στεῦανίσκος, ου, ὁ, corolla: a little crown, a chaplet. Anacr. 5. 15. See below.  
 Στεῦανός, ου, ὁ; Στεῦανωμά, ἄτος, Στεῦός, ἔος, τὸ, corona; honos: a crown, garland; honour. Κάκοισιν οὐδὲς στεῦανὸν ἀναιρήσεται Hec. 654. Herc. F. 355. Med. 945. SYN. Στέμμα, περίσυνλω. EP. Χρυσέως, χρυσέτευκτός, πλεκτός, χλωρόκομος, κλεινότητος, καλλινικός, οὐρανός, καλλιπαις, πάτρός, καλλιχέρης, κισσί- νος, χρυσήλατος, περίσυνλω, ἱέρως, ἄερος, χλδέρως, νέουήλης, ἡδὺ πνεῦν, ἡδυνίως, τηλαυγής, βό- δεις, εἰαρινός, οὐρανός, τάνυφυλλός, χρυσό- κημός.  
 Στεῦανηφόρια. See Στεῦανηφόρια.  
 Στεῦανω. See Στέφω.  
 Στεῦανώδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, coronis aptus: fit for crowns or garlands. Iph. A. 1058. See Στε- φάνος.  
 Στεῦανωμά. See Στεῦός.  
 Στεῦός. See Στεῦανός.  
 Στεῦω, Στεμμάτω, Στεῦανίζω, Στεῦανός,

corono: to crown. Alcest. 774. Heracl. 530. Eq. 1221. Orest. 914. SYN. Αναστέφω, πέρι- στέφω, κοσμέω, περικοσμέω, πύκαζω.  
 Στήθος, ἔος, τὸ, pectus: a breast. Sept. Th. 559. SYN. Στέρνον, θώραξ. EP. Ἰμῆρδεν, λάχ- νήν, φίλδον, ἀπάλδον, αργυφέν, μετὰμύζων, μέσδον, γόδρον.  
 Στήλη, ἡς, ἡ, columna, cippus: a pillar, buttress, monument. Av. 1054. SYN. Κίον, στύλος, μνήμα. EP. Προέλης. ΠΗΡ. Πάριον λίθου λευκότερα.  
 Στμηορράγγω, staminibus ruptis scindo, vel scindor: to rend, or to be rent by tearing the warp asunder. Στμηορράγουσι ποικίλων εσθη- μάτων Pers. 841.  
 Στῆμων, ὄνός, ὁ, stamen: the warp. Lysist. 519. EP. Λεπτός.  
 Στήριγμά, ἄτος, τὸ, fulcimentum: a strengthen- ing, support. Iph. A. 617. SYN. Ἐρεισμά, ἐχμά, ὑποδάρδον, στερῶμα.  
 Στρίβω, ζω, firmiter figo, fulcio, firmo: to fix firmly, prop up, establish. Bacch. 1072. The active form of Στρίβω frequently occurs in a neuter signification. SYN. Ἐρεῖω, κράτιν, ἰσσημί, εμπεδῶ.  
 Στσηχόρος, ου, ὁ, Stesichorus: a Greek lyric poet of Himera in Sicily. Simon. 10. 4. Στεῖ- χήνικε graves Camenæ Horat. Od. 9. 4. 8.  
 Στία, as, ἡ, lapillus: a pebble. Στιάδον εἶσω δὲ μέλας λίθος ἡρήρεστο Apoll. 2. 1176. SYN. Ψήφος, λίθαξ.  
 Στιδάρως, ἂ, ὄν, firmus; gravis: strong; heavy. Πᾶν ἐπὶ β' ἄλιον στιδάρως ἀπὸ χειρὸς ὄρουσεν N. 505. SYN. Στερός, στερῆος, βριάρος, αστεμφής, βάρως, ισχυρός, κράτερος.  
 Στιδάρως, firmiter; gravior: strongly; heavily. M. 454. See above. SYN. Στερέως, στερῶς, ισχυρός.  
 Στιδῆς, ἄδός, ἡ, stramentum: a pallet bed. Ἡμῶν δ' ἕκαστος στιδῆδ' ἀπὸ κατ' ἑτοῦτο Plut. 663. SYN. Στρωμνὴ, λέχος. EP. Χάμαι- πέτης.  
 Στίδῃ, ἡς, ἡ, pruina: hoar-frost. Στίδῃ ὑπὸ πρὸς ρ. 25. SYN. Πάχη, αἰθρὸς, πάγερτος. EP. Κῆκῃ.  
 Στίδως, ου, ὁ, trames: a track, way. Προὔ- ξευνήσω στίδων Phoen. 90. SYN. Τρίβος, ὁδός, ἀτράπης, πᾶτος, ἵχνος. EP. Μεγὰς, περίφερης.  
 Στίγμα, ἄτος, τὸ; Στιγμός, οὗ, ὁ, punctio, nota: a puncture, mark, spot. Hes. Scut. 166. Aeschyl. Suppl. 846. SYN. Κηλὶς, ποικιλία, σπῆλος.  
 Στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, stigmatē notatus: stig- matised, branded. Στιγματίας δ' ἀπ' ἀλλῶς Lysist. 331., followed by ἀρᾶμένη ταῖσιν ἐμαῖς.  
 Στιγμός. See Στίγμα.  
 Στίζω, ζω, pungo: to prick, brand. Ἐγὼ δ' ἀπὸ λωλα στίζομαι βακτηρίᾳ Vesp. 1287. SYN. Κάταστίζω, κεντέω, νύσσω, ποικίλλω, στίγματίζω.  
 Στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, maculosus: spotted. Bacch. 823. SYN. Κάταστικτός, αἰδός, ποικίλος, κατά- στικτός, αἰδωνάτος, βάλιος, κηλιδωτός.  
 Στιλίδης, ου, ὁ, Stilbides: a famous Athe- nian soothsayer, in the Peloponnesian war. Ἡ στίχα γοῖν ἐνημμένη τὸν Στιλίδην Pax 1031.  
 Στίλω, fulgeo: to shine, flash out. Orest. 474. SYN. Αποστίλω, ασπράπτω, λάμπω, αινάω.  
 Στίλη, ἡς, ἡ, stilla; nummus minimus: a

drop; a mite. Τί οὐκ ἀποκοιμήθην ὅσον ὅσον στίλιν Vesp. 213.  
 Στιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, fulgidus: shining, bright. E. 351. SYN. Λαμπρός, ασπράπτων.  
 Στίλξ, ἵχνος, ἡ, ordo militaris: a rank of soldiers. Τὶ δρῶντά μὴν τάσσοντά πολλῶν στίχας Heracl. 676. SYN. Στοιχός, τάξις, στίφος. EP. Πύκνῃ, κράτερᾳ, δολιχῇ.  
 Στιπτός, id. q. Στειπτός, q. v.  
 Στίφος, ἔος, τὸ, turba, caterva: a crowd, a troop. Πάλεμον στίφος παρέχοντες Pers. 20. SYN. Ὀμιλός, πληθός, τάξις, ἀγέλη, ἰλη, τέλως.  
 Στιχῶ. See Στείχω.  
 Στιχηγόρεω. See Στοιχηγόρεω.  
 Στιχίος, ου, ὁ, Stichius: a Boeotian general in the Trojan war. Ἐκτωρ μὲν Στιχίον τέ O. 329.  
 Στιχός, ου, ὁ, ordo, modus: order, row, measure. Πρῶθ' ὅλον μέ τὸν στίχον Ran. 1237. SYN. Μέτρον.  
 Στιλεγγίς, ἴδως, ἡ, strigil: a scraper. Ἐπεὶ τὸς οὐκ εἰρηχ' ὄρεῖ ὡς στυλεγγίδας Thesm. 556. SYN. Ψήκτρα.  
 Στόα, ποῖλ. Στοιά, ἂς, ἡ, porticus: a porch. Acharn. 548. Eccl. 680. SYN. Αἰθουά.  
 Στοιχῆ, ἡς, ἡ, verbum supervacaneum, com- plemento versus serviens: a word foisted in. Ran. 1178.  
 Στοιχάδες, οἱ, οἱ, Stoechades: five islands on the coast of France. Στοιχάδες Αργείης Apoll. 4. 554.  
 Στοιχείον, ου, τὸ, elementum; umbra solis: element, first principle; a line on a dial. Eccles. 652.  
 Στοιχηγόρεω, sive (ut Blomf. legit) Στιχη- γόρεω, ordine narro: to tell in order. Pers. 436. See Στιχός.  
 Στοιχίζω, ἴσω, ordino: to set in a row, ar- range. P. V. 493. SYN. Περίστοιχίζω, μακρη- γόρεω, διακοσμέω, διάτασσω.  
 Στόλη, ἡς, ἡ; Στόλισμά, ἄτος, τὸ, vestis: a garment, clothing, dress. Iph. A. 73. Hec. 1138. SYN. Εσθῆς, στολμός, ἀμπεχόνη, στόλις, κόσμος. EP. Μελανὰ, γυναικόμενος, δῆλειά, ἀεικῆς, δυσπίνης.  
 Στόλιδω, Στόλίζω, induo: to put on, clothe. Phoen. 1768. (See Στόλις, ἴδως.) Eur. Sup. 669. SYN. Αμφιδόλλω, ἀμφοστέλλω, ἀμψίχω, ἀμπεχω, περίδωλλω, ἀμφιέννυμι.  
 Στόλις, ἴδως, ἡ, plica: the fold of a garment. Στόλιδ' ὑπὸ σφύροισι τέλουνσιν σθένει Bacch. 924. SYN. Στόλῃ, δέριμα. EP. Κρόκεσσά, παμ- ποικίλως.  
 Στόλισμά. See Στόλη.  
 Στολμός, οὗ, ὁ, amictus: a clothing, dress. Herc. F. 525. SYN. Στόλισμα, στόλῃ.  
 Στόλος, ου, ὁ, praeparatio; expeditio: ar- rangement; an expedition by land or sea. Hec. 1123. SYN. Πάρασκευῇ, στρατεία, ἐξόδος, πλοῦς, πληθός.  
 Στόμα, ἄτος, Στόμιον, ου, τὸ, os: a mouth, entrance. Ἀπὸ στόματων δ' ἀκούσαι μ. 187. Δύντες πρὸς αὐτὸ στόμιον εἰ τὸν Αἰμόνος Antig. 1217. SYN. Εισόλῃ, ἐκσόλῃ, εἰσόδος, μάσταξ. EP. Νεκτάρειον, τέρειν, κάλιν, ἡδὺ, λίγυρον, γόδρον, ἰμῆρδεν, δολιόν, αἰδών, ἀμφοστίων, ἀνδοσίον, δεινόν, ἀφυλλόν, σάφροστίων, ἄκρον, ευπρόσθηδον, ἐτήτυμόν, πόντιον, εὐφημόν, ἀθρόον, ἀφειδές, ἀχάλινον, εἰρόδον, εἰλεινόν, ἐλεῦθρον, νεκτάρειν, ἑρδεν, μακρόν, βαρύφθογ-

γόν, σκαιόν, ἀπύλωτον, μετὰ, φθόνερν, σεμνόν, κάκογλωσσόν.  
 Στράμαλιν, ου, τὸ, aestuarium: a lake or inlet near the sea. Καὶ μὴν ἐς στράμαλιν ἐλαύνεται Theoc. 4. 23.  
 Στράμαργος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, loquax: babbling, trifling. Med. 525. SYN. Στράμαλγος, φλύαρος, ἀλάζων, ὑπερκομπός, σπερμύλλγος.  
 Στράμπουργος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, ore opus suum con- ficiens: one who mouths. Ran. 847. See Στράμα.  
 Στράμαχος, ου, ὁ, guttur: the throat, gullet. Ἡ καὶ ἀπὸ στομάχου ἀρνών Γ. 292. SYN. Λαιμός, φάρυγξ.  
 Στράμιον, ου, τὸ, os: the mouth. See Στράμα.  
 Στράμιον, ου, τὸ, frenum: a bit, bridle. Γνώμη στομίαν ἀτέρ εὐθύναν P. V. 295. SYN. see Χάλυδός.  
 Στράμω, ὥσω, os obturo; acuo: to stop the mouth; to sharpen. Iph. T. 288. SYN. Οξύνω, παροξύνω, ἀποστούδω.  
 Στρομφάω, magnifice loquor: to talk big. Vesp. 720. SYN. Αλαζονεύωμαι, κομπάζω, μετὰ- λαυέω, ὑψηλολόγέω, καυχάμαι.  
 Στόμαξ, ἀκός, ὁ, ἡ, grandiloquus: speaking big, braggart. Ψόφου πλέων ἀσύντατον στόμα- φακὰ κρημνίσαντες (vers. hipponact.) Nub. 1370. SYN. Κομπαστής, ἀλάζων, μετὰλλογός, καυχητής.  
 Στρώωσις, ἔως, ἡ, acumen: an edge. CE. R. 795.  
 Στρώχέω, Στρώχίζω, gemo: to groan. Στρώ- χησται ἐξὸν ὀμῆναι Hom. Hymn. 4. 253. u. 13. SYN. see Στένω.  
 Στρώχῃ. See Στέναγμα.  
 Στρώχίζω. See Στρώχῃ.  
 Στρώδεις, εσσα, ἐν, gemebundus: groaning. CE. R. 187. SYN. Αγάστωνός, γόερς, πένθιμος, στένακτός.  
 Στρώδως, ου, ὁ, gemitus: a groan. Sept. Th. 135. SYN. see Στέναγμα.  
 Στρώδῃ, ὕχως, ὁ, praecuta cautes: a sharp rock. Πετραίῃ στρώδῃ χρίψε σφύρον Apoll. 4. 1679.  
 Στρώω, Στρώνυμι, Στρώνυμι, f. στρώσω, sterno: to spread, to prostrate. Στρώσας δ' ἄλω πρόπινεν Anacr. 4. 3. Στρώνυσι legitur in Heracl. 702. Ἐσπρωται λέχος Med. 361.  
 Στρώζωμαι, collineo ad scopum; conjicio: to aim at a mark; to conjecture. Antig. 241. SYN. Ευστῶχέω, οἰδομαι, εικάζω.  
 Στρώχωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, collineatio ad scopum: an aim. Bacch. 1194.  
 Στραγγεύωμαι, tempus tero: to linger. Nub. 131. SYN. Ἀνέδωλλω, διατρέπω.  
 Στραγγουρία, as, ἡ, stranguria: a strangury. Φάρμακον στραγγουρίας Vesp. 806.  
 Στραγγουρίω, stranguria laboro: to be afflicted with a strangury. Στραγγουρίῳ γὰρ ἐχθές Thesm. 622.  
 Στράπτω, φω, fulguro; fulgeo: to lighten; to shine. CE. C. 1514. SYN. Ασπράπτω, ἀπο- στράπτω, ἀπὸλάμπω.  
 Στράτάρχης. See Στράτηγος.  
 Στράτεια, as, ἡ, expeditio militaris: an ex- pedition. Iph. A. 495. EP. Δυστύχεσται, δλεθρίως, χιλιδίως.  
 Στράτευμα, ἄτος, τὸ; Στράτιά, ἂς, ἡ; Στράτος, οὗ, ὁ, exercitus: an army. Πᾶν στρατεύμα Ἑλληνικόν Hec. 38. Καὶ μὴν δ' ἀνῶν δδ' ἀπὸ στρατιάς Troad. 232. Bacch. 1345. SYN. D d 4

Στράδς, ἐξοδός, στρατόπεδον. Ερ. Ναυσίπορον, χιλιδναυ, βάρβαρον, ευρί, πόλιν, ἀλῖον, ἀκεκ-  
λῖον, φιλοπτοδῆμον, δλδον, ἀνθρίθμον, κρᾶτε-  
ρον, ἀμελίχυν, ἀφῖον. Ρηη. Κύμα χερσαῖον  
στράτοῦ.  
Στράτεύω, exercitum in expeditionem duco;  
milito: to lead an army on an expedition; to  
serve in war. Herc. F. 821. See above.  
Στράτηγέω, Στράτηλάττω, exercitum duco:  
to lead an army. Δύοιν γέροντων δὲ στρατη-  
γείται φύγῃ Heracl. 39. Οὐνέκα στρατηλάτειν  
Orest. 708. SYN. Ἠγέμενεύω.  
Στράτηγία, ας, ἡ, munus imperatorum, peritia  
imperatoria: the office of a general, generalship.  
Τὴν δ' ἔμην στρατηγίαν Androm. 676. See  
above. SYN. Ἠγέμενεύω.  
Στράτηγικός, imperatorie: in a general-like  
manner. Αὐτὸ καὶ στρατηγικῶς Av. 361. See  
Στράτηγέω.  
Στράτηγιον. See Στράτοπέδον.  
Στράτηγος, ἴδω, ἡ, praetoria: of a general.  
Ἡν στρατηγίον πύλαις Aj. 49. Στράτηγος with  
Ἀρχὴ understood is used substantively and de-  
notes praetura, a government, a command; see  
Eccles. 830. and 865. SYN. Στράτιωτης.  
Στράτηγος, Στράταρχος, Στράτηλάτης, οὐ, ὁ,  
dux exercitus: a general. Rhes. 132. Pyth. 6.31.  
Orest. 567. Τὸν στρατηλάτην ἄγων Heracl.  
862. SYN. Ἀρχός, ἡγέμεν.  
Στράτηλάττω. See Στράτηγέω.  
Στράτηλάτης. See Στράτηγος.  
Στράτις. See Στράτευμα.  
Στράτις, οὐ, ὁ, Hom. B. 606.  
Στράτιος, ὁ, ad exercitum s. ad bellum per-  
tinet, militari more: belonging to an army or  
war, in a soldier-like manner. Μεγά καὶ στρα-  
τίον κατέπαρδεν Vesp. 616. Εξρ. Μεγά, φε-  
βέρν.  
Στράτιωτης, Στράτωνις, οὐ, ὁ, et Στράτιωτης,  
ἴδω, ἡ, miles, militis: a soldier, military. Εἰ μὴ  
κατέκνησας τοῖς στρατίωταις, ἔλῃδες Vesp. 965.  
Αλλ' ἐξ ὅτου πέρ ὁ πόλεμος στρατώνιδης Acharn.  
596. Agam. 46. SYN. Ὀπλίτης, τευχιστής,  
αἰκμητής, ασπιστής, πόλεμωτης, μάχητης.  
Στράτιωτικός, ἡ, ὁ, militaris: military. Μῶν  
οὐν ὁμοῖον καὶ γόλιον στρατιωτικῶν Pax 527.  
SYN. Πόλεμικός, μάχιμος.  
Στράτιωτης. See Στράτιωτης.  
Στράτιμαντις, ἔως, ὁ, augur exercitus: sooth-  
sayer of the army. Κεδὸς δὲ στρατιμαντις  
ἴδω Agam. 120.  
Στράτινικη, ἡ, ἡ, Stratonice. Καὶ Στράτο-  
νικην ὅμωι οὐδὲς Thesm. 807.  
Στράτοπέδον, Στράτηγιον, οὐ, τὸ, castra, exer-  
citus: a camp, army. Σκυλεύματ' ἡ πᾶν στρα-  
τοπέδον πέρσειν δόκει Rhes. 589. Προσμηδὼν  
στρατήγιον Aj. 721.  
Στράτος. See Στράτευμα.  
Στράτω, exercitum colloco: to post or en-  
camp an army. Οἱ βᾶ τῶν στρατώνων Γ. 187.  
SYN. Σκηνώ.  
Στράτωνις. See Στράτιωτης.  
Στρεβλῆ, ἡ, ἡ, instrumentum nauticum: a  
screw. Aesch. Sup. 450. See below.  
Στρεβλός, ἡ, ὁ, detortus, tortuosus: dis-  
torted, crooked. Ἐλθωσι στρεβλοῖσι πάλισμα-  
σιν ἀντιλογούτες Ran. 878. SYN. Στρεπτός,  
καμπύλος, δυσκλῆδς, σκλῆδς, στράβος.  
Στρεβλῶ, torqueo, distorqueo: to twist, dis-  
tort, rack. Plut. 875. See above. SYN. Στρέ-  
φω, πᾶσοστρέφω, διαστρέφω, βασάνίζω, αἰκίζω.

Στρεπταγλός, ἡ, ὁ, fulgorem torquens (vox  
dithyramb. ab Aristoph. conficta): light-whirl-  
ing. Nub. 334.  
Στρεπτός, ἡ, ὁ, tortus: twisted, pliant. Cycl.  
225. SYN. Στρεβλός.  
Στρεψύμαι, paulatim tabesco: gradually to  
waste away. μ. 351. SYN. Στραγγεύμαι.  
Στρεψιδιεύω, contorqueo: to turn and twist.  
Στρεψιδιέσθην δὲ οἱ ὅσπερ Π. 792. SYN. Πέρι-  
στρέφω, περίδιενω, διένω, τρῶχιδιένω, στρόφ-  
διένω.  
Στρέφω, ψω, Ion. imp. στρέφασκύν, verto, tor-  
queo: to turn, twist. Med. 1172. Σ. 546. SYN.  
Στρεβλῶ, μεταστρέφω, κύλλω, διένω, γνάμπτω,  
στρέβλω, στρόβυλλω, στρωφῶ, τρέπω, στρό-  
βω.  
Στρεψιάδης, οὐ, ὁ, Strepsiades. Ποῦ Στρεψί-  
αδης ἐξεί τὸν ασκάντην λᾶδάν Nub. 633.  
Στρεψιδίκευ, jus perverto: to pervert justice.  
Αλλ' ὅς' ἐμὰντ' στρεψιδίκεσσι Nub. 433.  
Στρεψιδικῆπανουργία, ας, ἡ, versutia in per-  
vertendis causis: villany in perverting justice.  
Πικρὰν τὰχ' ὅψε στρεψιδικῆπανουργίαν Av.  
1468.  
Στρινῆς, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, asper, acutus: sharp,  
rough. Apoll. 2. 323. SYN. Τραχύς. Εξρ. Ἀν-  
τῆμενός, καὶ μέγας, καὶ οὖς, καὶ διατόρος.  
Schol. in l. c.  
Στρίβλικίγῃ, ne nauci quidem: not a whit.  
Οὐδ' ἂν στρίβλικίγῃ ἀλλ' ἀπῶν ὁμῶς ποι  
Acharn. 1035.  
Στρεβλῶ, agito: to agitate. Agam. 1187. SYN.  
Κινέω, στρέφω.  
Στρεβλός, Στροβός, οὐ, ὁ, turbo: a top, a  
whirlwind. Εὐδαιμονεστέρους φᾶνεί τῶν Καρκίνου  
στρόβιλον (vers. hipponaet.) Pax 864. P. V.  
1120. SYN. Τρόχος.  
Στροβός, οὐ, ὁ, vertigo: a turning. Agam.  
640. SYN. Στροβός, στρόβιν.  
Στρογγύλος, ἡ, ὁ, rotundus, globosus: round,  
globular. Στρογγύλαις ἐνστροφόμεν Nub. 1127.  
SYN. Τρόχιδις, μηνιδις, κύκλωτης, ἐγ-  
κύκλος.  
Στρομέδς. See Στροβλός.  
Στρουθίον, οὐ, τὸ, dimin. a Στρουθός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ,  
passerculus: passer: a little sparrow; a spar-  
row. Av. 1077. 877.  
Στρουθός. See above.  
Στροφάδης. See Στροφάς.  
Στροφαῖος, α, ὁ, versutus: shuffling, cunning.  
Plut. 1154. SYN. Στρεβλός.  
Στροφάλιγῃ, ἡ, ὁ, circumversio, gyrus: a  
turning round, vortex, whirlwind. Πέριστρε-  
φῆται στρόφαλιγγι Arat. 43. SYN. Στρομέδς,  
στρόβος, σιστρόφῃ.  
Στροφάλιζω, verto: to turn. Τῇ δὲ πᾶρ' ἡλᾶ-  
κατα στρόφαλιζέτ' σ. 314. SYN. see Στρέφω.  
Στροφάς, ἄδς, ἡ, quae circumagitur, tortuosa:  
turning round. Trach. 131. Στροφάδης is also  
the name of two islands in the Ionian sea near  
Zacynthos, so called because it was believed that  
they were floating islands. See Apoll. 2. 296.  
Σεύεσθαι Στροφάδας δέ, &c., and Hygin. fab. 19.  
Στροφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, cardo: a hinge. Thesm.  
487. SYN. Στροφιγῇ.  
Στροφέω, στρωφῶ, verto: to turn. Pax 175.  
N. 557. SYN. see Στρέφω.  
Στρόβῃ, ἡ, ὁ, versio; strophe; versutia: a  
turning, distortion; strophe; trick. Herc. F.  
927. SYN. Τρόπη, κάμψη, διαστρόφῃ, φδῇ.  
Στρόφιγῃ, ἡ, ὁ, cardo; flexus: a hinge,

pivot; a winding. Phoen. 1142. SYN. Στρόβῃ,  
στρόφει, περίφωρᾷ.  
Στρώβιον, οὐ, τὸ, zona, redimiculum: a zone,  
kerchief for the head. Τὸ στρώβιον ἦδη λύδωμαι  
μέμνησθ' οὐν Lysist. 931. SYN. Στρώβος, περί-  
δεσμός.  
Στρώβιος, οὐ, ὁ, Strophius: the father of Py-  
lades. Agam. 854. See above.  
Στρώβος, ἴδω, ἡ, homo versutus; laqueus: a  
shuffling fellow; a noose or knot. Πλεκτὰς  
ἱμάντων στρώβιδας ἐξάνησθαι Androm. 716.  
SYN. Πλεκτάνη.  
Στρώβιδιεύω, in gyros circumagor: to wheel  
about. Στρώβιδιεύονται (anap. dim.) Agam. 50.  
SYN. see Διένω.  
Στρώβος, οὐ, ὁ, funiculus; cingulus; tormina  
intestinorum: a cord, rope; a girdle; the gripes:  
Sept. Th. 869. SYN. Στρώβιν. Ερ. Χρύσεος.  
Στρωμδάρως, οὐ, ὁ, Strymodorus. Τὴν Στρω-  
μδάρων Θράτῃν Acharn. 273.  
Στρωμνός, α, ὁ, Strymonius: of the river  
Strymon. Pers. 874. See below.  
Στρωμνός, ὁ, Strymon: a river which  
separates Thrace from Macedon. Πέεθρον ἄγρου  
Στρωμνός δέους δέ τις Pers. 503. Ρηη. see  
Rhes. 345—350.  
Στρώφος, ἡ, ὁ, acerbus: harsh, severe. Στρωφ-  
ὸν καὶ πρῖνιν ἦθος (paracemic) Vesp. 872.  
According to Draco, p. 83. the υ was always  
long. SYN. Σκληρός, χυλῆπός, στερεός, τραχύς,  
ἀγρῖος.  
Στρώμᾶ, ἄδς, τὸ, et Στρωμῇ, ἡ, ἡ, stratum,  
lectus: a coverlet, couch, bed. Nub. 37. Phoen.  
432. SYN. Δέμινον, κάδοστρωμᾶ, ευρή, κάλυμμά,  
λεκτρὸν, κοίτη.  
Στρώνυμι. See Στρώω.  
Στρωτός, ἡ, ὁ, stratus: spread, covered.  
Helen. 1260.  
Στρωφῶ. See Στρώφω.  
Στρώγανω, ὁρς, odio viros prosequens: man-  
hating. Ἰζε στρώγαν' αὖ Θέμισκυρὰν ποτε P.  
V. 749.  
Στρώγερς, et Στρώγος, ἡ, ὁ, invisus, tristis:  
hated, sad. Ἄλδω τὲ σὺ στρώγερν δᾶνᾶτον  
Med. 990. Στρώγερν δ' ὀφρῶν νέφδς ἀνῆνται  
Hippol. 172. SYN. Στρώγος, ἀπεχθής, μισ-  
τός, γόερς, λυπηρός, σκυθρωπός, χυλῆπός, ἐπι-  
φθονός.  
Στρώγρῶτης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, torvo ad aspectu adspi-  
ciens: beholding with a stern look. Hes. Op.  
194. See above. SYN. Σκυθρωπός, στρώγερς.  
Στρώγρῶς, horrendum vel tristem in modum:  
horribly. Ἡ κέν τις στρώγρῶς Apoll. 2. 18.  
SYN. Φθέρῶς, χυλῆπός, ἐπιπῶν.  
Στρώγῃ, f. ἡσ and στῶγῃ, 2. a. ἐστῶγῃ, odio  
prosequor: to hate. Χῶσοι στῶγῶσιν ἄνδρους  
μίστορας Eur. Elect. 683. SYN. Ἀποστῶγῃ,  
μίστω, ἀπεχθαίρω, ἐχθραίνω, δυσχεραίνω.  
Στρώγημᾶ, ἄδς, τὸ, quod aliquis odio habet:  
a hated object. Orest. 474. See above. SYN.  
see Στῶγος.  
Στρώγητος, ἡ, ὁ, odio dignus: detestable.  
Ἡρα στρώγητος πέδς βίαν γυνάξεται P. V. 612.  
SYN. see Στῶγος.  
Στῶγιός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, Stygius: Stygian. Helen.  
1338. See Στῶγῃ, Στῶγος.  
Στῶγος. See Στῶγερς.  
Στῶγός, ἔδς, τὸ, odium: hatred. Ὡ δὲ δῶμᾶν  
τὲ καὶ δῶμᾶν μέγα στῶγος Sept. Th. 650. SYN.  
Μίσος, στῶγημᾶ.  
Στῶλος, οὐ, ὁ, columna; fulcrum: a pillar;

a support. Κῶμῶν κισσὸς στῶλον Εὐίου δέου  
Eur. fr. Antip. 32. 2. SYN. Κῶν, στήλη.  
Στυμφαῖδης, οὐ, αἱ, Stymphalides: of Stym-  
phae, a town in Epirus. Καί εἰ Στυμφαῖδης εἰεν  
Call. 3. 180. Εξρ. Ἠπειρωτικός.  
Στυμφαλίδης, οὐ, αἱ, Stymphalides: of Stym-  
phalus, a town, river, lake, and fountain in Ar-  
cadia. Πλωιδᾶς ὀρνίθας Στυμφαλίδας Apoll. 2.  
1055.  
Στύμφηλός, οὐ, ἡ, Stymphalus. B. 608.  
Στύξ, ὕδς, ἡ, Styx: a river in hell. Κῶκυτός  
δ' ὅς δὲ Στύγος ὑδάτος κ. 514. Ερ. Πρῖοστη,  
ὀπιδυνάτῃ, ἀφθίτος, ἀκῆνεία, κελαινά.  
Στυπτεῖσθῶς, οὐ, ὁ, lini venditor: a tow-  
seller. Eq. 129.  
Στύπος, ἔδς, τὸ, stipes, caudex: a stem, trunk.  
Ἐσκέ δὲ τι στίβῶν στίπος Apoll. 1. 1117.  
SYN. Πρέμνιν, στέλεχος, κορμός. Ερ. Ἠερό-  
μικῆς.  
Στύρα, οὐ, τὰ, Styra: a town in Euboea. Hδ'  
of Στύρα ναίετᾶσσαν B. 539.  
Στυφῆδᾶνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, decrepitus: worn out,  
battered. Ὡ οὐτός οὗτος στυφῆδᾶν καὶ χυρῶθαι  
Vesp. 1364. This is the reading adopted by  
Brunck, instead of Στυφῆδᾶν. See Toup. in  
Suid. iii. 142.  
Στυφέλιζω, ἔω, disjicio; coërceo; verberibus  
aut contumeliis incesso: to disperse; to restrain;  
to beat or insult. Ἄλλοις ἐπὶ ἐνέμῳ στυφέλιζον  
Antig. 139. SYN. Ὀθῶ, ἀναστρέφω, προσηλά-  
κίζω, λοιδορέω, κῶκω, δνειδίζω.  
Στυφέλιμος, οὐ, ὁ, injuria, contumelia: ill  
usage, insult. Ἡνέσχετό καὶ στυφέλισμός Eq.  
534. SYN. Λοιδόρια, ὑβρίς, μέψις, δνειδισμός,  
λόβη.  
Στυφέλος, et Στυφλός, ἡ, ὁ, asper, durus:  
rough, hard. Στυφέλῃ βρέμει ἀκτὴ Apoll. 2.  
323. Κεῖται δὲ χωρὶς σῶμᾶ τὸ μὲν ὑπὸ στυφλοῖς  
Bacch. 1126. SYN. Τραχύς, σκληρός, τάρ-  
χῶδης, στερεός.  
Στυφκομῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cothurnix quaedam:  
a kind of quail. Ἰπὸ στυφκομῶτον τὴν κέφαλῃν  
πέπληγμένω Av. 1299.  
Στύω, tentigine laboro: to swell with lust.  
Βούλωμαι καὶ στύδω Acharn. 1220.  
Στωμυλέωμαι, Στωμύλλω, et Στωμύλλωμαι, lo-  
quax sum, nugor: to babble, to trifle. Ἄ στω-  
μυλεῖται τοιαῖα κᾶθημένα Eq. 1376. Pax 994.  
Thesm. 1083. SYN. Φλυαρέω, κολᾶκεύω.  
Στωμυλία, ας, ἡ, et Στωμυλῶ, ἄδς, τὸ, lo-  
quacitas: babbling. Καὶ στωμυλίαν ἐδιδάζας  
Ran. 1100. 973. SYN. Λάλια, ἀδλεσχία, φλυα-  
ρία, ἀγχινοῖα, πάνουρηγία.  
Στωμυλίσουλεκτηδῆς, οὐ, ὁ, qui fabulas col-  
ligit: a collector of chit-chat. Σὺ δὲ μὲ ταῦτ'  
ὦ στωμυλίσουλεκτηδῆ Ran. 841.  
Στωμύλλω, et -ύμαι. See Στωμυλέωμαι.  
Στωμυλῶ. See Στωμυλία.  
Στωμυλός, ὁ, garrulus, nugator: babbling,  
trifling. Στωμυλὸς δεινὸς λέγων Acharn. 428.  
SYN. Ἀδλεσχός, λάλις, φλυαρός, εὐτράπεδός.  
Σὺ, σοῦ, et Dor. Τόνη, tu: thou, you. Καὶ  
σὺ πρὸς τέκνων ἐτι Med. 1011. Τόνη δ' Ἠφαίσ-  
τοῦ Τ. 10.  
Συβαρίτης, Sybaritic more vivo: to live like a  
Sybarite. Pax 343. See below. SYN. Τρύφω.  
Συβαρίς, ἔως, ἡ, Sybaris: a city near Tarentum.  
Ἄκουε μὴ φεῖν' ἐν Συβαρίδι γᾶν ποτε Vesp.  
1435.  
Συβαρίτης et Συβαρίτης, οὐ, ὁ, et Συβαρίτης,  
ἴδω, ἡ, Sybarita: a native of Sybaris. Ἀνθρ Σὺ-

θάριτος ἐξέτισεν ἐξ ἁρμάτος Vesp. 1427. Theoc. 5. 5. Πέτω χά Σθαρίτις ἐμὴν μέλι Theoc. 5. 126.

Σθαρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, Sybariticus: Sybaritish. Αἰσωπικὸν γέλαιον ἢ Σθαρίτικόν Vesp. 1259. See above.

Σθαρίτης. See Σθαρίτης.  
Σθεῖνη, ἡ, ἡ, theca ex corio suillo confecta: a case made of hog's skin. Thesm. 1197. See Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 143: 8. 23.

Σθεῖσιον, ὄν, τὸ, grex suum: a herd of swine. Τόσα σὺν σθεῖσι ξ. 101.

Σθεῖς, et Σθοφρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, subulcus: a swine-feeder. Τοῖσι δὲ μύθων ἤρχε σθεῖς ῥ. 184. Φ. 282. SYN. Σθοφρὸς.

Συγγάμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, conjux: a married person, husband, wife. Καὶ συγγάμοισι δυσμένεες μάλιστ' αἰεὶ Androm. 182. SYN. Σύνωρ, σύνδρος, σύνζυγος, σύνωνος, σύνοικον, σύλλεκτρος, συγκοίτης, γαμέτης, κηδεστής.

Συγγείτων, ὄντος, vicinus: neighbouring. Eur. Sup. 396. SYN. Σύνχορτος, γείτων, πλησιόχωρος.

Συγγέλω, ἄσω, una rideo: to laugh along with. Eur. fr. Erechth. 2. 22. See Γέλω, ἄσω.

Συγγενεῖς, ας, ἡ, cognatio: relationship. Εἰσηλθε συγγενεῖαν ἐννοούμενῳ Iph. A. 492. SYN. Κηδὸς, κηδευμῆ.

Συγγενεῖρα, ας, ἡ, communis mater vel soror: a common mother or sister. Ευγενεῖρα ἀδελφῶν Eur. El. 746. Pa ergo est brevis.

Συγγενής, ἐὸς, et Σύνγυνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, adj. et subst., cognatus: related to, kindred, a kinsman. P. V. 14. Hipp. 1376. SYN. Ὀμόγενής, ὁμαῖος, συγγύνος.

Συγγένος, more consanguineo: in a kindred manner. Herc. F. 1284.

Συγγεργός, οὐ, ὁ, socius in agro colendo: a fellow-husbandman. Plut. 223.

Συγγοῖς, una gaudeo: to rejoice with. Helen. 726. SYN. Συγχαῖρα, σὺνήδουμαι.

Συγρῖνδουμαι, una sum, adjuvo: to be with, to assist. Choeph. 239. See Γινδουμαι. SYN. Συμμάχευμαι, σὺνερῶ, σὺνεμι, σὺννοσιδῶ, συμπράσσω, συμπάραστατῶ, σὺνδουλῶ.

Συγρῖνωσκει, f. γινώσκουμαι, ignosco: to pardon. Androm. 832. See Γινώσκουμαι. SYN. Συγχαῖρω, συγγνώμην ἔχω, φειδόμεναι.

Συγρῖναι, ας, Συγγνώμη, ἡ, et Συγγνωμὸς, ἡ, ἡ, venia: pardon. Ευγρῖναι ἰσχειν ὡς βιάσθαι τὰδε Antig. 66. Vesp. 367. Τούτων δέ με νοὶ συγγνωμὸς τὴν Trach. 1267. SYN. Ἀφέσις, χάρις, ἀνέσις.

Συγγνώμων, ὄντος, facilis in danda venia: forgiving. Med. 866. SYN. Εὐέμων, οὐκίρμων. Συγγνωστός, ἡ, ὄν, ignoscendus: pardonable. Herc. 1089.

Συγγογγυλίω, ἴσω, contorqueo: to roll with. Εὐστρέφας καὶ συγγογγυλίας Lysist. 974. SYN. Μεταστρέφω.

Συγγυδός. See Συγγενής.  
Συγγραφεὺς, ἴως, ὁ, conscriptor: a writer. Acharn. 1151. See Γράφω. SYN. Λόγγραφεὺς, γράφω.

Συγγραφέω, ψω, conscribo, pingo: to compose, paint. Thesm. 432. See Γράφω.

Συγκάβαρμω, ὄσω, concinno: to fit together. Τὸνδε συγκάβαρμωσι Aj. 922.

Συγκάβειν, una deorsum traho: to drag down along with. Δίδς δὲ λόντος συγκάβεκεσθῆται Sept. Th. 610. See Ἐλκω.

Συγκάβειν, una dormio: to sleep along with. Eccles. 1001. SYN. Συγκάταδάρθω, συγκοιμάμαι, σὺνεῖναι, σὺνεναῖσθαι, παρὰκάβειν, συγκοιτάσθαι.

Συγκάθημαι, consideo: to sit together. Vesp. 32. SYN. Πάρεῖσθαι, συνθακῶ, σὺνεδρεύω, σὺνεδριάζω.

Συγκάβημι, f. ἴσω, una demitto: to let down together, to deposit. Helen. 1067. See Ἰνμι.

Συγκάβισθαι, f. συγκάτασθαι, una constituo: to settle along with, to confirm. Hipp. 294. SYN. Κάβισθαι, διατίθαι, τῶν, ἀνορθῶ, συντάττω.

Συγκάλω, ἴσω, convoco: to call together. Συγκάλω ἐγχαρίους Aesch. Sup. 526. SYN. Κάλω, σὺνᾶγω, σὺνᾶγερω.

Συγκάλυμμος, οὐ, ὁ, velamen: a covering. Av. 1496. SYN. Κάλυμμος.

Συγκάλυπτος, α, ὄν, contendus: must be covered up. P. V. 532. See Κάλυπτος.

Συγκάλυπτος, ἡ, ὄν, conlectus: covered up. P. V. 505. See below. SYN. Ἐπηρεφής.

Συγκάλυπτα, contego: to cover up. \*Ἄ συγκάλυψαι παῖδες Phoen. 886. SYN. Πέρικαλύπτα, κατὰκάλυπτα, κρύπτω, περιστέλλω.

Συγκάμνω, Συναπόκλινω, simul laboro; adjuvo: to labour along with; to assist. P. V. 1095. Iph. T. 1347. SYN. Συμμοχθεῖν, σὺνερῶσθαι, συμπνέω, σὺνπνέω, σὺνπνέω, συμπράσσω, σὺνεκδομῶ.

Συγκάσινγη, ἡ, ἡ, Σύνκασις, ἴως, ὁ, ἡ, qui una frater vel soror est: an own brother or sister. Ἄ συγκάσινγη τέ Iph. T. 801. Alcest. 421. SYN. Αὐτοκάσινγητος, ἀνταδελφός, σὺνδύμιον, σὺγγυδός.

Σύνκασις. See above.

Συγκάταδάρθω, f. θήσθαι, una descendo; consentio: to go down with; to concur. Eumen. 1049. SYN. Σύνεξιμι, προσκατάβαινω.

Συγκάταγω, ἴσω, una deduco: to restore together. Ἡ τὸν τύραννον συγκάταγειν ἡ παιδίον Thesm. 339.

Συγκάταδάρθω, una dormio: to sleep together. SYN. See Συγκάβειν.

Συγκάταζεύγνυμι, ζεύω, conjungo: to join together. Συγκάτεζεύκεται κάρι Aj. 123. SYN. Κάταζεύγνυμι.

Συγκάταλθα, comburo: to set fire to together. Antig. 1202. SYN. Κάτακαίω.

Συγκάτακειμαι, una jaceo: to lie near, or with. Eq. 612. SYN. Πρόκειμαι, σὺνκειμαι, συγκάτακλινωμαι, παρὰκειμαι, λέχους κοινωνῶ.

Συγκάτακλινω, Συγκλινω, ἰνῶ, accumbere facio: to cause to lie down with. Nub. 49. Alcest. 1109. See Κλινω.

Συγκάτακτείνω, Συγκάτακτεμῖ, una interficio: to slay with, to join in killing. Καὶ συγκάτακτεῖναι γὰρ Orest. 1088. Aj. 230. SYN. Συμφυνεῖν, συγκάτεργάζωμαι, συσφάττω.

Συγκάταμιννυμι. See Συμμιννυμι.

Συγκάτασκαπτω, ψω, una diruo: to destroy with. Rhos. 392. SYN. Συναίρω, συνδιαφείρω.

Συγκάτεργάζωμαι, una conficio: to despatch along with. Herc. F. 1018. SYN. Συγκάτακτείνω.

Συγκάτεχούμαι, Σύνεχούμαι, una precor: to pray together. Antig. 1336. Helen. 646.

Συγκάτωμαι. See Συναίω.

Συγκάτωικίζω, ἴσω, colloco: to place along with. Hipp. 642. SYN. Κάτωικίζω.

Συγκάτωικτιζω, f. ἰῶ, commiseror: to pity.

Trach. 535. SYN. Συναλγῶ, συγκλῶ, συμπαῶς, συλλυπῶ.

Σύγκειμαι, una positus sum; consto; constitutor: to lie together; to consist or be composed of; to be settled. Rhos. 215. SYN. See Συγκάτακειμαι.

Συγκελεύω, σω, una jubeo vel hortor: to join in commanding or encouraging. Iph. A. 892. SYN. Συμπαραίνω.

Συγκεράννυμι, Συγκίρνημι, commisceo: to mingle together. Ion 409. Eccles. 836. SYN. See Συμμίγνυμι.

Συγκίρνημι. See above.

Συγκλῶ, ἄσω, confringo: to break off. Ευγκλάσασθαι τέτταρα Eccles. 1031. SYN. Σύνᾶρσσω, συνθῶω, συνθῶω, συνθῶω, ἀπὸθῶω.

Συγκλείω, Συγκλινῶ, σω, concludo: to close. Hipp. 500. Ion 244. SYN. Κάτακλείω, καθείρω, σὺνείρω.

Συγκλίσω. See above.

Σύνκληρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, consors: a colleague. Heracl. 32. SYN. Μείσχος.

Σύνκληρτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, convocatus: called together, convened. Iph. A. 301.

Σύνκλινος, ἐὸς, ὁ, ἡ, prope accubans: reclining near, inclining towards. Τὸ συγκλινῆς ἐπ' Αἰαντὶ Ran. 1294. Sic ευκλινῆς habet secundam brevem a κλινῶ, ut in illo Hesiodi, Op. 2. 288: Τῆμος δ' ευκλινῆς τ' αἰραι. Tamen ευκλινῆς a κλινῶ habet penult. longam in loco q. v. ad vocem.

Συγκλινῶ. See Συγκάτακλινω.

Συγκλινῶ, conturbo: to throw into confusion. N. 722. SYN. Συναράσσω, συγκρούω.

Συγκοιμάμαι, una dormio: to sleep with. Agam. 1229. SYN. See Συγκάβειν.

Συγκοιμήμα, ἀτὸς, τὸ, concubitus: a concubinage. Androm. 1262. SYN. Σύνουσία.

Σύνκοιτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, consors lecti: a bed-fellow. Pyth. 9. 42. SYN. Σύνωνος, ὁμωνέτις, σύλλεκτρος.

Συγκολλῶ, conglutino; compono: to glue together; to settle. Vesp. 1036. SYN. Συναρμῶω, σύνισθαι, συντίθαι, σύνᾶπτα, προσκολλῶμαι.

Συγκολλήτης, οὐ, ὁ, consarcinator: a vamped, forger. Nub. 446. SYN. Συναρμωστής.

Συγκόλλω, apte: fitly. Aesch. Sup. 316. SYN. Ἀρμόδιος, πρόσκειντος.

Συγκόμμιζω, conveho: to carry together, convey. Aj. 1048. SYN. Εκκομίζω, εκφύρω, κηδεῖω, σὺνεκδομῶ, σὺνεκφύρω.

Συγκόπτω, concido: to cut to pieces. Nub. 1426.

Σύνκρασις, ἴως, ἡ, commistio: a mixture. ΑΛΛ' ἐστὶ τις σύγκρασις ὥστ' ἔχειν κἄλως Eur. fr. Aol. 6. SYN. Σύνμιξις, ἐπίμιξις.

Σύνκρατος, ἡ, ὄν, commistus: mingled, joined. Καὶ μὴν ἐσθρῶ τὸδε σύγκρατον Androm. 494.

Σύνκρατῶν, ἰνῶ, commolitor: to seize firmly. Bacch. 1092. See Κράτῶν.

Σύνκρῶν, ἰνῶ, secerno: to separate, select. Apoll. 4. 681. See Κρίνω. SYN. Διακρίνω, εκκρίνω, εκλέγω.

Σύνκροτῶ, collido: to beat together. Eq. 469. SYN. Συγκρούω, συμπλάττω, σὺνᾶγω, συγκάβισθαι, συσσεύω.

Σύνκροτος, complodo: to clap. Pax 1061. SYN. Συγκρότῶ, συμβάλλω, σὺνᾶπτα, σὺνᾶρᾶπτα, σὺνωθεῖω.

Σύνκροπτα, ψω, oelo: to conceal. Iph.

T. 1053. SYN. Συγκάλυπτα, κρύπτω, κάλυπτα.

Συγκτερέλλω, una sepelio: to join in burying. Apoll. 2. 840. SYN. Συναθάπτο.

Συγκύκω, commisceo: to throw into confusion. Ἡστραπτ' ἐθρόντα ξυκέκω τὴν Ἑλᾶδα Acharn. 530. SYN. See Συμμίγνυμι.

Συγκύναγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, venationis socius: a companion in hunting. Ὁ συγκύναγέ καὶ ξυνεκτράφεις ἐμὸι Iph. T. 710. SYN. Σύνθηρεντής.

Συγκύπτω, simul inclino: to bend together. Vesp. 570. SYN. Συγκλινῶ, ὑπὸκίπτω, συγκύμπτα.

Συγκύρω, f. ῥωω, evenio: to happen. Ion 1447. See Κύρω. SYN. Σύντυγχῶ, ἐμπίττω, συμβαίνω, ἐπιτυγχῶ.

Συγκυμῶ, f. σω, Dor. ξῶ, simul comessor: to revel together. Olymp. 11. 16. SYN. Συγχόρευω, μετὰβαλνῆμαι, σὺνεναῖσθαι, συμπίνω.

Σύνκυμμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, socius commensationis: a fellow-reveller. Acharn. 263.

Συγχαῖρα, una gaudeo: to rejoice with. Pax 1317. SYN. Σύνήδουμαι, ἐπιχαίρω, ἐπιγῆθω.

Συγχεμῶς, una in hibernis sum: to winter with. Plut. 848.

Συγχεῖω, f. εἴσω, l. a. εἴχῃ et εἴχων, commisceo; confundo; moreore adicio: to mingle together; to confound; to distress. Iph. A. 37. SYN. Συμμίγνυμι, συγκύκω, συντάρασσω, συγκεράννυμι.

Συγχόρευω, una choreas exerceo: to join in the dance. Av. 1761. SYN. Συγκυμῶ.

Σύνχορτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, conterminus: bordering on. Aesch. Sup. 6. SYN. Ὀμόδρος, γείτων, πλησιόχωρος.

Σύνχυσις, ἴως, ἡ, confusio: confusion, disorder. Σύνχυσιν τέ μὴ νέων Iph. A. 354. SYN. Τάραχῃ. Ep. Πικρά.

Σύνχυννυμι, f. ὄσω, aggere communio: to pile up. P. V. 1085.

Συγχαῖρω, ἴσω, concedo: to yield. Iph. T. 742. SYN. Τπέικω, μέτιμι, σύμφημι, παρὰχαῖρω, συγγινώσκω, συμφωνῶ.

Συγχαρητέος, α, ὄν, concedendus: must be conceded. Ec. C. 1426. SYN. Συγγνωστός.

Σύδην, tumultuose: tumultuously. Τῶν λελεμμένων σὺδην Pers. 486. SYN. Τάχως, μίγδα.

Σύνεννις, ἴως, ὁ, Syennesis: a Persian, viceroy of Alicia. Σύνεννις τέ πρώτος εἰς ευφυχίαν Pers. 332. Qui tamen locus primæ quantitatem non determinat.

Συεῖννυμι, f. ζεύω, conjungo: to join together, to unite. Φίλοι γυναικες τινὶ πότμῳ σὺνεῖννυν Helen. 254. SYN. Σύνᾶπτα, συντίθαι, συγκολλῶ.

Συζυγίς, α, ὄν, conjugalis: conjugal. Συζυγία χάριτες Hipp. 1142. Συζυγία is used as a subst., conjunctio, union, in Hipp. 1128.

Σύνζυγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, conjux: a yoke-fellow, husband, wife. Τῶν ἐὰν δὲ σὺζυγον λάβω τίνα Plut. 945. SYN. Σύνζυγος, ὁμώζυγος.

Σύζωμ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, cingulum: a girdle. Aesch. Sup. 471. See above. SYN. Ζώνη, ζώμῃ.

Συζώννυμι, f. ζώω, accingo: to gird together. Thesm. 255. See Σύνζυγος. SYN. Αναζώννυμι.

Συκάω, Συκδδῶ, ficus lego: to gather figs. Av. 1699. Pax 1347. See Σῶκον. SYN. Σῶκα τρίγῶ.





Συμφέρω, Συμφέρω, conféro; congredivor; impers. juvat: to contribute, to meet together; impers. it is advantageous. Herc. F. 1358. Apoll. 1. 39. SYN. Συγκρίμιζω, συνάγω, συνάβροζω, συμβάλλω.

Συμφεύω, confugio: to escape, to go into exile with. Phoen. 1693. SYN. Συνάποδρῶ, κἀταφρεύω.

Συμφημί, φήσω, adsentior: to agree with. Hipp. 266. SYN. 'Ομολόγέω, συμφράζομαι, συναίνεω, συναγόμεναι, συναυδάω.

Συμφέρω, una perdo: to assist in destroying or ruining. Androm. 939. SYN. Συμπερθεύω, συναίρω.

Συμφογγός. See Σύμφωνος.

Συμφίλειω, una amo: to love together. Antig. 523. See Φίλειω.

Συμφλέγω. See Συμπύρω.

Συμφονέω, una interficio: to assist in killing. Hec. 391. SYN. Συγκτακτείνω, συγκτακτερίζω, συνδίδω.

Συμφόρα, ἄς, ἡ, casus: an event, good or bad. Helen. 456. SYN. Συντυχία, ἀτυχία, τύχη, θάλας, δυστυχία, κάκοντύχια. Ερ. Θέλητος, χαλκῆ, ἀνδρῶς, κάκῃ, παυδοῦς, σκληρῶ, εὐφάνης, τίκα, λυγρῶ.

Συμφόρεω. See Συμφέρο.

Συμφόρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, commodus, utilis: convenient, advantageous. Eur. El. 633. SYN. Χρήσιμος, ὠφέλιμος, ἐπιτήδειος, ἀφελίμος, λυσίτελής.

Συμφράδμων, ὄντος, ὁ, consiliarius: a counsellor. B. 372. SYN. Σύμβουλος.

Συμφράζομαι, ἄσθμαι, simul consulto: to consult with, devise. 'Οφρᾶ δδλον συμφράσσεται Apoll. 4. 439. SYN. Συμβουλεύω, σύμφημι, συννέω.

Συμφρουός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui una custodit: a guardian. Philoct. 1453.

Σύμφρων, ὄντος, qui eadem est mente cum alio: having the same mind, consenting. Agam. 109. SYN. 'Ομόφρων, συμφράδμων, σύμφωνος.

Συμφύγας, ἄδδς, ὁ, ἡ, socius exilii: a fellow exile. 'Ινᾶ συμφύγας λήθεται οὐκτρᾶς Bacch. 1372.

Συμφυρτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, commixtus: mixed together. Hipp. 1229. SYN. see Συμμήγης.

Συμφύρω, et Συμφυράω, commisceo; fædo: to mix together; to disfigure. Πᾶν συνέφυρε πρόσων Theoc. 22. 111. Συμφυράω Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat ex Jacobs. Anthol. 11. 234. SYN. see Συμμήγης.

Συμφυσᾶω, una sufflo; conspiro: to blow together or violently; to agree. Eq. 466. See Φυσᾶω. SYN. Συμπνέω.

Συμφυτεύω, una auctor sum: to join in forming. Kal ζυμφυτεύσαι τοῦργον E. R. 355. SYN. Συμβουλεύω.

Συμφύτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, congenitus: congenial, native. Αλκᾶν ζυμφύτων αἰών Agam. 106. SYN. 'Εμφύτος.

Σύμφωνος, et Σύμφωνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, consonus, concors: agreeing in sound, harmonious. Hom. Merc. 51. Agam. 1158. SYN. Σύμμολος, σύμφος, συναυλός, ὁμόφωνος, σύμφων, συγγνώμων, συναρβός.

Συμφᾶω, ἦσω, corrado: to sweep away. Nub. 971. SYN. Συντρίβω, συνάφαιρω.

Συμψηρίζομαι, una suffragium do: to vote with. Lysist. 142. SYN. Σύμφημι, συνδύκω.

Σιν, præp. cum dat, cum: with. Ἀμυσσά-

πύσαι σὺν φθαῖς Phoen. 820. SYN. Μετᾶ, ἄμα.

Συνάγειρα, et Συνάβροζω, colligo: to collect. Πόλιν βίδον συνάγειραν δ. 90. Rhes. 609. See Ἀβροζω. SYN. Συλλέγω, συνάγω, ἀγέλω, ἀβροζω.

Συνάγω, conféro: to bring together. Ευλῶγος ζυνήγαν Sept. Th. 504. SYN. Συμφέρω, συλλέγω, συναβροζω, συνάγειρα, σύναπτα, συγκόμιζω, συστέλλω, συναρμίζω.

Συνάγνυμι, 1. a. εἰσᾶ, confringo: to dash to pieces. Τὰς οἱ ζυνεῖξαν ἄλλα ξ. 383.

Συνάγων(ζομαι), certaminis socius sum: to assist in the combat. Thesm. 1070. See Ἀγών. SYN. Συμμάχω, συλλαμβάνω, συμπράσσω, ἄμνω.

Συνάδω, concino: to sing together, to agree. Συναδέτω δὲ Χαρίς Av. 858. SYN. Συναυδάω, συναυλῶ, σύμφημι.

Συνάερω, simul tollo: to raise with. Ἐμοὶ σὺν μοχλὸν ἄερας i. 332.

Συνάβροζω. See Συνάγειρα.

Συνάβρω, colludo: to play with. Τῆσιν ἄλ συνέβρων Mosch. 2. 30. SYN. see Συμπαίζω.

Συναίμω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, consanguineus: of the same blood, kindred. Phoen. 831. SYN. 'Ομαιμὸς, ὁμόγενής, ὁμόγενεωρ, σὺγγενὸς, σὺνύμαλμον.

Συναίνεω, et Συνέαινέω, collaudo: to praise, approve of. Agam. 468. 1076. SYN. Αἰνέω, κἀταίνεω, ἐπαίνεω, σύμφημι, εὐλόγέω, εγκωμιάζω.

Συναίνωμαι, colligo: to collect. Συναίνωτο κάμπυλᾶ τόξα Φ. 502. SYN. Συλλέγω, συλλαμβάνω, ἀβροζω.

Συναίρω, 2. a. εἰλδν, contraho; aufero: to contract; to take away. v. 95. SYN. Συνάγω, συντρίβω, συνεφαίρω.

Συναίρω, ἄρῶ, una tollo, una perpetuo: to take with, perpetrate with. P. V. 671.

Συναίσσω, una irruo: to rush together. Hec. 189. See Ἄισσω. SYN. Συμφέρωμαι, συναίρω, συμβάλλω.

Συναίτιδος, a, ὅν, qui simul cum alio causa est alicujus rei: a joint cause. ΑΛΛ' ἀρκὺς ἡ ζυνεὺς ἡ ζυναιτία Agam. 1085. SYN. Μεταίτιδος, παραιτίδος, αἰτίδος.

Συνακλουθεύω. See Συνμαρτέω.

Συναλάζω, ἔω, simul clamorem edo militarem: to join in the war cry. Herc. F. 11. See Ἀλάζω.

Συναλγέω, una doleo aut de: to lament with or over. Alcest. 649. SYN. Συγκλέω, συμπενθεύω, συμπάσχω.

Συναλγίδων, ὄντος, particeps doloris: participating in sorrow. Eur. Sup. 85. SYN. Συμπάθος, ζυνφθός κάκοις.

Συναλέγω, cordi habeo: to mind. Isthm. 8. 103. See Ἀλέγω. SYN. Μερμῶνα, φροντίζω, ἐπιμέλειναι.

Συναλίδω, congrogro: to assemble. Τίς δ' αὖ συναλίζει τὸνδὲ τὸν σπύλον Lysist. 93. SYN. Συνάγειρα, συλλέγω, συναβροζω, συνάγω.

Συναλλάγῃ, ἡς, ἡ, interventus: interposition, intercourse. Δαιμόνων ζυναλλάγῃς E. R. 34. SYN. Διαλλάγῃ, κοινωνία.

Συναλλάσσω, ἔω, congredivor cum aliquo; concilio: to have intercourse with; to reconcile. Androm. 1234. SYN. Κοινωνέω, συντηγῶνα, συγχαρῶ, συμβάλλω, σπένδωμαι, ὁμολόγω.

Συναλοῖα, contundo: to shatter. Μεχρὶ σὺν ηλοῖσῃ παρήϊα Theoc. 22. 128. SYN. Συγκλέω, συγκρούω, συντρίβω.

Συνάμα, simul: together. Τρίηκόσιοι ταῦροι

συνάμα' ἐστίχωντο Theoc. 25. 126. One of the Vatican MSS. has σὺν ἅμα ἐστίχωντο.

Συνάμα, colligo: to collect. Ασπράγλους συνάμασθ Apoll. 3. 154. SYN. Συμψάω, συλλέγω.

Συναμπέχω, et Συναμπισχόμαι, tego: to veil or cover. P. V. 530. Herc. F. 1102. SYN. Συγκάλυπτα, περίστειλλω, ἀμφικάλυπτα, ἀμφιέννυμι, περίβδλω.

Συνάμνω, ὄνῳ, una opitulator: to aid together. Τούτῳ ζυνάμνω ἐί τις ἐκ δδμων λάβων Iph. A. 62. SYN. Συμβοηθεύω, συμμάχω, ἐπαρτήγω.

Συνάναγκάζω, ἄσω, simul cogo: to extort. Iph. A. 395. See Ἀναγκάζω. SYN. Κἀταναγκάζω, ἐκβιάζομαι.

Συνανέρχομαι, simul adscendo: to go up with. Apoll. 2. 915.

Συναντᾶω, Συναντίδω, f. ἄσω, et Συναντῶμαι, obvius fio: to meet. Ion 536. Συναντῶν καὶ ὁδοῦ μ' δ' ἡγέμων E. R. 813. Ion 830. SYN. Συντηγῶνα, συμβάλλομαι, ἀντάω.

Συνάντησις, ἑως, ἡ, occurus: a meeting. Ion 537. SYN. Ἀπάντημα, ἀντήσις.

Συναντίδω. See Συναντᾶω.

Συναντῶ, simul haurio vel laboro: to draw or labour with. Ion 198. SYN. Συνεργάζομαι, συγκάμνω.

Συναντῶμαι. See Συναντᾶω.

Συνάντω, simul conficio: to contribute to destroy. Agam. 1092. See Ἀντῶ.

Συνάοιδος. See Σύνφθός.

Συνάοιδος, aut Ion. Σύνφθός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, comes: a companion. Φόρμυγῃ συνάοιδος Nem. 4. 9. answered by Τιμόκριτος Ἀλκίφ. SYN. Σύνπαδός, ἀκδουθός, συνθιάσάτης.

Συνάοιδος, una fugio: to run away along with. Kal σὺνἀοιδῶναι δεῶρ' ἐπιχειρήσειέ μοι Ran. 81. SYN. Συμφεύγω.

Συνάοιδω. See Συγκάμνω.

Συνάοικεμαι, repositus sum: to be treasured up together. Ζὺν γ' ἀπικεῖται E. C. 1752. SYN. see Συγκάμνωμαι.

Συνάπτω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, continuous: connected. Eccles. 504. SYN. Συνάφης, σύνδετος, συνέχης.

Συνάπτα, connecto: to join together. Helen. 55. SYN. Πρόσάπτα, συζέγγνυμι, συνδέω, συνάγω, συντηγῶ, συγκολλᾶω, σὺνείρω.

Συνάρσσω, ἔω, confringo: to break to pieces. Herc. F. 1133. See Ἀράσσω. SYN. Συντρίβω, συνθραύω.

Συνάρσσω, ἔω, comprobo: to approve of. Kal δέμι' ἡν ἄμφω συνάρσσεσθαι Apoll. 4. 371. SYN. Ευδύκω.

Συνάρσσω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, connexus: joined, agreeing. Agam. 245. SYN. Σύμφωνος, q. v.

Συνάριστιναι, excello cum alio: to excel along with. Troad. 806. See Ἀριστέω.

Συναρμίζω, ὄσω, apte compono: to fit, adjust, close. Εὐνάρμυσον δὲ βλεφάρᾳ μου τῇ σῇ χερὶ Phoen. 1465. SYN. Σύνάπτα, συναρτῶνα, συντηγῶ, σὺνείρω, συμμήγνυμι.

Συναρτάω, ἄσω, corripio, diripio: to seize, plunder. Εὐ χερῶν ζυνήρπασαν Orest. 1503. SYN. Ἀρπάζω, ἀφαρπάζω.

Συναρτᾶω, connecto: to join together. Med. 564. SYN. Συνδέω, σὺνείρω, συναρμίζω, συμπλέω.

Συναρτῶνα, ὄνῳ, simul struo: to devise. Συναρτῶνασθὲ μένοιην Apoll. 4. 356.

Συνάρω, apte compono: fitly to put together.

Καλὴ συνάρηρῃ ἰοδῇ Hom. Apoll. 164. SYN. see Συναρμίζω.

Συνάρωγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, una defensor: a joint defender. Συναρωγὴ δέμιστος Hom. Hymn. 7. 4. SYN. Ἀρωγός, ἀλεξητήρ, σὺμμάχος.

Συνάσφω, una desipio: to join in folly with. Kal τοῦτ' λυτὸν ζυνάσφωιν τοῖς μὴ σφωῖς Phoen. 405.

Συνασπίς, una auxilior: to assist together. Cycl. 39. SYN. see Συμμάχω.

Συνασπιστής, οὐ, ὁ, commilito: a fellow-soldier. E. C. 379. SYN. see Σύμμάχος.

Συνασχάλλω, simul doleo: to grieve along with. P. V. 167. See Ἀσχαλᾶω. SYN. see Συμπενθεύω.

Συναυαίνω, ἄνῳ, simul exsiccio: to burn up with. Kal ζυνανῶ κόρας Cycl. 642. SYN. Αὐαίνω, ξηραίνω.

Συναυδάω, consensio: to consent. Aj. 943. SYN. see Σύμφημι.

Συναυλία, ἄς, ἡ, contubernium, concentus: a joining together, concert. Εὐναυλίαν πενήσμεν Eq. 9. SYN. Σύντῶν, σὺννοικία.

Συναυλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, contubernalis; consonus: dwelling with; agreeing with. Eur. El. 879. SYN. Σὺνοικὸς, κοινωνός, ὁμολός, σὺμφθός, σύμφωνος.

Συναυξέω, concresco: to increase with. Eur. El. 544.

Συνδᾶζω, simul occido: to kill together with. Aj. 361. See Δαίζω. SYN. see Συμφονέω.

Συνδαίτω, ὄρδς, Σύνδειπνός, οὐ, ὁ, conviva: a fellow guest. Eumen. 352. Ion 1172. SYN. Συμπότης, σύνδειπνός, συνθουήτωρ, σὺνέστις, δαιτῖμον, σὺνέστις, συντρίπετος, ὁμωτρίπετος.

Συνδαίω, simul epulor: to feast with. Helen. 1438.

Σύνδειπνός. See Συνδαίτω.

Σύνδεσμά, ὡν, τᾶ, nexus, vincula: joints, fastenings. Med. 1190. SYN. Δεσμός.

Συνδέτῶς, a, ὅν, colligandus: must be tied together. Eccles. 785. SYN. Ζευκτῶς.

Συνδέτος, ἡ, ὅν, colligatus: bound together. Aj. 65.

Συνδέω, ἦσω, colligo: to bind together. Lysist. 445. SYN. Σύνείρω, σύνάπτα, συζέγγνυμι, συμπλέω.

Συνδιαφέρω, f. οἶσω, 1. a. ἡνεγκᾶ, cum alio perfero: to endure along with. Eq. 594. SYN. Σύνάγων(ζομαι).

Συνδικάζω, ἄσω, una judico, ulciscor: to assist in administering justice, to avenge. Med. 158. See below. SYN. Ἐπεξέρχομαι, ἐκδικέω.

Συνδικατῆς, οὐ, ὁ, qui simul judex est: a brother judge. Οἱ ζυνδικαταὶ παρὰκλῶντες τοῦτον Vesp. 215.

Συνδικέω, patrocinator: to defend the cause of another. Kal ζυνδικῆσαν αὐτὸς Eumen. 582. SYN. Σύντηγρῶ, πρόστιμα.

Συνδίκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui causam alterius defendit, patronus: an advocate, patron. Aesch. Sup. 734. See below. SYN. Προστάτης, σὺν-ἡγρός.

Συνδίκως, jure: with justice. Συνδίκως τίθεις ἄρᾳ Agam. 1591. SYN. Δίκῃ, δίκαιως.

Συνδιδύμω, f. οἶσω, Att. δλῶ, 1. a. ἄλωσᾶ, una perdo: to destroy along with. Eur. fr. Cēdip. 7. 2. SYN. see Συμφονέω.

Συνδύκω, consensio: to agree. Iph. T. 71. SYN. Συναίνεω, σύμφημι, ὁμολόγέω, ὁμολόγω.

Συνδουλεύω, una servio: to be a fellow-slave. Hec. 203.

Συνδουλός, ου, δ, ή, conservus: a fellow-slave. Med. 64.

Συνδράω, δω, una facio: to assist in doing. Orest. 400. See Δράω. SYN. see Συμπράττω.

Συνδρόμας, ἀδός, ή, concurrens: running together. Πώς τὰς συνδρόμαδας Iph. T. 423.

SYN. Συμπληγάς.

Συνδρόμος, ου, δ, ή, una currens; consensuens: running with, meeting; agreeing. Call. 5. 110.

SYN. Συνσπᾶδος, σύμφωνος.

Συνδρόμος, una currendo: with equal speed, concisely. Agam. 1155.

Συνδύας, ἀδός, ή, compar: a partner. Εὐνδύ-  
αδος φίλιος ἀδελφός Alcist. 488. SYN. Σύνδύς.

Σύνδύο, bini: two together. Σύνδύο κοιμή-  
σαντο Hom. Hymn. 5. 74.

Συνδυστῆναι, pari calamitate laboro: to be  
unfortunate together. Ὡς ἂν Μενέλαος ξυνδυσ-  
τῆται Orest. 1098. SYN. Συγκάμνω.

Συνδωδέκα, duodecim simul: twelve together.

Συνδωδέκα πλήθει Troad. 1068.

Συνδέρια, ας, ή, consessus: an assemblage.

Ἐχθραί τε καὶ στέργηθρά καὶ συνδέρια P. V. 501.

SYN. Συνδός, συγκλησία, εκκλησία, κοι-  
νωσία.

Συνδριᾶσθαι, consideo: to sit together, as-  
semble. Συνδριᾶσθαι ἄνωγον Apoll. 1. 328.

SYN. Συγκάθεσθαι, συγκάθημαι.

Συνδρός, ου, δ, ή, consessor; adjutor: one  
who sits with or near; a counsellor. Iph. A. 192.

See Ἔδρα. SYN. Πάρεδρος, ἐφέδρος, σύν-  
θροῖος, σύμβουλος, σύντακός.

Συνέργω, Συνεργάω, concludo; colligo: to  
inclose; to collect, unite. ξ. 72. Ὅσον συνέρ-  
γάθην ἄκρα Ζ. 36. SYN. Κάθεργω, σύνεχω,  
συγκλείω, σύνελκω, συνέλω.

Συνεκίδω, viginti simul: twenty together.

Ὅτε συνεκίδω φωνῶν ξ. 98.

Συνείδω, f. εἰδῶμαι, pf. m. οἰδᾶ, part. εἰδώς,  
simul cognosco; conscius sum: to be privy to;  
to be conscious. Orest. 390. SYN. Συνίσμι.

Συνείλω, convolvio: to roll together. Ion  
1164. SYN. Συνείλω, συμπίπτω.

Συνεμί, una sum: to be with. Eccles. 38.

SYN. Μέτειμι, πάρεμι, ὁμιλέω, συγγίνωμαι.

Συνεμί, i. q. Συνερχόμεναι, q. v.

Συνείρω, connecto: to join together. Av.  
1079. SYN. Συνδένω, συνάπτω, συμπλέκω, συν-  
αρμόζω.

Συνεσβαίνω, simul ingredior: to embark with.

Med. 477.

Συνεισέρχεται, simul intro: to go in with.

Helen. 335.

Συνεκθνήσκω, simul morior: to die together.

Cycl. 568. SYN. Συνθνήσκω, συνεκπνέω.

Συνεκκλέπται, furti particeps sum: to join in  
stealing. Troad. 1011. SYN. Ἰπποκλέπται.

Συνεκκώμω, simul exporto vel sustineo: to  
bear out or support with. Hipp. 467. SYN. see  
Συγκώμω.

Συνεμάχην. See Συμμάχην.

Συνεμάχην, simul januam refringo: to as-  
sist in breaking down a door. Lysist. 430.

Συνεκπνέω, pnenso, simul animam efflo: to  
expire with. Iph. T. 684. SYN. Συνεκπνέω, συν-  
θνήσκω.

Συνεκπνέω, ήσω, adjuvo in perficiendo: to  
assist in completing. Eur. fr. Androm. 7. 4.

SYN. see Συμπνέω.

Συνεκπνέω, α, δν, simul ebibendus: must be  
drunk up together. Plut. 1086.

Συνεκπνέω, confero operam ad salutem ali-  
cuius: to join in delivering. Q. C. 566.

Συνεκτρέφω, θρέψω, simul educo: to bring up  
with. Iph. T. 710. SYN. Συντρέφω.

Συνεκφέρω, una educo: to bring out with, to  
deliver. Eur. fr. Dict. 7. 1.

Συνελκύω, ήσω, et Συνέλκω, ήσω, simul traho:  
to draw together. Τηνδε καὶ Συνελκύσαν Pax  
417. 468. SYN. Συνάγω, συναίρω.

Συνεμβάλλω, simul injicio: to cast in together.

Lysist. 246.

Συνεμβάλλω, ής, ή, et Συνεμβάλλον, ου, τδ, col-  
lisio; commissio; impetus: a dashing; a fasten-  
ing; impetuosity. Pers. 402. Agam. 956. SYN.  
Πρόβολη.

Συνεμπόρος, ου, δ, ή, commerciator, socius: a  
fellow-merchant or traveller. Ran. 396. SYN.  
Ὁμόστολός, συνόδοποιός.

Συνεμπρήω, comburo: to burn up or to-  
gether. Rhes. 485. SYN. see Συμφλέγω.

Συνεζαίρω, 2. a. εἰδῶν, adjuvo in expugnando:  
to assist in destroying. Troad. 24. SYN. Συμ-  
πορθεῶ, συναίρω, συμφέλω.

Συνεζακούω, κοῦσθαι, simul exaudio: to hear  
clearly along with one. Trach. 376. See  
Ἀκούω.

Συνεζέλαινω, f. ἐλάω, simul expello: to drive  
away with. Agam. 1596. See Ἐλαίνω.

Συνεζέρχεται, una exeo: to go out or away  
with. Hec. 1098.

Συνεζευρίσκω, 2. a. εἰρδῶν, una exeo: to  
help in discovering. Thesm. 601. SYN. Συμ-  
φράζομαι.

Συνεύχομαι, ου, δ, junctura: a joint. Αυχένος  
εν ξυνόχομω Ζ. 465.

Συνεπαίδω, una accino: to sing or celebrate  
together. Iph. A. 1491. See Ἀείδω. SYN. see  
Συνάδω.

Συνεπαίνο, See Συναίνο.

Συνεπείκω, simul incumbo: to assail to-  
gether. Eq. 266.

Συνεπείνυδομαι, una pariter mentior: to sup-  
port another in a lie. Λάγδονες συνεπείνυσανται  
Call. 3. 123.

Συνεπόμεναι, 2. a. εσπόμεναι, comes sum: to ac-  
company. Hipp. 1226. SYN. see Συνόμαρτέω.

Συνεπόμεναι, una iurejurando confirmo: to  
confirm by an oath along with. Lysist. 237.

SYN. see Συνόμνυμι.

Συνεπότερνω, ήνω, simul instigo: to excite at  
the same time. Ξόν δ' ἐπότερνε πῆλας Soph.  
El. 299.

Συνεράω, pariter amo: to love together with.

Bion 16. 8. SYN. Συμφιλέω, ἀντέρω.

Συνεργάζομαι, co-oporor: to co-operate. An-  
tig. 41. SYN. see Συμπράσσω.

Συνεργάτης, et Συνεργός, ου, δ, et Συνεργάτης,  
ιδός, ή, operis socius: a co-operator. Οὐδὲ  
σκότον φλοισσοῖ τὸν Συνεργάτην Hipp. 419. Ion  
48. Eur. El. 100. SYN. Συμπράκτωρ, συν-  
λήπτωρ, συνέριθός, σύμμαχος, ἐπίκουρος.

Συνεργέω, Συνεργώ, et Συνέρδω, simul facio:  
to co-operate. Helen. 1426. Trach. 83. Soph.  
El. 350. SYN. Συμπράσσω, q. v.

Συνεργός. See Συνεργάτης.

Συνέρω. See above.

Συνέρδω. See above.

Συνέρπει, compingo: to press together, fasten.

Iph. T. 458. SYN. Κατάπηγγνυμι.

Συνερίθός, ου, δ, ή, socius laboris: a fellow  
workman. Pax 786. See Ἐριθός. SYN. Συν-  
εργάτης, συνεργός, συμπράκτωρ, βήθηδός.

Συνεργτικός, ή, δν, bene constringens: able to  
connect together, or to reason. Συνεργτικός γάρ  
εστὶ Eq. 1378.

Συνερχόμεναι, et Συνεμί, convenio: to come to-  
gether. Helen. 1468. Z. 120. SYN. Συγγί-  
γνυμαι, συμπίπτω.

Συνέσις, ής, ή, sapientia; conjunctio: wis-  
dom; a union. Σάξει σὲ συνέσις ἀλλὰ βαί-  
ν' εἰσω δόμων Orest. 1539. SYN. Φρόνησις, νό-  
ημά, ἐπιστήμη.

Συνεσπίπτω, f. πέσσομαι, simul incido: to  
rush upon with. Eccles. 1087. SYN. Συνέ-  
γνυμαι, συμπίπτω, συντυγχάνω.

Συνεστῖος, ου, δ, ή, convictor, conviva: an  
inmate, guest. Alcist. 1170. See Ἔστια. SYN.  
Συντράπεζος, συνδοῦναι, συνδαίτωρ, δαιτυμῶν,  
συμπότης, συνοικὸς, ὁδοτρόπος.

Συνετός, ή, δν, prudens: intelligent. Ἐγὼ τὰ  
τ' οὐκ ἐπὶ συνέτος ἐμὶ καὶ τὰ μὴ Iph. A. 1255.

SYN. Φρόνιμος, σάφρων, σφδός, πευκάλιμος, ἐμ-  
πειρός.

Συνετῶς, prudenter: prudently. Iph. A. 466.

See above. SYN. Εμπείρος, φρόνιμος, πινύτης,  
πικνός.

Συνείδω, et Συνενάσσομαι, una dormio: to  
sleep together. Eur. El. 1145. Q. R. 982.

SYN. see Συγκάθεσθαι.

Συνενέτης, et Συνενός, δ, et Συνενέτης, ιδός,  
ή, tori particeps: partner of a bed. Med. 242.

Eccles. 948. Androm. 900. SYN. Ὁμενέτης,  
ὁμολόγος, ὁμολοκτρός, σύλλεκτρος, σύγγαμος,  
σύνεξ, σύνδρος.

Συνενύχω, simul felix sum: to be successful  
with. Hipp. 1118. See Τύχη.

Συνεφράζομαι, ασθαι, fausta precor: to pray  
for blessings on. Συνεφράσασθαι ἰούσιν Apoll.  
3. 917.

Συνεχόμεναι. See Συγκάθεσθαι.

Συνεφάπτομαι, una prehendo, adjuvo: to lay  
hand to a work with somebody, to assist. Olymp.  
10. 117. SYN. see Συμπνέω.

Συνέχης, See Συνέχης.

Συνέχης, ής, δ, ή, continuus: continuous.

SYN. fr. Archel. 29.

Συνέχης vel Συνέχης, et Συνέχης, et Συνέ-  
χης, continenter; crebro: continuously; fre-  
quently. Συνέχης ἐμάχοντο Hes. Theog. 636.

Διὸ δ' ἡμᾶς συνέχης αἰεὶ ι. 74. Συνέχης ἀργί-  
νδεσσάν Ap. Rh. 2. 738. In his locis συν  
producit per arsin.

Συνέχης invenias in Iph. A. 1008.

SYN. Συνέχης.

Συνέχης, una odi: to join in hating. Antig.  
523.

Συνέχω, continueo: to keep together. Bacch.  
386. SYN. Κάτεχω, περίεχω, συνέλω, συσ-  
τέλλω, συλλαμβάνω.

Συνήδω, Συννάσσω, una pubesco: to grow up  
to maturity with. Anacr. 76. 4. Dan. 105. SYN.  
Συναντινέωμαι.

Συνήδω, as, ή, congressus: an engagement.

Συνήδω, κέχαροντο Apoll. 2. 1161. SYN.  
Συμβόλη.

Συνήδω, patronor; adsentio: to patronise,  
plead for; to agree. Nub. 1085. SYN. Συν-  
δικέω, σύμφημι, σύνδω.

Συνήδω, ή, δν, patrocinandi vim habens:  
able to defend in a cause. Αυτὸς δὲ φέρει τὸ  
συνήδω Vesp. 691.

Pros. Ler.

Συνήδω, ου, δ, ή, patrocinans, patrocinator;  
consonans: advocating, an advocate; agreeing:  
Trach. 1167. SYN. Συνδικός, προστάτης, σύμ-  
φωνός.

Συνήδω, pari gaudio adficior: to rejoice  
with, congratulate. Rhes. 958. SYN. see Συγ-  
χαλῶ.

Συνήθειά, ας, ή, consuetudo: intercourse, fa-  
miliarity. Ῥεῖα συνήθεισιν Hom. Merc. 482.

SYN. Ὁμιλία, ἔθος, οικειότης.

Συνήθης, ής, δ, ή, consuetus, familiaris: ac-  
customed to, familiar with. Hes. Theog. 230.

SYN. Ἔθος, οικειός, ἐπιτήδειος.

Συνήλις, ής, equalis: of the same age.

Ἰστ' ἐμὸν ξυνήλικες Pers. 789. SYN. see Ὁμή-  
λις.

Συνημόσυν, ής, ή, societas: fellowship, com-  
pact. Συνημόσυνος ἀγόρευε X. 261. SYN. Συν-  
θήκη, σύμβασις, ἀρμός, σπονδή, σύνθημα.

Συνήμων, ής, δ, socius: an ally. Apoll. 4.

1210. SYN. Συνήθης, συνάδρος, σύμμαχος.

Συνήδρος. See Συνάδρος.

Συνηπρόσσω, simul decipio: to assist in de-  
ceiving. Lysist. 845.

Συνηρέτω, una remigo: to row together, to  
agree. Ἡ πάρος ξυνηρέτωμιν Aj. 1329. SYN.  
Συντρέχω, ὁμορρόδω.

Συνηρέτω, obfusco: to cover, darken. Eur.  
fr. Phaeth. 5. 3.

Συνηρέτης, ής, δ, ή, contextus, densus: co-  
vered, thick. Orest. 947. SYN. Κάτηρέτης,  
συσκός, στυγνός.

Συνθακῶ, consideo: to sit together. Heracl.  
994. See below. SYN. see Συγκάθεσθαι.

Συνθακός, ου, δ, ή, consessor: one who sits  
with, an associate. Εὐνθακός ἐστὶ ναυτίλος  
σωτήριος Orest. 1654. SYN. see Συνέδρος.

Συνθάπτο, demulceo: to soothe with. P. V.  
706. SYN. Πάρρηδω, κατάθάλπω.

Συνθάπτο, una sepelio: to bury together, as-  
sist in burying. Aj. 1395. SYN. Συγκάτερεψω.

Συνθέλω, consentio: to consent. Herc. F.  
832. SYN. Εθέλω, σύμφημι.

Συνθερίσω, una meto: to reap with. Acharn.  
949.

Συνθεσία, ας, Συνθεσίας, ής, ή, compositio:  
putting together, agreement. Συνθεσία τε καὶ  
ῥηκία B. 339. Pyth. 4. 299. SYN. Συνθήκη.

Συνθετός, ου, et ή, δν, compositus, fictus: com-  
posed, fictitious. P. V. 707. SYN. Ψευδής.

Συνθεῶ, f. θεύσσομαι, una curro; bene cedo:  
to run together; to go off well. u. 245. SYN.  
see Συντρέχω.

Συνθεώρω, simul adspicio: to see at once, or  
along with. Vesp. 1182.

Συνθίγω, exacuo: to irritate. Hipp. 689.

Συνθήκη, ής, ή, foedus: a contract. Pax 1065.

SYN. Σύμβασις, συνθήκη, σύμβολη, ἀρμός,  
σπονδή, σύνθεσις, συνθεσία.

Συνθημά, ής, τδ, compositio; signum: an  
agreement; a signal. Rhes. 680. SYN. Σῆμα,  
σημεῖον, σύμβολον, μάθημα, συνθήκη.

Συνθηματιάω, α, δν, locutious, conductus:  
made at a fixed price, ordered. Στεφάνους συν-  
θηματίαιος Thesm. 465.

Συνθρᾶω, Συνθρεύω, una venor: to hunt  
together. Philoct. 1005. Thesm. 163. SYN.  
Συνάκλουθω.

Συνθιάω, ου, δ, compotor; sodalis: a  
fellow reveller; a companion. Διὸ πρεσβυτὰ  
ξυνθιάωτα Plut. 508. SYN. see Συνάδρος.

E e



Συνθνήσκω, una morior: to die with. Hec. 396. SYN. Συνεκνήσκω, συνεκνήει, συνάπδω-  
λμι, συνδιαφθείρωμαι.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, conviva: a guest. Πί-  
κρον γέ συνθνήστωρ ἦν δὲος δέλη Eur. El. 638.  
SYN. see Συνθνήστωρ.  
Συνθνήστω, Συνθνήστω, confringo: to dash to  
pieces. Συνθνήσονται δ' ἅπαν Bacch. 623.  
Orest. 1586. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συγκλάω.  
Συνθνήστω, See above.  
Συνθνήστω, ὅσω, una sacra facio: to offer incense  
with. Eur. El. 795. See ὅσω.  
Συνθνήστω, subsidio: to sink. Σάρκες δ' οἱ μὲν  
ιδρώτι συνθνήσονται Theoc. 22. 112.  
Συνθνήμι, l. a. ἐκὰ καὶ ἡκὰ, committo; intelligo:  
to engage; to understand. The antepenult. is  
always short in Homer, but in the Attic poets  
generally long. "Ἄδ' ἐμὲθεν ἐνθνήμι ἐπὶς ζ. 289.  
Εἴτ' οὐ ἐνθνήμι τὴν ἐπίνοιαν τοῦ θεοῦ Plut. 45.  
SYN. (1) Συμβάλλω, συμμίσγωμαι, (2) αἰσθάνω-  
μαι, γινώσκω, ἐπιστάμαι, μαθάνω.  
Συνθνήμι, conscious sum: to be conscious. Hec.  
858. See ἰσθμή. SYN. Συνθνήμι, συνθνήμι.  
Συνθνήμι, f. συνθνήμι, constituo: to settle.  
Eq. 863. SYN. Συντάσσω, συναρμόζω, συ-  
τάλλω, συνάγω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, conscious: privy to. Agam.  
1058. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συναρμόζω.  
Συνθνήστω, cohibeo: to restrain. Τῷ χρόνῳ  
συνθνήσκει Iph. A. 694.  
Συνθνήστω, Ion. Συνθνήστω, item Συνθνήστω, et  
Συνθνήστω, una habito: to dwell together with.  
Sept. Th. 179. Ap. Rh. 2. 657. Hippol. 1220.  
CE. C. 1322. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συνάπδω.  
Συνθνήστω, συνεπάρω, conjuro: to confirm with an oath,  
to conspire. Agam. 633. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συν-  
θνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, aut Ion. Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, comes:  
an attendant. Ξεῖνῳ συνθνήστω εἶσα Apoll. 4. 745.  
See ὅπαδς. SYN. ὅπαδς, ἀκλόουθς, ὁρδς, ὁρδς.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, armorum socius: asso-  
ciated in arms. Herc. F. 126. See ὅπαδς.  
Συνθνήστω, See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, obnubilo: to render gloomy. Eur.  
fr. Dan. 1. 7. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, nubilis, tristis: cloudy,  
gloomy. Phoen. 1328. SYN. Σκότείνδς, σκυ-  
θραπῶς.  
Συνθνήστω. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, qui iisdem pascuis utitur;  
conjunctus: having the same pasture or share;  
a partner. Sept. Th. 347.  
Συνθνήστω, una egrotto: to sicken along with.  
Iph. A. 407. SYN. Συγκάμνω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui cum alio  
sponsam curat: one who joins with another in  
attending a bride. Iph. A. 48.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, ἡ, congressus, conventus: a

meeting, engagement. Hec. 106. SYN. Σέ-  
δωσις, ἐκκλησία, συμδωλή, πάνθηρος. EF.  
Κύαντα.  
Συνθνήστω. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ; Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui  
una habitat: one who dwells with. Eumen.  
836. Plut. 1148. SYN. Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ.  
Συνθνήστω, as, ἡ, cohabitatio: a dwelling to-  
gether. Δυσμένη ἐνθνήστω Ἄsch. Sup. 275.  
SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, una habitare facio: to cause  
to dwell together. Ἡράκλει' ἐνθνήστω Herc.  
F. 68.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, qui una condit urbem:  
a joint founder. Olymp. 6. 8.  
Συνθνήστω. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, socius in custodienda  
domo: a companion in guarding a house. Hipp.  
1072. SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, consonus: in the same  
tune, harmonising with. Συνθνήστω ὁρδς, δ.  
Apoll. 2. 161. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συμφωνός.  
Συνθνήστω, una amitto vel perdo: to lose or  
destroy with. Helen. 104.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, consanguineus: a  
kinsman. P. V. 417. SYN. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, Συνθνήστω, comitor: to ac-  
company. Εἰν δ' ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, φιλῶ Orest. 940.  
Ran. 401. See Ἀκλόουθς. SYN. Συνθνήστω,  
συμπόρευμαι, παρέκλουθς.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, equalis: of the same age.  
Ἄμμες γὰρ πᾶσαι συνθνήστω Theoc. 8. 22.  
SYN. See ὅπαδς.  
Συνθνήστω, conjuro: to confirm with an oath,  
to conspire. Agam. 633. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συν-  
θνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, See Συνθνήστω.  
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Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, armorum socius: asso-  
ciated in arms. Herc. F. 126. See ὅπαδς.  
Συνθνήστω, See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, una irascor: to share in anger.  
Call. 6. 72. SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, concito: to rouse with or together.  
Κεαρ συνθνήστω ἀτρη Apoll. 3. 56. SYN.  
Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, congredior: to rush together, en-  
gage. Apoll. 2. 88. SYN. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, conterminus: neighbouring  
to. Agam. 478. SYN. ὅπαδς.  
Συνθνήστω, as, ἡ, consuetudo familiaris, con-  
gressus; convivium: familiar intercourse; con-  
vivality. Αἰσθάνει ἐνθνήστω Eumen. 285. SYN.  
ὅπαδς, μέτουσία, συνθνήστω, συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, as, ἡ, facilis ad coetus con-  
viviales: fond of convivality. Vesp. 1209. See  
above. SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, supercilia contraho: to contract  
the eyebrows, to be sad. Alcest. 793. See  
ὅπαδς, ὁρδς. SYN. Συνθνήστω, σκυθραπῶς.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cui supercilia coeunt: having  
the eyebrows united. Τῇ λεληθότως συνθνήστω  
Anacr. 28. 16.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, ἡ, conjunctio viarum; angustia:  
the union where two ways meet; a narrow part.  
Ψ. 330.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, continuus: continual.  
Bacch. 162. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συνέχης.  
Συνθνήστω, contraho: to contract. Ἐπὶ στήθος  
συνθνήστω B. 218. SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, simul asso: to roast along with.  
Καὶ ἐνθνήστω τοῦτον Lysist. 844.  
Συνθνήστω, sapio cum: to be wise with.  
Iph. A. 407.  
Συνθνήστω, condoleo: to be miserable  
with. Συνθνήστω Lysist. 1225. SYN.  
Συνθνήστω, συναρμόζω, συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, θω, conturbo: to disorder, dis-  
turb. Heracl. 379. See Τάρασσω. SYN. Συν-  
θνήστω, συμμίσγωμαι.  
Συνθνήστω, θω, compono: to arrange together.  
Herc. F. 190.  
Συνθνήστω, et Συνθνήστω, contendo; concito me:  
to strain every effort; to hasten on a road.  
Hec. 188. Pyth. 1. 158. See Τάνω. SYN.  
Πάρασσω, σπουδάζω, συνθνήστω, διατελέωμαι.  
Συνθνήστω, una libero procreo: to beget  
children with. Thesm. 14. See Τέκνω. SYN.  
Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, conficio: to complete, establish.  
Pyth. 9. 100. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, as, ἡ, collatio: a collection or  
assemblage. Sept. Th. 237. A final. brevis, ut  
in Ευσέβει. SYN. Ἀθροισμῶ, κοινωνία.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, impensae socius: sharing  
in the expense, tributary. Agam. 515.  
Συνθνήστω, concido; brevis sum: to cut off;  
to be concise. Hec. 1162. SYN. Συνθνήστω,  
συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, enixe: strenuously. Καὶ συν-  
θνήστω καὶ κατέβλακενέμενος Plut. 325.  
Συνθνήστω, perforo: to penetrate. Choeph.  
444. SYN. Διαπέρω, συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ejusdem artis est peritus:  
a fellow artist. Τῶν ἐκείνου ἐνθνήστω Ran.  
775. SYN. ὁρδς, ὁρδς.  
Συνθνήστω, liquefaciendo consumo; liqueo: to  
cause to melt away; to waste away. Iph. A.  
398. SYN. Συμφέλω, ἐκτῆκα.  
Συνθνήστω, f. θῆσω, compono; comprehendo;  
med. paciscor: to put together; to comprehend;  
midd. to bargain. Συνθνήστω ἅπαν γένος Med.  
745. SYN. Συμβάλλω, συνθνήστω, συζεύγωμαι,  
συμπλέκω, δμολύγω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, concisus, brevis: concise,  
brief. Pers. 704. SYN. Βραχύς, σύνεσταλ-  
μένος.  
Συνθνήστω, et superl. Συνθνήστω, concise:  
concisely. Eumen. 418. CE. C. 1579. SYN.  
Συνθνήστω, βραχύς.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, continuus: unremitting.  
Hipp. 1358. SYN. Ἐνθνήστω, σπερχνός, δουρίδς.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, ejusdem mensae parti-  
cipes: eating at the same table. Καὶ ἐνθνήστω  
αἰσθάνει βίαν Androm. 656.  
Συνθνήστω, iā, tres simul: three together. i. 429.  
See Τρεῖς.  
Συνθνήστω, θρέψω, simul nutrio: to bring up  
together. Helen. 1036.  
Συνθνήστω, 2. a. ἐδράμω, concurro; convenio:  
to run together; to correspond, agree. Orest.  
1214. See Τρέχω. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συνθνήστω,  
συμπλέκω.  
Συνθνήστω, tridente concutio: to shake with  
the trident. Συνθνήστω πάλιν Herc. F. 941.  
SYN. Συνθνήστω, συγκλίνω, συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, θω, contero: to break to pieces.

Cycl. 699. See Τρέω. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συν-  
θνήστω, ἀντά, κάτακλάω, κάταρτήγωμαι.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, simul nutritus: reared  
with. Iph. T. 1120. SYN. ὁρδς, οὐκείδς.  
Συνθνήστω, concuro: to meet. Anacr. 7. 4.  
SYN. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, obviam fio; colloquor: to meet  
with, occur; to converse with. Συνθνήστω κατὰ-  
κτῆρη Rhes. 861. SYN. Ενθνήστω, συνθνήστω,  
συνθνήστω, συμφείρωμαι, συμπίπτω.  
Συνθνήστω, in caseum cogo: to make into  
cheese. Eq. 479. See Τυρός. SYN. Συνθνήστω,  
συγκύκω.  
Συνθνήστω, as, ἡ, eventus; congressus; casus:  
an occurrence; meeting; event. Ενθνήστω  
κρείσσω ἐκύρησεν Hec. 215. SYN. Τύχη,  
συμφέρω.  
Συνθνήστω, simul dolore adficior: to be dis-  
tressed along with. Helen. 733. See ὁρδς.  
SYN. Συνθνήστω, συμπαθῶ.  
Συνθνήστω, et Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, conciens:  
harmonising with. Med. 1004. Herc. F. 787.  
See Ἀοιδός. SYN. Συμφωνός, συνθνήστω, ὁρδς.  
Συνθνήστω, as, ἡ, conjunctio: a conspiracy.  
Ἰσθμῶν ἁπάντων τὰς ἐνθνήστω ἐρῶ Eq. 474.  
SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, et Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, qui eodem  
jurejurando adstrictus est: one bound by the  
same oath, a conspirator. Eq. 862. Lysist.  
1006. SYN. Ενθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, commune nomen habens:  
having a common name. Γαὰρ τὰς ἐνθνήστω  
Helen. 494.  
Συνθνήστω, copulo: to join together. Bacch.  
194. SYN. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, bigas agito: to drive a pair of  
horses. Nub. 15. Π. brevis, a ξινώρικα, perf.  
activi ξινώρικω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, ἡ, biga, par: a couple of horses  
or mules drawing a carriage, a pair. Τὴν μὲν  
ξινώρικα CE. C. 895. SYN. Ζεύγος, συζύγια.  
EF. Εὐτέκνός, πῶλιν.  
Συνθνήστω, una adjuvo: to join in assisting.  
Εὐνὰ φέλωται μοι Philoct. 871. SYN. Συν-  
θνήστω, συμβόλῳ.  
Συνθνήστω, continenter: continuously. Ασπρά-  
των ἐστέιχέ σὺνθνήστω Hes. Theog. 690. SYN.  
Συνθνήστω, συνέχως, συνέχως.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, apri interfecto: a boar-  
slayer. Ἰασίωδς σὺνθνήστω Call. 3. 216. SYN.  
Συνθνήστω.  
Σύρα, as, ἡ, Syra. Βομβύκα χάριεσσά Σύρα  
καλέοντι τὸ πᾶν Theoc. 10. 26.  
Σύρακσαι, et Σύρακσαι, ὦν, αἱ, Syracusae:  
a celebrated city in Sicily. Pyth. 2. 1. Olymp.  
6. 8. See below.  
Σύρακσος, et Σύρακσος, α, ὦν, Syracusanus:  
Syracusan. Ἡδὲ βαστάζουσι Σύρακσος  
μέσθ δούρα Theoc. 16. 78. Av. 1297.  
Σύρακσαι, and -σός. See above.  
Σύρακην, melius Φύρακην, q. v. (Vid. Blomf. Pers.  
54.)  
Σύρακην, ἄτῳ, τὸ, sibilus: a whistling. Bacch.  
920. See below. SYN. Ψιδύρισμα.  
Σύρακην. See Σύρακην.  
Σύρακην, ἡ, fistula; modiolus rotæ; vena;  
theca: any hollow tube, a pipe; the nave of a  
wheel; a vein; a repository for spears. Ἐπὶ  
γὰρ Σερμαὶ σύρακην ἄνω Aj. 1411. SYN. Ἀδλαξ,  
δοναξ. EF. Νυκτερός, πρεσβυτάτης, ἀρμάτειδς,  
καλάμεισσά, εὐφρογός, ευκείλαδς, λίγυρα, εν-  
E e 2

meeting, engagement. Hec. 106. SYN. Σέ-  
δωσις, ἐκκλησία, συμδωλή, πάνθηρος. EF.  
Κύαντα.  
Συνθνήστω. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ; Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui  
una habitat: one who dwells with. Eumen.  
836. Plut. 1148. SYN. Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ.  
Συνθνήστω, as, ἡ, cohabitatio: a dwelling to-  
gether. Δυσμένη ἐνθνήστω Ἄsch. Sup. 275.  
SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, una habitare facio: to cause  
to dwell together. Ἡράκλει' ἐνθνήστω Herc.  
F. 68.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, qui una condit urbem:  
a joint founder. Olymp. 6. 8.  
Συνθνήστω. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, socius in custodienda  
domo: a companion in guarding a house. Hipp.  
1072. SYN. Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, consonus: in the same  
tune, harmonising with. Συνθνήστω ὁρδς, δ.  
Apoll. 2. 161. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συμφωνός.  
Συνθνήστω, una amitto vel perdo: to lose or  
destroy with. Helen. 104.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, consanguineus: a  
kinsman. P. V. 417. SYN. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, Συνθνήστω, comitor: to ac-  
company. Εἰν δ' ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, φιλῶ Orest. 940.  
Ran. 401. See Ἀκλόουθς. SYN. Συνθνήστω,  
συμπόρευμαι, παρέκλουθς.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, equalis: of the same age.  
Ἄμμες γὰρ πᾶσαι συνθνήστω Theoc. 8. 22.  
SYN. See ὅπαδς.  
Συνθνήστω, conjuro: to confirm with an oath,  
to conspire. Agam. 633. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συν-  
θνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, aut Ion. Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, comes:  
an attendant. Ξεῖνῳ συνθνήστω εἶσα Apoll. 4. 745.  
See ὅπαδς. SYN. ὅπαδς, ἀκλόουθς, ὁρδς, ὁρδς.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, armorum socius: asso-  
ciated in arms. Herc. F. 126. See ὅπαδς.  
Συνθνήστω, See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, obnubilo: to render gloomy. Eur.  
fr. Dan. 1. 7. SYN. Συνθνήστω, συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, nubilis, tristis: cloudy,  
gloomy. Phoen. 1328. SYN. Σκότείνδς, σκυ-  
θραπῶς.  
Συνθνήστω. See Συνθνήστω.  
Συνθνήστω, ὁρδς, δ, ἡ, qui iisdem pascuis utitur;  
conjunctus: having the same pasture or share;  
a partner. Sept. Th. 347.  
Συνθνήστω, una egrotto: to sicken along with.  
Iph. A. 407. SYN. Συγκάμνω.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui cum alio  
sponsam curat: one who joins with another in  
attending a bride. Iph. A. 48.  
Συνθνήστω, οὐ, ἡ, congressus, conventus: a

νεάφωτος, κάλη, περί χεῖλος ἐλυκτός, ποιμένικη, (2) ἐλπίστος, (3) δερμή, αἰμάτδεσσα.  
 Στριόω, Dor. Στριόω, sibilō; fistula cano: to whistle, rattle; to pipe. Φιμοὶ δὲ στριόωσι βάρβαρον τρῶσαν Sept. Th. 459. Theoc. 1. 3. SYN. Στριόω.  
 Στριότης, et Στριότης, οὐ, et Στριότης, ἥρος, ὁ, sibilator; qui fistula canit: a whistler; a piper. Πά ποτ' ὁ στριόωσι προσφίλῃς ὅσ' ἐμῆος Theoc. 8. 34. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat στριόωσι ex Jacobs. Anth. 11. 226, et στριότης ex Jacobs. Anth. 7. 58.  
 Στριός, α, ὄν, Syrius: Syrian. Νέκταρι Στριός δ' ὡς λιθάνου κάπνος Bacch. 144.  
 Στριότης. See Στριότης.  
 Στριόω, as, ἡ, potus ex planta quadam βάρβαντι et sale, purgationi serviens: a purging draught. Pax 1253.  
 Στριόω, consuo: to sew together. Hes. Op. 542. SYN. Κάταρράπτω, καττύω.  
 Στριόω, f. ῥήω, confringo: to break down. S. 137. SYN. Στριόω, συνάρασσω, συντριόω.  
 Στριός, ἔως, ἡ, Syrtis: the name of two quicksands on the coast of Africa. Στριόν ἰν' οὐκ ἐστὶ νόστος Apoll. 4. 1235.  
 Στριός, αὐδός, Στριόω, οὐ, ὁ, colluvies: filth, scum. Τὸν μὲν στριόωσι τὸν ἄλλον Vesp. 673. Hes. Op. 2. 224. SYN. Λύμα.  
 Στριόω, traho: to draw along. Στριόν εὐχόμενος τὴν δέοις Batrach. 74. SYN. Ἐλκω.  
 Στριόω, ἄολ. pro' ἴς, ὄς, ὁ, ἡ, sus; aper: a sow; a boar. Ἡ σὺν μορφώτρια Troad. 439. V. 22. SYN. Στριόω, κάπρος, κάρπιος. Ερ. Ἀγρίος, ἀγρίδους, μάλ' ἄν, πεντάετηρος, δαλίων ἀοιφῇ, μέγας, ἀναδής, λαῖος, πᾶχος, λυσσάεως.  
 Στριόω, una dissipo: to scatter together. Ran. 904. SYN. Ἀποσκεδάσσω.  
 Στριόω, paro: to prepare. Vesp. 1251. 1243. SYN. Εὐτρέφω.  
 Στριόω, as, ἡ, contubernalis: a female tent-fellow, a mate. Σοὺ 'στὶ στροκνήτρια Thesm. 431. SYN. Σύνουκος.  
 Στριόω, umbro: to shade, to cover. Bacch. 1041. See Στιάω. SYN. Στριόω, κάλυπτο, σκιάω, κάτασκιάω.  
 Στριόω, una simul edo: to eat entrails with. Pax 1116.  
 Στριόω, una studioso operam navo: to co-operate earnestly with. Pax 678.  
 Στριόω, conculco: to shake together. Τόνον φᾶς σὺνέουσέ βῶν Hom. Merc. 94. SYN. Στριόω, συνάρασσω, συγκρούω.  
 Στριόω, una cibum capio: to eat with. Καλ Μιλτιάδην εὐνίστει Eq. 1302. SYN. Στριόω, συνδαίω.  
 Στριόω, ou, τὸ, convictus: an eating together. Ἀρχὴν κατὰσπῆσαι τὰ τὴν ἐστία Eq. 710. SYN. Στριόω, συνουκία, δριστόν.  
 Στριόω, ou, ὁ, ἡ, convictor: a messmate. Παύσανά καλεῖ τὸν ἐστίατον Plut. 602. SYN. Ὀμείστις, σὺνέστις, σὺνικός, σύντροφος, σύνδειπνος.  
 Στριόω, simul servo: to join in preserving. Helen. 1388. SYN. Στιάω.  
 Στριόω, ἔως, ἡ, cœtus: a band. Ἦν ἄρ' εἰς δὲ συντάξις Androm. 1077. SYN. Σύνδους, ὁμιλός, σὺννοσία, σὺννομία, στίφους.  
 Στριόω, ἔλω, compono; contraho; consterno: to settle, to lay out for burial; to gather

in, contract; to overpower. Troad. 380. SYN. Πέριστέλλω, ὑποστέλλω, συντίθημι, σὺνείργω, κατάβαλλω, κατάρσσω.  
 Στριόω, congemio: to groan or lament together. Ὡς ἐστρέφον οὐδ' ἰον 935. SYN. Στριόω, συγκλάω, συμπενήω, οἰκτερόω.  
 Στριόω, apparo, orno: to prepare, furnish. Orest. 1434. SYN. Στριόω, κατὰκοσμεῖω, ασκέω, καλλωπίζω.  
 Στριόω, ou, ὁ, collega prætorii: a joint commander. Καλ ἐστράτηγους εἰς δ' ἄνθρωποι πάνθ' ὅρα Phœn. 757.  
 Στριόω, ψω, contorqueo: to twist round. Thesm. 61. SYN. Πέριστρέφω, σὺνείλισσω, στρέβλω, συστέλλω.  
 Στριόω, una macto: to slay together. Καλ σφαγῆναι καὶ πύρρῳ δέμας Iph. T. 686. SYN. See Στριόω, σφάζω.  
 Στριόω, ou, ὁ, suile: a pig-stye. Κατὰ σὺνέστιον ἐργον κ. 238. 389.  
 Στριόω, ou, ὁ, frequens, multus: frequent, much. Πληγὰν σὺν κατ' ἀσπ. Av. 1014. SYN. Πόλις, δαμνός, ἀρδός, σὺνέχης, πικνός.  
 Στριόω, uergeo: to cause to hurry on. Δεξιτέρῃσι σὺν δ' αἰμά Φ. 167. Z. 133. SYN. Κινέω, ὀρᾶω, πύρρῳ.  
 Στριόω, ou, τὸ, vas quo sanguis victimarum excipitur: a vessel for receiving the blood of victims. Cycl. 394. See below. Στριόω has the signification of σφάζω, a victim, Troad. 749, if the reading be correct. See Musgrave's note and Blomfield's Glossary, Agam. 1060.  
 Στριόω, ἔως, ὁ, occisor; culter serviens mactationi: a slayer; the knife used at sacrifices. Ὁ μὲν σφάζων ἐστὶν Aj. 815. SYN. Ὀλέτηρ, φόνεύς.  
 Στριόω, ἡ, σ, ἡ; Στριόω, ou, ὁ, cædes; jugulum; vulnus: slaughter; the throat; a wound. Αἰμά τὸν ἐμὸν σφάγῳ Trach. 572. Eur. El. 200. See below. SYN. Φόνος, ἀναλρεῖς. Ερ. Δεινή, ὀλέθρια, δακρύδεσσα, αυτοκτόνος, πολυθνήτος, ἀνός.  
 Στριόω, σφάω, et Σφάω, macto: to slay. Ἡσθὴν σέρφω σφάγιασιν Av. 571. Troad. 134. Agam. 1408. SYN. Ἀποσφάττω, δύνω, φονεύω, πέφνω, κατὰπέφνω, ἀποκτείνω.  
 Στριόω, See Σφάζω.  
 Στριόω, ou, τὸ, victima: a victim. Ἄ δ' Αἰλὶς ἐλάεε σφάγ' ἐμῇ δμοσποῖον Orest. 651. SYN. Ἰερεῖον, δῶμα, δῶτα. Ερ. Ἀρήτην, φόνος, ἐπὶ χάρῳ, μυσάρον, χειρὸ δακτύλου, αἰμωδός.  
 Στριόω. See Σφάκτος.  
 Στριόω, luctor; palpo: to struggle; to palpitate, quiver. Ἡ δ' ἐσφάδαζε καὶ χέρον ἐντὶ διφύρου Pers. 199. SYN. Δονέομαι, χάλειπαίνω, σπᾶμαι, ασπᾶμαι, αστάττω, διαπύρρω, σφάζω.  
 Στριόω. See Σφάζω.  
 Στριόω, as, ἡ, globus; a sphere, ball. S. 377. Ερ. Εὐκλειδὸς, περίγῃς, περίφῃς, κάλη, πορφύρεα, εὐτρυχάδης.  
 Στριόω, in modum pilæ: like a ball. N. 204.  
 Στριόω, in pilam cogo: to form into a ball. Theoc. 22. 46.  
 Στριόω, ou, ὁ, dolor quivis acutus; caries: an acute pain, paroxysm; mortification. Ἦν δ' αὖ σφάκελος καὶ φρένδπληγῆς P. V. 903. SYN. Σπασμός.

Σφάκος, ou, ὁ, salvia: sage. Κἄθ' ὁ μὲν ἐτρυβέ κεδριδᾶς ἄνθρον ἱφάων Thesm. 486.  
 Σφάκτος, Σφάγις, α, ὄν, mactatus: slain. Hec. 1060. Antig. 1291. See Σφάγιον.  
 Σφάλερος, α, ὄν, lubricus: tottering, slippery, dangerous. Eumen. 377. See below. SYN. Ἐπισφάλλω, ασθῆνής, ὀλισθηρός, ἀπάθλιος, ἀταρτηρός, γλίσχρος.  
 Σφάλερος, lubricus, dubie: in a slippery, doubtful, dangerous manner. Ἀπὸ μὴ σφάλερος ἐπὶ τὴν γαίαν Iph. A. 600.  
 Σφάλλω, f. σφᾶλω, supplantō; fallo: to supplant, throw down; to deceive. Med. 201. SYN. Ἀποσφάλλω, κατὰβαλλω, ὑποσκέλλω, πταίω, ὀλισθαίνω.  
 Σφάλλω, ἄτος, τὸ, lapsus; error; infortunium: a fall, overthrow; a mistake; a misfortune. Androm. 54. SYN. Πτώμα, πέσημα, ἀμάρτημα, δυστυχία, πταίσμα, πλῆνη.  
 Σφάργω, gutture stridore edo, crepito: to make a rattling noise with the throat, to rattle. Οὐδ' αὖτ' ἐσφάργοντο ἰ. 440. SYN. Βρύχῃμαι, σμᾶργέω, δουπέω, βροντᾶω.  
 Σφάργω, cum strepitu excito: to raise with a noise. Κονὴν δ' αἶμα ἐσφάργοντο Theoc. 706.  
 Σφάττω. See Σφάγις.  
 Σφεδανός, ὁ, ὄν, vehemens: vehement. Φεῦγόν δ' ἐσφεδανόν ἐφ' ἐπ' ἐγχεῖ Φ. 542. SYN. Σφιδρός, χάλκεος, δεινός, στερρός, ισχυρός, ἐμβριθής.  
 Σφελός, ἄτος, τὸ, scabellum: a footstool. Ἀμφὶ κᾶρη σφελᾶ ἀνδρῶν ἐκ πάλαιμας p. 231. SYN. Θρανίον, δρηνύς.  
 Σφενδάμινος, ὁ, ὄν, acernus: of a maple-tree. Ἀτέρματες Μαρὰθωνομάχαι σφενδάμινος Acharn. 181. SYN. Ισχυρός, στερρός, πρίνινος.  
 Σφενδωνάω, funda utor: to sling. Phœn. 1199. SYN. Ἀπορρίπτω.  
 Σφενδονή, ἡ, ἡ, funda; pala annuli: a sling; the bezil of a ring. Hipp. 865.  
 Σφετέρω, vindico ad me: to claim as one's own. Æsch. Sup. 38.  
 Σφετέρως, α, ὄν, suus; proprius; vester: their; proper; your. a. 7. SYN. Σφαίτερως, ὑμέτερως.  
 Σφηκία, ἄς, (2) Σφηκία, as, ἡ, (1) nidus vesparum: a wasp's nest; (2) examen vesparum: a swarm of wasps. Σφηκιαν διασκεδᾶ Vesp. 229. Cycl. 473.  
 Σφηκίσις, ou, ὁ, palus acutus: a sharp stake. Plut. 301. SYN. Σκόλοψ.  
 Σφηκός, constringo: to bind fast. P. 52. SYN. Δέω, σφίγγω, συσφίγγω, γομφώω.  
 Σφηκώδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, gracilis: wasp-like, slender. Plut. 562. SYN. Ισχυρός, λεπτός, λυγρός.  
 Σφηκωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, galeæ pars cui crista inseritur: the fastening of a crest to the helmet. Pax 1215.  
 Σφήν, πῆος, ὁ, cuneus: a wedge. P. V. 64. SYN. Γόμφος, ἥλος.  
 Σφήξ, πῆος, ὁ, ἡ, vespa, crabro: a wasp, hornet. Vesp. 1103. Ερ. Αἰλός, πικρός, δαφνός, ὀλός, λευγαλός, ἐνός.  
 Σφίγγω, α, ὄν, Sphettian. See Robinson's Grec. Antiq. Χαυρέων δ' Σφίγγιος Nub. 156.  
 Σφίγγω, constringo: to bind tight. Theoc. 7. 17. SYN. Σφίγγω, συστέλλω, σὺνείργω, συμπλέκωμαι, περίπλεκο.  
 Σφίγξ, ἱγῆς, et Bæot. Φίξ, ὁ, ἡ, Sphinx:

a fabulous monster of Thebes. See Lempriere. CE. R. 130. Ἡ δ' ἀρὰ Φίξ δολὴν Hes. Theog. 326. Ερ. Μιαφόνος, κῆον, μετὰφθόνος, δυσ-ευνέτος, δῆλος, ἄγρια, δεινὴ, βαυφός, χρηματός, αὐσιστός, δλδ, παρθένης, πτέρδεσσα. Phæa. see Phœn. 1034—1061, and 819—824.  
 Σφιδρός: See Σφιδρός.  
 Σφιδρός, α, ὄν, vehemens: vehement, strong. Εὔνοος γὰρ ὃν σοι πυνθάνομαι πάνν σφιδρός Plut. 25. The only form which occurs of this word, in the Greek poets, is σφιδρός, the neuter plur. used adverbially, and synonymous to Σφιδρός. M. 124. SYN. Ἄγαν, λίαν, πάνν, δεινός.  
 Σφιδρόνυμαι, vehemens sum: to be violent. Ἀτὰρ σφιδρόνυμι γ' ασθῆνι σφιδρόνυμι P. V. 1047. SYN. Ἐπαίρῃμαι, κομπάζομαι, δρυάομαι.  
 Σφονδύλη, ἡ, ἡ, insectum de blattarum genere: a kind of cock-roach. "Εως (monosyll.) ἡ σφονδύλη φείγουσα πύρρῳ τᾶτον βδῇ Pax 1077.  
 Σφονδύλιος, ou, ὁ, et Σφονδύλος, vertebra: the spine. Σφονδύλιον ἐκπαλῶ T. 483. Σφονδύλιος τ' ἐτήρῳσεν Eur. El. 841.  
 Σφραγίδιον, ou, τὸ, dimin. a Σφραγίς, ἴδός, ἡ, sigillum; signum: a little seal; a seal. Ἐδδαζε δ' ἀρτιδέστ' ἔχειν σφραγίδα Thesm. 434. Σφραγίδα φύλασθ' ἦν ἐπὶ δέλτῳ Iph. A. 155. SYN. Σημάτρων, σημεῖον, σφράγις.  
 Σφραγίς, ἴσω, signo: to seal. Καλ σφραγίσεις λύεις τ' ὅπισθω Iph. A. 38. SYN. Σημαίνω, κατὰσημαίνω.  
 Σφραγίς. See Σφραγίδιον.  
 Σφραγισμός, ἄτος, τὸ, sigillum: a seal. Hipp. 867. See Σφραγίς. SYN. See Σφραγίδιον.  
 Σφρίγῳ, tumeo; irascor: to swell; to be enraged. Καλ μὴ σφρίγῳτᾶ θυμὸν P. V. 388. SYN. Ἀνθῶ, ἄκωα, οὐδᾶν, βράζω, σκίρτω, ὀργίζομαι, ογκώομαι.  
 Σφρός, palpo: to throb. Theoc. 11. 71. SYN. Ασπᾶμαι, σφάδαζω, πηδᾶω, αλγῶ, ἀνιάομαι.  
 Σφύρα, seu Σφύρα, seu Σφύρα, as seu ἄς, ἡ, malleus: a hammer. Ἀκμῶν τε σφύραν τε γ. 434. SYN. Κέστρον, βασιτήρ.  
 Σφύρας, aut Σφύρας, ἄδός, ἡ, stercoreis caprini globulus: a piece of goat's dung. Ναννφύεις σφύραδων ἀποκτείνω P. V. 790.  
 Σφυρηλάτης, ou, ὁ, ἡ, malleo ductus, durus: beaten out with a hammer, hard, solid. Σαρκὶ σιδηρῇ σφυρηλάτης οὐά Κύλλοσος Theoc. 22. 47. SYN. Στέρεος.  
 Σφυρμάχος, ou, ὁ, Sphyromachus. Ὡς Σφυρμάχος πῶτ' εἶπεν εἰ μέμνησθ' ἐτι Eccles. 22. Sed hic loc. quantitate secunda non determinat: et Brunck. nescit an alibi hujus viri mentio occurrat.  
 Σφύρον, ou, τὸ, malleolus pedis: the ancle, the heel. Σφύρον αἰμάτδεσσα κατὰ σφύρον αὐτῶρ Apoll. 4. 1647. SYN. Ταρσός. Ερ. Κᾶλν, κοῦφόν, μόνυχλόν.  
 Σχάδων, ὄνος, ὁ, favus vesparum: the comb of wasps. Πληρες δὲ σχάδων Theoc. 1. 147.  
 Σχάω, f. ἄωω, Ερ. Αἰλός, πικρός, δαφνός, ὀλός, λευγαλός, ἐνός.  
 Σχάω, cohibeo: to elicit; to relax; to dismiss; to check. Γῆρῳ ἀφρογῶν σχάας Phœn. 974. Nub. 409. SYN. Ἀποσχάω, κατὰσκότω, ἀνιμί, χάλω, μετὰβαλλω, κατὰπαύω.  
 Σχῆδια, as, ἡ, ratis: a raft, ship. Τὰς ποντὸ-πῆρους ἐσχε σχῆδιας Hec. 110. SYN. Πλοῖον, ναῦς. Ερ. Εὐρεῖα, πόλιςδεσμός.  
 Σχεδός, α, ὄν, (1) qui præsto est: near, im-





παῖα τὰ μίσην δριμύειν εὐεῖσα Theoc. 11. 66. SYN. Πύτια, ὄπτος.  
 Τάμνω. See Τέμνω.  
 Τάνακῆς, et Τάνυκῆς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, protensam habens aciem, acutus: long-pointed, sharp. Κτεῖνας τάνυκῆ χαλκῷ δ. 257. κ. 439. SYN. Πρόμῆκῆς, εὐθήκτος, ευμήκης, οὐθήκτος.  
 Τάνωδεῖρος, ou, ὁ, ἡ, protensum collum habens: long-necked. Av. 1393. See below. SYN. Δολιχαύχην.  
 Τάνωδς, α, ὄν, extensus, longus: extended, long. 'Ηλιάδες τάνωδςιν Apoll. 4. 604. Τάνωδς is also the name of a river in the Peloponnesus, Eur. El. 410. SYN. Πρόμῆκῆς, μάκρος, ἐπίμῆκῆς, τάνυκῆς, τάνυκῆς.  
 Τάνωπος. See Τάνυπος.  
 Τάνυληγῆς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, longam quietem adferens: bringing a long sleep. Κάθειλτο τάνυληγῆς δανάτω β. 100.  
 Ταντάλειος, α, ὄν, et Ταντάλιδης, ou, e Tantalus: of Tantalus. Iph. T. 989. Τὼν Ταντάλιδων ἐξ αἰμάτων ὄν Iph. T. 200.  
 Ταντάλῳ, Ταντάλῳ, vehementer concutio (vid. Hesych.). to shake violently, shatter. Anacr. 102. Ἐπὶ γὰρ πέτε ταντάλῳδης Antig. 137., answered by μεγαλάνυμος ἦλθε Νίκα. SYN. Σάλευος, σάλλω, διαλέω, ἐκτάνω, κρᾶδαίνω.  
 Τάνταλός, ou, ὁ, Τantalus. 'Ὡς λέγουσι Τάνταλος Orest. 5. PRR. see λ. 581—586. and Orest. 5—9. and Porson's note.  
 Ταντάλῳ. See Ταντάλῳ.  
 Τάνυγλωσσός, ou, ὁ, ἡ, linguam protensam habens: long-tongued. 'Ιρῆκῆς τέ τάνυγλωσσός τε κόρωναι e. 66.  
 Τάνυγλῶν, υνός, cuspident promissam habens: long-barbed. Πρόεκά τάνυγλῶνως οἰστούς Θ. 297.  
 Τάνυδρόμος, ou, ὁ, ἡ, longum curriculum absolvens: completing a long race. Eumen. 377. See above.  
 Τάνυκῆς. See Τάνυκῆς.  
 Τάνυτεῖρά, as, ἡ, et Τάνυθρῆς, τρήχως, promissam comam habens: long-haired. Olymp. 2. 40. (See Τάνυγλῶν and Ευτεῖρά.) Hes. Op. 514. See Βάθυρρις. SYN. Δασυθρῆς, λάσιος, τρήχωνος.  
 Τάνυτεπῆλδς, ou, ὁ, ἡ, extenso peplo amictus: long-robed. Πάρ δ' Ἐλένη τάνυτεπῆλδς δ. 305. SYN. Ἐλκεῖσιπῆλδς.  
 Τάνυπος, et Τάναυπος, πῶδς, pedes protensos habens: broad-footed. Σεμῶς Ἐρινύς τάνυπόδας μάθειν ἐμέ Aj. 837. Hom. Merc. 232. SYN. Τάνυφύρδς.  
 Τάνυπτερυξ, ὕδς, et Τάνυσιπτερός, ou, ὁ, ἡ, cui alae sunt extense: with outstretched wings. Εὐκῶ τάνυπτερυγι λιγυρόφωρ T. 350. 'Ορνίθες τάνυσιπτεροί e. 65.  
 Τάνυρριζός, ou, ὁ, ἡ, radices extensas habens: deeply rooted. Αἰγυροί τέ τάνυρριζοί Hes. Op. 210. SYN. Βάθυρριζός.  
 Τάνυστός, ὕδς, ἡ, extensio: extension, stretching. Δῆρον ἀποτραπωσθὲ τάνυστός ὄφρα ἴδωμεν φ. 112. SYN. Ἐκτάσις.  
 Τανυσφύρος, ou, ὁ, ἡ, longa crura habens: long-legged, graceful. Εἰσι τάνυσφύροί Ωκεάνιος Hes. Theog. 564. SYN. Τάνυπος, τανῶπος, τήχωνος.  
 Τανύφλοιός, ou, ὁ, ἡ, corticem habens longum: long-barked. Μέλινη τέ τανύφλοιόν τε κρᾶναιαν Π. 767.  
 Τανύφυλλός, ou, ὁ, ἡ, folia habens lata: broad-

leaved. Κύμην τανύφυλλοῦ ἐλαῖας ψ. 195. SYN. Ἐρίφυλλός.  
 Τάνω, f. ὦω, extendo: to stretch out. 'Ὡς ἄρ' ἄτερ σπουδῆς τάνωσε μέγα τόξον Ὀδυσσεύς φ. 409. Εἰσὲν τὴν ἐτάνωσσε τράπεζαν δ. 54. SYN. see Τένω.  
 Ταξιαρχῶ, cohorti præsens: to command a band. Pax 443. See below. SYN. 'Ηγούμενῳ, ταγῶ, ταγεῖν, στράτηγῳ, σημαίνω.  
 Ταξιαρχός, ou, ὁ, ordinum ductor: the captain of a band. Ταξιαρχον προσέλεπον Pax 1138. Av. 318. SYN. Στρατήγος, πόλεμαρχός, στραταρχός, ἡγέμενός.  
 Ταξίω, in acie constituo: to post. Olymp. 9. 118. See above. SYN. Τάσσω.  
 Τάξις, ἔως, ἡ, ordo: cohorts: arrangement, rank; a band of soldiers. Τάξιν εἶχε πρὸς πύλαις Phoen. 1135. SYN. Λόχος, στῆλος.  
 Τάπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, humilis: humble. Ζῶ σοι τᾶπεινός ἀλλὰ Herc. F. 1406. SYN. Χάμαιπτης, χαμάλλος, μικρός, γλισχρός, ἀδοξός.  
 Τάπεινότης, ητδς, ἡ, dejection: dejection. Menander. See above. SYN. Κάτηφεία.  
 Τάπης, ητδς, ὁ, tapes: tapestry, a covering. Καὶ φορμὴν ἔχειν ἀντὶ τᾶπης Plut. 542. SYN. Στρώμα. Ερ. Φαῖνός, πορφύρεος, ἀλκυόφυρος, οὐλός, ῥοδέος, μαλακότερος ὕπνου.  
 Τάραγμα, ἄνδς, τὸ, Τάραγμός, ou, ὁ, Τάραξις, ἔως, et Τάραχῆ, ης, ἡ, perturbatio, consternatio: alarm, disturbance, consternation. Herc. F. 1082. Καὶ τάραγμα ὁμῶςιν Iph. A. 1128. Thesm. 144. Τάραχῆ γ' ἀδελφῶν τις δ' Iph. A. 508. SYN. Σύγχυσις, δόρυδς, ἐκκληξίς.  
 Τάρακτς. See Τάρακτωρ.  
 Τάρακτρὸν, ou, τὸ, quod perturbat: a thing which raises commotions. Pax 654. See Τάρασσω.  
 Τάρακτωρ, ὄρδς, et Τάρακτς, ou, ὁ, perturbator: a disturber. Sept. Th. 569. Lycophr. 43. See Τάρασσω.  
 Τάραξικάρηδς, ou, ὁ, ἡ, animum perturbans: heart-distressing. Καὶ τάραξικάρηδον Acharn. 315. SYN. Διγῖδμος, θυμὸν κατέδων.  
 Τάραξιππὸστράτης, ou, ὁ, ἡ, qui equestres copias perturbat: one who throws the cavalry into confusion. Καὶ τάραξιππὸστράτην Eq. 247.  
 Τάραξις. See Τάραγμα.  
 Τάρασσω, ξω, perturbo: to trouble. 'Ὅταν τάραξῃ Κυπρίς Hipp. 973. SYN. Ἀντάρασσω, συντάρασσω, δόρυδς, συγχέω, κῖκα, ὄρνω, ἐμπελίσσω.  
 Τάραχῆ. See Τάραγμα.  
 Ταρβᾶλδς, α, ὄν, timidus: fearful. Ταρβᾶλδον καὶ μηρὸς Hom. Merc. 165. SYN. Ἀνυγῆλδς, φόβερδς, δειλαῖδς, δειλῆμον, ταρβαστῶνδς, ἐμφοδός.  
 Ταρβῶ, Ion. imp. τάρβασκῶν, timeo: to fear. Trach. 725. Hom. Hymn. 4. 252. SYN. Τρέω, δέω, δεμαίνω, ορρωδέω, φόβημαι.  
 Τάρβος, ἔδς, τό; Ταρβόσυν, ης, ἡ, terror, metus: terror, fear. Phoen. 372. Ταρβόσυν φᾶν γὰρ μιν σ. 341. SYN. Δεῖμα, δέλιος, φόβος, δέος, ἐκκληξίς, ορρωδία.  
 Ταρβόσυνδς, η, ὄν, pavidus: trembling. Sept. Th. 226. See above. SYN. see Ταρβᾶλδς.  
 Τάρχευ, sale condio: exsicco: to salt, embalm; to dry. Κάκως τάρχευθεντὰ Choeph. 290. SYN. Ξηραίνω, ἀλίζω, τέμαξιζω.  
 Τάρχος, ou, ὁ, et ἔδς, τὸ, et Τάρχιδον, ou, τὸ, salsamentum piscium; caro sale condita: salt fish or meat. Σάπρος τάρχος τὴν ὀργάνον φιλεῖ Clearchus Solensis apud Steph. ΑΛΛ' ἐπὶ τᾶ-

ρίχην τοὺς λόφους κρᾶδανέτω Acharn. 967. Eis ἄγρον τάρχινον Pax 262. SYN. Πάροψάνημά. Ερ. Γάδεικός, χρηστός, σάπρος.  
 Τάρνη, ης, ἡ, Tarne: a city of Maonia or Lydia. E. 44.  
 Τάρρος, Ταρρός, ou, ὁ, pl. Ταρσά, τὰ, crates super qua casei siccantur: a wicker basket for drying remi, manus vel pedis: a wicker basket for drying cheese; the flat part of a wing; an oar; the palm of a hand or foot. Nub. 226. A. 377. SYN. Τάλαρος, κόπη, πτερόν, ποῖς, χεῖρ. Ερ. Κάτηρης, δῶδς, λυσσώδης, κραπνός, σκληρός.  
 Ταρταρεῖς, α, ὄν, Tartareus: of Tartarus. Herc. F. 909. See below.  
 Τάρταρος, ou, ὁ, pl. Τάρταρᾶ, τὰ, Tartarus: the lowest region of hell. Κῆρας ἀνὰ κᾶλῶν τὰς Τάρταρον Herc. F. 866. Ερ. Ευρύς, μέγας, ἡέρεῖς, ἀναγῆρδς, βάθος, κνέφαλδς, μελαμῆδς, ἀχλὺς. PRR. Ἄευσσά χάσματὰ Τάρταρον.  
 Ταρτησίος, α, ὄν, Tartessus: of Tartessus, a town in Spain. Ταρτησία μὲρᾶνᾶ Ran. 475.  
 Ταρφεῖς, ἐ, ὄν; Ταρφής, et Ταρφῆς, ἔδς, densus, frequens: thick, crowded, frequent. Ταρφεῖας κατέχευαν M. 158. O. 472. Sept. Th. 531. SYN. Πύκνδς, δασύς, τραχύς, πόλῶς, πλήρης.  
 Τάρφος, ἔδς, τὸ, densitas sylvæ: a thicket. O. 606. SYN. Πύκνωμα.  
 Ταρφῆς. See Ταρφεῖς.  
 Ταρχῶ, ὡω, sepelio: to bury. Ἐπὶ χθονὶ ταρχύουσι Apoll. 3. 208. SYN. Θάπτω, ἐκφέρω, κηδεύω.  
 Τάσσω, ξω, ordino; mando: to arrange; to enjoin. Androm. 1088. SYN. Κοσμέω, εὐτρέπις, κέλευα, κάταρτιω, εὐθύνω, διατάσσω, εὐθέτω.  
 Ταυγέτος, Ion. Τηυγέτος, ou, ὁ, Taygetus: a mountain in Laconia. Ἐγὼ δὲ καὶ καὶ ποτὶ ταυγέτον γ' ἄνω Lysist. 117. Ταυγέτα ο qui me gelidis in montibus Haemi Virg. G. 2. 488. Ερ. Μέγας, ἐρανός.  
 Ταυρεῖς, α, ὄν, et ou, ὁ, ἡ, taurinus: of a bull. Helen. 1581.  
 Ταυρηδόν, more taurino: like a bull. Ran. 816.  
 Ταυρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, Tauricus: of the Tauri, a people of European Sarmatia. Ταυρίκῆς μ' ὄρους χθονός Iph. T. 85.  
 Ταυροδέτης, ou, ὁ, ἡ, taurino glutine junctus (vid. Toup. Epist. Crit. p. 118.): glued. Eur. fr. Cret. 2. 8.  
 Ταυροκέρως, ω, taurina habens cornua: having a bull's horns. Bacch. 100.  
 Ταυροκρανός, ou, ὁ, ἡ, taurinum caput habens: having the head of a bull. Ταυροκρανὸς ἀγκάλας Orest. 1373.  
 Ταυροκτόνῳ, Ταυροφάγῳ, taurum mactio: to slay a bull, to sacrifice. Ταυροκτόνῳ μὲν δῶδεκ' Trach. 762. Ταυροφάγοντες εἰς μέλαν δέτον ὁσῶς Sept. Th. 43.  
 Ταυροκτόνδς, Ταυροφάγδς, et Ταυροφόνδς, ou, ὁ, ἡ, taurum interficiens: bull-slaying. Ταυροκτόνῳ λέοντιαν Philoct. 400. Trach. 609. Theoc. 17. 20.  
 Ταυρομορφός, ou, ὁ, ἡ, tauriformis: bull-formed. Ion. 1260. SYN. Ταυροειδής.  
 Ταυροπᾶλδς, ou, Ταυροπᾶλη, ης, ἡ, Epith. Diane, vel quod apud Tauros colatur, vel quod taurorum gregibus præsit: frequenting the Tauri, or presiding over bulls. Iph. T. 1453. Aj. 172.

Ταυροπούς, πῶδς, tauri pedes habens: having a bull's foot. Iph. A. 275.  
 Ταυρός, ou, ὁ, taurus: a bull. Nub. 661. Ταυροί is also the name of a nation. Iph. T. 30. See Ταυρίκος. SYN. see Βοῦς.  
 Ερ. Μέγας, ἄλθων, ἐργημῆλδς, λάσιον, παμμέλας, ἄτρεφῆ, ἄδμης, δασύθρῆς, οὐρεῖς, ὕδιστος, ἀγρῶνδς, εἰλίπους, ἐλῖς, κνημαργός, μώνυς, πέλωρδς, ἀχλῶνδς.  
 Ταυροφάγῳ. See Ταυροκτόνῳ.  
 Ταυροφάγδς. See Ταυροκτόνδς.  
 Ταυροφάγος, ou, ὁ, ἡ, taurorum vorator: a bull-eater. Μηδὲ Κράτινον τοῦ ταυροφάγου Ran. 357.  
 Ταυροφόνδς. See Ταυροκτόνδς.  
 Ταυρῶ, tauri formam induo; exaspero: to put on the form of a bull; to enrage. Bacch. 910. SYN. Ἀπὸταυρῶ, ἄγριω.  
 Ταφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, qui sepulturam dat: one who buries another, an undertaker. (E. C. 582. See below.)  
 Τάφῃ, ης, ἡ, sepultura: burial. Πλὴν ἐν εἰ χερσὶ τάφδς Helen. 1062. SYN. Κῆδός, τάφδς, κτερεῖα, ἐντάφια, ἐκφρόδ.  
 Τάφῆος, α, ὄν, sepulchral: sepulchral. Οἰχόμενοι τάφῃ λαμύτιμῳσαν Apoll. 2. 842. SYN. Ἐπιταμῆδς, ἐπικηδεύς, ἐπιτάφιος.  
 Τάφῆος, α, ὄν, Taphius: an inhabitant of Taphos or Cephalenia, one of the Echinades. Τάφῆον ἡγήτορι Μέντη a. 181. SYN. Τηλέθεος, Κεφαλλην. Ερ. Φιλήρετος, ληστήρ, ληστῶρ.  
 Τάφος, ou, ὁ, sepulchrum; funus; terror: a tomb; a funeral; awe, alarm. Eis ἐμὸν στάδι τάφον Heracl. 1041. Εν μέσοισι τάφδς δ' ἔλεν ω. 440. SYN. Σῆμα, μνημα, πρῶν, τύμβος, τάφῃ, (2) δάμδς, ἐκκληξίς. Ερ. Ἐρμῆς, δῦραῖος, λαίνος, βάσιλικός, χροστός, χθονίος, ἀέμνηστος, ἐρεμνός, μὲνδευκῆς.  
 Τάφρος, ou, ἡ, fossa: a trench, a ditch. Ἐκτος τάρφρων τῶνδ' ὡς μάχουμένους τάχα Phoen. 726. SYN. Βόθρος, λάκος, ἔρκος. Ερ. Ορμητῆ, βάθειά, ευρεῖα, κολῆ, μέγαλη.  
 Τάχᾶ, Τάχῳ, velociter; forsas: quickly; perhaps. Νῦν μὲν περᾶται τάχᾶ δ' ἴξεται B. 193. Ἀποδύθῃ τάχῳ τοῦ δανάτου δ' ὦ παιδίον Thesm. 731. SYN. Ὡκά, ἀντικᾶ, εὐθὺς, καρπᾶλῖμος, ἐν τάχει, ἴσως, συντόμως, κραπνός, τάχδς.  
 Τάχῳ. See above.  
 Τάχυνδς. See Τάχως.  
 Τάχως, ἔδς, τό; Τάχυντς, ητδς, ἡ, celeritas: celerity. Καλὸ τὸ δεσπότην τάχος Troad. 1135. Τίθει τάχυντῶς ἀέθλα Ψ. 740. SYN. Ωκύντς, δρόμος, κουφότης.  
 Τάχυσάτης, Τάχυπῶρος, ou, ὁ, ἡ, qui celeriter incedit: quick-going. Rhcs. 134. Helen. 1271. See Τάχυσουλδς and Ἀεῖατος. SYN. Τάχυτῆρης, ωκτόπρος.  
 Τάχυσουλδς, ou, ὁ, ἡ, promptus consilio: quick of counsel, rash. Ἐν Ἀθηναῖς τάχυσούλοισ Acharn. 630.  
 Τάχυτῆρης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, qui celeriter remigat: quickly rowing. Θείναι ξὺν ὄχῳ τάχυτῆρι Aesch. Sup. 33.  
 Τάχυνω, ἔνω, accelero: to hasten. Μη τᾶχυν' ἀνευ δίκης Androm. 548. SYN. Σπειδῶ, σπερχομαι, κατέπειγῶμαι, ἐπιτάχυνω.  
 Τάχυπειθής, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, credulus: credulous. Ἐγὼ δὲ οἱ ἀ τάχυπειθής Theoc. 2. 138. SYN. Ευπειθής, ευπίθης, εὐπιστός.  
 Τάχυμῶρος, Τάχυπῶτος, ou, ὁ, ἡ, brevis ævi: short-lived. Agam. 470. Olymp. 1. 154. See



Hom. Hymn. 18. 36. SYN. Ἀγρίωπος, τέρ-  
αδης.

Τέρμων. See Τεράμων.

Τέρπρον, ου, τό, terebrum: an auger, a wim-  
ble. Τόφρα δ' ἐνείκε τέρτρα Κάλυψο ε. 246.  
SYN. Τρίπλυν.

Τέρπρον, ὄνδς, ὁ, teredo, vermis lignum te-  
rebrans: a timber-worm. Eq. 1308. SYN. Σῆς,  
σκώληξ.

Τέρπν, εἰνᾶ, ἐν, tener: tender. Χρῶς χ' ὡς τε-  
ρενᾶ νύμφα Cycl. 513. SYN. Ἀέρος, ἀπᾶλδς,  
τρίφερδς, χλωρδς, μαλάκδς.

Τέρπρον, ου, Τέρμᾶ, ἄτδς, τό; Τέρμων, ὄνδς, ὁ,  
terminus, meta: a limit, boundary, goal, end.  
Eur. fr. Eurysth. 3.2. Orest. 1336. Troad. 1061.  
SYN. Τέλος, καμπτῆρ, ὄρδς, εσχάτια, τὸ ἐσχάτων.  
Τέρμινδς, ου, ἡ, terbinthus: the turpentine-  
tree. Theoc. Ep. 1.6.

Τερμῖνδς, εσσᾶ, ἐν, ad pedes usque demissus:  
reaching down to the feet. Καὶ τερμῖνδντᾶ χί-  
τωνᾶ τ. 242. SYN. Πόδηρης, πόδηρῆκς, μακρδς,  
μεγᾶς.

Τερμῖδς, Τερμῖνδς, α, ὄν, terminalis, ultimus:  
concluding, last, remotest. Ελθόντῃ χώραν τερ-  
μῖαν ἰπου δέων C. C. 89. P. V. 117. SYN. Ἐσ-  
χάτδς, τέλευταῖδς.

Τερμῖνδς. See Τερμῖδς.

Τέρμων. See Τέρπρον.

Τερπῖδης, ου, ὁ, e Terpio natus: the son of  
Terpius. Τερπῖδης δὲ τ' αἰοῖδς χ. 330.

Τερπικέραυνδς, ου, ὁ, fulmine gaudens: de-  
lighting in thunder. Διὶ τερπικέραυνω η. 164.

Τερπνδς, ἡ, ὄν, jucundus: delightful. Hipp.  
108. SYN. Εὐτερπῆς, ασιπῖδς, ἐπιτερπῆς, ἡδύς,  
γλυκύς, χαίρεις.

Τερπνᾶς, jucunde: with pleasure. Bacch. 802.  
SYN. Ἡδῶς, ἀγῶνῶς.

Τέρπω, delecto: to delight. Androm. 207.  
SYN. Εὐφραίνω, ἐπιτέρπω.

Τερπῶλη, ἡς, Τέρψις, ἑως, ἡ, delectatio: de-  
light. σ. 37. Eis τέρψιν ἡλθῆς ὡν ἐχρηζες εἰσ-  
ιδῶν Phoen. 202. SYN. Ἡδονῆ, εὐφροσύνη, δυ-  
μῖδια, ἀγᾶνθροσύνη, γηθόσυνη, χαρμῶνη. Ερ.  
Βράχεια, λυγρᾶ, ἀλυπδς, ψυχρᾶ, ἡδία, δεσπέσια.

Τερσαίνω, Τέρσω, abstergo, sicco: to wipe off,  
dry. Π. 219. η. 124. SYN. Ξηραίνω, ἀναίνω.

Τερψίμωρτδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homines delectans: de-  
lighting mortals. Hom. Apoll. 411.

Τέρψις. See Τερπῶλη.

Τερψιχόρη, ἡς, ἡ, Terpsichore: one of the nine  
Muses. See on the word Ἐρᾶτᾶ. Τελνᾶτὸ Τερψι-  
χόρη Apoll. 4. 896. Ερ. Χάριεσσᾶ, ενειδῆς.

Τεσσαράβοιδς, Τετράβοιδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor  
bom pretio aestimatus: worth four oxen. Τῶν  
δὲ ἑτεσσαράβοιδς Ψ. 705. Call. 3. 53.

Τεσσαράκοντᾶ, quadraginta: forty. Τεσσαρά-  
κοντᾶ μέλαινα B. 759.

Τεσσαράκοντᾶετης, ου, quadraginta annos  
natus: forty years old. Τοῖς δ' ἀμᾶ τεσσαρά-  
κοντᾶετης Hes. Op. 439.

Τεσσαράκοστδς, ἡ, ὄν, quadragiesimus: fortieth.  
Τῆς τεσσαράκοστῆς ἦν ἐπὶ Εὐριπίδης Eccles.  
825.

Τεσσαρῆς, ποῖτ. Τετῶρῆς, ἄ, τὰ, quatuor: four.  
Παῖδες γένόμενοι τεσσαρῆς βίης μῖας Ion 1576.  
Hes. Op. 696. SYN. Πισῶρῆς.

Τετάνδς, οὐ, ὁ, tetanus, distensio: distension.  
Χῶ τετάνδς ὥσπερ ἐπὶ τρυχού στρεβλούμενον  
Lysist. 846.

Τετάρτδς, Τετράτδς, ἡ, ὄν, quartus: fourth.  
Eumen. 18. Τὸ δὲ τετάρτον ἱκέτὸ τέκμαρ N. 20.

Τετρω, invenio: to find. Ἀμύμονᾶ τέτρεν  
ἀκοῖτον Z. 374. SYN. Κατάλαμβάνω, εἰρίσκω.

Τετῶρῆς. See Τεσσαρῆς.

Τετῶρῶ. See Τετῶρῆς.

Τετράβδμων, ὄνδς, quadrupes; quadrijugus:  
four-footed; drawn by four horses. \*A λέχων  
ἐπέας τετράβδμοσι Helen. 375. SYN. Τετράπους,  
τετρασκελῆς, τετράδωρδς, τέθριππδμων.

Τετράβοιδς. See Τεσσαράβοιδς.

Τετράγυδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor jugera habens  
(vid. Damm.): consisting of four acres. Τετρά-  
γυον δ' εἰς σ. 373.

Τετράγωνδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor angulos habens:  
quadrangular. Γένηται σοι τετράγωνος Av. 1005.

Τετράετης, εἰδς, ὁ, ἡ, Τετράενης, ὄν, qui quatuor  
annorum est: four years old. Τετράενης δὲ πῖθων  
Theoc. 7. 147. See also Callim. 1. p. 502.

Τετράζυγδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadrijugus: drawn by  
four horses. Οἵτινες τετράζυγον Helen. 1038.

Τετράθελμωνδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadruplex: four-  
fold. Σῶκος δὲτὸ τετράθελμων χ. 122.

Τετράλνω, terebro: to bore, to perforate. Τέ-  
τρηεν δ' ἀρᾶ πάντᾶ ε. 247. SYN. Διάτῶρῶ.

Τετράκι, Τετράκις, quater: four times. Τρῖς  
μακάρες δᾶνᾶοι καὶ τετράκις ε. 306. \*Τετράκι  
Callim. Ep. 8. Anal. 1. p. 5. \*Schæf. in ed.  
Valpiana Stephani Thes.

Τετράκνημδς, ου, Τετράκνημων, ὄνδς, quatuor  
habens radios: having four spokes. Pyth. 2. 73:  
4. 382. See below.

Τετράκυκλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor rotas habens:  
four-wheeled. \*Εἰκον τετράκυκλδν ἀπῆλθον Ω.  
324. The second syllable in Τετράκυκλδς is long,  
i. 242. Εὐσταθ. τετράκυκλδι ἀπ' οὐδὲς οχλο-  
σεων, if τεσσαράκυκλδι be not the true reading.

Τετράμετρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui quatuor metrorum  
est: containing four measures. \*Ἦγε πότῶρον  
τρίμετρον ἡ τὸ τετράμετρον Nub. 642. Vid. inf.

Τετράμωρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadruplum continens:  
containing a fourth part, fourth. Οἱ τετράμωροι  
νυκτὸς φρουρᾶν Rhos. 5. SYN. Τετάρτδς, τέ-  
τράτδς, τετράτρυδς.

Τετῶρδς, as, ἡ, quadriga: a chariot and four.  
Olymp. 2. 8. See below.

Τετράδωρδς, Τετράωρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadrijugus;  
quadrupes: drawn by four; four-footed. Τε-  
τράδωρον φάσμα τᾶρου Trach. 508. answering to  
νίκας αἰετὶ καὶ τὰ μὲν δέων (monosyll.) Hipp.  
1224. SYN. Τετράζυγδς, τετράβδμων, τέθριππδς,  
τετράπους, τέθριππδμων.

Τετράπαιλα, jamdudum: very long ago. Ξεῖν'  
Ἀλικαρνησοῦ τετράπαιλα σπῶδι Call. Ep. 2.

4. SYN. Πρὸπαιλα, πᾶλαι, χρόνῳ.

Τετράπῆχδς, εἰδς, qui quatuor cubitorum est:  
four cubits high. Εἰ γενναῖος καὶ τετράπῆχης  
Ran. 1016.

Τετράπλῃ, quadrupluciter: fourfold. Τριπλῇ  
τετραπλῇ τ' ἀπὸτίσμεν A. 128.

Τετράπυδῶν, more quadrupedum: like a  
quadruped. Ἐπὶ γῆς πάλαιεν τετράπυδῶν ἐσ-  
τάνα Pax 896.

Τετράπυλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quater aratro versus:  
four times ploughed. Καὶ τετράπυλοῖσιν ὁμοῖως  
Theoc. 25. 26.

Τετράπους, ποδδς, quadrupes: four-footed.  
Hec. 1041. See above. SYN. Τετρασκελῆς, τε-  
τράβδμων, τετράδωρδς.

Τετραπτερυλλῖς, ἰδδς, ἡ, locusta: a grass-  
hopper. Τῶν οὐράλιχων ἡ τῶν τετραπτερυλλῶν  
Acharn. 871. SYN. Ἀκρίς, τέττιξ.

Τετράπτελδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor pinnae habens:

four-winged. Βούλει μάχῃσθαι Γηρόννη τετρά-  
πτελδς Acharn. 1081.

Τετράπτελδς, εἰδς, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor urbes habens:  
containing four cities. Ω γέρον τετράπτελδν  
Heracl. 81.

Τετραρχία, as, ἡ, tetrarchia: a tetrarchy. Ερ-  
νῆω τετραρχία Alcest. 1173.

Τετράς, ἄδδς, ἡ, quaternio: the number four,  
a party of four, a period of four days. Οἱμοι  
πλάκυντος τοῦ ὕ τετράδι πέπεμμένου Plut.  
1126.

Τετρασκελῆς, εἰδς, ὁ, ἡ, quadrupes: four-  
legged. Τυφῶνᾶς ἡ Γίγαντᾶς ἡ τετρασκελῆς  
Herc. F. 1263. SYN. see Τετράπους.

Τετραστατήρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor stateras  
aquans: of four staters or half-crowns. Τετρα-  
στατήρου κατῶν Eccles. 413.

Τετράτδς. See Τετάρτδς.

Τετράτρυδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in quatuor partes frac-  
tus: broken into four parts. Ἄρτον δεῖπνῆσας  
τετράτρυδον Hes. Op. 440. SYN. see Τετρά-  
μοιρδς.

Τετράφληρδς, Τετράφληδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor  
conos habens: having four cones or plumes.  
Κῶνῆν δὲτὸ τετράφληρον A. 41. X. 315.

Τετραχθα, quadripartum: in four ways. Τριχθα  
τὲ καὶ τετραχθα ε. 71.

Τετρεμῖνω. See Τρέμω.

Τετράρδς. See Τετράδωρδς.

Τεττά, "possit esse vocativus ab ὁ τέττης, ου,  
et est, ut τᾶτα, ἄττα, ἄπτα, πᾶπτα, titulus juni-  
orum ad seniores." Damm.: respected sir. Τέ-  
τᾶ σῶγῃ ἦτο Δ. 412.

Τεττᾶρῆς, i. q. Τεσσαρῆς, q. v. Vesp. 440.

Τεττιγυφῶρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cicadifer: wearing the  
cigal. \*Ὅδ' ἐκείνδς ὄρν τεττιγυφῶρδς Eq. 1328.

Τεττίξ, γυδς, ὁ, cicada: the cigal, or balm-  
cricket. Οἱ μὲν γὰρ οὖν τεττίγες ἐνᾶ μῆν' ἡ δύο  
Av. 39. SYN. Τετραπτερυλλῖς. Ερ. Δᾶλδς,  
ηχέτης, κῶνᾶνπτερδς, σφῶδς, γηγῆνης, φιλυμνδς,  
ἀπαθῆς, ἀναιμωστᾶρδς, αἰθαλίων, λιγυρδς, οξυ-  
μῆλῆς, λειριεῖς.

Τετῶω. See Τετῶω.

Τευθῖς, ἰδδς, ἡ, loligo: a sleeve-fish. Τὸ μὲν  
τάγγον τευθῖδων (iamb. dim.) Eq. 926.

Τευθρανῖδς, ου, ὁ, Teuthranides: the son of  
Teuthras. Τευθρανῖδην ὅς ἐναῖεν Z. 13.

Τεύθρας, αντδς, ὁ, Teuthras. Αντιθέον Τεύ-  
θραντᾶ E. 705.

Τευκρίς, ἰδδς, ἡ; Trojana: Trojan. Θουρίδς  
ὄρνς Τευκρίδ' ἐπ' αἶαν Agam. 111. SYN. see  
Τρωϊκδς.

Τευκρδς, ου, ὁ, Teucer. Helen. 87. Ερ. Ἄναξ,  
Τελαμῶνδς, αντῖθεδς, δῶφρων, εὐμμελίης, ἐκη-  
εῖλδς, ἀριστὸς Ἀχαιῶν, ἀμύμων.

Τευμησδς, οὐ, ὁ, Teumesus: a mountain and  
village in Boeotia. Phoen. 1116. Ερ. Λεχέ-  
ποιης.

Τετῶλδν, dimin. Τευτῶλδν, ου, τὸ, beta: beet.  
Batrach. 161. Εὐπύλλιος καὶ περίπαιτος καὶ τευ-  
τῶλοισι λευκοῖς (hipponact. vers.) Ran. 941.

Τευχεφῶρδς, Τευχφῶρδς, Τευχσῆτης, οὐ, et  
Τευχσῆτῃρ, ἦρδς, ὁ, armiger: an armour-bearer,  
warrior. Choeph. 617. Rhos. 3. Call. 1. 77.  
Pers. 900. SYN. see Ὀπλίτης.

Τευχσῆτης, et ἦρ. See above.

Τευχδς, εἰδς, τὸ, vas; instrumentum bellicum:  
a vessel; instrument of armour. Hec. 607. SYN.  
Σκεῖδς, αργεῖον, κῖτδς, ὄπλδν. Ερ. Πόντιον,  
πάγχρυσον, λευκόν, αἰματῆρον, πλῆρῆς, χρυ-  
σῆλᾶτον, ἀρῖδιον, κένον, δῆτιον, κλῆτον, αἰδῶν,

μάρμαρον, περὶκαλλῆς, πολέμηδον, χρῶσῶν, παμ-  
φάνδων, σιγᾶλδῶν.

Τευχφῶρδς. See Τευχεφῶρδς.

Τεύχω, Τεῦχω, fabricor, paro: to make, pre-  
pare. E. 61. Δεῖπνον ἐνὶ μεγάροις τεῦχῶν αἰτῶ  
o. 77. SYN. Τεκταίνω, τεχνάζομαι, εντρεπίζω,  
πᾶρασκευάζω, ποίεω, ὀπλίζω.

Τέφρα, as, ἡ, cinis: ashes. Cycl. 634. SYN.  
Αἰθάλη, σπῶδδς. Ερ. Μέλαινα, λεπτῇ, οικτρώ-  
τῃ, βάθειᾶ, ἀμπελδσοῶ.

Τεχνάζω, Τεχνᾶω, et Τεχνᾶομαι, arte paro, vel  
ago: to contrive ingeniously. Τοῦ γὰρ τεχνάζειν  
ἡμέτερδς ὁ πυρᾶμοῦς Thesm. 94. η. 110. Heracl.  
1003. SYN. Μηχανάζομαι, τεύχω, τεκταίνω,  
κατασκευάζω, ἀπᾶτᾶω.

Τεχνασμά, Τεχνημά, ἄτδς, τὸ, artificium,  
opus: an artifice, work. Orest. 1577. Iph. T.  
1356. See below. SYN. Δῶλδς, μηχανῇ, μη-  
χανημά, σφῖσιμα, ἐργον, πᾶλαισμα, πᾶλᾶμημα.

Τεχνᾶω. See Τεχνάζω.

Τεχνη, ἡς, ἡ, ars; dulus: art; artifice. Δει-  
ναὶ γὰρ αἱ γυναῖκες εὐρίσκων τεχνᾶς Iph. T.  
1032. SYN. Τεχνημά, τεχνασμά, ἐπιστήμη, δῶ-  
λδς, πάνουργία. Ερ. Μαντική, ἐμπρδς, δόλια,  
ἐξοκτῶνδς, γυναικεία, σκληρᾶ, ἀπηνῆς, αὐθενῆς,  
ἐράτῃ, δυστεμαρτῶς, πῖνῃτῃ, φαρμακδσοῶ, πύ-  
κῃτῃ, πολέμητῃς.

Τεχνήεις, εσσᾶ, ἐν, arte excultus vel excolens:  
artfully made; skilful. Τεχνήεις Ἡφαιστὸς ἐμῆ-  
σᾶτὸ Apoll. 3. 229. See Τεχνη. SYN. Δαλ-  
δᾶλδς.

Τεχνηέντως, artificiose: with skill. Εἰδῶ  
τεχνηέντως Apoll. 1. 561. See Τεχνη. SYN.  
Εἰ, κᾶλῶς, ἐπιστάμενως.

Τεχνημά. See Τεχνασμά.

Τεῶς, Τεῶς, interea; donec; tamdiu: in the  
mean time; until; so long as. Heracl. 725. δ.  
91. SYN. Ἐως, ἐπὶ πᾶσιν, πᾶλαι.

Τῇ, imper. ab inus. Τᾶω, accipe: take. Τῇ  
τὸδὲ φάρμακον κ. 287. Εξφ. Λᾶξ, δέξα.

Τῆγανον, sartago: a frying-pan. Ἀπὸ τῆγανου  
τ' ἐφασκέν αἰφῶς φαγεῖν Pherecr. ap. Athen.  
228. SYN. Τάγγονον, ἡγᾶνδν.

Τῆθη, aut Τῆθῃ, ἡς, ἡ, nutrix; avia: a nurse;  
a grandmother. Lysist. 549. SYN. Τῆθῃν, μά-  
μη, μητρίμητῃρ.

Τῆθδς, εἰδς, τὸ, ostreorum genus: a kind of  
oyster. Τῆθεᾶ διφᾶν Π. 747. SYN. Ὀστρεῶν,  
κόγχι.

Τῆθδς, ὄδς, ἡ, Tethys: the greatest of the ma-  
rine deities. Hes. Theog. 337. SYN. Θάλασσοῶ.  
Ερ. Αρχαῶ, ἱερά, πολυτέκνδς, μήτηρ, λευκῶ-  
λένδς, βοτᾶνεμᾶ.

Τήϊος, α, ὄν, Teius: of Teos, a maritime town  
of Ionia. Ἰεῦκος ἐκείνδς κᾶνᾶρῶν δ Τήϊος  
Thesm. 161.

Τηκεῶν, ὄνδς, ἡ, tabes: a consumption. Apoll.  
4. 902. Ερ. Στιγέρᾶ.

Τηκτδς, ἡ, ὄν, liquefactus: melted. Androm.  
266.

Τήκω, Τήκωμαι, liquefacio; tabesco: to make  
to melt away; to pine. Μηδὲ τί θυμὸν τῇκε  
πῶσιν γῶδσοτᾶ τ. 264. Τῆκετὸ δᾶκρ δ' ἔδευν  
3. 522. SYN. Εκτῆκω, ἀπὸτήκω, μᾶρλᾶνῶμαι,  
ἀπὸμᾶρλᾶνῶμαι, φθίνῶμαι.

Τηλαγῆς, εἰδς, ὁ, ἡ, longe splendorem spar-  
gens; conspicuus: shining from afar; conspi-  
cuous. Av. 1092. SYN. Τηλεφᾶνης, λαμῶρδς,  
ἐκδηλδς, περὶφᾶνης.

Τῆλε, Τηλδθεν, Τηλδθῃ, Τηλδσῶ, et superl. τη-  
λδτᾶτᾶ, procul: far off. K. 153. B. 849. Π.



233. Δ. 455. η. 322. SYN. Έκας, μακρόθεν, πόρρω, ἀπὸ τῆς, μακρῶς, μακρότατα.  
 Τηλεδάπας, ἡ, ὄν, longinquus, peregrinus: distant. Τηλεδάπας πρὸς δ' αὐτοὶ ὀνησόμεθ' ξ. 415. SYN. Τηλουργός, ξένος, ἐκδήμιος, ἀλλοδαπός.  
 Τηλεθάω, floreō: to flourish, to bloom. Πέφυκε τηλεθώοντα η. 114. SYN. see Θάλλω.  
 Τηλεκλειτός, Τηλεκλυτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, procul celebrer fama: far-famed. Τηλεκλειτὸν τ' ἔφι-  
 ἀλτην λ. 307. Τηλεκλυτὰ τέκνα Πόδάρητος Τ. 400. SYN. see Ἀγακλῆτος.  
 Τηλεκλῆς, ἦος, ὁ, Telecles. Ἐνὶ ῥάτῳ Τηλε-  
 κλῆα Apoll. I. 1040.  
 Τηλεκλητός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, e longinquo arcessitus: invited from afar. Τηλεκλητοὶ τ' ἐπικούροι Μ. 108.  
 Τηλεκλυτός. See Τηλεκλειτός.  
 Τηλεμάχος, οὐ, ὁ, Telemachus: the son of Ulysses. Τηλεμάχος οὐ γὰρ ἐπ' ἐγόμεναι πῶσι πῶ-  
 σιν Orest. 582. ΕΡ. "Ἡρώς, ὀλέγ' ὄρας, δαΐφρων, δεινὸς, δεινέκεας, πόλεμος, μέγαλ' ἔργον, μέ-  
 γ' αὖτις, πένπυμνος, μένος ἀρχεῦτος, φίλος υἱὸς Ὀδυσσεύς.  
 Τηλέμιος, οὐ, ὁ, Telemus. Theoc. 6. 23.  
 Τηλεπλάγκτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longe errans: far-  
 wandering. P. V. 595.  
 Τηλεπομπός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, a longinquo missus: sent from afar. Agam. 291.  
 Τηλεπόρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longe penetrans: far-  
 penetrating, deep. Nub. 964.  
 Τηλεπύλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, portas longe a se invicem collocatas habens: having gates far apart from each other. Ηδ' ὡς τηλεπύλον Δαιτυργονίην ἀδύκων ψ. 318. Τηλεπύλος is considered by Wolf as a proper name. See Damm. in v. and Schol. Hom. κ. 82.  
 Τηλεσκόπος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longe prospiciens: far-  
 surveying. Nub. 289.  
 Τηλεφάνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, procul conspicuus: con-  
 spicuous from afar. Τηλεφάνεις σκόπιος ἀφ' ὀ-  
 ρωμέθ' Nub. 281. SYN. see Τηλαυγής.  
 Τηλεφίδης, οὐ, ὁ, Telephides: the son of Tele-  
 phus. Τηλεφίδην κατένῃρατό χαλκῷ λ. 518.  
 Τηλεφίλον, οὐ, τὸ, raperis folium: a poppy-  
 leaf. Οὐδὲ τὸ τηλεφίλον Theoc. 3. 29.  
 Τηλέφως, οὐ, ὁ, Telephus. Ran. 864.  
 Τηλία, as, ἡ, eribri circumferentia; tabula; arca (vid. Brunck. ad loc.): the hoop of a cask or sieve; a board; a meal-tub. Ἀτὰρ οὐκ ἔσπε-  
 ρήσεις γὰρ ποῦ 'σθ' ἡ τηλία Vesp. 147. SYN. Σάνις, κόσκιος.  
 Τηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, et Τηλικούτος, αὐτή, οὐτ', tan-  
 tus statura aut ætate: so great in age or size, such. 'Ἡδ' μὲν γὰρ τοι παῖς τηλικός σ. 174. Eccles. 1031. SYN. Τισός, τσοῦτος.  
 Τηλόθεν, -θι. See Τηλέ.  
 Τηλόρος, et Τηλόρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longinquis: distant. Ἐν τοῖσδ' ἐκείνου τήλορος ναῦ δόμοις Eur. El. 251. Orest. 1319. SYN. Τηλεδάπας, τηλεπόρος.  
 Τηλόσι, -τάτω. See Τηλέ.  
 Τηλοῦρος, See Τηλόρος.  
 Τηλυγέτος, ἡ, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, natus cum pater jam senex vel absens est; dilectissimus; unicus: born when the father is advanced in age or in a distant land; dearly loved; the only. Παῖδά τέ τηλυγέτην. SYN. Ἀπάπτης, οὐγ' ὄντος, μόνος.  
 Τηλωτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longe e conspectu: far out of sight. Aj. 564. SYN. Ἐκδημιός, ἐκτόπιος, μακρός.  
 Τημελέω, curo: to mind, observe. Iph. T.

312. SYN. Ἐπιμελέωμαι, μελέτω, φροντίζω, σπουδάζω, μέριμναω.  
 Τημέρον. See Σήμερον.  
 Τημός, Τημόσις, et Τημοῦσις, tunc: then. Apoll. 4. 252. Theoc. 10. 49. Call. 3. 175. SYN. Τὸτε, τῇνικα, τῇνικαδὲ, τῇνικαῦτὰ, τὸκὰ, τὸφρὰ.  
 Τηνέ, Τηνῶθεν, Τηνῶθι, Τηνῶθι, ibi: there. Τηνέ γὰρ φοιτῇ Theoc. 2. 98. Acharn. 754. Theoc. 8. 44. 3. 10.  
 Τηνελλὰ, ἡ, ἡ; Τηνελλός, οὐ, ὁ, Iyæ harmonia victoriam clamans: a triumphal song. Τηνελλὰ δ' ἦτ' εἴπερ κἀλέϊς (iamb. dim.) Acharn. 1228. Eq. 276.  
 Τηνικά, Τηνικάδὲ, et Τηνικάτ' tum; ideo: then, therefore. Τανικά κεκαμὸς ἀμπαύεται Theoc. 1. 17. Pax 1142. Av. 1487. SYN. see Τημός.  
 Τήνιος, α, ὄν, Tenius: of Tenos, one of the Cyclades. Σκρόδων κέφαλ' αὖ τρεῖς Τήνιον ἔπειτ' ἔφρα Plut. 718.  
 Τηνόθεν, and -θι. See Τηνέ.  
 Τηνός, Dor. pro Ἐκείνός, q. v. Item P. N., Tenos: an island. (See Τήνιος.) Pers. 887.  
 Τηνώθι. See Τηνέ.  
 Τηριά, as, ἡ, Teria: a city in the Troad. Καὶ Τηρείης ὕψος αὐτῷ B. 829.  
 Τηρείος, α, ὄν, e Tereo: of or belonging to Tereus. Æsch. Sup. 62.  
 Τηρεός, ἔως, ὁ, Tereus. Av. 101.  
 Τηρέω, observo: to watch. Thesm. 416. SYN. Διατρήω, φύλασσω, δερᾶν, τημελεῖω, σκόπεω, σκέπτομαι, φρουρέω, σκεπιδίζω.  
 Τηροίσις, ἔως, ἡ, observantia: the watching. Eur. fr. Antig. 6. 2. SYN. Φυλάκη, δερᾶν. Τηρός, ὄν, custodiens: guarding. Æsch. Sup. 256. SYN. Φυλάξ.  
 Τητώω, privo: to deprive. Hec. 324. SYN. Ἀφαιρέω, στερέω, στερίσκω.  
 Τῆτες, hoc anno: this year. Acharn. 15.  
 Τηυγέτος. See Ταυγέτος.  
 Τηυσίος, α, ὄν, irritus: vain. Τηυσίοι δὲ πᾶδες φέρον Apoll. 3. 651. SYN. see Μάταιος.  
 Τί, i. e. τι et τί. See Τίς, i. e. Τίς et Τίς.  
 Τίρα, as, ἡ, tiara: a turban. Εγνώρισε τιά-  
 ρας Anacr. 55. 4.  
 Τιβάρης, ἴδως, ἡ, Tibarenis: of the Tibareni. Πάρεξ Τιβάρηνιδά γαῖαν Apoll. 2. 1012.  
 Τιβάρηνοι, ὄν, οἱ, Tibareni: a nation in Scythia. Πολύρρητες Τιβάρηνοι Apoll. 2. 377.  
 Τίτω, ἴσω, crucio,ANGO: to torment, fret. Τίτ' ὀδ' ὅτ' ἔτι τῆσθ' ἄ. 447. SYN. Τριχῶω, ἀνῶω, τάλαιπωρέω.  
 Τίτ, cur? why? Ὡ Μενελάε τίτ' δὲ σὺ Z. 55. SYN. Τί, διατί, τίπτε.  
 Τίθαιδωσσω, mellifico: to make honey. Ἐπει-  
 τά τίθαιδωσσονσὶ μέλισσαι ν. 106.  
 Τίθασεντῆς, οὐ, ὁ, delinitor: a soother, a tamer. Ἰνὰ γιγνώσκῃς τὸν τίθασεντην Vesp. 704.  
 Τίθασος, ἡ, ὄν, mansuetus: tame. Eumen. 357. See above. SYN. Ἡμέρος, πρᾶός.  
 Τίθμι, et inus. Τίθω, f. ὅσω, pono, facio: to place, cause. Μετ' ἀμφότεροισι τίθῃσι Δ. 83. Μητρί φίλῃ ἐν χερσὶ τίθει Α. 585. SYN. Ἀν-  
 τίθμι, καθίστημι, τάσσω, προβάλλω, ποίεω.  
 Τίθνομαι, nutrio, servo: to nourish, to pre-  
 serve. E. C. 1049. See below. SYN. Τρέφω, ἀντρέφω, αἰώω, δερᾶν.  
 Τίθνός, οὐ, et (2) Τίθνη, ἡ, ἡ, (1) qui nu-  
 trit: one who nourishes or tends; (2) nutrix: a nurse. Πόνων τίθνοις ἀποδίδουσα σοι τρέφας

Iph. A. 1230. Hec. 281. SYN. Θρέπτειρά, θρέπτρια, τρέφας. ΕΡ. Ἐθ' ὡνός, ευπλόκαμτος, βάθκολλος, γέραϊ.  
 Τίθραςίος, α, ὄν, Tithrasius: of Tithrasus, a place in Libya. Διασπᾶσονται Γοργόνες Τίθραςίαι Ran. 480. Qui tamen locus primæ quantitatem non determinat.  
 Τίθυμαλλον, οὐ, τὸ, herba lactaria: spurge. Τίθυμαλλον ἐμβάλλοντά τοῦ Λακωνικοῦ Eccles. 405.  
 Τίθωνος, οὐ, ὁ, Tithonus. Λαμβέδων δ' ἄρ' ἂν Τι-  
 θωνὸν τέκετο Πριάμω τε T. 237. ΕΡ. Ἄγανός, χάρεις, ῥόδδεις.  
 Τίτω, f. τέτω, 2. a. ἐτέκον, pario, gigno: to produce, beget, bear. Phœn. 54. SYN. Τεκνῶω, γεννῶω.  
 Τίλλω, f. ἱλλῶ, vello: to pluck or tear. Av. 365. SYN. Ἀποτίλλω, ἐκτίλλω, ἀποκνίζω, ξάινω, ψάλλω.  
 Τίλω, οὐ, ὁ, vulsio: a tearing. Æsch. Sup. 846.  
 Τιμάγηνος, οὐ, ὁ, Timagetus. Τὰν Τιμαγήτιοι δὲ πάλαισσαν Theoc. 2. 8.  
 Τιμάχρος, οὐ, ὁ, Timagoras. Τιμάχρος πολλῶν ὀργῶν Theogn. 1055.  
 Τιμαλφός, honoro, celebro: to honour, extol. Διοσκότοις σκήπτροισι τιμαλφόμενον Eum. 629. SYN. see Τιμάω.  
 Τιμάρος, Ion. Τιμήρος. See Τιμαρός.  
 Τιμόχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, honorem habens: possess-  
 ing honour. Ἐθὼν τιμόχος ἐστὶ Hom. Hymn. 4. 31. SYN. see Τιμήεις.  
 Τιμαρχός, οὐ, ὁ, Timarchus. Ἡ δὲ ζῆξ Τιμαρχὸν ἐν Αἰδὸς Call. Ep. 11. 1.  
 Τιμάω, astimo, honoro: to value, honour. Τόνδε τιμήσεις νέκυν Phœn. 1684. SYN. Τίω, τιμαλφῶ, σέβασμαι, προσεβῶ, αἰδέομαι, γέ-  
 ραίρω, κούδαω, διὰ τιμῆς ἔχω, δερᾶν.  
 Τιμάω. See Τιμαρός.  
 Τιμή, ἡ, ἡ, honos, pretium: honour, value, price, prerogative. Φοῖβ' ἄδικεῖς αὐ τιμὰς ἐνέρον Alcest. 30. SYN. Γέρας, κλέος, σέβας, κούδος, αἰζιμός, αἰζιωσίς, τιμημά, δόξα, εὐδοκία. ΕΡ. Με-  
 γάλῃ, βασιλῆϊ, πρεσβείῃ, αἰξί, μαντεῖος, πολυ-  
 θύτος, δημηγόρος, ξενόκτονος, πάτρηος, ἀδανῶτος, γέρας, ὕψιν, βοῦθῶτος, δαφνηφόρος.  
 Τιμήεις, ἐσθ' ἔν, Τιμός, α, ὄν, pretiosus, hon-  
 oratus: precious, honoured. Τιμήεις τὲ γάμος καὶ αἰδώς Apoll. 4. 1143. Ἐν δ' τοῖς τὲ τιμίον Τroad. 49. SYN. Ἐντιμός, τιμόχος, αἰδοτιμός, γέρας, σέβασμα, ἐρίτιμος, ἐνδοξός, περίελε-  
 πτός.  
 Τιμημά, ἄτος, τὸ, aestimatio, mulcta: a valuation, a rate, a penalty. Vesp. 897. See Τιμή. SYN. Ζημία, ἀντάλλαγμα, αἰξία.  
 Τιμήρος. See Τιμαρός.  
 Τιμηρέος, α, ὄν, in honore habendus: must be honoured. Orest. 478. See Τιμάω.  
 Τιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, censorius: pertaining to a censor. Ὅπως τάχιστα ἡ πινάκιον τιμητικόν Vesp. 167. See Τιμάω.  
 Τιμός. See Τιμήεις.  
 Τιμόδημος, οὐ, ὁ, Timodemus. Call. Ep. 40. 3. See Τιμή.  
 Τιμόδημιος, οὐ, ὁ, a populo honoratus: hon-  
 oured by the people. Nem. 2. 27. See Τιμή and Λαμπέτιδος. SYN. Ὑψιπόλις.  
 Τιμόθεος, οὐ, ὁ, Timotheus. Ὁ Τιμόθεος δὲ πέργος Plut. 180.  
 Τιμοκλεία, as, ἡ, Timoclia. Τιμοκλεί' ἐπεσῆ-  
 τε Thesm. 373.

Τιμοκρέων, οὐτός, ὁ, Timocreon. Κεῖμαι Τιμό-  
 κρέων Ῥόδιος Simon. 58. 2.  
 Τιμοκρίτης, οὐ, ὁ, Timocritus. Κάπρητος ἐν  
 πόλεμος Τιμοκρίτος Anacr. 164.  
 Τιμόνη, ἡ, ἡ, Timone. Τιμόνη δὲ τίς  
 ἐστὶ Call. Ep. 16. 1.  
 Τιμός, οὐ, ὁ, pretium: price. Choëph. 903. See Τιμάω. SYN. Τιμή, ἀντάλλαγμα, τιμημά.  
 Τιμών, ὡνός, ὁ, Timon. Τιμών μισάνθρωπος  
 ἐσοικέω Call. Ep. 3. 1. ΕΡ. Σκληρός, ἀπηνής,  
 ἀγρίος.  
 Τιμόναξ, αἰτός, ὁ, Timonax. Εὐχῆ Τιμό-  
 νακτὶ δέων κήρυκα Anacr. 197.  
 Τιμωρέω, (1) cum dat. defendo, ulciscor: to  
 defend, avenge; (2) cum acc. punio: to punish.  
 Εὐνήκα Πάλαμῆδους σὲ τιμωρεῖ φόνος Orest. 427.  
 SYN. Εκδικέω, ζημῶω, μετέρχουμαι, κλάζω, βή-  
 θω, ἀμῶω, ἐπικούρω, ἀρκέω, ἀργῶ.  
 Τιμωρία, as, ἡ, vindicta, pœna: vengeance,  
 punishment. Αἵματος τιμωρία Orest. 394. See  
 above. SYN. Ποινή, δική, τίσις.  
 Τιμωρός, Τιμάρος, Ion. Τιμήρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, et  
 Τιμάω, ὄρος, ὁ, ultor, defensor: an avenger, de-  
 fender. Τῶνδε τιμωρός ἐμῶς Herc. F. 167.  
 Καὶ τᾶψον τιμάω Eur. fr. Dan. 7. 4. Apoll.  
 4. 1309. Æsch. Sup. 43. SYN. Τίτης, ποιητήρ,  
 ἀμύντωρ.  
 Τίνακτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, quassator: one who shakes.  
 Trach. 502. See below.  
 Τίνασσω, quatio, vibro: to shake, brandish.  
 Πιστὸς τίνασσον χειρὶ πόρπων βέλους P. V. 953. SYN. Ἀποτίνασσω, σείω, δρῶω, πέλλω,  
 κρᾶδαινω, κινέω, ἀντάλλω, σάλασσω.  
 Τινύμι, f. τινύμι, Ion. imp. τίνεσκον, I. τίσω, luo,  
 pendo, expio, remunero: to pay, expiate, re-  
 compensate. Λώδην τινύμενος θυμολγέω ω. 325.  
 Καὶ τίνει ταύτην δίκην Orest. 7. Apoll. 2. 477.  
 Ψυχὴν ἀφῆσω Μενέλεων δὲ τίσουμαι Orest. 1169.  
 Τῶνδε τίσαντων δίκην Eur. Sup. 743. The first  
 syllable of τινύμι is long in Homer, Hesiod, and  
 Apollonius Rhodius, but short in the Tragedians,  
 except in CEd. Col. 220.  
 Τίπτε, pro τί (τί) πότε, quid tandem? why  
 ever? Z. 254.  
 Τίρυντιός, α, ὄν, Tirynthius: Tirynthian.  
 Alcest. 854. See below.  
 Τίρυνθος, οὐ, Τίρυνς, ὡνός, ἡ, Tiryns: a city  
 in Argolis. Αἰπὼν Τίρυνθον εὐκτιμένον πτό-  
 λιεθρον Hes. Scut. 81. B. 559. ΕΡ. Τεχιό-  
 εσθ' α.  
 Τίρυνς. See above.  
 Τίς (tis), τί (ti), gen. τίνος (tinous), aliquis,  
 quidam: some one, a certain one. Phœn. 273.  
 Μή τί σὴν δίκω ὀρένα Phœn. 394. Ἐχέ τι  
 ὄγκον τάρως Phœn. 729.  
 Τίς (tis), τί (ti), τίνος (tinous), quis? who?  
 Κρέον τί σγᾶς γήρην Phœn. 974. Ἡ τινὰ μου  
 σπύλον σπύδαχ' ἐπὶ Phœn. 1514.  
 Τισίδης, οὐ, ὁ, Tisides. Ὡ Σμικτιῶν καὶ  
 Τισιδῆ Vesp. 401.  
 Τίσις, ἔως, ἡ, vindicta: vengeance. Καὶ γὰρ  
 τίσις τῶνδ' ἐστὶ Helen. 1012. SYN. Τιμωρία,  
 ποινή.  
 Τίταλω, tendo, extendo: to stretch, to spread.  
 Θρόνον ἐτίτανε τράπεζας κ. 354. SYN. Τείνω,  
 ἔλκω.  
 Τίτάν, ὡνός, Ion. ἦνός, ὁ, Titan; pl. Titanes:  
 (1) the Sun; (2) plur. the Giants, sons of  
 Cœlus and Terra, who conspired against Jupiter.  
 Ἀφελῶς δ' ἐλαμνέ Τίτάν Anacr. 37. 7. Z. 279.  
 See below. SYN. (1) See Ἡλῖος. ΕΡ. (2)

Ἄριστοι ἐξὸν πάντων, ἀγανοί, δεινοί, κράτεροι, βίην ὑπερόπλων ἔχοντες, γηγενεῖς, ἀγριοί, ὑπερφύλλοι, πάλαγγενεῖς.

Τιτανίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Titania: Titanian, gigantic. Μέρπος Τιτανιδά κοῦραν Helen. 331.

Τιτανοκτόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, Titanas interficiens: Titan-destroying. Κινέσθω μεγά Τιτανοκτόνον Batrach. 274.

Τιτάνας, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) calx, gypsum: clay, gypsum; (2) P. N., Titanus: a town and mountainous country in Thessaly. Πᾶν μὲν γὰρ κύκλω τίτᾶν λευκῶ τ' ἐλέφαντι Hes. Scut. 141. Οἱ τ' ἐχὼν Ἀστέριον Τίτανοιο τ' ἐλευκὰ κάρηνα B. 735. SYN. Λευκὴ γῆ.

Τιτάρεσιος, ου, δ, Titaresius: a river in Thessaly. Οἱ τ' ἀμφ' ἱμερτὸν Τίταρεσιόν B. 751.

Τίτης, ου, δ, vindex: avenging. Choëph. 65. Ti est brevis, ut in πάλιν τίτος. SYN. see Τιμωρός.

Τίτῃ, ης, ἡ, nutrix: a nurse. Thesm. 609. SYN. Μάμη, τρῶφος.

Τιτθός, οῦ, δ, dimin. Τιτθίων, ου, τὸ, mamma: a teat, breast. Thesm. 647. Οἶμαι τί δῆθ' ὅταν ξύνων τῶν τιτθίων Pax 828. SYN. Μαζός, μαστιδίων.

Τίτίας, ου, δ, Titias. Αθελών Τιτίην ἀπέκαλντο Apoll. 2. 785.

Τιτρώσκω, τρώω, f. τρώσω, vulnero: to wound. Agam. 841. Ti redupl. est brevis, ut in τίταλω. Φ. 293. SYN. Τρανμάτίζω, οὐτάζω, ἀμύσσω.

Τιτυοκτόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, Tityum interficiens: slaying Tityus. Παρθένῃ Τιτυοκτόνῃ Call. 3. 110.

Τιτύς, οῦ, δ, Tityus: one of the Giants. Ἦγρον ἐπαφύμενον Τιτύον Γαιήιον ἰόν η. 324. PNA. see A. 575.

Τιτύρος, ου, δ, Tityrus. Ὁ δὲ Τιτύρος ἐγγυθὲν ἀσεί Theoc. 7. 72.

Τιτυόσκει, dirigo ad scopum: to aim at. Οὐδ' ἀράμαρτέ τιτυοσκέμενος κέφαλῃφιν Δ. 350. SYN. Σποχάζω, εμβάλλω, εὐντρέφω.

Τίφῃ, ης, ἡ, blatta: a bakehouse beetle. Σέλα-γούνη' ἂν ὑπὸ τίφῃς τὴ καὶ θρύαλλιδος Acharn. 925. et 920. Sed nec hic nec ille locus quantitatem primæ determinat. SYN. Σιλαφίδων.

Τίφῃ, pro Τίπτῃ, q. v. Δ. 243.

Τίφος, ἔος, τὸ, palus: a marsh. Ἐρμόνθιδον ἀμύγᾳ τίφος Apoll. 1. 127. SYN. Ἐλός, λίμνη, τέλμα.

Τίφυς, οὔς, δ, Tiphys: one of the Argonauts. Τίφυς δ' Ἀγνιδῆς Apoll. 1. 105. EP. Ἀμύμων, κῆθερνήτης.

Τίω, ἴσω, honoro, vereor: to honour, fear. Πίσινος Διὶ οὐδὲ δὲ τίει 1. 238. Οὐτί τίει σοὶ δ' ἰστί ν. 144. Μείζων τιουσά τῆς ἐμῆς ἐχθρας πάλυ Heracl. 1013. In the pres. and imp. the iota is in the arsis always long, and in the thesis generally short, especially in the Tragedians, but always long in fut. aor. and perf. pass. SYN. see Τιμάω.

Τλήθυμος, ου, δ, ἡ, animum multa tolerantem habens: resolute-hearted. Παγκράτιον τλάθυμος ἀέξει Nem. 2. 24. SYN. see Τλήμων.

Τληία, ας, ἡ, Tleia. Τληΐῃ ἱμερόεντ' ἔβιον πόρῃ Anacr. 199.

Τληΐα, f. ἴσω, tolero, audeo: to endure, have courage. Μη πρός σὲ δέων τληΐς με πρόδουναί Alcist. 285. Porson. Phœn. 1740. denies the existence of the present τληΐα. SYN. see Τολμάω.

Τλημύως, patienter, fortiter, misere: patiently,

wretchedly. Troad. 40. SYN. Κάκως, ἀθλίως, οικτρώς.

Τλημοσύνη, ης, ἡ, tolerantia, miseria: endurance, misery. Τλημοσύνας δα' ἔχοντες Hom. Ap. 191.

Τλήμων, ὄνος, tolerans, audax, miser: enduring, bold, wretched. Hec. 47. SYN. Τλήθυμος, τλητός, τάλασσῖφρον, τλησικάρδιος, πόλυλλας, πόλυμοχος, πόλυπῆμων, τληπάθης, τάλαιπαρος, δύσμορος, δύστηνος, καρτερόθυμος, τολμήεις, κάρτερος, εὐτολμύς.

Τληπόλεμος, ου, δ, Tlepolemus. B. 657. SYN. Ἡράκλειδης, ης, μέγας, Τυρυνθίων ἀρχηγέτης.

Τλησικάρδιος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui duro animo est: hard-hearted, cruel. Πένθειά τλησικάρδιος (iamb. dim.) Agam. 419. SYN. Σκληρός, ἀπηνής, τλήμων.

Τλητός, ἡ, ὄν, tolerandus; tolerans: to be endured; enduring. Alcest. 908. SYN. Φέρτος, ἀνεκτός, τλήμων, ὑποσπός.

Τληθην, casum: with a gash. H. 262.

Τμήσσω, ἔω, 2. α. ἐτμάζω, seco: to cut. Αφράδεως ἐτμήξεν Apoll. 2. 483. SYN. Τέμνω, σχίζω, ὑπὸ τέμνω.

Τμητός, ἡ, ὄν, secabilis; sectus: capable of being cut; cut. Hipp. 1240. SYN. Σχιστός, ευκτατός.

Τμώλος, ου, δ, Tmolus: a mountain in Lydia. Bacch. 55. EP. Νιφθεῖς, τέρος, χρυσόρος, ἀνθεμόνης, κάλδς, ημίμεις.

Tol, sane: in fact, certainly. Δωδέκατῃ δὲ τοῖ αὐθῖς B. 287.

Τοῖος, τοῖοσδ', et τοῖοτύος, αὐτή, οὐτό, talis: such. Τοῖος ἐπὶ Τυδῆος H. 211. X. 420. δ. 650.

Τοῖχος, ου, δ, paries: a wall. Troad. 118. SYN. Τείχος, τειχίδων. EP. Λιδοστρωτός, ἐδομητός, εὐτμητός.

Τοιχωρύχῳ, murum perfodio: to be a house-breaker. Ὁ δὲ λαοδιδίτῃ γέ ἡ Δ' ὁ δὲ τοιχωρύχῃ Plut. 165.

Τοιχωρύχος, ου, δ, qui murum perfodit: a housebreaker. Plut. 204. See above. SYN. Ἀρστής.

Τοκάς, ἀδός, ἡ, quæ purit vel peperit: a female breeding. Καίτοι τοκάδος δέγνμα λείανη Med. 190. SYN. Τέκοῦσα, γεννώσα.

Τόκευς, ἔως, Ion. ἦος, δ, ἡ, parens: a parent. Hec. 403. SYN. Τέκων, γόνους, γεννήτωρ, γένετης, ὁ φύσας. EP. Φίλδς, δειλός, κέδνός, μάκας, γέραρος, ἄγανός.

Τόκος, ου, δ, filius; partus; usura: a child, childbirth; the interest of money. Androm. 884; SYN. Τέκων, παῖς, γέννημα, γόνος, γόνῃ, ἐργόν, δανεινός, δανεισμός. EP. Ευγένης, αἰνός, πόλυ-κλαντός, νεόγνός.

Τόλμα, αὐτόλμα, ης, ἡ, et Τόλμη, ἄτος, τὸ, audacia: audacity, an attempt. Εἰ τόλμα προσ-γένειτό Androm. 700. Orest. 1073. SYN. Θράσος, εντολμία, θράσυντης, εὐχέριμα, ἀναθία, ἀναθία. EP. Ἀμύχανός, δεινὴ, γενναία, θρία, ὀλδὰ, πικρά, κάκουγρος, ἀθῆς, ἀδίκος, λυπηρά.

Τολμάω, ἴσω, audeo, sustineo, patior: to dare, bring oneself to do, undergo. Med. 583. See a note by Monk, Alcest. 285. on the various interpretations of τολμάω. SYN. Τλήμι, ὑπομένω, θάρβω, καρτερέω, θράσύνωμαι, τολύπειω, ἀντολμάω.

Τολμήεις, εσσά, ἐν, et Τολμηρός, ὄν, audax, firmus, patiens: daring, firm, enduring. Θυμῷ τολμήεντ' K. 205. Nub. 444. SYN. Εὐτολμύς, πάντολμύς, θράσος, ἀγήνωρ.

Τόλμημα. See Τόλμα.

Τολμηρός. See Τολμήεις.

Τολμητός, et Τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, sustinendus, audendus: must be supported or dared. Τολμητόν τὰδ' Med. 1047. Helen. 815.

Τολμιστάτος, η, ὄν, audacissimus: most daring. Ὡ κακῶν κακιστὲ καὶ τολμιστάτε Philoct. 984.

Τολύπειω, machinor, conficio: to contrive, complete. Επεὶ πόλεμον τολύπεισε α. 238. SYN. Εκτέλλω, κάτεργάζομαι, μηχανάομαι, πλέκω, τλήμι, τάλαιπαρῶ.

Τόλπη, ης, ἡ, glomus, lana pexa et conglomerata ad nendum: a ball of yarn ready for spinning. Lysist. 586. See above.

Τόμας, ου, δ, ἡ, sectilis; sectus: fit for cutting; ent. Choëph. 162. SYN. Τμητός, τμηθῖς.

Τόμας, amputatione indigeo: to require cutting. Aj. 582.

Τόμη, ης, ἡ, Τόμος, ου, δ, et Τόμιον, ου, τὸ, amputatio, pars, truncus: a cutting, section, part, trunk. Orest. 1100. Batrach. 37. Ἰππον λά-βουσαι τὸμῶν ἐντέμοιμα Lysist. 192. SYN. Τέμαχος.

Τόμῳ, ἡ, ὄν, compar. τὸμῶτερός, η, ὄν, secans: cutting, sharp. Aj. 815. SYN. Τέμνω, οἷος.

Τόμος, ου. See Τόμη.

Τονθορύζω, mussito, murmuro: to mutter. Acharn. 683. SYN. Τονθρύζω, ψιθύριζω.

Τόνος, ου, δ, restis; tonus: a cord; a note. Vesp. 337. SYN. Ἠχός.

Τοξάδωμαι. See Τοξέω.

Τόξαρχος, ου, δ, praefectus sagittariorum: a commander of archers. Pers. 562. SYN. Αρχός, ἡγέμων.

Τόξεμα, ἄτος, τὸ, jaculatio: a shot from a bow. Herc. F. 108. EP. Πτέρωτον, λυγρόν, δερμὸν, πικρόν.

Τοξευτήρ, et Τοξευτής. See Τοξότης.

Τοξευτός, οῦ, δ, ἡ, sagitta percussus: shot. Philoct. 335.

Τοξέω, et Τοξάζομαι, jaculor arcu: to shoot. Troad. 259. X. 27. SYN. Οἰστέω, βάλλω, κατά-τοξέω, ἀκοντίζω.

Τοξήρης, ἔος, δ, ἡ, arcu instructus; ad arcum pertinens: furnished or armed with a bow; of a bow. Rhœs. 226. SYN. see Τοξότης.

Τοξικός, ἡ, ὄν, jaculandi peritus: skilled in the use of the bow. Πέπραγέ μου τὸ τοξικόν Lysist. 462.

Τοξόδαμας, αὐτός, et Τοξόδαμος, ου, δ, ἡ, arcu domans: subduing with the bow. Καὶ Μασιστρὴς ὁ τὸ τοξόδαμας Pers. 30. 88. SYN. see Τοξότης.

Τόξον, ου, τὸ, arcus: a bow. Ion. 108. SYN. Τόξεμα, κέρας, βίδς. EP. Αγκυλόν, καμπύλόν, παγχρυσέον, πάλιντόνον, φαλιδίον, ἀνέμωλόν, εὐξόν, κυκλότερος, κράτερον, εὐαγκάλον, κέρου-κόν, ἐκφέλλον, χρυσέον, κερδέτερον, ζύμμάχον, ἐκἀτῆσθλον, ἀμιαμάκετον.

Τοξοῖστω, curo: to make into an arch; to bend. Τοξοῖστωι τὰς ὀφρύς Lysist. 8. SYN. Συστρέφω.

Τοξόσυνῃ, ης, ἡ, ars sagittandi: skill in shooting. Μηδ' ἐπὶ τοξόσυνᾳ Androm. 1183. SYN. Τοξική, τοξουλκὸν λήμα.

Τοξότευχης. See Τοξότης.

Τοξότης, Τοξόφωρος, Τοξευτής, οὔ, Τοξευτήρ, ἦρος, Τοξότευχης, ἔος, δ, ἡ; Τοξότης, ἰδὸς, ἡ, sagittarius: a Bowman, archer. Eq. 665. Troad. 806. V. 850. Arat. 684. Aesch. Sup. 296. Pros. Ler.

Call. 3. 223. SYN. Τοξήρης, τοξικός, τοξόδαμας, τοξόδαμος, ἀκοντιστήρ, οἰστευτήρ.

Τοξότης. See Τοξότης.

Τοξουλκός, οὔ, δ, ἡ, arcum trahens: bow-drawing. Pers. 55.

Τοξόφωρος. See Τοξότης.

Τοξάω, conjicio: to conjecture. Vesp. 73. SYN. Εικάζω, στήάζομαι, ενθυμέομαι, ὀσπεύω, ὑπὸνέω, σταθμάομαι, ὑπὸλαμβάνω.

Τόπαρχος, ου, δ, ἡ, loci rector: governor of a place. Choëph. 652. SYN. Δεσπότης, δ, δεσποινά, ἡ.

Τόπη, ὡν, τὰ, supellex nautica: tackle. Πέμ-πουσι τόπηι ἡδὸς ἐκείνης Apoll. 4. 315.

Τόπος, ου, δ, locus: a place. Alcest. 67. SYN. Χώρα, χώρος, δώκος.

Τόρεω, Τόρῳ, redupl. aor. 2. τέτρε, terebro, sculpo, caelo; penetrabilem i. e. clarum vocem mitto: to perforate, work with the chisel, carve; to have a piercing voice. Thesm. 995. V. 255. SYN. Αντίτορεω, τριπᾶ, διάπειρω, τέτρανω. Τόρεω: See above.

Τορνεύω, Τορνῶ, torno, rotundum reddo; circumdescribo: to make round; to mark all round. Thesm. 54. V. 255.

Τόρνος, ου, δ, tornus: a turning-wheel, or lathe. Bacch. 1056. SYN. Δῶκος.

Τορνῶ. See Τόρεω.

Τόρως, ἡ, ὄν, clarus, perspicuus: clear, distinct. Aesch. Sup. 282. SYN. Φανέρως, σάφης, διατόρως, τρανής.

Τόρυνῃ, ης, ἡ, tudicula: a ladle. Ἐνους δ' ἐπιδυμεί δει τόρυνῃς καὶ χύτρας Av. 78.

Τόρνω, tudicula agito: to stir with a ladle. Eq. 1169. SYN. Κινέω.

Τόρως, clare, perspicue: clearly. Aesch. Sup. 204. SYN. Φανέρως, εμφάνως, σάφως, ἀκριβῶς, τρανῶς.

Τόσάκις, Τοσσάκι, toties: so many times. Τοσ-σάκις μὲν πρόπαροιθεῖν X. 197. Steph. citat τό-σάκις ex Epigr.

Τόσος, ποῖ, τόσος, Τόσόςδ', Τόσούτος, tan- tus: so much, so great. Apoll. 2. 418. ε. 400. Pers. 483. Ran. 9. SYN. see Τηλικοῦτος.

Τόσουτάρθμος, ου, δ, ἡ, adeo numerosus: so numerous. Πλήθος τόσουτάρθμων ἀνθρώπων δα- νείν Pers. 438. See Ἀριθμός.

Τόσουτος. See Τόσος.

Τοσσάκι. See Τόσάκις.

Τόσος. See Τόσος.

Τόσως, tanto: so much. Eur. El. 1093.

Τότῃ, Τόττηκᾶ, Τούτᾶκις, tunc, tum; olim: then; formerly. P. V. 947. Τόττηκᾶ ἤδη τοῦτ' C. C. 440. Call. 1. 44. A in τούτᾶκις brevis est, ut in πεντάκις. SYN. Τήμῳς, τούκᾶ, τότῃ.

Τόττηκᾶ. See above.

Τουτάκις. See above.

Τότῃ, tamdiu; donec; tunc: so long, so

long as; until; then. Τότῃ δ' ἐπὶ Τρώων Δ.

221. SYN. Τότῃ, τῶς, ὡς.

Τράγᾶλζω, rodo: to gnaw. Καὶ τράγᾶλζοντᾶ

τὸ μῆδεν (paraeiac.) Vesp. 672. SYN. Τρώγω,

εσθίω, λαγάρυζωμαι.

Τράγασαῖς, α, ὄν, vorax: voracious. Πόδαπᾶ

τὰ χοίρ' ὡς τράγασαῖς φαίνεται Acharn. 773.

Τράγειος, α, ὄν, hircinus: of a goat. Ταὶ δὲ

τράγεια Theoc. 5. 51.

Τράγελᾶφος, ου, δ, hircocervus: a goat-slag.

Ran. 937. See Τράγος and Ἐλαφός.

Τράγῃματᾶ, ὡν, τὰ, bellaria: sweetmeats.

Plut. 190. Tra est brevis, ut in Τράγος, quippe

F f

que sunt ex eodem fonte. SYN. Τρωγῶν, ἐπι-  
φύρημα.

Τράγικος, ἡ, ὄν, tragicus: tragic. Καὶ κο-  
μήσας τράγικόν λήρον Ran. 1005. SYN. Λυπηρὸς.

Τράγισκος, dimin. a Τράγος, q. v.

Τράγοκτόνους, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, hircos caedens: goat-  
slaying. Αἰμὰ τράγοκτόνων ὠμὰ φάγον χάριν  
Bacch. 139.

Τράγομασχαλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, hircum olens: stink-  
ing like a goat. Τραγῶσαι μῖαροι τράγομασχαλοὶ  
Pax 813. See below. SYN. Δυσώδης, γράσων.

Τράγος, dimin. Τράγισκος, οὐ, ὁ, hircus: a  
goat. Ἀρνεύων τὴν τράγον τὴν 239. Theoc. 5.  
141. SYN. Χίμαρος. Εἰς δασύς, δασυμαλλός,  
δασυρὶς, λασίος, λωκίος. Πηλ. Λευκῶν αἰγῶν  
ἀνθρ, αἰγὸς πόσις.

Τράγοδῶν, tragedium ago: to play the tra-  
gedian. Ὅτι τράγοδῶν καὶ κῶκῶς αὐτὰς λέγων  
Thesm. 85.

Τράγοδία, as, ἡ, tragedia: tragedy. Ran. 95.  
See above. Πηλ. Ληκυθίδος Μουσα.

Τράγοδικός, ἡ, ὄν, pertinens ad tragedium:  
belonging to a tragedian. Ἀλλ' ὠδυνήθην ἐτέρων  
αὐτὸν τράγοδῶν Acharn. 9. See Τράγοδῶν. SYN.  
Θρηνηδὸς.

Τράγοδιδιδασκάλος, Τράγοδοποιός, οὐ, ὁ, qui  
tragedias scribit et docet: a tragic writer. Ἀγ-  
θῶνὰ πείσαι τὸν τράγοδιδιδασκάλον Thesm. 94.  
Ὁ τράγοδοποιὸς ποιεῖ Thesm. 30.

Τράγοδος, οὐ, ὁ, tragedus: a tragedian. En  
τοῖσι τράγοδοις Av. 512.

Τράμης, ἴδως, ἡ, linea quæ scrotum medium di-  
vidit, podex: the posterior. Αἰδὸς γέννημαι  
πάντᾳ τὰ περὶ τὴν τράμιν Thesm. 253. SYN.  
Προκτός, οὐδὲς, περὶναῖον.

Τρανὴς, εἶδος, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus, certus: manifest,  
certain. Ἰσμεν γὰρ οὐδὲν τρανὲς ἀλλ' ἀλώμεθα  
Aj. 23. SYN. Σάφης, τόρως, ἀληθής, ἐμφάνης,  
φάνερως.

Τρανὴς, perspicue: evidently, clearly. Ἐπεσχεῖ  
τρανὴς ὡς μάθης τυχὴν σέθεν Eur. El. 758.  
SYN. Σάφως, ἀληθῶς, ἐκδήλως, φάνερως.

Τράπεζα, ἡ, mensa: a table. Θῆσαν τρα-  
πέζαν ἀνέσαι Διὸς πὲρ ὧν Alcest. 2. Τράπεζα  
πλήρης καὶ καταφύχειν χρῶν Hippol. 109. Εἰς  
Εἰνία, κοινὴ, πλήρης, πλουσία, σάφρων, καλὴ,  
κυνάσπεξα, εἰδὸς, πλήθουσα, ἀργυρεά, λιπαρά,  
ευτρεπής, νυμφιδία, ξεστή, ἐκτεφάλας, εἰδὸς.

Τράπεζος, εἶδος, ἰον. ἡδὲ, ὁ, mensæ adsecla:  
an attendant at the table. Οἷοι τὴν τράπεζην  
κινεῖς ἀνδρῶν p. 309.

Τραπέων, uvas calco: to tread grapes. Ἄλλας  
δὲ τραπέουσι η. 125. SYN. Πάτω.

Τράσις, as, ἡ, tabula seu corbis ubi siccantur  
casei et fici et alii fructus: a board or basket  
for drying cheese, figs, or other fruits. Ὅζων  
τρύγος τράσιος ἐρίων περίουσις Nub. 50. SYN.  
Ταρβός, ταρσός.

Τραυλίζω, ἴσω, balbutio: to stammer. Nub.  
862. SYN. Βαμβάλω, βαττάριζω, ψελλίζω.

Τραυμά, ἄνθος, τὸ, vulnus: a wound. Heracl.  
684. SYN. Ἐλκός, πληγή, δακτύλος. Εἰς φόντον,  
ἀγρίον, δεινόν, καὶ αἰμαίνον, ὀδόν.

Τραυματίζω, vulnero: to wound. Τέτραυμά-  
τισμενον γὰρ ὡς κύνων νεβρόν Eumen. 246. SYN.  
see Τίτρωσκω.

Τραφέρως, ἂν, ὄν, compactus, densus: compact,  
close. Εἰς τράφερὸν τὴν καὶ ὕλην v. 98. SYN.  
Ἐπρὸς, χέρος.

Τράχηλῖς, ὠν, τὰ, edulia a collo animalium:  
meat from the neck, which was usually thrown

away. See Schol. in l. c. Καὶ τράχηλ' εἴθε  
Vesp. 962.

Τράχηλος, οὐ, ὁ, collum: the neck. Ὅς ἐς  
τράχηλον τὸν ἐμὸν εἰσι χῆτρες Troad. 364.  
SYN. see Αὐχὴν. Εἰς ἑλκιδαντῖος, βῆδινός,  
ἀπάλως.

Τραχίν, ἰον. Τρηχίν, ἰνός, ἡ, Trachis: a city  
in Thessaly. Ἡμεῖς μὲν ἐν Τραχίν τῇσ' ἀνδ.  
σῶται Trach. 39. B. 682. Herculeā Trachinē  
jube Ov. Met. xi. 627. See below.

Τραχινίος, α, ὄν, Trachinius: of Trachis.  
Πάντᾳ πύρα Τραχινίος ἐξεί Theoc. 24. 81.

Τραχὺς, αὐτ. ἰον. Τρηχὺς, εἶδος, ἡ, asper: rough,  
harsh. Λεῖον τὸν τραχὺν ἐχίνον Pax 1086. SYN.  
Δριμύς, σκληρὸς, ἀγρίος, στυφελός, ὠμός.

Τρεῖς, τρία, tres: three. Τρεῖς τριῶν μήλων  
τέμνω Eur. Sup. 1211.

Τρέμω, et Τετρεμναίνω, tremo: to tremble at.  
Ψόγον τρέμωσά δημότων Eur. El. 643. Τοῦτο  
μὲ ποιεῖ τετρεμναίνω Nub. 373. SYN. see Τρέω.

Τρέπω, ψω, verto: to turn. δ. 294. SYN. Με-  
ταστρέφω, ἐκτρέπω, μεταβάλλω, στρέφω, ἀλ-  
λάσσω.

Τρέφω, f. δρέφω, alio: to nourish, keep. Iph.  
A. 749. SYN. Ἀνατρέφω, ἐκτρέφω, τῖθηναι,  
αὐξάνω.

Τρέχω, f. δρέχω, 2. a. ἐδράμω, item imperf.  
δρέσασκον, curro: to run. Ion 531. Ἦκει  
γὰρ οὐκ ἀχρεῖον ἐκπλεῖον δράμω Eur. El.  
883. Ὁρέσασκον invenias in Σ. 599. SYN. see  
Θέω.

Τρέω, εἶδος, timeo: to dread. Οὐδ' ἂν τρέσας  
εἰποιμί Med. 1222. SYN. Τρέμω, τρέμω, ορ-  
βώδης, πέτρεμναίνω, φρίττω, φοβέσθαι, παθεῖν.

Τρήμα, ἄνθος, τὸ, foramen: an orifice. Eccles.  
906. SYN. Τρυμάλιν, τράγλη, ὀπή, τρύμν.

Τρήρων, ὠνός, pavidus: fluttering. E. 773.  
SYN. Δελή.

Τρητός, ἡ, ὄν, perforatus: perforated. v. 77.  
Τρηχίν. See Τραχίν.

Τρηχὺς. See Τραχὺς.

Τρήχων, ἰνός, unde perf. τέτρηχά, perturbor:  
to be boisterous. Τετρήχῃ δ' ἀγρόν B. 95. SYN.  
Θορύβῳ, ταρασσόμεναι.

Τρίαυά, ἡ, ὄν, tridens: a trident. Nub. 566.  
See below. SYN. Τριδούς.

Τριαυδῶ, tridente moveo: to move with a  
trident, turn up. Μόχλοις τρίαυδῶ κἀνατρεφῶν  
ἐμπάλιν Bacch. 344.

Τριακάς, ἄδως, ἡ, trigesima dies mensis:  
numerus tricenarius: the thirtieth day of the  
month; the number thirty. Ὁ πᾶς ἀριμύς εἰς  
τριακάδας δέκα Pers. 345. See Τρία, ἄδως.

Τριάκοντά, seu potius ἰον. Τρίηκοντά, adj.  
indecl., et Τρίηκοντα, α, ἡ, triginta: thirty. Τῶν  
δὲ τριήκοντα γλαυφῶν νέες B. 680. Call. fr. 67.  
See below.

Τριακοντάζυγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triginta transtra ha-  
bens: having thirty banks of oars. Οὐνέκον  
πρόσέ τριακοντάζυγον Ἀργώ Theoc. 13. 74.

Τριακοτούτης, ἴδως, ἡ, quæ triginta annorum  
est: for thirty years. Ἀλλ' αὐταῖς σπονδαῖς τρια-  
κοτούτιδες Acharn. 194.

Τριακόσιοι, seu potius ἰον. Τρίηκδοιοί, α, ἡ,  
trecenti: three hundred. Καὶ κὲ τριηκδοισίον  
ἐγὼν v. 390.

Τριακτῆρ, ἡδὲ, ὁ, victor: a conqueror. Agam.  
165. Tri est brevis, utpote quæ oriatur ex treis,  
τρία, ut in Eumen. 568. Ἐν μὲν τῷσ' ἡδὲ τῶν  
τριῶν πάλαισματων. SYN. Νικηφόρος.

Τριάς, ἄδως, ἡ, numerus ternarius: the number

three. Δοιαὶ δὲ τριάδες μετὰ δὲ σφίσιν Theoc. 17.  
84.

Τριβαλλός, οὐ, ὁ, Triballus: a Thracian god.  
Τούτοις ἐγὼ καὶ τὸν Τριβαλλον νῦν ἐροῦ Av. 1627.

Τριβέσκω. See Τρίβω.

Τρίβη, ἡ, ὄν, mora: delay. Οὐ μᾶκρο χρόνον  
τρίβη Antig. 1078. SYN. Διάτρίβη, σχῶλη,  
ἀργία, βράδυνος, ἀνάδωλ.

Τριβλεκτράπελος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nugacissimus: most  
trifling. Τριβλεκτράπελ' οἱ πᾶρ οἱ νῦν Nub.  
1003.

Τριβόλος, οὐ, ὁ, tribulus: a thistle. Καὶ τοὺς  
τριβόλους ἀπὸλέξει Lysist. 576.

Τρίβος, οὐ, ὁ, semita: a path. Τήνδ' ἄμαξήρη  
τρίβον Orest. 1249. SYN. Στρίβος, ὁδός, ἀτράπος.

Τρίβω, ἰον. imp. τριβέσκω, f. ψω, 2. a. ἐτρίβω,  
tero, consumo: to rub, wear, consume. Ἐν  
τοῖσδε πλησίον τριβέσθαι μύθος Eumen. 195.  
Apoll. 2. 482. SYN. Διάτρίβω, τρύχω, τείρω,  
ἀναλίσκω, ἀλῶω.

Τρίβων, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, exercitatus, peritus: practi-  
tised, skilled. Καὶ τριβὼν τὰ τοιάδε Med. 684.  
SYN. Ἐμπεῖρος.

Τρίβων, οὐδὲ, ὁ, et Τριβώνιον, οὐ, τὸ, pallium  
detritum: a threadbare cloak. Καὶ τοὺς τριβώνας  
ἐννέλεγοντὶ τῶν λίθων Acharn. 184. Ἐπεὶ τοι-  
ούτων γ' ἀμπεχέται τριβώνιον Plut. 898. SYN.  
Στράλισμα.

Τριβωνίως, modo pallii detriti: like a thread-  
bare cloak. Τηνδ' εἰς χλαῖναν ἀνάλῃσθ' τρι-  
βωνίως Vesp. 427. See above.

Τριβώνιον. See Τρίβων.

Τρίγμυς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ter uxorem ducens, vel ter  
nupta: thrice married. Πρόδρεϊ τριγμύσι γυ-  
ναῖκος Theoc. 12. 5.

Τρ' ἔρων, ὠνός, valde senex: very old. Τρί-  
γερων μύθος τῷδε φωνεῖ Choeph. 308.

Τρίγληνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tres oculos habens; for-  
mosissimus: having three eyes; very beautiful.  
Τρίγληνα μύροντα σ. 297. See above. SYN.  
Τριόπις.

Τρίγλυφος, οὐ, ἡ, sculptum triglyphum: a  
carved triglyph. Ὅρα δὲ γ' εἰς τριγλύφον οἶον  
κένον Iph. T. 113. See Τρίγερων.

Τρίγλυν, ἰνός, ὁ, ἡ, tres cuspides habens:  
three-pointed. Ἰφ τριγλυνί βάλων Λ. 507. See  
Τρίγερων.

Τρίγυγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triplex: triple. Ion 499.  
See below.

Τρίγωνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triangulus: triangular.  
Τὴν τριγώνον ἐς χλῶνα P. V. 838.

Τριδούλος, οὐ, ὁ, cujus pater et avus, sicut et  
ipse, servi fuerunt: a slave in the third generation.  
E. II. 1063. See above.

Τριδράχμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui pretio vel pondere  
trium drachmarum est: worth or weighing three  
drachms. Ὅδῃ δὲ τριδράχμους τοὺς κᾶδους εἰς  
τοὺς ἀγρούς Pax 1201.

Τριεβόλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triplici rostro armatus:  
armed with a triple beak. Av. 1256. See Τρί-  
εἶς.

Τριετηρίς, ἴδως, ἡ, subst., triennium: every  
three years, a festival to Bacchus celebrated  
every three years. Bacch. 134. See below.

Τριετής, per tres annos: for three years. Οἱ δὲ  
τοὶ τριετές μέγανον v. 377.

Τρίζυγος, et Τρίζυξ, ἴνως, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, trijugis:  
being three under the same yoke. Helen. 356.  
See Τριζύξ. Τριζύξ Schæf. citat in Steph. ed. Valp.  
ex Jacobs. Anth. 8. 42.

Τρίζυξ. See above.

Τρίζω, strideo: to squeak. Τρίζουσαι πτόντοι  
ω. 7. SYN. Σίζω, ψιθύρίζω.

Τρίηκοντά, et Τρίηκοντα. See Τριάκοντά.

Τρίηκδοιοί. See Τριάκδοιοί.

Τρίηραρχῶ, trierarchi munere fungor: to per-  
form the office of trierarch. Ran. 1065. See  
below.

Τρίηραρχός, οὐ, ὁ, qui in publicam triremem  
sumptus confert: a trierarch, one who con-  
tributes to the expense of a trireme. Θορύβου  
στράτιωτων περὶ τριηράρχου βόης Acharn. 545.

Τρίηρης, εἶδος, ἡ, trimemis: a galley with three  
banks of oars. Eq. 279. See above. SYN. Τρί-  
σκαλμός.

Τρίκαρηνός, et Τρίκρανός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triceps:  
three-headed. Τρίκαρηνον Γηρύνην Hes. Theog.  
287. Ἄδων τρικρανον σκεῖλαι' ἀπρόσμενον τέρως  
Trach. 1100.

Τρίκη, et Τρίκη, ἡ, Tricca: a town in  
Thessaly. Οἱ οἱ ἐποντο Τρίκης ἐξ ἱπποδρόμου Δ.  
202. B. 729.

Τρικαῖος, α, ὄν, Tricceus: of Tricca. Ἐνθά  
δὲ Τρικκαῖος Apoll. 957.

Τρίκη. See Τρίκη.

Τρίκορπς, εἶδος, et Τρίκορπός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tres  
cristas gestans: three-crested. Bacch. 123.  
Orest. 1488. See Τρίκαρηνός, et Κορπός, εἶδος.

Τρίκορπός, α, ὄν, Tricorysius: of Tricory-  
thus, a district in Attica. Οὐκ ἐμπίς ἐστίν ἡδὲ  
Τρίκορπία Lysist. 1032.

Τρίκοτύλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tres cotylos continens:  
containing three cotyli. Τρίκοτύλον ἡ πᾶς εἰπέ  
μοι τί μ' εἰργάσθω Thesm. 743. See Κότυλη.

Τρίκρανός. See Τρίκαρηνός.

Τρίκυμια, as, ἡ, fluctus decumanus (vid.  
Blomf. P. V. 1051.): the third and largest wave.  
Τρίκυμια βρέμωντά Troad. 83. See Τρίκαρηνός.  
SYN. Ζάλη.

Τρίλυστος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ter rogatus, ter optatus:  
thrice prayed for, thrice wished for. Θ. 418.  
SYN. Τριπρόητος, τριφίλητος.

Τριλδφία, as, ἡ, crista triplex: a triple crest.  
Τίς ἡ πτέρωσις τίς δὲ πρὸς τῆς τριλδφίας Av.  
94.

Τριμέτρως, ἡ, ὄν, tria metra continens: con-  
taining three metres. Ἡμεῖς πότερον τῷ τριμέ-  
τρων ἢ τῷ τετράμετρων Nub. 632.

Τρίμηνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, trimestis: for three months.  
Ὡς τρίμηνον ἦνικ' ἂν Trach. 164.

Τρίμυς, ἄνθος, τὸ, orator vater: a hackneyed  
speaker. Nub. 260. SYN. Τρίμων, ἐπιτρεπτός,  
πανούργος.

Τριμύριος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triplex: triple. Χθόνος  
τριμύριον χλαῖν' Ἀgam. 845. SYN. Τριμήρης,  
τριχθαδός.

Τρινάκρως, α, ὄν, Trinacrius: Sicilian. Αὐτὴ  
δὲ Τρινάκρην Σικανῶν εἶδος Call. 3. 57.

Τριόδος, οὐ, ἡ, trivium: a place where three  
ways meet, a highway. Μέθες παρ' αὐτὴν τρι-  
όδον Ἰσθμίας θεοῦ Eur. Sup. 1222.

Τριδούς, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, tridens: a trident. Isthm.  
8. 74. See above. SYN. Τρίαυά.

Τριδπη, οὐ, ὁ, Triopes. Call. 6. 23. See  
below.

Τριόπος, οὐ, ὁ, Triopus: at videsis Hermann.  
Hom. Apoll. 211. Οὐ μὴν Τριόπος γ' ἐνέλειπεν  
Hom. Apoll. 213.

Τριόρχης, εἶδος, Τριόρχος, οὐ, ὁ, accipiter qui-  
dam: a kind of hawk, a buzzard. Κερχῆς  
τριόρχης γλῶφ' κύνωνδ' αἰετός Av. 1181. 1206.  
Τριόρχης γλῶφ' κύνωνδ' αἰετός Av. 1181. 1206.

Τριόψ, ὠνός, ὁ, Triops: a promontory of  
F 1 2



Cnidus. Τρίπος κατάθετο κλώναν Theoc. 17. 68.  
Τρίπαλαι, diutissime ante: very long ago. Τρίπαλαι καθμαι βουλόμενος ε' ευεργετίν Eq. 1150.

Τρίπαλαις, ου, δ, ή, antiquissimus (vid. Blomf. in l. c.): most ancient. Again. 1452. See above.

Τρίπαλαις, ου, δ, ή, perquam vehemens: very violent. Sept. Th. 985. See Τρίπαλαι.

Τρίπαρθένος, ου, δ, ή, tres virgines habens: having three virgins. Eur. fr. Eurysth. 15. See below.

Τρίπηχς, ους, tricubitalis: three cubits long. Κλαφ' τριπήχει κατά τόν οφθαλμόν μέσον Cycl. 235.

Τρίπλαξ, ους, Τρίπληξ, ου, δ, ή, et Τρίπλαξ, α, δν, triplex: threefold. Τρίπλαξ μαρμαρην Σ. 480. Τρίπληξ αυλῶπις την οί Λ. 353. Καί ναί μᾶ Δι' ὄρνι τριπλάσιον Κλεωνύμου Acharn. 88. Syn. Τρίπλως, Τρίπλους, Τρίμοιρος, Τρίφθοις.

Τρίπτελλος, ου, δ, ή, tria folia habens: three-leaved. Χρυσείην τριπτελλον Hom. Merc. 529. Syn. Τρίφυλλος.

Τρίπλαξ. See Τρίπλαξ.

Τρίπλως, η, δν, contr. ους, ή, ούν, triplicatus: treble. Choeph. 779. See above. Syn. see Τρίπλαξ.

Τρίποδής, ους, δ, ή, ad tripodem pertinens: of a tripod. Μέλες τριποδής εδρη Call. 4. 90. Τριποδής, ου, δ, ή, desideratissimus: thrice desired. Εἰὰρ ἐμοί τριποδῶν Bion 6. 15. Syn. see Τρίλιωτος.

Τρίπολις, ου, δ, ή, ter magnus: very great. Antig. 859. See below. Syn. Διάσημος, ὑπερμέγας.

Τρίπολις, ου, δ, ή, ter versus: thrice turned or ploughed. Νεφ' ἐν τριπόλῃ ε. 127.

Τρίπους, gen. τριπόδος, δ, ή, tripes; tripus, odis: three-footed; a tripod. Κατάκαρφόμενης τριπόδας μὲν οδοῦς Agam. 79. Syn. (1) Τριπόδας, τρισκέλης, (2) λέξης, χυτρώπους. Ep. (2) Διωδεκασίους, ἐμπύριδης, λδετρώχους, μέγας, τεσσαράσιους, ὑπώγει, αἰών, ἀπύρος, περίκαλλης, κτηνός, ποιητός, ἐριμύς, εὐχαλκός, μαιτιόλος, χρυσήλατος, ἀνάθηματικός.

Τριπόλεμος, ου, δ, Τριποlemus. Acharn. 55. Τρίπληξ. See Τρίπλαξ.

Τρίπυλος, ου, δ, ή, tres equos habens: drawn by three horses. Androm. 276. See Τρίπολις.

Τρίρυμς, ου, δ, ή, trijugus: having three poles. Δίρυμα τέ καί τριρυμά τέλη Pers. 47. Τρίς, ter: thrice. Ἀπὸ χειρὸς τριπύλων εἶναι εν τῇ κλησίᾳ Pax 667.

Τρίσθλιος, ου, Τριτάλας, αινά, αν, et Τρισκάκδαλμος, ους, ter infelix: thrice wretched. Εισήλθε τῶν τρισθλίων ἐπὶ κῆχί C. C. 372. (Sed Pers. in Praef. ad Hec. disjungendo legit tris sthlium. Vide Tris.) Εἰς οὐμὰ πατρὸς τριτάλαινα Hipp. 736. Ὁ τρισκάκδαλμος εἶναι λευκὸν ἀμπεχί Acharn. 988. Syn. Ἀθλιώτατος.

Τρίσινας, ἀδός, ή, vigesimus et septimus dies mensis: the twenty-seventh day of the month. Παῖροι δ' αὐτὴ ἰσασί τρισιναῖά Hes. Op. 812.

Τρισκαδέκῃ, tredecim: thirteen. Ran. 50. See Δεκά.

Τρισκαδέκαπυχς, ους, qui tredecim cubitorum est: thirteen cubits high. Ἄνθρω τρισκαδέκαπυχς Theoc. 15. 17.

Τρισκαδέκατος, η, δν, tertius decimus: the thirteenth. Τῇ τρισκαδέκατῃ δ' ἄνεμος πῶς τ. 302.

Τρισκάκδαλμος. See Τρίσθλιος.

Τρίσκαλμος, ου, δ, ή, tribus remorum ordinibus instructus (vid. Blomf. Gloss. Pers. 685.): having three banks of oars. Pers. 1076. Syn. Τρίρης.

Τρισκέλης, ους, δ, ή, tria crura habens: three-legged. Τρισκέλῃς ἀντόφλοιον Theoc. Ep. 4. 3. Syn. Τρίπους.

Τρισκόπανιστος, ου, δ, ή, ter pistus: thrice-baked. Ἄρτος τρισκόπανιστος Batrach. 45.

Τρισκόαθος, ου, δ, ή, tres cyathos capiens: containing three cyathi. Anacr. 90. See Κύαθος.

Τρισμάκας, αινά, Τρισμάκιδος, et Τρισόλεις, α, δν, ter felix: thrice happy. Pax 1333. Καί τρισμάκας τοῦ πῖ ταῖς πλευραῖς ἐμαῖς Vesp. 1284. Ὁ δέσποτ' ὡς μακάριε καί τρισόλεις Eccles. 1121. See Tris. Syn. Τρίς ευτυχής, τρίς ευδαίμων.

Τρισμυριόταλαι, vox ludiera, a πάλα conficta: an immense time ago. Ἐγὼ δὲ προσδοκῶν γέ τρισμυριόταλαι Eq. 1156. See below.

Τρισμύριος, α, δν, triginta millia; permultus: thirty thousand; very many. Ἠγέμων τρισμύριος Pers. 320.

Τρισόλεις. See Τρισμάκας.

Τρισόλυμπιόνικος, ου, ter in certamine Olympico vincens: thrice victorious at the Olympic games. Olymp. 13. 1. See Τρίς, Ὀλύμπιος, Νίκη.

Τρισπύλας, ου, δ, ή, tres spithamas adaequans: three spans long. Τρισπύλας δ' ἄν τάμειν Hes. Op. 425.

Τρισπονδός, Τρισπονδός, ου, δ, ή, tres libationes accipiens, ter libatus: receiving triple libations. Χοαῖοι τρισπονδοῖσι Antig. 431. Agam. 237. See Blomf. Gloss.

Τριστός, η, δν, triplex: triple. Theoc. 18. 83. Syn. see Τρίπλαξ.

Τριστοιχέ, triplici ordine: in triple row. K. 473.

Τρίστοιχος, ου, δ, ή, tribus ordinibus instructus: arranged in three rows. μ. 91.

Τρισχίλιοι, αι, ᾶ, tres millia: three thousand. Ἐπὶ μυρίων ἐτῶν γέ καί τρισχίλιον Plut. 1083.

Τρισώματος, ου, δ, ή, tria corpora habens: three-bodied. Τρισώματος τῶν Γηριῶν δ' δευτέρος Agam. 843. See Τρίπλοος.

Τριταῖος, α, δν, qui tertio die perficitur (vid. R. P. ad loc.): on the third day. Τριταῖον ἡδὴ φεγγὺς αὐροῦ μένος Hec. 32. See Τρίτος.

Τριτάλαντος, ου, δ, ή, qui trium talentorum est: of three talents. Lysist. 338. See Τρίτάλαντος and Τάλαντον.

Τριτάλας. See Τρίσθλιος.

Τριτάτος. See Τρίτος.

Τριτόδαμος, ους, tribus pedibus incumbens: three-footed. Τριτόδαμος ἁ τριτόδαμος Troad. 276. Syn. see Τρίπους.

Τριτόγενεα, ας, et Τριτόγενής, ους, ή, epith. Minervae: epithet of Minerva. Ἐπεὶ δὲ δὸς Σὺ γάτην κούιστη Τριτόγενεα Δ. 515. Eq. 1186. Syn. see Ἀθήνη.

Τρίτος, et superl. τριτάτος, η, δν, tertius: third. Καί τρίτον γ' εἰ σοι φίλον Helen. 1416. Αὐτὰρ τῷ τριτάτῳ ἄπυρον Ψ. 267.

Τρίτοσπονδος. See Τρίσπονδος.

Τρίτοσπύρος, ου, δ, ή, tertium generatus: third sown. Καί τρίτοσπύρον γόνυ Pers. 823.

Τρίτων, ανός, δ, (1) Triton: a sea-god; (2) Nilus: the Nile. Καί πόταμός Τριτωνός ἐν ῥόδῳ Apoll. 4. 628. See below.

Τριτανιάς, ἀδός, et Τριτανίς, ἰδός, ή, Tritonis: of Triton. Ἀλυσὶς τ' ἐν ὄρνι Τριτανιάδος Ion 871. Apoll. 3. 1182.

Τριφίλητος, ου, δ, ή, ter amatus: thrice-beloved. Ὁ τριφίλητος Ἄδωνις Theoc. 15. 86. Syn. see Τρίλιωτος.

Τρίχᾶ, et Τρίχθᾶ, tripliciter: in three ways. Ἦμος δὲ τριχᾶ νυκτὸς ἐν μ. 312. Τρίχθᾶ τέ καί τετραχθᾶ Γ. 363. Syn. Τρίπληξ.

Τρίχᾶς, ους, cujus capellus et crista agitantur; bellicosus (vide tamen Damm. in v. et Hesiod. fr. 68.): having the hair and cone of the helmet waving; warlike. Δωριεὲς τέ τριχᾶες διόλ τε Πέλασγοι τ. 177.

Τρίχες, plur. a Θρίξ, q. v.

Τρίχης, ου, δ, ή, trifidus: cleft in three parts. Sept. Th. 757. See Τριφίλητος.

Τρίχθᾶ. See Τρίχᾶ.

Τρίχης, ἰδός, ή, piscis quidam ossa pilis similia habens: a sprat. Στεφάνων τριχίδων αὐλητρίων ἱπποκρίων Acharn. 525.

Τρίχιδος, ους, et Τρίχιδος, δ, tineae, pediculus: a moth, a louse. Ἀλλ' ή τριχιδῶντες τοὺς λόφους μου κατέφαγον Acharn. 1110. Syn. Ζῆς, σκῶληξ.

Τρίχινικός, ου, δ, ή, tres choenices capiens: containing three choenices. Πάρεμβάλομεν τῶν τριχινικῶν ἐπ' αὐν Vesp. 481. See Χοῖνις, ἰκός.

Τρίχρηστος, pilorum defluvio laboro: to have the hair falling off. Τρίχρηστέον οὐδὲν Pax 1221. See Τρίχιδος.

Τρίχρωμα, ανός, τὸ, caesaries: the hair. Sept. Th. 663. See Τρίχιδος. Syn. see Θρίξ.

Τριψήμερος, diem tero: to waste or spend the day. Vesp. 845. Syn. Ἡμέραν, χρόνον τριψῶ; διατρίψω.

Τριόβολος, ου, τὸ, tres oboli: three oboli. Nub. 1235. See Τρίεις, τρία.

Τροία, ας, et antiqu. αἰών, ή, Troja: Troy. Ναιότε Τροίην ἐριβάλλαι Γ. 74. Syn. see Ἰλῖον.

Τροίην, ηνός, ή, Troezen: a city of Argolis. Call. 4. 41.

Τροίηνος, α, δν, Troezenius: of Troezen. Τροίηνία γυναικὲς Hipp. 375.

Τροίηνος, ου, δ, Troezenus. Τὸς Τροίηνος Β. 847.

Τρόμερος, δ, δν, tremulus: trembling. Phoen. 1299. Syn. Πέριφθορος, περίρθεος, τρώμικος, τρώμωδης, ὑπὸ τρώμω.

Τρόμεν, tremo: to tremble. σ. 79. Syn. see Τρέω.

Τρόμος, ου, δ, tremor: a trembling. Bacch. 597. Syn. Δεός, φέβος, τάρβος.

Τρόπαλα, ας, ή, conversio: change. Sept. Th. 703. See Blomf. Gloss. Choeph. 763. Syn. Μετατροπή.

Τρόπαιον, ου, τὸ, tropæum: a trophy, triumph. Στῆσαι τρόπαια τῶν κικλῶν ἄσοι πάρα Orest. 705. Syn. Νίκη, νικητήριον, νικηφόριον.

Τρόπαιος, ου, δ, ή, hostes in fugam convertens; averruncans: putting the enemy to flight; averting. Ὁ Ζεὺ τρόπαιε Heracl. 867. Syn. Νικηφόρος, ἀλεξικάκος, ἀποτρόπαιος.

Τρόπαλις, ἰδός, ή, fasciculus (alliorum): a bunch (of onions). Τὸ μὲν ἄτερον τοῦτων σκόροδον τρόπαλιδος Acharn. 813.

Τρόπῶν, et Τρωπῶν, verito, in fugam verito: to turn, to rout. Σ. 224. o. 666. Syn. Τρέπω, νικάω, κατὰβάλλω.

Τροπή, ης, ή, versio, mutatio; fuga: a turning, change; a flight or rout. Antig. 675. Syn. Ἀμοιβή, διαίσις, δρασμὸς.

Τρόπις, ἰδός vel ἰδός, ή, carina: a keel. Περὶ τρόπιος βεβᾶντα ε. 130. Syn. Ἐντρέονελα, στεῖρα.

Τρόπος, ου, δ, modus, ritus, indoles: turn, manner, fashion, custom, disposition. Iph. A. 927. Syn. Ἐθός, ἥθος, σχῆμα, νόμος, δεσμός, γνώμη, φύσις. Ep. Ἐκούσιος, φαῦλος, ποιητός, ἀναγκαῖος, χρηστὸς, γενναῖος, δούλος, ἐλευθέρους, ἀγρίος, δυσσέτης, βάρβαρος.

Τρόπος, οὐ, et Τρόπατηρ, ηνός, δ, strupus: a thong which fastened the oar to the vessel. Σ. 53. Acharn. 548.

Τρόπων, remum strupo adligo: to fasten the oar to the vessel. Pers. 382.

Τρόπατηρ. See the second τρόπος.

Τρόπαλις, ἰδός, ή, recens caseus: fresh cheese. Ejusdem quantitatis ac δαμάλις. Vesp. 838.

Τρόφειά, αν, τὰ, educationis merces; alimentum: a return made for being maintained or educated; nourishment. Sept. Th. 473. Syn. Θρέμμα, θρεπτήριον, θρεπτήρ, τρόφα. Ep. Κἄλᾳ.

Τρόφεις, ους, δ, nutritor: one who nourishes, a foster-father. Phoen. 45. Syn. Τρόφος.

Τρόφῃ, ης, ή, victus; cura alendi; proles; merces educationis: food; the care of feeding; offspring; return for education. C. C. 362. Syn. Διατὰ, διατρέψῃ, παιδεία, τρόφειά.

Τρόφῃς, δ, ή, densus: thick. Πολλὸν δὲ τρόφῃ κύμα κύλινδεται Λ. 307.

Τρόφῖμος, ου, δ, ή, alimentum præbens, vel accipiens: nourishing, nourished. Τρόφῖμος ἐξέβα γυναικῶν τίνος Ion 686. (A double dochmiac.) Syn. Τρόφεις, τρόφος, μέδων.

Τρόφῖμος, εσσα, ἐν, bene alens, tumens: well-fed, swelling. Κύματ' τε τρόφοντα γ. 290. Syn. Τρόφῖμος, μέγας, πῶς, πᾶχος, οὐδαίνων, πηγῶς.

Τρόφος, οὐ, δ, ή, altor, nutrix; alumnus vel alumna: one who maintains, a nurse; a nursing. Herc. F. 45. Syn. Τίθηνη, τίθῃνη, τρέφεις, μήτηρ, τρόφῖμος.

Τρόφῶνις, ου, δ, Trophonius. Ενστρέφει Τρόφῶνιον Ion 303.

Τρόχᾶς. See Τρόχᾶς.

Τρόχᾶδος, η, δν, currens; velox; rotundus: running; rapid; round. Κεῖνὸ πέριγλινές τρόχᾶδον γὰρ μιν κἀλῶσσι Arat. Phoen. 475. Syn. Τρόχᾶς, τρόχᾶδης, εὐκύκλος, κύκλωτής.

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Τρόχᾶς, ου, δ, ή, altor, nutrix; alumnus vel alumna: one who maintains, a nurse; a nursing. Herc. F. 45. Syn. Τίθηνη, τίθῃνη, τρέφεις, μήτηρ, τρόφῖμος.

Τρόφῶνις, ου, δ, Trophonius. Ενστρέφει Τρόφῶνιον Ion 303.

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Τ

Τροχίλος, ου, ὁ, trochilus: a wren. Τροχίλος κύλμβος ὡσπερὶ χειμῶν ἀρα Acharn. 876. Τροχίς, ἴδς, ὁ, nunciator, cursor: a messenger, runner. Τὴν δὲ τὸν Διὸς τροχὶν Aj. 977. SYN. Ἀγγέλως, δρομέως.

Τροχιδνεύω, in orbem circumago: to whirl round. Τροχιδνεύεται δ' ὁμῶς ἐλπίδην P. V. 907. SYN. Περίελαυνω, περίερω, κύκλω.

Τροχιδεύς, ἴδς, ὁ, ἡ; Τροχιδεύς, εἰσά, ἐν, rotundus: round. Theogn. 7. Call. 4. 261. SYN. see Τροχάλως.

Τροχόποιεω, rotas facio: to make wheels. Ἡ ῥάπτειν ἡ τροχόποιον Plut. 513.

Τροχός, ου, ὁ, cursus: a course. Hipp. 1129. SYN. Δρόμος.

Τροχός, οὐ, ὁ, rota; discus; massa rotunda: a wheel; a quoit; a ball. Anacr. 4. 7. SYN. Γύρος, κύκλος. Ep. Κυρτός, εὐκύκλος.

Τροχίλιον, ου, τὸ, catinus: a dish. ΑΛΛὰ καὶ τὰ τροχίλια Eccles. 252. SYN. Πάροψις, λέκων.

Τρύγαλις, ου, ὁ, Trygaeus. Ποῦ ποῦ Τρύγαλις ἐστὶν Pax 1197.

Τρύγω, ἥσω, uvae vel fruges colligo: to gather in grapes or fruit, to reap. Ἐμοῦ τρύγησεν καὶ πρόσδεσθαι τίνα Eccl. 886. SYN. Δρέπω, ἀπὸ λαῶν, καρπόμεναι, καρπίζω. PNH. see Anacr. 50.

Τρύγη, ἡς, ἡ, vindemia: the vintage. Οὐδὲ τρύγη οἶσιν Hom. Apoll. 55.

Τρύγητις, ἡς, ὁ, vindemiator: a vintager. Ἐφθόρου ἀπὸ τρύγητις Hes. Scut. 293.

Τρύγηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, uvarum vel frugum ferax: producing grapes or fruits. Οὐτὲ τρύγηφόρος ἦδ' Hom. Apoll. 529. SYN. Καρποφόρος, εὐκαρπός.

Τρύγικος, ἡ, ὅν, facibus perunctus, comicus: daubed with lees of wine, comic. Τρύγικος δ' διδάσκαλός ἦμῶν Acharn. 628.

Τρύγιδαιμον, ὄνδς, ὁ, daemon os facibus perunctus: a poor wretch of a comic poet. Ἄπερ οἱ τρύγιδαιμῶνες οἶτοι Nub. 295.

Τρύγοπις, ου, ὁ, colum vinarium: a wine-filterer. Κιττοῦ τρύγοιτου προβάτων βληχωμένων Pax 535.

Τρυγόνειος, See Θρυγόνειος.

Τρυγῶν, ὄνδς, ἡ, turtur: a turtle-dove. Τρυγῶν ἐκναυσεντί Theoc. 15. 88.

Τρύων, Ion. imp. τρύσκον, strideo: to whine, squeak. Ὄς μὴ μοι τρύσῃτε I. 311. Theoc. 7. 140. SYN. Τρίω, ψιθίριζω.

Τρύμη, ἡς, ἡ, foramen a terebra; veterinarian: a hole made by an auger; an old knave. Κύρις κροτάλων κινάδος τρύμη Nub. 447. SYN. Τρύπανον, ἀποτριπτός, τρίμμα, πᾶνοσργός.

Τρύξ, τρύξος, ἡ, vinum recens; fax; scoria: new wine; lees of wine; dross of metal. Ὁζων τρύξος τράσιος ἐρίων περίουσις Nub. 50. Ep. Γάυκειά, μελίπρος, πᾶλαια, σάπρα, νέπλουτος.

Τρύπανον, ου, τὸ, terebra: an auger. Τρύπανον οἱ δὲ τ' ἐνερθεν A. 385. SYN. Τρύμη, τέρετρον.

Τρυπῶν, terebro: to perforate. Ὄς δ' ἐπὶ τις τρυπῶ δόρυ νήϊον A. 384. SYN. Τόρεω, τρέω (obs. in pres.), πέραίνω.

Τρύπημα, ἄτδς, τὸ, foramen: an orifice. Μηδεμίας ἢ τρύπημα κένον Eccles. 624. SYN. Ὀπη.

Τρυσανῶν, ὄρδς, homines attens: man-wearing. Philoct. 208. See below, and Τεγάνω.

Τρυσιδούς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitam vexans: life-harassing. Καὶ φειδωλοὶ καὶ τρυσιδούς Nub. 420. SYN. Ἀνιάρδς, χάλειπός, λυπηρδς.

Τρυτάνη, ἡς, ἡ, trutina: a balance. Εἴθ' ἡ μῖαρά φάλαν' ἔχουσα τρυτάνην Vesp. 39. SYN. Ζύγος, τάλαντον, στάμνη.

Τρυφάλεια, ας, ἡ, galea tres conos habens: a helmet having three cones. Καὶ λευκόδελφος τρυφάλεια Ran. 1016. SYN. see Κόρυς. Ep. Αὐλῶπις, ἱπποῦρις, φάειν, λευκόδελφος, ἱπποκόμης, τρίπυχός, χατήρσας.

Τρυφῶν, τρυφραίνωμαι, luxurior; abundo: to live luxuriously; to abound. Ἀρ' οὖν τρυφῶμεν δεσφ (monosyll.) κάτασκεπὴν βίῃ Eur. Sup. 225. Vesp. 686. See below.

Τρυφῶν, ὄνδς, ὁ, ἡ, edulis: eatable. Φοιτῇ σινόμενα τὰν τρυφῶν Theoc. 1. 49. SYN. Βρώσιμος, ἐδοδύμος, ἐδεστός.

Τρυφός, ἄ, ὅν, mollis, delicatus: soft, delicate. Ὀδὲ πρόβας τρυφόν τῇ διδάσκαλῶνισον Vesp. 1169. SYN. Τρυφῶν, ἀπαλός, ἄσρος, ἄσωτος, ἀσέλγης.

Τρυφή, ἡς, ἡ; Τρυφήμα, ἄτδς, τὸ, luxus, fastus: luxury, wantonness. Εὐκαθύνοισιν τρυφῶνς Troad. 990. Iph. A. 1050. SYN. Χλιδή, ἀερόσυνη, σπάταλμα.

Τρυφός, ἴδς, τὸ, fragmentum: a fragment. Τὸ δὲ τρυφός ἐμπέσσει πόντῳ δ. 508. SYN. Θραύσμα, ἀπδοκομῶ.

Τρυφρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, attritus: worn, ragged. Τρυφρὰ περὶ τρυφρὸν εἰμένον χρῶα Troad. 498. Hic tamen locus nihil de quantitate statuit. Nec scio alterum apud poetās ubi occurrit. Prima in Τρυφρὸς est brevis in loco infra citato; sed in Τρυφρὸς est longa.

Τρυφρός, ἡ, ὅν, mollis: soft. Ἀ φῶνα δὲ τρυφρὰ Theoc. 10. 37. SYN. Μάλακός.

Τρυχός, ἴδς, τὸ, pannus lacer: a torn garment, rags. Τὰ ποῖα τρύχη μῶν ἐν οἷς Οἰνεὺς ὀδὲ Acharn. 418. SYN. Ράκος, βᾶκομα, βᾶκίον, τριδῶνδον, τριδῶν.

Τρύχω, Τρυχῶν, Τρύω, attero: to wear away. Ἡ τ' ἀν τρυχόμενός περ A. 288. Minnern. 2. 12. "Τρύω primam producit. Frequentius est in comp. αποτρίω, κατατρίω, Apoll. R. I. 1174. Τετρυμένα γούνατ' ἐκαμψεν." Blomf. ad P. V. 27. SYN. Τετρω, εκτρίω, πείζω, εκτήκω, κατὰτρίω.

Τρωάς. See Τρωικός.

Τρωᾶς, ὡν, οἱ, Trojani: Trojans. Agam. 66. SYN. Δαρδανῖδαι, Λαμῆδοντιᾶδαι. Ep. Ἀγηνόρες, ἱπποδάμοι, μέγαθυμοι, ὑπέρθυμοι, ἀγαοί, ἀλκίμοι, ἀολλεῖς, δειδυμένους, ἐπικούροι, κέντρους ἱππων, μέγαλῃτρες, τηλεκλήτοι, ὑπερφύλοι, φιλοπτόλεμοι, ἀγέροχοι, ἀσπισταί, ευγενεῖς, χαλκοχίτωνες, ὑπερπύροιστες, δαρσάλοιοι, δειλοί, ἀρηφίλοιοι, δαρπηκαί.

Τρωαλίᾶ, ὡν, τὰ, bellaria: sweetmeats. Τῶν τρωαλίῶν καὶ μὴ φαίρει Pax 772. SYN. Τρωαλίᾶ, ἐπιφρόνημα.

Τρώγλη, ἡς, ἡ, caverna: a hole. Hom. Batr. 53.

Τρωγλῶδης, ου, ὁ, qui foramina seu cava

habitat: one who inhabits holes. Τρωγλῶδης δὲ μετ' αὐτὸν Hom. Batr. 205.

Τρωγλῶδης, cavernam subeo: to enter a hole. Ἡ καὶ τρωγλῶδοντά Hom. Batr. 53.

Τρώγω, ἴω, α. 2. ἐτρώγων, rodo: to gnaw, eat. Pax 1324. SYN. Κατὰτρώγω, εἰσθίω, ἐδῶμαι.

Τρωῖας. See below.

Τρωικός, Τρωικός, Τρῶς, α, ὅν; Τρωῖας, Τρωῖας, ἄδς, ἡ, Trojanus: Trojan. Τρωικός ἐξαίρετον Androm. 15. Οἱοι Τρωῖοι ἱπποὶ Θ. 106. Eur. El. 1077. Τινὰ Τρωῖδῶν (anap. monom.) Nec. 94.

Τρωῖς καὶ Τρωᾶδες Θ. 704. Ep. of Τρωᾶδες: — Εὐπλόκοιμοι, βαθυκόλοιοι, ἐλκεσίπτελοιοι, πλόκοιμοι, ἐλκεσίπτελες, δορίκτετοιοι.

Τρωῖλος, ου, ὁ, Troilus: one of the sons of Priam. Τρωῖλον ἱπποχάρμην Θ. 257.

Τρωῖς. See Τρωικός.

Τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, vorator; impostor: an eater; a knave. ξ. 289. SYN. Πάνοσργός.

Τρωῶς, i. q. Τρωῖας. Schelf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobus Anthol. 7. 271.

Τρώση, i. q. Τρωῖας. Pind. Pyth. 4. 483.

Τρωῶτης, ου, ἄλ. αἰ. ὁ, panis rosor: a gnawer of bread. Hom. Batrach. 28.

Τρώσιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, edulis: eatable. Φοιτῇ σινόμενα τὰν τρώσιμον Theoc. 1. 49. SYN. Βρώσιμος, ἐδοδύμος, ἐδεστός.

Τρῶς. See Τρωικός.

Τρωπῶν. See Τρῶπιον.

Τρῶς, ὄδς, ὁ, Tros. Τρῶς δ' Ἀλαστορίδην T. 463. Ep. Ἀμύμων, μετ' ἀλκῇ.

Τρωτός, ὡν, ὁ, vulneratus; vulnerabilis: wounded; vulnerable. Helen. 809.

Τρώω. See Τίτρωσκω.

Τρυγῶν, fut. τρύσσω καὶ τεύξωμαι, sum; contingo; adfut. τρύσσω: to be; to happen; to reach, hit. Τὴν δ' ὅπως ἐτύγχανεν Hipp. 933.

Κῆτα (ωσπερ) τρύσσω M. 189. SYN. Εὐμῖ, ὑπάρχω, συμβαίνω, εντυγῶν.

Τυδείδης, ου, ἄλ. αἰ. ὁ, Tydides: the son of Tydeus. Τυδείδην δ' οὐκ ἀν γούνης E. 85.

Τυδεύς, ἴω, ὁ, Tydeus: one of the seven chieftains at Thebes, and father of Diomed. Εὐγὼ δὲ Τυδεὶ κεδνόν Sept. Th. 403. Ep. Δῶφρων, μέγαθυμός, δουρικλύτος, κράτερρός, μένεπτόλεμος, δχ' ἀριστός, ἀγαυός, ἱπποδάμος, Αἰτωλῶν, Οἰνεῖδης, ἱππλάτης, ἱππότης, σάκεσπῆλός, μικρός δέμας ἀλλὰ μάχητῆς, πρόπῶλός φόνου.

Τυκίζω, polio: to polish. Τούτους δ' ἐτύκισαν αἱ κρέκες τοῖς βύγχεσιν Av. 1138. SYN. Εἴω.

Τυκισμῶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, edificium: a building. Κάκονον δὲ τυκισμῶ φέβου Troad. 814. SYN. Οικοδόμημα.

Τυκός, ου, ὁ, instrumentum ferreum quo lapidæ untur ad poliendo lapides: an instrument used in polishing stones. Καὶ τυκοῖς ηρμοσμένα Heracl. 940.

Τυκτός, ἡ, ὅν, fabricatus: made, artificial. p. 206. SYN. Ποιητός.

Τύλη, ας, ἡ; Τύλος, ου, ὁ, callus: hard brawny skin produced by labour. Τὰν τύλαν ἱσμήνιχε Acharn. 954. Τύλων ψόφουλον Acharn. 553.

Brasse adds however in a note: "The penult. of Τύλη is generally long: cf. Lucill. 52."

Τύλως, callosus reddo: to render callous. Τετύλωμένος ἐνδὸς χεῖρας Theoc. 16. 32. SYN. Σκληρῶς, πᾶχυν.

Τύμενμα, ἄτδς, τὸ, sepultura, sepulcrum: burial, tomb. Antig. 1220.

Τυμεύω, sepelio: to bury. Helen. 1244. SYN. Θάπτω, τύμεν χέω, καὶ ποῖω.

Τυμῆρης, ἴδς, ὁ, ἡ, sepulchralis: sepulchral. Thesm. 889. SYN. Τυμῆχός, ἐπιτυμῆτις, τυμῆχαςτός.

Τύμεδς, ου, ὁ, bustum: a tomb. Med. 1206. SYN. Χάμα, τάφος, σῆμα, τάφρος, γήλαφος, τυμῆχός. Ep. Ἀμύμων, ευρὸς, ἐπικεύς, μέγας, ὕψηλός, ἀκρὸς, ἀνδροκμητός, πλόκληναι, ζεστός, ἱερὸς, κοῖλός, ἐρικύδης.

Τυμῆχός, ἡς, ἡ, tumulus: a tumulus, a tomb. φ. 323. SYN. Τύμεδς, χάμα.

Τυμῆχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adgerens tumulum: throwing up a tomb. Sept. Th. 1024.

Τυμῆχαςτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in tumulum adgestus: dug up so as to form a tomb. Antig. 848.

Τυμῆχαςτός, ου, ὁ, sepulchri violator: a robber of graves, a resurrection man. Πρὸς πᾶτρός τυμῆχαςτός Ran. 1179. Exp. Λαοπόδης νεκρῶν.

Τύμμα, ἄτδς, τό; Τύπη, ἡς, ἡ, ictus: a blow. Theoc. 4. 55. Apoll. 3. 848. See Τύπος. SYN. Πληγή, κρούμα.

Τυμῆναιμος, οὐ, ὁ, tympani pulsatio; excruciatio: the beating of a drum; a torture. Χῶ τυμῆναιμός χοῖ πύκνοι Σάβδαζοι Lysist. 388.

Τύμπανον, Τύπανον, ου, τὸ, tympanum; palus ad quem devincti plagis cadebantur; fustis: a drum or timbrel; a whipping-post; a club. Μέτ' αὐτῷ ἐκρόνθοντι δ' ὁ αὐτῷ τυμῆναιμος Vesp. 119. Ἡ κροτάλων τύμπανον τ' ἰαχὴ Hom. Hymn. 13. 3. Ep. Βυρσόντον, βυρσόντες, εἰχῶριον, βῆρσῆρμον.

Τυνδάρειος, α, ὅν, Tyndareus: of Tyndarus. Τῆς Τυνδάρειας παιδὸς Orest. 368.

Τυνδάρης, ου, Τυνδάρης, ὡ, ὁ, Tyndarus: a king of Sparta, and husband of Leda. Τὴν Τυνδάρην παρᾶκοιτιν λ. 297. Helen. 17. Ep. Κράτερσφρον.

Τυνδάρης, ου, ὁ, (2) Τυνδάρης, ἴδς, ἡ, Tyndaro satus vel sata: (1) the son, (2) the daughter of Tyndarus. Παῖδες Τυνδάρηδαι Helen. 1496. 471. SYN. see Κάστωρ.

Τύνη, Dor. pro Τύ, q. v.

Τυννός, ἡ, ὅν, et Τυννουτός, tenuis, parvus: thin, little. Theoc. 24. 137. Nub. 876. SYN. Μικρός, παῦρος, ὀλίγος, τυτθός.

Τυντλάς, glebas frango: to break the clods. Pax 148.

Τύπανον. See Τύμπανον.

Τύπη. See Τύμμα.

Τύπισ, ἴδς, ἡ, malleus: a hammer. Ορθός ἐπὶ στέλεθ' τύπισος Βάρων Apoll. 4. 957. SYN. Σφόρα, βασιτήρ.

Τύπος, ου, ὁ, forma: a print, figure. Ὄς ἦδύς ἐν πόρτακι σὸς κείται τύπος Troad. 1186. SYN. Τύπωμα, κόμμα, σχῆμα, εἶδος, εἰκῶν. Ep. Ἡετήης, γραπτός, σιδηρῶνός, χρυσόκόλλητος, ἐράτος.

Τύπτω, f. τύψω et τυπτήσω, verbero: to beat. Nub. 441. Οὐ γὰρ μὲ τυπτήσεις, &c. Plut. 21. SYN. Πλησσω, παῖω, κρούω, ἀρᾶσσω, κόπτω, πᾶτάσσω.

Τύπωμα, ἄτδς, τὸ, figura; vas: figure, fashion; an urn. Soph. El. 54. See Τύπος. SYN. Τύπος, ἀγρός, τεύχος.

Τύραννεύω, Τύραννέω, regno: to hold the sovereignty. Ἡ τύραννεύων χθονός Helen. 785. Med. 963. SYN. Ἀρχω, κράτew, κυριεύω, βασίλευω, δεσπόζω, ἀνάσσω, κοινάτω.

Τύραννικός, ἡ, ὅν; Τύραννός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tyrannicus: of a tyrant or absolute monarch, royal. F f 4

Eis δρόνους τυραννικοὺς Ion 1572. Androm. 3. See below. SYN. Αρχικός.

Τυραννίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, regnum: absolute power, sovereignty. Τῆς τυραννίδος χάριν Hipp. 1024. Τῶς ἐμὴν τυραννίδα Orest. 533. SYN. Αρχή, κοίρανη, δεσποτία, βασίλεια. ΕΡ. Πάλλωχλός, ἰσθός. ΡΗΝ. Μήτηρ ἀδικίας.

Τυραννός, ου, δ, ἡ, tyrannus: a sovereign, a tyrant. Οὐδὲν τυράννου δυσμενέστερον πᾶλει Eur. Sup. 439. SYN. Βασίλειος, ἀρχων, ἀναξ. ΕΡ. Σεμνός, λαμπρός, μακάριος, βαρβαρός, αμώφρων, δημόδωρος, κράτερος.

Τυραννός, adj. See the word Τυραννικός. Τυρβάω, turbas excito: to disturb. Pax 1007. SYN. Τάρσσω, δρόρῶ, φίλδνευκα.

Τυρεμμά, ἄτος, τὸ, et Τυρός, οὐ, et Τυρβεί, εντός, δ, caseus: cheese. Πικτοῦ γαλακτός τ' ου σπάνια τυρεμμάτα Cycl. 190. Καὶ τυρός ὅπας ἐστὶ καὶ βῆδος γάλα Cycl. 136. Ὦνον καὶ τυρεντά (trisyll.) μέγαν λευκοῦ γαλακτός Theoc. 1. 58. SYN. Πικτή, τρῶβελίς. ΕΡ. Ὀπίας, αργεῖος, νεόπικτός, ἀπάλος, πῶν.

Τυρός, α, ὄν, Tyrius: of Tyre, Tyrian. Φοινικθγένης παὶ τῆς Τυρίας Eur. fr. Cret. 2. 1.

Τυρογλάφος, ου, δ, casei rosor: a gnawer of cheese. Τυρογλάφου νῆς μεγάλιητόρος Hom. Batr. 136.

Τυροῖς. See Τυρεμμά.

Τυροκνηστis, ἰδὸς, ἡ, radula caseo radendo: a cheese-scraper. Οὐ στήσμαι λέαν' ἐπὶ τυροκνηστίδος Lysist. 231. See below.

Τυρινωτός, ου, δ, ἡ, dorsum habens ex caseo: cheese-backed. Κάμυ πλάκοντος τυρινωτον δὸς κικλον Acharn. 1124.

Τυροπαλεω, caseos vendo; examino: to be a cheesemonger; to weigh. Ανδρῶν ποιητῶν τυροπαλῆται τέχνην Ran. 1369.

Τυροπάλης, ου, δ, caseorum venditor: a cheesemonger. Eq. 854. See above.

Τυρός. See Τυρεμμά.

Τυροσηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Τυροσηνίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, et Τυροσηνός, ὄν, Tyrrhenus: Tyrrhene, Tuscan. Χρῆ μένειν Τυροσηνίς Rhes. 985. Λεανῶν ου γυναικά τῆς Τυροσηνίδος Med. 1339. 1356.

Τυρώ, ὄσ, ἡ, Tyro: the daughter of Salmo-neus. Ἐνθ' ἦτοι πρότην Τυρώ ἰδὸν λ. 234.

Τυτθός, ἡ, ὄν, parvus: little. α. 435. SYN. Μικρός, ὀλίγος, βαῖος, τυννός.

Τυφάδιος, α, ὄν, Typhaonius: of Typhoeus or Typhon. Καυκάσου ἐν κημοῖσι Τυφάδιῃ ὄνι πέτρῃ Apoll. 2. 1214.

Τυφάων, ὄνός, Τυφῶν, ὄνός, Τυφωεύς, ἔως, Τυφῶς, ὦ, δ, Typhon, Typhoeus: a famous giant. Δεινός τ' ἀργαλέον τὲ Τυφῶνᾶ Hom. Apoll. 307. P. V. 362. Ὅθι φασὶ Τυφωεύς B. 783. Τοῖόνδ' Τυφῶς ἐξανάσσει χόλον P. V. 378. "Attici Τυφῶς plerumque adhibebant, ceteri Τυφῶν, teste Mæride." Blomf. Gloss. P. V. 362. ΕΡ. Θουρός, ἐκάτογκάρηνος, τρισώματός, ἀγρίος, ἐκάτογκέφαλος, Κίλις, πολυκάρηνος, γηγενής, σμερδαλέος, πέλωρ.

Τυφλόπους, πόδος, caecum pedem habens: blind-footed. \*Α παῖδᾶ σὺν τυφλόπουσιν δερᾶπευ. μάσιν Phoen. 1565.

Τυφλός, ἡ, ὄν, caecus; qui non videtur: blind; not seen. Τυφλὸν τυφλῶ στέλχοντα Hec. 1033. SYN. Ἀλάος, ἀφᾶνς, τυφλόφατος, τυφλάψ. Τυφλῶς, ὄσ, caecum reddo: to blind. Ὅφιν τυφλώσας οὐκ ἄγαν σφ' ἐπὶνέσσα Phoen. 776. SYN. Εκτφάλλω.

Τυφώγεραν, οντός, δ, fastuosus senex: a dis-

dainful old man. Τυφώγεραν εἰ κανάρμοστος Nub. 898. SYN. Τυφῶδᾶνός.

Τυφῶς, fumum emitto; ardeo: to emit or cover with smoke; to burn. Κέτυφὲ κανέπτω Antig. 1009. SYN. Κάπνιζω, κάπνῃ φύρω, καίω, μαράινδμαι, φλέγω.

Τυφωεύς. See Τυφῶν.

Τυφῶς, ὦ, δ, procella acrior: a violent tempest. Also the giant Typhon. See Τυφῶν.

Μέγαν τυφῶ καὶ προσητῇ Lysist. 974. SYN. Ἄελλα, καίλαψ, δειλά, κάταγίς.

Τύχη, ἡ, fortuna: fortune. Τὴν τύχην αὐτὴν λέγοις Hec. 774. SYN. Συντυχία, εὐτυχία, πέπρωμένη, εὐδαμονία, δυστυχία, συμφορά, τὸ συμβαῖν.

ΕΡ. Ἀγᾶθῃ, μακάριᾳ, δρανσαντῇ, μέγαλῃ, ἁπλῶς, αἰσχροῖ, ἀφᾶνς, δυστυχίς, ἀνελπιστός, τυραννός, εὐδαμονία, βάρυπότης, ἀδω- τός, δυσπάλαιστος, βαρεῖα, οἰκτρά, χθονίος, ἀναγ- καία, ευμήκης, πρόσαιλιος, μακάρις, ασθής, πδλυστόνός, λαμπρά, δσπᾶτος, κἀκπότης, π- λυθρόρος, γλῶκεᾶ.

Τύχηρος, ὦ, ὄν, fortuitus; fortunatus: hap- pening in a chance manner; fortunate. Agam. 449. See below. SYN. Εὐτυχής.

Τύχηρως, fortuito; fortunate: by chance; fortunately. Ἀγᾶθῃ τύχηρως τὰ κᾶτ' ἀγροῖς Διδύσις Acharn. 250. SYN. Εὐτυχῶς, ἀνέ- πιστᾶ.

Τύχιος, ου, δ, Tycheus. "Ο ὅι Τύχιος κᾶμῇ τεύχων H. 220.

Τωθῶς, ὄσ, irrideo: to jeer. Vesp. 1362. SYN. Σκώπω, χλευάζω, λοιδορέω, ἐρέθιζω.

Τὼς, id. q. Ὀτῶς, q. v. F. 415.

## Τ.

\*Τᾶδῆς, ὦν, αἰ, Hyades: the Hyades, a constellation of seven stars. Πληϊάδας Τᾶδας τὲ Σ. 486. The first syllable of τᾶδῆς is long twice in Euripides, Ion 1156. Electr. 468., and twice short in Hesiod, Op. 233. and Fr. 60. 4., and once Arat. 173.

Τᾶκινθίνος, ὡν, ὄν, hyacinthinus: hyacinthine, purple. Τᾶκινθίνῃ ἀνθεῖ ὁμοίος ψ. 158. SYN. Πορφύρεος.

Τᾶκινθος, ου, δ, et (2) δ, ἡ, Hyacinthus: (1) Hyacinthus; (2) a hyacinth. Ἡ κόμιος Τᾶκινθος Helen. 1468. ΕΡ. (1) Ἰμερόεις, Ἀμύκλαος; (2) ἐνός, πύκνος, μάλακος, ἀνθόμεος, πορφύρεος.

Τᾶλίνος, ἡ, ὄν, vitreus: of glass or crystal, transparent. Εἰς τᾶλινον εκπαμᾶτον καὶ χρυσίδον Acharn. 74. SYN. Λαμπρός.

Τᾶλός, ου, ἡ, crystallus; vitrum: a crystal; glass. Ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτασσι τὴν ὑἄλον λέγεις Nub. 766.

Τᾶμπόλις, ἔως, ἡ, Hyampolis: a town in Boeotia. Καὶ Τᾶμπόλιν ἀμφένεμοντο B. 521.

Τᾶντῶς, α, ὄν, Hyantius: Boeotian. Ἀλσὺς Τᾶντῶς Ορχηστῶσι Apoll. 3. 1240.

Τᾶσῶλα, Ἄολ. προ Τᾶσῶλα, q. v. T. 80.

Τᾶσός, ἡ, ὄν, curvus: crooked. Πυγισμάτος ὅς τᾶφῆς Theoc. 5. 43. SYN. Κυφός, καμπύ- λος, γυρός.

Τᾶρίζω, ἰω, et Ἰεριστῶ, contumelia adificio: to insult. Οὐτοί μ' Ἰερίζουσ' ὄν πᾶσι τᾶν κλῆι Orest. 430. Anac. 57. 5. SYN. Εἰερίζω, κᾶθ- Ἰερίζω, ὀνειδίζω, αἰκίζω, δεινάζω, αἰσχύνω.

Τᾶρίς, ἔως, ἡ, contumelia: insult, insolence.

Ἀθᾶνᾶτον "Ηρας μητῆρ' eis ἐμὴν ὕδριν Bacch. 9.

\*Τῆρις is used in the sense of Ἰεριστής, Hes. Op. 189. SYN. Αἰκία, ἀτιμία, ὕβρισμα, ἀδικία. ΕΡ. Οὐχ ὅσια, ἀτάσθαλός, ὑπέρβιος, ἀλεγεινὴ, ἀθ- μιστός, αὐτὴ, θυμολγής.

\*Τῆρισμά, ἄτος, τὸ, injuria; ludibrium: an in- jury; a mockery. Orest. 1037. See above.

SYN. Τῆρις, ἀδικημά, ἐπῆρεᾶ, λῶση, ὀνειδός.

Τῆριστής, οὐ, superl. Τῆριστῶτάτος, ἡ, ὄν, contumeliosus: insolent. Plut. 1074. Vesp. 1303. See Ἰερίς. SYN. Λωσπητήρ, ὑπέρβανός, λοιδορός, δρᾶσός, βιαστής.

Τῆριστῶ. See Ἰερίζω.

Τῆριαν, valeo: to be well. Ορῶς γ' ὅτι νῆ ἡφοντῆς οὐχ ὑγιαίνοντες Lysist. 1228. SYN. Εὐ ἔχω, ευθηγέω, ευρωστέω.

Τῆριᾶ ("γίγεια"), as, ἡ, salus: good health. Ἦν εὐ πράττωσ' οὐχ ὑγίεια μέγαλῃ τοῦτ' ἐστὶ σᾶφ' ἰσθι Av. 604. In hoc vs. ex anapestico et parameiaco conficto, a fit longa ante liquidam μ. ΕΡ. Ἀγᾶθῶς, χρυσῆ, καλλιπλῶκεῖος, μακάριᾶ.

Τῆριπός, α, ὄν, et Ἰγῆις, ἔος, δ, ἡ, sanus; rec- tus: sound, healthy; right. Nem. 3. 29. Ἰε- τᾶ κυδὲν ὑγίῆς ἀλλὰ πᾶν περὶς Androm. 448. SYN. Ασκηθής, ἀληθής, σῶς, ευρωστός, ευρωμένός, ἀνός.

Τῆριαν, humecto: to moisten, water. Λευκῆς τᾶκίσιος χῶνός ὑγρᾶναι γῆας Helen. 3. SYN. Βρέχω, διατρέχω, ἄρδω, ὑδραίνω.

Τῆριβόλος, ου, δ, ἡ, humidus: moist, wet. Ἦ δ' ὑγρῶσθους σᾶγῶνους νύτιους Eur. fr. Chrys. 7. 3.

Τῆριός, α, ὄν, humidus; mollis; viridis: moist, watery; soft; verdant. Ὅροις ὑγροῖσιν ὡς λῆ- γουσ' ὀρισμαῖον Ion 298. SYN. Τᾶτᾶεις, ὑδᾶ- τῶς, ὑδρῶλος, ὑδρῶς, ἐφῶδρος, ἐνῶδρος, δρῶσερός, μάλακος, ὑδᾶρῶς.

Τῆριότης, ἡτός, δ, humiditas: moisture. Ρῆ- ζεις τ' ἐνῶνους ὑγρῶν ἐναντίαν Phoen. 1271. See above. SYN. Ἰκμάς, ὑδᾶρῶς, ὑγρᾶσία.

Τῆρῶσσω, mado: to be wet. Βόλας ὑγρῶσ- σων σπύγγος Agam. 1300. SYN. Τῆριανδῶμαι, διατρέχωμαι.

Τῆρῶς, ἔος, δ, ἡ, aqua dilutus: diluted with water. Τῆρᾶει σᾶναιεν φίλδτην (parameiac.) Agam. 771. SYN. see Ἰγρός.

Τῆρᾶτης, οὐ, δ, aquae ductor: a conveyer of water. Τῆς ἀνῆρ ὑδᾶτης ἰμαῖον Call. fr. 42.

Τῆρᾶτῶς, ὡν, et Ἰδᾶτᾶεις, εἰσᾶ, ἐν, aquosus: watery. Πολλὰ δ' οἶα γυναικες φῶρεῖοι ὑδᾶτᾶνα water. Theoc. 28. 11.

Βράκη (choriamb. pentam.) Theoc. 28. 11.

Ἰσᾶι νῆφῃ ὑδᾶτᾶνα Theoc. 25. 89. SYN. Τῆρῶς, ὑδᾶρῶς, ὑδρῶλος, κᾶθῶδρος, ἐνῶδρος, δρῶ- σέρος, μάλακος.

Τῆρᾶτῆρῆς, ἔος, δ, ἡ, in aqua nutritus: nourished in water. Αἰγερῶν ὑδᾶτῆρῆφῶν P. 208.

Τῆρῶ, et Ἰδῶμαι, celebro: to celebrate. Χαλκῆς μὲν ἰδῶμαι Call. 1. 76. Apoll. 2. 530.

SYN. Τῆρῶ, ἔω, κᾶλῆζω.

Τῆδός. See Ἰδῶμαι.

Τῆρας, as, ἡ, et Ἰδῶρος, ου, δ, hydra: a water- snake. Heracl. 950. B. 723. See Ἰδρῶλος.

ΕΡ. Λερναία, ὀδῶφρων, λῆρᾶ, εἰδυῖα, μυρῶ- κρανός, ἀμφίκρανός, πᾶλμῆλαστής, πδλῶφῶνός, ὀλῶ.

Τῆριαν, ἄνω, lavo: to wash. Ἦ δ' ὀδρῆνᾶ- μῆν P. 58. See Ἰδρῶλος. SYN. Λούω, βρέχω, ὑγρᾶνω.

Τῆρεῖα, as, ἡ, aquatio: drawing of water.

Τῆρεῖας περὶ δῆριν ἀμεμφᾶ Apoll. 4. 1767. See Ἰδρῶλος.

Τῆρεῖω, aquam peto: to go for water. Ἦ Πειρήνας ὑδρευομένα Troad. 208. See below. SYN. Πότιζω, ἀντλέω.

Τῆρηλός, et Ἰδρῆρῶς, ἡ, ὄν, humidus: moist, wet. Στᾶγῶνός ὑδρῆλός ὡς τᾶγ' εκ γᾶς τρέφῃ Eur. Sup. 217. Eur. fr. Beller. 17. 6. SYN. see Ἰγρός.

Τῆρία, as, ἡ, vas aquarium: a water-vessel. Φέρῃ δεῦρὸ τᾶντῇ τὴν ὑδρίαν ὑδρίαφῶρε Eccles. 733. SYN. Αγγεῖον, κᾶλῆς, σκεῦός.

Τῆριαφῶρος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui vas aquarium gestat: a bearer of a water-vessel. See passage in Ἰδρία.

Τῆρῶειδῆς, ἔος, δ, ἡ, aquae similis, aqueus: water-like, aqueous. Helen. 348. See Ἰδρία.

Τῆρῶιδουσία, ἡς, ἡ, aquae regina: queen of the water. Γεῖνᾶτῶ Τῆρῶιδουσί Batrach. 19.

Τῆρῶρῶς, ἄς, ἡ, cloaca: a gutter or sewer. Εἰς ὑδρῶρῶν πέσον Acharn. 1186. SYN. Διῶ- ρυς, διαρῶρῶ.

Τῆρῶς. See Ἰδρῶς.

Τῆρῶφῶρος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui aquam gestat: a water-bearer. Σᾶμῶν ὑδρῶφῶρος Call. 5. 45. SYN. Τῆριαφῶρος, ὑδρῶχῶτος.

Τῆρῶχᾶρις, ἰδός, ἡ, muris nomen: the name of a mouse. Τῆρῶχᾶρις δὲ τὲ πέφνῃ Batrach. 224.

Τῆρῶχῶτος, ου, δ, ἡ, aquam fundens: pouring out water. Κῆρῶσι πᾶρ ὑδρῶχῶτος Cycl. 66.

Τῆρῶς, ἄτος, et Ἰδῶς, ἔος, τὸ, aqua: water. Καὶ κῆν ὑδῶρ φῶρεῖς Z. 457. Λαβῶντᾶτον χῆτῃ ὑδῶρ Π. 385. Γαῶν ὑδῆ φῶρεῖν Hes. Op. 61.

SYN. Χεῖμα, χῶδ, νᾶμᾶ, δάλασσᾶ. ΕΡ. Ἀγᾶθῶν, ἀμῶν, δσπῆτον, ἱερῶν, ἀκῆρᾶτον, ἀμῶρῶτον, καλῶρῶν, δνῶφῶν, κᾶλῶρῶν, λαβῶρᾶτον, μελᾶν, ὀμῆρῶν, ἄσπον, χεῖμῆρῶν, ψυχῶν, γλῶ- κῆρῶν, λευκῶν, μελῆρῶν, λᾶρῶν, σμῶν, διηῆν, νῶτῶν, κῶνδῶειδῆς, πλῶσῶν, πῶτῶν, ἀσπᾶτον, κᾶθῶν, ὀνῶν, λῶνῶν, ἀφῶτῶν, ἀφῶνῶν, δνῶφῶν, ἐπῆρᾶτον, πορφῶρῶν, πῶντῶν, πῆρᾶν, νᾶλῶχῶν, μαρῶν, κορυφῶν, καρπῶν.

Τῆρῶς, ἰδός, ἡ, Hyetis: a mountain near Miletus. Τῆρῶς δ' Ἰετίδος καὶ Βυελίδος Theoc. 7. 115.

Τῆρῶς, οὐ, δ, pluvia: rain. Δῶμᾶτος ἀγᾶθῇν τὲ καὶ δέτοῦ Apoll. 2. 1076. SYN. Ὀμῆρος, δρῶσος, βρῶχῇ, ὑδῶρ.

Τῆρῶς, as, ἡ, indoles suilla: hogghishness. Τῆρῶς iambicum trimetrum concludit in Pax 894.

Vide Ἰε, ὄς. SYN. Μορία, ἀμῶν, ὀνῶν.

Τῆρῶς, nugor, gartio: to trifle, babble. Τῆρῶς ἀπῆρ' οὐκ ἂν διδᾶταιν σ' ἐτι Nub. 781.

Sic tamen non determinatur primæ quantitas. SYN. Ληρῶ, φλῆρῶ, μαρῶν, στωμῶν, κω- τῶλῶ.

Τῆρῶν, ου, τὸ, filiolus: a little son. Τὸ γὰρ υἱῶν τῆρῇ μὲ καστὶ δούκλον Vesp. 1347.

SYN. Παῖδιον, παιδῶριον.

Τῆρῶς, ἔος, et gen. υἱός: item Τῆρῶς, οὐ, δ, filius: a son. Πρὸς πῶσις τὲ καὶ υἱός σ. 161. Τῆρῶς εὐδὲ πῶσόντος N. 522. Ἦν οὐμὸς υἱός κᾶλλος Troad. 980. SYN. Παῖς, τέκνον, τέκος, γῶνός, ἀπῶ- γῶνός. ΕΡ. Ἀκῶρῶς, φίλῶς, κᾶρῶς, ἀριστός, ὑπῆρῶνός, διτῆρῆς, κῶδᾶλῶς, κᾶρῶς, δᾶ- φρων, ὀλῶς, κατῆρῶνός, σῶτῶν, εγγῶσιμα- ρῶς, εἰσῶς, πῶντῶς, ἡδῶν, ἀρῶς, ἀσῶτῶς, μῶνός, ἄγῶνός, ἀκῶνός, ἀμῶν, γᾶνῶς, εὐμ- μελῆς, ἰφῶνός, νῆπῶς, περικλῶνός, τῶδῶρῶς, ἀτᾶρῶς, ἐριονῶς, νῶδῶς, τᾶχῶς, ἡς, μέγᾶς, ἐρῶ- κῶς, νῆπᾶχῶς, σῶτῶν, δῶσῶν.













erige under. Ἰσκειν ὑποσαίνων Apoll. 4. 411. SYN. Ἰπδόσπειν, ὑπακάλω, ὑποκάλκεν.

Ἰπδόσειν, aut Ἰποσσειν, succutio: to move underneath. Ἰποσσεινοσιν ἱμάντι i. 385. SYN. Ἰπτόρδσσω, ὑποκινέω.

Ἰποσκάλεω, sureculo suscito: to stir up. Acharn. 1013. See Σκάλεω. SYN. Ζωπύρεω.

Ἰποσκάπτω, suffodio: to excavate. Nem. 5. 37. See above. SYN. Σκάπτω.

Ἰποσκήδω, ου, δ, ἡ, umbrosus: shady. Aesch. Sup. 664. See below. SYN. Κάτσκιδω, σκίερως, σκίειν.

Ἰποσκήδω, obumbrō: to overshadow. Ἰποσκήδωνται ἄρουρι Apoll. 1. 451. SYN. see Σκίειν.

Ἰποσμήνω, paulatim exuro: to burn up gradually. Ἰποσμήνονται ὀπαπάλ Apoll. 2. 447. SYN. Ἰπτόμηνω, ἡμάρω, ἄλλω.

Ἰποσπίνω, aliquantum ego: to be somewhat in want of. Aj. 740. See Σπίνω. SYN. Σπίνω, ενδύω.

Ἰποσπίνω, f. πσίνω, subtrahō: to withdraw. Πρὸς οὐδ' ὑπέσπινε Bacch. 436. SYN. Ἰφάρω, ὑποσπίνω, ἀφαιρέω.

Ἰποσπονδός, ου, δ, ἡ, factis induciis: under a truce. Δεῦρ' ὑποσπονδὸν μολέειν Phoen. 280. SYN. Ἐκσπονδός, ἡμωκόδω.

Ἰποσπώνω. See Ἰπδοσπώνω.

Ἰποσσειν. See Ἰπδοσειν.

Ἰποστέτω, η, ου, sustinendus: to be sustained. Οὐδὲ μὲν ὑποστέτω Eur. fr. Antig. 57. 1. SYN. Αναστέτω, ὑποστέτω.

Ἰποστέτω, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sub tecto est: under the roof. Trach. 376. SYN. Ἰπρόφω, ὑπώφω, ὑπαρφώ, ὑφέτω, ενδύμω, κατάστέτω, ἐπαυλώ.

Ἰποστέλλω, contrahō, subduco: to draw in, withdraw, lower. Κοῦχ ὑποστέλλει λόγῳ Orest. 600. SYN. Συστέλλω, ἐφίλω.

Ἰποστένω, Ἰποστένω, Ἰποστένω, ingemisco: to groan. Ἰποστένω μὲν τ' ἂν γ' ὁ Σπινίτης λέως Acharn. 162. Aj. 1001. B. 781. See Σπινίτης.

Ἰποστένω, ἰσω, Ἰποστένω, f. στρώσω, subterno: to spread under, spread. Ἡ μὲν δέμου ἄνωγὲν ὑποστένω u. 139. Helen. 59. SYN. Ἰπδόλλω, ὑπτόνω, ὑπτόνω.

Ἰποστένω, ψω, converto: to turn back. Δεῦρ' ὑποστένω πάλιν Alcest. 1038. SYN. Αναστένω, ἀποστένω, ἀνέρω.

Ἰποστένω, ης, ἡ, reversion: a turning back. Εξ ὑποστένω Soph. El. 725. SYN. Αναστένω, ὑπτόνω.

Ἰποστένω, See Ἰποστένω.

Ἰποστένω, leniter strideo: to whiz gently. Πτέρυγιν ἡμῶν ὑποστένω P. V. 126. SYN. see Ἰπχέω.

Ἰποστένω, as, Ἰποστένω, ἰσω, ἡ, promissio: a guarantee, promise. Αντίπαρσιν ὑποστένω ἰσω Apoll. 4. 457. κ. 483.

Ἰποστένω, ἰσω, ἡ, extensio: extension. Πεδίον ὑπτόνω αἰ παρ' Ἀσωποῦ ἰσω Bacch. 738.

Ἰποστένω, ξω, leviter conmoveo: to confound somewhat. Vesp. 1276. See Τάρασσω. SYN. Ἰπκινέω, ἀντάρασσω, τυρβάζω, ὑποκλινέω.

Ἰποστένω, paveo: to fear. P. 533. SYN. see Ἰπδοτείνω.

Ἰπτοταρτίω, ου, δ, ἡ, sub Tartaro degens: dwelling under Tartarus. Τητῆν δ' ὑπτοταρτίω Hes. Theog. 851. SYN. see Ἰποχθινός.

Ἰπτοτείνω, subijcio: to spread or place under, suggest. Acharn. 657.

Ἰπτοτέλλω, orior: to arise. Apoll. 2. 83. Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, succido: to cut away. Eq. 316. Apoll. 3. 327. See Διπτόνω. SYN. Ἀπτοτένω, ἐκπτόνω, ὑφαίρω, παρῶμαι.

Ἰπτοτένω, subijcio: to place under, to suggest. Iph. A. 507. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἰπτοτέλλω, πρὸς τῇ, ὑποδέκνυμι, συμβουλεύω, διδάσκω.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, conjicio: to conjecture; to suspect. Thesm. 503. SYN. see Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, subtercurro: insinuo me: to run under; to insinuate oneself. Κοῦχ ὑπτοτένω σὲ τοῦτο Δωρεία λέγω Orest. 663. Mosch. 8. 5. Eq. 1158. SYN. Ἰφτόνω, ἐφτόνω, ἀπτόνω, κολάκευω, δαπνέω, ὑπτόνω.

Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, intremisco: to tremble at. Oī δ' ἄλλοι εἰκνέτω ὑπτόνω Apoll. 1. 1049. 4. 1340. SYN. see Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, τὸ, moretum: a sort of meal made of several pounded ingredients. Eccles. 291. See above. Εξ. Δρυῖ, ἄγριον.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, as, ἡ, reversion: a turn or vicissitude. Στῆνεντος ὑποτένω πτόνω Apoll. 1. 1052. SYN. Ἰποτένω, ὑποτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, redux: returning back. Νοστήσας ἐς ἰωλκὸν ὑποτένω Apoll. 4. 1163. SYN. see Πάλιντῶς.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, clam comedo: to eat secretly. Τοῖχον ὑποτένω Call. Ep. 46. 4.

Ἰπτοτένω, suffringo: to beat out. Av. 1145. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω, ἀπτόνω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, pulchritudinis speciem ulceri obductam habens: secretly rancorous. E. R. 1396.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sub cælo est: under heaven. Ἰπτοτένω πέτενω P. 675.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, as, ἡ, ministerium: service. Τῆς ἐμῆς ὑποτένω E. C. 1413. SYN. see Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ostendo subter: to show beneath. Theoc. 6. 38. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, suffero: to bear, to supply. Soph. El. 834. SYN. Ἰφώ, τολμῶ, ὑπτόνω.

Ἰπτοτένω, evito: to slip away from, avoid. Eur. El. 1339. SYN. see Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, Ἰπτοτένω, ὄρος, δ, Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, ἡ, antistes oraculi: a priest, or interpreter of an oracle. Apoll. 1. 1311. 22. Pyth. 2. 139. SYN. Ἰφώ, πτόνω, χρησμολόγος.

Ἰπτοτένω, 2. a. ἐφθην, praevenio: to anticipate. Διὶ ὑποτένω Apoll. 3. 1143. SYN. Ἰφώ, προφώ, πρόλαμψω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ης, ἡ, consilium: counsel. Σπς δ' ὑποτένω Hes. Theog. 658. SYN. see Μητίς.

Ἰπτοτένω, suggero: to suggest. Τὸν δ' ἄρ' ὑποτένω Apoll. 1. 462. SYN. see Μητίς.

Ἰπτοτένω, succellamo: to sing in turn. Mosch. 3. 49. SYN. Επαφύγγω.

Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, recedo:

to give way, retire. Κρόνῳ ὑποτένω Apoll. 1. 1101. Pax. 506. Θ. 314. SYN. Ἀνῶ, ὑποτένω, ὑπεκφύγω, ἀνῶ, ὑποτένω, ὑποτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, aliquantum hio: to gape somewhat. Plut. 314. SYN. Χάλω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sub manu est, subjectus: under the hand or power, subjected. Androm. 734. See Χέλω. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω, ὑπτόνω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, τὸ, liquor: a stream. Pyth. 5. 134.

Ἰπτοτένω, 1. a. ἐχέω, suffundo, subterno: to pour or spread beneath. E. 49. SYN. Ἰποτένω, ὑπτόνω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, subterraneus: under the earth, subterranean. Androm. 514. See Κάταχθινός.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, subpallidus: somewhat pale. Καὶ ὑπτόνω εἶχε πάρεσιν Call. 4. 8.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, subjectus: subject to. Βασίλεις βασιλείω (trisyll.) ὑπτόνω μέγαλον Pers. 24. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, leviter conrecto: to pat gently. Lysist. 84. Ψα est brevis, quippe quae formatur a ψάω, fut. verbi Ψάλλω. SYN. Κάταψάω, ἐπαψάω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ης, ἡ, suspicio: a suspicion. Ἡ μὲν ἡδ' ὑπτόνω Helen. 1549. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, in coemendis opsoniis decipio: to cheat in buying meat. Acharn. 842.

Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, supinus sum: to be upturned. Ἰπτοτένω τὸδε Philoct. 822. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, τὸ, sublatio, resupinatio: a lifting or turning up. Agam. 1256. See above.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, as, ὁ, supinus: turned upwards, upset. Καὶ ὑπτόνω ἐκπέσων ἵππων A. 179.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sub axilla est: under the arm. Ὅ δ' ὑπτόνω κιδάριεν Hom. Merc. 507.

Ἰπτοτένω, suggillo eam faciei partem quae sub oculis est: to buff under the eyes, maul. Pax 540. See below. SYN. Κάταπλῆσσω, μάρινω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, τὸ, pars quae subjacet oculis: suggestillatio sub oculo: the part below the eye; a black eye. Στεφάνω τριχίδων ἀληπτιδων ὑπτόνω Acharn. 551. SYN. Τόλως.

Ἰπτοτένω, as, ἡ, radix montis: the root or bottom of a mountain. ΑΛΛ' εἴδ' ὑπτόνω T. 218.

Ἰπτοτένω, Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sub tecto est, domesticus: under a roof. Ἰπτοτένω τὴ κλοῖα Arat. 970. Herc. F. 107. SYN. see Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, ἡ, Hyrcia: a town in Boeotia. Oī δ' Ἰπτοτένω ἐνέμωτο B. 496.

Ἰπτοτένω, ης, ἡ, Hyrmine: a town in Elis. Οσσὸν ἐφ' Ἰπτοτένω B. 616.

Ἰπτοτένω, patronym. ab (2) Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, (1) Hyrtacides: the son of Hyrtacus; (2) Hyrtacus: Hyrtacus. Ἀσὼς Ἰπτοτένω M. 96. 1. 771.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, Hyrtius. Τελαμῶνις Ἰπτοτένω οὔτα E. 511.

Ἰπτοτένω, ης, ἡ, vas fictile cui imponuntur salamenta: a pickling vessel. Vesp. 674.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Σπς. Αργιδοῦντας uas δ. 60.

Ἰπτοτένω, Eol. pro Ὀδῶς, q. v. Sappho (Edit. Commelin.), p. 23.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, αἰ, Hysia: a town in Boeotia. Ἰπτοτένω Ἐρυνδός δ' αἰ Κιθαρώνας λέπας Bacch. 740.

Ἰπτοτένω, ης, dat. η et ἰ (quasi ab Ἰπτοτένω), ἡ, pugna: a fight. Ἰπτοτένω ἰσω κέφαλος ἐχόν A. 72. Μῆδων δ' ἰσω μῆδων B. 863. SYN. see Μάχη. Ε. Κράτερ, ἀργαλία, πάλω, δάκρυς, σάβια, δεινὴ, πτόνω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ης, ἡ, laqueus, scutica suilla: a noose, pig whip. Ὀρνισιν δ' ὑπτολέγε Theoc. 8. 58. Γυναῖκες ἄπὸ ἀπὸ μῆδων ὑπτολέγε Lysist. 1000. Sic Brunck, sed aliter scribitur ὑπτολέγε. De ὑπτολέγε sic notat Lobeck, ad Plryn. 71: "Epigr. Adesp. 106. T. 4. p. 139. ὑπτολέγε, ubi Cod. Vat. ὑπτολέγε, quam formam etiam cod. plures in Lycophr. 22. tuentur, quamque T. II. ad Lucian. Iim. 376. vetustis codd. et edd. consuetam dicit." SYN. Δικτόν, πῆγος, βούκεντρον.

Ἰπτοτένω, aut Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, ὁ, pudenda muliebria. Ἀπτολέγε τὸς ἄνδρας ἀπὸ τῶν ὑπτολέγε Lysist. 1001. SYN. Χοῖρος.

Ἰπτοτένω, et τῶς. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, posterior sum; desum: to be too late; to be wanting. Παῖδες ὑπτοτένω Iph. A. 1203. SYN. Βράδυν, ἀνῶ, ἐλλείπω, ἐλαττόνω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, sero puniens: punishing though late. Agam. 58.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, neut. πον, genit. πτόνω, tardo pede: slow-footed. Lysist. 326.

Ἰπτοτένω, superl. (2) Ἰπτοτένω, et Ἰπτοτένω, as, ὁ, posterior, senior; ultimus, postremus: after, subsequent; last. Eur. Sup. 1093. Τῶς δ' ὑπτοτένω ἐξενῶριεν Herc. F. 483. Apoll. 1. 139. SYN. (2) Ἰπτοτένω, τέλενταις.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, tarde peidens: late in destroying. Antig. 1074.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, ὁ, ἡ, hystrix: a hedgehog. Καὶ ὑπτοτένω ἐνθῶ κῆλαι Call. 3. 56. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, ἡ, flagellum ex setis suillis: a whip made of hogs' bristles. Μῶν ὑπτοτένω εἰσεβάλεν σοι Pax 746. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω, μάστιγ.

Ἰπτοτένω, Ion. Ἰπτοτένω, et Ἰπτοτένω, texo; struo: to weave; to contrive, to build. Φάρε ὑπτοτένω ἀλποτένω u. 108. B. 104. η. 105. SYN. Εξῶ, πλέκω, κάτασκένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, subtrahō: to take away privily. Vesp. 1334. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω, ἐφέλω, ὑπεκκλέπω, ἀπτολένω, ἀπτολένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ου, δ, ἡ, a textore contortus: twisted by a weaver. Av. 943. See above.

Ἰπτοτένω, ης, ὁ, ης, textus: woven. Εὐνὴν ὑπτοτένω γράμματα τοιαῖα ἰφαι Ion 1146. SYN. Εὐνὴς, πλεκτός.

Ἰπτοτένω, succendo: to set fire to. Med. 379. SYN. see Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ὁ, ης, surripio: to carry off privately. Eccles. 921. SYN. Ἰπτοτένω, ὑποκλέπω, ἐπεξέρω.

Ἰπτοτένω, ἰσω, τὸ, textura; tela; vestis: texture; a web; a robe. Ores. 25. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω. See Ἰπτοτένω.

Ἰπτοτένω, a, ὁ, ης, subtrahendus: must be dragged away. Eq. 920.





Φαλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, phallicus: of the phallus, Ἀσόμεν τὸ Φαλλικόν Acharn. 260.

Φάλλος. See Φάλλος.

Φάλλος, οὐ, ὁ, conus galeae: the cone of a helmet, Κούρθεος λαμπροῖσι φάλλοισι Π. 216. SYN. Λόφος.

Φάναλ, seu Φάνα, ὦν, αἰ, illuminations: illuminationes. "Μυστηρίων τῶν ἀπορρήτων φάνας Rhes. 946. Oxytone autem Ion 550., es φάνας γὰρ Βακχίου." Steph. ed. Valp. Vox Phanal, urbs quaedam in Chio, occurrit apud Av. 1092.: sed quantitas primæ est ibi incerta. SYN. Ελλάμψεις, ὄργια.

Φανερὸς, α, ὄν, splendidus: splendid. Σὺ μοι Ζεὺς ὁ φανερὸς Rhes. 351. Congruit cum "Hkeis ὡς πτόμοι παῖ." Steph. ed. Valp. Interpretes de explicatione vocis. Barnes vertit *cortam apparere oculis*, quo sensu oritur ex φάνω aut ἐφάνω, ut et φανέρω.

Φανέρω, ἄ, ὄν, manifestus: manifest. Bacch. 493. See below. SYN. Εμφάνης, περίφανης, ἀριδής, ἀριδείκνυς, δῆλός, ἐκδήλός.

Φανέρως, manifeste. Φανέρως τέλως διαπράσσουσιν Eumen. 956. SYN. Ἀναφανδόν, λαμπρῶς.

Φανός, οἰ, See Φαίνω.

Φανός, οἰ, ὁ, laterna, fax, lampas: a lantern, torch, lamp. Τῆς δ' ἀμπελίου δ' ἐς τὴν χύτραν τὸν φάνον εγκαθίστηντες (vers. hipponact.) Lysist. 308. SYN. Δαῖς, λαμπάς, πυρός, φέγγος.

Φανότειν, ἔως, ὁ, Phanoteus: a city of Phocis; also a native of that city. Ἀρπάλωκε Φανότειν Theoc. 22. 114.

Φαντάζομαι, appareo: to appear. Agam. 1477. SYN. Φαίνωμαι.

Φάντασμα, Φάσμα, ἄτος, τὸ, visum, spectrum: a vision, ghost. Hec. 54. Trach. 850. SYN. Εἰδωλόν, τέρπας, δρῆμα. Ep. Μελλάνυπτερόν, ποικίλδμορφόν.

Φάος, ἔως, Φῶς (poët. Φῶς), ὠτός, τὸ, (1) lux; salus: light; safety; (2) plur. oculi; dies: eyes; days. En φαίε δουλεύσμεν Hec. 415. 435. B. 49. The first syllable of the plural φάεα signifying eyes (dat. φάεσι, aut φάεσι), is long in Homer, π. 15. p. 39. and τ. 417., in Moschus 2. 4. and 4. 9., and six times in Callimachus; but it is short in Apoll. 3. 1020. and 4. 1170., and in Hesiod fr. 21. 4. SYN. Φεγγός, αὐγή, σέλας, ἡμέρα, σπηρία, οφθαλμός. Ep. Γλυκερόν, ασπαστόν, λαμπρόν, οξύναντον, πέρικαλές, σωτήριον, λοιπὸν, εχθρόν, ἀγνόν, ἀσάν, μάκαριν, σεμνόν, καλλιθέαφάρν, λευκόν, ελευθερίον, ἱερόν.

Φάραγξ, αγγός, ἡ, vallis inter montium prærupta: a ravine. Θάσσειν φάραγγ' ἐφασκέ Iph. T. 278. SYN. Κρημνός, ἀγκός, χάσμα, κοιλὰς, τῶφρος. Ep. Πόλυκλυτος, δυσχείμερος, ἡρία.

Φάρετρα, ας, ἡ, dimin. Φάρετρίον, οὐ, τὸ, pharetra: a quiver. Ὡθεὶ φάρετραν δ' εὐτρέπῃ σκευάττει Hec. F. 964. Mosch. 1. 20. SYN. Ἰδδύκος, ἀμφιρέφης, κοιλὴ, ἰδχαιρά, ὑπαλεινός.

Φάρη, ἡς, ἡ, Phares: a town in Laconia. Φάρην τε Σπάρτην τε B. 582.

Φαρμάκευς, ἔως, Φαρμάκος, Φαρμάκωπός, οὐ, ὁ, et Φαρμάκις, ἰδός, ἡ, confector, confectrix medicinarum: a dealer in drugs. Φαρμάκευς Τραχύνων Trach. 1142. Eq. 1402. Nub. 764. 747. The penult of Φαρμάκος is long in Ionic Greek. See Gaisford's Hephæstion, p. 254.

Φαρμάκευ, Φαρμάσω, Φαρμάκω, veneno utor: to drug, poison. Παῖδά Φαρμάκευμεν Androm.

355. Apoll. 3. 478. Pyth. 4. 393. SYN. Πόττω, βάπτω, μολύνω.

Φαρμάκις. See Φαρμάκευς.

Φαρμάκω, οὐ, τὸ, venenum; remedium: a drug, poison; a remedy. Φαρμάκων τρισσοῖς φίλοις Orest. 1189. See Blomfield on the various kinds of φάρμακα, Gloss. P. V. 488. SYN. ἰός, ἀκός, ἀκευμά. Ep. Θυμοφθόρον, κῆκον, ἰδύν, φάτον, ἀγρίον, εσθλόν, ἡπτόν, λυγρόν, μητιόν, δραστήριον, δανασίμω, κέκρυμμένω, σόφον, ἀθλόν, οὐλόμενόν, γλυκύν, σωτήριον, χριστόν, λευγάλεον, λογιόν, ἀνδροφόνον, πικρόν, πτόν.

Φαρμάκωπός, οὐ, τὸ, Pharnaces. Τούτ' αἶ ἦν ἐκ κλησίου περί Φαρνάκου Av. 1030.

Φάρος, οὐ, ἡ, Pharos: a small island off the coast of Egypt. Αἰγύπτου προπύργον Φάρον δὲ ἐκ κλησίου 8. 355.

Φάρως, ἔως, τὸ, vestis: a cloak. Στεῖχει γυναικὸν φάρωσιν μελαγχρύσις Choeph. 9. Νῦν εἶμι ταβὴν ἂν φάρην Eur. El. 543. The first syllable of φάρως is always long in Homer—generally short where its quantity can be actually determined (though sometimes long, as in the instance above quoted,) in the tragedians—short also in Apoll. 3. 862., in four other instances long, and in short Hes. Op. 181. See Herman. de Metris, p. 444. Bruck's Lex Sophocle. Monk. Hipp. 125. and Heyne Ω. 231. SYN. Εσθλός, ἐσθλὴ, ἱμάτιον, χίτων, πέπλον, στολμός. Ep. Κρόκεον, πορφύρεον, λεπτόν, λεπτάλεον, χρυσεόσταν, λεπτὸμύτην, χρυσεόπτην, λευκόν, πόλυπολόν, πόλυπτον, ἀλκυονίδον, κύναν, ἀργυρόν, μέγα, χαρπύην, μάλακον, νηγάτεον.

Φάρω, αργ: to plough. Ἡ ἀφάρων φάρωσι Call. fr. 183. SYN. Ἀρότριάω.

Φαρσαλῖος, α, ὄν, Φαρσαλῖος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, Pharsalicus: of Pharsalia, a city in Thessaly. Γῆς ἐξ Φαρσαλίας Androm. 22. Iph. A. 812.

Φάρυγξ, νηγός, ἡ, gula: the gullet, windpipe. Τὰχ' ἐξ ἀναίδους φάρυγος ὠθήσει κρέα Cycl. 587. Φάρυγγος legebat in Cycl. 409.; sed Porsonus legit φάρυγος. SYN. Λάρυγξ, ἀσφάρυγος.

Φασγάνον, οὐ, τὸ, gladius: a sword. Φασγάνω αἶψα E. 81. SYN. Ἄορ, ξίφος, μάχαιρά, χαλκός. Ep. Αμφίχρυσον, μελάνδρον, βαρβάρων, κωπῆν, κῆκον, ἀργυρόλητον, ἀμφηκός, χαλκῆν, οξύν, μέγαν, δικτόν, κελαινόν, εχθρόν, οξύνθηκτον.

Φασγάνουργός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, enses fabricans: sword-forging. Choeph. 636. See above.

Φάσγανός, οὐ, ὁ, leguminis genus quoddam: a kind of pulse. ΑΛΛ' ἀφανέ τῶν φάσγανων ὦ γύναι τρεῖς χοίνικας (tetram. troch.) Pax 1144.

Φασιανός, ἡ, ὄν, more phasianus: like a pheasant. Ἐπικέχθωδός ἐγαγέ φασιανός Av. 68. See below.

Φασίανος, οὐ, ὁ, phasianus: a pheasant. Τὸν φασίανον οὐς τρέφει Λεωνόρας Nub. 109.

Φάσις, ἰδός, ἡ, Phasis: a river in Colchis. Ἰπὲρ πέ φάσιν καὶ παράκλειον αἶε Androm. 649. Ep. Διμήεις, εὐρβέτης, καλλιρόδος, ἀξένος.

Φάσκω. See Φημί.

Φάσμα. See Φάντασμα.

Φάσσω, seu φάττω, ἡς, ἡ, palumbus: a wood-pigeon. Νέρτος ἱερά φάττω κόκκυξ ἐρυθρόπους κέβληπυρις (troch. tetram.) Av. 303.

φασσώνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, palumbos interficiens: wood-pigeon-killing. O. 238.

Φάτειος, φάτος, ἡ, ὄν, dicendus; dictus: to be described; described. Φάτειος οὐτὲ φάτειος Hes. Scut. 144. Hes. Op. 3. SYN. Οὐδμαστός, ἡττός, κλῆτος, πόλυπτος, ἐνδοξός.

Φάτις, ἔως, ἡ, dictum; oraculum; fama: a saying; an oracle; fame. Ἥλθεν ὡς ἦξοι φάτις Androm. 79. SYN. Φήμη, λόγος, ἀγγελία, χρησμός, κληδόν, δόξα, μαντεία, μαντευμα.

Ep. Πομπήμη, πικρά, ευκλής, ἡδύεπης, εσθλή, ἡδία.

Φάτνη, ἡς, ἡ, præsepe: a stall. Τῆς φάτνης καὶ τῶν κρέων Nub. 13. Ep. Ἰππεῖα, ὑρσσανλός, χάρπη, εὐεστός.

Φάτος. See Φάτειος.

Φάττω. See Φάσσω.

Φάλλος, οὐ, ὁ, Phyllus. Acharn. 214. Φά brevis ut in Latinis. Sitque Phyllæ causa leena necis Ov. Ibis 504.

Φαλλός, Φλαυρός, α, ὄν, malus, vilis, levis: bad, paltry, trifling. Iph. T. 306. E. C. 395. SYN. Κῶκος, ἀδικός, μόχληρος, εὐτέλης, οὐτιδανός, βαδός, πύνηρος.

Φαυλότης, ἡττός, ἡ, improbitas, vilitas: badness, meanness. Eur. fr. Pol. 5. 2. SYN. Ἀτασάλλια, ἀνοία.

Φαίλος, Φλαίρος, male, leviter: badly, meanly. Ion 1546. Av. 654. SYN. Ευχέρως, πύνηρος, κῶκος.

Φαυσίανος, οὐ, ὁ, Phausiades: the son of Phausius. Καὶ βάλῃ Φαυσίανον Ἀπίσαντα Λ. 577.

Φαυσίανός. See Φαυσίανος.

Φάω, φαίνο, luceo: to shine. Φάε δὲ χρυσόβροντος ἥως Ξ. 502. Μέτ' ἀνὰ τοῖσι φαίνο u. 385. SYN. Λάμπω, φαίνο.

Φάω, inus, fut. πέφασμαι, pf. πέφαμαι, ocido: to kill. En δὲ σὺ τοῖσι πέφασεαι N. 829. SYN. Σφάζω, ἀποκτείνω, ἀναιρέω.

Φέβομαι, timeo; fugio, pello: to fear; to run away, to be driven away. A. 121. SYN. Εύγω, φέβομαι.

Φέγγος, ἔως, τὸ, lux, dies: light, day. Hec. 32. SYN. Φάος, φῶς, φῶς, αὐγή, σέλας. Ep. Ελευθερόν, χρυσεόκλυτον, λαμπρόν, δλύν, μοιρίδιον, δεσπεσίον, ασπασίον, κάθρον.

Φεία, ας, ἡ, Phia: a town near Elis. H. 135.

Φειδίας, οὐ, ὁ, Phidias. Φειδίας ηκηκὴ Pax 616.

Φειδιππίδης, οὐ, ὁ, Phidippides, et diminutivum Φειδιππίδων. Φειδιππίδων Φειδιππίδων τὶ ὦ πάτερ Nub. 81.

Φειδιππίς, οὐ, ὁ, Phidippus. B. 678.

Φειδῖδας, οὐ, Ἄολ. αἰ, ὁ, Phidolas. Anac. 187.

Φειδομαι, parco: to spare. Φειδομαι ψυχῆς ἐμῆς Hec. F. 1137. SYN. Ἀπέχω, ἐλέω.

Φειδός, ὄς, Φειδωλὴ, et Φειδωλία, ας, ἡ, parsimonia: parsimony. Eur. fr. Antiop. 11. 3. X. 244. Καὶ οὖν ἔχοντάς ὡν ὑπὸ τῆς Φειδωλίας Nub. 833. SYN. Σαφροσύνη.

Φειδωλός, ἡ, ὄν, parcus: parsimonious. Nub. 421. SYN. Γλιόχρος, εὐτέλης, ἀνελεύθερος.

Φελλεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Phellus: a mountain in Attica. Acharn. 273.

Φελλός, οὐ, ὁ, cortex suberis: a cork. Pyth. 2. 146. SYN. Φλοῖος.

Φενακίζω, decipio: to deceive. "Οστις φενακίζει φράσαι δ' οὐτω τέτληκας ἡμῖν (vers. hip-

ponact.) Plut. 280. SYN. Εξάπατῶν, γοητεύω, ἐπὶ χλευάζω.

Φενακισμός, οὐ, ὁ, deceptio: deceit, imposition. Eq. 630. See above. SYN. Φενακισμός, ἀπάτη, ἐξάπατη.

Φένας, αἰός, ὁ, deceptor: a deceiver, cheat. Καὶ φένακὲς ἦν δ' ἐγὼ Eq. 634. SYN. Ἀπατηλός, πλάνης, γῆης.

Φενεύς, οὐ, ἡ, Pheneus: a city in Arcadia. B. 605.

Φεραί, ὦν, αἰ, Phera: a city in Thessaly. B. 711.

Φεραῖος, α, ὄν, Phereus: of Phera. Alcest. 622.

Φερασπίς, ἰδός, clypeatus: shield-bearing. Φερασπί πύλισσέ Hom. 7. 2. SYN. Ασπίδοφόρος, ασπίδοφέρμων, ασπιστής, ασπίδοφόρος, ασπίδοτής, λογχήρης.

Φέρω, pascō, nutrio: to feed, rear. Ion 326. SYN. Βόσκω, τρέφω, σάζω.

Φερέγγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, idoneus: trust-worthy, competent. Προσάγειν φερέγγος Sept. Th. 392. SYN. Ασφάλης, βέλαιος, δυνάτος, ἐχέγγος.

Φερεμμελίης, οὐ, hastam fraxineam gestans: bearing an ashen spear. Φωτὰ φερεμμελίην Mimnerm. 4. 4. SYN. Εὐμμελίης, ευμελίας, αἰχμητής, λογχήφορος.

Φερέοικος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, domiporta: carrying its house. Hes. Op. 569.

Φερέπνδος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, laborifer: toil-enduring. Pyth. 2. 56.

Φερέσιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vitam sustinens: life-supporting. Γαῖα φερέσιος Hom. Apoll. 341.

Φερεσσάκης, ἔως, scutifer: shield-bearing. Φερεσσάκης Καδμείους Hes. Scut. 13. SYN. Σάκεοφόρος, σάκεοπάλης, ασπιστής, ασπίδοχός.

Φερέτρον, αὐτ Φετρέον, οὐ, τὸ, fenestrum: a bier. Κεῖμεν ἐν φερέτρῳ Σ. 236.: ubi Heyn. legit φερέτρα. SYN. Σόρος, δίκη.

Φέρης, ἡττός, ὁ, Pheres: the father of Admetus. Eumen. 726.

Φεριστός. See Φερέτρον.

Φερίμα, ἄτος, τὸ, proventus: produce, product. Aesch. Sup. 698. SYN. Γέννημα.

Φερνή, ἡς, ἡ, dos: a dowry. Iph. T. 47.

Φερσέφονη. See Πεπορέφω.

Φερέτρος, superl. φερέτατος et φερίστος, ἡ, ὄν, validior, præstantior: stronger, better. Helen. 345. Apoll. 4. 1383. Sept. Th. 39. SYN. Κρείσσον, κράτιστος, ἀριστός, πάναριστος.

Φερότος, φέρω, ἡ, ὄν, ferendus: to be endured. Hec. 155. Hipp. 445. SYN. Τλητός, ἀνδραγέτος.

Φερότρον. See Φερέτρον.

Φέρω, f. olo, 1. a. ἡνεκά et ἡνεκά, fero; aufero; specto, peto: to bear; to take away; to tend to. Helen. 1541. The imperative forin φέρε is used adverbially, as also ἀγέ. SYN. Φόρεω, φόρμη, κόμω, πλώω, βαστάζω, ἀγώ, ὑπόφερω, ἔχω.

Φεύγω, φυγῶν, fugio; exul fio: to flee; to be banished. Med. 561. Ὡδὲ δεσμά φυγῶν P. V. 522. SYN. Ἀποφύγω, ἀλέω, ἀλέειν, διδράσκω, πῶδ᾽ ἀφύγῃ νωμῶ, ἀποτρέχω.

Φεύζω, ἔω, exclamo feu, φει: to cry alas. Agam. 1279. SYN. Οἰμῶζω, αἰζώ.

Φευκτός, φευκτός, et φυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, fugiendus: must be avoided. Av. 392. Aj. 223. Π. 128.

φούξις, φούξις, εως, ἡ, fuga: flight. Antig. 362. K. 311.  
 φεφάλος, ου, δ, φεφάλυς, ὕψος, ἡ, scintilla, carbo: a spark, live coal. Acharn. 668. Lysist. 107. See below.  
 φεφάλω, in cineres redigo: to reduce to ashes. Εφεπάλωθη κλέψεντοθήθη σθένος P. V. 362. SYN. Κατάκαλω, αιδάλω.  
 φηγέως, εως, δ, Phegeus: a noble Trojan. E. 15.  
 φηγίνος, η, ὄν, fagineus: beechen. φηγίνος δξων E. 838.  
 φηγός, οὔ, ἡ, fagus: a beech-tree. H. 22. Ep. Τψηλλή, περίκαλλης, ἀργίας, σκίερὰ, τέρὰ, ἐραννή.  
 φήληξ, ηκός, δ, ficus nondum matura, etsi maturitatis speciem prae se ferat; fallax: an unripe fig; a cheat. Pax 1165.  
 φηληγής, οὔ, δ, deceptor: a deceiver. Rhes. 217. SYN. φήληξ, κἀκούργος.  
 φηλώς, decipio: to deceive. Apoll. 3. 982. SYN. Απάτῶω, εξάπατῶω, δδλῶω, φένακίζω.  
 φήμη, ης, φήμης, εως, ἡ, fama, omen: fame, report, omen. Helen. 819. ω. 200. SYN. φάτις, κλέος, βδέξίς, αγγέλια, ομφή, λόγος, κληδών. Ep. Αδευκής, χυλῆπι, εὐαγγέλος, ἡδύπης, τάχιστα, τερπνὴ, ἀνέλιπτος, ἐτιμὸς, ἀξιοπενθής, εσθλή, παλὶά, κἀκή, δεινὴ, δυσκέλευστος.  
 φημί, φάσκω, et φάτιζω, dico: to say. Phoen. 612. Alceste. 653. Ἐμὴ φάτισθεις' ου γὰρ Iph. A. 936. SYN. Λέγω, ἐρώ, αὐδῶ, φράζω, φωνέω, φημιζω.  
 φημιζω, divulgo: to divulge. Choeph. 550. SYN. Διαφημιζω, φημί, μαντεύομαι.  
 φήμις. See φήμη.  
 φήμη, ης, ἡ, ossifraga: an osprey. γ. 372.  
 φήρ, gen. φήρος, Ael. pro φήρ, q. v. A. 268. φήρὰ, ἄς, ἡ; φήραι, ὦν, αἱ, Pherae: a city in Messenia. E. 543. I. 151.  
 φηρητιδής, ου, δ, Pheriades: the son of Pheres. ΑΙ φηρητιδῶν πῶδ' αἰεὶς P. 376.  
 φθάνω, φθίμι, fut. φθῆσθαι et φθῶω, praevonio: to have the start. The first syllable of φθάνω is long in Homer, and short in the Attic writers. The same remark applies to φθίνω. See Clarke B. 43. and 833., and Monk. Alc. 638. Πολλὸν ὑπεκπρόβει φθάνει δὲ τὴ παῖαν ἐπ' αἶαν I. 502. Κῶλὰ καὶ μάλας φθάνει Med. 1166. Κῶν μὲν φθάσω μὲν ἐστὶ Phoen. 989. Ἐφθμὲν Ib. 1482. SYN. Προφθάνω, πρόθηκω, πρόλαμβάνω, πρόερχομαι.  
 φθέργῳμαι, loquor: to speak. Med. 1304. SYN. Αὐδῶ, εξανδῶω, ηχέω, βδῶω, αγγέλλω, ἐρέω, φημιζω.  
 φθέρμῳ, ἄτος, τό; φθέργος, ου, δ; φθόγγη, ἡς, ἡ, vox; sonus: a voice; a sound. Hipp. 1210. E. 234. B. 791. SYN. Ἡχός, ηχὴ, φωνή, βδῶ, αὐδὴ, βήμῳ. Ep. Φίλῳ, ὀρβίδῳ, ἡρόφοιτῳ, μάλακῳ, βάρῳ.  
 φθεῖρ, εἰρὸς, δ, pediculus: a louse. Plut. 537.  
 φθειραί, ὦν, αἱ, Phthirae: a mountain in Lycia. B. 868.  
 φθεῖρω, ἐρώ, corrumpto, violō, vasto, interimo: to corrupt, violate, ruin, kill. Androm. 706. SYN. Διαφθεῖρω, φθινύθω, σφάλλω, βλάπτω, ἀξάνίζω, λυμαινόμεναι, ἀπόλλυμι, κτείνω, φθίνω.  
 φθερίγενής, εὖς, genus perdens: family-destroying. Ὡ μέγα λαιχοὶ καὶ φθερίγενεῖς Sept. Th. 1056.  
 φθέω, inus, f. φθείω, et φθίω, f. φθίσω,

perdo: to destroy. Νὺξ φθεῖρ' (i. e. εφθεῖρ) λ. 329. Ανδρῶν ἡ αὐτὸς φθίεται πρῶτον ἐν ὁμῳ T. 173. Χερσὶν ἔκ' Αργείων φθιμένους Θ. 359. Δαμνὼν φθίσει σὲ τὸ σὺν μὲνδς Z. 407. SYN. see φθεῖρω, and φθίνω.  
 φθῆμι. See φθάνω.  
 φθία, as, Ion. φθίη, ἡ, Phthia: a city in Thessaly. Εκ φθίης Αἰγυμῆνυ πένπε I. 253. Ep. Ερίεωλας, βοτῖανερὰ, ἐρίεωλός, εὐπωλός, μήτηρ θηρών.  
 φθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ; φθιώτης, ου, δ; φθιώτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Phlius: of Phthia. Μισαί τὴ γαῖα φθιάς εἰ δ' ἡξεί παρος Androm. 917. Ran. 1265. Troad. 1115.  
 φθιμένος, φθιτός, ἡ, ὄν, mortuus, absumptus: dead, wasted. Ὡς φθιμένω τὰδ' εἰ σοὶ Iph. T. 171. Eumen. 97. φθιτός brevis, ut in φθιτός. Στὺς ἀφθιτός Ωκεάνηη Hes. Θ. 389.  
 φθινάς, ἄδος, decrescens; tabificus: waning; wasting. Οὐτὲ φθινάσι πλεγήσι νύσσις Antig. 819.  
 φθινασμῶ, ἄτος, τό, decrementum: the waning. Pers. 237. See above. SYN. Λήξις, δυσμή.  
 φθινόκαρπος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui fructum amisit: having lost its fruit. Καὶ φθινόκαρπος εἰσά Pyth. 4. 471.  
 φθινόπωρος, ἰδὸς, ἡ, autumnalis: autumnal. Pyth. 5. 161. See below.  
 φθινόπωρον, ου, τό, autumnus: autumn. Ἡ γλυκὲρὸν φθινόπωρον Bion 6. 4. SYN. Μῆτο. πωρὸν, ὁπώρα.  
 φθινύθω, perdo; consumo; tabesco: to ruin; to consume; to waste away. Τὸ δὲ φθινύθουσιν εἰδοντες a. 250. A. 491. SYN. φθεῖρω, ἀποφθινύθω, φθίνω, τήκῳμαι, ἀπόλλυμαι, λήγω, διαφθεῖρῳμαι, εκλείπω.  
 φθινυλλὰ, ης, ἡ, pestifera: destructive. Eccles. 932. Videtur esse eadem quantitate ac φθινάς, &c., sed locus citatus nihil statuit, nec vox videtur alibi extare.  
 φθινω, f. ἰνῶ, corumpo; ad finem vergo: to spoil; to wane; to perish. Ζητῶν φθίνει γὰρ καὶ μαραινέται νύσῳ Alceste. 204. See the obs. on φθάνω. SYN. φθεῖρῳμαι, τήκῳμαι, ἀπόλλυμαι, λήγω, διαφθεῖρῳμαι, εκλείπω.  
 φθιοί, ὦν, οἱ, Phthiōi. Οἱ μὲν πρὸ φθίων μεγὰ- θύμων N. 699.  
 φθισήνωρ, ὄρος, et φθισιμερότος, ου, δ, ἡ, homines destruens: man-destroying. Στεῖχειν εἰς πόλεμον φθισήνωρ B. 833. χ. 297. SYN. Ὀλέσθηνωρ, βροτδολογός.  
 φθισιμερότος. See above.  
 φθιτός. See φθιμένος.  
 φθίω. See φθέω.  
 φθιώτης, φθιώτις. See φθιάς.  
 φθόγγη, φθόγγος. See φθέρμῳ.  
 φθοῖς, ἰδὸς, δ, nom. plur. φθοῖς et φθοῖς; et affertur etiam φθοῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, placenta: genus: a kind of cake. Τὸς φθοῖς Plut. 677.  
 φθονέρος, ἄ, ὄν, invidus: envious. Agam. 437. SYN. Ἐπὶ φθονός, βάσκαρος.  
 φθονέω, invidio; recuso: to envy; to begrudge, refuse. Eur. El. 30. SYN. φθονὸν ἐχω, βασκαίνω, νήμεσῶω, ἀγῶνακτεῖω, ἀπαρνέομαι.  
 φθονήσις, εως, ἡ, invidia: envy. Trach. 1214. SYN. φθονεῖρῳς, φθονός.  
 φθονός, ου, δ, invidia; maledictio: envy; detraction. Eur. Sup. 252. SYN. Δυσμενεία, μέμφις, μῆτις. Ep. Δυσώμυδος, τραχὺς, ἀθέος, ἀχάρις, ἀνύμους, βάρῳς.  
 φθορά, ἄς, ἡ; φθορός, ου, δ, corruptio: cor-

ruption, destruction. Antig. 1224. Sept. Th. 238. SYN. Διαφθορά, λήμη, δήλημα.  
 φιάλη, ης, ἡ, poculum, patera: a cup, bowl. Αλλ' ἐν ἐς χρυσέην (dissyll.) φιάλην Ψ. 253. SYN. Δεπάς, πύθριον, αγγεῖον. Ep. Αργυρή- λᾶτος, ἀμφιθέτος, ἀπύρωτος, οὐνρὰ, ἐραννή, ἀργυρεῖα.  
 φιάρος, ἄ, ὄν, splendidus; pinguis; acerbus: shining; fat; sour. φιάρωτέρᾳ ὁμφάκος ὠμάς Theoc. 11. 21. Exp. Λαμπρός, πῶν.  
 φίκιον, ου, τό, Phicium: a mountain in Boeotia. Φικίων ἀκρότατον Hes. Scut. 33.  
 φιλᾶγγαδός, ου, δ, ἡ, elegantiae studiosus: fond of elegance. Pyth. 12. 1. See φιλέω and Ἀγγαδός.  
 φιλᾶδελφός, ου, δ, ἡ, fratris vel sororis amans: of brotherly or sisterly love. Φιλᾶ- δελφὰ κάτω δᾶκρ' εἰδόμενῃ Antig. 527.  
 φιλᾶθήναος, ου, δ, Atheniensium amans: attached to the Athenians. Καὶ δῆτ' ἀ φιλᾶθή- ναος ἦν ὑπερφῶος Acharn. 142. See Ἀθη- ναῖος.  
 φιλᾶκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, lamentationis amans, lugubris: inclined to lament, doleful. Aesch. Sup. 810. SYN. Φιλοδουρτός, φιλοδουρηνός, φιλο- θρηνητός, φιλοκτός.  
 φιλᾶματός, ου, δ, ἡ, sanguinis amans: blood- thirsty. Phoen. 177.  
 φιλᾶνέτη, ης, ἡ, Philanete. Eccles. 42.  
 φιλᾶτίδης, ου, δ, ἡ, litigious: litigious. Aesch. Sup. 481. See Αἰτίδης. SYN. Φιλοδικός, φιλέρις.  
 φιλᾶκλουθός, ου, δ, ἡ, sodalium studiosus: sociable. Ἐγὼ δ' αἶ πως φιλοκλουθός εἰμὶ καὶ Iph. 417.  
 φιλᾶμμονίδης, ου, δ, Philammonides: the son of Philammon. Φιλᾶμμονίδας Εὐμολπος Theoc. 14. 108.  
 φιλᾶμπέλος, ου, δ, ἡ, vitium amans: fond of, or productive in, vines. Pax 307.  
 φιλᾶνδρία, ἄς, ἡ, amor mariti vel uxoris: the affection of a husband or wife. Androm. 228. See Ἀνανδρία.  
 φιλᾶνδρός, ου, et φιλᾶνωρ seu φιλᾶνωρ, ὄρος, maritum vel viros amans: husband or man- loving. Sept. Th. 896. Pers. 141. A longa in φιλᾶνωρ, ut in Σπυγᾶνωρ.  
 φιλᾶνδρᾶκός, εως, carbonarius: one who loves coals. Acharn. 335. See Ἀνδραξ, ἄκος.  
 φιλᾶνθρωπός, ου, δ, ἡ, humanus: humane. P. V. 11.  
 φιλᾶνωρ. See φιλᾶνδρός.  
 φιλᾶουδός, φιλᾶφός, οὔ, δ, ἡ, cantuum amans: song-loving. Τῷ φιλᾶουδῷ Theoc. 28. 23. Vesp. 270. SYN. see Φιλομουσός.  
 φιλᾶργυρός, ου, δ, ἡ, amans argenti: fond of money. Antig. 1055. See Ἀργυρός. SYN. Φι- λοκτεῖνός, κερδάλεφρων, φιλοκερδής.  
 φιλᾶρμᾶτος, ου, δ, ἡ, currum amans: de- lighting in chariots. Herc. F. 465. See Ἀρμᾶ, ἄτος.  
 φιλᾶυλός, ου, δ, ἡ, tibiarum amans: fond of the pipe. Ran. 1317. SYN. Φιλομουσός, φιλο- οἰδός, φιλοφός, φιλομοκός, φιλοφόρμυγξ.  
 φιλεορτός, ου, δ, ἡ, festorum amans: festival- loving. Εὐρηνην φιλεορτόν Thesm. 1158.  
 φιλερίθης, ου, δ, ἡ, lanificii studiosus: fond of wool. Theoc. 28. 1. See Ἐριθός.  
 φιλευνός, ου, δ, ἡ, amans tori: fond of the bed. Anacr. 174. 7. SYN. see Φιλοφής.  
 φιλεχθής, εὖς, inimicitia indulgens: fond of

animosity. Theoc. 5. 137. SYN. Φιλεχθρός, φι- λῳσός, φιλατίος.  
 φιλέψῳς, ου, δ, Philepsius. Φιλέψῳς δ' ουχ ἐνέκᾳ σου μῦθος λέγει Plut. 177.  
 φιλέω, φιλῳμι, amo; osculor; soleo: to love, like; to kiss; to be wont. Οὐ φίλῳ τάρῃθ' ὄρεν Iph. T. 1199. Ἐμὲ καὶ σὲ φιλήμεναι X. 265. Ἐξὸχ' γὰρ μὴν ἐφίλατό Πάλλας E. 61. Quidam hoc contractum putant ex ἐφίλησάτο. Alii e quodam verbo φίλωμαι trahunt, ut ἐμαρτυράμην e μαρτύρομαι: inter quos est Clark. ad hunc loc. SYN. Ἀγάπῶω, κύνέω, ξένίζω, φιλήδῶω.  
 φιλήδῶω, delector: to delight in. Pax 1130. See above. SYN. Φιλέω, ἐφῆδῳμαι, ἐνῆδῳμαι.  
 φιλήδῳα, ἄς, ἡ, amor voluptatis: love of plea- sure, delight. Λαβόντες ἐπὶ φίληδῳας (lamb. dim.) Plut. 311. See below. SYN. Φιλήδῳνῳα, χάρμᾳ, ἡδονῇ, ἀνοιᾷ.  
 φιληλιαστής, οὔ, δ, qui judicio in Heliaea contendere amat; litigious: fond of trials in the courts of Heliaea; litigious. Φιληλιαστής ἐστὶν Vesp. 88. SYN. Φιλατίος, φιλεχθής, φιλα- εῖρις, φιλοδικός, φιλοδνεικός.  
 φιλημᾶ, ἄτος, τό, osculum: a kiss. Φίλον φί- λημα παρὰ γένυν τιθέντα σόν Eur. Suppl. 1164. P. H. Φιλᾶ προσέδῳλ' πρὸς ὄπῳων.  
 φιλημι. See φιλέω.  
 φιλήνιος, ου, δ, ἡ, habenarum amans: bit- loving. Ἡγάγον φιληνίου P. V. 474.  
 φιλήράτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Phileratis. Φιλήράτις εἴ- σάτο τῇθε Call. Ep. 34. 1.  
 φιλήρεμῳς, ου, δ, ἡ, remigandi studiosus: fond of rowing. Φαίκεσσι φιλήρεμοισι μίγειν ε. 386.  
 φιληρέος, α, ὄν, diligendus: must be loved. Antig. 524. See φιλέω.  
 φιλήτωρ, ὄρος, δ, ἡ, amator: a lover. Agam. 1421. SYN. Εραστής.  
 φίλια. See φιλότης.  
 φίλικός, ἡ, ὄν, amatorius: amatory. Καὶ τὶ κόρας φίλικὸν μέλῳς Theoc. 10. 22. SYN. Φιλο- τήσις, φίλικός, ἐρωτικός, ἐράτεινός.  
 φίλινός, ου, δ, Philinus. Ἀρ' ὁ φίλινός δ' μαλ- θᾶκός Theoc. 7. 105.  
 φίλιος, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ἡ, foederatus, amicus, carus: leagued, friendly, dear. Φίλιος is a fre- quent epithet of Jupiter, as the patron god of friendship. Αἱ αἱ φίλιον χρίζω σπόμετος Med. 1396. SYN. Φιλικός, φίλος, οὐκείος, φιλόφρων.  
 φίλιππος, ου, δ, ἡ, equorum studiosus: horse- loving. Φιλιππος is also a P. N. Hipp. 580. SYN. Ἰππικός, εὐιππος.  
 φίλιστός. See φίλος.  
 φιλλήριδης, ου, δ, Phillyrides: the son of Philyra. Φιλλήριδης μεγᾶλον δὲ Hes. Theog. 1002.  
 φιλόγᾶμος, ου, δ, ἡ, nuptiarum studiosus: eager for marriage. Iph. A. 392. See Γάμος.  
 φιλόγηθός, εὖς, lætitia amans: fond of mirth. Sept. Theb. 912.  
 φιλοδᾶφνός, ου, δ, ἡ, lauri amans: laurel- loving. Eur. fr. Licymn. 4. See Δάφνη.  
 φιλοδέσποτος, ου, δ, ἡ, domini amans: at- tached to a master. Theogn. 847.  
 φιλοδῆμῳς, ου, δ, ἡ, populi amans: attached to the people. Eq. 787.  
 φιλοδουρτός, ου, δ, ἡ; φιλοδουρηνός, εὖς, lugubris: doleful. Aesch. Sup. 71. Mosch. 4. 66. SYN. see Φιλακτός.  
 φιλοδωρητός, ου, δ, Philodoretus. Eccles. 51.





Φλόγεις, Φλόγερς, Φλέγυρς, α, ὄν, et Φλόγυρς, οὐ, ὄ, ἡ, flammeus, fulgidus: fiery, flaming, shining. Hec. 1085. Helen. 1125. Acharn. 665. († in Φλέγυρς brevis, ut in βδελύρς, &c.) P. V. 261. SYN. Διάπυρς, αὐθαλδεις, αἰθων, πύρρεϊς, λαμπρὸς, φωτεινός, αἰθων, καυστικός. Φλόγίζω, ardeo; incendo: to blaze; to burn. Trach. 95. SYN. see Φλέγω.

Φλόγιστος, ἡ, ὄν, ustulatus: burnt. Soph. El. 58.

Φλογμός, οὐ, ὄ, flamma; fulgur: flame; lightning. Heleu. 1161. SYN. Φλόξ, καύμα, αστέροπῃ, αστραπή.

Φλογωπός. See Φλόγεις.

Φλοιά. See Φλιά.

Φλόινος, ἡ, ὄν, e cortice factus: made of the bark of a tree. Σχοίνιας πικροῖς γὰρ φλόινος ἡνίας πλέκει Eur. fr. Autol. 2. [Hoc tamen loco penultima videtur esse longa. In Steph. ed. Valpiana citatur Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 107: 9. 385.] SYN. Λεπίδωτος.

Φλοῖος, οὐ, ὄ, cortex, suber: bark, cork. Φύλα τέ καὶ φλοῖον A. 237. SYN. Λεπός.

Φλοισβός, οὐ, ὄ, strepitus undarum; tumultus: the roar of waves; a turmoil. E. 322. SYN. Ψόφος, δόρυς, τάραχ.

Φλόξ, φλόγος, ἡ, flamma: flame. Alcest. 4. SYN. Φλογμός, φλέγμα, πυρρός. Ep. Παμφά- νουσα, δεινὴ, ασέβητος, οὐρανία, ἐμπύρος, ἀπύρ- ρητος, πικρά, ἀργουσα, φνός, πυρσώδης, φάει- φός, καθαρὸς, ἐφιστός, δειπύρος, πόλεμα, χρυσέα, δερμὴ, ἀβέσφατος, ὀδὴ, πάμφαγος, μάλερ, ἀκοιμητός.

Φλόος. See Φλέως.

Φλόωρς, nugor, blatero: to talk nonsense. Οὐ μὴ φλόωρσις ἔχων ὦ Ξανθία Ran. 524. SYN. Φληνῶρς, φληνῶρς, φλέω, ληρῶ, στω- μύλλομαι.

Φλόαρια, ας, ἡ, nugæ, garrulitas: trifles, nonsense, babbling. Φλόαρια ταῦτ' ἐστὶ τὰ μέμνη- μένα Lysist. 159. SYN. Φλώαρς, λήρς, μάταιο- τες.

Φλώαρς, οὐ, ὄ, id. quod Φλόαρια. In usu est apud Plutarchum ut adj. nugatorius: trifling. Πάντ' ἐστὶ φλώαρς Nub. 365. SYN. (1) see Φλόαρια, (2) σπερμύδωτος, ἀμετροδέπης, ἀδδλε- χης, φλέων, λάλος, ἀθύρογλωσσός, ἀθύροστύμος.

Φλευός, εἰς, ὄ, Phlyeus: belonging to Phlyæ, one of the 174 δήμοι, into which Attica was subdivided. Εὐεργίδης ἀρ' ἐστὶ που ἵταδ' ἡ Χάδης ὁ Φλευός (vers. hipponact.) Vesp. 234.

Φλύκταινᾶ, ἡ, ἡ, pustula, proprie ab igni: a pustule, boil. Εἰ αἰμάτος φλύκταινᾶν ημφισμένη Eccl. 1057.

Φλώω, ferreo; nugor: to boil up; to trifle. Ἀνὰ δ' ἐφ' ἡνὶ κατὰ βέερα Φ. 361. SYN. Ἀναζέω, βράζω, ἀναβάλλω, βλῶω, βλῶω.

Φόβερς, α, ὄν, formidolosus, terribilis: ter- rible, fearful. Phœn. 126. SYN. Φουκόδης, σμερδαλέος, ἀντζήλδς, δειμάλῆδς, βιγνήλδς, περί- φόβος, δεινός ἰδεω, φόβητος.

Φόβειστροπῆ, ἡ, ἡ, quæ fugam hostibus in- jicit: army-routing. Τούτῃ τέρμαχος σοι δώκεν ἡ φόβειστροπῆ Eq. 1174.

Φόβέω, terreo: to terrify. Hipp. 572. SYN. Εκφύβω, κατὰπλησσω, ἀτύξω, διὰ φόβου ἐρχο- μαι.

Φόβη, ἡ, ἡ, juba, coma: the mane, hair, fo- liage. Alcest. 173. SYN. Χαίτη, θρίξ, ἑθεῖρα, κόμη, πέταλα. Ep. Βαθύβυλδς, ἱέρα, ἀκρα, δα- σεία.

Φόβημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, terror: terror. CE. C. 699. SYN. Δεῖμα.

Φόβητος, ἡ, ὄν, metuendus: to be feared. Philoct. 1154. SYN. see Φόβερς.

Φόβος, οὐ, ὄ, terror; timor: terror; fear. Hec. 857. SYN. Δεῖμα, δέος, δειλία, φόβη, ἀτολ- μία, ὀρθωδία. Ep. Νεανίκος, ἐννυχός, ἀσθένης, πύρρος, κένος, αἰνός, ἀργαλέος, δυσκλεῖδός, κρύ- ερος, ὀλός, δεσπείδος, κρύβεις, θυμολύρς, στυγ- νός, δαιμόνιος, διατόρος, φιλαμῆτος, ἀμειλκτός, γλυκιστικρός.

Φοῖαω, ἡσω, lustro: to purify. Call. 5. 11. SYN. Φοιδάω, καθάρω, λαμπρύνω, κοσμέω. Φοιδεύς, Φοιδής, α, ὄν, Apollineus: of Apollo. Helen. 1510. Φοιδής ἐνθά Iph. A. 756.

Φοῖη, ἡ, ἡ, Phœbe: Diana, the moon. Hes. Theog. 136. SYN. see Ἀρτέμις, and Σελήνη. Φοιδής. See Φοιδεύς.

Φοῖσος, ἡ, ὄν, clarus: bright. P. V. 22. SYN. Λαμπρὸς, καθαρὸς, φάεινός, φάεινός.

Φοῖσος, οὐ, ὄ, Apollo, Phœbus: the Sun. See Ἀπόλλων and Ἥλιος. A. 43.

Φοινής, ἡσασά, ἐν, cruentatus: blood-stained. M. 220. SYN. see Φοινικέος.

Φοινικάνθεμος, οὐ, ὄ, ἡ, puniceos flores habens: with purple flowers. Φοινικάνθεμος ἦρος Pyth. 4. 114.

Φοινικέος, Φοινικικός, ἡ, ὄν; Φοινικίους, οὐν; Φοινικέας, ἐσά, ἐν; Φοινικίς, ἰδός, ἡ, puniceus: scarlet, dark-lued. Φοινικέω οὐδ' ἄνωγ Theoc. 2. 2. Ἀπαλλάγντες καὶ κῶκον φοινικικόν Pax 302. Ἀλλὰ λυμναῖος βάσαι κῶλός γέ καὶ φοινικίους (troch. tetram.) Av. 273. Κλαῖων πέρηνιστ' ὅτ' ὀφθαλμοῖσιν K. 133: ubi Clarke jure ait pron-unciari φοινικισσάν; secunda enim necessario produci. Τούτ' ὅν ἐς φοινικίδα Acharn. 301. SYN. Φοινής, πυρρός, ἐρυθρός, πορφυρέος, αἰμάτωδης. Φοινικέας. See Φοινίξ.

Φοινίκη, ἡ, ἡ, Phœnicia. Κύπρον Φοινίκην τέ δ. 83.

Φοινικίς, οὐ, ὄ, Phœnicia. Κύπρον Φοινίκην τέ δ. 83.

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Φοινικὸφᾶς, εἶς, puniceus adpectu: purple- hued. Φοινικὸφᾶς πῶδᾶ κινήσεις Ion 161.

Φοινίξ, ἰκός, ὄ, (1) palma, arbor; (2) color rubens; (3) ruber; (3) Phœnix: (1) the palm tree; purple; (2) Phœnix, (γ) Phœnician. Ἰμαντὰ βῶδς φοινικὶ φάεινός V. 201. Ἐλεφαντὰ γυνὴ φοινικὶ μήτηρ Δ. 141. Φοινικὰς ἀλίου πέ- πλους (iamb. dim.) Hel. 181. Ἀντίθεον φοινικὰ ὀπῶν V. 360. Ἐνθά δὲ φοινικες ναυσικλῆτοί ο. 414. Ep. (1) Πρωτόγυνος, ἀδρόκομος, ἀκρόκο- μος, Δήλιος, (3) γέραιος, πάλαγένης, ἰππη- λάτης, τηλεκλείτος, εἰδὼς ἀπατήλῃ, (γ) ναυσί- κλῆτος, ἀγαυός.

Φοινίς, Φοινός. See Φοινός.

Φοινισσά, ἡ, ἡ, (1) Phœnissa: Phœnician; (2) punicea: purple, red. Φοινισσά μὲν γῇ πατρὶς Phœn. 287. "Rubra, Jacobs. Anth. 6. 231. 7. 213." Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp.

Φοινισσω, ξω, rubefacio, sanguine inficio: to make red, dye in blood. Aj. 110. SYN. Αἰμαῖνω, πορφυρῶ, βάπτω.

Φοιτάλῆς, α, ὄν, et οὐ, ὄ, ἡ, furibundus: furious, enraged. Φοιτάλῃ δὲ πῶδεσιν Mosch. 2. 46.

Φοιτάλῆς, οὐ, ὄ, ἡ, furibundus: furious, enraged. Φοιτάλῃ δὲ πῶδεσιν Mosch. 2. 46.

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Φόρα, ἄς, ἡ, gestatio; impetus; proventus: a bearing; violence; produce. Eur. Sup. 494.

SYN. Ὀρμή, φόρος, εὐθηρία.

Φόραδην, gestando, celeriter motu: with speed. Καὶ μὴν δὲ ἀναξ ἡδὴ φόραδην Androm. 1156.

SYN. Σφόδρα.

Φορβαῖς, α, ὄν, pascuus: pasturing. Call. 5. 50.

Φόρβας, αὐτός, δ, Phorbas. Eur. Sup. 690.

Φορβας, ἄδός, alimentum præbens: yielding pasture. Φορβάδος κόμζομαι Soph. Fragm.

Hippion. 2. SYN. Νόμας.

Φορβεία, ἄς, ἡ, esca; capistrum: a bait; a mouth-piece. En φορβεῖα τοῖσι δικασταῖς Vesp. 580. SYN. Φορβή, φιδός.

Φορβή, ἡ, ἡ, pabulum, cibus: food, provi- sions. Av. 348. SYN. Τρόφῃ, βόρᾳ, νόμῃ, θρασίς.

Ep. Ἀπῆμον, μελίγηδης, νεότερη.

Φόρενς, εἰς, Ion. ἦδς, ὄ, portator, bajulus: a carrier or bearer. Apoll. 1. 132.

Φόρεω, gesto: to bear, wear. Eur. El. 309.

SYN. Κόμζω, βαστάζω, φέρω.

Φόρμα, ἄτος, τὸ, gestamen: any thing borne, a load. Eur. fr. Glauco. 1. SYN. Φορτίον, ἀχλός, βάρος.

Φόρμητος. See Φερτός.

Φορκίδες, οὐ, αἱ, Phorides: the Gorgons, the daughters of Phoreys or Phorcus. Αἱ Φορκίδες ναλοῦσι P. V. 819. Pinn. see P. V. 819—823.

Φόρκυς, υνός et εἶς, Φόρκος, οὐ, ὄ, Phoreys, vel Phorcus. Αἴας δ' αὖ Φόρκον P. 312. Φόρ- κοι ἄμαυρωσεν γένος Pyth. 12. 24.

Φορμύξ, ἰγρός, ἡ, cithara: a harp or lyre. Av. 219. SYN. Κίθαρα, λύρα. Ep. Ἐπτάπυλός, ἐνκλεῖδός, ποικιλόγυρς, γλυκεῖα, ἐλεφαντοδέντος, εὐφρογυρς, δαίδαλα, κῆλη, λίγεία, χρυσέα, Φοί- βου σύμμολος, πέρικαλλής, λαφύρα.

Φορμίζω, cithara cano: to play on the harp or lyre. Ἀντάρ ὁ φορμίζων S. 266. SYN. see Κί- θάρῃζω.

Φορμικτής, οὐ, ὄ, citharædus: a player on the harp or lyre. Pyth. 4. 314. SYN. Κίθα- ριστής, κίθαρωδός.

Φορμῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, sportula: a basket made of rushes. Ἡμῖν γὰρ οὐκ ἐστ' οὐδὲ κάρ' ἐκ φορ- μῖδος Vesp. 58. SYN. Σπῆρις, κἀλῆδός, φορμῖς.

Φορμισίος, οὐ, ὄ, Phormisius. Τούτου μὲν οὐν Φορμισίος Μεγαλινέτος S' ὁ Μάνης (vers. hippo- nact.) Ran. 965.

Φορμίον, υνός, δ, Phormion. Πράγματά τε καὶ στίβᾶδες ἄς ἐλάχε Φορμίον Pax 348.

Φορμός, οὐ, ὄ, corbis; teges: a basket; a coverlid. Plut. 542. SYN. Κίσση, κόφινος, πρό- κάλυμμά.

Φόρρος, οὐ, ὄ, tributum: tribute. Vesp. 655.

SYN. Δασμός, τέλδς, εισφορά.

Φορτηγός, Φορτάγωγος, οὐ, ὄ, onera vehens: carrying burdens. Theogn. 679. Steph. ed. Valp. citat φορτάγωγος ex Anal. 1. 138. See Ἀγρωγός. SYN. see Φορένς.

Φορτίον, οὐ, τό; Φόρτος, οὐ, ὄ, onus, merx: a burden, freight, merchandise. Φαίνεται τὸ φορ- τ

Φόρτος, οὐ, δ, quiescens e variis rebus commixta; cœnum: piffraff; mud. Σὺς φόρτος ἐπιμαρτυροῦσαι Arat. 1123. SYN. Ἀχὺρὸν, χάρδρα.

Φόρωνεις, εὐς, δ, Phoroneus: a river in Peloponnesus; also a king of Argos. Theoc. 25. 200. Φῶς. See Φῶς.

Φραγμός, οὐ, δ, septum: a fence, stoppage. CE. R. 1387. SYN. Ἐρκός, περίβολος, ἐρύμα, ὀρκῆν, χῆραξ.

Φράδῶ, φράζω, ἄσω, indico, dico; in v. m. considero: to show, to say; midd. to consider. Καὶ γὰν φράδασσέ Nem. 3. 45. Νῶν φράσει τὸν Τηρέα Av. 15. See below. SYN. Ἀποφαίνω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἀποδείκνυμι, δηλώω, λέγω, σημαίνω, ὑποφράζομαι, βουλεύομαι, ἐπινύω, σκέπτομαι, δίδωμι, φημί.

Φράδῃ, ἡς, Φραδμύσιν, ἡς, ἡ, consilium: wisdom, device. Παλλάδος φράδῃς Phœn. 677. answering to καὶ βῆσσοπος. Ἡρῆς φραδμύσιν λευκαλέον Hom. Apoll. 99. SYN. Μῆτις, βουλή, νόημα, σκέψις, δαημύσιν.

Φράδῃς, εὐς, φράδμων ὄνος, solers, sapiens: clever, crafty, wise. Φράδεις νόου ἐργά τέκνεται Ω. 354. P. 638. SYN. Περύφραδῃς, φρόνιμος, σύνετος, νόημων, ἐμπειρός, ἐπιστήμων, ἀρχινύος, φρένῃρης.

Φραδμύσιν. See Φράδῃ.

Φράζω. See Φράδῶ.

Φρασίδημος, οὐ, δ, Phrasidemus. Ἐτευχέ δὲ λυσία ὁ φρασίδημος Call. 7. 3.

Φράσσω, αὐτ φράττω, ξω, sepio, munio: to fence round. Iph. A. 831. SYN. Περύδάλω, δριγκῶ, πληρώω.

Φράσσω, ὄρος, δ, indicator: a director. Æsch. Sup. 501. SYN. φραστήρ, φραστής, ἐρμηνεύς, μινυτής.

Φράτρη, Φράτρη, αὐτ φρήτρη, ἡς, ἡ, curia: a ward. Ὡς φρήτρη φρήτρηφιν ἀρήγῃ B. 163. See below.

Φράττω. See Φράσσω.

Φράττω, ὄρος, δ, tribulis: one of the same ward or tribe. Φράτορας τριώδλου Eq. 255. SYN. Εμφύλιος, ὁμόφυλος, συγγένης.

Φρέαρ, αὐός, Ion. Φρεῖαρ, ἄτος, τὸ, puteus: a well. Εκ τῶν φρέατων τοὺς καθῶς ξυλλαμβάνειν Eccl. 1004. Καὶ πᾶσαι κρήναι καὶ φρεῖατὰ μακρὰ νάουσιν φ. 197.

Φρεῖαρ. See Φρέαρ.

Φρενέρης, εὐς, mentis compos, sapiens: sensible, wise. Heracl. 151. SYN. Φρόνιμος, σόφος, φράδῃς, α. v.

Φρενέδαλις, ἰδός, ἡ, amentia: folly, madness. Eumen. 327. Wellauer legit φρενέδαλις. Δα est longa, nam Dorica vox est pro φρενέδαλις ex δηλέω. SYN. φρενέδαλβειά, ἀνοιά, μωρία.

Φρενέθεν, ex animo: cordially. Aj. 183.

Φρενέμῃρης, φρενοπληγῆς, εὐς, φρενοπληκτός, ou, et φρενώλης, εὐς, mente captus: mad, raving. Agam. 1109. (See Μᾶνία.) P. V. 903. 1090. Sept. Th. 754. SYN. Ἐκφρων, παράφρων, μανίας.

Φρενόμεως, dementer: madly. Aj. 626.

Φρενοπληκτός, et -πληγῆς. See φρενέμῃρης. Φρενοτέκτων, ὄνος, qui sua mente aliquid componit: who composes anything in his own mind, bombastic. Ran. 838.

Φρενώω, ad mentem sanam reduco; fallo: to bring a person to his senses; to deceive. Bacch. 781. SYN. Νοουθέτω.

Φρενώλης. See φρενέμῃρης.

Φρεωρῶξω, puteum effodio: to dig a well. Ὡς πάλαι γέ μ' ἐφρεωρῶξαι Lysist. 1033.

Φρήν, εὐός, ἡ, mens; plur. consilium; præcordia: the mind, heart; pl. wisdom; the diaphragm. Hec. 300. SYN. Νῶος, δῖανόια, γνώμη. Ερ. Βάθειά, αἰσμη, ἀμφιμέλαινα, ἐμπέδος, ἐσθλός, μέγαλη, μέλαινα, πικρὴν, ἐνασίμους, στρεπτή, ησθαί, ἀγαθὴ, λευγαλέα, πενκάλην, ὀλθῇ, ἀλῆ: αστός, τρῶμερᾶ, βῆρεῖα, ἀνθῆς, μίαιφονος, ἀνόμετος, βρότεια, ἡέσση, κἀδάρᾳ, ἀναίσχυτος, δεινὴ, νῆα.

Φρήτρη. See Φράτρη.

Φρίκη, ἡς, ἡ, horror; metus: a shuddering, horror; fear. Τρῶμερᾶν φρίκα τρῶμερᾶν φρέν' ἔχω Phœn. 1299. SYN. Τρῶμος, φρίξ, φύβος.

Φρικίας, οὐ, δ, Phricias. Πέτραν κράτῃσι πῶδα φρικίαν Pyth. 10. 25, answered by βέροντας ἐν δαλίαις ἐμπεδον.

Φρικώδης, εὐς, horribilis: horrible. Androm. 1137. See Φρίκη. SYN. Φοβέριος, φοβητέος, σμερδάλειος.

Φρίκων, ὠνός, δ, Phricon. Λαοὶ φρίκωνος μάργων ἐπιστήτορες ἴππων Hom. Hymn. 37. 4.

Φρίμασσομαι, fremo: to make a noise. Πειμῶ καὶ τὸν Πανᾶ φρίμασσε πᾶσά τράγικον Theoc. 5. 141. SYN. see Φριάσσομαι.

Φρίξ, φρικός, ἡ, tremor maris; horripilatio; timor: the curling of the waves; bristling of hair; fear. Μέλαινη φρικὴ κάλυφθεις δ. 402. SYN. Φρίκη.

Φρίξος, οὐ, δ, Phrixus: the brother of Helle. Apoll. 4. 81. Ερ. Εὐμελίης ἀμόμων. Phn. see Apoll. 2. 1142—1159.

Φρίσσω, ξω, horreo, horripilo: to shudder at. Οὐδὲ σκῆτον φρίσσουσι Hipp. 419. SYN. Ορβδέω, δειμαίνω, βδελγτόμαι, μισέω.

Φροιάζομαι, prælo, præfor: to preface. Φροιάσονται γὰρ ὡς Agam. 1325. Eum. 20. SYN. Ἀρχάομαι.

Φρομύδω. See Πρόμυδω.

Φρόνέω, intelligo, delibero, judico: to understand, think, judge. Phœn. 715. SYN. Σωφρόνέω, βουλεύομαι, σινημι, φροντίζω.

Φρόνημα, ἄτος, τὸ, φρόνησις, εὐς, et φρόνις, ἰδός, ἡ, cogitatio; elatio animi; superbia: thought; magnanimity; pride. Orest. 1197. Eur. Sup. 227. Κατὰ δὲ φρόνιν ἡγάγε πολλὰν δ. 258. SYN. Δῖανόια, φροντίς, φράδῃ, φραδμύσιν, σύνεσις. Ερ. Ἀμῶδες, ἀδίκον, δῖραϊον, ἐπερφρόν, ὀλέων. Φρόνιμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, prudens: sensible. Καὶ νῦν φρόνιμος νέον ἀλγὸς ἔχει Aj. 259. SYN. φρενέρης, ἐχέφρων, φράδῃς, φράδμων, σύνετος, σόφος.

Φρόνιος, οὐ, δ, Phronius. Τοῖς νῖος φρόνιο Νόημων δ. 630.

Φρόνις. See Φρόνημα.

Φρόνιωντας, sapienter: wisely. Antig. 693.

Φροντίζω, ἰῶ, curo, cogito: to care, consider. Hec. 256. SYN. Ἐπιμελέομαι, σκέπτομαι, μέλεται, κηδόμεναι, μέριμνα, σπουδάω, φρόνέω.

Φροντίς, ἰδός, ἡ, cogitatio; cura: thought; care, anxiety. Φροντίς οὐκ ἀλγὴν φιλεῖ Med. 47. SYN. Μέριμνα, μελέτη, κηδὸς, μελεδμή, ἐπιμελεῖα, ὄρα. Ερ. Γλυκεῖα, σόφῃ, δευτέρᾳ, ἀργαλέα, λυγρὰ, μέλαινα, στυγερὰ, κένη.

Φρόνιμα, ἄτος, τὸ, cura, officium: care, duty. Nub. 155. SYN. Σόφισμα, φροντίς, πράξις.

Φροντιστός, α, ὢν, curandus: must be a care to. Iph. T. 469.

Φροντιστήριον, οὐ, τὸ, locus ubi cogitant, me-

ditantur, etc.; schola: a museum; a school. Ἄνον' ἄνον' ἀνίστας τὸ φροντιστήριον Nub. 181. SYN. Διὰτρίβη.

Φροντιστής, οὐ, δ, qui anxie inquit; qui rem curat; philosophus: an anxious inquirer; one who takes care of a thing; a philosopher. Nub. 456. SYN. Κηδέμιον.

Φροῦδος, ἡ, ὢν, evanidas: vanished. Hec. 159.

SYN. Ἀφαντός, ἀφανής.

Φρουρά, ἄς, ἡ, φρουρήμα, ἄτος, et φρουρίον, οὐ, τὸ, præsidium, custodia: a watch, garrison. Φρουρὰν ἑταῶν ἐν περυστοῖς δόμοις Androm. 1088. Ion 513. Φρουρίασι παντάχῃ Orest. 751.

SYN. Φυλάκη, ἀλκή.

Φρουρέω, ἡσω, custodio: to guard. Cycl. 684.

SYN. Φυλάσσω, ἔρω, τῇρῶ, ἀσφάλιζομαι.

Φρουρήμα, et φρουρίον. See Φρουρά.

Φρουρός, οὐ, δ, custos: a guard. Ion 22.

SYN. Φυλάξ, φυλάκτηρ, φυλάκός, φρυκτωρός.

Φρυγία, ἄτος, τὸ, fremus, insolentia hominis: snorting, pride. Καὶ φρύγανθ' ἱππικὰ Soph. El. 717.

Φριάσσομαι, fremo: to snort. Ἀρτί φρύσσόμεναι Call. 5. 3. SYN. Φρίμασσομαι, χρεμέτιζω.

Φρίγανον, οὐ, τὸ, sarmentum: a twig, fuel. Οὐκὸν δὴκὸι σοι μαντικὸς τὸ φρίγανον Pax 1026.

Φρίγία. See Φρίγος.

Φρίγίλος, frigilla: a chaffinch. Φρίγίλος ὄρνις ἐνθάδ' ἐστὶ τοῦ Φίλημονος γένους (troch. tetram.) Av. 763.

Φρίγίος, α, ὢν, Phrygius: Phrygian, of Phrygia. Φρίγία, ἡ, being understood, denotes an extensive portion of Asia Minor, in which was Troy. Πόδος ἀρχέχορον πλαγαῖς Φρίγίας Troad. 152.

Ἡδὲ καὶ φρίγῃν εἰσλήθον Γ. 184.

Φρίγω, et φρόσσω, ξω, torreo, asso: to roast, to parch. Στεφάνου πλεονομαί φρύγεται τράγῃματα Eccles. 844. Theoc. 6. 16. SYN. Οπτῶω, ἀπανθράκιζω, ἀναίω.

Φρυκτός, οὐ, δ, et φρυκτωρία, ας, ἡ, specula per ignem nuntians: a beacon. Vesp. 1331. Φυλάκαὶ καθέστηκασι καὶ φρυκτωρία Av. 1161.

Φρυκτός, ἡ, ὢν, tostus: roasted, parched. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs, Anth. 11. 54. SYN. Ξηρός.

Φρυκτωρός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, custos signorum per faces datorum: a watch at a beacon. Agam. 573.

Φρύνη, ἡς, ἡ, Phryne: a famous Athenian courtesan. Eccles. 1101. See Φρύνις.

Φρύνη. See Φρύνις.

Φρύνις, ἰδός, ἡ, Phrynus: a famous minstrel of Mitylene. Oias οἱ νῦν τὰς κατὰ φρόνιν Nub. 969.

Φρυνίχειος, α, ὢν, Phrynichius: of Phrynichus.

Vesp. 1524. See below.

Φρυνίχος, οὐ, δ, Phrynichus. Καὶ Φρυνίχος τοῦτον γὰρ Them. 164.

Φρύνος, δ, et Φρύνη, ἡ, rubeta: a toad. "Ἦν γέ μὲν ἐκ φρόνιο Nicand. A. 580. 588.

Φρυνώδας, οὐ, δ, Phrynondas. Εστὶ φρυνώδας μὲν οὖν Them. 861.

Φρύξ, ἰγός, δ, Phryx: Phryx, a Phrygian. Ὡς παῖ τιν' ἀνχεῖς πότερᾳ Λύδων ἢ φρύγα Alcest. 691. Ερ. plur. Αὐλόπῳλοι, ἱπποδάμοι, κῆκοι, πόλιχρυστοι, ἱπποκόρυσταί, ἀργυρώνητοι.

Φρύσσω. See Φρίγω.

Φρύζω, in fugam: to flight. Es δίφρον δ' ἀνέβας φρύζω ἐτραπὲ Π. 657.

Φρύγαιχμος, οὐ, bellum fugiens, ignavus: war-

shunning, unwarlike. Pers. 1025. See below. SYN. Φυγώμχος, φύγοπτόλεμος, δειλαῖος.

Φύγας, ἄδος, profugus, exsul: fugitive, banished. Αἰ δ' ἐλπίδες βόσκουσι φύγας ὡς λῆγος Phœn. 407. SYN. Δραπέτης, αὐτόμολος, ἀπὸ πτόλις, ἀπὸλις.

Φυγγᾶω. See Φεύγω.

Φύγδα, et Φύγην, fugæ modo: in the manner of flight. Eumen. 256. (See Μίγδα in Μίγᾳ.) Nicand. Θ. 21.

Φύγη, et Φύζα, ἡς, ἡ, fuga, exsilium: flight, banishment. Ἐνίανσιαν ἐκδομὸν ἀνέσας φύγην Hipp. 37. Φύζα φύβου κρύοντος ἑταίρη 1. 2. SYN. Φεύξις, φύξις, τρύπη, ἀλυξίς. Ερ. Θεοπέ- σια, αἰσχροῖ, δυστυχιστάτην, πάλαια, τλήμων, λευγαλέα, ἀναλκίς, κῆκη, οἰζυρά.

Φύγοπτόλεμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, fugiens bellum: war-shunning, cowardly. Οὐδὲ φύγοπτόλεμος ξ. 214. SYN. see Φύγαλχμος.

Φύγξενός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, hospites fugiens: stranger-avoiding, inhospitable. Olymp. 11. 17. See above. SYN. Ἀξένος.

Φύζα. See Φύγη.

Φυζακίνος, ἡ, ὢν, fugax: timid. Φυζακίνης ἐλαφοῖσιν ἐοικεῖται N. 102. SYN. Δειλός, φύξι- μος.

Φύη, ἡς, ἡ, natura, statura: nature, stature. Οὐ δέμας οὐδὲ φύην A. 115. SYN. Φύσις, τρύπος, εἶδος, γένος, φύλον.

Φυκίεις, εἰσά, ἐν, alga abundans: abounding in sea-weed. Κατέτακτο φυκίεισιν Theoc. 11. 14.

Φυκίων, οὐ, τὸ, dimin. a φυκός, εὐς, τὸ, alga, muscus: sea-weed, moss. Ὡς ἐσχατὰ φυκία κινεῖ Theoc. 7. 58. Πολλὰν δὲ παρὲρ ἀλὰ φύκος ἔχεναν 1. 7. Ερ. Αὐαλέων.

Φυκός, εὐς. See above.

Φυκτός. See Φευκτέος.

Φυλάκη, ἡς, ἡ, custodia: custody, guard. Τῆς ἐκπρύχῃ πρώτῃ φυλάκῃν Rhes. 534. Φυλάκη is also a city in Thessaly, N. 696. SYN. Φρουρά. Ερ. Ἐμπεδός, ἀργαλέα.

Φυλακίης, patronym. a φυλάκος, οὐ, δ, Phylacides: the son of Phylacus. Ἰφικλοῖο παῖς τοῦ φυλακίδαο N. 698. Πηδᾶσιν αἰπεινὴν φυλάκον δ' ἐλξ Ζ. 35.

Φυλάκος, οὐ, φυλάκτηρ, ἡρὸς, φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, custos: a watchman, guard. Es στράτον οὐδὲ γὰρ ἀν φυλάκου ἀλθοῖ Ω. 566. 444. Hec. 760. SYN. Φουρός, πρὸφύλαξ, δορυφόρος, φρυκτωρός. SYN. Ὀμόφρων, ἀριστός, εὐδαίμων.

Φυλακτέος, α, ὢν, custodiendus: must be guarded. Androm. 63. See below.

Φυλακτήρ. See Φυλάκος.

Φύλαξ. See Φυλάκος.

Φυλαρχέω, tribui præsum: to be at the head of a tribe. Lysist. 561. See Φυλή.

Φυλαρχός, οὐ, δ, tribunus: the president of a tribe. Av. 795. See Φυλή.

Φύλας, αὐτός, δ, Phylas. Φύλαντος δὴγᾶτηρ Π. 181.

Φυλάσσω, ξω, custodio; med. caveo: to guard; midd. to beware. Τοῦ φυλάσσεσθαι κάλως Phœn. 743. SYN. Τῇρῶ, διάφυλάσσω, παρᾶτῇρῶ, ρύδω, φρουρέω.

Φυλεῖος, οὐ, patronym. a (2) Φυλός, εὐς, δ, (1) Phylides: the son of Phyleus; (2) Phyleus: Phyleus. Φυλεῖος δὲ τικτεῖ Δῖι φίλος ἱπποτά Φυλῆς B. 628.

Φυλέτης, οὐ, δ, contribulis: one of the same tribe. Av. 368. See Φυλή;

φυλεύς. See φυλείδης.

φυλή, ἡς, ἡ, tribus; item Phyle, pagus Atticus: a tribe; Phyle, a town in Attica. Ἡμεῖς δὲ φυλὴ καὶ γένει τιμώμενοι Av. 33. Πῶθεν ἄπὸ φυλῆς ἐλάδον οἱ Βοιωτῖοι Acharn. 987.

Φύλια, ας, ἡ, oleaster: a kind of wild olive tree. Ὁ μὲν φύλιος δ' ἐλαῖος ε. 477. SYN. Κόστινός.

Φυλλᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, cumulus foliorum; frondes: a heap of leaves; branches. Τόνδ' ἐχουσα φυλλᾶδος Eur. Sup. 32. Ερ. Σκίερά, βᾶθειά, εὐκαρπὸς.

Φυλλεῖον. See Φύλλον.

Φυλλαῖος, ου, ὁ, Phylleus: a mountain in Thessaly. Ὁρεός Φυλλαῖος ἀρχοῦ ναίων Apoll. 1. 37.

Φυλλῖνός, η, ὄν, foliaceus, factus ex foliis: leafy, made of leaves. Κεκλιμένοι τοῖχες τῇ φυλλῖνῳ Theoc. 21. 8. SYN. φυλλοφόρος.

Φυλλοδόλεω, φυλλοδόλω, frondes amito vel spargo: to scatter leaves. Nub. 1003. Av. 3. 1481. SYN. φύλλοις βάλλω.

Φυλλοκόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, foliis comatus: leafy. Av. 215.

Φύλλον, φυλλεῖον, ου, τὸ, folium: a leaf. Z. 146. Acharn. 468. SYN. Πέταλον, φυλλᾶς.

Ερ. Πλεκτόν, χαμαίπετρες, ἐλάτινον, ηρίνον, ἀγρίον, χλοῦρον, τέρεν, λασίον.

Φυλλορρόεω. See φυλλοδόλεω.

Φυλλοστρωτός, ὤτος, ἡ, φυλλοστρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, foliis constratus: strewn with leaves. Theoc. Ep. 3. 1. Rhes. 9.

Φυλλοφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frondifer: foliage-bearing. Pind. Olymp. 8. 100. SYN. φύλλινός, φυλλοκόμος, φυλλίτης.

Φυλλοχόος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, folia fundens: leaf-shedding. Apoll. 4. 217.

Φύλον, ου, τὸ, genus, natio: a people, nation. Ὁρῶ δὲ φύλα τρία τριῶν στρατευμάτων Eur. Sup. 633. SYN. φυλή, ἔθνος, πάτρα, γένος. Ερ. Ἀθεσφάτον, κλυτόν, περικλυτόν, ἀγρίον, δεινόν, βάρβαρον, ἐρικυδέες, πόλλυμοχθον, πόλλυ-στάνον, ἀγλᾶδον.

Φύλοπις, ἰδός, ἡ, clamor bellicus; praelium: the war-cry, properly of a tribe; a battle. Καὶ Ἀχαιῶν φύλοπις αὐτῇ E. 379. Φυλοπίδος λῆξαι Pax 1076. SYN. see Μάχη. Ερ. Κράτερὰ, κρήνερὰ, αὐτῇ, ἀργαλέα, ἀλλοπρόσαλλος.

Φυλῶ, ὁδς ο. οὗς, ἡ, Phylō: an attendant of Helen. Φυλῶ δ' ἀργύρεον τάλαρον φέρε δ. 125.

Φύμυ. See Φύω.

Φυζάνω, ὄρος, fugam viris immittens: husband-banishing. Τὸν φυζάνορὰ γάμον Ἀγύπτου Aesch. Sup. 9.

Φύζηλις, ἰδς, profugus, exul; timidus: running away, banished; cowardly. Ἐχει φύζηλιν ἐόντα P. 143. SYN. Φύγαλκμος, φύγας, ἄναδρος, δειλός.

Φύζιμος, Φύζιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui vitari potest; ad quem confugitur; qui in fugam vertit: which may be avoided; convenient for escaping to; putting to flight. Φύζιμος οὐδὲς Antig. 788. Apoll. 4. 699. Φύζιος is an epithet of Jupiter, as the supporter of fugitives or exiles. Other reasons are assigned for the appellation by the Schol. Apoll. 2. 1151. SYN. see Φευκτέος.

Φύξις. See Φεύξις.

Φύρω, et Φύρω, misceo, macero, corrumpo: to mix, moisten, soil. Τὴνδὲ φύρωσιν φόνος Sept. Th. 48. Δάκρυον ἐμῶν ἐφύρον Ω. 162.

SYN. Ἀναφόρος, κύκκος, συμμίγνυμι, κέραννυμι, μίσσιν, μίσσω, ἀνάμεικτα.

Φύρδην, mixtum; confuse: promiscuously; in confusion. Pers. 54. SYN. see Μίγδω.

Φύρω. See Φύρω.

Φύσᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, follis: bellows. Ἐλισσόμενον περὶ φύσας Σ. 372. PHER. see Apoll. 3. 1299.

Φυσᾶδειά, ας, ἡ, Physadia: one of the daughters of Danaus. Τὰς καλπιῖδας ἡ 's Φυσᾶδειαν Call. 5. 47.

Φυσάλις, ἰδός, ἡ; φυσητήριον, ου, τὸ, tibia: a pipe. Λάξε δὲ σὺ τὰς φυσάλλιδας πρὸς τῶν δέων Lysist. 1245. 1243. See Φυσᾶς, πλυσ. Αὐλός.

Φυσᾶω, et Φυσῶω vel -ᾶω, spiro; sufflo; efflo: to breathe; to blow; to puff out. Ἐεκόσι πάσαι φύσας Σ. 470. Ἀπάνευθ' ἐχέ φύσιωντας Δ. 227. SYN. Ἀναφυσᾶω, πνεύω, πνευστῶω, ασφμαίνω.

Φύσημά, φυσιᾶμά, ἄτος, τὸ, inflatio; eruptio aquae vel sanguinis: a panting, gale; oozing out. Phoen. 1452. ῥέγουσι δ' οὐ πλάστοισι φύσιμασι Eumen. 53. SYN. Ἀήμα, ἐπίπνοια.

Ερ. Πόντιον, χρυσταλλοπηκτόν, γρυφοδέξ, πλάστον.

Φυσητῆς, α, ὄν, inflandus: must be inflated. Lysist. 292. See Φυσᾶω.

Φυσητήριον. See Φυσᾶλλις.

Φυσιᾶμα. See Φύσημα.

Φυσιγγύδωμαι, inturgesco: to swell. Κᾶθ' οἱ Μέγαροις ὀδύνας πεφυσισγυόμενοι Acharn. 525.

Φυσίγυαθος, ου, ὁ, nomen ranæ: one who puffs out his cheeks, the name of a frog. Εὐμὶ δ' ἐγὼ βάσιλεὺς φυσιγγυάθος Batrach. 18.

Φυσιζῶς, φυσιζῶος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitam producens, alimus: life-bearing, genial. Κάτεχε φυσιζῶος αἶα λ. 300. Aesch. Sup. 592.

Φυσῶω, vel -ῖωω. See Φυσᾶω.

Φύσις, ἔως, ἡ, natura; ingenium; statura: nature; disposition; stature. Σπέρδης ἀνθρώπων φύσις Hec. 296. SYN. φύς, εἶδος, μορφή, γένος. Ερ. Σπύγερὰ, ἀγρία, εὐειδής, σκληρὰ, ἐλευθέρα, γενναῖα, ἀδανᾶτος, χρίσσεια, ἀτρεπτός, γνησία, ἀδελός.

Φύσκη, ἡς, ἡ, crassum intestinum: the thick gut, a sausage. Eq. 364.

Φύσκος, ου, ὁ, Phycus: a mountain near Crotona. Theoc. 4. 23.

Φυστός, ἡ, ὄν, tumidus: swollen. Vesp. 608.

Φυτάλις, ας, ἡ, plantatio; planta: a plantation; a plant. Καλὸν φυτάλις M. 314.

Φυτάλιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et, ὄν, foecundus; naturalis: productive; natural. Ἡσθὰ φυτάλιμος δύσαςιν (E. C. 151., answering to ἐκτόπιος οὐβελς ὁ πάντων. SYN. Φυτοσπέρδος, φυτογυγός, γόνιμος.

Φυτεύω, planto: to plant. Οὔτος φυτεύει Πέλοπα τοῦ δ' Ἀτρείδης ἐφν Orest. 11. SYN. Φιτῶω, γεννάω, φῶω.

Φυτεύμα, ἄτος, Φυτόν, οὗ, τὸ, planta: a plant. (E. C. 698. Αἰθλιώτατον φυτόν Med. 233. SYN. Φιτῶ, ἐρῶς, δαλός. Ερ. Σκίερον, κάρπιμον, ἀλῶν, γλυκερόν, καλλιπέτηλον, πάγκαρπον, χλοῦρον, ἀμπελῶν.

Φιτόν. See above.

Φυτοσκᾶφος, Φυτοσπέρδος, ου, ὁ, plantator, hortulanus: a gardener. Οὐροὺς μὴν ἰσασι φύτοσκᾶφοι Theocrit. 25. 27. Trach. 359. SYN. Γηπόνο.

Φιτύτροφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, plantas alens: plant-nourishing. Σημαντήρὰ φυτύτροφόν Apoll. 3. 1402.

Φιτογυγός, οὗ, ὁ, hortulanus, vineator, sator; parens: a gardener, vine-dresser, sower; a parent. Αἱ τοῦ φιτογυγῶ πατρός (E. R. 1482.

Φύω, Φύμι, Πέφωκα, gigno; nascor: to beget; to spring or grow up. Πτέρωρδὲι τὲ καθῆσι ξετέρὰ φύμεν Av. 106. Ἀνθρώπα πάντα φύονται ι. 109. Φύσει ἐπειδὴ πρώτᾳ A. 235. Εξ ὧμων ἐπέρωκον Hes. Op. 1. 148. Φύμαι Med. 522. See Δύμι. SYN. Φυτεύω, φιτῶω, γεννάω, τίκτω, ἐξαντέλλω, γίνωμαι, βλαστᾶνω.

Φωῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, seu potius contr. Φῶς, φῶδος, pustula: a pustule, pimple. Πλὴν φῶδων ἐκ βάλανεύου Plut. 535. SYN. Φλύκταινα.

Φωκεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Φωκίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Phocensis: of Phocis. Iph. T. 918. Φωκίδος δ' ἀπὸ χθδόνος Iph. A. 261.

Φώκη, ἡς, ἡ, phoca: a sea-calf. Vesp. 1033. Ερ. Ζατρεφῆς, ἀλιτρεφῆς, εὐαῖα, νέπους, μέλαινα.

Φωκίς. See Φωκεύς.

Φωκός, ου, ὁ, Phocus: the brother of Peleus. Audrom. 685.

Φωλᾶς, ἄδος, in specu habitans: dwelling in a hole or den. Ἀν' ὠρᾷ φωλᾶδες ἄρκτοι Theoc. 1. 115.

Φωλεύω, in specu habito: to dwell in a hole. Theoc. 24. 83.

Φωνέω, vocem emitto; dico; nomino: to sound; to speak; to call. Iph. T. 688. SYN. Λάλλω, λέγω, ηἴξω, κάλλω, φημί.

Φωνή, ἡς, ἡ, vox; fama: voice; report. Nub. 357. SYN. Φθόγγος, βῆθ, ἡχός, αὐδή, φήμη, γλῶσσά. Ερ. Ἀμύζη, ἀσπέντος, ἀρήκτος, ἐράτη, διλέρα, βρότεια, λεπτᾶλα, ἀτειρής, νημερτής, πόληρχος, νηλεῆς, εὐφρογυγός, ἀγᾶν, ἡδύπνοος, μέλιτης, ἡδία, ἡδύμελης, μέλιχος, μαρτίπλός.

Φωνήεις, εἰσᾶ, ἔν, vocalis: vocal, tuneful. Troad. 442.

Φώνημα, ἄτος, τὸ, sonus, sermo: sound, speech. (E. R. 324. SYN. Φθόγγος, φθέγμα, ἡχός, φωνή.)

Φῶρ, ὠρός, ὁ, fur: a thief. Apoll. 3. 1196. SYN. Κλέπτης, ληστής, κἀκούργος.

Φωρᾶ, ας, ἡ, furtum: a theft. Mosch. 7. 6. SYN. Κλοπή, κλέμα.

Φωρᾶς, furor; deprehendo: to steal; to discover. Nub. 499. Pa est longa in futuro, ut in δράσω, ὀράσω. SYN. Διέρευνᾶω, ἐκζητῶω, κἀτά-λαμβᾶω, ἐλέγχω.

Φωριᾶμος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, arcula: a small coffer. Πάρλοπατὸ φωριᾶμοισιν ο. 104. SYN. Χαριᾶμος (vox suspecta), κίσθητος, κίσθη.

Φωριός, α, ὄν, furtivus: clandestine. Ἀνίστατὸ φωριός ἐνὶ Theoc. 27. 67. SYN. Λάθραϊος, κρυπταῖος.

Φῶς, φῶδος. See Φωῖς.

Φῶς, ὠτός, ὁ, homo: a man. Hec. 865. SYN. see Ἄνθρωπος.

Φῶς. See Φῶς.

Φωσφόρος. See Φῶσις/μερότος.

## X.

Χάδης, ἡτός, ὁ, Chabes. Ευεργιῶς ἄρ' ἐστὶ που 'νταῦθ' ἡ Χάδης Vesp. 234.

Χάδω, Χάζομαι, 2. α. ἐχᾶδον, cedo; privo; Pros. Ler.

capio; contineo: to retire; to deprive; to take; to keep in. Χάζει' ἐπεὶ οἱ θυμὸς M. 407. SYN. Ἀναχάζω, ὑπὸχάζομαι, ὑπὸχῶω, χωρῶ, ἀπο-χωρῶ.

Χαῖνω, hisco; avide cupio: to gape; to desire eagerly. Τὸτ' ἐμοὶ χᾶνὸς εὐρεία χθδὼν Δ. 182. SYN. Χασκάω, χᾶσκω, ὑπὸχᾶνω.

Χαῖος, ου, ὁ, pedum: a crook. Καὶ ἐν χερί χαῖον ἔχουσα Call. fr. 125. 2. SYN. Κἀλαῖρος, κἀλαῖρος.

Χαῖος, aut Χαῖος, α, ὄν, probus: virtuous. Οὐτα γυναικ' ὀπωπᾷ χαῖωτέρων Lysist. 1157. SYN. Ἀγᾶθος, χρηστός, ευγενής.

Χαιρέφον, ὠντός, ὁ, Chærephon. Av. 1296. Χαιρηδόν. See Χάρμα.

Χαιρητᾶδης, ου, ὁ, Chæretades. Καὶ τὴν Φι-λόδορῳ τὴν τε καὶ Χαιρητᾶδου Eccles. 51.

Χαιριδῆς, οἱ, Chæridis discipuli: the disciples or followers of Charis. Χαιριδῆς βομβηλῖος Acharn. 866.

Χαῖρις, ἰδός, ὁ, Chæris: a Theban musician. Ὅτ' ἐδὴ παρέκνυψέ Χαῖρις ἐπὶ τὸν ὄρθιον Acharn. 16. See above.

Χαῖρω, f. χαίρω et χᾶρῶ, 2. a. pass. ἐχᾶρον, (2) imper. χαίρε, (3) particip. χαίρων, (1) gaudeo, valeo: to rejoice, to fare well; (2) salve: hail; (3) impune: with impunity. Phoen. 627. Χαιρήσεις Plut. 64. SYN. Ἡδόμεαι, τέρομαι, ευφραίνομαι, γήθημαι, ἐρῶσθαι φημί.

Χαῖτη, ἡς, ἡ, Χαῖτωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, juba; comæ: a mane; the hair. Alcest. 933. Sept. Th. 381. SYN. Πλόκαμος, ἔθειρα, κόμη, θρίξ, χαῖτωμα, λαχών. Ερ. Ἀμείρσια, κῶνεια, δαλέρᾳ, ξανθῇ, τῶμαῖς, ἀβρόπλοτος, ἀπᾶλη, λᾶσία, κῶνέχρους, ἐλκώδης, αὐχηρᾶ, εὐώδης.

Χαιτῆεις, ἡεσῶ, ἡν, jubatus, comatus: long-maned, hairy. Apoll. 2. 1241. SYN. Λαχρήεις, εὐκόμος, βάδουχαῖτης.

Χαῖτωμα. See Χαῖτη.

Χάλαζα, ἡς, ἡ, grando: hail. Καὶ χάλαζαν ἀσπένον Troad. 78. Ερ. Ψυχρὰ, νιφέλας, πικνὴ, κρήνερ.

Χάλαζω, tuberculis velut grandine coopertus sum (de sue dicitur): to be measly. Eq. 381. See above.

Χάλαζης, εἰσῶ, ἡν, grandinosus: falling like hail. Isthm. 5. 64. See Χάλαζα.

Χάλαινω. See Χάλη.

Χάλαρος, α, ὄν, laxus: loose. Σπρέφεται χᾶ-λάρᾳ κῶνιληδὼν Vesp. 1495. SYN. Χανός, ἀνεί-μενός, παρήμενός.

Χάλαω, f. ἄσω, Dor. -ᾶσω, et Χάλαίνω, laxo: to relax, to loosen, to give way. Μὴ τοὺς μασ-τοὺς χᾶλᾶσον Cycl. 55., answering to γενναῖον μὲν πᾶτερον. Hes. Scut. 308. SYN. Εκλῶω, ἀνιμῶ, ὑπέκω, ἐνδιδωμῶ.

Χάλεπαίνω, Χάλεπαίνωμαι, exacerbo; senio: to exasperate; to be indignant. Ἐγὼ δ' ἤρχον χᾶλεπαίνω B. 378. SYN. Ἀγᾶνκτω, νήμεσῶω, δυσχεραίνω, οργίζομαι, χιλλόμεναι.

Χάλεπός, ἡ, ὄν, sævus, durus, acerbus: savage, hard, difficult, harsh. Med. 1265. See above.

SYN. Σκληρός, δεινός, βάρύς, ἀπηνής, ἀργαλέος, ἀγριός, ὠμός.

Χάλεπτος, damno adicio: to injure. Ὅστις σὲ χᾶλέπτει δ. 423. SYN. Βλάπτω, κᾶζω, σίνωμαι, ἀδικέω.

Χάλεπός, molestus, difficulter, acerbus: hardly, with difficulty, harshly. Χάλεπός οργᾶς μετὰ-δάλλουσιν Med. 121. SYN. Αἰνῶς, δεινός, ἀγριός, σκληρός, βάρύς.



Χαλικήρης, ου, δ, ή, merus: unmixed. Πῦν χαλικήριον λαβόν μεθ' Apoll. 1. 473. SYN. Ακρατός and ον.

Χάλινος, οὐ, δ, plur. -οι, et χάλινά, τὰ, frænum, habena: a bridle, rein. Διόυν χάλινον τρύπανον κωπῆλατ' Cycl. 460. SYN. Ἡνία, στήμιον, ψάλλον, φίδος. Ερ. Λινδές, πύργινος, χρυσόπυξ, ἀργύρεος, δαμάσφρων, ἀκεστήρ. Χάλινωτήριον, ου, τὸ, retinaculum navis: a cable. Δισαί τε πρύμνας καὶ χάλινωτήρια Nec. 537.

Χάλιξ, ἱκός, δ, ή, silex; calx; cæmentum: a pebble; chalk; mortar. Χάλικας παράφωρει πηλὸν ἀπὸδὸς ὀργάσον Av. 840.

Χαλιφρόνειον, οντος, Χαλιφρων, ὄντος, cui mens laxata est, imbecillus: feeble-minded, weak in understanding. Καί τε χαλιφρόνουντα ψ. 13. τ. 530. SYN. Μάταιφρων, παράφρων, ηλιθίος, ἄφρων, μωρός.

Χαλιφρόσυνη, ης, ή, animi imbecillitas: weakness of understanding. Οὐ γὰρ τὴ χαλιφρόσυναν γέ μ' ἐχουσιν π. 310. SYN. Ἀφρόσυνη, παράνοια, ἀνοία.

Χαλιφρων. See Χαλιφρόνειον. Χαλκάρματος, ου, δ, ή, æreo curru vectus: riding in a brazen chariot. Pyth. 4. 155. See Ἀρμά, ἄτος.

Χάλκασπις, ἰδός, æreum clypeum gestans: brazen-shielded. Herc. F. 791. See Ασπίς, ἰδός.

Χαλκήγχης, ἔδος, ærea hasta utens: having brazen spears. Troad. 143.

Χάλκειος, Ion. pro Χάλκεις, et Χαλκήϊος, α, ὄν, æreus: brazen. A. 629. Phœn. 1378. Χαλκήϊα πελάτ' ἀρχὴς γ. 433. SYN. Χαλκιδέτης, στέρεος, ισχυρός.

Χαλκῆλατος, Χαλκήλατος, ου, δ, ή, et Χαλκήρης, ἔδος, ære ducto factus: plated with brass. Χαλκῆλατ' ἐπέκει Olymp. 7. 66. Ran. 959. Δ. 469.

Χαλκεμβόλας, ἄδός, æreo rostro armatus: brazen-beaked. Μὴ μοι ναῶν χαλκεμβόλων Iph. A. 1320.

Χαλκεντής, ἔδος, æreis armis utens: having brazen armour. Nem. 1. 24.

Χαλκεῖθωρηξ, -κῶρηξ, ηκός, et Χαλκεῖθωραξ, ακός, æreo thorace utens: having a brass breastplate. Δ. 448. Aj. 179. See Θώραξ, ακός.

Χαλκεῖμιττω, ὄρος, Χαλκεῖμιττης, ου, æream gestans mitram: having a brazen mitre. Troad. 273. (See Μίττος. Sed hic locus conjecturis valde vexatur.) Nem. 10. 170.

Χαλκεῖπλος, ου, δ, ή, æreis armis indutus: clad in brazen armour. Helen. 692. SYN. Χαλκεντής, χαλκιδότης, χαλκιδευχτής, χαλκιδώρηξ, χαλκιδίτων, χαλκιδνήμις.

Χάλκειος. See Χάλκειος. Χαλκεῖφωνός, Χαλκεῖφας, ου, vocem æream habens: brazen-voiced. E. 785. C. C. 1046. SYN. Μὲγαλφωνός, εφωφός.

Χάλκευμά, ἄτος, Χαλκῖον, ου, τὸ, ærea catena; quicquid ex ære confectum est: a brazen chain; any thing made of brass. Choeph. 572. Τὸ χαλκῖον ὡς τάχος ἀγει Theoc. 2. 36. SYN. Χάλκευμά.

Χάλκειος, ἔως, δ, faber ærarius: a brazier. Pax 480.

Χαλκεῖον, Χαλκεῖον, ex ære fabrico: to form out of brass, to be a brazier. Τὴ χαλκεῖον ἢ ναυπηγεῖν Plut. 513. Eq. 467.

Χαλκεῖον, ὄρος, δ, fabri ærarii officina: a

brazier's shop. Βῆ δ' ἔμεν es χαλκεῖον (trissyll.) Δ. 273. SYN. Χαλκεῖον.

Χαλκήϊος. See Χάλκειος. Χαλκήλατος, Χαλκήρης. See Χαλκεῖλατος.

Χαλκιδέες, ων, οί, Chalcidenses: the people of Chalcis. Οὐκ ἐστὶν ὅπως ου Χαλκιδέας ἀφιστάτον Eq. 238. See below.

Χαλκιδικός, ή, ὄν, Chalcidicus: of Chalcis. Χαλκιδικός δ' αὐτῆμαρ Call. 4. 46.

Χαλκιδεύς, ου, δ, ή, æream domum habens (Epith. Minervæ apud Spartanos): having a brazen house or temple. Helen. 245. See Χαλκιδότης. SYN. Χαλκίνας, χαλκιδόπλος.

Χαλκιδόν. See Χάλκευμά. Χαλκιδότης, ης, ή, Chalciope. Χαλκιδότης ἱέρων Call. 4. 161.

Χαλκίς, ἰδός, ή, Chalcis: a city in Eubœa. Χαλκιδά τ' ἀρχαῖον B. 640. Ερ. Σπένδοπορβός.

Χαλκιδάρης, ἔδος, ex ære factus; ære tectus; ære armatus; bello strenuus: made of brass; covered with brass; armed with brass; warlike. Ἐμπύρα χαλκιδάρων ὀκτώ θάνατον Isthm. 4. 108, answering to ναυτιλίαὶ τὴ πορθῶν ἀμύρασαι. SYN. Χαλκήρης.

Χαλκιδάρης, εἰς, ἔς, ære gravis, æreus: heavy with brass, made of brass. Ἰς χαλκιδάρης φ. 423.

Χαλκιδεῖτης, ἔδος, Χαλκιδεῖς, ου, δ, ή, qui æreis fundamentis insitit: with a brazen foundation, firm. Πῶτ' χαλκιδεῖτες δὴ ν. 4. Isthm. 7. 61.

Χαλκιδέας. See Χαλκεῖφωνός.

Χαλκιδεύς, ὄς, æreas aut ferreas genas habens: having brazen cheeks. Pyth. 4. 42. Ἦs brevis, ut in γένος.

Χαλκιδόλων, ὄς, æream habens cuspidem: brazen-pointed. Ἐπὶ μείλιν χαλκιδόλων ἐρεισθείς X. 225.

Χαλκιδάμας, αντός, δ, æs vel ferrum domans vel acuens: subduing or sharpening steel. Χαλκιδάμαν ἀκόναν Isth. 6. 108.

Χαλκιδεῖτος, ου, δ, ή, æreis vinculis ligatus: bound with brass. Sept. Th. 148.

Χαλκιδώραξ. See Χαλκεῖθωρηξ.

Χαλκιδνήμις, ἰδός, οcreis æreis armatus: brazen-greaved. Χαλκιδνήμιδες Ἀχαιοί H. 41. SYN. see Χαλκεῖπλος.

Χαλκιδόρυστης, οὐ, æreis armis ornatus: clad in brazen mail. Z. 199. SYN. see Χαλκεῖπλος.

Χαλκιδόρυνος, ου, δ, ή, ære circumstrepens, aut resonans; ex ære cusus: rattling with brass; cast of brass. Eq. 552. SYN. Χαλκιδόρυνος, χαλκιδόρυνος, χαλκήλατος.

Χαλκιδωτός, ου, δ, ή, æneum dorsum habens: brazen-backed. Troad. 1183.

Χαλκιδόπρως, Χαλκιδόπλευρος, ου, δ, ή, æreas habens genas: brazen-cheeked or sided. Κόρυθος διὰ χαλκιδόπρως ω. 522. Soph. El. 54. SYN. Χαλκιδεύς.

Χαλκιδεῖς. See Χαλκεῖλατος.

Χαλκιδόπλευρος. See Χαλκιδόπρως.

Χαλκιδόλητος, ἔδος, ære impletus: brass-nailed. Καὶ χαλκιδόλητος Δαυῖδον ὄρμην στράτον Eur. Sup. 1230.

Χαλκιδόλητος, ου, δ, ή, ære cusus: cast of brass. Soph. El. 484. SYN. Χαλκιδόρυνος.

Χαλκιδόπους, ποδός, æreos pedes habens: brazen-footed. C. C. 57.

Χαλκιδόπλος, ου, δ, ή, portas æreas habens: brazen-gated. Χαλκιδόπλος τὸ δὲ Τρόα Troad. 1102.

Χαλκός, οὐ, δ, æs: brass. B. 226. Ερ. Ἐρ-

θρός, εὐάνωρ, νόσφω, τὰμείσιχρος, ψυχρός, θεοπέσιος, τὰμείσιχρος, σκληρός, ἀπεχθής, αἰθοφ, σμερδάλεις, οἷος, πούτηρ.

Χαλκιδόπλος, ου, δ, ή, æreum os habens: brazen-mouthed. Aj. 17.

Χαλκιδεῖτος, ου, δ, ή, ex ære factus: made of brass. Iph. T. 99.

Χαλκιδεῖτης, ἔδος, ære armatus: armed with brass. Eur. Sup. 1009.

Χαλκιδότος, ου, δ, ή, æreum arcum habens: having a brazen bow. Nem. 3. 64.

Χαλκιδόρυνος, ου, δ, ή, qui æs perforat: brass-penetrating. Pyth. 4. 261.

Χαλκιδόπλος, ου, δ, ή, ære percussus vel factus: smitten or caused by brass. Κατὰ χαλκιδόπους ατρείλας T. 25. SYN. Χαλκιδόπλητος.

Χαλκιδόρυνος, ου, ære vel bello gaudens: delighting in brass or war. Pyth. 5. 109.

Χαλκιδόρυνος, ὄς, æream lorica habens: brazen-mailed. Λιπέ χαλκιδόρυνος Ἀχαιοί K. 287. SYN. see Χαλκεῖπλος.

Χαλκιδός, ære induo: to clothe with brazen armour. Olymp. 13. 123.

Χαλκιδόνειον, ου, τὸ, Chalcodonium: a mountain near Phœræ. Ὅρεος Χαλκιδόνειο Apoll. 1. 50.

Χαλκιδοντιάδης, ου, patronym. a (2) Χαλκιδόν, οντος, δ, (1) Chalcodontis filius: the son of Chalcodon, a king of Eubœa; (2) Chalcodon, Χαλκιδοντιάδης μεγάλθυμνος ἀρχὸς Ἀθάνων Δ. 464. See also Philoct. 489.

Χαλκιδοντίαι, ὄν, οί, Chalcodontidae: the Eubœans. Ἦν ταῖς Ἀθηναῖς τοῖς τὴ Χαλκιδοντίαις Ion 59.

Χαλκιδόων. See Χαλκιδοντιάδης.

Χαλκιδόμα, ἄτος, τὸ, æramentum: any thing made of brass. Vesp. 1209. SYN. Χάλκευμά, χαλκῖον, σκεῦος χάλκεον.

Χάλκεδικός, ή, ὄν, chalybe factus: made of steel. Τὸν δ' ἄτερ χάλκεδίκου Heracl. 162. See Χάλυν.

Χάλκεδός, ων, et Χάλκεδοι, ων, οί, Chalybes: a nation in Scythia, where iron is said to have been first found. Οὐκοῦτι Χάλκεδός οὐς φιλάζασθαι σέ χηρὶ P. V. 740. Εν Χάλκεδος δαμάσεις σὺ βίᾳ Alcest. 1001., answering to Οὐδ' ὅσα φοῖβος Ἀσκληπιάδαις. Ερ. Σιδηρότεκτονες, ἀνήμεροι, ου πρόσταστοι ξένοις.

Χάλκεδοι. See above.

Χάλκεος. See below.

Χάλυν, ὄρος, δ, et Χάλυνος, ου, δ, chalybs: steel. Κτίπων γὰρ ἀχὼ χάλυνος Pr. V. 134., answered by νείοι γὰρ οἰκονόμοι. Sept. Th. 726.

Χάμᾱδς, Χάμᾱζε, et Χάμᾱι, humi: on the ground. Αἰχμὴ χαλκείη χάμᾱδς βόμβησέ Π. 118. Med. 1167. Bacch. 623. SYN. Ἐραζε.

Χάμᾱζε. See above.

Χάμᾱι. See above.

Χάμᾱιγενής, ἔδος, æ terra ortus, terrigena: born of the earth, sprung from the ground. Αἰχλὴ κῦσις χάμᾱιγενέων ἀνθρώπων Hom. Hym. 5. 108.

Χάμᾱιεννάς, ἄδός, Χάμᾱιεννης, et Χάμᾱιενος, ου, humi cubans, humilis: lying on the ground. Οἷά σὺς χάμᾱιεννάς κ. 243. Π. 235. Trach. 1168. SYN. Χάμᾱικλινής, χάμᾱιέχης.

Χάμᾱιεννης: See above.

Χάμᾱιενος. See above.

Χάμᾱιενος, ου, δ, Charippus. Nub. 63. See Χάμᾱι in Χάμᾱι.

Χάμᾱιενος, ου, δ, Charippus. Nub. 63. See Χάμᾱι in Χάμᾱι.

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Χάμᾱιενος, ου, δ, Charippus. Nub. 63. See Χάμᾱι in Χάμᾱι.

Χάμαπότης, ἔδος, humi prociduous: falling to the ground, low. Bacch. 1100. See above.

Χάμενη, ης, Χάμενης, ἰδός, ή, stibadium humi stratum: a bed spread on the ground. Οὐδ' ἂν χάμενη πᾶν γέ κείριον ἔχων Av. 816. Ἀδελὰς σχολινοῖ χάμενισίον Theoc. 7. 133. SYN. Δέμνιον.

Χάμηλος, ή, ὄν, humilis, abjectus: low, ignoble. Pyth. 1. 46. See Χάμᾱι. SYN. Χθᾱμᾱλός, μικρός, ταπεινός, οντιδάνος.

Χανδάνω, capio: to hold, contain. Τὸ αἶ ἐν ἐχάνδανέ δεξιτέρᾳ χερὶ Theoc. 13. 57. SYN. see Χάζω.

Χανδών, ore hianti: with open mouth. φ. 294.

Χαννές, ων, οί, Chaones: a people of Epirus. Οἰδὲν τίς ἡμῶν τὰγῶν' ή τοὺς Χαννας Acharn. 613.

Χάος, ἔδος, τὸ, hiatus vastus; αἴθρ; chaos; inferna: a gulf; the air, atmosphere; chaos; hell. Διὰ τῆς πόλεως τῆς ἀλλοτρίας καὶ τοῦ χάους Av. 192. Pinn. see Aves.

Χάρᾱ. See Χάρμᾱ.

Χάραγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, scriptura impressa, insculpta; argentum cusum; morsus: an engraved character; a coin; a bite. Philoct. 267. See Χάρασσα. SYN. Δῆγμα, τίπος, χάρᾱκτηρ.

Χάρᾱδρα, ας, ή, terræ fissura, caverna; torrens: a ravine, cavern; a torrent. Χάρᾱδρας ὀλέθρον τέττοκίας (parœmiac) Pax 757. SYN. Διάρυξ, χεῖμαρρος, χάσμα. Ερ. Κόλην.

Χάρᾱδριος, ου, δ, avis flava que alveos torrentium habitat: a yellow bird which frequents ravines, a sea-lark. Οἱ χάρᾱδριοι καὶ τῶν πτόνι' ὄρεα Av. 1141.

Χάρᾱκτηρ, ἥρος, δ, nota impressa, forma, character, stylus: a mark impressed, character, style, form. Δεῦρος χάρᾱκτηρ καπίσμητος ἐν βροτοῖς Nec. 379. SYN. Χάραγμα, σημείων, τίπος, πρὸς. Ερ. Φανέρως, λαμπρός, χρηστός.

Χάραξ, ἁκός, ή, (2) δ, adminiculum vitis; sulcus: the prop of a vine; a furrow. Λάβοι' ἂν αὐτ' es χάρᾱκας ἐκᾶν τῆς δράκμης Pax 1263. SYN. Σταυρός, κᾱλᾱμός, τάρρος.

Χάρασσα, sculpro; formo; incido; exacerbo: to carve; to form; to cut; to anger. Νῶτον χάρᾱχελς κλῖμακας ῥᾱν φῶν Rhes. 73. SYN. Τύπω, ἐγκόπτω, γλύφω, δῆγω, οἶνω.

Χάρης, ἥτος, δ, Charis: an Athenian general. Acharn. 604. Χα videtur esse brevis ex χάρᾱ.

Χάριδωτης, ου, δ; Χάριδωτῖς, ἰδός, ή, gratias dator: a giver of grace or elegance. Χαῖρ' Ἐρμῇ χάριδωτᾶ Hom. Hymn. 17. 12. Orph. H. 8. 9.

Χάρις, εσσᾱ, ἐν, venustus, jucundus, doctus: graceful, pleasant, learned. Χάριεντᾶ γ' ἡκεις δᾱρὰ τῷ δέφ φῶν Plut. 849. SYN. Ἐπιχάρις, εὐτερπής, εὐτράπελος, ὠραίος, αὐτεῖος.

Χάριζμαι, gratificor, indulgeo, dono: to gratify, bestow a favour, oblige. Σὴ χάριζεσθαι φρένι Hipp. 1257. SYN. Χωρῶμαι, διὰδιδᾱμι, ἐπιτρέπω, συγχωρῶ.

Χάρικλῶ, οὐς, ή, Chariclo: the mother of Tiresias. Ὅθ' οὐχ ἀγείρῃ Χάρικλῶ Call. 5. 67.

Χάριππος, ου, δ, Charippus. Nub. 63. See Χάμᾱι in Χάμᾱι.

Χάρις, ἥτος, ή, gratia; beneficium; gratus animus; præmium; amicitia; benevolentia: grace; one of the Graces; benefit; H h 2

gratitude; reward; friendship; kindness. Διά μακροῦ γὰρ ἡ χάρις Hec. 320. Χάριν, propter: on account of. Κηλεῖω χάριν Ἐκτόρος O. 744. The names of the three Graces are contained in the line of Hesiod, Theog. 909.: Ἀγλαΐην τέ καὶ Εὐφροσύνην Θάλειν τ' ἐράτειν. SYN. Ἀγλαΐα, κάλλος, δωρεά, τιμὴ, φιλότης. EP. Μεγίστη, γλυκίστη, πατήρ, ἀχάριστος, ἀχάρις, ἀπληστός, ἀγῆρος, μέτρια, ὠμόφρογος, λγεία, ἀμῆτης, χάρωπος, φίλη, πόνηρ, ἀδικός; (plur. Gratiae) κάλα, λιπαρόκρηδεμοί, αἰδοίαι, βαθυζωνοί, εὐπλοκάμοι, καλλιπάρηοι, καλλικόμοι, κλειναί, ἀγναί, οὐδωδοτεται, ἰμερόφωνοι, ἡδύπνοοι, αἰδοίμοι, δεσπεσίαι.

Χαρίτογλωσσέω, lingua gratificor: to gratify with the tongue. Χαρίτογλωσσέειν ἐνὶ μοι φέρε γὰρ P. V. 302. See Blomf. SYN. Γλωσσόχαρτις.

Χάρμᾶ, ἄτος, τό; Χαυρδών, ὄνος, δ; Χάρᾶ, ἄς, Χαυρδών, ἡς, ἡ, gaudium: joy. Helen. 320. Acharn. 4. Ὅστις σ' ἐμπαλῆσαι χάρᾶς Phoen. 173. Herc. F. 384. SYN. Χάρμη, ἡδονή, τέρψις, γηθοσύνη, ευφροσύνη. EP. Ἡδύχον, καλλινικό, δεσπεσίον, λαμπρόν, γλυκὺ, ἀγλάον, ἐπιχάριον, ἡδύ, γηθοσύνη, ἀπρόν, γλυκερόν.

Χάρμη, ἡς, ἡ, gaudium; certamen: joy; a contest. H. 218. Pind. Ol. 9. 129. SYN. Χάρμᾶ, μῆχη. EP. Λεικῆς, οὐλόμην, φθισήνωρ, ἐμυρόντος.

Χαρμόνῃ. See Χάρμᾶ.

Χαρμόφρων, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, mentem exhilarans: soul-delighting. Ἐρμῆς χαρμόφρων ἐμυρόσᾶτο Hom. Merc. 127.

Χάρπός, ἡ, ὄν, lætus; cæsius; trux; glad; blue-eyed; savage. Ἄνδρες χάρποισι πιθήκοις Pax 1065. Χάρπός is also a P. N. B. 572. SYN. Πέριχαρις, γλαυκός, φιδέρος.

Χαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, dignus de quo lætemur, acceptus, jucundus: deserving of rejoicing, acceptable. Phoen. 627.

Χάρυβδις, ἑὸς, Ion. ἰός, ἡ, Charybdis, vortex marinus: a whirlpool on the coast of Sicily. Ἰππερόφρογμοι Χάρυβδι μ. 113. EP. Διᾶ, δεινὴ, σπιδόσῃ, ἀπηνής.

Χάρων, ὄντος, δ, Charon: the ferryman of Hell. Ψυχλομποῦς ἄν Χάρων Alcest. 371. EP. Νέκυοστῶδης, νέκροπομπός, στυγέρος, στυγνός, κάμιντων πορθμεύς.

Χασκάω, et Χάσκω, hio: to gape. Σὺ δὲ χασκάσεις τὸν Κωλάκρην Vesp. 692. Eq. 1029. SYN. see Χαίνα.

Χάσμα, et Χάσμημα, ἄτος, τό, hiatus, vorago: a gaping, gulf, chasm. Anacr. 2. 5. An. 61. SYN. Χάραδρα. EP. Δεινὸν, λυσσην.

Χασμάδμαι, hio: to yawn, gasp. Eq. 824. SYN. Χαίνω, ἀναχαίνω.

Χάσμημα. See Χάσμα.

Χάτω, et Χάτιζω, egeo; percupio: to want; to long for. Δυνάμει χάτεινι πέρ ἐμης O. 399. Heracl. 466. SYN. Χρήζω, δέδμαι, ἐπιθυμέω, ἐφίλεμα.

Χαυλίδων, ὄντος, exertos dentes habens: having prominent teeth. Κάπρος χαυλίδων Hec. Scut. 387.

Χαυνόπλιτης, ὄν, δ, civis superbia elatus: a puffed-up citizen. Μῆτ' εἶναι χαυνόπλιτας Acharn. 635.

Χαυνόποκτος, ὄν, δ, exoletus: a pathic. Acharn. 106.

Χαυνός, ἡ, ὄν, laxus; inflatus; levis: loose;

hollow, puffed up; light. Av. 819. SYN. Ἄερος, ἀπάλος, ὑπερήφανός, γλισχρός, μαύσος.

Χαυνώ, inflo; stolidie superbum reddo: to inflate; to render foolishly proud. Androm. 923. SYN. Φυσάω, ἀνιμῶ, ἐπαίρω, ὕψω.

Χαυνώσις, ἑὸς, ἡ, laxatio, demulcens adulatione: a fraudulent discourse, that softens the minds of the judges, and engages them to acquit a man lawfully accused. Nub. 873.

Χεζήτιω, et Χεσέω, cacaturio: to go to stool. Eccles. 313. Eq. 994.

Χεζήνικος, ἡ, ὄν, cactorius. Βάμμᾳ χεζήνικόν Pax 1176. See Brunck's note on this passage, and Markland, Eur. Sup. 1181. Zet est brevis, ad normam τοῦ Σαρδιακῶν proximè antecedentis.

Χέω, caco. Μὴ βδεῖτε μηδὲ χέε' Pax 151.

Χεῖᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, latibulum serpentis: a serpent's den, hiding-place. Ἐπὶ χεῖρὶ ὀρέστρος X. 93. SYN. Φωλέος, εἰλέος.

Χεῖλος, ἑὸς, τό, labrum: a lip. Ion 1199. SYN. Χέλυνη. EP. Ἄκρον, καθάρων, ἀπάλων, δρασὺ, βοδδέν, δολοφρόν, γλυκὺ, ἐπιδράτων, ἀνᾶλυν, γέμον πειθοῦς, ἐρεός δίδωνται.

Χεῖμα, ἄτος, τό, et Χεῖμων, ἄντος, δ, hyems; tempestas: winter; a storm. Androm. 883. Troad. 690. SYN. Χεμερία ὥρα, λαλαφ. EP. Ἄγριον, μέτριον, αἰνόν, ἀλγεῖων, νημεῖον, δόλον, λευγαλέον, πικρόν, δυσθαπέες.

Χεμεῖω, et Χεμαινω, tempestate vexo: to toss in a storm. Ὅλως ὡς χεμεῖται Ion 966. Pyth. 9. 57.

Χεμεῖρος, ὄν, δ, paxillus sub carina fixus: a peg placed under the keel, in a hole through which the bilge-water was discharged. Χεμεῖρον ἐξέρσας Hes. Op. 624.

Χεμερρός, Χεμερρός, et Χεμερρός, ὄν, δ, torrens: a torrent; adj. tempestuously flowing. Πόταμος χεμερρός ὥρ N. 138. A. 493. Bacch. 1082.

Χεμεῖρος, α, ὄν, hibernus; tempestuosus: wintry; stormy. Νίφε βάσαις χεμεῖρᾴ τὰ πράγματα Acharn. 1106. SYN. Ὀμβρός, νιφάδης, χεῖμωνόπιδος.

Χεῖμων. See Χεῖμα.

Χεῖμωνόπιδος, ὄν, δ, ἡ, hibernus: wintry, stormy. Χεῖμωνόπιδος βροντῇ στερρόπῃ τ' Aesch. Sup. 35. SYN. see Χεμεῖρος.

Χεῖομαι, capio: to contain. sc. 17. Hym. Ven. 253. SYN. Χωρέω.

Χεῖρ, χειρός, ποῖτ. χερός, ἡ, et dimin. Χεῖρδριον, ὄν, τό, manus; coria: a hand; force. Hec. 830. Μικκῶλᾶ μὲν τήνω τὰ χεῖρδριᾶ Mosch. Idyll. Amor. Fugitiv. SYN. Πάλαμ, δυνάμει, βοθήειᾶ. EP. Ἰκτοῖα, ἀπιδέμους, βρόττοια, λευσίμος, σύμμάχος, πολυφόνος, ὀρθνός, κοπήρης, βιαῖος, βάρβαρος, ἀσθενής, δούλη, πόνηρ, οὐκεία, ἀγνή, κᾶκη, κένη, ἀκρα, βᾶρεῖα, φίλη, ἀραία, μέση, ἀππτός, ἀπᾶλη, ἀτριπτός, ἀνδρόφονος, δεινὴ, κενεᾶ, στίβαρᾶ, ἐλᾶφρᾶ, ἀδανᾶτη, κατὰ πρηγῆς, πᾶχειᾶ, νεοῦτᾶτος, δρασείᾶ, ἀνιπτός, ἀμερρόσια, τολμήσοσᾶ, ἀλεξίκακός, φόνδεσᾶ, δολοσᾶ, ἀμᾶχος, λαμᾶτόμος, φιλόφεινός, ἀντιβίος, μισθόνος.

Χεῖραγωγεῖω, manu duco: to lead by the hand. Ἐρως χεῖραγωγεῖ Anacr. 174. 10.

Χεῖριος, α, ὄν, subjectus: subject. Βωρὸς ἥδε χεῖρια Androm. 411. SYN. Τῆσχεῖριος, q. v.

Χεῖρις, ἰδός, ἡ, manica, manus involucrem:

a sleeve, glove. Χεῖριδός τ' ἐπὶ χερσίν ω. 229.

Χεῖροδᾶκτος, ὄν, δ, ἡ, manu cæsus: slain by the hand, slaughtered. Χεῖροδᾶκτητᾶ σφάγι' αἰμώβῃ Αἰ. 219.

Χεῖροδεκτός, ὄν, δ, ἡ, manu ostensus, manifestus: pointed out by the hand, manifest. CE. R. 901. SYN. Ἐκδηλός, φανέρως, κατὰδηλός.

Χεῖροδίκης, ὄν, δ, qui jus potentia sua metitur: one whose right depends on his own power. Hes. Op. 187. See Δίκη. SYN. Πάνουργός, βιαῖος.

Χεῖροδράκων, ὄντος, manus serpentibus armatus habens: dragon-handed. Χεῖροδράκωντες χροῖτᾶ μέλαινα Eur. I. 1341.

Χεῖρομακτρών, ὄν, τό, mantile; capitis involucrem muliebre: a towel; a female head-dress. Sapph. 61.

Χεῖροπληθής, ἑὸς, manum implens: filling the hand, large. Χεῖροπληθὴ τέ κόρυνην Theoc. 25. 63.

Χεῖροποιεῖμαι, manu facio: to manufacture. Χεῖροποιεῖται τὰδε Trach. 893. SYN. Διαπράσσω, χειρουργέω.

Χεῖροτέων, ὄντος, qui manibus est longis: long-handed or clawed. Batrach. 288.

Χεῖροτέχνης, ὄν, Χεῖροναξ, ακτός, δ, opifex: a handicraftsman, mechanic, artist. Τῶν χειροτέχνων (anap. monom.) Plut. 617. Eur. fr. Phil. 6. SYN. Δημιουργός, τέκτων, τέχνηεις, χειουργός.

Χεῖροτέχνικός, ὄν, δ, opifex callidus: a clever artist. Vesp. 1276. See Τέχνη.

Χεῖροτέρως, See Χεῖρων.

Χεῖροτύνω, protensa manu eligo: to elect by stretching out the hand. Eccles. 797. SYN. Ψηφίζομαι, ἐκλέγω.

Χεῖροτύνω, α, ὄν, porrecta manu eligendus: must be voted for. Eccles. 266.

Χεῖροτύνος, ὄν, δ, ἡ, sublati manibus: with uplifted hands. Sept. Th. 158.

Χεῖρομαι, manuum viribus supero; tracto: to subjugate; to handle. Troad. 854. SYN. Τητόσσω, κράττω, δαμάω.

Χεῖροτέρως, See Χεῖρων.

Χεῖρων, Χεῖρων, Χεῖροτέρως, Χεῖροτέρως, α, ὄν, pejor: worse. Heracl. 329. A. 114. O. 513. M. 270. SYN. Ἡσσω, ἐλάσσω, τάπεινότερος.

Χεῖρων, ὄντος, δ, Chiron: one of the Centaurs, the tutor of Achilles. Iph. A. 209. EP. Δικαιότατος Κενταύρων, φιλά φρονέων, σάφρων, φιλοφρόνως, πέλοριός, δεῖος.

Χεῖροναξ. See Χεῖροτέχνης.

Χεῖρωνασία, See Χεῖρουργία.

Χεῖρωνίδες, ὄν, αἰ, Pelion: a mountain in Thessaly, so called from Chiron who resided there. Καὶ αἱ Χεῖρωνίδες ἀκραί Call. 4. 104.

Χελιδόνιον, ὄν, τό, chelidonia: celandine, or swallow-wort. Κωαῖον τέ χελιδόνιον Theoc. 13. 41.

Χελιδών, ὄντος, δ, hiranlo: a swallow. Χελιδόνων μουσεῖα Eur. fr. Alem. 2. 2. EP. Φίλη,

ἐτησία, μολούσᾶ, λγύρα, λαλός, Κέκροπτις, πριή. Ριν. Ἀγνώτᾶ φωνὴν βάρβαρον κεκτημένη.

Χέλυνη, ἡς, ἡ, labrum superius: the upper lip. Τὴν χέλυνην ἐσθίων Vesp. 1078. SYN. see Χεῖλος.

Χεῖλος, ὄντος, ἡ, chelys; pectus: a shell; the breast. Παρὰ τὴν χεῖλος ἐπὶ τῶν οὐδόντων. SYN. Λύρα, κιδάρα. EP. Ἐράτεινῃ, ἀσπασία, ἐράτῃ, χοροῖτοπος, δρεῖα, δαῖτος ἐταίρη, χρυσέα.

Χελώνη, ἡς, ἡ, testudo: a tortoise. Vesp. 1283. EP. Λιθόρρινος, κράταιρωνος, μαρμαῖρα.

Χεῖρας, ἑὸς, ἡ, et Χεῖράδος, ἑὸς, τό, acervus parvorum lapidum: a heap of pebbles. Βωμὸν δ' αὖ χεῖράδος πᾶρηνήνεν Apoll. 1. 1123. Pyth. 6. 15. SYN. Αἰδᾶς. EP. Παμφόρος.

Χεῖροτέρως, et Χεῖρων. See Χεῖρων.

Χεῖριάρης, ὄν, qui aliquid manu aptat: hand-fitting, expert. Ὅσοιᾶ χεῖριάρη Pyth. 5. 47., answered by μακρόπιδος ὅς ἐχει.

Χερμάδιον, ὄν, τό, et Χερμάς, ἑὸς, ἡ, lapis missilis: a missile stone. Χερμάδιον γὰρ βαλὶτο Δ. 518. Bacch. 1085. SYN. Λίθος, λίθας. EP. Μεγά, ἀνδραχθές, ἀκροῦν, σκληρόν, στύνον, ἀλγεῖων, δδόν.

Χέρνης, ἡτός, Χερνήτης, ὄν, δ, et Χερνήτης, ἑὸς, ἡ, manuum labore vivens; pauper: living by manual labour; poor. EP. Χερνήτης δόμοις Eur. El. 207. P. V. 922. Τὴν χερνήτη ἀληθῆς M. 433.

Χερνήτης, et -νήτης. See Χέρνης.

Χερνίσιν. See Χερνίς.

Χερνιπτομαι, manus lavo; aqua lustrali adsperso: to wash the hands; to sprinkle with lustral water. Iph. T. 623.

Χερνίς, ἑὸς, ἡ, et Χερνίσιν, ὄν, τό, aqua qua abluntur manus; aqua lustralis (vid. Stanl. ad Choeph. 123. and Athen. 9. 409.): water for washing the hands; lustral water. . . οὐν δίγους ἀν χερνίσιν Orest. 1619. Χερνίσιν ἀμφιπόλος Ω. 304. EP. Πηγαῖος.

Χερσόνησος, i. q. Χερσόνησος, q. v. Epigr. Adesp. 142. citatum a Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp.

Χερσόνηκτος, ὄν, δ, ἡ, manu impactus: struck with the hand. Χερσόνηκτος δ' ἐν στένοις πέσονται Αἰ. 631.

Χερσόνησος. See Χερσόνησος.

Χερσαῖος, α, ὄν, terrestris; in terra continente: terrestrial; continental. Sept. Th. 64. EP. Χθονοστήτης, γαῖῆς, χερσοῖδης.

Χερσεῖω, in sicco constituo; incultus sum: to place on land; to be uninhabited. Eur. fr. Polyid. 1. 3.

Χερσιδάμας, ἑὸς, δ, Chersidamas. Χερσιδάμαντᾶ δ' ἐπειτᾶ Λ. 423.

Χερσονήσος, α, ὄν, Chersonesus: of the Chersonese. Τῆδε Χερσονήσις Hec. 33.

Χερσονήσος, αὐτὴ Χερσονήσος, ὄν, ἡ, Chersonesus: the Chersonese, a peninsula. Ek Χερσονήσου Eq. 262.

Χερός, ὄν, δ, ἡ, sterilis: barren. CE. R. 1502. Χερός, γῇ being understood, is used as a subst. in the sense of land, or continent. Hipp. 148. Iph. T. 885., &c. SYN. Ἐρημός, ἐρηδός, ἀκαρπός, ἀνήροτος.

Χερρόδιον. See Χεῖρ.

Χεσεῖω. See Χεζήτιω.

Χεῖμα, ἑὸς, τό, fluentum: a stream. Eur. fr. Dan. 10. 2. SYN. Πεῖμα, βέος, βόη, χόη. EP. Πόταμιον, ἀμερρόσιον, βαθύν, ἀκράτων, ἀνααῖδες.

Χεῖω. See Χέω.

Χέω, Χέω, f. χέωσσω, 1 n. ἐχέω et ἐχέω, fundo: H h 3

to pour. Δάκρυ' ἄν' οφθαλμῶν χέων Cycl. 404. Σημά τε οί χέουσα B. 222. Syn. Ἀποχέω, λείσω, εκχέω.

Χηλαργός, Dor. Χαλαργός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui est velocibus vel albis unguis: having rapid or white hoofs. Soph. El. 861.

Χηλή, ἡς, ἡ, ungula: a hoof. Phoen. 42. Syn. Ὀπλή, ὄνυξ. Er. Τετραδάμαν, φωνικο-σκελῆς, ομφησεσά.

Χηλῖνος, ἡ, ὄν, plexus: platted. Χηλῖνον ἄγγος ἔχον Anacr. apud Pollux. 7. 33. Syn. Χηλεντός, πλεκτός, βαπτός.

Χηλός, οὐ, ἡ, arca: a chest. Π. 228. Syn. Κίθωτος, κίστη, πυξίς. Er. Ἐρίπρεπής, περίκαλ-λῆς, πυκινή, δαυδά, κάλη, δουράτεια, εὐξέστη.

Χην, χηνός, ὁ, ἡ, anser: a goose. Av. 521. Er. Αργή, πέλωρος, ἡμέρος, δουλιχόδερος.

Χηνάδωπής, ἐκός, δ, vulpanser: a brent goose. Κορυβός Φιλώκλει χηνάδωπής Θεάγειο Av. 1295.

Χηνείος, α, ὄν, anserinus: of a goose. Eur. fr. Cress. 9. 4.

Χηράδος, οὐ, ἡ, latibulum, lustrum ferarum: a lurking-place, cavern, lair. Περὶ χηραίων εἰλισσονται Apoll. 4. 1452. Syn. Φωλεύς, χασ-μημά, χασμά. Er. Κουάη.

Χηρεῖω, viduus sum; solitarius vagor: to be deprived or destitute; to wander in solitary places. (E. R. 479. Syn. Σπάνιζω, ενδής, ὀρφανός, ἐρημός εμῖ.)

Χήρος, α, ὄν, viduus: bereft, widowed. Alcest. 875. Syn. Ορφάνος, ἐρημός.

Χηροσύνη, ἡς, ἡ, viduitas: widowhood. Χη-ροσύνη πόσις Apoll. 4. 1064. Pnn. see Pers. 133—139, and 537—545.

Χηρός, viduo, privo: to make a woman a widow; to render desolate, to deprive. E. 642. Syn. Ερημός, κένω, εκπορεύω, στερῶ.

Χηρωσός, οὐ, δ, hæres orbi: the heir of one who dies childless. E. 158. Hes. Th. 607.

Χήτος, ἐός, τὸ, indigentia: want. Arat. 1152. Syn. Χητισύνη, σπάνις, ἐνδία.

Χόμαλος, ἡ, ὄν, humilis: low. Σκόπελον χόμαλότερον μ. 101. Syn. Τάπεινος, χάμαι-πέτης, οὐδαῖς.

Χθές, et Εχθές, heri: yesterday, lately. Vesp. 242. Antig. 456. Syn. Τῇ πρότερά.

Χθέςινος, et Χθίζος, ἡ, ὄν, hesternus: of yes-terday. Vesp. 281. (Ἰνός, as in ἡμέρινός.) Apoll. 4. 1436.

Χθίζος. See above.

Χθονιάφορος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, in terram dilatus: borne to the ground. Eumen. 817. Sed Wellauer legit divisim χθονί ἀφορον (χθονί ἀφορον).

Χθονίος, α, ὄν, terrestris; inferus: earthly, of the earth; under the earth, infernal. Ένθεν τίς ηχά χθονίος ὡς Βροντή Διός Hippol. 1196. Syn. Ἐπιχθονίος, χθονοστήης, κατάχθονίος, ὑποχθό-νιος, ἐπιγείος.

Χθονοστήης, ἐός, terram calcans; terrestris: earth-treading, earthly. Ἀρρήτ' οὐρανιά τε καὶ χθονοστήη E. R. 301.

Χθονοτρέφης, ἐός, a terra nutritus: fed by the earth. Agam. 1379.

Χθον, χθονός, ἡ, terra: the earth, the ground. Hec. 6. Syn. see Γῆ. Er. Διᾶ, πολυθεύειρά, βασιλειρά, ευρύθειρά, αρχιτάδης, τρηχεῖα, πότνια, ολβιότατος, εὐκαρπῆς, ευρύχορος, βιδωρός, γλα-φίρα, καρποτόκος, βάδοντερος, δύστηνός, ἱέρα, ανθοκόμος, ευελείδος.

Χιδρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, novellum tritici granum: a

young grain of wheat. Τοῖς ἀγροκόισιν γὰρ ἡσθῆ χιδρὰ καὶ σωτηρία (troch. tetram.) Pax 595. Sed nec hic l. nec Eq. 803. nativum quanti- tatem primæ determinant.

Χίλιος, αἰ, ἡ, mille: thousand. Εἰσὶν γὰρ πῶλεις χίλια αἰ νῦν Vesp. 707.

Χιλιάς, ἄδός, numerus millenarius: a thousand. \*Εξ χιλιάσιν κοῦπω πλείους Vesp. 662.

Χιλιάρχος, οὐ, δ, qui mille viris præest: com- mander of a thousand men. Χά χιλιάρχος Δα-δάκης πηγή δόρος Pers. 309.

Χιλιόναυς, ἔως, ad mille naves pertinens: of a thousand ships. Εἰλέ' σ' ὁ χιλιόναυς Ἑλλάδους ὡκίς Ἄρης Androm. 106.

Χιλιοναύτης, οὐ, ad mille naves pertinens: of a thousand sailors. Χιλιοναύτα μυριάτευχος Iph. T. 141.

Χιλιόπαιλα, jamdudum: a thousand years ago. Καὶ χιλιόπαιλα καὶ προπάλα παλαιά Εἰ. 1155.

Χιμαῖρα, as, Χιμαῖρος, οὐ, ἡ, (1) capra: a she- goat; (2) in fabulis, Chimæra, bestia monstrosa: the Chimæra. Πρόσθ' ἔλεον ὀπίθεν δὲ δράκον- μέσση δὲ χιμαῖρα Z. 181. Ευχὴν ποιήσασθαι χι- μάρων εισαίριον Eq. 658. Syn. Αἰξ. Er. (1) Πῖον, τέρευνά, (2) πύρηνδος, δεινή, μέγαλη, πό- δωκης, κράτερ, πνεύσῃ ἀμαμάκετον πύρ, τρί- σάματός, ἀμαμάκεττα.

Χιμαῖρος. See above.

Χιμέτλαν, οὐ, τὸ, pernio: a chilblain. Vesp. 1167. Διήφσ' ἐπὶ ποσὶ χιμέτλαν Nicand. Θ. 682.

Χιωνόελπτος. See Χιωνόκτιπτος.

Χιωνόσκακος, Χιωνότροφός, οὐ, Χιωνόθρεμμαν, ὄνός, nive nutritus vel nutritus: nourishing or nourished with snow. Æsch. Sup. 568. Phoen. 815. Helen. 1322. See Χιών, ὄνός.

Χιωνόθρεμμαν. See Χιωνόσκακος.

Χιωνόκτιπτος, Χιωνόελπτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, nive ob- rutus: snow-pelted. Aj. 695. Nub. 269. See Χιών, ὄνός. Syn. Νιφθόλας.

Χιωνότροφός. See Χιωνόσκακος.

Χιωνόχρας, ὠτός, qui est niveo colore: snow- white. Helen. 216. See below.

Χιωνώδης, ἐός, nivibus oppletus: snowy. Τὴν χιωνώδη Θρήκην κατέχει Hec. 79. Syn. Νιφθός, δυσχείμερος.

Χίος, α, ὄν, Chiensis: of Chios. Ἴων δ Χίος δσπερ Pax 835.

Χίος, οὐ, ἡ, Chios: an island off the coast of Ionia. Ἡ ὑπὲρθε Χιόδ γ. 172. Er. Αμφιρύτη, νήσων λίπαρότατη, παιπαλοεσά.

Χίτων, ὠνός, δ, ἡ, dimin. Χιτώνιον, οὐ, τὸ, et Χιτωνίσκος, οὐ, δ, tunica: an under-garment, tunic. Μάλακον δ' ἔνδον χιτώνια Lysist. 48. Av. 946. Syn. Φάρος, εσθής, εσθημά, δώρας. Er. Σιγᾶλδεις, ἀεικέλιος, αἰμάτεις, διπλαξ, εὐνητός, κάλδος, λαῖνος, μάλακος, νηγάτεις, πορφύρεος, βαπτός, ῥιπδων, ῥωγᾶλδός, τεμύδεις, ἐπιμοιβός, νεκτάρεις, εὐκλωστός, στρεπτός, στίλβων ἑλαίρ.

Χιτώνη, ἡς, ἡ, tunica, epith. Diane: robed. Ἐπακτῆρας τὴ χιτώνης Call. 1. 77.

Χιών, ὄνός, ἡ, nix: snow. \*Ὅτε περ τὴ χιών ἐπάλυνεν ἀρούρας K. 7. Syn. Νιφάς, νιφῆτος. Er. Ευκλή, κρύσεσά, ψυχρά, ἀπᾶλη, οἰεῖα.

Χλαῖνᾶ, ἡς, Χλαῖνις, ἰδός, ἡ, dimin. Χλαῖνιδίον, Χλαῖνισκίον, Χλαῖνισκιδίον, οὐ, τὸ, læna, palla: a thick cloak. Αμφὶ δὲ χλαῖνᾶν ἐξάσῃ' ξ. 529.

Φάλας χλαῖνδας στέφανος θριυος Vesp. 677. Στρωμάτων δὲ ποικίλων καὶ χλαῖνιδων καὶ ζω- πιδων Lysist. 1189. Ἐσυνόφραται Μεγάρεων τὰ

χλαῖνισκία Acharn. 518. Δούλοισι χλαῖνισκιδίων μικρὸν Pax 967. Syn. Πέριβόλη, εσθής. Er. Μελέα, ἀλεξάνεμος, κάλη, μάλα πυκνή, μέγαλη, μάλακῃ, πορφύρεα, φουκιδεσά, ἀπᾶλός, ἀνέμο- κέτης, ευκλή, τεμύδεις.

Χλαμῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, chlamys, paludamentum: a cloak, mantle. Lysist. 986. See below. Syn. see Χλαῖνᾶ.

Χλαμῖδηςφόρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, chlamyde indutus: wearing a mantle. Παντὰ χλαμῖδηςφόροι ἄνδρες Theoc. 15. 6.

Χλαῖνιδίον, Χλαῖνις, Χλαῖνισκίον, Χλαῖνιδίον, Χλα- νισκιδίον. See Χλαῖνᾶ.

Χλαῖνις, ἰδός. See Χλαῖνᾶ.

Χλαρός. See Χλαῖρος.

Χλαυῶς, jocor; irridico: to joke; to jeer. Ran. 378. Syn. Εμπαῖζω, ἐξαπάτω, κατὰγέλω.

Χλαυή, ἡς, ἡ, jocus, risus: jest, laughter, ridicule. Apoll. 4. 1726. Syn. Γέλως, γέλασμα, ὄνειδος.

Χλαῖρος, ἰδός, ὄν, tepidus: warm. Ἀγανῇ χλαῖ- ρον γέλασας Pind. Pyth. 9. 66, answering to πρὸλῖτων θυμὸν γυναικός; χλαῖ corresponding to the one long ἄν. Boeck. tamen legit χλαῖρον. Videas et Acharn. 972, ubi χλαῖ videtur longa, si conferas sequentes vs. Syn. Θερμός.

Χλαῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, mollis, luxuriosus: luxurious, wanton. Call. 497. See below. Syn. Ἄερος, τριφύρεος, εὐθρυπτός, ἀκλαστός.

Χλαῖνόςφορος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, delicatus pedes ha- bens: elegant-footed. Χλαῖνόςφορος χόρεναι Anacr. 6. 8.

Χλαῖνᾶ, luxui deditus sum: to be luxurious. Χλαῖνᾶ χλαῖνᾶς δὲδ P. V. 1008. Syn. Τριφᾶς, ἀερόνθωμαι, μάλακίζωμαι.

Χλαῖδ, ἡς, ἡ; Χλαῖδῃά, ἄτὸς, τὸ, delicia, luxus: delicacy, luxury, pride. Σὺν πολυχρόσῳ χλαῖδῃ Androm. 2. Iph. A. 74. Syn. Τριφῇ, μάλακεία, τὰ. Er. Κάρατόμος, βάρβαρος, παρθεῖνός, λουτρο- φύρος, πολυχρόσος, ὑπερπλουτός.

Χλαῖ, exulto: to exult. En τοῖσι σοῖς πύνοις χλοισιν μέγα Choeph. 131. Syn. Θρύπτωμαι.

Χλαῖ, ἄς, ἡ, herba viridis; viriditas: green grass; verdure. Hipp. 1134. Χλαῖ is also an epithet of Ceres. See Meurs. Gr. Fer. in Χλαῖα.

Syn. Βοτάνη, πᾶς, χόρτος, φύλλα. Er. Ραυκή, εἰλῆ, στέφανώδης, βοτρώδης, αθηρὰ, πύριμος.

Χλαῖρος, Χλαῖρος, Χλαῖρος, ἰδός, ὄν, et Χλαῖρης, ἰδός, ἡ, viridis: green, verdant. Phoen. 670. Ran. 559. Bacch. 107. Χλαῖρης ἀηδὼν τ. 518.

Syn. Θαῖρος, χλαῖροκόμος, ἀκμάζων, νέος, μά- λακος.

Χλαῖροτροφός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, herbas alens: grass- feeding. Δίρκας χλαῖροτροφὸν Phoen. 840.

Χλαῖρος. See Χλαῖρος.

Χλαῖροφόρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, virides herbas ferens: grass-producing. Phoen. 602.

Χλαῖος, οὐ, δ, viror; pallor: greenness; pale- ness. Apoll. 2. 1220. Syn. Ὀχρός, ωχροῦτης.

Χλαῖνης, οὐ, agrestis, asper: clownish, rough. I. 535.

Χλαῖνις, ἰδός, ἡ, testium exsectio: castration. Χλαῖνις ἡδ' ἀκρονία Eumen. 188.

Χλαῖρης. See Χλαῖρος.

Χλαῖραχην, ἑνός, viride collum habens: green- necked. Simon. fr. 158. Syn. Χλαῖρης.

Χλαῖρις, ἰδός, ἡ, Chloris. Καὶ Χλαῖρον (ῥιν longa per arsin) εἶδον περικαλλέα λ. 280.

Χλαῖροκόμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui viridi coma est: green-haired, verdant. Iph. A. 759.

Χλαῖρος. See Χλαῖρος.

Χναῖω, mando: to chew. Ανθρώκιος ἀπὸ χναῖων Cycl. 358.

Χνᾶ (melius Κνᾶ, vid. Blomf. Sept. Th. 141.), as, ἡ, axis extremitas: the extremity of the axle, or the axle. Sept. Th. 367.

Χνᾶζω, et Χνᾶω, lanugine obsitus sum: to be covered with down. Μέγας χνᾶζων ἀρτί E. R. 742. Apoll. 2. 43.

Χνᾶς, α, ὄν, lanuginosus: downy. Χνᾶην ποιεῖ πάρεην Anacr. 29. 19.

Χνᾶς, οὐ, δ, lanugo; spuma: down; foam. Call. 2. 37. Syn. Ἰουλός, ἄφρος, λάχρη.

Χᾶνέω, fundo et liquo: to pour and melt. Καὶ χᾶνέει καὶ λαικᾶζει Thesm. 57.

Χᾶνη, ἡς, ἡ, et Χᾶνῶν, οὐ, τὸ, fornax: a furnace or forge. Thesm. 18. Φῦσαι δ' εν χᾶ- νοῖσιν Σ. 470. Er. Εὐστρητός, τρητός.

Χᾶς, οὐ, οἱ, pars festi apud Athenienses, quod vocabatur τὰ Διόνυσια εν Ἀλμαῖς. Acharn. 960.

Χᾶς, ἔως, δ, mensura liquidorum apud At- ticos capiens cotylas Atticas duodecim: a measure containing about 7½ gallons. Eq. 113.

Χᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, libatio: a libation. Heracl. 1040. Syn. Σπονδή, δῖοςία, κτερεῖα. Er. Κλητήριος, νεκρὸν ἀγωγός.

Χᾶρης, ἐός, aptus ad fundendum: fit for pouring. Iph. T. 961.

Χοῦξ, ἰκός, ἡ, choenix, mensura cotylas qua- tuor continens; plur. pedom vincula, &c.: a measure containing four cotylæ: plur. fetters, or the stocks. Ἡμῶν ἀποτίσιον κατέβησαν χό- νικα Eccles. 45.

Χοῖρας, ἰδός, ἡ, porcula; rupes e mari ali- quantum eminens: a little pig; a rock rising out of the sea. Χοῖράδος κοῖλον μύχον Androm. 1254. Syn. Πέτρα θαλασσία.

Χοῖρεος, et Χοῖρεός, α, ὄν, porcinus: of a pig. Ran. 341. ξ. 81.

Χοῖριδον. See Χοῖρος.

Χοῖρην, ἡς, ἡ, concha quædam marina: a shell used in voting. Μέτ' αὐ χοῖρηνς πέριελθῆν Vesp. 349. Syn. Κόγχη.

Χοῖρος. See Χοῖρος.

Χοῖροβλή, ἰδός, δ, stuprator: a profligate. Ὡ οὗτος οὗτος στυφιδᾶν καὶ χοῖροβλή Vesp. 1364. See Θάλασσα.

Χοῖροκμῆδον, οὐ, τὸ, hara: a pig-sty. Lysist. 1073. Syn. Σῦφῆος.

Χοῖροκτόνος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, porcos cædens: boar- slaying. Eumen. 283.

Χοῖροπώλης, οὐ, δ, porcorum venditor: a pig- seller. Acharn. 518.

Χοῖρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, dimin. Χοῖριδον, et Χοῖριον, οὐ, τὸ, porcus: a pig. Acharn. 764. Et δ' αὐ τοῖς χοῖριδίοις χαιρώ Vesp. 573. Τὰς ὑπᾶς τῶν χοῖριων Acharn. 705. Syn. Γρύλλος, ὄς, σὺς.

Χοῖραγείς, ἔων, οἱ, qui sunt e Cholargo, At- tico pago. Acharn. 855.

Χολᾶδες, ὠν, αἱ, intestina: the intestines. Χύντὸ χᾶμα χολᾶδες Φ. 181. Syn. Τὰ ἐντέρα, χολίξ.

Χολή, ἡς, ἡ, bilis, fel; ira: bile, gall; anger. Eur. fr. Scyr. 1. 3. Syn. see Χόλος.

Χολίξ, ἰκός, ἡ, intestinum crassum: the flitter tripe. Καὶ χολίξος νηίστρον τὴ καὶ γαστρός τῶ- μον Eq. 1175. Syn. see Χολᾶδες.

Χολλῆς, οὐ, δ, qui est e quodam pago Attico: who is of a certain Attic village. Acharn. 405.

Λι brevis, ut ki εν εκ Κωδικῶν quod versum iamb. terminat in Thesm. 620.

Χολοζύγης, οὐ, δ, Cholozyges: a nick-name H h 4



of Demostrotus. See Schol. in l. c. 'Ὁ δὲ οὐδὲν ἐχθρὸς καὶ μῆδ' ὀλοῦντος Lysist. 397.

Χόλος, ου, ὁ, bilis; ira: bile; anger. Med. 93. SYN. Χόλη, κόρος, ὀργή, μένος, μῆνις. Ερ. Μεγάς, δεινός, στυγερὸς, ἀπαστὸς, αἰπὺς, θυμολήγης, ἀγρίου, αἰνός, ἀνέκτος, ἀργαλὲς, δριμύς, κάκος, μέθυμον, χαλῆπός, πικρός, οἶος, πάλγ-κοτός, ἀλγύνειος, δασπλής, δύσας, ἐπισφάλλος, μανόμενος.

Χόλω, et Χάω, ad iram excito: to enrage. Troad. 737. A. 80. SYN. Οργίζω, θυμώ, πικραίνω.

Χόλος, η, ὁν, iracundus: angry. χ. 26. SYN. Πικρός.

Χόλρος, ου, ὁ, grumus concretus; granum, mica; cartilago: a lump; a grain, bit; a cartilage. Acharn. 521. SYN. Θρόμβος.

Χόρδευμα. See Χορδή.

Χορδένω, implico, confundo: to entangle, confuse. Eq. 214. SYN. Ἐπιπλέκω, κἀκονύτω.

Χορδή, ἥς, ἡ, et Χόρδευμα, ἄτος, τὸ, chorda; fardimen: a string; a kind of mince-meat. Anacr. 1. 7. Eq. 315. SYN. Νεῦρον, κithάρα, χόλας. Ερ. Διτάρω, εὐκείαδός, ὀρθός, σύμφωνος, λίγεια.

Χόρεα, as, ἡ, et Χόρευμα, ἄτος, τὸ, tripodum, saltatio: a dance, dancing. Phoen. 1280. Herc. F. 886. SYN. Ορχηστὺς, χόρος, ορχηθμός, ὀρχημά, χόροστασία, ορχημὸς, χόροιστία. Ερ. Βακχία, φίλη, ἱμερόεσσα, τερψινοῦς, ἐράτειν, ἀργυροῦς, παιδικόμος, πολυδελτικός.

Χόρευμα. See above.

Χόρευτός, α, ὁν, saltandus: must dance. Bacch. 320.

Χόρευτης, et Χόροιστίας, οὐ, ὁ, et Χόρευτῆς, ἴδως, ἡ, saltator: a dancer. Acharn. 443. Call. 4. 306. (See Χόροιστία.) Hom. Merc. 31. SYN. Ορχηστήρ, ορχηστής, ὀρχηστρία.

Χόρευτῆς. See Χόρευτης.

Χόρεμα, tripodum; choreis celeberrimo: to dance; to celebrate by a dance. E. R. 896. SYN. Ἀνάχορεμα, ὀρχέσμαι, βακχεύω.

Χόρηγος, choris praesum; choris sumptum praebere: to be choregus; to supply the expenses of the chorus. Acharn. 1152.

Χόρηγος, οὐ, ὁ, choregus: the master of the chorus, one who supplied the expenses of the chorus. Pax 1022. SYN. Χόροποιός, ἐξαρχός.

Χόρικος, ἡ, ὁν, ad chorum pertinens: choral. Νίκην ἢ χόρικων Eq. 586.

Χόριον, ου, τὸ, membrana quae foetum ambit; corium: the secundine; a hide. Χαλῆπὸν χόριον κύνά γεύσαι Theoc. 10. 11.

Χόροδιδασκάλος, ου, ὁ, qui chorum docet: the teacher of the chorus. Eccles. 804. See Διδασκάλος.

Χόροδής, ἔδος, choreis adsuetus: used to the dance. Hom. Hymn. 18. 3.

Χόροιστία, as, ἡ, saltatio, tripodum: a dance. Χόροιστίαν ἱστοῖται Ω. 261. SYN. See Χόρεα.

Χόροιστίας. See Χόρευτης.

Χόροιστίας, ἔδος, saltationibus vehementer gaudens: passionately fond of dancing. Thesm. 970. See Μανίας.

Χόροποιός, οὐ, ὁ, chori magister, chorum ducens: a former or leader of the dance. Χόροποιον μᾶκρ' ἦσαν (two ionic a minore) Ran. 353. SYN. Χόροδιδασκάλος, ἡγέμων χόρου, χόρηγος.

Χόρος, οὐ, ὁ, chorus, chorea: a chorus, com-

pany, dance. Androm. 1256. SYN. Χόρεα, χόροιστία, χόρευμα. Ερ. ἱμερόεις, ὁσῶς, καλλιομορφός, γύναικος, παννυχίδος, κρυφαῖος, κικιλίος, παρθένιος, αἰθέριος, ὑμνοδόχος, εὐκείαδός, ἥδως, λιγυφώνος, γαμήλιος.

Χόροστασία, as, ἡ, chorea: a dance. Οὐδ' ὁμοῖον νυμφῶν οὐδὲ χόροστασία Call. 5. 66. SYN. See Χόρεα.

Χορτάω, gramine pasco; saturo: to feed with grass; to fill. Pax 139. SYN. Βόσκα, παινῶ, κῶρηννυμι.

Χόρτος, ου, ὁ, fœnum, cibus; septum: grass, hay, forage, food; an inclosure. Alcest. 511. A. 773. SYN. Περὶφραγμά. Ερ. Χάδερὸς, μᾶλακός, εὐδενδρός.

Χορφέλτης, ου, ὁ, qui choro debetur: due to the Chorus. Lysist. 1319.

Χραίνω, superficiem rei tango; adlino, fuceo; pollio: to touch the surface of a thing; to besmear; to pollute. Ἀστὺ κἀγὼρὰς χραίνων κύκλον Orest. 910. SYN. Μιάνω, μολύνω, βάπτω, χρίω, χρώννυμι.

Χρασιμῶ, Χρασιμω, auxilior; defendo: to assist; to drive off. A. 120. Apoll. 2. 218. SYN. Βοηθεύω, ἀρτήγω, φιλῶσσο, ἐπικουρέω, συναλαμῶναι, ῥύθμαι.

Χράω, leviter saucio: to wound slightly. E. 138. SYN. Ἐπιζῶ, καθάπτωμαι, δίγω.

Χρῶ, oraculum edo, vaticinor; do utendum; cum impetu adgredior; in med. oraculum consulo; mutuo accipio; utor, tracto: to deliver an oracle, to prophesy; to lend; to assault; midd. to consult an oracle; to borrow; to use, to treat. Σοὶ δ' οὐκ ἐχρησέν οὐδὲν Hec. 1250. Στιγερὸς δὲ οἱ ἐχρᾶ δαίμων E. 396. Συναμῶσαι χρώμεθα Hippol. 97. SYN. Θεσπιζέω, μαντεύομαι, δεσπίζω, δανείζω, εισβάλλω, ἐφορῶμαι, εισπίπτω, δανείζομαι, διαχράομαι.

Χρεα, as, ἡ, Χρεῶ, et Χρέω, ὁς, ἡ, utilitas; necessitas, fatum; oraculum: use, want; necessity, fate; an oracle. Ἀλλὰ τίς χρεα σ' ἐμοῦ Hec. 962. A. 341. K. 43. SYN. Ὀνησις, ἐνδεα, ἀνάγκη, χρεὺς, μόρος, χρησμός.

Χρεῖος, α, ὁν, utilis; indigus: useful; in want. Eur. fr. Androm. 16. 3. SYN. Ωφέλιμος, πένης, χρήσιμος.

Χρεῖος, ἔδος. See Χρεῖος.

Χρεῶ, oraculum edo: to deliver an oracle. Ὡς γὰρ οἱ χρεῶν δ. 79. SYN. See Χρῶ.

Χρεῶ. See Χρεῶ.

Χρεῶς. See Χρεῖος.

Χρεμῆτις, et Χρεμίζω, hinnieo: to neigh. M. 51. Hes. Scut. 348. SYN. Φριμάσσομαι, φριάσσομαι.

Χρεμῆτις, οὐ, ὁ, hinnieus: a neighing. Equit. 550. SYN. Φριγαῖμα.

Χρεμίζω. See Χρεμῆτις.

Χρεμῶμαι, excreo: to expectorate. Thesm. 388. SYN. Ἀποπτῶμαι.

Χρεμῶλος, ου, ὁ, Chremylus. Χρεμῶλος πειλοτήν' ἐξάπτης ου πειθόμεναι Plut. 336.

Χρεῖος, Χρεῖος, ἔδος, Χρεῶς, Χρεῖως, τὸ, debitum; beneficium; fatum; oraculum; desiderium: a debt; benefit; fate; oracle; a longing. Hec. 880. Χρεῖος A. 635. Χρεῖος D. 355. legit Eustathius: sed alii χρεῖος. Quod ad χρεῖος Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Phryn. Ecl. 172. et Fischer. ad Weller. Gr. Gr. 1. 397. SYN. Δανεισμός, τίκος, ὀφελήμ', μοῖρᾶ, ἐργόν, πράγμα, μάντευμα, χρεα.

Χρεῖος, ἔδος, ὀφελήμ', μοῖρᾶ, ἐργόν, πράγμα, μάντευμα, χρεα.

Χρεῖος. See Χρεῶ.

Χρεῶν, τὸ, indeclin., necessitas, fatum: necessity, fate. Eq. 138.

Χρεῶς. See Χρεῖος.

Χρη, oportet: it is proper or necessary, it behoves. Herc. F. 824. On the different governments of Δεῖ and Χρη, see R. P. Orest. 660. SYN. Δεῖ, χρεῶν, πρέπει.

Χρηδῶ. See Χρηζέω.

Χρηζέω, Ep. et Ion. Χρηζέω, Dor. Χρηδῶ, egeo; volo, peto; vaticinor: to want; to wish, beg; to prophesy. Τοῦ μακροῦ χρηζέω βίου A. 473. Χρηζέω σίτον δὲ καὶ p. 558. Χρηδῶν Acharn. 699. SYN. Δεῖμαι, πῶθω, ἀπῶρῶ, εἰατέω, βούλωμαι, λιπαρέω, χρησμοδέω, χρεῶ, χρεῖω, μαντεύομαι.

Χρημά, ἄτος, τὸ, res, negotium; plur. pecunia: a thing, affair, business; plur. money. Τὶ χρημά μαστεύουσά Hec. 742. SYN. Πράγμα, ἐργόν, ουσία, λήμμα. Ερ. Ἀπῶρῶν, φιλόψυχον, ἀναιμῶν, σφόν, σμικρὸν, σκαῖον, ἐχθρὸν, εὐδαιμόν.

Χρηματίζω, negotium gero: to manage, transact. Καὶ χρηματίζω πρῶτᾳ Thesm. 384. SYN. Βουλεύομαι, διδασκάλω, πραγματεύομαι.

Χρηματόδότης, ου, ὁ, pecuniæ divisor: an awarder of money. Sept. Th. 726.

Χρηματόποιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui pecunias comparat: money-getting. Καὶ χρηματόποιον κοῦτὲ τὰπῶρ' ἔφη Eccles. 441.

Χρησίμος, α, ὁν, utilis: useful. Ὡς ἔχει τὶ χρησίμον Iph. A. 446. SYN. See Χρηστός.

Χρησμάλλω. See Χρησμοδέω.

Χρησμοδέω. See Χρησμοδέω.

Χρησμός, οὐ, ὁ, oraculi responsum: an oracle. Phoen. 420. SYN. Χρησμοφῶν, χρησμοδότης, μαντεῖον, χρησμοδότης, δεσποπῶν, μάντευμα, δεσποπῶν. Ερ. Τελεσφόρος, πάλαιος, σεμνός, ἀρήτος, εὐτέκνος, σάφης.

Χρησμοδότης, ἡ, ἡ, oraculum; inopia: an oracle; want. Χρησμοδότην τρύχεσκ' Apoll. 2. 475. SYN. (1) see Χρησμός, (2) ἀπῶρῶ, ἐνδεα, πένια, χρεα.

Χρησμοδέω, Χρησμοδότης, vaticinor: to prophesy. Eq. 815. A. V. 992.

Χρησμοφῶν, α, ἡ, vaticinatio: prophecy. Εὐξέμελῆτος ἡ χρησμοφῶν P. V. 800. SYN. See Χρησμός.

Χρησμοφῶς, Χρησμοδότος, ου, ὁ, vates: a soothsayer. E. R. 1199. Pax 1094. SYN. Θεσπιφῶς, μάντις, δεσποπῶν.

Χρησπῆδός, α, ὁν, fatidicus: prophetic, oracular. Τριπῶδ' ἄν χρησπῆδον Ion 1319.

Χρησπῆδον is used in the neuter gender to denote the place where an oracle is delivered; an oracle; and a victim. Med. 665. SYN. Μαντεῖον, ἱερεῖον, χρησμός.

Χρηστός, ἡ, ὁν, utilis; bonus; stultus; vilis: useful; good; foolish; abject. Hipp. 382. SYN. Χρησίμος, ἀφελίμος, ἀγᾶθος, ἥδως, εὐθής, ἐπικεύς.

Χρηστότης, ηὶος, ἡ, probitas: probity, goodness, virtue. Eur. Sup. 882. SYN. Ἀρετή, φιλόφροσυν.

Χρηστῶς, probe: honestly, well. Eccl. 638. SYN. Κᾶλός, ἥδως.

Χρίμα, ἄτος, τὸ, unguentum: ointment, unction. Χρίματ' ἡ μὲν κατὰ φιλεῖ Call. 5. 16. See Blomf. not. Agam. 93. SYN. Ἀλειψίς, ἀλοιφή, ἀλειψά, μύρον, μύρωμα.

Χρίπτω, ψω, appropinquare facio; appropinquo: to bring near; to approach. Apoll. 3.

1285. SYN. Εγχερίπτω, πέλαζω, εγγίζω, ἐμπίπτω, προσβάλλω.

Χρίω, Ion. Χρίσκω, unguo; pungo: to anoint, besmear; to sting. Ἰὼν χρίσθαι χαλκήρεας a. 262. Apoll. 4. 871. SYN. Εγχερίω, ἀλειψά, ἀπάλειψω, κεντέω, νόσσω, πᾶρακινέω.

Χρῶα, Χροῖα, Att. Χροῖα, ἡ, color; corpus: colour; the body. Plut. 1020. Οὐ μᾶ χροῖα Cycl. 514. SYN. Βάφῃ, χροῖα, χρώς. Ερ. Χιδνέα, λευκή, εὐστοκτός.

Χροῖα et oia. See above.

Χροῖζω, tango summitatem; med. una cubo: to touch the surface of any thing; midd. to sleep with. Heracl. 915. Theoc. 10. 18. SYN. Χραίνω, συγκοιμᾶμαι.

Χροῖαδός, ου, ὁ, stridor: gnashing. Δεινός δὲ χροῖαδός γενέων Ψ. 688. SYN. Βρυγμός, ψόφος, κρότος, ἥχος.

Χροῖμῶς, ου, ὁ, Chromius. Ἀλάστορᾶ τε Χροῖμῶν τε Δ. 295. Ερ. Ἐθεῖδης.

Χροῖμῶς, ἴδως, ὁ, Chromis. Μυσῶν δὲ Χροῖμῶς ἥρχε B. 858.

Χροῖζω, longo tempore duro; moror: to last a long time; to delay. Αἰρεῖ χροῖζων δωμάτων ἐξώπιος Med. 624. SYN. Βράδυνω, διατρίβω.

Χρόνιος, α, ὁν, diuturnus; longo post tempore; serus: long; late; slow. Βεβαρῶσσαι χρόνιος ὡν ἐν βαρβάρους Orest. 479. SYN. Ἐπὶ χρόνιος, πολυχρόνιος, ὀψίμος, γλισχρός, βράδύς.

Χρόνιος, ου, ὁ, tempus; mora: time, a period; delay. Hec. 238. SYN. Καίρος, αἰών. Ερ. Πανήμεριος, μηνύτης, δεκάστροφος, πέπωμένιος, δαλέρης, ἀκάμας, θηρὺς, ὀλιγός, πόλις, παγκράτης, πάλαιος, ἐπικαίρος, ἀτέρμων, τάχυντος, γέρον.

Χροῖς. See Χρῶς.

Χρυσάμειδος, οὐ, ὁ, aurum alia pecunia mutans: changing gold with other money. (See Blomfield's Gloss. in l. c.) Agam. 426. See Χρυσός and Ἀμοιβός. N. B. For all these compounds see Χρυσός. SYN. Αργυράμειδος.

Χρυσάμειδος, ἡ, ὁ, aureis frænis insignis: adorned with golden reins. Χρυσάμεικός ἐντέν ἵππους Θ. 382. Χρυσήνιος Ἀρτίμῆς ἐκτα Ζ. 205. SYN. Χρυσόμειρος.

Χρυσανταγής, Χρυσανγής, ἔδος, auro resplendens: glistening with gold. Ion 889. E. C. 685.

Χρυσάσπης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aureum currum habens: having a golden chariot. Pyth. 5. 10. See Ἀρμά.

Χρυσάσπης, ἴδως, aureum clypeum gestans: having a golden shield. Παλλάδος χρυσάσπιδος Phoen. 1387.

Χρυσανγής. See Χρυσανταγής.

Χρυσάω, ὁρὸς, ὁ, Chrysaor. Ἐκδορὲ Χρυσάω τὲ μέγας Hes. Theog. 281.

Χρυσείος, ποῖτ. pro Χρυσέος, α, ὁν, aureus: golden. Χρυσείος ἥλοις πέταμένον A. 246. Med. 974. SYN. Χρυσήρης, ἀμφιχρυσός, πάγ-χρυσός, χρυσόδετος, χρυσόκλλητος, χρυσό-στρόφος, χρυσόδομητος, χρυσήλατος.

Χρυσέοδμητος. See Χρυσόδομητος.

Χρυσέοδμητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex auro factus: made of gold, golden. Choéph. 607. SYN. See Χρυσείος.

Χρυσόκυκλος, ου, δ, ἡ, aureum orbem habens: golden-orbed. Phoen. 180. See Κύκλος.

Χρυσόμαλλος, χρυσόμαλλος, ου, δ, ἡ, vellus aureum habens: having a golden fleece. Eur. El. 725. Orest. 993.

Χρυσόνωτος, χρυσόνωτος, ου, δ, ἡ, aureum dorsum habens: having a golden back, gilded. Eur. fr. Antig. 18. 1. Aj. 847.

Χρυσόπληγος, χρυσόπληγος, ηκος, aureum habens galeam: having a golden helmet. Hom. Hymn. 7. 1. Sept. Th. 102.

Χρυσόπληγος, ου, δ, ἡ, ex aureis staminibus contextus: interwoven with gold. Orest. 831. Syn. χρυσόπληγος, χρυσόπληγος.

Χρυσός, See χρυσεύς.

Χρυσόσανδαλος, χρυσόσανδαλος, ου, δ, ἡ, aurea sandala habens: having golden sandals. Τὸ χρυσόσανδαλον ἰχθυος Orest. 1473. "Ἡρης χρυσόπτερον α. 603.

Χρυσόστεφανός, χρυσόστεφανός, ου, δ, ἡ, aurea redimitus corona: wearing a golden crown. Ion 1085. Αἰδομένη χρυσόστεφάνου Hom. Hymn. 5. 1. Syn. χρυσόμεικτος, χρυσόμεικτος.

Χρυσόστολός, ου, δ, ἡ, auro ornatus: ornamented with gold. Pers. 164.

Χρυσότενκτός, χρυσότενκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, ex auro factus: made of gold, golden. Med. 980. Phoen. 227. Syn. χρυσόμεικτος, χρυσόμεικτος, χρυσόμεικτος, χρυσόμεικτος.

Χρυσότις, ου, δ, ἡ, ex auro confectus: made of beaten gold. Eur. El. 470. See Τύπος. Syn. see χρυσός.

Χρύση, ης, ἡ, Chrysa: a city in Phrygia. \*Os Χρύσην ἀμφιέβηκας A. 37.

Χρυσίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Chryseis. Κούρης χρυσίδος A. 111. Eur. Κούρη, καλλιπάρης.

Χρυσήλατος, ου, δ, ἡ, aureus habens sagittas: having golden arrows. Αρτέμιδος χρυσήλατος Π. 183. Syn. χρυσότατος.

Χρυσήλατος, ου, δ, ἡ, ex auro ductus: wrought of beaten gold, golden. Χρυσήλατος πόρπαισι Phoen. 60.

Χρυσήνιος. See χρυσάμιγξ.

Χρυσήρης, εὖς, ex auro fabricatus: made of gold, golden. Ion 1154. Syn. see χρυσός.

Χρύση, ου, δ, Chrysea. Τὸν Χρύσην ἠτίμησ' ἀρητήρα A. 11. Ep. Ἰέρεις Ἀπόλλωνος, γέρον.

Χρυσόν, dim. a χρυσός, q. v.

Χρυσός, ἰδός, ἡ, aurea vestis: patera; crepida: a golden robe; cup; slipper. Εξ ὕαλινον ἐκπομάτων καὶ χρυσίδων Acharn. 74. Syn. χρυσέα φάλη.

Χρυσόβαλός, ου, δ, ἡ, auri glebas habens: having golden soil. Rhcs. 918.

Χρυσόγυνη, ης, ἡ, Chrysogone. Theoc. Ep. 13. 2.

Χρυσόδαϊδαλος, χρυσόδαϊδαλος, ου, δ, ἡ, auro artificiose ornatus, auro variegatus: variegated with gold. Eccles. 965. (See Δαϊδαλός in Δαϊδαλός.) Iph. A. 219.

Χρυσόδετος, ου, δ, ἡ, auro ligatus: bound with gold. Rhcs. 379. Syn. see χρυσός.

Χρυσόζυγος, ου, δ, ἡ, aureum jugum habens: having a yoke of gold. Χρυσόζυγον ἄρμα Hom. Hymn. 30. 15.

Χρυσόθεις, ἰδός, ἡ, Chrysothemis: one of the daughters of Agamemnon. Χρυσόθεις ἐκ τῆ μητρός Soph. El. 326.

Χρυσόθρονός, ου, δ, ἡ, aureum thronum ha-

bens: having a golden throne. Παρὰ δὲ χρυσόθρονός "Ἡρα A. 611.

Χρυσόκερής, ου, δ, ἡ, aureum caput habens: golden-headed. Herc. F. 375. See Κερήν in Κέρ.

Χρυσόκέρως, ὠτός, aurea cornua habens: golden-horned. Helen. 381.

Χρυσόκόλλητος, et χρυσόκολλός, ου, δ, ἡ, auratus: gilded. Phoen. 2. Eur. fr. Palam. 4.

Χρυσόκομης, χρυσόκομης, ου, δ, ἡ, cui aurea est coma: golden-haired. Troad. 258. Χρυσόκομης ὦ Διὸς ἔρνος Phoen. 198. Anacr. 6. 2. Λητώ τε χρυσόκομῆς Hom. Apoll. 205.

Χρυσόλοχος, ου, δ, ἡ, auream lanceam habens: having a golden lance. Ion 9.

Χρυσόλοφος, ου, δ, ἡ, auream cristam habens: golden-crested. Lysist. 344.

Χρυσόλυρος, ου, auream habens lyram: having a golden lyre. Ζεὺς μέγαλόν μιν χρυσόλυρα τέ Thesm. 315.

Χρυσόμαλλός, See χρυσόμαλλός.

Χρυσόμηλιδόνητος, ου, τὸ, aureus scarabaeus: a golden beetle or chafer. Ἀνάβαιν' δὲ χρυσόμηλιδόνητος Vesp. 1322.

Χρυσόμεικτος, ου, auream habens mitram: golden-mitred. CE. R. 209. See Μίτρα. Syn. see χρυσόμεικτος.

Χρυσόνόμος, ου, δ, ἡ, dives: wealthy. Pers. 81.

Χρυσόνωτος. See χρυσόνωτος.

Χρυσόπαστός, ου, δ, ἡ, deauratus, auro pictus: gilded. Agam. 749.

Χρυσόπεδῖλος. See χρυσόπεδῖλος.

Χρυσόπτερος, ου, δ, ἡ, aurea veste indutus: clad in golden robe. Anacr. 150. See Πτερόν.

Χρυσόπληγος. See χρυσόπληγος.

Χρυσόπλοκάμῳ. See χρυσόπλοκάμῳ.

Χρυσόπτερος, ου, δ, ἡ, aureas alas habens: golden-winged. Ἴων δ' ὅρνευ χρυσόπτερον Θ. 398.

Χρυσόρδός, ου, δ, ἡ, aurifluus: flowing with gold. Bacch. 154.

Χρυσόρριτος, ου, δ, ἡ, i. q. χρυσόρδός, q. v. Ἀριμασπὸν ἱπποδάμῳ ὁ χρυσόρριτον P. V. 830.

Χρυσός, οὐ, δ, et dimin. χρυσόν, ου, τὸ, aurum: gold. Πόλον δὲ σὺν ἐμοὶ χρυσόν ἐκπέμπει λάβρα Hec. 10. Καὶ ταῦτά μ' οὐτ' ἀργύριον οὐτὲ χρυσόν Acharn. 1199. Ep. Ἀπύρτος, ἐχθιστός, ἐρίτιμος, τιμῆς, ενεργῆς, ἀφειδῆς, φεινός, ἐρῶν, ἀγλαός, δόλιος, κίβδηλος, πανδαμάτωρ, πικρός. P. N. Δεξιῶμα κάλλιστον βροτῶν.

Χρυσόστεφανός. See χρυσόστεφανός.

Χρυσόστρυφός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui auro torquetur: twisted or bent with gold. CE. R. 203.

Χρυσότενκτός. See χρυσότενκτός.

Χρυσότευχής, εὖς, aureis armis indutus: clad in golden armour. Rhcs. 336.

Χρυσόταξος, ου, δ, ἡ, arcum aureum habens: having a golden bow. Olymp. 14. 15.

Χρυσότριανός, ου, δ, ἡ, tridentem aureum habens: having a golden trident. Eq. 556. See Τριανῶ.

Χρυσόφαιενός, ου, χρυσόφαις, et χρυσόφαιης, εὖς, auro fulgens: golden-beaming. Anacr. 83. (See φαιενός.) Hipp. 1270. (See φάος.) Eur. fr. 10. 1.

Χρυσόφαης. See above.

Χρυσόφάλαρος, ου, δ, ἡ, aureas phaleras

habens: having golden trappings. Troad. 522. See φάλαρον.

Χρυσόφειγής. See χρυσόφαιενός.

Χρυσόφύρος, ου, δ, ἡ, aurum gestans: wearing gold. Hec. 150.

Χρυσόφύλας, ἄκος, δ, auri custos: gold-keeper. Δεσφῶς δ' ἐν τῷ χρυσόφύλακι τοῦ θεοῦ Ion 54.

Χρυσόχαιτης. See χρυσόκομης.

Χρυσόχάλινός, ου, δ, ἡ, aureum frænum habens: golden-bitted. Χρυσόχάλινον πᾶτάγον ψάλλον Pax 154.

Χρυσόχρῶς, aurum fundo: to fuse or melt gold. Plut. 164.

Χρυσόχρῶς, ου, δ, auri fusor: one who melts gold, a goldsmith. Lysist. 408.

Χρυσός, ου, aureo obduco: to gild. Acharn. 447. See χρυσός. Syn. see Κάταχρυσός.

Χρυσωιά, ἄρος, τὸ, vas aureum: a gold cup or vase, gold plate. Ion 1429. See χρυσός.

Χρυσωπός, χρυσωπός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, et χρυσωπός, ἰδός, ἡ, aureum vultum habens: gold-faced. Bacch. 553. Eur. El. 740. Thesm. 328.

Χρῶς, χρῶς, tango; coloro; polluo: to touch; to colour; to pollute. Phoen. 1641. Nub. 516. Syn. Μόλινον, ἀπύρτος, πρόσπτερον.

Χρῶμα, ἄρος, τὸ, color: colour. Eur. El. 521. Syn. Χρῶμα, χρῶμα.

Χρῶς, ὠτός, et χρῶς, ὠτός, δ, cutis; corpus; color: skin; body; colour. Χρῶς τέ συντέτῃ δὲ Med. 687. Μὴ τίς ἀψηται χρῶς Hec. 547. Syn. Διφθέρα, σῶμα. Ep. Μαλθακός, γέρον, φόνιος, λεπτός.

Χρωτίς. See χρῶς.

Χυλός, οὐ, δ, succus: juice. Φιλίας χυλῶ καὶ ξυγγάμῃ Pax 997.

Χυμίζω, sapidum reddo: to render tasty or agreeable. Αλκαῖος οἷπερ ἀμύναν ἐχέμιον Thesm. 169.

Χυσις, εὖς, ἡ, effusio; liquor: a pouring forth; a liquid. Πάτηρ τὰδ' ἐκχέουσα γὰρ πτόν χυσιών Choeph. 91. Syn. Ἐκχυσίς, κροῖνός, ἀπορροή.

Χυτλάς, ου, τὸ, aqua ad lavandum; oleum aqua mixtum; libatio: water to wash in; oil and water; a libation. Χυτλά τέ οἱ χέουντο Apoll. 2. 928. Syn. Ἐνθάγισμα, χυλῶ, ὑδρέλαιον.

Χυτλῶς. See χυτλάς.

Χυτός, et χωστός, ἡ, ὄν, fusus, adgestus: poured, piled up. Τεθνεῖα τὰ χυτὰ γὰρ κάλυπτοι Z. 464. Rhcs. 414.

Χύτρα, as, ἡ, χύτρος, ου, χύτρος, πῶδος, δ, dimin. χύτριδος, ου, τὸ, olla: a pot, pitcher. Τὴν χύτραν συντρίψετε Acharn. 272. Χύτρον τοι ταύτην τὸ κρέασι δῶ. Ariston. Epigr. a Stephano citatum. Μηδ' ἀπὸ χυτρίδων Hes. Op. 2. fin. "Ἰδωρ ὕδωρ ἐν χυτρίδι δερμαίνετε Acharn. 1138. Χύτραι καὶ χύτροι was the name of a part of the Athenian festival called Διόνυσια ἐν Λίμναις, and celebrated on the same day as the Χῶς. Acharn. 1040. Ran. 792. See above, at the word Χῶς. Syn. Λύπας, αργεῖον.

Χύτρεως, α, ὄν, fictilis: of pots. Lysist. 329. See above. Syn. Κερμήτις.

Χύτρεως, οὐν, i. q. χύτρεως. "Ὅτ' καὶ σὲ χύτρεως ὄντα δέον ἡγησάμεν Nub. 1457.

Χυτρίδιον. See χύτρα.

Χύτροι. See χύτρα.

Χυτρίπους. See χύτρα.

Χύτρεως. See χύτρα.

Χαλεύω, claudus sum; claudum facio: to be lame; to make lame. T. 37. Syn. Σκάζω, ὑποσκάζω.

Χαλῶποιος, οὐ, claudos faciens: making persons lame. Τὸν χαλῶποιον ὄν Ran. 869.

Χαλός, ἡ, ὄν, claudus: lame. Cycl. 630.

Χάμα, ἄρος, τὸ, agger: a mound. Hec. 221.

Συν. Πρόσχαμα, χῶς, τὰφρος, σωρός.

Χώννυμι, aut χωννύω, aggerem duco; sepelio: to heap up; to bury. Τυμῶς οὐ χωσθήσεται Iph. A. 1442. Ad χωννύω Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 179. See Δεικνύω. Syn. Τυμῶν, σωρός.

Χώρα, as, ἡ, locus; sedes; regio; solum; dignitas: a place; abode; country; space; office. Troad. 216. Syn. Χῶρος, γῆ, πῶδος. Ep. Ἰέρα, εὐδαίμων, εὐπτοῖς, ἑδῶς, νησαῖα, πόλιν, ὁδὸς.

Χωρεῖω, eo; cedo; capio: to go; to retire; to contain. Orest. 1695. Syn. Προσχωρεῖω, ἀναχωρεῖω, ὑπὸ χωρεῖω, ἀναχέωμαι, δέχομαι.

Χωρίζω, secerno: to separate. Χωρίζας τέκνον μόνον Hec. 757. Syn. Ἀποχωρίζω, διακρίνω, νοσφίζω.

Χωρίων. See χῶρος.

Χωρίς, prap. et adv., sine; seorsim: without; apart. Χωρίς τοῦτο κοῦ κοινῶν στρατῶν Hec. 848. Χωρίς φέσται δέων Hec. 2. Syn. Ἀμφίς, ἀνευ, ἀπ᾽ ἀνευθῆ.

Χῶρος, ου, δ, et dimin. Χωρίον, ου, τὸ, locus; regio; ager: a place; a country; land. Ion 286. Τὰ πῶδες χωρία χωρία Pax 282. Syn. Χάρα, τῶς, δῶκος, πῶδος, ἄρος. Ep. Ἐρημὸς, ἀερεπῆς, ἐρατός, ἐπίεργος, ὕλη, ψάμα, ὁδὸς, ἀριστός, κατὰ κρημνὸς, ὕλη, λευρός, οἰκός, διαμέτρους, πρῶτος, ὁδὸς, πόλιν, ἰμέρις, εὐδῶς, οφθαλμοί.

Χωστός. See χύτρος.

Χῶς. See χύτρος.

Ψάω, f. ἄρω, rado; susurro; trepido: to graze, sweep; to whisper; to tremble. P. V. 402. Syn. see ψάω.

Ψαιστόν, οὐ, τὸ, libum, placenta hordea oleo et melle confecta: a cake of barley. Plut. 1115.

Ψάκας, ψῆς, et ψέκας, ἄδος, ἡ, particula quælibet minima; ros; gutta: a small part, little piece; dew; a drop. Ἐνδον δ' ἀργύριον μηδὲ ψάκας ἢ πᾶν πᾶπαν Pax 121. Αἰματόστας δὲ ψάκας κατέχευεν ἐραεῖ Π. 459. "Ὅς ἀντὶ δίας ψέκαδ' Αἰγύπτου πέδον Hel. 2. Π. 459. Ψάκας, ἄδος, δ, is a P. N. Acharn. 1149. Syn. Δρόσος, στάγην, στάλαγμα, βάνις. Ep. Δῶ, ἀμείροισι, χεῖμα.

Ψάλλιστος, ου, δ, ἡ, forcipem in ore habens: having a mouth armed with scissars. Ψάλλιστος οὐστράκιδεροι Batrach. 286.

Ψάλλω, f. ξω, forcipe reseo: to clip. Θέλει λαβόν ψάλλω Anacr. 12. 3. SYN. Τέμνω, κείρω.

Ψάλλον, ου, τὸ, frænum: a bridle. Χρυσόχαλινον πᾶτάγον ψάλλον Pax 155. SYN. Χάλι-νος. ΕΡ. Πρῶχειρδν.

Ψάλλω, tango, carpo; fidibus cano; cano: to touch, graze; to play on a musical instrument; to sing. Pers. 1063. SYN. Φορμίζω.

Ψάλωδς, οὐ, δ, nervi pulsus; carmen: the twang of a string; a song. Herc. F. 1055. SYN. Μολπή, ἀοιδή. ΕΡ. Οἰφωφωδς, ἡδῶς.

Ψάμαθ, Ψάμαθεῖα, ἡς, ἡ, Psamathe: the wife of Proteus. Ψάμαθην ἐπειδὴ λέκτρ' ἀφικέν Αἰα-κού Helen. 7. Pind. Nem. 5. 23.

Ψάμβος, Ψάμβος, ου, et Ψάμμη, ἡς, ἡ, arena; litus: the sand, the beach. Ὡ ψάμβοι πάλι-τιδς ἀκτᾶς Hipp. 1124. μ. 243. Lysist. 1263. SYN. Ἀμᾶθος, ἀμᾶδς, ἀλγῆς, δίν. SYN. Κυάνεα, λευκοφάης, λευρά, πάρακτια, ἀκίμαντος, διψᾶς, ἀλία, λεπτή.

Ψάμβωδς, ἔδς, arenosus: sandy. Δία ψάμ-θωδῆς χώρον Hom. Merc. 75. SYN. Ἀμᾶθεις.

Ψάμμη, Ψάμβος. See Ψάμβος.

Ψάρ, Ion. Ψήρ, ρος, δ, sturnus: a starling. Τῶν δ' ὥστε ψάρων νέφδς ἐρχέται P. 755. Π. 583. On the orthography of ψάρ and ψήρ, see A. Gell. lib. 13. c. 19. ΕΡ. Τάνυσπτερός.

Ψάρδς, ἄ, δν, sturni colore, varius: of the colour of the starling, variegated. Τὸν ψάρδν ἱππὸν ἱππὸν οὐκ ἀκούετε Nub. 1225. SYN. Ποι-κίλδς.

Ψάω, tango: to touch. Pers. 207. SYN. Ψάω, συμᾶλλω.

Ψάρδς, ἄ, δν, squalidus, siccus: squalid, dry. Δουλιαν ψάρδρᾶ σποδῶ Sept. Th. 312., answered by δαμάτων στίγερᾶν ὀδόν. SYN. Ξηρδς, αὐχμηρδς, ἀνᾶλδς, ψάμβωδς.

Ψάραρδρῖχδς, δν, squalidos pilos habens: having squalid locks or wool. Ψάραρδρῖχᾶ μῆλ' ἐνδμεν Hom. Hymn. 18. 32.

Ψάραρδρῖχδς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui squalida est cute: having a parched skin. Rhcs. 712. See above.

Ψάω, attingo; tergo; rado; in tennes partes comminuo; mulceo: to touch; to wipe; to graze; to break to pieces; to stroke, soothe. Trach. 680. SYN. Ψάω, ψήχω, ψάρω, προσψάω, πρὸς-εγγίζω, λεπτύνω, διγγάνω, ψηλάφω.

Ψέγιος. See Ψωγέρδς.

Ψέγω, reprehendo, vitupero: to reprove, cen- sure. disparage. Alcest. 686. SYN. Μωμάμαι, λοιδορέω, μέμφομαι, ὑβρίζω, ἀτίζω.

Ψενδς, ἡ, δν, rarus habens pilos: thin-haired, nearly bald, bare. B. 219. SYN. Ψιλδς.

Ψεῦρδς, ἄ, δν, fallax: fallacious. Ψεῦρᾶι τρίβοι τ' ἐρώτων Æsch. Sup. 1050.

Ψέκᾶω, stillo: to drop, rain. Nub. 580. SYN. Στάλδσσω, βρέχω.

Ψέκᾶς, idem quod Ψάκᾶς, q. v. "Ψάκᾶς Ἀτ- τικᾶς, ψέκᾶς Ἑλληνικᾶς." Moeris Atticist.

Ψελλδς, ἡ, δν, balbus; obscurus: stammer- ing; obscure. P. V. 841. SYN. Δύσγνωστος, τραυλδς, μογιλάδς.

Ψευδαγγέλδς, Ψευδαγγέλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, nuncius mendax: a lying messenger. Av. 1340. O. 159. SYN. See Ψεύστης.

Ψευδάμᾶζδς, ὄδς, falsa crepans: falsely crackling. Τούτων τὸν ψευδάμᾶζδν Vesp. 325.

Ψευδαρτάβας, ου, δ, Pseudartabas. "Ἡκόμην Ψευδαρτάβαν Acharn. 91.

Ψευδάρῥαξδς, ἰδς, ἡ, vox ab Aristophane

confecta: "false orrache; met. a calumny." Σανκᾶ. Ἐγένεθ' ὅτ' αὐτοῦ ψευδάρῥαξδς πλέα Eq. 630.

Ψευδογῥῥῶ. See Ψεύδω.

Ψευδῆς, Ψυδῆς, ἔδς, falsus: false. P. V. 706. Καὶ τὰδ' οὐκ ἐρεῖς ψυδῆ Agam. 1056.

Ψευδοκῆρυξ, υκδς, δ, falsus præco: a false herald. Philoct. 1306. See Κῆρυξ. SYN. Ψεύσ- τῆς.

Ψευδόλογδς. See Ψεύστης.

Ψευδομαντῖς, ἔωδς, δ, ἡ, falsus vates: a false prophet. C. C. 1097. SYN. Ψευδοπρόφῆτης.

Ψευδομίτρος, ου, δ, ἡ, falso nitro mixtus: mixed with adulterated nitre. Ran. 712. See Νίτρον.

Ψευδομυμφεντός, ου, δ, ἡ, non re ipsa junctus in nuptiis: not really married. Helen. 883.

Ψευδοπάτωρ, πατρός, δ, falsus pater: a false father. Call. G. 99. See Πάτηρ.

Ψευδορκέω, falso juro, perjuro: to swear falsely. Eccles. 601.

Ψευδορκδς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui falso jurat: perjured. Med. 1389. SYN. Επιορκδς.

Ψεύδδς, Ψυδδς, ἔδς, τὸ, mendacium: a lie. Helen. 308. Ὡδν ἐστὶ μὴ ψεύδς Agam. 462.

SYN. Ἀπάτη, πλάνη. ΕΡ. Ἀτάσθαλδν, κερδαλέδν, πόλιδαδᾶλδν, ποικιλδν.

Ψευδοστούμειος. See Ψεύδω.

Ψευδοστούμειος, ου, δ, ἡ, falsus nominatus: wrongly named. "Ἡξεῖ δ' ὑβριστὴν ποτᾶμιν ου ψευδῶ- νύμον P. V. 742.

Ψευδωνύμδς, falso nomine: by a wrong name. P. V. 85. See above. SYN. Ψεύδᾶς, μάταλος.

Ψεύδᾶς, falso: falsely. Iph. A. 1005. SYN. Ψευδωνύμδς, μάταλος.

Ψεύστῶ. See Ψεύδω.

Ψεύστης, Ψευδόλογδς, ου, δ, mendax: a liar. Antig. 1195. Ran. 1569. SYN. Ψευδοφῥμδς, ψευδοκῆρυξ, ψευδαγγέλδς, ψευδῆς, φέναξ, ἀλά- ζων.

Ψέφηνδς, ἡ, δν, obscurus: obscure, dark. Pind. Nem. 3. 71. SYN. Σκοτεινδς, ἀφανῆς, ἀνώνυμδς.

Ψήγμᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, ramentum: a splinter, dust. Agam. 429.

Ψήκτρα, as, ἡ, strigil: a curry-comb. Hipp. 1169. SYN. Στεργγῖς, κτελς, ξύστρον.

Ψηλάφω, conrecto; perscruto: to feel, handle; explore. Εψηλάφωμῆν ἐν σκδτῶ τὰ πράγματα Pax 689. SYN. Αμφάφω, ψάω, ψάω, ψήχω, εξερευνάω.

Ψῆν, ηνδς, δ, enlex in caprificis pascens: a fig-gnat. Av. 590.

Ψηρίζω, rado; caprifico: to scrape; to hasten the maturity of figs. Eq. 521.

Ψῆρ. See Ψάρ.

Ψῆτᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, aut Ψῆσᾶ, rhombus; anas: a turbot; a duck. Ψῆτᾶ καὶ μὴν ἀρτί γε Lysist. 131.

Ψηρίζω, calculus computo; decerno: to calcu- late; to decree. Heracl. 142. SYN. Δορί- ζομαι, ἀνᾶτιθῆμι, κυρῶ, χειρόδνδω, ἐπαριθμέω, γνώμην τίθεμαι, ψῆρον φέρω.

Ψῆφδς, ἰδς, ἡ, lapillus; decretum: a pebble:

a decree. Ἰπὸ ψηφιδῶδς ἀπασι Φ. 260. SYN. Ψῆφδς.

Ψῆφισμᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, decretum: a decree. Av. 1041. SYN. Ψῆφδς, δόγμα, ψῆφδς.

Ψηφισμᾶτόπᾶλδς, ου, δ, decretorum venditor: a decree-seller. Ψηφισμᾶτόπᾶλδς εἰμί Av. 1037.

Ψηφδοποις, οὐ, δ, calculorum confector; ha- riolus: a maker of counters; a juggler. Ψηφδ- ποιδς εὐρέθδς Aj. 1135.

Ψῆφδς, ου, ἡ, calculus; suffragium: a pebble; a vote. Hec. 259. SYN. Ψῆφδς, λίθδς, λίθαξ, κρόκαλη, κρίσις, ψῆφισμᾶ. ΕΡ. Δυσμένης, φόνια, δοῖα, εὐσεῖσᾶτῆ, ἱερά.

Ψήχω, rado; delinio: to scrape; to stroke. Helen. 1566. SYN. Κατὰψήχω, ψάω, τρίβω, ξέω, θωπεύω, ψηλάφω.

Ψῆθδς, ου, ἡ, storea, teges: a mat, rug. Πόλα ψῆθδς μὴ μοιγῆ νῆ τὴν Ἀρτέμιον Lysist. 922. SYN. Φορμδς.

Ψῆς. See Ψάκᾶς.

Ψῆρῖζω, susurro: to whisper. Πλάτᾶνος πτελέα ψῆρῖζῃ Nub. 1008. SYN. Ψάρω.

Ψῆρῖσμᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, susurro: a whisper, a murmur. Ἀδὺ τί τὸ ψῆρῖσμᾶ Theoc. 1. 1.

Ψῆρδς, α, δν, susurrans, vituperans: whis- pering, calumnious. Τόλουδδ λόγου ψῆρδς πᾶσσαν Aj. 148. SYN. Ψῆρῖζω, ψῆρδς, λοιδορδς.

Ψιλδς, ἡ, δν, tenuis, merus, nudus, leviter ar- matus: slender, pure, naked, bare, light-armed. Ψιλδν δᾶκῆ δῆ οἱ σκήπτρον καὶ ἀεικέᾶ πήρην ν. 437. SYN. Γυμνδς, ψενδδς, λεπτδς, ἀσπλδς.

Ψιμῖδον, aut Ψιμῖθῖδν, aut Ψιμιθῖδν, aut Ψιμῖθῖδν, ου, τὸ, cerussa: white paint. Ἐγὼ δῆ κατᾶπέλασμεν ψιμιθῖν Eccles. 878. Κιρᾶ- μένῃν ὀλοῦ ψιμιθῖν ἡτῆ γάλακτι Nicand. A. 75. "Colligi potest primam fuisse longam, quod Æoles ψῆμιθον et ψημῖθιον dixerint. Contra veterum auctoritatem utramque syllabam cor- ripere non verti sunt recentiores poëtae. Ma- cedonius Anth. 2. 9. Ep. 8. et Ep. 9. Mh τούτων τὸ πρόσωπον ἅπαν ψιμιθῖν κατᾶπλαττε: et Καὶ ψιμιθδς τεύζει τὴν Ἑκάδην Ἑλένην." Hemst. ad Plut. 1064.

Ψιμῖθδς, i. q. Ψιμῖθῖδν, q. v.

Ψιτᾶ. See Ψῆτᾶ.

Ψιχᾶρᾶξ, ἄγδς, δ, nomen muris: the name of a mouse. Πατρδς δυστήνου Ψιχᾶρᾶγδς Batrach. 104.

Ψωγέρδς, Ψῆγιος, α, δν, ad reprehensionem proclivis: censorious. Pyth. 2. 100. Nem. 7. 102.

Ψωγδς, ου, δ, reprehensio: blame, censure. Phœn. 92. SYN. Ἐγκλημᾶ, μέμψις, δνειδδς, κἀτηγῥῖα. ΕΡ. Μῆγᾶς, πᾶλδς, σκότεινδς.

Ψωλδς, εσσᾶ, ἔν, ardens; fumidus: burning; smoking. Π. 536. SYN. Κἀπνῶδς, αἰθαλδς.

Ψωλόκομπᾶ, as, ἡ, fumosa seu vana jactatio. "Ἡσθην ἀπειλαῖς ἐγγέλασα ψωλόκομπᾶις Eq. 693. SYN. Μῆγᾶληγῥῖα, ἀλαζονεία, ἀλαζονεμᾶ.

Ψῶφῶ, strepitum edo; pulso (portam): to make a noise; to knock (at the door). Herc. F. 78. SYN. Ηχῶ, δουπέω, κτύπεω.

Ψῶφδς, ου, δ, strepitus: a noise. Ion 603. SYN. Ἀραγμδς, κτύπδς, δουπδς, θορύβδς. ΕΡ. Κένδς.

Ψῶφδς. See Ψευδῆς.

Ψυκτῖρδς, α, δν, refrigeratorius: refreshing. Ψυκτῖρῃ closes an iambic in Eur. fr. Phæth. 12. 1.

Ψάλλα, ἡς, ἡ, pulex: a flea. Καὶ ψυλλᾶν οὐδῆ λέγα σοι Plut. 537.

Ψῥία, as, ἡ, Psyrta: an island in the Ægean sea. Νησοῦ ἐπὶ Ψῥίης γ. 171.

Ψῑτᾶ (rectius Ψῑτᾶ, vid. Schol. Theoc. 4. 44., and Hesych. v. Ψῑτᾶτᾶ), heus: ho! Cycl. 49., ubi α eliditur, et ergo brevis est. SYN. Σῑτᾶ.

Ψυχᾶγωγῶ, animas duco; animam flecto; animam ago: to conduct souls; to charm; to be in the last agony. Av. 1554. See below. SYN. Πάρᾶμνῆδμαι, τέρπδμαι.

Ψυχᾶγωγδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, animas defunctas ducons (Mercurius), animam eliciens; recreans: leading the souls of the deceased, bringing forth a ghost; refreshing. Καὶ Ψυχᾶγωγῶις ορβῑάζοντες γῶιδς Pers. 693.

Ψυχή, ἡς, ἡ, spiritus, anima: breath, the soul, life, a ghost. Εὐχδς ἐμοὶ δάσων ψυχὴν δ' Ἄιδι κλυτὸπάλῳ Λ. 445. SYN. Πνεῦμᾶ, νοῦς, θυμδς, φῦσις, κῆρ. ΕΡ. Ἰφῖμυδς, φίλη, παρῆνδς, δικάα, σᾶρρῶν, ἀγάθῃ, δεία, φόνια, τλήμων, πτέρεσσᾶ, δοῖα, δύσμορδς, δίδειδῃς, τάλανα.

Ψυχομᾶκδς, οὐ, δ, animarum deductor: a conductor of the dead. Οὐδ' ὀνῖ κῶπη ψυχο- πομπδς ἄν Χᾶρων Alcest. 371. SYN. Ψυχᾶ- γωγδς.

Ψυχορᾶγῶ, anima mihi abrumpitur; sin- gultio: to struggle for life; to sob. Ψυχορᾶ- γοῦτᾶ καὶ κἀλῶντᾶ μητέρα Herc. F. 324. SYN. Ἀποψῶχω, ασπαίρω, ἀποθνήσκω.

Ψυχορᾶγῃς, ἔδς, qui animam agit, cui anima abrumpitur; singultans: struggling for life; sobbing. Εν τόκοις ψυχορᾶγῇς Iph. T. 1467.

Ψυχδς, ἔδς, τὸ, frigus: cold. Ψυχδς κρεί- ρων κατέλεξᾶτο κ. 555. SYN. Κρυμδς, κρύδς, βγῶς.

Ψυχρδς, ἄ, δν, frigidus; vilis; miser: cold; ignoble; wretched. Ὡ δ' αὖ θεογῆνς ψυχρδς ἄν ψυχρᾶς ποιεῖ Thesm. 170. SYN. Ἀπῆρδς, κρύ- ἐρδς, βγῖδς.

Ψυχρᾶς, frigide: coldly. Thesm. 170. See above.

Ψύχω, spiro, flo; frigefacio, refrigero: to breathe, blow; chill, refresh. P. V. 717. Φορῆς ἡ μαντῆ ψύχεται αὐτομάτως Epigr. ap. Suid.

SYN. Ἀναψύχω, παρᾶψύχω, φυσάω, πνέω.

Ψωλή, ἡς, ἡ, mentula: the foreskin. Lysist. 979.

Ψωλδς, οὐ, δ, verpus; titio: one that is cir- cumcised; a firebrand. Av. 507.

Ψωμίζω, pascio: to feed. Lysist. 19. SYN. Τρέφω.

Ψωμδς, οὐ, δ, frustum: a piece, crumb. ι. 374.

## Ω.

Ωρίων. See Ωρίων.

Ωρίωνειδς, α, δν, ad Orionem pertinens: of Orion. Isthm. 4. 83. See above.

Ωγύγῖα, as, ἡ, Ogygia: an island in the Me- diterranean. Νῆσδν ἐς Ωγύγῃην α. 85.

Ωγύγιδς, ου, δ, ἡ, Ogygius; antiquus: Ogygian; ancient. Ωγύγῖα δ' εἰς πύλῳμᾶθ Phœn. 1129. SYN. Αρχαῖδς, πάλαιδς, πάλαι- φᾶτδς.

Ωδῆ, 'νδλ, sic; hic: so, thus; here. Eq. 477.



385. Μιμούμενος καὶ τοῖν πόδῳ ὠδὶ παρέστα-  
λέων (vers. hipponact.) Plut. 291.

Ωδεῖον, οὐ, τὸ, Odeum: a musical theatre  
built by Pericles. Vesp. 1104.

Ωδὴ, ἡς, ἡ, ode: an ode, song. Phoen. 820.  
Syn. Αἰοδῆ, μουσά, ἱσμα, ὕμνος, ὕμνοδια. Ep.  
Εὐκλείδης, καλλινίκος, πολυχόρδος, ἀντιφάμιος,  
καλλιφθογγύς, μουσικόπλος, ἡδυσφόρος, Βουκόλική,  
Δεσποτία, λίγυρα, πένιμος.

Ωδί. See Ωδεῖ.

Ωδιν, mel. Ωδῖς, ἡ, dolor parturientis:  
the pang of a woman in childbirth, anguish.  
Nōn δευτέρων ὠδινᾷ τήνδ' λαμβάνει. Syn.  
'Αλγός, τόκος. Ep. Δαδραῖος, κρύβις, ἀπέρης,  
λόχια, οἰτίλεστος, κεραινίος, ἱέρᾳ, γόερᾳ.

Ωδινω, partus doloribus crucior; angor: to  
be tormented with the pangs of childbirth;  
to suffer anguish. Τὸ δ' ἐπὶ δισσὴν μῖαν  
ὠδιναν Hippol. 258. Syn. Αὐχένω, πάσχω.

Ωδῖς. See Ωδιν.

Ωδοῖος, et Ωδός, οὐ, δ, qui odas conficit,  
cantor: a composer of odes, a bard. Theoc. Ep.  
16. Heracl. 489. Syn. See Αἰοδός.

Ωδός. See above.

Ωδών. See Ωδιν.

Ωῶ, dico O! to cry oh! to lament. Vesp.  
1527. Syn. Αἰδῶ, οἰμῶ, φέζω, βῶα.

Ωῆ, heus tu: holla! oh! Phoen. 1083.

Ωῆω, Ωστίζω, trudo: to thrust, to urge.  
Phoen. 1472. Plut. 330.

Ωῖον. See Ωδιν.

Ωκᾶ, superl. ὠκιστά, celeriter: quickly.  
'Οσσα δ' ἄρ' ἀργέλος ὠκᾶ κατὰ πτόλιν ω. 412.  
χ. 77. Syn. Τάχᾳ, τάχως, τάχιστα.

Ωκάλεια, as, ἡ, Ocalea: a town in Boeotia.  
Kai Ωκάλειν πτόλιν γυρὼν Hom. Apoll. 243.

Ωκεάνη, ἡς, Ωκεάνης, ἰδός, ἡ, Oceani filia:  
a daughter of Oceanus. Τάνισφ' ὅροι Ωκεάνη  
Hes. Theog. 364. Apoll. 2. 1243.

Ωκεάνος, οὐ, δ, Oceanus: Oceanus, the ocean.  
Πάτρὸς Ωκεάνου δέρχομαι μ' ἰδεσθ' P. V. 143.  
Syn. Θάλασσα, πόντος, Ἀμφιτρίτη. Ep. Ταυρό-  
κρανος, ἀκαλαβέτης, ἀφ' ὁρδός, βάθυρβέτης,  
βάθυρβός, βάθυρβινος, κύανος, τέλεις, μέγα-  
κήτης, ευρύς, κλύτος, ευρύπυρρος.

Ωκιστά. See Ωκᾶ.

Ωκῖαλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, velox in mari: swift-  
sailing. Τὰς οὐ λῶθ' ὠκῖαλος νῆος μ. 182.

Ωκῖαλος is also a P. N. in S. 111. Syn. Ποντο-  
πῶρος, ὠκίπῶρος.

Ωκῖβλος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, celeriter feriens: swiftly  
striking. Philoct. 710.

Ωκῖβλητός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, velociter se movens:  
rapidly moving. Isthm. S. 6. See Δινέω in  
Δινέω.

Ωκῖθός, ἡ, δν, cursu celer: swiftly running.  
Eur. Sup. 1003.

Ωκῖμῶρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, brevis aevi; subitum  
exitum adferens: short-lived; suddenly destroy-  
ing. O. 441.

Ωκῖπῆτης, et Ωκῖπῆρος, οὐ, celeriter volans:  
flying quickly. Ωκῖπῆτα χρυσέοισιν (trisyll.)  
ἐβέλυσαν κύματα N. 24. 62. Syn. Ωκῖπῶρος,  
πῶδης, ὠκῖθός, ἡνέμεις, ὠκῖς, τάχως.

Ωκῖπλᾶνός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, celeriter vagans: quickly-  
wandering. Τὰς ὠκῖπλᾶνους πτέρων ἡμῶν  
Eur. fr. Pirith. 3. 4.

Ωκῖπῶνος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui cito punit vel ulciscit-  
ur: quickly-punishing. Sept. Th. 740.

Ωκῖπομῶρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, celeriter vehens: rapidly-  
conveying. Iph. T. 1428.

Ωκῖπῶρος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, celeriter transiens: quickly-  
passing. ε. 176. Syn. Ωκῖς.

Ωκῖπῶρος, πῶδης, pedibus celer: swift-footed.  
B. 383. Syn. See Ωκῖπῆτης.

Ωκῖπῆρος. See Ωκῖπῆτης.

Ωκῖρῶς, et Ωκῖρῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, celeriter fluens:  
quick-flowing. Τὸν τ' ὠκῖρῶν διάβας Αἰδῶν  
Baech. 561. E. 598.

Ωκῖς, εἰᾶ, ὅ, celer: swift. Ωκῖς ὥστε μ'  
ἐκφύγειν Baech. 444. Syn. Ωκῖπῶρος, τάχως,  
ὠκῖπῆτης, ὠδός, δρόμος.

Ωκῖτης, ἡς, ἡ, celeritas: swiftness, speed.  
Ωκῖτῆ' οὐχ ἡσσόνα Baech. 1079. Syn. Τάχῃ-  
της, δρόμος, τάχως.

Ωκῖτῆκος, α, δν, ad partus celeritatem con-  
ferens: contributing to a speedy delivery.  
Thesm. 441.

Ωκῖτῶκος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, celeriter pariens: quickly-  
producing. E. C. 689.

Ωλαξ. See Ωλεξ.

Ωλενη, ἡς, ἡ, ulna; brachium: an elbow;  
an arm. Androm. 887. Syn. Βράχιον, ἀγκῶν.

Ep. Φίλη, γράλα, ἀριστέρα, ἐνὸνιμος, δεξιά.  
Ωλενός, α, δν, Olenius: of Olenus, a city in  
Elis. Πέτρη τ' Ωλενίῃ B. 617.

Ωλενός, οὐ, ἡ, Olenus: a city in Elis. B.  
639.

Ωλεσικαρπῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, fructum perdens: fruit-  
destroying. Καὶ ἰταί ὠλεσικαρποὶ κ. 510.

Ωλεσῖοκος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, domum perdens: family-  
destroying. Sept. Th. 717. See above.

Ωλεξ, κῶς, pro Ωλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, sulcus: a  
furrow. Ωλαξ σ. 374. Schaf. in Steph. ed.  
Valpiana citat ad ὠλαξ Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 339.

Ωληστής, Ωμῶφῶρος, Ωμῶσιτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, et  
Ωμῶσῶς, ὠτῶς, crudivorus; sœvus: feeding  
on raw flesh; cruel. Antig. 697. Εὐκῶτες  
ὠμῶφάγοισιν H. 256. 'Ον ὠμῶσιτοι σκιδά-  
δς ἐθρῶντο H. 256. Baech. 338. Herc. F. 883.  
Syn. Ωμῶδῆκος, ἀπνήης, ἀγρίος, χιλεπῶς, ὠμῶ-  
θυμῶς, ὠμῶδῆκος.

Ωμῶγῶνος, οὐτῶς, cui cruda et viridis est  
senectus: vigorous though old. Ψ. 791.

Ωμῶδῆκος, εἶς, crudivorus; ferox: raw-  
devouring; ferocious. Ωμῶδῆκος σ' ἄγαν ἱμῆρος  
Sept. Th. 689., answering to καὶ μέμνος τέκνον  
μήτρί σέ. Syn. See Ωμῶστής.

Ωμῶδᾶμος, οὐ, δ, Omodamus, dæmonis nomen:  
the name of a demon. Ωμῶδᾶμόν δ' ὅς τῆδ' ἐπὶ  
τέχνῃ Hom. Hymn. 47. 10.

Ωμῶδρῶπος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, crude decerptus: pre-  
maturely plucked. Sept. Th. 324.

Ωμῶθῆτέω, crudum impono: to place raw.  
B. 424.

Ωμῶθυμῶς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, et Ωμῶφρων, ὄνός, animo  
crudeli: cruel-minded. Aj. 885. (See Θυμός.)  
Aj. 931. Syn. See Ωμῶς.

Ωμῶκράτης, εἶς, qui validis humeris est; ro-  
bustus: strong-shouldered; robust. Νῦν γὰρ ὁ  
δεῖνός μεγᾶς ὠμῶκράτης Aj. 205. Syn. Κράτῆρος,  
γενναῖος.

Ωμῶπλάτη, ἡς, ἡ, armus, scapula: the broad  
part of the shoulder, the shoulder-blade. Σὺν  
ὠμῶπλάτῃ μεγᾶν ὤμων Theoc. 26. 22. Syn.  
'Επωμῖς.

Ωμός, ἡ, δν, crudus, immaturus, crudelis:  
raw, unripe, premature, cruel. Hipp. 1259.

Syn. 'Αωρός, σκληρός, ἀγρίος, ἀπνήης, ὠμῶστής,  
σιδηρόφρων, ὠμῶφρων, ὠμῶθυμῶς, ὠμῶδῆκος.

Ωμός, οὐ, δ, humerus: a shoulder. Phoen.  
1411. Syn. Νῶτός, ἑκωμῖς. Ep. Ευρῆς, ἰφθί-

μός, στίθῶρος, φαδῖμος, ἀθανάτος, δεξιτέρως, ἀπει-  
ρης, βράχος, κυρτός, λευκός.

Ωμῶσιτος. See Ωμῶστής.

Ωμῶσπάρκτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, qui crudus adhuc  
discerpitur: torn to pieces raw. Ωμῶσπάρκτον  
πάρλαβῶν μετ' ἀχειρίσται ἡρηστώς (vers. hippo-  
nact.) Equit. 344.

Ωμῶτης, ἡς, ἡ, cruditas; crudelitas: raw-  
ness; cruelty. Ion 47. Syn. Σκληρότης.

Ωμῶτῶκος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, immaturus, immature pa-  
riens: premature, miscarrying. Call. 4. 120.

Ωμῶφᾶγός. See Ωμῶστής.

Ωμῶφρῶνος, crudeliter: cruelly. 'Ως ὠμῶ-  
φρῶνος δαίμων ἐνέξῃ Pers. 908. Syn. Ἀγρίας,  
χιλεπῶς, ὠμῶς.

Ωμῶφρων. See Ωμῶθυμῶς.

Ωνέμαι, emo: to buy. Plut. 140. Syn.  
Εξωνέμαι, ἀγοράζω.

Ωνῆ, ἡς, ἡ, emtio: a purchase. Cycl. 150.

Ωνῆτος, ἡ, δν, emtus, venalis: purchased, to  
be sold. E. R. 1123.

'Ωνός, α, ον, venalis: to be sold, saleable.  
Ep. Βοιωταῖς ὠνός Εἰ. 480.

'Ωνός, οὐ, δ, pretium: value, price. o. 462.  
Syn. Τιμή, ἀνῆ. Ep. 'Αξίος, δόσιτος, βιότησιος.

Ωον, dim. 'Ωῶν, ον, τὸ, ovum: an egg.  
An. 673. Πέπκοκαμένον ὠῶν εὐρῇ Sapph. fr.  
58. Arat. 956.

Ωπῆ, ἡς, ἡ, adspetus; color: sight; colour.  
Apoll. 3. 907. Syn. Ὀπωπῆ, ὄψις, πρόσοψις.

Ωρα, as, ἡ, cura: care. E. C. 386. See  
below. Syn. See Φρόντις.

Ωρα, as, ἡ, hora; tempus; occasio; pul-  
chritudo: an hour; time; the season; beauty.  
Σόντεν' ὥρα πῶδός ὀρμᾶν (parœmiac) Eur.  
El. 112. Syn. Καίρος, χρόνος, κάλλος. Ep.  
Εὐφρων, πόλιγῆθος, χρυσάμνυς, εἰρήνη, χειμέ-  
ρια, νέανις, τέτραμορφός, χριτεσσά, μάλακαίπους,  
εἰκαυρός, πῶθενι, γλῆκῆτάρθενός, πῶντι. Pinn.  
Κήρυξ Ἀφροδίτης ἀμρόσιον φίλότητον.

Ωραῖος, Ὀρικός, et Ὀρίος, α, δν, tempestivus;  
pulcher: seasonable; beautiful. Eccles. 696.

Ωρίστην ὠληφόρον Acharn. 271. 'Ωρίᾳ πάντᾳ  
γένοντο Theoc. 7. 62. Syn. Καίριος, εὐειδής,  
εὐμορφός, κάλῶς.

Ωρακῖαω, linquo animo: to faint. Ωρακῖας  
ον γὰρ ἐξηνέσχετο Pax 702. Syn. Ἀθυμῶ,  
λειποψυχῶ, ἐκλύθμαι.

Ωρηθῖα, as, ἡ, Orithyia: one of the Nereids.  
Βόρη τέκεν Ωρηθῖα Apoll. 1. 212.

Ωρεῖς, οὐ, ἡ, Oreus: a city in Eubœa. Pax  
1047.

Ωρίκιος, α, δν, Oricius: of Oricum, a city of  
Epirus. Ωρίσιον Ωρίκην Call. fr. 259.

'Ωρίκος. See Ωραῖος.

Ωρεῖω, custodio: to guard, protect. Apoll. 1.  
903. Syn. See Φυλάσσω.

Ωρίκως, tempestive; pulchre: seasonably;  
beautifully. Πυνθάνει γὰρ ὠρίκως Plut. 964.

'Ωρίος. See Ωραῖος.

Ωρίων, Ωρίων, ὠνός, δ, Orion: a constel-  
lation, &c. 'Ὅ τε ξιφήρης Ωρίων ὑπερβῆ δέ Ion  
1153. 'Ὡς μὲν δ' Ωρίων' ἔλετο ε. 121. Call. 3.  
264. Ep. Πελῶριος, ἀρᾶς, ἀρηκτένους, κερ-  
δάλεφρων, κλύτος.

Ωρῖμῶνος, δοντός, δ, Oromedon. Δάμων Ωρῖ-  
μῶντος Theoc. 7. 46.

Ωρυγῆ, ἡς, ἡ, i. q. Ωρυμῶς, q. v. Ωρυγῆ ταύτης  
ἦλθε διὰ πτόλῶς Hermesianax ap. Athen. 598.  
Syn. Ωρυμῶς.

Ωρυμῶς, οὐ, δ, rugitus: a roaring. Οὐδ'  
αὐρυμῶς πύθεσθαι Theoc. 25. 217. Syn. Ωρυγῆ.

Ωρύω, rugio, latro: to roar, bark. Ἀνὰ πτόλιν  
ωρύονται Theoc. 2. 35. Syn. Τλακτέω, βῶα,  
δρηνέω.

'Ως, sicut, sic, cum, tanquam, cicerit, ut: as,  
so, since, when, as if, about, how. Hipp. 1057.  
Syn. 'Οσως, καθῶ, ὅσως, ὅτι, γὰρ, ὥς.

'Ωσάτως, 'Ωσπέρ, similiter, veluti: similarly,  
as if. Iph. T. 834. Plut. 35.

'Ωσπέρ. See above.

'Ωστέ, adeo, ut, donec: so as, so that, until.  
Plut. 141.

Ωστίω. See Ωδῶ.

Ωτελλῆ, ἡς, ἡ, vulnus, cicatrix: a wound,  
scar. Σ. 351. Syn. Τραύμα, σὺλῆ. Ep. Χαλκῶ-  
τύπος.

'Ωτός, οὐ, δ, Otus. E. 385. Ep. Αντίθεός,  
Κυλλήνιος.

Ωτάεις, εσσᾶ, ἐν, auritus, ansatus: having  
ears or handles. Ψ. 264.

Ωφέλεια, Ωφέλια, as, ἡ, Ωφέλημα, ἄτος, τὸ, et  
Ωφέλησις, ἔως, ἡ, utilitas; subsidium: useful-  
ness; benefit, assistance. Τίς οὐν παρ' ἡμῶν  
ἐστὶν ὠφέλεια σοι Thesm. 183. Τοῖς γὰρ ἑμοῖσιν  
γέγον' ὠφέλεια Androm. 537. E. C. 259. Philo-  
loct. 1406. Syn. Ἐπωφέλημα, ἀλεξητήριον, ὀνη-  
σίς, λῶσιτῆλεια, χρέα.

Ωφέλω, adjuvo, prosum: to assist, benefit.  
Τὸ δ' ἀρσεν αὐτοῦς ὠφέλει Hipp. 974. Syn. Ἐπω-  
φέλω, λυσίτελω, συμφέρο, συμμάχω.

Ωφέλημα. See Ωφέλεια.

Ωφέλησιμος, Ωφέλιμος, ἡ, δν, utilis: useful.  
Παῖρά δ' ὠφελήσιμα Aj. 1022. Τὸ δ' ὠφελίμῳ  
ἐμοὶ πάτερὸς ὄνομα λέγω Ion 138. Syn. Ὀνη-  
σίμῳ, χρήσιμῳ, χρηστώ.

Ωφέλησις. See Ωφέλεια.

Ωφέλια. See Ωφέλεια.

Ωφέλιμος. See Ωφέλησις.

Ωχρῶς, Ωχρίω, pallo: to become pale. λ.  
528. Οἰμοὶ τᾶλας ὥς ὠχρίωσ' αὐτὴν ἰδὼν Ran.  
308.

Ωχρίω. See above.

Ωχρός, α, δν, pallidus: pale, wan. Nub. 1016.  
Syn. Χλωρός, πέλιδνός.

'Ωχρός, οὐ, δ, pallor: paleness. Γ. 35. Syn.  
Χλῶς.

Ωψ, ὠπός, ἡ, oculus; vultus: an eye; the  
countenance, look. Γ. 158. Syn. 'Ομμά, ὄψις,  
πρόσωπον.

## ADDENDA.

Ἀδάκρυτος. Ἀδάκρυτος καὶ ἄπηνων A. 415.  
 Αἰνᾶς, ὄν, constanter fluens: constantly flowing. Ἀπ' αἰνᾶου Ἀχέροντος Theoc. 15. 102. Et αἰνᾶς in Ion. 118., τὰν αἰνᾶον παγὰν, cui congruit εὐφάμοις πόνοις μοχθεῖν. Sed αἰνᾶς, ad quod refertur supra sub Αἰνᾶς, nova ed. Stephani haud agnoscit.  
 Αἰτός, i. q. Αἰετός, q. v. Φλαύρος ἐκοινώνησεν αἰτῶ πῶτ' Ἀν. 653.  
 Αἰκία. "Penult. producitur ut in καλίη, ὑπεροπλίη, κατηφιή, προεδρίη, αεργίη, &c." Blomf. Pr. V. 93.  
 Ἀκράντος lege in Ἀκραντός. Μύθεαι ἀκράντον β. 202.  
 Ανθράκίζω, ἴσω, ad carbonem incendo; torreo: to burn to a coal; to roast. Pax 1102. See 'Ανθραξ, ἄκός.  
 Ἀρηιφάτος. See Ἀρείφατος. Φῶτας ἀρηιφάτους κατέδουσιν T. 31.  
 Ἀτέρμων (in Ἀτέρμωνος) habet penult. breuem, ut A in τέλειμων.  
 Γλίχθμαι, intense cupio: to desire earnestly. Τῶν κακῶν ὧ παῖ γλίχει Aristoph. Fr. Γεωργ.  
 Δάϊζω. Lege Δαίζω.  
 Δᾶς. Ἀ-schyl. habet πύλυφθόρους εν δᾶτ in Sept. Th. 920.: quod congruit cum τᾶφων πᾶ-τρῶν λάχαί.  
 Δᾶμα. See Δαμάζω.  
 Διδράσκω. See Δράω.

Ἐλκῶ. Εἰδέξ' ἑσπᾶσέν τ' ἄμυστίν ἐλκῶσας Cycl. 416.  
 Εὐερίθης. "Eodem sensu εὐερίθης Eumen. 963. penultimam producit." Blomf. ad Pers. 699.  
 Ἐρίσσεπτός, ὄν, lana redimitus: bound with wool. Ἀesch. Sup. 22. See Ἐρίον.  
 Ευανδρία. Lege ευανδρίαν in loco citato.  
 Ευκρίνης, ἔς, perspicuus: clear. Τῆμος δ' ευκρίνης τ' αἰραι Hes. Op. 2. 288.  
 Θοίναμα. Θοινατήριον leguntur in secundo et tertio loco citato in Θοίη. A est longa ut in Θοινάτωρ sub Θοιήτωρ.  
 Θυλακίον. See Θυλάκός.  
 Ἰδρυτέος, ὄν, firme figendus: to be fixed firmly. Οἱ μοι τί δράσω τέκνον ουχ ἰδρυτέον Aj. 809. I in ἰδρῶ brevis est in Bacch. 1059.: Πενθέα (dissyll.) δ' ἰδρύσας ἐλατίνων ὄζων ἐπι.  
 Κάλαυρόψ. See Κάλῶροψ. Read Κάλῶροψ.  
 Κάρα. See Κάρ.  
 Κέρας. Add φύσις κέρατᾶ ταύροις from Anacreon.  
 Λίαν, λίην. Οὐδέ λίην λυπρή ν. 243. Δὴ γὰρ κέχλωάτο λίην ξ. 282.  
 Μυέλδς. Lege Μύελδς.  
 Μύραινα. Locus citatus nihil determinat de quantitate. Juvenalis, 5. 99. longam habet primam: Virroni murana datur, &c. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 30.

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1.

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EXTRACT FROM THE PREFACE.

An Encyclopædia of any of the fine arts has, from its nature, considerable advantage over one which relates to the sciences generally: in the latter, the continual additions made to the common stock of knowledge frequently effect such a complete revolution in their bases and superstructure, that the established doctrines of centuries may be swept away by the discoveries of a single day; the arts, on the other hand, are founded upon principles unsusceptible of change. Fashion may, indeed,—nay, often does,—change the prevailing taste of the day, but first principles remain the same; and as, in a cycle, the planets, after a period of wandering in the heavens, return to the places which they occupied ages before, so, in the arts, after seasons of *extravaganza* and *bizzaria*, a recurrence to sound taste is equally certain.

It is unfortunate for the productions of the arts that the majority of those who are constituted their judges are so little qualified for the task, either by education or habits; but on this, as it has been the complaint of every age, it is perhaps useless to dwell. This much may be said, that before any one can with propriety assume the name of architect, he must proceed regularly through some such course as is prescribed in this work. The main object of the author has been to impart to the *student* all the knowledge indispensable for the exercise of his profession; but should the perusal of this encyclopædia serve to form, guide, or correct, the taste even of the mere *amateur*, the author will not consider that he has laboured in vain.

An encyclopædia is necessarily a limited arena for the exhibition of an author's power; for, although every subject in the department of which it treats must be noticed, none can be discussed so extensively as in a separate work. An attempt to produce a *Complete Body of Architecture* the author believes to be entirely original. In his celebrated work, *L'Art de Bâtir*, Rondelet has embodied all that relates to the construction of buildings. Durand, too, (*Leçons et Précis d'Architecture*), has published some admirable rules on composition, and on the graphic portion of the art. Lebrun (*Théorie d'Architecture*) has treated on the philosophy of the equilibrium (if it may be so called) of the orders. The *Encyclopédie Méthodique* contains, under various heads, some invaluable detached essays, many of which, however, suffer from want of the illustrative plates which were originally projected as an appendage to them. All these, with others in the French language, might, indeed, be formed into a valuable text-book for the architect; but no such attempt has hitherto been made. Neither in Germany nor in Italy has any complete work of the kind appeared. In the English, as in other languages, there are doubtless several valuable treatises on different branches of the art, though not to the same extent as in French. In 1756, Ware (London, folio) published what he called *A Complete Body of Architecture*. This, though in many respects a useful work, is far behind the wants of the present day. It is confined exclusively to Roman and Italian architecture; but it does not embrace the history of even these branches, nor does it contain a word on the sciences connected with construction. The details, therefore, not being sufficiently carried out, and many essential branches being entirely omitted, the work is not so generally useful as its name would imply. From these authorities, and many others, besides his own resources, the author of this Encyclopædia has endeavoured to compress, within the limits of one closely-printed volume, all the elementary knowledge indispensable to the student and amateur; and he even ventures to indulge the belief, that it will be found to contain information which the experienced professor may have overlooked.

In a work whose object is to compress, within a comparatively restricted space, so vast a body of information as is implied in an account of what is known of historical, theoretical, and practical architecture, it is of the highest importance to preserve a distinct and precise arrangement of the subjects, so that they may be presented to the reader in consistent order and unity. Without order and method, indeed, the work, though filled with a large and valuable stock of information, would be but a useless mass of knowledge. In treating the subject in detail, the alphabet has not been made to perform the function of an index, except in the glossary of the technical terms, which partly serves at the same time the purpose of a dictionary and that of an index to the principal subjects noticed in the work. The following is a synoptical view of its contents, exhibiting its different parts, and the mode in which they arise from and are dependent on each other:—



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| 3. Marble.                   | 9. Bricks and Tiles.           |
| 4. Timber.                   | 10. Lime, Sand, Water, Cement. |
| 5. Iron.                     | 11. Glass.                     |
| 6. Lead.                     | 12. Asphalt.                   |
| III. USE OF MATERIALS IN—    |                                |
| 1. Foundations and Drains.   | 8. Glazing.                    |
| 2. Bricklaying and Tiling.   | 9. Plastering.                 |
| 3. Masonry.                  | 10. Smithery and Ironmongery.  |
| 4. Practical Carpentry.      | 11. Foundry.                   |
| 5. Joinery.                  | 12. Painting and Gilding.      |
| 6. Slatting.                 | 13. Specifications.            |
| 7. Plumbery.                 | 14. Measuring and Estimating.  |
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| 1. Drawing in general.       | 3. Shadows.                    |
| 2. Perspective.              | 4. Working Drawings.           |

BOOK III. PRACTICE OF ARCHITECTURE as a Fine Art consists in—  
I. KNOWLEDGE OF PRINCIPAL PARTS OF A BUILDING.

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|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Beauty in Architecture. | 14. Pilasters.                 |
| 2. The Orders.             | 15. Caryatides and Persians.   |
| 3. Tuscan Order.           | 16. Balustrades and Balusters. |
| 4. Doric Order.            | 17. Pediments.                 |
| 5. Ionic Order.            | 18. Cornices.                  |
| 6. Corinthian Order.       | 19. Profiles of Doors.         |
| 7. Composite Order.        | 20. Windows.                   |
| 8. Pedestals.              | 21. Niches and Statues.        |
| 9. Intercolumniations.     | 22. Chimney Pieces.            |
| 10. Arcades and Arches.    | 23. Staircases.                |
| 11. Orders above Orders.   | 24. Ceilings.                  |
| 12. Arcades above Arcades. | 25. Proportions of Rooms.      |
| 13. Basements and Attics.  |                                |

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GWILT'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA OF ARCHITECTURE—continued.

BOOK III.—continued.

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| II. COMBINATION OF PARTS BY—                          |   |
| 1. General Principles of Composition.                 | 4. Horizontal and Vertical Combinations in Buildings. |
| 2. Drawings necessary in Composition.                 | 5. Subdivisions of Apartments and Points of Support.  |
| 3. Caissons in Hemispherical & Cylindrical Vaultings. | 6. Combination of Parts in leading Forms.             |
| III. APPLICATION OF COMBINATION IN—                   |   |
| 1. General Observations.                              | 13. Abattoirs or Public Slaughter-houses.             |
| 2. Bridges.   | 14. Exchanges.  |
| 3. Churches.  | 15. Custom-Houses.                                    |
| 4. Palaces.   | 16. Theatres.   |
| 5. Government Offices.                                | 17. Hospitals.  |
| 6. Courts of Law.                                     | 18. Prisons.  |
| 7. Town Halls.  | 19. Barracks.   |
| 8. Colleges.  | 20. Private Buildings generally.                      |
| 9. Public Libraries.                                  | 21. Private Buildings in Towns.                       |
| 10. Museums.  | 22. Private Buildings in Country.                     |
| 11. Observatories.                                    | 23. Farm-houses.                                      |
| 12. Lighthouses.                                      | 24. Cottages.   |

APPENDIX.—Laws relating to Building: Building Act—Chimney-Sweepers' Act—Dilapidations.—Compound Interest Tables, and Valuation of Property.

GLOSSARY; containing also LIST OF PRINCIPAL ARCHITECTS and their Works, &c.—INDEX.

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"There is not a subject which applies to architecture but what has been carefully collated and dilated upon in this valuable encyclopædia; a work, which not only to the practical man must be of use, but of interest to every reader who wishes to inform his mind upon a subject fast becoming a necessary portion of elegant education. The remarks upon the laws relating to buildings, dilapidations, and valuations of property, would alone justify a strong recommendation; and the glossary, containing a list of the principal architects of all times and countries, and their works, adds to its value as a book of reference. Upwards of 1000 illustrations adorn its pages, all of which appear to be drawn with the greatest care, and are engraved upon wood with artistic clearness and effect. Those in illustration of the Elizabethan period are as beautiful as any we have had of late the satisfaction of calling attention to."—*Standard*, Nov. 17, 1842.

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*New Monthly Magazine.*

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## PREFACE.

THE advantages of Encyclopædias are now so universally acknowledged, that it would be wholly superfluous to endeavour to recommend the present work by dwelling on their peculiar merits. But though the utility of such works be no longer in dispute, it may, notwithstanding, be reasonably supposed that at a period when so many voluminous Encyclopædias, and special Dictionaries, have recently issued, and are still daily issuing from the press, this department of literature must be fully occupied, and that there can be no well-founded call for any farther addition to the number.

It will be found, however, on a little consideration, that this is not the case. By far the greater number, or rather, perhaps we might say, all the Encyclopædias and Dictionaries of modern times, are either too voluminous or too special for ready reference and general use. The *Encyclopédie Française*, *Rees's Cyclopædia*, the *Encyclopædia Britannica*, the *Encyclopædia Metropolitana*, and the *Penny Cyclopædia*, are all works of vast extent, comprising many volumes, and embracing an infinite variety of articles, or rather treatises, which, if published separately, would each make a considerable work. Now it is obvious that such voluminous publications, whatever may be their merits in other respects, want that facility of reference and precision of statement which ought to be the distinguishing features of a useful Dictionary. No man can carry about with him any of the great modern Encyclopædias; while the extensive plan on which they are compiled renders them at once far too expensive for general circulation, and wholly unsuitable for ready consultation. The supply, indeed, of that concise and authentic information on the various subjects of science, literature, and art, which a book of reference should furnish with the utmost facility to all classes of readers, has been but a secondary object with the compilers of our great Encyclopædias; and though it had been otherwise, the length, theoretical character, and frequent obscurity of the articles in such works, must have effectually precluded their ever being used for mere purposes of reference. They are valuable as substitutes for libraries, as repositories of the various knowledge connected with the different departments of which they treat; and being so, they cannot be convenient manuals.

Special Dictionaries, on the other hand, though they may exhaust some one branch or department of science, literature, or art, and be invaluable to those engaged in its cultivation, and to those who wish to become acquainted with its details, are not intended to supply information on other branches. A work, therefore, like that now offered to the public, possessing the comprehensive character of a general encyclopædia without its amplitude, and affording in a convenient

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## BRANDE'S DICTIONARY OF SCIENCE, &amp;c.—continued.

form an abstract of the principles of every branch of knowledge, and a definition and explanation of the various terms in science, literature, and art, which occur in reading and conversation, appears to be still wanting.

May we hope that this desideratum which has been long felt to exist in encyclopedical literature, has been at length supplied! Such at least will be the case, should the present work answer the expectations of its authors and publishers. They have endeavoured to produce a condensed and compendious Dictionary, of a convenient size, and adapted to the wants and means of all classes, that may be advantageously used as a manual or reference book in every department of science, literature, and art; and they flatter themselves that by rejecting all discussion and details not indispensable to the proper elucidation of the different topics, the work will be found, notwithstanding its comparatively narrow limits, to furnish, in the readiest possible manner, precise and accurate information on the all but infinite variety of subjects which it embraces. Great pains have been taken to make the definitions and explanations correct, clear, and concise. The principles of the most popular and important departments of science, literature, and art, are also distinctly though briefly explained; and notices are given of their rise, progress, and present state.

Neither must it be supposed that because these articles are for the most part brief and compendious, they are either flimsy or superficial. On the contrary, they have been compiled throughout with the greatest care. Popularity has not been sought for at the expense of science, nor brevity by the sacrifice of useful facts or appropriate illustrations. The work contains not a few new and original views; and it is confidently believed that in every department it will be found to embody the latest information, and to be on a level with the most advanced state to which knowledge has attained, not merely in this but also in other countries. No statement has been made as to any unusual or doubtful matter, without referring to the authority whence it has been derived; and when subjects of general interest and importance are noticed, the reader is referred to the works relating to them in which they are handled with the greatest ability. Not only, therefore, will those who may consult this work have a guarantee for the authenticity of its information, but they will learn the sources to which they may resort with the greatest advantage, should they wish to make farther inquiries.

Such, in a few words, is the design of this work; and, unless its publishers be greatly deceived as to its execution, it can hardly fail to be useful to individuals of all ranks and conditions—to the man of business and the man of pleasure, the student and the superficial reader, the busy and the idle. Every one who takes any share in conversation, or who dips, how cursorily soever, into any newspaper or other publication, will every now and then find the advantage of having access to the DICTIONARY OF SCIENCE, LITERATURE, AND ART.

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Notice of a Series of Encyclopædias,

5.

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The present Supplement has been greatly enlarged, and, it is hoped, materially improved. It contains as much matter as would fill, if printed with types of a medium size, a large octavo volume, and embraces a good deal of important information not elsewhere to be met with. We can assure the reader that neither labour nor expense has been spared to render it instructive and trustworthy. It embodies the substance of the former Supplements, and has, among others, articles on the following subjects, viz. :—

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